

Iowa State Bystander.

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY BY THE BYSTANDER PUBLISHING COMPANY.

CHARLES S. RUFF, Editor; THADDEUS S. RUFF, Associate Editor; JOHN D. REELER, Manager.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE AFRO-AMERICAN PROTECTIVE ASSOCIATION OF IOWA.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE MOST WORK-SHIPFUL UNITED GRAND LODGE OF IOWA, A. F. & A. M.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION. One year, \$1.50; Six months, \$1.00; Three months, \$0.50.

Office: REGISTER BLDG., THIRD FLOOR.

Send money by postoffice order, money order, express or draft, to THE IOWA STATE BYSTANDER Publishing Company.

Communications must be written on one side of the paper only and be of interest to the public.

We will not return rejected manuscripts unless accompanied by postage stamps.

Judge Tourgee: "If I was a colored man in the north I would go to a fashionable white Christian church at least once a month, and to every other place where a good citizen as a good citizen, I must criticize my Negro friends for submitting too much. No race ever received its rights unless it stood up for them and made it a part of its religion to do so."

REPUBLICAN STATE TICKET.

For Secretary of State, W. M. McFARLAND.

For Auditor of State, S. G. MCCARTHY.

For Treasurer of State, JOHN HERBOTT.

For Judges of Supreme Court, C. T. GRANGER, H. E. DEEMER.

For Attorney General, MILTON REMLEY.

For Railroad Commissioner, C. L. DAVIDSON.

For Clerk Supreme Court, C. T. JONES.

For Reporter Supreme Court, B. I. SALLINGER.

CONGRESSIONAL TICKET.

J. A. T. HULL, of Polk.

COUNTY TICKET.

For Judges, W. F. CONRAD, W. A. SEURRIER, C. P. HOLMES, T. P. STEVENSON.

County Attorney, JAMES A. HOWE.

County Auditor, JOHN S. McQUISTON.

Clerk of the District Court, J. G. JORDAN.

County Recorder, ANNA E. HEPBURN.

County Surveyor, GEORGE F. LAMBERT.

TOWNSHIP TICKET.

Des Moines, Justices of the Peace, EUGENE L. BLAKE, L. J. SILVANA.

Constables, CHARLES S. STEWART, FRANK T. MORRIS.

Township Clerk, A. L. BELL.

Township Trustee, E. J. COOPER.

Lee, Justices of the Peace, J. J. MOORE, J. H. MALEY.

Constables, J. E. BRUNER, M. J. COHEN.

IOWA CONGRESSIONAL TICKET.

First District—S. M. Clark, Keokuk.

Second District—G. M. Curtis, Clinton.

Third—David B. Henderson, Dubuque.

Fourth District—Thomas Upledge, McGregor.

Fifth District—Robert G. Cousins, Tipton.

Sixth District—John F. Lacey, Oskaloosa.

Seventh District—J. A. T. Hull, Des Moines.

Eighth District—W. P. Hepburn, Clarinda.

Ninth District—A. L. Hager, Greenfield.

Tenth District—J. P. Dolliver, Fort Dodge.

Eleventh District—Geo. D. Perkins, Sioux City.

James A. Ross, who edited a Democratic paper in Des Moines during Governor Boies' second campaign, was recently defeated for the consulate to San Domingo.

Notwithstanding his defeat he is a wise, shrewd Democrat, but has the misfortune to be on the wrong side of the fence.

The Afro-American Defender made its appearance in Washington, D. C., October 6, with the name of Hon. H. C. Astwood as managing editor.

Not being able to reap a rich harvest from the Democratic crib he is now back in the Republican columns. The way of the disgruntled politician is hard.

The seventh biennial convention of the United Order of Odd Fellows met in Faneuil hall, Boston, Mass., Tuesday morning, October 3.

The attendance was large and delegates from nearly every state in the union, and from the West Indies and Canada were present.

The address of welcome was delivered by Governor Greenhalgh.

All good Republicans are glad to see the miraculous changes that have come over the minds of so many of Louisiana's citizens, who heretofore allowed their prejudice to overbalance those things which are most essential for the best interests of the commonwealth.

The Democratic party has always been an

enemy to the industrial interests of the south, as is shown by the recent legislation by them against the sugar growers of that section.

Dr. M. O. Kieckotts has been renominated for the legislature on the Republican ticket in Omaha, Neb. He is a strong man and adds much to the ticket. Nebraska has learned the lesson that Iowa must sooner or later learn. Colored men will not forever remain "hewers of wood and drawers of water" in the good state of Iowa.

Dr. Zeigler is a candidate for justice of the peace in Youngstown. He is a good man and an ardent Republican. He is a trusted employe at that place, and did not leave his work because there were new men put to work in the mines. There is no doubt that he will be remembered on election day by the 100 readers of THE IOWA STATE BYSTANDER and all other good and loyal Republicans.

A Chicago dispatch says that Corporal Bevinis, Tenth cavalry, one of the two colored cavalry regiments in the service, captured the first army carbine gold medal at Ft. Sheridan Wednesday, by scoring 589 points. Sergeant Hauser, Second cavalry, won the Buffalo medal for distinguished marksmen with 615 points, which is the army record for that medal. On the final medal records the infantry won the first gold medal but failed to capture the distinguished marksmen trophy.

Hon. Archibald H. Grimke, the newly appointed consul to San Domingo, is now calling forth considerable attention. He was born of slave parents a few miles distant from Charleston, S. C., on August 17, 1849. He was a resident of Hyde Park, Mass., at the time of his appointment, and possesses no mean ability as a writer, author and statesman. Among his biographical works are the lives of William Lloyd Garrison and Charles Sumner. Tariff reform is said to be the cause of his becoming a Democrat.

The G. U. O. of O. F. met in Boston about the 8th inst., and the following officers were selected: Grand master, James Needham, Philadelphia; deputy grand master, Chas. D. Wilson, New Orleans; grand secretary, C. H. Brooks, Louisville, Ky.; grand treasurer, R. M. Smith, Hampton, Va.; grand directors, John Hurmon, Montgomery, Ala.; D. C. Clark, Washington, D. C.; J. Holmes, Arlington, Va.; William Catlin, Monongahela City, Pa. The Grand Lodge will meet in Indianapolis two years hence.

A writer recently remarked that while Afro-Americans were particularly fond of affecting high-sounding and historic names, but few of them bore the name of Abraham Lincoln. This is very true. The Sun reporter knows of but two such persons. One of them lives in New York City and the other, Abraham Lincoln Myers, is a hustling Democratic politician at Albany, with a snug berth in the state capitol. The race hold the memory of the Great Emancipator in such reverence that they hesitate to name their children after him.

The question of southern representation in national Republican conventions is still receiving attention at the hands of Republican editors. In 1892, 1,686,616 Republicans voted for Gen. Harrison in New York, Pennsylvania, New Jersey and Ohio. These states, under the old basis, are entitled to 202 delegates in the convention of 1896, while North and South Carolina, Georgia, Florida, Alabama, Tennessee, Mississippi, Arkansas, Louisiana and Texas, that cast only 414,556 Republican votes for Gen. Harrison in 1892, are entitled to 199 delegates. The matter will probably be settled by the next national Republican convention, as the national committee does not appear to have the nerve to take the bull by the horns.

Some time ago there was a man who quit work because colored miners were employed at the Christy mines. He had a splendid situation, and the only excuse he could possibly present was a strong objection to colored miners. Colored miners are not antagonistic to white miners and they have offered no excuse whatever for the treatment they have received at the hands of men who are employed in the same business. The man referred to above is now working in the mines and running on the Populist ticket for an office, and he is making every effort in his power to induce the colored miners to "forgive and forget." "Consistency, thou art a jewel." He should be allowed to remain on the stool of repentance for a year or more.

Hon. Frederick Douglass is living a retired life in the suburbs of Washington. He is, however, a keen observer of affairs and never loses his interest in politics. He claims that the only hope of the colored race is in the Republican party. Mr. Douglass says: "President Garfield contemplated appointing Negroes as consuls and ministers to white nations. Mr. Garfield sent me and told me of his intentions. He asked me what I thought of the idea. I told him that the South American and European nations would not object to it, for the higher you go up in the gradations of intelligence you will find less race hatred. I called

upon Mr. Blaine relative to the matter, and he expressed himself in full sympathy with it. I left and was to submit some names to the president when his assassination, a day or two afterward, put an end to it."

POPULISM.

Every few years there is a new party brought into existence for the purpose of alleviating all the ills that the body politic and the individual are heir to. When disaster and hard times overshadow the country these parties are prosperous. The people are restless and sometimes "worship strange gods." These parties live on the misfortunes of the people. There are good and substantial reasons why a man should be a Republican. There is a semblance of an excuse for an American citizen being a Democrat. But there is no reason or excuse why a man should become inoculated with the disease known as Populism. Its doctrines, if enacted into law, would destroy our institutions and spread disaster and ruin more extensively than has the Democratic party during the past few months. The Populist in Iowa inhabit with the Democratic party and when a vote is given to a Populist a label will be found on him showing that he will work in harmony with the Democratic party and will assist the latter party in the organization of any legislative body over which it may have control. All the considerations asked by the Populists is a few of the "loaves and fishes." Populism is a dangerous disease, and we sincerely hope the readers of THE IOWA STATE BYSTANDER will think seriously before becoming a member of such a party. It is a party composed of men who would sacrifice the most sacred rights of man for official patronage.

AN APPEAL TO THE YOUNG MEN.

From the Atlantic (Ga.) People's Advocate. We have looked on with pain and astonishment at the way the young manhood of our race is being destroyed. One can scarcely believe it, but it is nevertheless true that nine-tenths of the young colored men who grow up in our cities are less than worthless to the race. They are aimless, worthless and thriftless drones sapping the very life out of those who would be men and blighting the chances of those who would make good use of the opportunities offered them. We have been willing to make every allowance possible for the lack of interest manifested by our young men in the questions which concern us as a race; we have been slow to censure those apparent indifference, but we are now at the point where we think it best to speak the truth. Where are the young men who are to stand for the manhood of the race in the next decade? You will find them in the bar rooms, the pool rooms, the gambling dives and the low dens of our cities drinking in the very bilge-water of sin and vice. Can such influences make man fit to live in decent communities? Surrounded by such vices can our young men find time to breathe the one pure breath? What will such a set of criminals do with the ballot? What right have they with the right of franchise? This type of the Negro is a menace to good government, a living terror to the peace of any community.

But we have another class of men who are fast coming on the field of action. These are generally better than the first class mentioned. These young men work and make their money, but spend it where it profits nothing. Not only do they spend their money in dragging the life of the race into the mud, but themselves lose all of their respect, their pride and their means in these dives of dissipation. Of what value are such men to the race? How can they be respected and accorded the same chances which other races have, while our young men, for the most part, have no race pride, no individual pride, no self-respect and no respect for our women? We make this appeal to all men and women of the race to look about you and see what you can do to lift up the fallen, the indifferent and the straying. Our young men must learn to find pleasure elsewhere besides in the bar rooms, billiard rooms, gambling dens and dives of ill fame. Young men must be saved, their tastes must be elevated, their manners must be refined. These are imperative steps which must be taken or else there can be but little hope for our future. Without a change the schoolhouses, the churches, the family altars, even the civil rights and the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Amendments will all prove a failure so far as the making of a man an American citizen of the young Negro is concerned.

KEOSAUQUA.

Special Correspondence to Iowa State Bystander.

Work is very dull here at the present, but our people are doing well indeed for these hard times.

Rev. Shininghouse filled the Baptist pulpit last Sunday.

Mrs. Jordan Payne and Miss Elsie Alexander are on the sick list.

Mrs. Minnie Foster will depart for Kirkwood, Ill., soon.

Two of Keosauqua's young gents, Mr. D. F. Detwiler, representing the Iowa Steam Laundry Co., and Mr. Walter Beer of Malibu, Valentine & Co., took their vacation last week for this year, traveling over land this last season the distance of two thousand miles, doing good work for each firm.

The IOWA STATE BYSTANDER will be the paper for Keosauqua people.

Messrs. George Johnson and Arthur Jamison, the boss plasterers, have returned from Farmington and are doing good business.

WEDDING BELLS RING.

October 14th at 10:30 a. m., Mr. Henry Martin and Miss Addie Jamison were united in marriage at the residence of Mrs. Nan Dickerson. We wish them a long and happy life.

DEMOCRACY AT BAY.

FILCHING THE PEOPLE FOR THE SUGAR TRUST.

The Most Scandalous Piece of Legislation that Has Ever Disgraced the Halls of Our National Legislature—Some Tariff Talk.

Taking the comparative rates of duty on sugar as supplied by the treasury department, we find that they compare as follows under the McKinley and Gorman tariff bills:

Table with 3 columns: Quality, McKinley, Gorman. Rows: Raw, Refined, Refined with export duty.

Before going further we will reduce these specific rates to a uniform ad valorem basis, as supplied by the treasury department, for a more ready understanding of the facts.

Table with 3 columns: Quality, McKinley, Gorman. Rows: Raw, Refined, Refined with export duty.

The McKinley tariff gave free raw sugar, a protection of 1/2 cent per pound or 12.95 per cent ad valorem upon refined sugar, and a protection of 3-5 cent per pound or 16.12 per cent ad valorem upon refined sugar that came from countries which paid an export bounty in excess of that paid on sugar of a lower grade.

The Gorman tariff places a tax of 40 per cent ad valorem upon all raw sugar. It taxes refined sugar to the extent of 40 per cent and 1/2 cent, or a total of 43.21 per cent as compared with 12.95 per cent under the McKinley tariff. It taxes refined sugar, upon which an export bounty is paid, to the extent of 46.07 per cent ad valorem as compared with 16.12 per cent under the McKinley tariff.

Thus the Gorman tariff is 30.35 per cent ad valorem more than the McKinley tariff upon refined sugar coming from countries that pay an export bounty.

Let us see what this increased democratic taxation upon the breakfast table means.

The treasury department estimate of the consumption of sugar in the United States, for the year ending June 30, 1894, is 4,343,200,500 pounds among a population of 68,750,000, or a total consumption of 63 pounds for every man, woman and child in the country.

The average price of all grades of raw sugar is 2 1/2 cents per pound, making a total cost of \$110,438,261 for

all the raw sugar we consume. For more easy computation we will call it \$120,000,000.

Under the McKinley tariff there was no duty upon this raw sugar, which passed into the refiners' hands at its cost of production plus freight and insurance. Under the Gorman tariff all of this raw sugar is taxed 40 per cent, making an additional cost of \$48,000,000 to the people of the United States, or 7-16 cents per pound per person, or 44 cents a year more for the 53 pounds that each person consumes. This would be the situation if the raw sugar passed into direct consumption without being handled by the refiners.

But the refiners do handle it, so we must ascertain what that means. Taking all markets in the country into consideration, the average price of all grades of refined sugar has been five cents per pound to the consumer. This was with a protection of 1/2 cent per pound, or 12.86 per cent ad valorem to the refiner under the McKinley tariff, there being no duty on raw sugar.

The Gorman tariff puts the duty on refined sugar at 43.21 per cent ad valorem, or 30.35 per cent more than the McKinley tariff. This additional 30.35 per cent upon the McKinley price of five cents per pound for refined sugar to the consumer is an additional tax of 1 1/2 cents per pound of refined sugar to each person, or a total increased cost of 95 cents a year for every man, woman and child in the country.

Instead of paying 5 cents per pound for refined sugar the price will hereafter average 6 1/2 cents for the whole country.

Instead of each person paying \$3.15 each year for the 63 pounds of sugar that he consumes, he will pay \$4.10 per annum. Instead of a family of five persons spending \$15.75 a year for their sugar, the same quantity of the same grade will cost them \$20.50, a direct increased tax of \$4.75 per family.

The total cost of all the 4,343,200,000 pounds of sugar consumed in the country every year, at the McKinley price of 5 cents per pound for refined sugar, was \$217,160,450. Under the Gorman tariff at 6 1/2 cents per pound it will cost the American people \$283,358,345, an increase of \$66,197,895 as

the direct result of Democratic taxation upon the American breakfast table.

Except for That! (Although not altogether what we could wish, it is, in the main, a very good bill—Democratic Paper.)

It has some faults, we must confess. It will fill the country with distress. It will close the shop and stop the mill. But, excepting that, it's a very good bill.

It will give our richest markets over to goods that come from a foreign shore; it will kill our trade with Cuba; still, excepting that, it's a very good bill.

It will slaughter all the farmer's sheep; it will make his wheat and barley cheap; it will work the cattle business ill; but, excepting that, it's a very good bill.

It will lead the import trade new zest while it bids home factories take a rest; in short, it is all that's bad; but still, excepting that, it's a very good bill.

—Nemo, in Indianapolis Journal.

Mrs. Democrat Feeds Her Hogs.

She feeds them with the tariff.

They agree with dyspeptics who promise to stick to Democracy.

A few days ago I met one of my old democratic acquaintances, and, after passing the time of day, I said, "Well, Brother Howard, are you still as good a democrat as ever?"

"Oh, yes," said Mr. Howard, "I am stronger in the faith than ever I was."

"What's the party done recently," I asked, "to strengthen this faith of yours that was always so strong?"

"Well," said Brother Howard, "you know that I used to be dyspeptic. I suffered from dyspepsia for a long time, and this soup house administration has been the making of me. It has cured me completely. I had to go on short rations, because I had no money enough to buy as good meals as I used to have, and it was short rations that I have been needing all the time, and I did not know it."

"Ha, ha, ha," laughed I.

"Yes, sir, you may laugh," said Howard, "but I am thoroughly convinced that this term of democratic administration will cure me and root every symptom of dyspepsia out of my system. That's the only reason that I now have for being a democrat."

B. THURKEN.

SOUP HOUSE RATIONS.

Events in this city seem to have been "few and far apart" of late; that is to say, events worth mentioning.

Mr. Peter Johnson has been sick for the past week, but we are glad to say that she has not been confined to her bed much.

Ref. Mr. Alexander, the late pastor of the A. M. E. church of this city, is beginning his new pastoral career with entire satisfaction to his members. He has proven to be an able and devoted Christian worker.

Mrs. A. Collins is on the sick list, and has been bedridden for the past two weeks. She was able to walk about the house last Sunday.

It is with pleasure that I introduce to the Burlington readers my able successor, Mr. William Shaackel, a very bright and entertaining young journalist, who will hereafter be the Burlington correspondent for the BYSTANDER.

SIoux CITY NEWS.

Special Correspondence to Iowa State Bystander.

Mrs. G. W. Poindexter has been quite sick.

Mr. J. W. Taylor is the proud father of a little girl. Mother and baby are doing nicely.

Mrs. A. Williams has been on the sick list.

Mr. Green Coates has been quite sick with typhoid pneumonia, but is improving. Mrs. Coates cut her hand so she had to call on friends to help them, which they willingly did.

Mrs. John Williams is suffering with an attack of neuralgia.

Mr. Ed Comley was down from Winnebago, Minn., for a visit with his family. He contemplates spending the winter in Sioux City, Iowa.

Miss Belle Wells left for her home in Council Bluffs last Thursday.

All who have heard the new pastor, Rev. Matthews, express themselves as greatly pleased with him as a gentleman and preacher. We wish him success.

The young people should be up and doing. Winter is coming on. What are we going to do?

OTTUMWA NEWS.

Special Correspondence to Iowa State Bystander.

Rev. Henry King returned home Tuesday from Chicago, where he has been visiting with friends for the past two weeks.

Mrs. Mary Alexander, of South Ottumwa, entertained a number of friends at her home last Thursday evening. It was intended to be a surprise on her husband, as this was his birthday, but she was not so much surprised, as the secret leaked out. However, those present had a very enjoyable time.

Mrs. Nancy Johnson returned home last week from Moberly, Mo., where she has been visiting with relatives and friends for the past six weeks. She says she had a grand time while she was gone.

Rev. P. P. Taylor and family have moved to this city and are comfortably located at the parsonage of the A. M. E. church. Rev. Taylor entered upon his pastoral duties last Sunday and preached to a large congregation in the evening. He and his family are meeting with a cordial welcome by all, and a bright future is being looked forward to this year.

Miss Helen Johnson is reported as being on the sick list with malaria fever.

Messdames Judith Brown and Minnie Hawker, of Madison, Mo., are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Gooch. They expect to visit for some time in the city.

The Sons and Daughters of Israel

gave a very successful entertainment at the A. M. E. church last Thursday evening.

Mr. M. Bradley came over from Bloomfield Saturday evening and remained over Sunday with his family and returned to his work Monday.

J. D. Crawford met with a serious accident last Saturday while working at the packing house. As he was starting down a flight of stairs he slipped and fell from the top to the bottom floor, lighting on his shoulder and bruising it badly.

The Epworth League of the A. M. E. Church will meet Sunday evening at 7 o'clock. Devotional exercises will be conducted by the president. Strangers in the city cordially invited to attend.

The services at the Christian Tabernacle were very good last Sunday, both morning and evening. Rev. Lomas and his concert company returned Friday from a trip to Bloomfield, Moulton and Milton, and report a grand success. Rev. Lomas was taken suddenly ill Tuesday and is now confined to his room.

Mrs. Mary Owens is reported as being on the sick list.

The taffy pulling at the A. M. E. Church Tuesday evening was a very enjoyable affair. It was a success.

The Ottumwa pleasure club which was recently organized, is holding some very enjoyable meetings. The object of this society is social enjoyment. They meet every Wednesday evening.

The Adelphi literary society of the Second Baptist church met in regular meeting last Thursday evening in a business meeting. The meeting was called to order by President Hopkins. The secretary called the roll and many responded to their names. Quite a number of names were added to the roll. After the business was transacted the president made quite a speech to the members of the society in which he scored them for their disorder. A programme was then prepared for the next meeting.

A mass meeting was held at the Baptist church last Tuesday evening for the purpose of organizing a society known as the Order of Equity. A number of persons were in attendance. The general organizer was present and lectured to the society. He explained how it was conducted and what a help it was to a person when they were unable to help themselves. It was attacked by two of our popular young men, which threw a damper over the whole thing and the meeting was a failure. However, the matter has been placed in the hands of the Order of Equity to go ahead and effect an organization in this city.

OSKALOOSA NOTES.

Special Correspondence to Iowa State Bystander.

Rev. P. P. Taylor left for Ottumwa, where he was appointed this year. We hope for his success. We shall long remember him and his family whom we learned to love so dearly.

Mr. John Lewis left Wednesday for Chicago, where he will visit friends for a week.

Mrs. Sarah Williams left for Chicago, to visit her son Walter. We wish her a speedy recovery.

Uncle Bennie Voto, one of the oldest colored men in Oskaloosa, is still seen on the streets. God has blessed him to see many a sun-shiny day.

We are glad to know that Mr. Carter and family, of Marshalltown, have come to Ottumwa to make their home.

There will be a sunrise party at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Scott.

Queen Esther Thanksgiving.

Mrs. J. L. Wallace was down from Marshalltown to attend the funeral of Mr. Henry Lee Thursday.

Mr. Jackson, of Sigourney, is in the city on business.

The young men's club room is all O. K.

There will be a chitlin supper and a ladies military drill here Thanksgiving evening. All are invited to come.

Better Ambiguities.

The average woman considers a baby carrying a month before she buys one. It is the little suggestion which turns the possible customer in the direction of any particular store or article. This suggestion is generally the advertisement, which forces into the mind a not yet recognized desire. If the advertisement continues it is sure to strengthen and to fan into life the germ which it planted the first time it was seen.—Farm Machinery.

As a Moral Agent.

Belle—I'm so glad Jack has got a bicycle. It has helped his disposition wonderfully.

Nan—His disposition? Why, how could it?

NEWS FROM OVER IOWA

The judge of the Keokuk county district court sentenced Olt Smith to five years in the penitentiary for bur- glary at Atwood.

In the district court at Marion in the case of J. F. Fiedler against the city of Cedar Rapids, for \$3,000 dam- ages, for a fall on a defective sidewalk, the jury returned a verdict awarding him \$150.

As the result of a over quarrel, Chas. Kahler, a young carpenter of Davenport, shot Lizzie Mehter in the face, inflicting a serious wound, then sent a bullet in his own brain, dying instantly. The girl will recover.

The Atlantic Steam Laundry was en- tirely destroyed by fire a few nights ago. Two frame buildings on either side of the laundry were saved by the valiant efforts of the fire department. Loss, \$2,000, covered by insurance.

A few nights since while Sheriff Stamm and family, of Sibley, were at- tending a political meeting, John Ziel, in jail for larceny, broke through the ceiling of the jail room into the jailor's dwelling and escaped. The sheriff had forgotten to lock him in the steel cage for the night.

Clyde Walker, of Korimor, was be- fore the insane commissioners at Cres- ton, but was discharged. He was of poor parentage and had an impediment of speech. At school boys of better circumstances provoked and tortured him, until he had resorted to fighting. The case is a sad and peculiar one.

The Crescent Macaroni Company, of Chicago, has bought the macaroni fac- tory at Davenport, and will at once take possession of it and operate it, largely increasing its capacity. It has been in successful operation two years. The company is composed of Chicago men, has just been incorporated for the purpose, and is capitalized at \$50,000, paid up.

Joseph Leonis, the first white man to settle in Sioux City, after a lapse of thirty-eight years, has taken out his first naturalization papers. When Leonis first located in Iowa he built a log cabin on a lot near which the po- lice station now stands. He is a Frenchman and was one of the em- ployes of the Hudson Bay company who came up the Missouri river in 1842.

Eastern capitalists have made heavy investments at Redfield in the ex- tensive fields of asphaltum discovered 900 feet below the surface by the men who have been at work there for some time prospecting for petroleum. It is understood that the deposits are very extensive and that the eastern men will expend a large sum to get it out and upon the market. The find is con- sidered very valuable.

At the Sioux City Inter-State Fair Online's great performance in the at- tempt to beat his record of 5:07 1/2 was 5 feet 6 inches. The track was not so good as a pace. The first quarter was made in 1:32, the second 1:03, the third 1:45, and the mile in 2:04, breaking the world's four-year-old pacing record.

The Anti-Horse Thief Association of Iowa, at a meeting held in Des Moines, elected the following officers for the ensuing year: Grand worthy president, N. D. Merrill, Creston; grand worthy president, L. Robb, of Charleston; grand worthy secretary, O. B. Cobb, Allerton; grand worthy treasurer, J. T. Cameron, West Grove, Davis county; grand worthy marshal, W. T. Proper, Bonaparte; grand worthy chaplain, David Abbott, Thayer.

The expiration of the Bell telephone patents last spring is the means of Fort Dodge getting a new telephone exchange, which will be established at once. The Iowa Union Telephone Company has operated an exchange in that city for about a dozen years, but it is said their occupation will be gone soon, for 90 per cent of their patrons have been secured for a home company, which reduces rates and will probably more than double the list of sub- scribers.

Hon. L. S. Merchant, managing editor of the Cedar Rapids Daily Re- publican, died on the 18th, after an ill- ness of less than a week of inflamma- tion of the brain, superinduced by overwork. Mr. Merchant was born at Bonnington, Vt., in 1849. When 20 years old he came to Iowa and entered the employ of the Cedar Falls Gazette, later becoming a partner in its man- agement. In 1889 he went to Butte, Mont., and assisted in founding the Daily Inter-Mountain. After two years he returned to Iowa and pur- chased an interest in the Manchester Press. In the fall of 1885 he secured an interest in the Daily-Republican of Cedar Rapids. He was state oil in- spector from 1884 to 1888, and was state oil in- spector at the time of his death.

Cyclists are interested in the fact that W. B. Walker, of Kearney, Neb., at Ottumwa perfecting arrangements for the building of a three lap cement track, to cost \$10,000, which will at- tract the best bike riders of the world. Walker also expects to establish in Ot- tumwa his factory to manufacture his wheels, (the Kearney Special).

The postoffice at Sheffield was bur- glarized a few nights ago, and con- siderable plunder stolen. Officers at once started in pursuit of the thieves.

In 1892 Governor Boies pardoned George Fertig, of Floyd county, who had been found guilty of violating the prohibitory law. He was sentenced to jail for 135 days and to pay a fine of \$3,000. The sentence having been sus- pended, the case died practically until called to the attention of Governor Jackson in connection with another violation of law, and now the pardon has been revoked.

ITEMS OF GENERAL NEWS

Advices from St. Petersburg are to the effect that the condition of the czar is hourly growing worse and that death is expected at any time.

According to a New York democrat, if the republicans obtain control of the legislature Senator Hill will retain his seat and will not qualify as governor, even should he be elected.

Advices from Cumberland, Md., say that one of the Quantic train robbers has been captured there, and that two men were in custody at Cherry Run. On the first was found \$1,500, two watches, several pocket books, two loaded revolvers, several disguises and a memorandum showing when the booty was divided. The money was full of holes made by stitching by the express company.

Recently near Washington Court House, O., a colored brute named Dolby committed a criminal assault on Mrs. Mary Boyd, aged 35. A few days ago he was captured, identified and placed in jail at Washington Court House. When the time for his trial arrived a mob almost succeeded in getting hold of him while he was being taken from the jail to the court house. Dolby pleaded guilty and was sentenced to twenty years imprisonment. The mob became threatening and the gov- ernor sent two companies of militia to the scene. When the mob forced the door of the court house the militia fired, killing two and wounding a dozen, several fatally. The citizens were frenzied and threatened to blow up the court house with dynamite, but finally, under protection of the militia, the prisoner was taken to the train and then to the penitentiary.

Russian advices are to the effect that the czar has been systematically poisoned by nihilists in his household and that death cannot be averted.

It is said that England recently held a cabinet meeting to talk of settling the Japanese-Chinese war by medi- ation, but could get no other power to assist in the program.

Russia is said to be massing troops and provisions on the Chinese frontier and it is thought will shortly disclose her policy regarding the Japanese-Chinese affairs.

A passenger train on the Richmond, Fredericksburg & Potomac railroad was held up near Quantico, Va., a few nights ago by bandits. The work was done in a very orderly manner by first capturing the engineer and fireman and then splintering the express car door with dynamite. They then com- pelled the express messenger to open the safes, took between \$150,000 and \$300,000, and escaped with the engine.

Near Sacramento, Cal., two men captured the track walker of the Southern Pacific and compelled him to flag the overland train with his tor- pedoes and lantern. The train stopped and they captured the engineer and fireman and going to the express car, by threatening to kill these men, in- fluenced the expressman to open the door. They then captured four bags containing \$50,000 in gold, and es- caped. Posses are in pursuit. The Southern Pacific has offered \$10,000 for their capture.

It is reported that China has ex- pressed a desire to buy Japan oil.

Gov. Mitchell of Florida says the Corbett-Fitzsimmons fight shall not take place in Florida even if the legis- lature has to be convened for the purpose of preventing it.

During a heavy storm the schooner Hartford was driven ashore near Oswego, N. Y., and wrecked. Seven lives were lost.

What the Farming Land Allotted. Trenton, N. J., Oct. 18.—Gov. Hughes by request met with the Pima and Maricopa Indians in their council yesterday at Sacaton Indian agency. The Indians want the farming land of their reservation allotted to themselves in severalty in small tracts for cultivation furnished with water. The governor told them he would assist them in their request to the government. They will make formal application to the in- terior department for their allotments of land.

Chicago Board of Trade. Chicago, Oct. 17.—The following table shows the range of quotations on the Chi- cago board of trade to-day:

Table with columns: Articles, High, Low, Oct. 17, Oct. 16. Rows include Wheat, Corn, Oats, Hay, Pork, Lard, Sugar, Coffee, Cotton, and various oils.

THE CZAR'S HEALTH.

Physicians After a Consultation An- nounce That He Is Wrecker. ST. PETERSBURG, Oct. 18.—The official Messenger yesterday issued a special edition containing the following bulletin, signed by Prof. Leyden and Drs. Zacharin, Popoff and Beljainoff, issued after a consultation: "The disease of the kidneys shows no improvement. His majesty's strength has diminished. The physicians in at- tendance hope the climate of the south coast of the Crimea will have a benefi- cial effect on the health of the czar."

NEW USE FOR ELECTRICITY.

Swallowed a Lamp—Body Artificially Lighted. Dr. A. R. Amos, of 217 Equitable building, who is a leading specialist of Des Moines, demonstrated before the Polk County Medical Society the practical use to which the electric light may be put in the practice of medicine. The demonstration was decidedly novel.

By the use of the electric light Dr. Amos made it possible to see the glow of an incandescent lamp in the stomach through the flesh of the abdomen, a most wonderful spectacle. With still further refinement the doctor illumined the air passages inside of the skull so that the tissues and blood vessels of the face could be distinctly discerned. With a third instrument the light was thrown into the eye so that the eyeball, the iris and the optic nerve could be seen. The electric light was inside of it and it were the globe of the lamp.

The patient, Mr. Lee, at the demon- stration with the light used in the stomach was asked to swallow a small rubber tube at the end of which was the glow lamp, and through which the wires of the battery ran. The current was turned on, and at once the presence of the lamp in the stomach was plainly discerned through the body. The physician is able to determine by its location in the body the position and condition of the walls of the stomach, being detected by the position of the light.

The effects of the other demon- strations were as startling as this one. The small rubber tube with a glow lamp at the end was inserted in the mouth of a lady patient and instantly, when the current was turned on, the tissues of the face and throat became perfectly plain to sight.

Dr. Amos has a gastroscope, also a complicated and enormously expensive medical instrument which he uses to see the interior end of which the patient is forced to swallow while on the operating table, the electric light being at the lower end and brilli- antly illuminating the inside of the stomach. The light is reflected from the telescope at the end of the tube at the patient's mouth the walls of the organ, the light reflecting the image through the bent tube by means of prisms.

The demonstrations made by Dr. Amos were something new for Des Moines and the innovation will be en- joyed by the people, as it was by the big meeting last night. The evident learning of the doctor, his skill in the practice of medicine speak volumes for the good he can do humanity which suffers. The science of medicine is progressive and Dr. Amos is keeping up with the procession.

Dr. Amos has had exceptional ad- vantages for preparation for his pro- fession. He graduated at Rush Medical College, in Chicago, with the class of 1882 and practiced general medicine for seven years. He went to Europe five years ago and took up the study of eye, ear, nose and throat in the University of Berlin. From there he went to Vienna and studied under the great masters, Politzer, Gruber, and others. He received a diploma of commendation from them secured him at once the position of clinical assistant in the Royal Eye Hospital and the Royal Ear, Nose and Throat Hospital, of London, two of the most celebrated hospitals in Europe, where he served one year. He then returned to Des Moines and opened an office in the Equitable building, where he is now located permanently, but still not sat- isfied with his preparation, closed the office in Des Moines, and spent a year more in Johns Hopkins Hospital, Bal- timore, devoting the most of his time to pathology and bacteriology.

IOWA PATENT OFFICE REPORT.

Des Moines, Oct. 15.—In the list of 220 United States patents issued last week Nebraska inventors have 2, Minnesota 3, Iowa 10, Missouri 10, Illinois 28. Patents have been allowed to Iowa inventors, but not issued, as follows: To W. C. Johnson of Ottumwa, for a furnace for heating buildings with hot water. The boiler is composed of straight tubes and elbows so arranged and combined that they will extend around the inside of the wall of the combustion chamber, where they serve as the products of combustion and all of their surfaces utilized as heating sur- face. To N. Weller and R. O. Stat- man, of Des Moines, for a compound lever lifting jack in which the lever moves in a vertical plane and lifts an object a short space at every motion of the lever until the desired elevation is obtained. By a simple adjustable device the action can be reversed, as required to lower the elevated object. To J. E. Barnes, of Ottumwa, for a carpet stretcher described in his claim as fol- lows: An apparatus for stretching and fastening carpets, comprising an open-ended metal cushion and carpet-grinding device made of a single piece of sheet metal having integral teeth on its underside and a bail or frame attached thereto for the purposes stated, a lever having a handle at its end, and a spring connected to en- gage a floor, a hook and tack puller projecting from the lever to en- gage the said bail or frame, and a hammer pull near the pointed end of the lever, to operate in the manner set forth.

Printed and Drawings and specifications of any patent sent to any address for 25 cents. Valuable information for inventors free. THOMAS G. AND J. RALPH OWING, Solicitors of Patents.

Park & Odell, Lawyers, Des Moines, Ia. Refer to any bank in Des Moines. Do you wear shirts? Order of Tilden. Des Moines. Perfect fit guaranteed. Hansen's Radical cough cure. Immediate relief and cures when others fail.

Insurrection at Ecuador.

New York, Oct. 12.—A special from Panama says an insurrection has broken out at Calmeas, Ecuador. Senor Trivino, who took a prominent part in the revolution of 1885 heads the rebels and troops have been sent from Quito to quell the uprising.

Guilty of Hoodlums.

DETROIT, Mich., Oct. 12.—After being out for twenty-four hours the jury in the case of School Inspector Lipphardt, one of the four hoodlums members of the board, yesterday afternoon re- turned a verdict of guilty.

The Regina, N. W. T., Council has adopted the single tax system for that town.

There are eight edible and twelve poisonous varieties of mushrooms in the United States.

A home for invalid servants, the gift of Mrs. C. Davis English, is to be built near Berwyn, Pa.

The length of the largest tiger skin ever taken, after being stretched and dried, was 12 feet 6 1/2 inches.

Motormen who ring gongs with their feet get a peculiar pedal melody which they call "trrolley foot."

ROBBER OUT OF LUCK.

ONE OF THE QUANTICO GANG CAUGHT BY CHANCE.

Others Said to Be Arrested—Captured Man Has Money, Arms and Disguises, and a Lack of Circumspection. CUMBERLAND, Md., Oct. 19.—Yes- terday about 11 o'clock Officer Brock of this city noticed a man acting in a rather suspicious manner near the Baltimore & Ohio depot. He tried to board express train No. 9, west bound, with two sachets. The man answered the description of the one who was im- plicated in the robbery of the express car at Quantico, Va., last week. As soon as the officer attempted to make the arrest the man started to run, but was soon caught by the officer. He claimed to have been stopping at one of the hotels in this city, and upon being taken to each of the hotels in turn he claimed that it was in a different one. He was taken to the station house and upon being searched \$1,553 was found hidden in two woolen stockings. Nine hundred and twenty-three dollars were in bills and \$630 in silver, one silver watch and one gold one; a lot of pawn tickets and three silver pocket books. A fine revolver was in his pocket with forty-three cartridges.

He had a memorandum book showing where the entire booty had been dis- posed of between the men. In his satchel were found old muddy shoes, a slouch hat and wearing apparel that looked like disguises. He claimed that he was an ex-detention in Missouri and after- ward denied it. He asked to be taken to the water closet, and while there tried to hide another revolver and some money, but was caught in the act.

The man is rather stout and weighs at least 160 pounds; is six feet tall, smooth face and dressed neatly. He was discovered by the officials that he had arrived in this city at about 11 o'clock a. m. and had lost several hun- dred dollars in a gambling house. He was seen Tuesday coming out of a clothing store by Officer Goss, who, on questioning him at night, asked him about this occurrence. The man stated that he had purchased two suits of clothes and had paid for them, and intended coming back to this city to get them. He refused to give his name, and after being examined, was committed to jail to await a trial on 30th of this month.

Officer Brock, who made the ar- rest, says the man fought like a lion and attempted to draw a revolver. Since he was committed to jail he has become sullen and refuses to talk. He curses the officer who made the ar- rest and threatens to make things lively for him if he gets the chance. Before his commitment he told so many conflicting stories that there is not the least doubt but that he is one of the men who successfully robbed the ex- press.

It is rumored in police circles that several men have been arrested at Cherry Run, Va., all with large amounts of money in their possession, but as yet no particulars can be learned. A number of police will go to the scene at once, when the men will be brought to this city. The officer who made the arrest in this city said that if he had not caught hold of the man as he was about to board the train he would certainly have been killed, as he was intoxicated and refused to say why he attempted to board the train at that point instead of going to the depot.

JUDICIAL WAR AT OMAHA.

Judge Scott Settles the Rosewater Libel Case by Dismissing It.

OMAHA, Neb., Oct. 19.—A thousand people crowded the criminal branch of the District court yesterday to wit- ness the second chapter in the conflict of authority between Judge Scott, of that department, and the other five judges of the district, respecting the transfer of the libel case against Editor Rosewater of the Bee, to some other judge owing to the allegation of prejudicial bias against Scott. After criticizing the other judges for inter- ference in the affair Judge Scott, on mo- tion of the county attorney, dismissed the case, declaring that if he could not try the case it should not be tried. Preparations have been made by the other judges to secure Supreme court mandamus to compel Judge Scott to transfer the case.

Big Bond Robbery in Brooklyn.

New York, Oct. 19.—Police of Brook- lyn are trying to find out who stole fifty \$1,000 bonds of the Manhattan Gas company of West Virginia. The bonds were stolen from the residence of Stephen Dutton, owner of the dock located at South Brooklyn, and is a most mysterious case. The police are utterly at fault.

Stevenson at Danville, Ill.

DANVILLE, Ill., Oct. 18.—The dem- ocratic rally here was made an immense success by the presence of Vice-Pres- ident Stevenson. In the afternoon he spoke at Lincoln park to 4,000 persons. B. P. Claggett, candidate for state treasurer, also addressed the meeting after the Vice-President.

Were They Poisoned by the Water?

LEXINGTON, Ky., Oct. 13.—In Bour- bon county on the noted Ireland stock farm there is a deep well, noted heretofore for its purity of water. James Rutherford and Tom Campbell have for several months used the water. Monday James Campbell was suddenly taken sick and soon died. Next Rutherford was also attacked and in a few hours he expired in great agony. Hardly was the death of Rutherford announced before Tom Campbell was attacked. He was carried to the hos- pital. He is now dying.

Will Report in November.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 15.—Col. Carroll D. Wright, commissioner of labor, re- turned from Chicago yesterday. The report of the strike investigating com- mittee, of which he is chairman, will be presented to the President the middle of November.

Suicide of a Canadian Millionaire.

MONTREAL, Que., Oct. 15.—W. E. Elmerhorst, a three times millionaire, committed suicide in his stable yester- day by shooting himself through the temple with a revolver. He was suf- fering from nervous prostration.

NOW LOOK FOR TROUBLE.

Amour of Afghanistan Passes Away.

Praising the English. CALCUTTA, Oct. 19.—A Lahr paper publishes a detailed account from au- thentic sources of the death of the Amour of Afghanistan. In the description of the death he wrote it is said the Amour earnestly exhorted his eldest son, Sar- dar Habibulla Khan, to remain a friend to the British.

LONDON, Oct. 19.—The Chronicle says: "A report has reached us that the In- dian government has already put a column on the march for the Khyber Pass, the principal north pass into Afghanistan from India. The report is incredible, though possibly the ad- vances guards that are always kept at Rawl Pindie and Attock have received warning to be in readiness."

FALL WITH BRIDGE TIMBERS.

Three Men Injured at Louisville, Ky., by Collapse of a Structure.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Oct. 19.—The ill- fated new Louisville and Jefferson- ville bridge was the scene of another accident shortly after 1 o'clock yester- day. Three men were hurt, one per- haps fatally. The accident was caused by the falling of a part of the false work under the fourth span, which had just been completed and locked. All the injured were dropped into a large below with the falling timbers. One man sustained a frac- ture of the right arm and two ribs. He also received internal injuries and it is thought will die. The two others were not seriously injured.

Citizens Suspected of the Crime.

THE DALLAS, Ore., Oct. 19.—After re- ceiving F. N. Hill of his position as agent at 415 place yesterday the officials of the Pacific Express company placed Ed Kurtz in charge of the office and caused Hill, Messenger Tibbitts and Watchman Gibbons to be arrested. They are accused of complicity in Saturday night's robbery, when \$14,000 was stolen. Evidence against them is said to be strong. It is stated import- ant arrests will be made shortly.

France's Ultimatum for Madagascar.

PARIS, Oct. 19.—The Estafette says the ultimatum conveyed to Antananarivo by M. Le Myre de Villars, the French special commissioner to Madag- ascar, stipulates that France shall exercise an exclusive protectorate over that country and that there shall be a permanent French garrison stationed at Antananarivo. Eight days are al- lowed Madagascar to make a reply to these demands.

Episcopal Bishops in Conference.

New York, Oct. 19.—The house of bishops of the Protestant Episcopal church of America assembled yesterday in the church mission house to elect a bishop to occupy the position in the missionary jurisdiction of Olympia, Wash. The conference was held behind closed doors. Rev. William M. Jefferies, D. D., rector of the Church of the Holy Communion of Tacoma, has been favorably mentioned as the late Bishop Paddock's successor.

Fall River Weavers Out Again.

FALL RIVER, Mass., Oct. 19.—A large number of the weavers employed in the mills in the northern section of the city struck yesterday. In the forenoon 5,000 people gathered at the strikers' meeting at South park and 1,100 weav- ers participated in the parade which followed. Four hundred women took part in the procession. The strikers claim the employers have not kept faith with them.

Renewal of the Smallpox Riots.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Oct. 19.—The stir- ring up of the smallpox agitation by the impeachment proceedings against Dr. Kempster has resulted in a break- ing out afresh of the riotous spirit which prevailed during the summer. An attempt to remove a patient to a smallpox hospital yesterday resulted in a small riot, but nobody was hurt. The disease is increasing.

Gov. McKinley in Ohio.

HAMILTON, Ohio, Oct. 19.—Gov. McKinley concluded his day's trip here, where he delivered a public address last night. At 2 o'clock a long address was made at the fair grounds, Dayton, where a large audience was assembled. Unless prevented by the riot at Wash- ington Court House Gov. McKinley will start for Louisville, Nashville and New Orleans to-day.

Trial Trip of Battleship Maine.

New York, Oct. 19.—The official trial of the United States battleship Maine promises good results, as the ship passed through it creditably. The results of observations will not be known for three or four days, as a good deal of figuring will be required before a report can be made.

Said to Be One of the Wreckers.

CHICAGO, Oct. 18.—Another man was arrested Monday night on the charge of complicity in the wrecking of the Atlantic express on the Grand Trunk railroad at Battle Creek, Mich., July 15. The prisoner's name is William J. Hall. He has been in the employ of the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy rail- road as a switchman since the strike. This is the fifth arrest in connection with the wrecking of the train. He will be taken to Battle Creek. The evidence against him is not known.

Princess Bismarck III.

BERLIN, Oct. 15.—In addition to the sudden indisposition of Prince Bis- marck, which called Dr. Schweininger to Varzin, the condition of Prince- ness Bismarck has become such as to cause uneasiness.

City Treasurer in Trouble.

St. Joseph, Mo., Oct. 15.—Charges have been publicly made against City Treasurer Joseph Albus of loaning money from the city treasury, and the council has ordered an investigation by a committee of three aldermen.

"That was a beautiful composition," she said, dreamily.

"Yes," replied the young man who doesn't know much about music. "It was pretty fine." "I wonder what key it is in." "It's down on the programme as a nocturne, isn't it?" "Yes." "Well, then, I should think it would require a night key?" Mrs. Dimpleton—I would like hotel life, but I am so lonesome all day while my husband is at the office. Mrs. Cheltenham—Why don't you keep house? Then you can spend your spare time in thinking what you will have for breakfast.

When Others Fail

Hood's Sarsaparilla builds up the shattered system, by giving vigorous action to the digestive organs, creating an appetite and purifying the blood. It is prepared by modern methods, possesses the greatest curative powers, and has the most won- derful record of actual cures of any medicine in existence. Be sure you get only Hood's.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

"Hood's Sarsaparilla is the best medicine I have ever taken for a blood purifier. I had a tired feeling, and was restless at night. I feel much better since taking Hood's Sarsaparilla. I have taken a great many other medicines, but they have given me no relief. My wife and children have also taken Hood's Sarsaparilla for purifying the blood with beneficial results." Kocin, Bercher, Ill. Get only Hood's.

Hood's Pills are purely vegetable, etc.

WE WILL MAIL POSTCARD

"MEDITATION" in exchange for 18 Large Lion Pens, cut from Lion Office Envelopes, and a 50-cent stamp by postage. Write for list of pen makers, and send 10-cent stamp for books, a knife, game, etc. Woolson Spice Co., 10 Huron St., Toledo, Ohio.

DES MOINES FIRMS

BAR GLASSWARE

R. R. Tickets

Farms

HAY BALE TIES

\$10 SUITS

Frankel Clothing Co.

DOCTORS

PRIVATE DISEASES

MEN ONLY

Commercial College

OMAHA BUSINESS COLLEGE

PIONEER KNITTING WORKS, IOWA CITY.

DEE

Pt. Band, Iron Hoop

OAK BASKET.

THE \$1,000,000 CURE

IT NEVER FAILS!

SCHRAGER'S RHEUMATIC CURE.

Fresh Air and Exercise.

Get all that's possible of both, if in need of flesh strength and nerve force.

There's need, too, of plenty of fat-food.

Scott's Emulsion

of Cod Liver Oil builds up flesh and strength quicker than any other preparation known to science.

Scott's Emulsion is constantly effecting Cure of Consumption, Bronchitis and kindred diseases where other methods fail.

Unlike the Dutch Process No Alkalies

Other Chemicals

W. BAKER & CO.'S Breakfast Cocoa

It has more than three times the strength of Cocoa mixes with starch, Arrowroot or sugar, and is far more economical, costing less than one cent a cup. It is delicious, nourishing, and EASILY DIGESTED.

Sold by Grocers everywhere.

W. BAKER & CO., Dorchester, Mass.

GIRLS WRITE ALL ELSE FAILS

Best each girl has them one cent a cup. In time. Sold by druggists.

TEMPE'S VENTURE.



TEMPE had a scheme in her mind. It seemed to her a very brilliant scheme and one that could be worked as easily as falling off a log. She put on her very finest to make a call upon her young mistress. She was gay indeed in a very broadly striped muslin gown, short and scant in the skirt, displaying a pair of large flat feet, encased in a pair of red and white striped stockings and a pair of unadorned brogan shoes. A red bandana wound about her snowy neck and a large white apron laundered with exquisite skill completed her outfit.

She came in at the side gate and seated herself with affectionate familiarity upon the topmost step of the piazza, waiting for the young lady to appear. Miss Etta saw her through the open door and came out, smiling kindly.

"Well, Auntie Tempe, how are you to-day?"

"Fo'ly, chile, pooly, an' I done walked all dissher way ter git yuh to go some'n' fur de ol' ooman. Will yer honey?"

"Sarely, Auntie Tempe, if I can."

"Well, yuh kin, honey. Ise a hon'es ooman, an' I'll pay yer back."

Miss Etta thought of many baskets of provisions conveyed by Tempe to "de chillin'" from her pantry when "de white folks" were supposed to be unaware of the fact, but she said nothing.

"Yuh know, honey, nex' week is co'te week, an' dey'll be heaps of folks 'bout de co'te house, an' dem folks is allus hongry. 'n' I low of Miss Etta'd lemme have de flour an' stuff I gwine cook plenty bread, an' yuh could spare a ham, I'd cook hit, too, an' sell de vittles to de hongry country folks. Yuh gwine he'p meh, Auntie yer, chile?"

"But suppose the country folks don't buy the things, Auntie Tempe?"

Miss Etta asked.

"Well, hit's nuthin' but a little bit er vittles if dee doesn't. De chillin' kin eat em, I reckon."

The next day was a big one for Tempe, who spent it turning out such loaves, pies and cakes as were good to see. Miss Etta added the ham and when the cost of the material was counted it reached several dollars, a great deal more than the old woman had thought possible for a few "vittles."

"Yuh know, honey, I gwine sell de bread an' ham in slices an' de cakes an' dey'll be right smart."

Tempe packed her basket and early morning found her ensconced behind a neat white covered table, her wares spread temptingly about her and a pot of hissing coffee close at hand.

It was some hours before a customer appeared. Little Elihu Walsingham Lamkin, more familiarly known as "Smut," Miss Etta's own "yard boy," noting the innovation, came up to reconnoiter the situation, but was promptly warned off by the vigilant Tempe.

Time wore on until noon, and still the supply of tempting food was undiminished. Tempe was getting tired and a little discouraged, when a probable customer came in sight. The old woman waded the crowd of ragged, little darkeys aside, standing at attention before the probable purchaser.

"Here some mighty nice brade an' meat sah, wid cakes ter top off on. Hab some, sah?"

"How yer sell em?"

"I done sell yer a dozen fer ten cents."

"Hab?" His eyes wandered over the supply of food and he hesitated a moment.

"What yer goin' ter ax fer what I kin eat, brade, meat an' all?"

This sort of proposition had not entered into Tempe's calculations of profit and loss, and for a moment she gazed at the prospective customer with drooped jaw and round, twinkling eyes.

"Wha' dat yuh 'low?" she asked doubtfully, and Pete repeated his original question.

"Wha' yer gwine ax fer all de bread, meat an' cake I kin eat?"

"How much yuh gwine eat, anyhow?"

"Twe'l I aint hungry no mo'."

Tempe considered a moment, taking in Pete's points with a calculating eye. He was a big, burly negro, and it was his boast that he wore more leather, that is, cowhide in the shape of brogans, and could get outside more barbs than any other man in the county. Tempe was ignorant of this fact, however, so she agreed to appease Pete's "honger" for what seemed to her a fancy price.

"I gwine let yer eat twe'l yer got plenty fer half a dollar—cash," she said. An expansive smile dawned and spread itself slowly over Peter's sooty countenance and reaching somewhere into the depths of his ragged trousers he pulled therefrom a small tobacco pouch, from the gray depths of which he fished five small silver pieces and laid them on the table.

Then, drawing on empty fruit box to the curb, he sat astride of it and began to eat.

Tempe proffered a knife and fork, but the implements were calmly ignored and a huge jackknife taken from a handy pocket was brought into play.

Since after slice of bread and ham disappeared, but Pete showed no sign of quitting, and Tempe began to feel that she had not made such a satisfactory bargain as she at first supposed. The ham was lessening fearfully under Pete's well-applied jackknife, and Tempe remarked, "Look-a-ye, nigger, a'n' yer gwine quit?"

"Wha' I gits done?"

"Yuh done eat fo' dozen biskit an' now all dat ham. Dat's too much catin' for only half a dollar."

"Dat what yuh axed," indifferently.

Another onslaught on the shattered remains of the ham, which left a fleshless bone exposed to the astonished eyes of Tempe, and Pete carefully wiped the jackknife, replacing it in his pocket.

Then the real fun began. Reaching for the pile of tempting cakes, they began to disappear with astonishing rapidity. Six, a dozen, two dozen, and still Pete gave no sign of being done. Tempe now asserted herself. Spreading her hands over her wares she exclaimed, fierce determination on her shriveled, black countenance.

"Look-a-ye, nigger, yuh jess quit dat?"

"Aint yer gwine lemme git done?"

"No, I aint gwine let yer eat no mo' dem vittles."

"Yuh done 'low, lady, dat I could eat twe'l I warn't a-hungry no mo' fer dat half dollar."

"Hit makes no differ. Yuh done eat out de half dollar on dat ham an' bread. Now, yuh quit."

But Pete insisted on the terms of the contract, and was beginning to exterminate Tempe's stock anew, when old Judge Tice appeared around the corner. Tempe waddled out from behind her table, halting the magistrate in excited accents:

"Judge Tice, sah, oh, Judge Tice! Speak yer ter dis yer nigger! He 'bout ter eat all I'se got."

The judge sauntered to the curb, surveying the scene with amused eyes and Pete explained the situation.

"Dis leddy 'low I end eat twe'l I warn't hungry no mo' fer ha'f a dollar, sah, an' I done gee her de money, but I aint eat nuff vit'."

"Fore Gawd, Judge, he done eat meh half a dollar's biskits, an' mos' all dem cakes. Dat much truck cos' meh tree dollars, sah, an' he out done gib meh but one leetle ol' ha'f."

"Dat what yuh 'low ha'f?"

"Gawd, man, I 'low yuh was follin'."

"Huh?"

"Yas, sah, an' now yuh is got ter pay meh fer dem vittles er I gwine carry yuh right befo' dis yer magistr'."

"I carry yuh dar, ooman. I aint done."

"Who, me?" Tempe's voice rose shrilly in indignant protest, and a few idlers attracted by the raised voices gathered about, and the old woman, encouraged by the attention she attracted, began to explain her grievance to the crowd. She stood on the curb, her back to the table, one arm akimbo her huge hip, the other pointing at the object of her wrath, sitting coolly on the box.

Little Elihu Walsingham Lamkin, slipping through the crowd, took in the situation at a glance, and dodging behind the portly form of Tempe, filled every available pocket in his looped and windowed raggedness with the remainder of the cakes, stealing away unobserved to enjoy the feast.

Tempe, turning about at the end of her harangue, the empty plates met her eyes.

"Fore Gawd!" she exclaimed solemnly, "ef he aint done conjured de balance er dem cakes often de plates! I'se gwine quit, kase I done knowed hit warn't nuff. Yuh done eat twe'l I warn't a-hungry no mo'."

Of course the venture, having struck such a cyclone of an appetite as Pete had, was a failure, but Tempe always talks about the money she would have made if she hadn't "met de debil in store cakes."

FOR BOYS AND GIRLS.

USEFUL INFORMATION FOR THE YOUNG.

Suggestion and Rules for the Boy Who Would Like to be an Archer—A Wonderful Fowl—A Brave Girl—The Dog and the Doctor.

For bringing into play all the muscles of the body there is scarcely any outdoor sport equal to archery. Then, too, there is a fascination about it which few persons, after having once learned to shoot accurately with the bow and arrow, can resist. If blunt arrows are used there is little or no danger of personal injury, while for hunting if the bow is used with pointed shafts, it is, at close range, fully as effective and almost as accurate as the rifle.

Bows are of various "weights." By this is meant the number of pounds of strength required to bend one—not the weight of the bow literally. A thirty-pound bow is about right for a boy of ten or twelve. Girls should use one somewhat lighter, a lad of sixteen or eighteen would find a fifty-pound bow quite heavy enough.

There are higher weights, running up to eighty and one hundred pounds. These are powerful weapons sufficient to bring down a deer, a bear, or other large game, and entirely too heavy for target use. The old English rule that a bow's length should equal the height of the person using it is a good one to follow.

Arrows vary in length to suit the bow, from sixteen inches to three feet. The point or head is called the "pile"; the shaft is termed the "steele"; the notch at the feathered end the "feather" or "vane." Not only the bow, but arrows, quiver and entire outfit may be made at home. For the bow choose a straight, well-seasoned spriggy piece of wood free from knots.

It is not necessary to use any one particular kind, Mulberry, hickory and red oak are all suitable, and good bows have been made from hazel, white maple, and even poplar. The writer once got an excellent one out of the broken fougue of a mowing machine, which was of tough white ash; another from an old slight shaft, which was either oak or hickory, so old and brown it was hard to determine which.

Trim down the stick selected, making the back of the bow flat and the inside round, taking care of the wood. The ends should be tapered a little, and the bow occasionally until it bends with sufficient ease. The tips should be made flat on both sides, with a notch for the string. Around the middle glue a hand-piece of felt or velvet.

The string must be about six inches shorter than the bow. Strong thread, like that used by shoemakers, doubled and twisted several times, makes a very good bow-string. Make a loop in the ends, fastening them with a "figure 8," or similar knot which will not slip. The bow, however, should never be strung except when in use.

An Indian bow is made broad and flat instead of rounded, except where the hand rests. This portion must be whittled round and left rather large. The bow should be about two inches wide above and below the hand-space, and narrow gradually towards the ends. The back may be ornamented with red, black and yellow paint, with the heads of brass tacks or with any other appropriate decoration.

The most difficult thing in making arrows is to get them perfectly straight. Rolling them over a flat surface will generally show any imperfection in this respect. After whittling them to the desired thickness, scrape and sand paper well, finishing off with emery paper until smooth. Lead points may be moulded on after first cutting a notch around the end of the shaft. A better plan, however, is to use an empty cartridge shell weighted with a few drops of lead. For sharp points use a nail. After driving it into place, file off the head. This gives weight enough without adding lead.

To make an arrow fly straight it must be flattened. Select the largest quills obtainable and carefully pare off the feathered portion. At equal distances around the shaft glue the strips of feathers, and trim off until even. Hair cloth or stiff paper may be used if feathers are not to be had.

A quiver or case for holding the arrows, may be made of a cylinder. An equally good, though less handsome, one may be made of a tin can.

A Wonderful Fowl.

Said Reginald Fitz-Green, "I have never, never seen a chicken so astonishingly tall!"

But the other side he found that it was no peculiar after all!

Poltiness Won the Day.

A gentleman from the West told a good story the other day of a meeting between his dog and an organ-grinder's monkey that will bear repeating: "One day an Italian organ-grinder, accompanied by a trained monkey, wandered into our town, and the man stopped before my house to play. The monkey was an intelligent little fellow and was attired in a jacket and cap. While his master was grinding out the music the monkey hopped down from the organ where he had been sitting, and jumping the fence came up into my yard. He was at once spied by a foxglove of mine, and the dog made a rush at him. The monkey availed the onset with such undisturbed tranquility that the dog halted within a few feet of him to reconnoiter. Both animals took a long, steady stare at each other, until the monkey raised his paw and gracefully saluted his enemy by raising his hat. The effect was magical. The dog's head and tail dropped, and he sneaked off into the house, and would not leave it until satisfied that his polite but mysterious guest had departed."

The Jumping Merrythought.

Here is an interesting suggestion. When the turkey has been duly served and nothing is left but a pile of bones, pick out the "merrythought," the bone which is shaped like the one shown in the illustration.

Stretch across the bone a double string, and twist the string around a piece of stick which just reaches to the top of the bone. On this point place a

bit of soft pitch, or any very sticky substance strong enough to grip the end of the stick; then place the "merrythought" on the stick, and when the twisted string has overcome the resistance of the pitch the bone will jump high into the air. On this principle "jumping frogs" are made.

The Engineer's Story.

"It was just a year ago," said the old engineer to the reporter of a Western paper, "that I was running my 'commutation train on the Knoxville & Jellico, down in North Carolina. Ever been there? Guess ye don't know, then, how the tracks snake round the Carolina mountains. Too steep to run straight down, ye see—and too high to rest. Nowyer put it away string. The object is to prevent all moisture entering the grain and fiber of the wood."

NOTES AND NOTIONS.

Brussels makes 10,000 hats daily. A North Carolina dog has been taught to track turtles. The pay of an admiral in the English navy is \$9,125 a year. Ten dollars is the average annual income of a native of India. Suicide is less prevalent in Ireland than in any country in the world. A leading New York throat specialist says that "the best chest protector is worn on the sole of the foot." It is calculated that from 40,000 to 50,000 slaves are yearly carried away captive from Zanzibar and neighboring towns. A boatman on the St. Denis canal, in France, recently found in the water a package containing railway shares worth \$22,000. The Brooklyn dog that was sentenced to death for biting the man who was beating his master has been finally rescued by the higher courts. A Chinese custom is the throwing into the ocean of thousands of pieces of paper when friends are about to sail away. Each piece bears written on it a prayer. A Florida jury recently escaped from the jury room by night and serenaded the judge, the lawyers, the plaintiff and defendant before they were recaptured. A recent state paper published in Berlin shows that Germany can in ten days after an order to mobilize the forces is given, place 2,500,000 soldiers in the field. There is treasure to the amount of \$30,000,000 stored away in gold, for the purpose of conducting the early stages of a campaign on a cash basis. In Berlin, for some reason, bicycles are thoroughly out of favor with the populace in general and the police in particular. There are plenty of bicycles, but they have to fix a third wheel to their machines in order to dodge the police regulations regarding a two-wheeled machine. The third wheel is small and is only used to get around the city ordinance against bicycles. A Florida jury recently escaped from the jury room by night and serenaded the judge, the lawyers, the plaintiff and defendant before they were recaptured. A recent state paper published in Berlin shows that Germany can in ten days after an order to mobilize the forces is given, place 2,500,000 soldiers in the field. There is treasure to the amount of \$30,000,000 stored away in gold, for the purpose of conducting the early stages of a campaign on a cash basis. In Berlin, for some reason, bicycles are thoroughly out of favor with the populace in general and the police in particular. There are plenty of bicycles, but they have to fix a third wheel to their machines in order to dodge the police regulations regarding a two-wheeled machine. The third wheel is small and is only used to get around the city ordinance against bicycles.

NATIONAL SENATES.

In Italy the senate consists of princes of royal blood, and an unlimited number of members appointed by the king for life. France elects a senate of 300 members for nine years from citizens at least forty years of age. One-third of them retire every three years. The highest legislative body in Portugal is the house of peers, with 100 members appointed by the king for life, and fifty elective members. A German deputy, in taunting the ministry, said, the other day: "Upon the ministerial benches we hear nothing—nothing but profound silence." The salary list of the English house of lords amounts to \$200,000, of which the lord chancellor, as speaker, takes \$30,000 and the sergeant-at-arms \$7,500. In Germany the Bundsrath, the upper chamber, consists of fifty-eight members, appointed by the governments of the individual states for each session of parliament.

An Ample Fund of Pleasure and Health

May be derived from an ocean voyage and for the reason that it produces Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is a reliable, defense, and is so esteemed by tourists, commercial travelers, yachtsmen and mariners. An ailment akin to sea sickness often afflicts land travelers with weak stomachs. This is often brought on by the jarring of a railway train. Disquietude in the gastric region from this cause is always remedied by the Bitters, which also prevents seasickness and fever, rheumatism, nervous and kidney trouble, constipation and biliousness. Unless a Christian has poor health he stands God when he goes to church with a long face. One Fare Excursions South Via C. & E. I. R. R. Round trip tickets will be sold from all stations on the Chicago & Eastern Illinois R. R. on Sept. 24th, Oct. 3d, Nov. 6th and Dec. 4th, 1894, at one fare, to points in Kentucky, Tennessee, Louisiana, Mississippi, Alabama, Georgia, North Carolina, South Carolina and Florida. Tickets good to return for twenty days from date of sale. Stop over allowed on going or returning journey. For further particulars apply to any C. & E. I. R. R. agent or Chicago city ticket office, 330 Clark street, or to Charles L. Stone, G. P. & T. A., 355 Dearborn street, Chicago, Ill.

Many people wear long faces because they are afraid they wouldn't be considered religious if they didn't.

That Joyful Feeling

With the exhilarating sense of renewed health and strength and internal cleanliness, which follows the use of Syrup of Figs, is unknown to the few who have not progressed beyond the old time medicines and cheap substitutes sometimes offered but never accepted by the well informed.

One trouble with the world is that every man wants to measure his neighbor's cloth with his own yardstick.

Cook's Cough Balsam

Is the oldest and best. It will break up a cold quicker than anything else. It is always reliable. Try it.

The man who is trying the hardest to pick things to pieces is the one who is least willing to live up to it.

Karl's Liver Root Tea.

The great blood purifier, gives freshness and cleanness to the complexion and cures constipation. 25c, 50c, \$1.

It goes against an old man's grain to find his son sowing wild oats, drinking rye and getting corned.

If the Baby is Cutting Teeth.

Be sure and start your well-tried remedy, Mrs. Wadsworth's Soothing Syrup for Children Teething.

The race track would be further above suspicion if it had more dead beats than dead beats.

Hanson's Magic Corn Salve.

Warranted to cure corns. Ask your druggist for it. Price 15 cents.

It's easier to dodge the income tax collector than a girl who is learning to ride a bicycle.

"A Cup of Parks' Tea" at night moves the bowels in the morning.

Some of us have to live a long while to find out that we don't know much.

The devil soon finds out when the preacher has nothing but powder in his gun.

Officially reported, after elaborate competitive tests made under authority of Congress by the Chief Chemist of the United States Agricultural Department, **Superior to all other Baking Powders in Leavening Strength.**

ABSOLUTELY PURE.

The most Careful Housewife will use no other.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 WALL ST., NEW-YORK.

BY WAY OF DIVERSION.

Joax—Why do you call that trolley conductor the "Trolley"? Joax—Because he waits for no man.

Strawber—Did you feel the late financial depression? Singery—Feel it! Why, for a month, I wasn't able to borrow a shilling!

"If a dog should howl under your window at night, would you regard it as a sign of death?" "Yes, if it was light enough for me to get a good aim at the dog."

Judge—When you broke into the library and stole a lot of books, why did you take only the works of classical authors? Thief—Because, your honor, modern books fetch hardly any price in the market!

Mr. Hopperly—What? You only sixteen, Madgie? You look older than that. Madgie—I know it. But I can't tell that I'm twenty-one, can I, when my big sister is sticking at that age, and everybody knows we ain't twins.

Juvenile Logic.

Mother—Why do you pack up your toys so carefully, Ethel? Ethel—To keep them for my children, mamma.

Mother—And suppose you never have children? Ethel—Then they'll do for my grandchildren.

Life's Scuffles.

Miss Prude—Miss Smith is very charming, but she seems to have no special hold upon the men's affections.

Miss Frimm—No, she seems to be a "catch-as-catch-can" affair.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, ss. LUCIA COUNTY.

FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & CO., doing business in the city of Toledo, Ohio, and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that can not be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1894.

A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is sent internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Hall's Family Pills, 25c.

Other pills. Hence, their great popularity with sufferers from habit and nervous piles and their attendant discomfort and manifold derangements. The "Pellets" are purely vegetable and perfectly harmless in any condition of the system. No care is required while using them; they do not interfere with the diet, habits or occupation, and produce no pain, griping or shock to the system. They act in a mild, easy and natural way and there is no reaction afterward. Their help lasts!

The Pellets cure biliousness, sick and bilious headache, dizziness, costiveness, or constipation, sour stomach, loss of appetite, coated tongue, indigestion, or dyspepsia, windy belchings, heartburn, pain and distress after eating, and kindred derangements of the liver, stomach and bowels. In proof of their superior excellence, it can be truthfully said, that they are always adopted as a household remedy after the first trial. Put up in sealed, glass vials, therefore always fresh and reliable. One little "Pellet" is a laxative, two are mildly cathartic. As a "dinner pill," to promote digestion, or to relieve distress from over-eating, take one after dinner. They are tiny, sugar-coated granules; any child will readily take them.

Accept no substitute that may be recommended to be "just as good." It may be better for the dealer, because of paying him a better profit, but he is not the one who needs help.

MARRIED LADIES Send lib. for Royal Standard; married ladies lib. for Royal Standard; married ladies lib. for Royal Standard.

DENSION JOHN W. MORRIS, Washington, D. C. Successfully Prosecutes Claims. Warranted to cure all claims. Write for particulars. 2 yrs in last war, 15 audited claims, \$45,000.

30% PROFIT This Month. Anyone can participate in our enormous profits by sending us from \$10 to \$1,000. Highest rate. Write for particulars to THE TRADERS SYNDICATE, Traders' Bldg., Chicago, Ill. AGENTS WANTED.

Officially reported, after elaborate competitive tests made under authority of Congress by the Chief Chemist of the United States Agricultural Department, **Superior to all other Baking Powders in Leavening Strength.**

ABSOLUTELY PURE.

The most Careful Housewife will use no other.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 WALL ST., NEW-YORK.

ALLEGED WITTICISMS.

She—When will you call and see papa. He, nervously—I don't know. When will he be out?

"What going to make a tour of Africa? Why, man, it's 100 degrees in the shade there." "Well, suppose it is; it's not necessary for me to travel in the shade, is it?"

Wool—I didn't take any vacation this year; I didn't need one. Van Pelt—But you worked hard, didn't you? Wool—Yes, but you see I saved myself a good deal by not taking any last year.

Ethel—Here is the loveliest housecoat that I bought for Tom, and he doesn't seem to care for it the least bit. Clara—I can tell you how to make him value it above everything. Ethel—Oh, how. Clara—Tell him that you have given it away to some poor man.

She had met him for the first time that evening at a function, and half an hour or so later, when some of the party rather doubted a story he had told, he appealed to her. "You don't think I'd tell a lie, do you?" he asked in a somewhat tender strain. "Well," she replied cautiously, "I don't know. What business are you in?"

ELY'S CREAM BALM

Opens and cures the Nasal Passage, Allays Pain and Inflammation, Heals the Sore Throat, the Membrane from Tonsils, Restores the Sense of Taste and Smell. The Balm is quickly absorbed and gives relief at once.

A particle is applied into each nostril and is agreeable. Price 50 cents, at druggists or by mail. ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren Street, New York.

"COLCHESTER" SPADING BOOT.

BEST IN MARKET.

BEST FIT. BEST WEARING QUALITY.

The outer sole sole extends the whole length down to the heel, protecting the boot in digging and in other hard work.

ASK YOUR DEALER FOR THE BEST. For full particulars and list of inferior goods—

COLCHESTER RUBBER CO.

MAILED FREE

to any Farmer or Farmer's Wife

"UP TO DATE DAIRYING"

constituting full instruction how to secure Higher Quality Products, make

MORE BUTTER with **BETTER PRICE**

and with **Less Labor** get **More Money**

Reviewing and explaining in practical manner—

The **NORMANDY** (French) System, **DANISH DAIRY SYSTEM** and **ELGIN SEPARATOR SYSTEM**

Write for this valuable information. Mailed FREE on application. Kindly send address of neighboring farmer for circulars. Address: K. L. SIMPSON, 248 W. Lake St., Chicago, Ill.

W. L. DOUGLAS \$3 SHOE IS THE BEST. NO SQUEAKING.

\$5. CORDOVAN, FRENCH & ENAMELED CALF. \$4.50 FINE CALF & BARKHOL. \$3.50 POLICE, 3 SOLES. \$2.50-3.25 WORKINGMEN'S EXTRA FINE. \$2.00-2.75 BOYS SCHOOL SHOES. **LADIES** \$3.25-3.75 BEST GONGOLA. SEND FOR CATALOGUE. **W. L. DOUGLAS, BROCKTON, MASS.**

You can save money by wearing the W. L. Douglas \$3.00 Shoe.

Because we are the largest manufacturers of this grade of shoes in the world, and guarantee their value by stamping the name and price on the bottom, which protect you against high prices and the middleman's profits. Our shoes equal custom work in style, easy fitting and wearing qualities. We have them sold everywhere at lower prices for the value given than any other make. Take no substitute. If your dealer cannot supply you, we can.

McELREES' WINE OF CARDUI.

For Female Diseases.

W. N. U. D. M.—1162 No. 42

When answering advertisements kindly mention this paper.

LOCAL NEWS.

Head our Ads. every week for good Bargains by first-class houses.

Chas. Hughes is on the sick list. Mrs. Charles Stewart is on the sick list. Miss Fannie Adams is suffering from tonsillitis.

Mr. Edward, a former Des Moines gentleman, is in the city.

Wm. Mills left Thursday morning for Omaha, en route to Sioux City.

Miss Hattie Anthony, of Boone, made a flying visit to our city last Friday.

Attorney A. G. Clark, of Oskaloosa, was in the city a few days attending court.

Mrs. W. H. Scott has gone to her home in Fayette, Mo., to spend several weeks with friends and relatives.

The Ladies' Afternoon Social Club will meet next Wednesday, October 24th, with Mrs. H. D. Wood at Boggs town.

Mrs. Susie Hughes, of Newton, who has been visiting Mrs. Clemens and also friends in Indianola, left for Newton Monday evening.

Every reader of THE IOWA STATE BYSTANDER should keep careful watch of our advertising columns. These firms want your trade.

Mrs. McClinton, mother of Mrs. Frank Magbarr, after an extended visit in the city, returned to her former home in Ohio Tuesday evening.

Mrs. Wm. Coalsen left Saturday morning for Much kincoek, Iowa. Miss Alice Berry will preside at the organ at the A. M. E. church during her absence.

A goodly number of young people are to be entertained October 20 at the home of Cora Smith. Taffy pulling and eating are the principle features of the evening.

Mr. R. A. Lewis, who is favorably known in this city, is to be the leading baritone of the Goddard-Honley Concert company the coming season. He will travel in the east.

The Ladies' Afternoon Social Club met with Mrs. Shepherd, 1058 Fifth street, Wednesday afternoon, where a very enjoyable time was had and a bountiful repast served.

Miss Dyer, of Savannah, a niece of Jefferson Logan, has returned home, after several weeks' visit. She is well pleased with our city and enjoyed herself in a delightful manner.

Fred Carter, after being an inmate of the soldiers' home for four years, has returned and will make his future home at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Johnson Robinson, 761 Tenth street.

A committee is out arranging for a musical and literary entertainment to be given by North Star Lodge No. 2, A. F. A. M., Thanksgiving evening, November 29th, 1904. Look out for invitations.

The concert and social given by the East Side Baptist church choir Monday evening was well attended. The program was well rendered and the evening's entertainment was a musical treat to all present.

The Oskaloosa Solicitor is publishing some very interesting observations under the caption "My Kentucky Trip." A careful reading of the article will convince one that Iowa is a very good state in which to reside.

Attorney Fred L. Smith, formerly of Terre Haute, Ind., was in the city several days this week. He and A. G. Clark have entered the partnership of law and will locate at Oskaloosa. Success gentlemen. Mr. Smith is a former school mate of J. F. Magbarr.

Elsewhere in this paper will be found the advertisement of the "Utica Clothing Company." It is one of the oldest houses in Des Moines. Soules & Fleming are the proprietors. They carry an immense stock and have a splendid reputation for selling only goods that they can recommend.

The entertainment given by Mt. Olive and Naomi courts at Hansen's hall Thursday evening was fairly well attended. The courts are a very valuable annex to the Masonic order and are doing much for the alleviation of humanity. The repast prepared was fit for a king.

NOTICE. The Young Men's Colored Republican Club have a grand rally Friday evening, October 26, at Grant Club rooms. Everybody invited. Good speakers will be present.

The Lend-a-Hand society was entertained Thursday evening at the home of Miss Fannie Adams, 761 Tenth street. The home was made cheerful by many smiling faces and merry voices. The refreshments were dainty and served in an artistic manner. The club is newly organized and promises to be a valuable helpmeet to the A. M. E. Church.

The literary held at St. Paul's A. M. E. church Tuesday evening was very interesting and quite largely attended. Several very interesting papers were read and the society had the pleasure of listening to short talks made by Messrs. Wright and Thompson. The society merits the praise it is receiving and hopes to be a drawing card during the ensuing year. Following are the officers: President, Charles S. Ruff; vice-president, Wm. Frazier; secretary, Miss Bertie Hicklin; assistant secretary, Mrs. Riley Bell; treasurer, James M. Ruff; executive committee, Wm. Frazier, G. I. Holt, Ed. Moseley, Miss

Irene Bass, Miss Julia Magbarr, Miss Victoria Goodlow; journalist, Miss Zella Davis; assistant journalist, D. F. Lewel; chaplain, John Allen; critic, Edward McAfee, sergeant-at-arms, Wm. Franklin; ushers, Miss Etta Jones and Miss Richardson.

One of our young and recently married tonsorial artists took an afternoon this week for recreation. He procured a fishing pole about forty feet long and sought the classic bank of the raging Raccoon and fished patiently and diligently during the afternoon. He returned home late in the evening very tired. He was met at the door with a pleasant smile and a hearty welcome by his wife. He presented to her the result of his afternoon fishing—two beautiful autumn leaves. We will not publish his name for fear his St. Louis friends might question his ability to tell a good fish story.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITY. A good barber, desiring to go into a partnership by buying a one-half interest in a good paying shop in one of the best cities in Iowa, (population 5,000.) Must have at least \$175 cash. Address, THE IOWA STATE BYSTANDER.

H. B. S. R. C.

The H. B. S. Reading Circle held an interesting meeting with Mrs. R. A. Wilburn, Mrs. Denny presided. The history classes were conducted by Mesdames Berry and Coalsen. The discussion "Whether Ida B. Wells' trip to England to organize Anti-Lynching societies would ever benefit the Negroes," was opened by Mrs. Palmer and followed by Mesdames Berry, Hamilton, Birney, Banks and Denny. The members are becoming very enthusiastic in their work and the meetings are very profitable and pleasant. Mrs. Denny is becoming quite a speaker and is one of the hard workers in the up-building of the club. At the next meeting, which will be held at Mrs. I. E. Williamson's, the president, Mrs. R. A. Wilburn, will deliver her annual address, which all the members must hear, and the committee has arranged the following program: The study of the sixteenth century will be conducted by Mrs. Denny and that of the civil war by Mrs. Hamilton; solo, Mrs. A. O. Smith; biographical sketch, Mrs. Warricks; question box, Mesdames Birney, Brown and Coalsen; the Oracle. All members are requested to be present at 2 o'clock.

Messrs. Wright, of Marshalltown, Mills, of Sioux City, and Thompson, of Decatur, Iowa, are in the city attending to the damage suit brought against one Hookersmith under the civil rights bill passed by the previous legislature.

The Coal Palace, 317 Sixth avenue, handles the very best grades of fuel, and with prompt service and courteous treatment gives the best satisfaction in filling orders. Give them a call. Their terms are cash. [15-sw]

THE DONKEYS.

Li Pa's donkeys held high carnival Wednesday night. After a drive through the city they were corralled at Li Ha's barn. Mrs. Lu De was the honored guest, and each donkey vied with the other in showing off their braying qualities. Little Da Le delivered an eloquent oration on "How to Act a Donkey," which was received and applauded with great enthusiasm. "Maw" pawed the piano and entertained the herd with an instrumental solo. "The Donkey's Ride." E. Mo pricked Lis mouth and whistled "The Donkey Without a Mustache." Ba Be read a selection on "How to Ride a Donkey," which made each donkey throw back their ears. Mrs. Lu De told in a pleasing way what she thought of donkeys in general. "Ella" was led out of her stall and each donkey proceeded to sniff the appendage. Little Da Le being exceedingly sagacious made himself the "Head donkey." Li Ha next; Ma Be will do the scratching and Ba Be will continue to purchase the feed. Li Hi assisted by the little Hi's opened the door to the feed stall and there was a mad rush headed by Jo Be from Barney. A bountiful supply of "hay-rack sandwiches," corn shuck cake, potato peeling salad and onion pudding were served to all; then Li Ha turned the herd out and they were driven to their respective barns. "Mid load braying from Jo Be, "Maw," little Da Le, Ma Be, E. Mo, Ba Be, Li Wi, An Ha, Al Be, Wa Le, Li Pa and Mrs. Lu De.

DES MOINES PASSENGER TRAINS.

Table with columns for ARRIVE, DEPART, and various train routes like CHICAGO & NORTHWESTERN, CHICAGO GREAT WESTERN, etc.

PORTABLE ZERO WEATHER.

The Monopoly of the Ice Man Threatened by a Yankee Inventor.

The monopoly of the ice men is threatened, and that, too, by the device of a Boston inventor, says the Advertiser of that city. Armed with a modest tin box properly charged, W. C. Trussell, the patentee, carries with him cold water in quantity and intensity to which Mr. Trussell exhibited his invention to a party of gentlemen, and each marveled at the simplicity and effectiveness of the device.

The patent covers the construction of the box and the chemical process employed. The box is made of tin, and is one foot long, eight inches deep and four inches wide. In it are placed the proper chemicals, and it is then placed in the refrigerator. In the room, in a closet or wherever it is desired to produce a low degree of temperature. Its primary use is to supplement the use of ice in refrigerators, and refrigerator tests were those made by the party referred to.

The refrigerator was an Eddy, No. 3. The box was placed in it December 13, by J. L. S. Roberts, of this city, and has not been since disturbed. When the door was opened and the Fahrenheit thermometer removed, it was found to register 14 degrees. The mercury soon ran up to 40 degrees, and it was again placed in the refrigerator, when it quickly dropped to 22 degrees.

In the compartment in which the mysterious box was placed the temperature registered 10 degrees lower. The box was charged two years ago, and is to-day as effective as when first charged. It is thought that it will continue good for a year longer, at least. One feature of the refrigerator to be noted was the absence of any trace of moisture. The slate and zinc lining was perfectly dry, and common lucifer matches were easily lighted upon them, a conclusive test, it would seem.

A similar box to that which produced such noticeable results in the refrigerator was placed in a zinc-lined box upon the window sill. Glasses of water which were placed in this box at eleven o'clock in the morning were found to be frozen solid at 2:30 o'clock, and the temperature indicated was 16 degrees. A wine-glass filled with water was placed in the box by F. A. Smith, of Portland, one of the spectators, and in twenty-five minutes was removed. It was covered with a film of ice.

It is claimed that the temperature in a refrigerator can be regulated at will so that water can be frozen in one compartment; while in the next the temperature may be considerably above the freezing point. A few weeks ago O. Douglass placed a piece of ice in the refrigerator. Then they remained five weeks and a day, and when the refrigerator was opened the meat was found in excellent condition; it had not been frozen neither had the ice melted. The mysterious box used in the refrigerator was for upwards of six weeks locked in Mr. Douglass' safe, and the same steady low temperature was maintained. A company has been formed under the Maine law, and the manufacture of these boxes will be begun at once in this city.

"People Are What They Must Be."

These words dropped recently from the lips of an illustrious thinker, writer and orator. How true the text is, and what a sermon could be written upon it! Communities yield to the pressure of their environments. They mould themselves in obedience to the dictates of overmastering conditions. They do as they must.

Our ancestors in the sacred names of religion and liberty, displaced the American aborigines and on the site of their boundless hunting grounds builded a great nation. The life of the Indian was valued like that of the prowling wolf. The wail of his child like the whimper of the panther's suckling. Was it right? The forefathers did as they must.

The people of the north who possessed no slaves said to the slaveholders of the south: that thing was morally wrong. Each side thought it must. The northern minister of the Gospel opened his Bible and said, I see here that God condemns slavery. The southern minister of the Gospel looked into the same inspired book and found that God approved slavery. The divine in each case proclaimed as he must.

The sections went to war. There was a minority democratic party at the north, and a majority democratic party at the south. Each thoroughly committed to the doctrine of state sovereignty. The southern democrats put it to the test by seceding from the Union; the northern democrats crushed it by joining the republicans and whipping their old associates back. Each succumbed to the irresistible logic of Must—F. in Texas Sittings.

A Signal Victory.

Bessie—Ma and pa have been quarreling, haven't they? Willie—Yep. Bessie—Which one got the worst of it—do you know? Willie—Not yet. I'm waiting to see which one of them slams the door going out.

The Farmer, the Tramp, and the Dog.

Tramp (to farmer, digging in the garden)—"If you're can't you give me a little something to eat?" Farmer—"Now, I ain't got nuthin' for ye; there ain't a thing in the house for ye."

Tramp—All right, so let 'be. That's a fine dog you got there."

The farmer dropped his shovel and coming over by the fence, said: "Friend, are ye a fedge o' fine dogs?" Tramp—"What I don't know about dogs, wouldn't make a bark. That dog; sir, never cost less than a hundred."

Farmer (shouting to wife)—"Jane, get up suttin' nice to cut an' bring it out here!"—Philip H. Welch in The Epoch.

Extra copies of THE IOWA STATE BYSTANDER can be obtained from our agents at 5 cents per copy.

All persons not receiving this paper regularly will please report to this office at once, so we can trace the error to where it belongs. Papers are carefully prepared for the mail at this office.

UTICA.

WE DON'T WORRY

About things you don't want, and that is the reason we haven't said much about free-wool prices for winter overcoats. The weather has been so warm that we could not have interested you if we had tried and so we have confined our talk almost entirely during the past two weeks to the subject of free wool prices for winter suits. But now the weather is likely to make you think about overcoats, so we leave the \$8, \$10, and \$12 cassimere and cheviot suits sale, which is crowding our immense store with customers from all parts of Iowa. For \$8 you can buy an overcoat that was made to sell for \$10, \$10 and \$12 will buy one that was made to sell for \$12, \$13.50 and \$15.

Our pant sale is the heaviest we have ever had. Cassimere pants from \$1.50 to \$5.00.

SOULES & FLEMING,

502 and 505 Walnut Street.

SHOULD YOU NEED

FLOWERS

At any time of the year, for any occasion where flowers are used, you can get them, home grown and fresh cut every day, from

BLAIR THE FLORIST

306 Sixth Ave., Des Moines.

P. O. Address, Box 288, Telephone 469. Funeral, Party and Wedding Decorations gotten up in latest styles, and at moderate prices. Boxes of fine flowers for presentation and personal wear.

GO TO

MAC VICAR,

510 and 512 Locust St., when in want of

Wall Paper, Paint, Glass or Signs.

HE SELLS AT LOWEST PRICES.

Brackett & Maulsby,

RETAIL STAPLE AND

FANCY GROCERIES.

N. E. Corner Tenth and Center Street.

SHANK BROS.,

FUNERAL DIRECTORS.

291 SIXTH and 519 MULBERRY STS., Des Moines, Iowa.

AMERICAN SAVINGS BANK,

DES MOINES, IOWA.

Cor. East Fifth and Locust Sts. CAPITAL \$75,000

E. S. Hartner, President.

F. E. Elliott, Assistant Cashier.

N. W. Smith, Vice-Presidents.

Wm. L. Shepard, Cashier.

A. B. Elliott, Assistant Cashier.

DIRECTORS:

J. N. Hoberger, H. H. Swope,

J. W. Randolph, G. D. Elyson,

Wm. L. Shepard, E. S. Hartner,

N. W. Smith, F. E. Elliott.

Bankers' National Bank of Chicago.

Ninth National Bank, New York.

I. X. L. LAUNDRY,

515 EAST SIXTH ST.,

Telephone 424. DES MOINES.

For fine work and facilities, not excelled. Agencies desired.

D. L. HALCOMB,

W. F. HAYWOOD.

HEREFORD BULLS!

Will exchange for Corn or Good Notes.

GEO. S. REDHEAD,

319 Fourth St., Des Moines, Ia.

Ramsay Barber Supply Co.,

General Barbers' Supplies.

Grinding and Concocting Under Our Own Supervision. Satisfaction assured. 215 Fifth St., Des Moines, Ia.

"NEAR STREET CAR WAITING ROOM."

GUNTHER'S CANDIES

AT WALTER SCOTT'S

DRUG STORE.

208 SIXTH AVE. DES MOINES.

J. O. FREBERG,

TAILOR

Rooms 1, 2 and 3, Over 609 Walnut St.,

DES MOINES, IOWA.

ICE CREAM.

HARDING SUPPLY CO.,

A. W. HARDING, Manager.

Sweet Cream, Sweet Milk, Buttercream, Staple Groceries, Fruit. Ice cream orders for parties and families a specialty. Telephone 647. 703 W. 9th St., Des Moines, Ia.

T. F. C. MORCAN,

MERCHANT :: TAILOR.

LATEST STYLES OF SAMPLES ON HAND. Cleaning and Repairing Neatly Done. 229 W. Third Street, Des Moines, Iowa.

EDWARD F. JOHNSON, PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON. Des Moines, Iowa. Hours: 9 to 11 a. m.; 1:30 to 3:30 p. m.; 7:30 to 8:30 p. m.; Sundays, 10 to 11 a. m. Office, Corner Sixth and Locust Sts. Residence, 722 Ninth St. Phone 450.

HARRIS-EMERY Co.

Retailers of Dry Goods, Millinery, Boots and Shoes, Men's and Boys' Clothing, Jewelry, Carpets, Wall Paper, Crockery, Kitchen Utensils Etc.

Saturday

And

After Supper.

2,000 Yards

Outing Flannels, dark effects, well worth 10 cents.

6 1-4 Cents.

25 Cases Cotton

Bats, a good, clean bat. If we were to charge you 8 cents you would not complain.

5 Cents Saturday All Day.

One bale of 1,200 yards standard yard-wide Muslin,

4 1-4 Cents,

All day Saturday and after supper.

6 3-4 cents buys 10-cent Cotton Flannel, all day Saturday and after supper.

12,000

Men and Women

Cloak Makers are out on a strike in New York City. What the result on prices will be no one can tell; one thing is certain, prices will be no lower.

Mr. Emery writes us that cloak buyers offered this week 20 per cent advance, but there was no cloaks.

Last Week

Mr. Emery bought 200 Sample Cloaks off the racks—all that he could find—at a discount, and these we shipped (with about 150 more of our regular goods) before the strike fully materialized. We will make no advance on present stock. We will offer Saturday and after supper the balance of

200 SAMPLE GARMENTS, \$8.95.

(Worth up to \$15.)

100 full 40-inch Beaver Jackets in blacks, navy and brown, handsomely edged with velvet.

Fine Chinchilla Jackets.

These are the scarcest goods in the market, but orders placed three or four weeks ago were in the invoices that came to-day.

Also a line of Chinchillas at \$8.95--Goods well worth \$10.

Half wool Dress Goods,

36-inch for 19 Cents.

Sold heretofore at 25c to 35c.

ALL WOOL DRESS GOODS

In plain and fancy stuffs, 36 and 38-inch,

At 25 Cents.

Stylish Dress Stuffs in all wool Cheviots and mixtures,

33, 39 and 45 Cents.

All day Saturday and after supper.

MILLINERY

For Saturday.

\$2 Imported Silk Plush, the Knox Sailors, on sale Saturday,

98c.

Read that over twice, then act. You will find them all round town next week at \$2.00, the regular price.

PLUMS TO PICK SATURDAY.

50 trimmed Hats, \$3.50; Saturday price, \$2.00.

100 trimmed Hats, \$6.00; Saturday price, \$4.50.

150 trimmed Hats, \$9.00; Saturday price, \$6.00.

We don't quote these prices for the amusement of the printers, but if you will come and see what they are, you will be the richer, if we are not.

Our fine, imported Hats will suffer like reductions. We are adding new styles daily, the creations of our own work room.

125 Untrimmed Hats at 79c.

200 Untrimmed Hats at \$1.50.

These are trade drawers---These bargains (now while trade is good) are to increase the crowd and make our customers smile---Good Humor is the best salesman we have.

HARRIS-EMERY Co.

The Golden Rule Clothing House.

OUR BUYER

Has just returned from the eastern markets, where he has closed out thousands of dollars' worth of new desirable winter suits and overcoats for spot cash at prices which enable us to offer these goods far below anything ever heard of in the history of the clothing trade in Des Moines.

FOR INSTANCE:

Lot 2762 is a Heavy Black Freize Double-Breasted Ulster, with a small check lining. Every one who has seen this line so far tells us it is equal to any \$15.00 ulster they have ever seen before. Our price on this choice coat will be

\$10.00.

Lot 2776 is a Heavy Plaid Double Breasted Ulster—a good wearer and very well made—which we offer at

\$6.00.

Lot 2782 is a Heavy Single Breasted Ulster—The usual \$5.00 or \$6.00 kind. Our price this season is

\$3.50.

MEN'S SUITS,

BOYS' SUITS,

All at the same extreme low prices the "Golden Rule" is quoting on everything this season.

OUR \$10.00 SUITS

for men include sacks and cutaway frocks in all the latest fabrics, including chevots, cassimere, clay worsteds and fancy worsteds.

BOYS' LONG PANTS SUITS--

We have just selected about 150 boys' long pants suits, sizes 13 to 18 years, from our \$7.50, \$9.00, \$10.00 and a few \$12.00 ones. These are lots where we have only from one to four suits of a kind left and we offer them to close at only

\$5.00 PER SUIT.

The "Golden Rule" is the place for Underwear, Winter Caps, Gloves, Mittens

D. M. JOHNSON & SON, 617 WALNUT STREET.

CONTINENTAL

CLOTHING HOUSE.

Corner Sixth and Walnut.

LARGEST CLOTHING HOUSE IN IOWA.

UNDERWEAR!