

Iowa State Bystander.

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CHARLES S. RUFF, Editor. THADDEUS S. RUFF, Associate Editor. JOHN D. REELER, Manager.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE AFRICAN-AMERICAN PROTECTIVE ASSOCIATION OF IOWA.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE MOST WORSHIPFUL UNITED GRAND LODGE OF IOWA, A. F. & A. M.

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Communications must be written on one side of the paper only and be of interest to the public. "Brevity is the soul of wit," remember.

We will not return rejected manuscript unless accompanied by postage stamps.

Judge Tourgeon: "If I was a colored man in the North I would go to a fashionable white Christian church at least once a month, and to every other place where a good citizen should go, and put myself in evidence as a good citizen. I must criticize my Negro friends for submitting too much. No race ever received its rights unless it stood up for them and made it a part of its religion to do so."

REPUBLICAN STATE TICKET.

- For Secretary of State, W. M. McFALLAND. For Auditor of State, S. G. MCCARTHY. For Treasurer of State, JOHN HERRIOTT. For Judges of Supreme Court, C. T. GRANGER, H. E. DEEMER. For Attorney General, MILTON REMLEY. For Railroad Commissioner, C. L. DAVIDSON. For Clerk of Supreme Court, C. T. JONES. For Reporter Supreme Court, B. I. SALLINGER.

CONGRESSIONAL TICKET.

J. A. T. HULL, of Polk.

COUNTY TICKET.

- For Judges, W. F. CONRAD, W. A. SPURRIER, C. P. HOLMES, T. F. STEVENSON. County Attorney, JAMES A. HOWE. County Auditor, JOHN S. MCCRESTON. Clerk of the District Court, J. G. JORDAN. County Recorder, ANNA E. HEPBURN. County Surveyor, GEORGE F. LAMBERT.

TOWNSHIP TICKET.

- Des Moines. Justices of the Peace, J. MOORE, J. H. MALEY. Constables, CHARLES S. STEWART, FRANK T. MORRIS. Township Clerk, A. L. BELL. Township Trustee, E. J. COOPER.

IOWA CONGRESSIONAL TICKET.

- First District—S. M. Clark, Keokuk. Second District—G. M. Curtis, Clinton. Third—David B. Henderson, Dubuque. Fourth District—Thomas Updegraff, McGregor. Fifth District—Robert G. Cousins, Tipton. Sixth District—John F. Lacey, Oska-loosa. Seventh District—J. A. T. Hull, Des Moines. Eighth District—W. P. Hepburn, Clarinda. Ninth District—A. L. Hager, Greenfield. Tenth District—J. P. Dooliver, Fort Dodge. Eleventh District—Geo. D. Perkins, Sioux City.

Do not fail to register.

David-B. Hill doesn't drink, smoke or chew, and he doesn't get elected to office—not this year.

Mr. Breckinridge is supporting Owens in about the same manner he tried to reform Madeline Pollard and induce her to lead a better life.

For years the colored people of the country have served as the anvils. The day is dawning very fast when they will become the hammer.

James A. Howe is doing valiant service for the party and is proving a good campaign speaker. He will be the next county attorney for Polk. He is a gentleman and a good reliable every day Republican.

The year 1895 gave birth to some remarkable men. Lincoln, Darwin, Tennyson, Gladstone and Dr. Holmes were all born in that year. The death of Holmes leaves Gladstone the only survivor of the list.

Mme Siasiretta Jones will go to Mexico and Europe with the Walter Damrosch Orchestra Company, having signed a contract for three years at a salary of \$35,000 per year. She is the leading soprano of the country, white or black.

One of the strongest cases of prejudice on record is found in the case where three men who were chamber-maids in a livery stable struck because a colored man was given a shovel and told to go and do like his white fellow citizens.

After a dispute lasting over twenty-six years, the will of Thaddeus Stevens has been sustained by the supreme court. The residue of \$30,000 will be applied to the erection of an industrial school for boys, without distinction and without prejudice.

A Populist candidate for justice of the peace has "condescended" to work among colored coal miners at last. A strong desire to be justice of the peace and the approach of a hard, cold winter seem to be the motives which prompted him to "condescend." He will be found digging coal after election and be glad of the opportunity.

F. L. Barnett, late candidate for a nomination in Nebraska on the Republican ticket at Omaha, threatens to bolt all but the state ticket if certain grievances he has are not removed. Mr. Barnett should remember that Dr. Ricketts, Barnett's successful competitor, is a colored man and a candidate for the legislature. State or county committees should not be able to make him leave a good principle and a good cause.

The vacancy in the office of state oil inspector has caused several papers to press the name of a German citizen for the place because the German vote has returned to the Republican party. The question naturally arises, what is the Republican party going to do with a class of voters who have stood firm through all the party's trials and defeats? Are they to be rewarded? The Negro vote is necessary to success in the First and Second districts. What are they to be rewarded with—an office with a mop and broom attachment?

The campaign in Iowa is founded upon national issues because eleven Republican congressmen are to be elected. While this is true and the THE IOWA STATE BYSTANDER wants every one of its readers to do use all legitimate means to elect the entire delegation, yet it does not want them to forget the township and county tickets. Let it be a clean sweep. We present the state and county tickets at the head of our column and can assure every voter that they are worthy persons and are entitled to the vote of all good citizens.

Young colored men who have graduated from the good schools of Iowa are to-day addressing audiences in neighboring states on the political issues. In Iowa the men at the helm have not seen fit, in their wisdom, to send out a colored man to expound Republican doctrines. We are proud to say that the schools of Iowa have fitted many of them with the capability. These needless discriminations are noted by every man, woman and child in the state. We speak of these things not because we love Republicans less, but because we love Republican principles more.

The attempt to lynch a Negro in Ohio last week presents a striking contrast. Mob violence occasionally occurs in the North, but it is met with resistance and often fails in its effort. In the North there is an attempt to maintain the majesty of the law, no matter what the crime may be or who the criminal is, whether white or black. In the South there is no attempt made to sustain the law or to resist the action of the mob. The Negro in Ohio was adjudged guilty by a jury of his peers and sentenced by the judge, and the men who were unfortunately killed were attempting to usurp the authority of the courts and override the constitution and bulwarks of social order and civil justice.

Abraham Lincoln: "I am not a Know-nothing; that is certain. How could I be? How can anyone who abhors the oppression of Negroes be in favor of degrading any classes of white people? Our progress in degeneracy appears to me to be pretty rapid. As a nation we began by declaring that 'all men are created equal.' We now practically read it, 'all men are created equal, except Negroes.' When the Know-nothings get control, it will read, 'all men are created equal, except Negroes and foreigners and Catholics.' When it comes to this, I shall prefer emigrating to some country where they make no pretense of loving liberty—to Russia, for instance, where despotism can be taken pure, and without the base alloy of hypocrisy."

B. B. Johnson who has written such interesting correspondence to this paper has severed his connection, for the reason that he has been employed to represent the Burlington Post on the road. He is a young man, well trained in the newspaper business, having arose from the position of "devil" in the printing office. He is energetic and ambitious and thoroughly honest in his dealings and filled with a laudable ambition. We appreciated his valuable service for this paper, but are glad that he has been called up higher and wish him success. Mr. Wm. Shackelford will act in the same

capacity for THE IOWA STATE BYSTANDER. He came to us with the highest possible recommendation and all favors shown him by the citizens of Burlington will be appreciated by us.

We have been asked if a colored man wrote the article published several weeks ago under the title "Brief Educational History." He certainly did. L. A. Wiles is the author. He is a coal miner and works at his trade in Muchakineok, Mahaska county. He is one of the best scholars in the state—well informed in both ancient and modern history. He is also an ex-pedagogue. The article has been read with interest by all classes and extra copies of the paper sold on account of it. It illustrates the fact that a colored man with an excellent education is compelled to dig coal for a livelihood, while a white man with a great deal less ability is hired to address audiences on the political issues of the day. There are many colored men and women all over Iowa who are compelled to accept menial positions who have the best education that Iowa schools afford. We need a broader political view and a broader Christian and a broader standard by which to measure men and women. If a thing becomes a political fact those who profess religion will soon embrace or imitate it. How many white boys and girls would spend years in school to become menials in our common wealth?

It is a matter of regret to see any paper meet an untimely death, where it has added to the enlightenment and harmony of any community or state, for colored journalism is yet in its infancy. But where the editor of any paper bears an unsavory reputation and attempts to prostitute the sentiment and support of patrons to his own selfish ends and has no respect for the women in the community in which he lives it is better to have no editor or paper. A. S. Barnett met with every encouragement when he came into this city an entire stranger, but by delving into family matters and carrying himself in a manner unbecoming a "respectable" scoundrel. He made enemies of those who showed every desire to be his friend. He is now indulging in the pastime of parading the falsehood that the people of this city would not pay him. We desire to assure our exchanges that we have as good a class of people in this community as are to be found anywhere in the country and they have the ability and will pay every dollar which they agree to pay. If A. S. Barnett would pay his own debts and support those whom the law says he should support he would raise himself in the estimation of the people of the state 100 per cent.

ST. PETER CLAVER UNION. The above is the title of a national organization of colored Catholics. They met in the city of Baltimore Tuesday of last week and were addressed by Cardinal Gibbons and Very Rev. J. R. Slattery, President of St. Joseph's seminary. Mass was celebrated by Rev. Charles R. Uncles, the first colored Catholic priest ordained in the state of Maryland. The union is composed of colored Catholics from all parts of the United States. Baltimore has three colored Catholic churches with large and growing memberships. The colleges, seminaries, homes for children and the sisters form a very important adjunct to the work of this organization. The first congress of colored Catholics was held in the city of Washington in 1889, and this union is the outcome of work and plans formulated at the world's fair in 1893. The presidents, as a rule, said that colored Catholics were not discriminated against by any law of the diocese, although they said there was slight discrimination by some individual churches which was deprecated. Education of colored people was discussed at length and plans set on foot for the founding of a university. Father Stephan has 250 acres of land near Washington, D. C. at his disposal, which may be used for school purposes. For years the Catholic churches all over the country have a day set apart for the purpose of collecting money for the building of school houses and educating the colored people of the United States.

Miss Ida B. Wells' crusade against Lynch law and discrimination against Negroes was endorsed, and a committee appointed to wait upon President Cleveland and lay before him certain matters relating to the lynching of Negroes, with the accompanying resolutions of the union for the next two years were elected as follows: W. S. Lofton, of Washington, president; G. R. Wade, of Baltimore, vice president; Frederick L. McGhee, of St. Paul, Minn., secretary; S. A. Spencer, of South Carolina; Rev. Jos. A. M. Shorter of Leavenworth, spiritual director, and Charles H. Butler of Washington, John T. Carter, of Baltimore, R. N. Wood, of New York and A. J. Bell, of Kentucky, board of directors.

A SOUTHERN MISTAKE.

From the Springfield, (Mass.) Republican. Southerners are laying too much stress on that silly exhibition of race prejudice which some Brooklyn, N. Y., people are making. These Brooklyners have gone into hysterics because a Negro who is eminently respectable, educated and wealthy has bought a house in a semi-fashionable neighborhood, in which he and his family intend to live. Race prejudice and nothing else is at the bottom of these hysterics; and so far as this is true these negrophobists in Brooklyn deserve all the jeers and mock sympathy which the negro-probists of the south choose to bestow upon them. Negro-phobia and race prejudice is a proper subject for jeers and scoffing, always and everywhere, and so is the hypocrisy which condemns the exhibitions of this prejudice in one section of the country

IS YOUR NAME THERE?

It is the duty of all good Republicans to be properly registered this fall before election. The last General Assembly made some changes in the law and the only way to do now is to see that "your name is written there." If you have changed your ward or precinct it will be necessary to register again or procure a certificate of dismissal from your former ward or precinct, and upon presentation to the board in your new ward or precinct your name will be enrolled there. The best way to avoid all disputes and trouble will be to register. The registration boards began their work on Thursday.

There is a hard fight in the First and Second districts and the Afro-American vote is absolutely necessary to the success of the Republican cause. This vote is needed as badly as the German vote in the Second, which the Republican managers have made such strenuous efforts to regain, to the neglect, in many instances, of the Afro-American vote. The Afro-Americans of Iowa are battling for the rebuilding of Republican principles. The men on the ticket are merely the exponents and after the election their careers will be watched closely. We hope the many readers of THE IOWA STATE BYSTANDER will register, work hard and earnestly for success and after election watch the

men and see if they adhere to the principles of the Republican party and their eloquent utterances on the stump.

BUSINESS IS BUSINESS.

THE IOWA STATE BYSTANDER entered the field several months ago for the purpose, as it then declared, of doing business according to approved and legitimate business methods. It has strictly adhered to that principle. There was not a colored Republican paper in the state of Iowa founded and operated on that basis. It does not expect any member of the party to bow down and pay homage to it, but it justly expects courteous treatment from members of the party. We do not want something for nothing. The editor has not even smoked a candidate's cigar and as long as we are in good health and sound mind, do not expect to. The paper reasonably expects respectable treatment and business that comes through regular and proper channels. It has been sent notices by public men for which there was no recompense. They were published. Now there is business of this kind for which there is recompense. It has not been received. At other times our solicitor has asked for advertising which has been directed to an erratic mugwump paper for several years. He was informed that it was a matter beyond the control of the men who gave them to the aforesaid mugwump paper. This is a good story to tell an Esquimaux, but it don't go in this neck of the woods. A good politician should also be a good logician. This state has 15,000 colored people and they are coming in daily as members of THE IOWA STATE BYSTANDER family. It occupies a field that no other paper in Iowa has or can occupy. It believes in Republican principles and while so believing it proposes to maintain its manhood to the last. It is not our business to go about asking candidates for 25 cents up to \$50. That is not our business on earth this time, at least. But what we do want is the same chance that other Republican papers have. No matter in what language they are published they are looked after by being given business of this kind.

The streets of Jerusalem were kept clean by every man sweeping before his own door. It would be better and more appropriate for the Republicans to say less about Democracy and sweep before their own door in this respect.

INDIAN TERRITORY.

"Five Nation" Made More Prosperous by the Addition of the Negroes. From the Chicago Tribune. The Creek Nation is an alert and active one, which is largely due to the Negro element which fairly controls it. In the Choctaw Nation it is death for an Indian to intermarry with a Negro. In any of the five tribes where the Negroes have a fair chance there is a perceptible progress due to them. The Negroes are among the earnest workers in the five tribes. The Creek Nation affords the best example of Negro progress. The principal chief, virtually a Negro, comes of a family in Creek annals. His name is Lequest Choctaw Perryman. He was born in the Creek Nation, Indian Territory, March 1, 1835; educated at Tallahassee Mission west of the same nation; enlisted in the Union army in Kansas November, 1863, and was mustered out as Sergeant-Major of the First Regiment Indian Home Guards, 1865. He served as District Judge of the Coweta District, Muskogee Nation, six years; was elected to the council and served thirteen years. He was elected principal chief and inaugurated Dec. 5, 1887, for the term of four years. The Negroes, once slaves of the five tribes, are of much interest in connection with the final settlement of the land question. The five tribes, except the Seminoles, all owned slaves prior to and during the war. These were freed by the proclamation of emancipation, and this was enforced and confirmed, after much protest, by the treaty of 1866. In 1860 the number of slaves held by the five tribes was 7,369. The Seminoles held no slaves in Indian Territory, but they intermarried with Negroes. Since the war there has been a very large increase in the Negro population of the five tribes by immigration from the old slave states adjacent. The Negro question in the Cherokee, Chickasaw, and Choctaw Nations, the equities and rights of these people in the lands of the five tribes, and as to citizenship, have yet to be properly settled.

SHOO PLY.

From a Mahaska County Negro Paper. What do you think? The "grate journal," Des Moines "Register Annex," published in Clarkson's garret, came out last week without a single line of calumny for the Negro selector. Strange, isn't it? They rest from their labors." As a result the boys got 4 columns of advertising matter in their paper. It will pay them better.

NEWTON NOTES.

Special Correspondence to Iowa State Bystander. Rev. M. I. Gordon is now comfortably domiciled in his new home. He spoke very flattering of the stewards who worked so faithfully. The ceiling of the paragon was beautifully frescoed. The reverend spoke encouragingly of the work before us. We feel much encouraged and look forward to a good report at the end of the year. A pound party was given Wednesday, the 27th for the reverend. A large number of useful articles were donated. Fines is completing the new addition to his residence. Jason Green after several days visit with his aged mother in Omaha returned home Friday night. George Carter is on the sick list. Mrs. Pillow had company from Des Moines.

INFORMATION WANTED.

DES MOINES, IOWA, Oct. 22, 1894.—EDITOR BYSTANDER: I want to enquire for my father, Allen Bradford. The last time I heard of him was in 1863. He was a barber on a boat running from Montgomery, Ala., to Mobile. He had four daughters who belonged to a family named Bibb. The names of his daughters were: Kate, McDora, Jessie and Orlean. Any information of his whereabouts will be thankfully received. The last time I heard from him he was in Bloomfield, Georgia. Direct any such information to Mrs. McDora DUNOUE, 812 W. Eleventh Street, Des Moines, Iowa.

REPUBLICAN TRUTHS.

HOT SHOTS FOR DEMOCRATS AND POPULISTS.

The Republican Party the Only Real Friend of the Working Man—Some Statistics Showing the Source of Former Prosperity.

How much wheat did we ship annually to Great Britain in 1870 and two years prior to that date; also, how much in 1889 and 1892? ASA BOYD, Englewood, Cook county, Ill.

Our exports of American wheat and flour to Great Britain during the years mentioned by your correspondent are given as follows: Wheat. Flour. Bushels. Barrels. 1868.....12,938,446 484,706 1869.....13,359,550 467,082 1870.....27,787,609 1,188,351 1889.....31,568,598 5,271,844 1892.....67,203,990 9,963,910 The phenomenal growth of this export trade is astounding. Within a quarter of a century, during the whole of which a protective tariff system was in force, our exports of wheat to Great Britain increased by 55,000,000 bushels, or 550 per cent, while our exports of flour, which we also give in order to make the exhibit complete, although not asked for by our correspondent, increased from 484,706 barrels in 1868 up to 9,603,910 barrels in 1892, an increase of nearly 9,200,000 barrels during the quarter of a century, or a gain of almost 2,000 per cent.

If we take 4 1/2 bushels of wheat as the equivalent of a barrel of flour, and apply this to our exports of flour in 1868 and again in 1892, we find that the total equivalent of our exports of wheat and flour in 1868 was 14,549,623 bushels of wheat, and that twenty-five years later it has reached 110,511,555 bushels of wheat, an increase during the quarter of a century of very nearly 100,000,000 bushels in our exports of wheat to Great Britain. The farmers of the United States have no reason for saying that foreign markets have been closed to them under the policy of protection. On the contrary, they have been increased to a marvelous extent.

FARMER'S LOT A HARD ONE.

Prices Have Fallen 50 Per Cent Since Grover's Crowd Ruled the Roost. The lot of the American farmer has not been entirely a happy one of late. Even in Maryland, so close to the seat of government and with the near by Washington market for farm products, the farmer has not been prosperous. A sturdy democrat writes that "the provinces of the demagogue free traders are not panning out worth a cent, but tribulation on every hand abounds and the farmer finds Jordan a hard road to travel."

This is from a good democrat, who likens the campaign promises of his party in 1892 to "pie crust made to be broken." He makes this bold assertion because he finds that "the farmer gets from 38 to 45 cents for his wheat and not that \$1.25 promised" when Cleveland was made "president." The President should look into this and remit the farmers the balance due them, unless he is able to give a satisfactory explanation why "the deadly blight of treason has blasted" the prices of farm products.

Our farmer friend in Maryland sees the following interesting comparisons: 1892. 1894. Eggs, per dozen.....15 @20 cents 8 1/2 cents. Butter, per pound, 25 @30 cents 13 cents. Fine horses, each.....150 \$80. Flax,.....\$10 @20 \$10 @25. That "Tariff Reform" has not enriched him is evident. Farmers elsewhere have had similar experiences. They begin to appreciate that, when men are working in the mines, factories, lumber yards or elsewhere, they have money to spend and there is a demand for farm products. The farmer keeps on producing all the time, but when mines, factories and lumber yards are closed, the people have no money to spend, and the demand falls off while the supply is the same. A glut of farm products depreciates their value. The farmer knows this now. He understands that protection means prosperity, and that prosperity is what the farmer is after.

PRICES ARE ALL ALIKE.

The Old Democratic Lie Rattles Around and Is Again Exposed. The old time campaign cry is being rooted up from the hotbeds of democratic falsehoods in the effort to show that manufacturers are charging lower prices for their goods shipped abroad than they sell the same articles for in this country. These old lies have been contradicted time and again. The falsifiers try to rig up an argument by comparing a retail price in this country with a wholesale export price for shipment abroad, or by comparing the values of articles of a similar character but of an entirely different quality. It is the same old lie dished up again to try and bolster up the desperate conditions of free traders. Here are two letters that speak for themselves: OFFICE OF DEERE & Co., MOLINE, ILL., July 15, 1894. The charge that American manufacturers sell for export better prices than they do at home, so far as we are concerned, is not true. Our prices to foreign buyers are home prices, and packing or packages extra. Goods that are sold abroad at less than home prices are goods that have gone out of date at home, or that can not be sold at home by manufacturers for the reason of their having put a later pattern or improved machine upon the market, which, for home market, makes the old style article unsalable. Overproduction by a manufacturer may be disposed of at lower than home prices where it competes with foreign goods and does not hurt home prices. The

STUDEBAKER BROS. MANUFACTURING COMPANY.

South Bend, Ind., July 13, 1894.

Perhaps some manufacturers sell goods for export at lower prices than they charge to the export trade; we know of none such. Our prices for goods that go abroad are essentially the same as those we charge for goods for our home trade, the same figures for like goods f. o. b. South Bend. I say they are essentially the same, the only difference being that our goods for foreign trade are priced a little stiffer than for domestic goods, for the reason that in sending goods so far from home we are obliged to take a little extra pains in their production. CLEM STUDEBAKER.

Keeps Up Our Credit.

Under the democratic free-trade period from 1850 to 1890 we imported of merchandise of every description to the extent of \$314,000,000 more than our entire exports amounted to. The revenues therefrom were less than the ordinary expenses of our government, while this heavy balance of trade against us so damaged the credit of the government that the United States could not borrow money for less than 12 per cent interest. From 1880 to 1890 under the republican policy of protection our exports exceeded our imports by \$677,000,000. This balance of trade in our favor enabled our government to borrow money as low as 3 per cent and the revenue was so ample that not only were all obligations met, but over \$750,000,000 was paid for pensions and over \$300,000,000 was paid on our war debt. Vote for protection and Uncle Sam's good credit.

Track Farmers and Free Trade.

The truck farmers own 75,896 horses and mules, besides implements worth \$8,971,207. The less the demand for truck the lower the value of the live stock and implements, because the farmers will have less use for them. The shipment of the truck to market is also quite a factor. There are farmers who haul their own stuff and sell it. There are more who ship by railroad or steamer. There are the men who handle it. There are the commission merchants who sell it, and their men who handle it again. These form quite an army in addition to the 240,893 men, women and children who find work on the farms. All would suffer from free trade, when people are idle and unable to buy vegetables.

The Way the Money Goes.

We had \$13.85 per capita in circulation in 1860, over half of which was state bank currency of uncertain value. The per capita circulation in 1893 was \$28.57, every dollar of which was worth 100 cents in every county in the United States. While our population was only double in 1890 what it was in 1860, the volume of currency was four times as great. A year later, in 1894, the circulation of money had decreased to 50 cents per capita, and this only the threat of free trade hanging over us. How little will our money circulation be should we ever reach unadulterated free trade as desired by democracy?

Promises But No Performances.

Farmers should remember that our exports of breadstuffs this year to Aug. 31 were worth \$44,000,000 less than during the corresponding eight months of 1893. In August alone there was a decrease of nearly \$10,000,000. How does that compare with the democratic promises of 1892?

Free Trade and Farms.

During eight years of free trade in England there was an increase of 5.7 per cent in population, yet there was a decrease of 42.8 per cent in the product of the English farms because free trade enabled the farmers of other countries to supply their markets.

Gone Back on Their Friends.

Intelligence from various foreign countries shows that they are well pleased with our new tariff. But somehow this doesn't seem to help the reelection hopes of democratic congressmen.—Kansas City Journal.

Kill It Sure.

The Gorman tariff bill has been announced by the free trade leaders but the first step toward free trade. It must also be the last step.

Stand By One Another.

If a farmer buys a foreign-made shirt he ought not to expect the man who makes American shirts to buy his eggs instead of Canadian eggs.

Story of Lady Dufferin.

Lady Dufferin was closely related to Sheridan L. Fann, of whom Lord Dufferin tells a little story. When a little boy, Sheridan L. Fann wrote an essay on the life of man, which ran as follows: "A man's life naturally divides itself into three parts—the first when he is planning and contriving all kinds of villainy and rascality; that is the period of youth and innocence. In the second, he is found putting in practice all the villainy and rascality he has contrived; that is the flower of manhood and prime of life. The third and last period is that when he is making his soul and preparing for another world; that is the period of dotage."

A fact noted by Sir Samuel Baker is that a negro has never been known to tame an elephant or any wild animal.

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Our farmer friend in Maryland sees the following interesting comparisons: 1892. 1894. Eggs, per dozen.....15 @20 cents 8 1/2 cents. Butter, per pound, 25 @30 cents 13 cents. Fine horses, each.....150 \$80. Flax,.....\$10 @20 \$10 @25. That "Tariff Reform" has not enriched him is evident. Farmers elsewhere have had similar experiences. They begin to appreciate that, when men are working in the mines, factories, lumber yards or elsewhere, they have money to spend and there is a demand for farm products. The farmer keeps on producing all the time, but when mines, factories and lumber yards are closed, the people have no money to spend, and the demand falls off while the supply is the same. A glut of farm products depreciates their value. The farmer knows this now. He understands that protection means prosperity, and that prosperity is what the farmer is after.

PRICES ARE ALL ALIKE.

The Old Democratic Lie Rattles Around and Is Again Exposed. The old time campaign cry is being rooted up from the hotbeds of democratic falsehoods in the effort to show that manufacturers are charging lower prices for their goods shipped abroad than they sell the same articles for in this country. These old lies have been contradicted time and again. The falsifiers try to rig up an argument by comparing a retail price in this country with a wholesale export price for shipment abroad, or by comparing the values of articles of a similar character but of an entirely different quality. It is the same old lie dished up again to try and bolster up the desperate conditions of free traders. Here are two letters that speak for themselves: OFFICE OF DEERE & Co., MOLINE, ILL., July 15, 1894. The charge that American manufacturers sell for export better prices than they do at home, so far as we are concerned, is not true. Our prices to foreign buyers are home prices, and packing or packages extra. Goods that are sold abroad at less than home prices are goods that have gone out of date at home, or that can not be sold at home by manufacturers for the reason of their having put a later pattern or improved machine upon the market, which, for home market, makes the old style article unsalable. Overproduction by a manufacturer may be disposed of at lower than home prices where it competes with foreign goods and does not hurt home prices. The

STUDEBAKER BROS. MANUFACTURING COMPANY

# Iowa State Bystander.

CHARLES S. RUFF, Editor.  
DES MOINES, IOWA.

It begins to look as if the emperor would have to strip Li Hung Chang down to trunks and tennis shoes.

Rice seems to be a very good diet to rice fighting warriors on, according to the latest advices from the Orient.

THE English language as it is printed is being enriched every day. To "unemployment" has succeeded "disemployment," and now comes "motoror" for "motorman."

DR. PARKHURST continues to harry the feelings of Superintendent Byrnes and calls for the selection of a thoroughly military man as the head of the New York police force.

THERE is a falling off in the number of students entering Princeton college this year, and it is attributed to the fame achieved by having in that institution last year. Not even football has been able to offset this bad omen.

EXPERIMENTS show that a grain of wheat reproduces forty-fold. Every pound should bring forty. It, therefore, follows that much of our seed wheat is wasted when we sow one and one-fourth bushels an acre, and get from ten to twenty.

A REPRESENTATIVE of the French government has started for Madagascar to have an understanding with the Hova government. The same ambassador had an understanding with the king of Siam, the result being that that country is now little better than a French dependency.

THE board of awards of the world's fair, or the "commissioners acting under it," examined over 300,000 exhibits and made 23,750 awards, from which only five appeals were made. That is certainly a creditable showing. There are ordinarily more appeals than that over the awards at a county show.

OUR country needs to study the system of forest guardianship practiced in Europe and Canada. The protection provided for in Germany, for instance, is almost perfect. The American pioneers have been a vandal people, cutting away forests without rhyme or reason, and paving the way for the very desolation from which their descendants are suffering.

PEREGRINE must be a girl's name in Pittsburg, for the Pittsburg Dispatch speaks of Peregrine White, the first white child born in New England at "she." Perhaps the oddest mishap that ever befell the name of Peregrine happened in a London newspaper account of the funeral of the duke of Wellington, wherein Sir Peregrine Maitland appeared among the mourners as Sir Peregrine Pickle.

THE arrest of Captain Henry Hovgate, formerly chief of the weather bureau at Washington, in New York, after a thirteen years' search, confirms the theory that the safest hiding place is in a metropolis. Hovgate, after embezzling \$360,000 of government funds, disappeared in 1879. The secret service agents of the government have been in search for him in every part of the inhabitable globe, but without success.

By mutual agreement this country and Great Britain undertook to protect the Behring sea seal fisheries from poachers and pirates of all nations whatsoever. The United States has maintained a fleet of nine vessels in the service at a cost of \$400,000, while Great Britain has kept but one vessel at a nominal cost. Owing to England's failure to do her part the patrol has been ineffective, nearly every poaching sealer getting away heavily laden with skins.

FRANCE has at least the virtue of perseverance in her colonizing efforts, and the army of 5,000 she is about to send to Madagascar to take possession of that island will be able to hold the capital beyond doubt. Four of the coast towns are now in French possession, and from these a successful advance can be made. But Madagascar in area is equal to four or five American states and is covered with dense forests. It will be a long time before France can open any large portion of its territory to settlers.

GOVERNOR O'BRIEN of Newfoundland is credited with being in favor of annexing to the United States rather than to Canada. Newfoundland is not, as many suppose, a province of Canada, like New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, Ontario, etc., but is separate and independent save in a certain ill-defined allegiance it owes to Great Britain. The shabby treatment received from the home government in the French shore matter has tended to alienate the Newfoundlanders so that it would scarcely require much more than a crook of Uncle Sam's finger to induce the cod-fishing country to become a part of us.

WITHOUT in the least derogating from the credit due to sanitarians for the great work they have in many ways accomplished for society, it is certainly not out of place to hint that it is just possible they have made some mistakes, and that their science is yet far from having spoken its last word.

WHEN a store is crowded with customers an impression is created that something is being sold there worth the buying. For this reason the crowd attracted to a store by advertising usually attracts another crowd.

It is now said that the composer of "Sweet Marie" wrote the song after having lost heavily at poker, and when a natural fit of sadness had fallen upon him. If poker is to be responsible for such attacks as this it will soon be given a death blow.

THE trip around the world costs little more in these days than people spend on a trip to Europe. And those who go around this year have the prospect of meeting with adventures in the war-like Orient beyond those to be hoped for in times of peace.

## SELECTED HAWKEYE MENTION

### ROBBERY AT UNION.

Thieves Plunder the Store of Cox & Skinner.  
UNION, Oct. 25.—The large general store of Cox & Skinner was broken into by burglars and between \$300 and \$500 worth of goods were taken, consisting of ready-made clothing, shoes, underwear, shirts, handkerchiefs, two boxes of neckties, gloves, hats, caps and various other articles. The thieves gained entrance by prying open the front door. The parties are believed to have had two one-horse rigs with which to carry off their booty. They emptied several two-bushel bags of fruit on the floor and it is supposed that they packed the plunder in these sacks for convenience in carrying. Officers at outside points have been notified of the theft, and parties are out looking for the miscreants. The sheriff of Grundy county telephoned that a stranger had arrived in Grundy Center carrying a sack of something on his back, and the officer was ordered to arrest the man and investigate. No other clue has as yet been discovered.

### BOODLERS REBUKED.

Cases Against John C. Kelly at Sioux City All Dismissed.  
SIoux CITY, Oct. 25.—The cases against John C. Kelly, editor of the Sioux City Tribune, and internal revenue collector for the Northern district of Iowa, came up in Justice Morris' court on a charge of obtaining money by false pretenses in over-charges for county printing. The attorney did not appear, but when the cases came on he came in and filed motions to dismiss all of them. The motions stated that they were instituted by a private party for private purposes and that no public good was to be accomplished by them. He also said that he would at once dismiss all the cases against Mr. Kelly in other courts and those against E. C. Peters, who swore to information on which members of the board of supervisors were arrested. The charge against Mr. Peters was perjury. This puts an end to the efforts to prosecute citizens for the course they have taken against boodling county officials.

### YOUNG FARMER MISSING.

Whereabouts of Weldon Hadley Unknown.  
CRESTON, Oct. 24.—Weldon Hadley, a prosperous young farmer residing one and one-half miles from Villisca, mysteriously disappeared from his home on the 19th, and although a diligent search has been in progress since his disappearance, no trace of him has been discovered. On the afternoon of the 19th he hitched a horse to a buggy to go to town. He changed his clothes and started out of the rear door of the house on foot. His wife supposed he had gone to see about the stock before leaving, but towards evening, when he did not return, some alarm was felt and a search instituted. His disappearance is a surprise, as he was in comfortable circumstances and his family relations were pleasant. No mental derangement is suspected.

### ATTEMPTED SUICIDE.

A German Stabs Himself With a Pocket Knife.  
EARLVILLE, Oct. 26.—A man named Hovhewer, residing in the eastern part of town, in a fit of temporary insanity, attempted suicide by plunging an ordinary pocket knife blade into his abdomen. He stabbed himself twice, but did not succeed in ending his life, although it is feared he will not survive. Hovhewer is about 60 years of age, and hard working and frugal in his habits. He had been subject to fits of insanity for some time.

### KILLED BY THE CARS.

An Eventful Case of Suicide Reported From Davenport.  
DAVENPORT, Oct. 26.—As a Rock Island train was entering Davenport, a man walking ahead of it crossed the track nervously several times, then when the engine was too near to stop, flung himself down on the roadbed, his head and one arm across the rail. He was instantly killed and so mangled that he could not be identified. He was apparently forty-five years old and a farm laborer.

### OIL INSPECTORSHIP.

DES MOINES, Oct. 26.—Gov. Jackson has appointed Luther A. Brewer, business manager of the Cedar Rapids Republican, to be state oil inspector to succeed the late L. S. Merchant. Mr. Brewer is somewhat familiar with the duties of the office and is now in charge. There will be no changes in the deputies.

### WILL BE EXHUMED.

KNOXVILLE, Oct. 24.—By request of friends and citizens, Judge Wilkinson has ordered the coroner to exhume the bodies of Silas Jones and wife, and hold a post mortem examination with Doctors Cornell and Finarty, to find out if possible the cause of death.  
REPORT OF RECEIVER.  
DRETTKE, Oct. 25.—The first report of Receiver Allen of the American Investment company of Emmetsburg, has been filed. The assets consist of equities in farm mortgages of uncertain value. The liabilities, alleged to be several millions, are not stated, except the preferred claims for protested drafts and loans not remitted to the trustee, which aggregate \$99,000. Over \$170,000 of the indebtedness has been paid since the receivers took charge June 7 last.

### TAKEN INTO CUSTODY.

DES MOINES, Oct. 25.—Postoffice Inspector Christian arrested Thomas G. Smith, clerk in the postoffice at Lake City, for stealing money amounting to over two hundred dollars belonging to the government. Smith was taken to Fort Dodge, and sent to jail in default of \$1,000 bail, fixed by United States Commissioner Johnson for his appearance at the next term of the United States court. Smith had been in the office only about four months.

## CONDENSED ITEMS.

The state oil inspectorship will remain at Cedar Rapids.  
The Improved Stock Breeders Association met at Ames to meet at Osage.

Peter Myhill, aged 23, was killed by lightning near Morse, Johnson county. While George Obrecht, a farmer, was cleaning out a well near Irwin he was overcome by damps and expired before he could be rescued. He was 34 and unmarried, and was highly esteemed.

At Shenandoah recently a carpenter by the name of Snead was killed while working on a new business block which is being built on Sheridan avenue. He was at work only a few feet high and fell only four feet, his back striking a joist. The deceased leaves a wife and several children.

Some weeks ago insurance companies represented at Keokuk threatened to make a one per cent advance in the rate on hazards where electric power from trolley wires is used, unless the system of wiring was changed by October 15, the date on which the Electric Power Company promised to have the changes made. The power company has failed to do so, and all agents gave notice the advance would go into effect November 1st.

The times will never be so "hard" but energetic young men and women will find time and means to educate themselves. It may be postponed for a time, but it should not be too long.

Some of our young friends will start to school in a short time. To those who wish to secure a good, practical business education, we recommend Duncan's Davenport Business College. It has the reputation of furnishing the best class of instruction for all kinds of commercial life. Its graduates rarely have difficulty in securing good positions. Its reputation is highest among those who know it best. We can cordially recommend it to our young friends. Write for catalogue and information to J. C. Duncan, Davenport, Iowa.

A dispatch says there have been some startling developments made by the United States officers who have been searching for Deputy Marshal Wray's assassins at Albia. They are certain that they have an explanation for the mysterious crimes committed in this vicinity for the past two years and have also corralled a gang of moonshiners and perhaps counterfeiters and that they make their rendezvous in the abandoned coal shafts in Wapello and Monroe counties in the land along the Des Moines river. Bill Cramer, a noted desperado, one of the leaders, who has escaped twice from custody, has been indicted by the Monroe county grand jury and the federal grand jury is investigating the cases of alleged moonshiners and attempted murderers, two of whom they have in custody at Council Bluffs. Revenue officers are going to organize a man hunt for the gang.

James O. Dooley, who murdered his aunt, Mrs. W. H. Coons, aged 102, near Prescott, was hanged at Fort Madison shortly after noon on the 19th. The drop fell at 12:15 and the body was cut down after hanging twenty minutes. Death was from strangulation. He died game, walked to the scaffold unassisted, and when placed in position made a speech without a tremor, in which he characterized the law as being defective and hoped that those present and the executioner would be forgiven by God as he had been. The execution took place in the corridor of the cell room. The scaffold is a fac simile of that of Prendergast and tested by the same mechanic, Charles Cordie, of Chicago. The execution was witnessed by forty people. Sheriff Eldridge of Adams county sprung the trap, which fell five feet.

Des Moines dispatch: The federal grand jury has found bills against three doctors, returning indictments in three counts. The doctors are A. L. Wright and S. C. Dunkle, of Carroll, and S. C. Dunkle, of Glidden. Conspiracy to defraud the government in that but one of them made examination of old soldiers who came before the board of pension examiners of which the accused are members, yet all three sent in their bills and vouchers to secure the money from the pension office, which vouchers the special pension examiner declares are illegal. A specific act is charged to have been committed on April 5, 1893, when the board sent in vouchers claiming they had examined a number of cases, when, according to the charges made by the pension examiner, only one or two members of the board were present. The men were arrested and brought here and arraigned before Judge Woolson and bound over for trial.

Do you wear shirts? Order of Tilden Des Moines. Perfect fit guaranteed.  
Hansen's Radical cough cure. Immediate relief and cures when others fail.  
For farm loans write to the Security Loan & Trust Co., Des Moines, Ia.

Thomas D. Burke of Marion, Ohio, arrested recently on the charge of kidnaping Ray Elliott, tried before Justice Richardson at Marengo and bound over to the grand jury of Iowa county, has been exonerated of the alleged crime by the grand jury.  
A few days ago the dead body of Louis H. Rehling, an ex-elderman of Davenport, was found hanging in his shop. He left a letter stating that fear of being bewitched by a neighbor woman drove him to the step. He is supposed to have been insane. He leaves a family.

As the facts regarding the fire which a few days ago destroyed the home of Silas Jones, 19 1/2 miles southwest of Knoxville, begin to be known, they appear to be as follows: The children were away from home, having been sent the day previous to their grandparents. The hired girl was at bath to spend the night, and Mr. and Mrs. Jones were alone. They were both burned to death. Regarding the cause nothing is known, but the coroner's jury returned a verdict that they came to their death by unknown means. It is generally believed there is something criminal about the affair.

## ITEMS OF GENERAL NEWS.

NO INTERFERENCE.  
Japan Will Tolerate No Meddling by Any Nation.

HIROSHIMA, Oct. 24.—The special session of the Japanese diet which was convoked here to consider war measures, has concluded its deliberations and closed. Every measure presented to the diet was unanimously passed. A memorial was also adopted urging the government to execute the desires of the mikado with a view to the restoration of peace in the east, the increase of the glory of the Japanese, the punishment of China and the prevention of future disturbances of eastern peace. The memorial concludes with the declaration that Japan will not tolerate interference by any nation to prevent her obtaining the ultimate objects of the war which she has been waging against China.

LONDON, Oct. 25.—A dispatch from Tien Tsin says the Chinese officials report that a battle occurred near Yi-Chow and the Japanese were repulsed southward, with a loss of 3,000 men on each side.  
YOKOHAMA, Oct. 25.—It is reported the second Japanese army has begun operations for the capture of Port Arthur.

SHANGHAI, Oct. 26.—The French minister has threatened the tsung-li-yamen, or foreign council, with serious consequences unless the long list of claims presented to them, including compensation for the death of Missionary Jousseau, are soon settled.

### A PERMANENT PEACE.

That is What the Japanese Are Seeking to Establish.  
VICTORIA, B. C., Oct. 27.—Additional oriental advices by telegram say that the leaders of Kashin-to, a powerful political party in Japan, have formulated the following resolution, which will be submitted at a convention to be held soon and which without doubt will be unanimously adopted:

1. Our party will vote for whatever appropriations of money may be necessary to carry the present war to a termination as shall serve to chastise China and to secure permanent peace for the Orient.

2. Since it would only invite future calamities to patch up a temporary peace, our party will resolutely resist the acceptance of any proposals for peace made before the vital objects of war have been attained.

3. Since it is of essential importance that the whole nation should be united in order to achieve the vital objects of our war party will for the moment desist from any criticisms of cabinet errors and will apply our whole strength in the field of foreign politics. In addition to the above, the meeting will be asked to pass an address of congratulation to the sovereign, and a vote of thanks to the army and navy for the victories hitherto achieved.

### TERRITORY OUTLAWS.

Affairs in a Desperate State Because of the Cook Gang.  
WASHINGTON, Oct. 26.—The Indian office has received a telegram from Agent Wilson at Muskogee, Indian Territory, saying the Cook gang of outlaws in force are camped eight miles away on the Missouri, Kansas & Texas railway, probably in contemplation of another hold up. He declares his police force is not equal to the emergency, that the Marshal Crump, at Ft. Smith, Ark., has not the money to keep a force of United States marshals in the field, that affairs are in a desperate state, and renews the recommendation that government troops be sent there. This was referred to Secretary Smith, who called the attention of the secretary of war to a previous request that troops be sent, and suggested the urgency of early action. Attorney General Olney sent telegrams to the United States attorney and marshal at Fort Smith to do everything in their power to prevent the interruption of interstate commerce and detention of the United States mails. If these efforts fail the military will be called into requisition.

### PRICE TOO LOW.

LINCOLN, Neb., Oct. 26.—A daring attempt at jury bribing has been brought to light in the district court. The case of Leavitt vs. Rawlins, a suit for damages, was called by Judge Hall, when Juror Roy Stewart arose and handed the court a letter which he had received. In effect it urged Stewart to hold out against a verdict for the plaintiff, and enclosed with the note were two five-dollar bills. Stewart declared that he had no idea from whom the note came. Judge Hall excluded the jurors and will make a rigid investigation. The exposure causes a sensation, inasmuch as it is not the first attempt within a year at jury fixing.

### DISASTER IN NEBRASKA.

A Number of Counties Devastated by Prairie Fires.  
OMAHA, Oct. 26.—Disastrous prairie fires have swept over Cherry, Sheridan, Thomas and Grant counties, destroying farm houses, barns, outbuildings, their contents and thousands of tons of hay and many head of cattle. Four fatalities are thus far reported. It is supposed the loss of life is not so great as the damage already done to the ranches, and the fire at last reports was still unquenched.

### SULTAN IN DANGER.

Armenians Were On Their Way to Assassinate Him.  
NEW YORK, Oct. 25.—The statement is published that a party of Armenians belonging to a society extending all over Europe, Asia and America, were captured at Beyruth while making their way into Turkey for the purpose of assassinating the sultan. They were taken to Adana, Asiatic Turkey, where several were sent to death.

## RUSSIAN SUCCESSION.

An Imperial Decree Places the Third Son in Power.  
ST. PETERSBURG, Oct. 26.—An imperial decree has been published declaring Grand Duke Michael, third son of the czar, heir to the throne in succession to Grand Duke Nicholas, the czar-witch, the present heir apparent, Grand Duke George, the second son, having renounced his right to the succession in view of the hopeless condition of his health.

### BRITANNIA.

Texas train robbers held up a Texas Pacific train and secured between \$500 and \$8,000, the exact amount not yet being known.  
The grand jury in New York City returned indictments against ex-Police Captain Michael Doherty, his former wardens, John Hoek and Bernard Mehan, and ex-Sergeants of Police George C. Liebers, High Clark, Felix McKenna, James W. Jordan and Charles J. Parkerson, all of whom were dismissed from the force several weeks ago. The indictments are for bribery. Bench warrants were issued for the arrest of the ex-officials and five of the indicted men were arrested by Inspector McLaughlin's detectives and taken before Judge Coven. Bail was fixed at \$7,500 in the case of ex-Captain Doherty and \$5,000 each in the other cases.

Nathan Strauss of New York City sent a letter to J. J. Martin, chairman of the executive committee, formally declining to run for the mayoralty on the Tammany ticket. It is learned from a trustworthy source that Strauss' withdrawal was the result of the refusal of Hill to withdraw his name from the Grace ticket, saying the success of the state ticket was far more important than that of the city, and adding that since the nomination for governor had been forced on him against his will he was determined to make the fight according to his own ideas. Later the committee met and nominated ex-Mayor Grant for the vacancy.

New York dispatch: A crank entered the Clinton Place Bank in Astor Place and demanded \$1,000 from Paying Teller Hind. The teller told the crank to wait. As Hind turned away the crank fired a revolver point blank at him and the bullet flew by Hind's head, burying itself in the adjoining woodwork. The crank was seized and turned over to the police. For the past four days the cashier of the Astor Place bank has been receiving threatening letters from a man who signed himself "Charles Freeman." The letters demanded that the bank give him \$1,000 or the cashier would be killed. The police were notified and detectives went on hand.

At Cincinnati recently a man who gave the name of Chas. Morganfield, while attempting to board a freight train fell and broke his leg. When taken to the hospital and examined it was found that he had \$1,200 secreted about his person in various ingenious ways, also a bottle of medicine bearing the name of a druggist in Cumberland, Md. He perfectly answers the description of one of the Quantico express robbers. He claims to be a gambler, and accounts for the sum in his possession by saying he won it gambling. The people are convinced he is one of the robbers. The Adams express agent has attached all money found on him.

Washington dispatch: The Breckinridge-Pollard case is now formally out of court, the notice of appeal given by Colonel Breckinridge at the close of the trial having been docketed and dismissed on motion of Calderon Carlisle, Miss Pollard's counsel. The action of the court is merely one of form, counsel for Breckinridge having failed to follow up the notice of appeal by further proceedings within the time provided by law. This ends the case with the judgment of \$15,000 standing in Miss Pollard's favor against Colonel Breckinridge. Though the judgment stands on record in the courts here, the general opinion is that Miss Pollard will be unable to collect, as Colonel Breckinridge is not known to have any property which can be attached to satisfy it.

According to news advices, the Kansas City and Memphis express on the Kansas and Atchison branch of the Missouri Pacific, was wrecked and robbed by the Cook gang of desperadoes at Correta, a blind siding five miles south of Wagoner, I. T. The train was running twenty miles an hour, and when within 100 feet of the switch a man came out from behind a manbank and threw the switch for the side track, running the train into a string of empty box cars. The robbers, then all commenced firing at once and though the train contained special officers who were warned of the attack, they intimidated all on board, took \$500 from the express car, rifled the pockets of the passengers, including one United States marshal, and escaped in the darkness. Several passengers were shot, though none dangerously.

A crank created a sensation in New York recently by trying to see the president.  
Five world's records were broken at the Waltham, Mass., bicycle track one day last week. Harry Tyler started to break the two mile standing start record, and he cut down the figures 11 seconds, and his time was 4 minutes and 3 seconds, under the record for the same distance made on the flying start. Arthur W. Porter made a new figure for one-third (35-45) and half mile (37-7), the class A record. Gardner broke the record for unassisted one-third of a mile, going in 39-15.  
The fifth victim of the riot at Washington Court House, O., has just died. Alldritts have been prepared charging Sheriff Cook and Colonel Gitt with murder.

Washington dispatch: The sugar trust officials, Havemeyer and Scaries, were arraigned in the criminal court of the District of Columbia before Judge Cole and pleaded not guilty to the indictments against them for refusing to answer questions of the senate sugar trust investigating committee. But was at \$5,000 in each case. Defendant secured bail and were released.

## AGAIN THE COOK GANG.

Several Towns in the Territory Terrorized and Robbed.  
LITTLE ROCK, Ark., Oct. 25.—The last programme in the great carnival of crime which is now holding the boards of Indian Territory, consists of wholesale robbery in several small towns in genuine desperado style, by Bill Cook, supported by a strong and desperate company of eight or ten followers. Four men rode into the town of Watova, making their approach known by the prominent discharge of firearms. The bandits terrorized the inhabitants, visited every store in the village, taking all the money they could find and everything else they wanted. The postoffice was robbed of about \$40 in cash and \$55 in stamps. From Watova they rode to Tahpa ten miles away, where they repeated their depredations. Every store in the place was visited, and the proprietors were compelled at the point of Winchester and revolvers to turn over the cash. From their description the men are undoubtedly the same gang that held up the Missouri Pacific train at Coreta.

### FATAL FIRE.

Four Children Burned to Death in New York.  
NYACK, N. Y., Oct. 23.—Four grandchildren of Bishop William Taylor, Methodist missionary bishop to Africa, perished in the elegant house of their father, Ross Taylor, at Nyack. One man was so badly burned that he can scarcely recover, and two others were seriously injured. The cremated children ranged in age from 11 to 5 years. Two other children jumped from the windows and escaped with slight injuries. Sleeping on the floor were Michael Mullaly, a laborer, and Edward Linte and William Ruth, decorators at work in the house, which was just completed. They jumped and Mullaly was fatally hurt, but the others escaped to recover. Mr. and Mrs. Taylor were first to awake and were compelled to fly for their lives.

### HE'S A RICH MAN NOW.

A Poor German's Lucky Discovery—Gets \$1,000,000 for a Rheumatic Cure.  
CHICAGO, May 2 (Special).—Less than one year ago Frank Schrage did not possess a dollar in the world, and of the income derived from a small drug business, and only a few years ago he was a poor German immigrant without a home. To-day Mr. Schrage can be called a millionaire, as the result of a discovery in chemistry he has made. A syndicate to-day paid him \$100,000 cash for his discovery and arranged to pay him \$100,000 a year until he has received \$1,000,000 in all.—Philadelphia Press.

Swanson Rheumatic Cure Company, 167-169 Dearborn street, Chicago, Ill., are the sole proprietors of this celebrated remedy. It never fails. Testimonials free. Hustling agents wanted at once. Mail orders filled.  
SIXTY KILLED.  
Baltimore, Oct. 23.—Captain Hindgens of the coffee bark Dom Pedro II now in port gives a graphic description of a dynamite explosion that occurred in Rio a few days prior to September 6 when his vessel sailed for Baltimore, in which sixty persons were killed. A Brazilian soldier discovered near the English cemetery a subterranean magazine, in which the insurgents of the recent rebellion had concealed a large quantity of gunpowder, cartridges and dynamite shells. A detachment of soldiers accompanied the captain and a curious crowd followed it to the hill. When one of the soldiers was in the act of handling a shell, he dropped it among the others. The same second an explosion shook the earth.

### IOWA PATENT OFFICE REPORT.

DES MOINES, Oct. 22.—United States patents have been allowed to Iowa inventors, but not issued, as follows: To G. L. Smith, of Peterson, for an automatic hog watering trough in which simplicity, durability and efficiency warrant commendation. To J. E. Stanley, of Des Moines, for an incubator that has been placed upon the market by the Des Moines Incubator Co., and received favorable notice at the World's Fair at Chicago. To A. Grinnell, of Campbell, for a sawmill adapted to be carried to the mountains and operated by means of a horse to saw off and cut up trees. To R. G. Whitlock, of Des Moines, for a receptacle for plug tobacco adapted to successfully project and cut off plugs and register the same by means of operative mechanism combined with the receptacle. To W. S. Elliott and C. A. Barnes, of West Liberty, for a harrow adapted to be attached to wheel cultivators and described in one of their claims as follows: In a cultivator, in combination with a cultivator frame or carriage, two mating tooth-bearing bars having their front ends curved outward and in opposite directions relative to the center of the complete cultivator to operate in the manner set forth. By such construction the teeth near the plants advance in close parallel lines as required to stir the soil more thoroughly at a close proximity to the plants than at a distance therefrom.

Printed copies of the drawings and specifications of any one patent sent to any address for 25 cents. Valuable information for inventors. Write for it. THOMAS G. AND J. RALPH OWING, Solicitors of Patents.

### Attempt to Wreck a Train.

Sag Budge, Ill. Oct. 23.—An attempt was made to wreck the late train on the Alton road two miles east of here at 1 o'clock yesterday morning. Fortunately the attempt was a failure, for there were about 300 passengers on board. Ties had been placed along the track just inside the rails. The engine pilot struck them in such a manner they were thrown off the track. It is believed by some the obstruction was placed on the track by tramps. The officials of the road were as once notified and detectives have been sent to investigate.

"What do you think of my daughter's execution, professor?" asked the fond mamma, as her fair daughter pounded away at the piano keys. "Think, madam?" was the reply. "Why, that I should like to be present at it."  
Mrs. Youngman—I wish I knew some way to prevent the baby from suckling his thumb. Bachelor Uncle—Huh! Let me see. There ought to be some way. Why, yes; I've thought of a plan already. Mrs. Youngman—Oh, thank you, Mrs. So much. What shall I do? Bachelor Uncle—Muzzle him.

## A Friendly Tip.

Married Man—Not married yet? Old Chum—No, I'm not.  
Married Man—Now see here, old boy, times are changing mighty fast. You take my advice and marry before women get any more emancipated than they are already.

### Not Surprised.

Professor Longhair—Statistics show that Germany's proportion of suicide is larger than that of any other European country.  
Miss Gotham—I don't wonder. It must be awfully wearing to have to think in German.

## That Tired Feeling



"I cordially recommend Hood's Sarsaparilla to all who may be suffering with indigestion or impure blood, no appetite, Run Down feeling, or generally feel out of order. It will surely help any who give it a fair trial. If there is any help for them, I have found it of great benefit for Rheumatism." W. N. BARNES, Hartford City, Ind.

### Run Down

We have used Hood's Sarsaparilla two years and have no sick headache spells, pains or tired feeling." W. N. BARNES, Hartford City, Ind.

## Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

Hood's Pills give universal satisfaction.

### DES MOINES FIRMS

Wm. W. Williams, 206 4th St.	Cheap Rates, Milwaukee
Wm. W. Williams, 206 4th St.	Wm. W. Williams, 206 4th St.

Iowa, Texas and Nebraska lands. Merchandise, stocks, etc. bought and sold. Real Estate. For Bookkeeping, Shortland, Telegraph, and get post office Iowa Business College. JOHN JENNINGS & MOORE.

### DES MOINES DYE WORKS

221 Locust. Send for price list; we dry clean all kinds of Fine Dresses, Etc.

## DOCTORS

WHO TREAT ALL PRIVATE DISEASES.  
Weakness and Secret Disorders of MEN ONLY.  
Free book. Address, with stamp, DR. SEARLES & SEARLES, 1410 Farmers St., Omaha, Neb.

## Patents, Trade-Marks.

Examination and Advice as to Patentability of Invention. Send for "Inventors' Guide" or "How to Get a Patent." PATENT OFFICE, WASHINGTON, D. C.

## IRRIGATED LAND

In Finney County, Neb., 320 acres farm anywhere in 8 weeks for \$1,000. Write to THE IRRIGATION TRADING COMPANY, Kansas City, Mo.

## UP-TO-DATE CLOTHING

Sold direct to consumers at lowest prices ever before offered. Buy direct from manufacturer and save 25% to 50% with the privilege of examination. We have you from 20 to 50 percent off. Fall and winter overcoats, \$10.00 to \$25.00. Heavy suits, \$25.00 to \$50.00. For the mammoth catalogue, address OXFORD MERCANTILE CO., building No. 150, 344 Wabash Ave., Chicago, Ill.

## 30 PER CENT PROFIT

This Month Anyone can participate in our enormous profits by sending us from \$10 to \$1,000. Highest refs. Write for particulars to THE TRADERS SYNDICATE, Traders' Bldg., Chicago, Ill. AGENTS WANTED.

## WELL MACHINERY

Illustrated catalogue showing WELL AUGERS, ROCK DRILLS, HYDRAULIC AND JETTING MACHINERY, etc. Best quality. Have your money's worth in well machinery. Successors to Peck Mill Co., 1217 Union Ave., Kansas City, Mo.

## "AMONG THE OZARKS"

The Land of Big Red Apples, is an attractive and interesting book. Illustrated with views of South Missouri, including the famous Ozark Mountains, Hot Springs, Howell county. It pertains to fruit raising in that great fruit belt of America, the southern slope of the Ozarks, and contains great value not only to fruit growers, but to every farmer and homeseeker looking for a farm and a home. Mail free.

## MAILED FREE

Up to Date Dairying containing full instruction how to secure Higher Grade Products, made MORE PROFIT while laboring BETTER PRICE and with LESS Labor get MORE Money

## "UP TO DATE DAIRYING"

LOCAL NEWS.

Read our Ads. every week for good Bargains by first-class houses.

Mrs. A. S. Barnett has returned to the city.

Rev. J. Turner is numbered with the sick this week.

Mr. Turner, late of St. Joe, arrived in the city Tuesday evening.

Ed. Thomas, formerly porter on the K. D., has gone to St. Louis.

Wm. Hampton, of Keokuk, is acting as bailiff of the federal court.

Mrs. John Taylor of Muchakinock was in the city a few days this week.

Rev. Duviols was in the city Monday, and left Wednesday for Webster City.

Olyver Derrit, a former resident of Des Moines, but late of St. Paul, is in the city.

Miss Lizzie Scott has gone to Indianola for a short rest and to visit with parents and friends.

Mrs. Gardner and Mrs. Henry Taylor visited Mrs. S. Mash at the Christy mines Sunday.

The many friends of Reilly Bell will be glad to know that he is much improved this week.

Mrs. Wilburn and Mrs. C. Woods left Saturday for Harding, Ia., for a few days' visit with friends.

E. T. Banks has been sick several days and has been unable to perform his labors at the court house.

Ernest Smith, formerly of the East Side Baptist church choir, has returned to his home in Macon City, Mo.

Born—To Mr. and Mrs. Harry Wilson Thursday morning, an eight pound girl. Mother and babe doing well.

Miss Anna Davis has returned from a pleasant two weeks' visit to Ackworth, Ia., looking well and hearty.

If you have changed your voting place you must get a certificate to present to your new registration board.

Mrs. Douglass Miller still remains in a very precarious condition. Her friends remain in hope that she will recover.

Every reader of THE IOWA STATE BYSTANDER should keep careful watch of our advertising columns. These firms want your trade.

Rev. Gaston spent several days of this week attending a meeting of the board of directors of Macon City, Mo., college, held at St. Joe.

Miss Dicie Gray was in our city Thursday visiting several of her acquaintances and returning to her home in Savannah, Mo., in the evening.

Mrs. Clay Lewis is expected home this week. She has been visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Peter Bell in Guthrie county.

Charles Moseley is again able to be out, after being confined by sickness at Cottage Hospital. He has many friends who hope for his complete recovery.

Attention is called to the local of Messrs. Chase & West, who moved into their new quarters this week and celebrated the occasion by fine music and a grand opening.

The Ladies' Afternoon Social Club will meet on Wednesday of next week with Mrs. Hattie Baker, No. 1118 West Eight street. All members are requested to be present.

Miss Maud Walker, of Omaha, is in the city the guest of Mr. and Mrs. G. I. Holt. She will probably make this city her future home and will attend the schools of our city.

The Coal Palace, 317 Sixth avenue, handles the very best grades of fuel, and with prompt service and courteous treatment gives the best satisfaction in filling orders. Give them a call. Their terms are cash. [15-8w]

After the literary Tuesday evening the young ladies of the Lend-a-Hand society will repeat their "apron social," as the inclemency of the weather last Thursday evening was such as to make the entertainment not a complete success.

John Early and R. D. Turner are employed at this term of the federal court as bailiffs. They used to give "color" to the Democracy of Polk county. Present indications are that there is not enough of Democracy in this county to need them.

Notice is directed to the advertisement of the Western Fur Company, a most reliable firm located at 610 Walnut street. Everything the cheapest as well as the best in furs, cloaks and suits. Give them a call. They can surely please you.

The friends and members of the East Side Baptist church held a meeting in the church Thursday evening for the purpose of organizing a "Young Men's Congress." This organization is literary in its nature and bids fair to become one of the societies of the city.

Mrs. J. F. Blagburn and Mrs. Thomas Blagburn are again singing with the A. M. E. Church choir. Many are glad to see them at their posts and lending their talent to sustain the reputation this choir has won in the musical world, both at home and abroad. The choir is now composed of twelve voices.

Wm. Mills, of Sioux City, came to Des Moines last week to attend the trial of Hookersmith. After the trial he said he must go home and started via Omaha. He returned to Des Moines from Sioux City Monday evening and will remain this winter, if not longer. There is a very strong attraction in Des Moines for Mr. Mills, and of course he "could not stay away." He is a brother of Mr. Mills who recently graduated

from the schools of Sioux City with such distinguished honors and who until very recently has been the able and energetic correspondent of THE IOWA STATE BYSTANDER.

A young lady of our acquaintance has been the custodian of a very valuable dog for a person who lives out of the city. The dog is quite playful and is hard to keep at home, and as he wore no muzzle was in imminent danger of being caught by that awful dog catcher. Well, he was captured one pleasant day and for a time the dog catcher resisted the smiles, tears and entreaties of the charming custodian. It began to look as though the dog would have to go the way that many have gone this summer. As a last resort the beautiful and charming custodian drew forth a handkerchief about the size of a silver dollar and began to weep and shed tears as she buried her face in the handkerchief. The hard-hearted dog catcher wilted, gave up the dog, and the custodian is now happy. The dog has not been at large since.

COMPLIMENT FOR A DES MOINES GIRL.

From the Galesburg Republican-Register. Miss May Ruff, who sings at the sociable in the First M. E. church this evening, is stopping with an uncle, and is spoken of as a gifted singer. She is starting a class for singers among the colored people. There are many good singers among Galesburg's colored young ladies, and it is hoped their cultivation will not be neglected. Miss Ruff will be welcomed in musical circles.

CHASE & WEST FURNITURE HOUSE.

At 714 Walnut is the finest furniture store in Des Moines, if not in the state. The first floor contains the cabinets, second sideboards, dining and other necessary household articles, the third floor bedroom suits and the fourth parlor fixtures, making the assortment of furniture complete. The firm is known as one of the most reliable and energetic in the city and carries the cheapest as well as the best line of goods. The removal of this firm from 213 Fourth street to their new quarters at 714 Walnut marks an important event in the history of the firm, which has, by thoroughly business methods, become an established institution in the city, and enjoys a patronage too large to be accommodated in their former place of business. The firm desires to have their many friends call and examine their goods.

WEDDING BELLS.

At the home of Mr. and Mrs. H. Jones at Macon City, Mo., Tuesday evening, occurred the marriage of their daughter Levinia to Emmet Trice. It will be remembered the bride visited at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Denny some months ago and during her short stay made many friends in this city. She is a school teacher and a young lady of high education, refinement and accomplishments. The groom is a young man of sterling worth, ambitious and energetic. THE BYSTANDER joins hundreds of others in wishing the newly married couple success and happiness.

Rev. J. T. Caston united in marriage October 16 Mr. W. C. Lewis and Miss Susie M. Williams. The wedding was solemnized at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Hammit, friends of the bride. A goodly number were present and in a very appropriate manner presented their tokens of esteem. All join in wishing the newly married couple a successful future. The following is a poetic gem written by the groom: Could I remount the rivers of my years, To the first fountain of our smiles and tears, I would not trace again the stream of hours Between their out-worn banks of withered flowers. But bid flow as now until it glides Into the numbers of the nameless tide. H. B. S. R. C.

Mrs. I. E. Williamson opened the doors of her lovely home for the entertainment of the H. B. S. Reading Circle Thursday afternoon. After the historical studies, the president, Mrs. R. A. Wilburn, delivered her address, which contained wholesome advice and was well received. Mrs. Warwick read a well prepared paper on the life and character of Gustavus Adolphus. Mrs. Hamilton followed with an instrumental solo, which was highly enjoyed. Mrs. Gordon, nee Miss Nannie Reynolds, a former school teacher of St. Louis, Mo., but now a resident of Des Moines, was a visitor, and the circle enjoyed her short talk and felt benefitted for having met her, for Mrs. Gordon is one of the few women that we meet in a life time who possesses the happy faculty of making herself so agreeable that one feels as though you've always known her. The efficient committee on program arranged the following exercises for the next meeting, at Mrs. Warwick's, on Tenth street: Mrs. Holt will lead the history class in the study of "France in the Seventeenth Century," and Mrs. Hughes that of the "Civil War." Mrs. J. C. Berry a paper, subject, "Woman's Place in Modern History." Mrs. C. S. Stewart, "Select Biographical Sketch." The hostess, assisted by Mr. Moseley, served an elaborate lunch, which was enjoyed "m' b' ligh, witty conversation, which of itself was an intellectual feast, and lasted until a late hour, when all left, thanking Mr. and Mrs. Williamson for their kind hospitality.

KEOKUK ITEMS.

Mr. Anthony Carter, formerly of Keokuk, later of Minneapolis, died in this city Monday morning at the home of his brother-in-law, D. W. Anderson. He is survived by Mrs. D. W. Anderson and Mrs. A. Wilson, of Keokuk, a brother in St. Louis and a sister in Chicago, who have the sympathy of the entire community. The funeral was held from the home of Mrs. D. W. Anderson Tuesday afternoon at 3 o'clock. The floral offerings were beautiful.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Gross are on the sick list.

Mrs. W. J. Laws and sister are in the city en route to Minneapolis to join her husband.

Rev. F. L. Smith left Wednesday, the 24th inst., for Xenia, Ohio, to attend the "General Association of the Western States and Territories."

Elector Chapter No. 1, Order of the Eastern Star, met in their regular monthly session at the home of Mrs. P. A. Jones and were most royally entertained in her spacious parlors.

Rev. Barnett, of Muchakinock, gave a phantasmagorical exhibition at the Seventh street Baptist church last week.

Rev. Holly, of Cedar Rapids, was in the city last week.

Mrs. George Kellis and children have returned from an extended visit in Louisville, Ky.

Mrs. Jennie Harris and two of her children are confined to their beds with typhoid fever. They have the sympathy of the community.

The Misses Jackson, formerly of Washington, but now of Keokuk, are making quite a success of their art of dressmaking.

Mr. O. Gordon, a former resident, was seen on the streets of Keokuk again this week.

Quite a pleasant nutting party was taken out last Friday under the supervision of Messrs. W. E. Johnson and L. Wilson.

Mrs. A. C. Johnson and son have returned from an extended trip to St. Louis and other southern points.

The ladies of St. Mary the Virgin's Auxiliary will give a masquerade on Thanksgiving night.

OSKALOOSA NOTES.

Special Correspondence to Iowa State Bystander. Miss Stella Bird, of Des Moines, is visiting at the Warner home in this city.

Mrs. Agnes Good, of Leon, is visiting her friend, Mrs. Thompson.

Mrs. John Williams, after a visit of ten days with her son Walter and wife in Chicago, returned home Tuesday.

Last Sunday was Wesley chapel day at the M. E. church. Mrs. Wm. Early donated \$5. That with the rest of the day's collection made quite a sum. We look for Rev. Brown home the last of this week.

Rev. Jones and wife arrived from Rockford, Ill., Tuesday afternoon.

"Wayman Lyceum," of the A. M. E. church was organized last Wednesday evening. It promises to be a strong aid to the church.

Sunday afternoon at 3:30 the funeral of Mr. T. Scholtz will be held at the A. M. E. church.

The parsonage looks like a new house, the repairs being almost complete.

SIoux CITY NEWS.

Special Correspondence to Iowa State Bystander. The ladies of the A. M. E. Church gave a social last Thursday evening.

Mrs. Etta Grant and baby, Gene, are on the sick list.

We are glad to see Mrs. G. W. Poin-dexter out again.

THE BYSTANDER will be found on sale at Geo. Washington's fruit stand on Pierce street, near Fourth street.

Mrs. John Morgan has been quite sick.

The attendance in the Sunday school has improved considerably since the arrival of the new minister.

Mrs. G. W. Baptist expects to leave for a visit to her home at Boynton, Va., about the last of November.

Mr. Wm. Mills left for Des Moines Monday to work for Messrs. Hicks & Lewis.

Rev. P. F. Matthews has gone to Nico-town, Ind., to get his wife.

Some of our young men have been seen going over to Covington. He wishes to be respected must respect himself. You will not be gentlemen if you continue to visit such places as that. If you are men be men, and not a little of everything. Make for yourself a record you will not be ashamed of in years to come.

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Extra copies of THE IOWA STATE BYSTANDER can be obtained from our agents at 5 cents per copy.

All persons not receiving this paper regularly will please report to this office at once, so we can trace the error to where it belongs. Papers are carefully prepared for the mail at this office.

UTICA.

WE DON'T WORRY

About things you don't want, and that is the reason we haven't said much about free-wool prices for winter overcoats. The weather has been so warm that we could not have interested you if we had tried and so we have confined our talk almost entirely during the past two weeks to the subject of free wool prices for winter suits. But now the weather is likely to make you think about overcoats, so we leave the \$8, \$10, and \$12 cassimere and chevrot suits sale, which is crowding our immense store with customers from all parts of Iowa. For \$8 you can buy an overcoat that was made to sell for \$10. \$10 and \$12 will buy one that was made to sell for \$12, \$13.50 and \$15.

Our pant sale is the heaviest we have ever had. Cassimere pants from \$1.50 to \$5.00.

SOULES & FLEMING,

503 and 505 Walnut Street.

SHOULD YOU NEED FLOWERS

At any time of the year, for any occasion where flowers are used, you can get them, home grown and fresh cut every day, from

BLAIR THE FLORIST

309 Sixth Ave., Des Moines.

P. O. Address, Box 283. Telephone 400.

Federal Party and Wedding Decorations gotten up in latest styles, and at moderate prices. Boxes of the flowers for presentation.

GO TO MAC VICAR,

510 and 512 Locust St., when in want of Wall Paper, Paint, Glass or Signs.

BRACKETT & MAULSBY,

RETAIL STAPLE AND FANCY GROCERIES.

N. E. Corner Tenth and Center Street.

SHANK BROS., FUNERAL DIRECTORS.

501 SIXTH and 510 MULBERRY STS., Des Moines, Iowa.

Telephone Nos. 686 and 689.

AMERICAN SAVINGS BANK,

DES MOINES, IOWA.

Cor East Fifth and Locust Sts. CAPITAL.....\$75,000

E. S. Elliott, President.

F. E. Elliott, Vice-Presidents.

N. W. Smith, Director.

Wm. L. Shepard, Cashier.

A. B. Elliott, Assistant Cashier.

DIRECTORS: J. N. Hoberger, H. H. Swope, J. W. Randolph, G. D. Ellyson, Wm. L. Shepard, E. S. Harter, N. W. Smith, F. E. Elliott.

Bankers' National Bank of Chicago. Ninth National Bank, New York.

I. X. L. LAUNDRY,

515 EAST SIXTH ST., Telephone 424. DES MOINES.

For fine work and facilities, not excelled. Agencies desired.

D. L. HAYWARD, W. F. HOLCOMB.

HEREFORD BULLS!

Will exchange for Corn or Good Notes.

CEO. S. REDHEAD,

319 Fourth St., Des Moines, Ia.

Ramsey Barber Supply Co.,

General Barbers' Supplies.

Grinding and Conceiving Under Our Own Supervision. Satisfaction assured.

215 Fifth St., Des Moines, Ia.

"NEAR STREET CAR WAITING ROOM."

GUNTHER'S CANDIES AT WALTER SCOTT'S DRUG STORE.

208 SIXTH AVE., DES MOINES.

J. O. FREBERG,

TAILOR

Rooms 1, 2 and 3, Over 609 Walnut St. DES MOINES, IOWA.

ICE CREAM. HARDING SUPPLY CO.,

A. W. HARDING, Manager.

Sweet Cream, Sweet Milk, Butter milk, Staple Groceries, Fruit. Ice cream orders for parties and families a specialty. Telephone 647. 702 W. 9th St., Des Moines, Ia.

T. F. C. MORGAN,

MERCHANT TAILOR.

LATEST STYLES OF SAMPLES ON HAND. Cleaning and Re-dyeing Neatly Done.

226 W. Third Street, Des Moines, Iowa.

EDWARD F. JOHNSON, PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON, Des Moines, Iowa. Hours: 9 to 11 a. m. 1:30 to 3:30 p. m. 7:30 to 8:30 p. m. Sun days, 10 to 11 a. m. Office, Corner Sixth and Locust Sts. Residence, 722 Ninth St. Phone 424.

The Golden Rule Clothing House.

OUR BUYER

Has just returned from the eastern markets, where he has closed out thousands of dollars' worth of new desirable winter suits and overcoats for spot cash at prices which enable us to offer these goods far below anything ever heard of in the history of the clothing trade in Des Moines.

FOR INSTANCE:

Lot 2702 is a Heavy Black Freize Double-Breasted Ulster, with a small check lining. Every one who has seen this line so far tells us it is equal to any \$15.00 ulster they have ever seen before. Our price on this choice coat will be

\$10.00.

Lot 2776 is a Heavy Plaid Double Breasted Ulster—a good wearer and very well made—which we offer at

\$6.00.

Lot 2783 is a Heavy Single Breasted Ulster.—The usual \$5.00 or \$6.00 kind. Our price this season is

\$3.50.

MEN'S SUITS, BOYS' SUITS,

All at the same extreme low prices the "Golden Rule" is quoting on everything this season.

OUR \$10.00 SUITS

for men include sacks and cutaway frocks in all the latest fabrics, including chevrots, cassimeres, clay worsteds and fancy worsteds.

BOYS' LONG PANTS SUITS--

We have just selected about 150 boys' long pants suits, sizes 13 to 18 years, from our \$7.50, \$9.00, \$10.00 and a few \$12.00 ones. These are lots where we have only from one to four suits of a kind left and we offer them to close at only

\$5.00 PER SUIT.

The "Golden Rule" is the place for Underwear, Winter Caps, Gloves, Mittens

D. M. JOHNSON & SON, 617 WALNUT STREET.

CONTINENTAL CLOTHING HOUSE.

Corner Sixth and Walnut. LARGEST CLOTHING HOUSE IN IOWA.

IT'S A FACT HOT SHOT OLD FRIENDS

How and WHY. Prices Like These, Bargains Like These, Advantages Like Ours.

Explain the how and the why of the CONTINENTAL'S hold upon the people.

\$5.00 \$7.00

PRICES ARE HAMMERED DOWN.

Men's Suits \$10

OVERCOATS \$10, \$12 AND \$15.

They are genuine Blue, Black and Brown Kerscys, in Drab, Black, Blue and Oxford colors, broad velvet collars, beautifully made.

THE HUB...

THE NEW SHOE STORE.

BARAINS FOR MEN. To-morrow--Saturday

Hoax—Why do you call that trolley-car conductor "Time"? Joak—Because he waits for no man.

Strawber—Did you feel the late financial depression? Singery—Feel it? Why, for a month, I wasn't able to borrow a shilling!

Judge—When you broke into the library and stole a lot of books, why did you take only the works of classical authors? Thief—Because, your honor, modern books fetch hardly any price in the market!

Mr. Hopperly—What? You only sixteen, Matgie? You look older than that. Matgie—I know it. But I can't tell that I'm twenty-one, can I, when my big sister is sticking at that age and everybody knows we ain't twins.

"There's a man outside who wants to know if the editor is in," said the Hooper's new office boy. "Show him up." "No, sir," was the firm reply. "I'll resign first. He says that's what the editor's been doing, and he's looking for gone."

"How much for my little girl?" "She is free if under four." "But she will occupy a seat all the same." "Makes no difference." "In that case, how much discount will you give me on my ticket if I leave her at home?"

"You've been to Norway?" somebody asked a friend. "What is the Gothenburg system like?" "Oh," said the tourist, "as far as I can remember, it's something in this way: You order whiskey as hot water, and they put it down in the bill as sugar."

Painter—Just have a look at my new picture. How do you like it? Friend—Oh very much. It is splendid, but I fancy the original of the portrait is not quite so red. Painter—The original? Good gracious! what are you talking about? Friend—Why, your uncle, of course. Painter—But that isn't my uncle—it's a sunrise.

J. D. Lavaeio, who died recently at Santa Cruz, Cal., left \$1,000,000 to be used in building a hospital for the deaf and blind.

The great game fish of America are the Canadian muskallonge, California bass, Florida tarpon, Labrador salmon and Adirondack lake trout.

A King's Daughters' circle in San Francisco is composed of eight Chinese women, two Japanese, two Syrians and two American teachers.

A Georgia colored woman decided to commit suicide by drowning, but by the time she had waded in up to her waist, her courage forsook her and she returned to land.

A New York girl, in passing through the hall of her house recently, encountered a burglar. She grappled with him and, catching hold of his hair, held on until help arrived, when he was turned over to the police.

A Chicago criminal owes his escape from the penitentiary to the cleverness and devotion of his sister. She managed to administer to him, unknown to the prison officials, a drug which gave him every appearance of a violent attack of inflammatory rheumatism. The woman then went to the judge and, by telling him the condition of the prisoner secured a suspension of the sentence.

WITS AT WORK.

Banks—What do you think of the story about Jonah being three days inside of the whale? Tanks—It's a good thing. I've given my wife worse excuses than that.

Sally—Ethel and I are so interested in you! Jim—Kind, certainly, but why? Ethel—We had our fortunes told. One is to marry you, and the other is to be bridesmaid.

Distressed Young Mother, traveling with a crying infant—Dear me! I don't know what to do with the baby! Thoughtful Bachelor, in the next seat—Shall I open the window for you?

"Is it really true, as Miss Old Girl says, that she never married because her lover was lost at sea?" "Yes, another girl cut her out of his affections on a trip across the Atlantic."

Anxious Wife, at an altitude of 500 feet, to husband, who is accompanying her on her return trip to earth after having been blown up at a steamboat landing—John, we are coming down among strangers. Is my hat on straight?

Husband—Do you know that every time a woman gets angry she adds a new wrinkle to her face? Wife—No, I did not; but if it is so, I presume it is a wise provision of nature to let the world know what sort of a husband a woman has.

AMUSING TRIFLES.

"Who is that fellow across the street?" "Celebrated literary character." "What is his special line?" "Long hair."

See Captain—There is no hope! The ship is doomed! In an hour we will all be dead! Seaside Passenger—Thank heaven!

Clothes Dealer, to gademine in pursuit of a shoplifter—Shoot him only in the legs, Mr. Officer! The coat and waistcoat belong to me.

Gaswell—You never see Miss Bellefield excited. She always keeps on the even tenor of her way. Dukane—Nonsense! She's a soprano.

"Which would you rather be, a knave or a fool?" asked Idiots. "I don't know," replied Cynicus. "What has been your experience?"

Bacon—What's that thread tied about your little finger for? Egbert—Oh, that's just to remind my wife to ask me if I forgot something she told me to remember.

Beware of Ointments for Catarrh that contain Mercury, as mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surfaces. Such articles should be used except on prescriptions from reputable physicians, as the damage they will do is ten fold to the good you can possibly derive from them. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O., contains no mercury, and is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure you get the genuine. It is taken internally, and made in Toledo, Ohio, by F. J. Cheney & Co., Testimonials free.

Sold by Druggists, price 75c per bottle. Hall's Family Pills, 25c.

It is a cold day when the ice man brings in a big lump.

The Banner Route to Hot Springs, Ark. On account of the annual meeting of the Mississippi Valley Medical Association to be held at Hot Springs, Ark., the Wabash railroad will sell tickets at one fare for the round trip. Tickets good returning within twenty days from date of sale; on sale November 15th to 31st inclusive. For further information, maps, time-tables, etc., call upon or address Horace Seely, Commercial Agent, Wabash Railway, 220 Fourth street, Des Moines, Iowa.

If some people had money enough they would not be troubled with death.

On October 19th-21st and November 2nd, the Wabash Line will sell round trip tickets to Dallas, Texas, on account of the Dallas Fair and Exposition, at the low rate of \$20.50, tickets good returning up to and including November 10th.

For further information, maps, time-tables, etc., call upon or address Horace Seely, Commercial Agent, 220 Fourth street, Des Moines, Iowa.

Hunger never finds any fault with the table cloth.

Hegeman's Camphor Ice with Glycerine. Cures Chapped Hands and Face, Tender or Sore Feet, Blisters, Piles, etc. Call on Clark Co., New Haven, Ct.

Heaven is full of wind for those who have faith to loop up.

Karl's Clover Root Tea. The great blood purifier, gives freshness and clearness to the complexion and cures Constipation. 50c, 60c, \$1.

Soft answer turneth away wrath, but a soft butter is an abomination with the flies.

If the baby is cutting teeth. Be sure and use that old and well-tried remedy, Ma. Wagon's Broomie, for your Children Teaching.

Oddly enough, it always makes a horse mad.

"Hanson's Tangle Toen Nails." Warranted to cure or money refunded. Ask your druggist for it. Price 25c.

The man who invented work, evidently had nothing to do.

"A Cup of Parks" Tea at night moves the bowels in the morning.

Shadows have no claws, but they have frightened many people to death.



It was the last evening of the engagement of Alcorez, the French juggler, at the Elysium Music hall, and the house was crammed. The prestidigitator is not always a popular "turn"; he lacks piquancy and excitement, and very often originality, but Alcorez had got hold of one or two almost startling feats which current rumor gave him the credit of perilously stealing from Thibet. At all events his name on the bill was a feature, and he always took well.

The conjurer himself stood at the bar waiting his call, and drank sparingly with his admirers. He was in good spirits that night, for on the following week he was to start on a big American tour which was almost certain to result in further engagements and assure his future.

On the stage the conjurer de Leari were singing the third and last encore verse of their great success, "We Get There All the Same." At that early period they dressed as their grandmother. Thirty years later they will make up as nearly as possible like their grandchildren. Art demands such sacrifices from its votaries.

Alcorez made his final adieu and went behind to his dressing room. The Sisters de Leari gave place to a low comedian, then the curtain went up on Alcorez's table and appliances, his name blazoned in letters of gold upon a black background.

At different times and in all places there are sympathetic audiences and exacting audiences. Why, and what controls them, none can say. Simply they are there and have to be allowed for. As the juggler bowed, his experienced eye took in the sea of faces, and he smiled.

He generally began with a very simple trick that is as easy as it looks impossible, and older than the necromancers. He would borrow a watch, get a stranger from among the audience to come upon the stage and hold it, and then cause it to disappear and be found in someone else's possession. It is very absurd when you see how it is done, but it is capable of endless variations, and can always be made to raise a laugh, which is the conjurer's first object.

To-night Alcorez borrowed the watch. Almost before he had made the request a man from the front row of stalls stepped upon the stage to assist him. This alacrity was so unusual that Alcorez looked at the man curiously, and wondered that this face seemed so familiar to him. A word from the audience caught the juggler's ear and he turned quickly to the stranger.

"Sir, are you my friend, my accomplice, my servant? A gentleman in the audience distrusts me. Is it so?" "Certainly not," said the stranger. "Have you ever assisted me before and become familiar with my ways?" continued the conjurer.

There was just the suggestion of a pause, but the "no" was firm and emphatic, and Alcorez proceeded.

Generally it was easy to reduce the assistant to the necessary state of confusion at a very early stage, but the stranger did not indulge in any of the humors by which the volunteers lay themselves open. Alcorez, a little puzzled, placed the watch in a handkerchief, gave the ends to a stranger to hold, and crossed the stage.

There was still an almost unending row. Few men—those accustomed to powder least of all—can face a gun or a pistol without a tremor. This gives the conjurer a double advantage; by means of a weapon he can bring a too observant assistant into

Temporary Change of Lodgings. At Monte Carlo a gambler had won the maximum at "Rogue et Noir" three times in succession.

"There's a fellow running off with a splendid haul of bank notes!" said a spectator.

"Oh!" carelessly interjected the croupier, "that makes no difference with bank. It is merely a bit of our money sleeping out for the night!"

Theory of Creation. "What makes you think that man was created after woman?" "Just this: If man had been created first he would probably be wanting a woman yet. But woman being created first, and making up her mind that she wanted a man, there was nothing to do but to trot him out in the shortest possible time."

Suspiciously Confirmed. Powell—I follow by your sign that you are a dispensing chemist. Chemist—Yes, sir. Powell—What do you dispense with? Chemist—With accuracy, sir. Powell—I thought so. The last prescription I had made up here nearly killed my wife.—Truth.

Patriotism. Lisbeth—I hear you have broken with Ambrose. What was the matter? Jeannette—We fell out about literature. Ambrose is such a horrid Anglo-manic. He persists that Shakespeare is funnier than Bill Nye.—St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

A Candidate Employer. Publisher—You look lame. Been kicked out much? Book Agent—Bout forty times. Publisher, kindly—Well, leave your encyclopedia here, and canvass with this simple bible until your back gets well.—N. Y. Weekly.

What He Lost. Fekstein—How much did you lose in dot fire in your place. Einstein—About five thousand in insurance. A fool bolted in and turned in der alarm before it got started.

An Irresistible Conclusion. "Cholly had a very thoughtful expression on his face," said one girl. "Cholly's becoming decaulifur," replied the other.

HE AND SHE.

A young woman at Prince's Anna, Md., died a few days ago from the effects of swallowing chewing gum.

Six hundred and eight women recently applied for a poorly paid place as mail sorter in an English post-office.

C. P. Villiers, the father of the English house of commons, is 92 years old, but still attends the house regularly and often speaks.

Noah Shanks, a Brownsville, Oregon, boy, got sick, as might have been expected from his phenomenal feat of eating at a single sitting seventeen bologna sausages.

In Boston are the headquarters of the Ramabai association, whose purpose it is to rescue child widows in India. This society is flourishing, and reports an income of \$74,784.

The shah of Persia, is a photographer of no mean skill. In his travels about his domain he carries with him a camera, which he uses on any bit of landscape striking his fancy.

Virtue is not always its own reward. James Haysman, a New York expressman, who found on the street a check for \$20,000, payable to Russell Sage, took it to his office and received a \$1 bill for his honesty.

A negro had a streak of luck while fishing in the Flint river, near Albany, Ga. His line became tangled in something, which proved to be a lady's gold necklace, which had evidently laid at the bottom of the river for many years.

Everybody smokes in Japan. The pipe holds a little wad of fine cut tobacco as big as a pea. It is fired, and the smoker takes one long whiff, blowing the smoke in toward his mouth and nose. The ladies have pipes with longer stems than the men, and if one of them wishes to show a gentleman a special mark of favor, she lights her pipe, takes half a whiff, hands it to him and lets him finish out the whiff.

Like Sweet Bells Jangled Out of Tune. Weak nerves respond harshly and inharmoniously to slight shocks, which would produce no effect upon strong ones. The shrill outcry of a child, the slamming of a door, the rattling of a vehicle over uneven pavement and other trifling disturbances excite weak nerves—sensitive nerves sorely. Nervousness is largely attributed to dyspepsia and non-assimilation of the food, a very usual concomitant of sleeplessness. Digestion and assimilation renewed by Hosteter's Stomach Bitters, soon bring the nervous system to its normal condition. The great cause of the liver and bowels to unite in cooperative harmony with the stomach, whereby the general tone of the system is raised to the true standard of health. In malarial complaints, rheumatism and kidney trouble, the Bitters produce excellent results.

Married too Young. Friend—Why do you send your husband to the state prison, when all they need is a tub? Mrs. Manifoe—Well, the fact is, my husband married so young that he never learned how to sew on buttons.

A Beginning. "Bromley, I hear you are going to start housekeeping?" "Yes, sir, starting." "What has you got toward it?" "A wife."

Queen Elizabeth, in 1590, was the first woman in England to wear silk knitted stockings.

Royal Baking Powder ABSOLUTELY PURE

COSSIP GOING AROUND.

Elizabeth Lord, once a factory girl, died recently in Brooklyn, leaving \$18,000 to Mrs. T. DeWitt Talmage, who had befriended her.

It was at the old court house in Washington, Ky., that Mrs. Stowe first saw a negro auction and formed the idea of "Uncle Tom's Cabin."

The silver dinner service which Mrs. J. W. Mackay has with her in Europe is worth \$106,000. Her husband furnished \$75,000 in weight of pure silver and then paid another \$31,000 for the work done upon it. The above is reckoned as being the most costly silver set now in use in the world.

Those who have liked to think of the beautiful flower home on Apple-dore island that Celina Thaxter loved and cared for so long after her relatives live the garden will be attended as she attended it for years. Her grave, which is within sound of the sea, is piled with flowers and shrubs every day.

Thomas Bailey Aldrich has been writing poetry since 1856, when he produced a small volume of ballads. He was then a clerk in a New York merchant's counting-room. He is now at fifty-eight a better poet than he was even in his prime, and in addition he is one of the most smartly dressed men in Boston.

Lord Rosebery says that as soon as the story of his sleeplessness got into the newspapers, after he entered Gladstone's cabinet, he was deluged with cures. One of the first, and what seemed to him the easiest, was to sip before going to bed a tumbler of hot water. He tried it, and since has had no further trouble of the kind.

Hjalmar Hjorth Boysen, the novelist, was a friend of the late Victor Hugo and visited the latter in the Isle of Guernsey before he returned to Paris. Professor Boysen, though opposed to Hugo's theories of art, speaks enthusiastically of the great romantic's fascinating personality, and says that he was one of the most youthful old men who ever lived.

Shortly before his death General Banks visited the adjutant-general's office in Boston to find out what his rank was. He said he remembered he was in the war; he felt quite certain of it. He was unable to remember with any distinctness how he was ranked, and he had come to the adjutant-general to find out. He was dignified and courteous, as usual, but for sometime previous his mind had become a wreck.

It isn't always the men that pray loudest at prayer meeting that people believe in most.

Ticking Number Three.

She—I will marry you, George, since you wish it so much, but I tell you frankly I can never love you so much as my poor dead husband.

He—I suppose you did love poor John very much.

She—I don't mean John. I mean the one before him.

They Ought to Have. Bobby, at his history lesson—Oh, bother! What's the use of studying history?

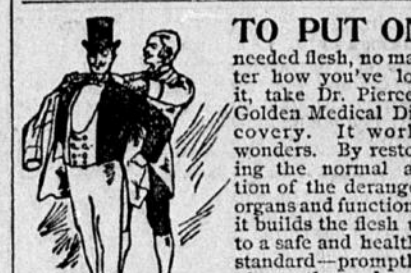
Fond Parents—good deal of good, Bobby. It shows the ignorant ways of our ancestors and teaches us to avoid them.

Bobby—Well, why didn't they study history? That would have let us out.

There are men who like to speak well of others—on a tombstone.

There is no way of getting children to be good like showing them how.

The man who rides a hobby pays well for his transportation.



TO PUT ON

needed flesh, no matter how you've lost it, take Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It works wonders. By restoring the normal action of the deranged organs and functions, it builds the flesh up to a safe and healthy standard—promptly, pleasantly and naturally. The weak, emaciated, thin, pale and puny are made strong, plump, round and rosy. Nothing so effective as a strength restorer and flesh maker is known to medical science. This puts Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery on a par with cod liver oil and its filthy compounds. It rouses every organ of the body to activity, purifies, enriches and vitalizes the blood so that it can support and strengthen. If you are too thin, too weak, too nervous, it may be that the food assimilation is at fault. A certain amount of bile is necessary for the reception of the fat foods in the blood. Too often the liver holds back this element which would help digestion. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery stimulates, tones up and invigorates the liver, nourishes the blood, and the muscles, stomach and nerves get the rich blood they require.

Spent Hundreds of Dollars with no Benefit.

M. J. COLEMAN of 77 Sargent St., Roxbury, Mass., writes: "I have been suffering from dyspepsia and constipation with a sickly and feeble child for at least 18 months, I am more than pleased to say that after using Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery and Pleasant Pellets for one month, I was entirely cured, and from that day to this I do not know, thank God, what even a slight headache is. My body feels refreshed and strengthened. If you are too thin, too weak, too nervous, it may be that the food assimilation is at fault. A certain amount of bile is necessary for the reception of the fat foods in the blood. Too often the liver holds back this element which would help digestion. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery stimulates, tones up and invigorates the liver, nourishes the blood, and the muscles, stomach and nerves get the rich blood they require."

W. N. U.—D.M.—1163 No. 43. When answering advertisements kindly mention this paper.

DON'T TOBACCO SPIT AND SMOKE YOUR LIFE AWAY

Ah! what a warning to millions of American men who are daily tearing down their material and physical systems. Stop a moment. Did you take tobacco naturally? Well, no! And now you wish it—why? Because tobacco tastes good? No! but to gratify a feeling hard to explain, and only satisfied by nicotine.

LIFE'S SHORT! THE USE OF TOBACCO MAKES IT SHORTER. We have not the time, much less the inclination, to preach printed sermons for the sake of making a man quit tobacco. IF HE DOESN'T KNOW THAT IT HURTS HIM. We want to talk to the man who realizes that he is TOBACCO spitting and smoking his life away, who WANTS TO STOP AND CAN'T. Tobacco has produced a diseased condition of the nervous system, and from time to time, you are compelled to feel the never ceasing demands, and you may have like millions of other men.

A TOBACCO HEART. Nearly every day the newspapers give an account of some eminent man falling suddenly dead at his desk from heart disease. As a rule, no middle-aged man in active business dies thus suddenly unless poisoned, and that poison, in a majority of cases, is tobacco. Meanwhile the slaughter goes on. The press and the pulpit seem muzzled, the majority being participants in the popular vice, and those who are not seem hypnotized and afraid to speak out.

VITALITY NICOTINIZED. Tobacco destroys manhood. Tens of thousands of men feel the darkening clouds of early decline, because nature, not exhausted naturally, but burdened with the taking care of a tobacco-poisoned blood, has slowly and surely succumbed to the frightful effects of tobacco upon the vital forces, that makes strong men IMPOTENT and DESTROYS THEIR MANHOOD.

YOU ASK FOR PROOF. Test NO-TO-BAC under our Absolute Guarantee: feel how quickly NO-TO-BAC kills the desire for tobacco, eliminates the nicotine, steadies the nerves, increases the weight, makes the blood pure and rich and tingling with new life and energy. Hundreds of letters from men who have cured themselves of the slavery, and tell how NO-TO-BAC destroyed tobacco's power and brought back feelings long since dead, while sensations of a younger existence once more warmed the cooling of the old man's heart. (Gloomy days were gone, the sunshine was brighter, the water of the little birds all spoke of love; the old man was young again and happy.)

IT IS TRUE, NO-TO-BAC DOESN'T CURE EVERYONE. What's the use of telling a lie to get caught at? You know and we do, that the claim "never fails to cure" is a question of time. He, and frauds talk. Our guarantee is clean cut and to the point. Read it. We would rather have the good will of the occasional failure than the money. Beware of the man who says, "I am just as good as NO-TO-BAC." It stands alone, backed by men of national business reputation and integrity, who are personally known to the publisher of this paper, who also indorses our guarantee.

TENS OF THOUSANDS OF TESTIMONIALS

Have been received from enthusiastic users of NO-TO-BAC. We print a few to show how NO-TO-BAC does the work. We do not print testimonials doubted. For they are truth—pure and simple. We know it and propose to back them up by offering a record of \$500 to anyone who can prove that any testimonial published is untrue. We know, and we have the honor of the printed testimonials that do so, for so far as we know, represent the honest opinion of the writers. Signed, H. L. KRAMER, Treasurer.

Smoked, Chewed and Snuffed Five Years. BOTTLED BY, June 18, 1884. DEAR SIR:—I have used NO-TO-BAC for five years. I have chewed, smoked and snuffed, but to which I have been addicted for 21 years. The nicotine has gotten out of my system, and I am now in excellent health. I can bear the smell of it.

Reported 36 Cures and 1 Failure. Mr. A. V. L. No. 11, 1891, GENTLEMEN:—I have the first failure to report. Mr. J. H. Morris used NO-TO-BAC from early childhood, never ceasing to use it. Please send me a new bottle. I have great faith in the efficacy of NO-TO-BAC, having cured at least 36 very hard tobacco users. Your truly, J. H. MORRIS.

Smoked, Chewed and Snuffed Five Years. BOTTLED BY, June 18, 1884. DEAR SIR:—I have used NO-TO-BAC for five years. I have chewed, smoked and snuffed, but to which I have been addicted for 21 years. The nicotine has gotten out of my system, and I am now in excellent health. I can bear the smell of it. Very truly yours, HENRY BELN.

OUR GUARANTEE IS PLAIN AND TO THE POINT. Three boxes of NO-TO-BAC, 30 days' treatment, costing \$2.50, or a little less than that, if you order according to simple directions. It is guaranteed to cure the tobacco habit in any form. Smoking, chewing, snuff, and cigarette habit, or any other form of tobacco usage, will be reliable and do this. We don't claim to cure everybody, but we guarantee to cure everybody who is in earnest. It is a simple matter to prove that we can better afford to have the good will of the occasional failure than the money. We have faith in NO-TO-BAC. It stands alone, backed by men of national business reputation and integrity, who are personally known to the publisher of this paper, who also indorses our guarantee. WORTH ITS WEIGHT IN GOLD.

WHERE TO BUY OR ORDER NO-TO-BAC. Throughout the U. S. and Canada, or sent by mail anywhere for price—our boxes, \$2.50. Our present offer is only good while it lasts. The name of the great advertising firm of Lord & Burnham, Chicago, is prominent on the wrapper. Our treasurer is Mr. H. L. Kramer, Chicago, Ill. Our general manager, Mr. J. H. Morris, is in charge of the distribution. We guarantee to cure everybody who is in earnest. It is a simple matter to prove that we can better afford to have the good will of the occasional failure than the money. We have faith in NO-TO-BAC. It stands alone, backed by men of national business reputation and integrity, who are personally known to the publisher of this paper, who also indorses our guarantee. THE STERLING REMEDY CO., 105 N. WABASH STREET, CHICAGO, ILL.

KNOWLEDGE

Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adopting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs. Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50c and \$1 bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.

Valued Indorsement

of Scott's Emulsion is contained in letters from the medical profession speaking of its gratifying results in their practice.

Scott's Emulsion

of cod-liver oil with Hypophosphites can be administered when plain oil is out of the question. It is almost as palatable as milk—easier to digest than milk.

Prepared by Scott & Bowne, N. Y. All druggists.

MARRIED LADIES

Should use Dr. Royal Safety. Every lady needs it. LAMBLEY, NEW YORK, N. Y.

Wash's Cream Balm

QUICKLY CURES COLIC IN HEAD. Price 50 Cents.

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FREE! 320 PAGES—ILLUSTRATED. One of the Largest and Best Cook-Books published. Mailed in exchange for 20 Large Size Heads cut from LION COFFEE WRAPPERS, or 5-cent stamp. Write for list of other fine Promotional Editions. Wash's Co., 450 Huron St., Toledo, Ohio.

PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION.

Consumptive cure for people who have been treated by all the best means. It is not injurious. It is the best cough cure. Sold everywhere, 25c.

If you've neuralgia, take St. Jacobs Oil—rub it on—rub it on hard—keep rubbing it on—it has got to stop the pain—that's what it's for.