

Iowa State Bystander.

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY BY THE BYSTANDER PUBLISHING COMPANY.

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OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE AFRO-AMERICAN PROTECTIVE ASSOCIATION OF IOWA.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE MOST WORKSHIPFUL UNITED GRAND LODGE OF IOWA, A. F. & A. M.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION. One year, \$1.50. Six months, .75. Three months, .50.

Send money by postoffice order, money order, express or draft, to THE IOWA STATE BYSTANDER Publishing Company.

Communications must be written on one side of the paper only and be of interest to the public. "Brevity is the soul of wit," remember.

We will not return rejected manuscript unless accompanied by postage stamps. All correspondence and communications must be signed by the persons writing the same.

All entertainments, concerts, festivals, etc., for which an admission fee is charged, will be published at the rate of 5 cents per line for each insertion.

ONLY AFRO-AMERICAN REPUBLICAN PAPER IN IOWA.

What are Sam Mash's politics this spring?

The Afro-Americans of Iowa are the only genuine republicans in the state. They are republicans from love.

There is a strife going on between republican politicians that many think had better be done away, and that it will jeopardize the interests of the party in the future.

John Earley rushes into print to tell the "dear people" what he has done. We have heard of men who have carried "water on both shoulders," but John is trying to do the act on three or four.

Mr. A. B. Elliott is a candidate for city treasurer of Des Moines. He comes from a family of stalwart, fighting republicans.

We have called the attention of the Afro-American voters of Iowa to their important duties as American citizens, and as members of the republican party, as best we could.

We would like to hear from Muchaknock, Oskaloosa, Keokuk, Colon, Pekay, Sioux City, Newton, Burlington, Iowa City, Chariton, and any other city or town that have the interest of their race at heart.



JOHN MACVICAR.

John MacVicar came to Des Moines from Erie, Pa., fourteen years ago. In 1889 he was elected Mayor of North Des Moines.

He is making an earnest fight for good city government in the interests of the taxpayers. He is not running a campaign on the plan of purchasing voters.

He is not run by any ring or faction—in fact is making the fight and managing his campaign himself.

Mr. MacVicar's business training and official experience and record in public and private life are his strongest recommends.

"OUR NEW CITIZEN."

Booker T. Washington, principal of the Tuskegee Normal Institute, Tuskegee, Alabama, was given a rousing welcome when he arose to speak to the toast, "Our New Citizen."

STOP AND THINK.

If you have heard any of the many newspapers saying anything about sending a Negro as delegate to the national convention it is almost as silent as a grave yard.

THE NORTH'S DUTY TO THE SOUTH.

You of the great and prosperous North still owe a serious and uncompleted duty to your less fortunate brethren of the white race of the South.

case where two races but yesterday master and slave, today citizen and citizen, have made such marvelous progress in the adjustment of themselves to new conditions.

Nor are we of the black race leaving the work alone to your race in the North or your race in the South.

Protect Afro-Americans. Omaha Enterprise: When an unprejudiced historian shall write the history of the American republic, no achievements of any race will shine forth with brighter lustre on its pages on account of loyalty, and patriotism, love of country, than that of the Afro-American citizens of the United States.

long suffering, obedience to law, development in intellect, character, and property, skill and habits of industry.

We take pleasure in announcing the name of T. F. G. Morgan, one of the oldest merchant tailors in the city. He is a candidate for alderman of the Fourth ward.

Every citizen and tax payer has a direct interest in Des Moines and its welfare, and none of them should fail to express their desires like men of intelligence.



REV. G. W. D. GAINES

The greatest Colored Evangelist of the Baptist denomination in the United States, will hold a ten days' meeting at East Side Baptist Church, commencing Wednesday evening, February 26.

products, into food and raiment, and thus wind our life about yours in a way that shall make us all realize anew that "of one blood hath God made all men, to dwell and prosper on the face of the earth."

Let the Negro, the North and the South do their duty with a new spirit and a new determination during this, the dawning of a new century, and at the end of fifty years a picture will be painted.

This country can not engage in war against any nation, and by force of arms bring it to a successful and honorable issue without the aid of the Afro-American citizen.

At his country's call he stands ready as in the past to enlist in her defence. Why not then protect the Afro-American citizens in all the rights of citizenship?

F. C. MACARTNEY.



CANDIDATE FOR REPUBLICAN NOMINATION FOR MAYOR

F. C. Macartney was born in 1840. After finishing an academic course he was for two years cashier of a large manufacturing establishment.

He came to Des Moines March 22, 1863. He has been clerk, manager, part-proprietor and sole proprietor almost continuously since said date of the present hotel.

He is a successful and prosperous business man, and has associated with him his two sons, who are growing into the business, and who are making for themselves a place as citizens of Des Moines as permanent residents.

Mr. F. C. Macartney is a republican of strength and influence and the position he has occupied shows him to be a man of excellent executive ability.

Every citizen and tax payer has a direct interest in Des Moines and its welfare, and none of them should fail to express their desires like men of intelligence.

Choice for Delegate. CHARITON, Iowa, Feb. 13.—I suggest the name of one of Iowa's most far-seeing young republicans to represent the Afro-American at the national republican convention.

Announcement Cards. I am a candidate for the nomination as city treasurer of Des Moines, subject to the decision of the republican city convention.

BURLINGTON BUDGET. Special Correspondence of the Bystander. The weather here is very pleasant, many of those on the sick list being much improved.

KEOKUK BUDGET. Special Correspondence of the Bystander. The Ladies Chapter O. E. S. will meet at Mrs. Nellie Bland's the fourth Tuesday in this month.

NEWTON NOTES. Special Correspondence of the Bystander. Mrs. G. A. Brown is visiting friends in Murphy.

ALBIA NOTES. Special Correspondence of the Bystander. Mrs. S. Snoddy is improving slowly.

It should be borne in mind that the Afro-Americans of Polk county are not so hard up for a leader as to import a convicted bootlegger from another county.

Ex-Consul John Waller has been released from the French prison by forfeiting all rights to recover inamnesty.

IOWA STATE BYSTANDER.

BY BYSTANDER PUBLISHING CO.

DES MOINES, IOWA

An Indiana woman wants \$50 for a cat. She is evidently much more in demand of mice than of felines.

The civil service reformers in Chicago are trying to reform their methods of reforming. The job is no sinecure.

Anson's retirement from the stage seems to have been superinduced by the retirement of audiences from the theater.

Spain should be a little careful how she exiles people from Cuba. She is likely to be among the exiles herself pretty soon.

There is an attempt being made in Massachusetts to pass a law permitting any person of sound mind to employ any medical attendant he chooses. The object is as plain as the holes in a ladder.

The performance of Uncle Tom's Cabin in German is a worthy enterprise. Not so many of us know German as know English.

It is rather remarkable that our colleges, which are always frittering away time upon the comparatively modern and ephemeral dramas of Sophocles and Aeschylus, do not attempt the production of this immortal piece in the original Sanskrit. It is said to be even more moving in the original than in any of its modern forms. Hindoo history recounts that Gutama Buddha did not become confirmed in his purpose to flee the world until he witnessed a performance of Uncle Tom's Cabin. The pessimism of Ramesis is generally attributed to the prevalence of Uncle Tom's Cabin companies along the Nile about B. C. 2000.

The treatment of diphtheria by antitoxin at the New York hospitals has given some surprising results, demonstrating the value of the new specific. The following table gives the mortality statistics from this disease for the first nine months of the past five years. Only the first three-quarters of each year are considered, for it was not till last November that the new remedy came into general use in New York.

Table with 4 columns: Year, Cases, Deaths, Percent. Rows for 1891, 1892, 1893, 1894, 1895.

From these figures it becomes apparent that the mortality from diphtheria has been reduced nearly one-half. When it is considered that the new treatment has been hardly more than experimental as yet, the significance of these results is better appreciated.

Legislation intended to do away with the evils of the sweat-shop system is under consideration by the New York lawmakers. A committee appointed by the last legislature to investigate the condition of working women and children has submitted a report, in which it reaches the conclusion that the evils of the sweat-shop system and of tenement work can hardly be exaggerated. It recommends that no child under sixteen years of age be permitted to work in any manufacturing establishment, unless the compulsory education law is complied with, and there is first obtained a certificate from the local board of health, stating that such child is of the age of fourteen years or upward, and physically able to perform the work, and that the members of families living therein for the manner of certain articles be made a misdemeanor if allowed by the owner after notice. The committee confesses itself at a loss to suggest legislation which will remedy the evils of labor in the cigar factories.

The immigration to the United States during the last six months, estimating 15,000 for December, shows an increase of 53 per cent over the 74,888 of immigrant arrivals for the same time last year, though it is nearly 12,000 less than for the same month in 1893. The arrivals of the last fiscal year were the smallest in number since 1879, but those for the calendar year, 1895, about 230,800, were much more than the 167,653 arriving in 1894. Dr. Senner, the commissioner of immigration, says that should the demand for labor continue immigration to the United States for the current fiscal year will reach 200,000. If it does not exceed that number, the arrivals of the last few months are reported to be generally healthy and of good character. The amount of money known to have been brought in by immigrants during the fiscal year was \$4,126,793, but as no one is compelled by law to show more than \$50 it is believed that the amount brought in was very much larger. In fact, the authorities think the sum brought in during the year ending with last June was much nearer 10 ten than to five million dollars.

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A church congregation down in Sanders, Ky., was dismissed most summarily upon unpleasant circumstances two Sundays since. Right in the middle of the preacher's discourse there booted into the church through the half-open door what appeared to be a black and white cat, closely followed by a yellow dog. Cat and dog ran swiftly down the middle aisle to the platform. The preacher, taken unawares, did the natural thing, kicked at the cat, hit it, and landed it squarely in the middle of the congregation. That it turned out that the cat was a skunk.

State Shelby, the heroine of the Molona bridge, is in Des Moines, and is said to be an applicant for a position with the legislature. It has been fifteen years since the girl crawled across the breaking bridge to save a train and she has grown to womanhood, but her brave action will never be forgotten.

The Brooklyn trolley has just killed its 135th victim, thus abundantly sustaining the contention of those who would introduce the overhead system in Washington that there are too many trolleys here now.

THE NEWS IN IOWA

TO RAISE DEER IN IOWA.

A Cherokee County Farmer Making Preparations for the Business.

CHEROKEE, February 12.—J. H. Groves, one of the wealthiest farmers in Cherokee county, is preparing to embark into the venison and buckskin business. Mr. Groves owns 140 acres of wooded land on the banks of the Little Sioux river, four miles south of Cherokee, which is one of the most beautiful tracts in the county. His intentions are to fence this land with an eight-foot woven wire fence, and run a barb wire or two along the top. He will take a trip to northern Minnesota and purchase forty or fifty does and several bucks, and place them in the inclosure. The specie that Mr. Groves intends to purchase is known among the Indians as the swamp deer, and is a large and beautiful creature, and is plenty in captivity among Minnesota Indians, from whom Mr. Groves will secure as many as is needed for a good start. The promoter of the scheme thinks that in a few years it will prove a paying business, as the wild venison will by that time become nearly extinct, and venison saddles will bring a good price and the hides will be more in demand. The land which is to be used as the deer park was in its early day the home of the deer in its wild state. Mr. Groves and his neighbors enjoyed many a venison feast in the pioneer days, over deer killed on land which he is about to convert to their culture.

CHARGED WITH MURDER.

Prominent and Wealthy Physician of Ottumwa is Accused.

OTTUMWA, February 12.—The trial of Dr. Wilkinson, a prominent physician, for alleged murder, by causing the death of Hattie Marsh, a domestic, through producing an abortion, has begun before Judge Eichelberger. On October 25, 1895, Hattie Marsh, a domestic, died in the hospital as the result of a criminal abortion. Before the coroner, Dr. Herrick and others testified that the girl told them Dr. Wilkinson had committed the operation. He was held to the grand jury and indicted by that body. The testimony is all hearsay, and the present belief is that he cannot be convicted. A question of law comes up in the case which will force a decision on a point not yet decided square-footed by the jury in Iowa. The defense objected to the admission of Dr. Herrick's testimony on the part of the state on the ground that it was a privileged communication made by a patient to a doctor in his professional capacity. The law provides that such communications shall not be disclosed, and there has never been a decision in Iowa yet as to what constitutes this privileged communication, although an analogous question was recently decided at Oskaloosa.

OTTUMWA, February 13.—In the Wilkinson murder trial, Judge Eichelberger sustained the objection of the defense to the admission of testimony of physicians whom the dead girl had told that Dr. Wilkinson produced an abortion on her. This took away the mainstay of the state's case and they gave it up. The judge instructed a verdict of not guilty.

ARRESTED FOR MURDER.

Authorities Forced to Action by Public Indignation.

MANRING, February 11.—Ten days ago Ben Levich, a peddler, of Des Moines, was murdered in a vacant house five miles north of Manning. Peter Wiese, a young farmer of this section, was arrested for the crime. At a trial before the justice he was released. The citizens of Manning and vicinity were so indignant at the manner in which the prosecution was conducted that the authorities were compelled to re-arrest him. The second trial lasted all day. On the strength of the additional testimony secured, Wiese was bound over to the grand jury without bail. During the second trial Mrs. Levich, of Des Moines, was present. The evidence against Wiese consists chiefly in the fact that he was seen near the scene of the murder about the time it was committed, carrying a shotgun. The footprints on the premises correspond with those found in a corn field south of the place. Wiese claims he made the latter while hunting quail.

Creston Burglars.

CRESTON, February 13.—In the district court Dick Sharkey and Frank Keys were convicted of the crime of burglary. They were caught burglarizing the saloon of Waltersdorf & Gildemeister. Both are men whose characters have been blackened by their own evil deeds, and they are likely to get a heavy sentence.

EARLVILLE BANK ROBBED.

DURQUE, February 1.—The State Bank at Earlville, was entered at 4 o'clock a. m. and the safe blown open with dynamite. The burglars secured only about \$50. The noise made by the explosion alarmed them and they fled, leaving \$10,000 in the blown open safe.

Cannot Collect Liquor Bills.

OTTUMWA, February 11.—Judge Eichelberger has decided that under the new law liquor bills cannot be collected by process of law.

BIG FIRE AT DAVENPORT.

The Tri-City Packing Company's Plant Entirely Destroyed. DAVENPORT, February 10.—Shortly after midnight fire broke out in the plant of the Tri-City Packing and Provision Company, in the west end of the town. Before the fire department could reach the spot the plant was a mass of flames and their efforts were unavailing. The plant was entirely destroyed. Loss, \$125,000, partially covered by insurance. There is no clue to the origin, but it is supposed to be a case of spontaneous combustion.

MURDERS AT NEWTON.

Charles Phares Shoots His Wife's Mother and Her.

NEWTON, February 12.—Charles Phares shot and killed his mother-in-law, Mrs. R. T. Smith, then shot his father-in-law, R. T. Smith, and then killed himself. Charles Phares moved to Newton with his family from Atlantic about two weeks ago. He was a barber by trade, but had not been doing anything since his arrival. E. T. Smith, who was shot, but is still living, is a jeweler, coming to Newton some four years ago from Illinois. No cause is assigned for Phares's rash deed. Mrs. Phares says her husband was undoubtedly insane and many have regarded him as unbalanced.

DRUGGISTS PLEAD GUILTY.

Masson City Pharmacists Make No Defense. MASSON CITY, February 13.—As a result of the sweeping indictments found against the druggists of this city, seven of them appeared in court and pleaded guilty.

A Girl's Strange Death. SHELTON, February 13.—Maud Straw, aged 18, was found dead at the home of her brother-in-law, L. Winters. The family had been in the country and when found she had been dead three days. Nothing is known of the manner of her death.

BREVITIES.

Memorial exercises in honor of the late Judge George G. Wright were held in the supreme court room at Des Moines a few days ago.

The snow which fell on the 12th was the heaviest of the season. At Burlington there was fully 10 inches, while almost the entire state was covered with the white blanket.

At Hedrick a few mornings since three boys named Merrifield, living alone, quarreled in regard to getting up and making the fire. Joseph, aged 18, told the others to get up or he would kill them. They refused and he fired his 38-caliber Winchester rifle, killing Hugh, aged 9. He then shot himself through the head.

J. D. Alexander, a well known Council Bluffs working man, was detected by a special watchman of the Rock Island, breaking the seal of a freight car. He was placed under arrest. His home was searched by officers and nearly half a carload of valuable goods were found. They were found concealed in a specially arranged room in his cellar. Alexander refuses to talk, but the belief is that he is only one of a gang of thieves who have been committing serious depredations on loaded freight in the company's yards. Alexander has always borne a good reputation and he was thrown out of work at the time of the big fire in the agriculture implement district. He was thrown out of employment and claims he was obliged to steal or let his family starve.

Larry Hayes, a tramp, caused a disturbance in a saloon at Burlington recently and attempted to stab the proprietor, Geo. Plaum, with a large bowie knife. Plaum obtained a 16-shot Winchester and chased Hayes all through the business portion of the city, causing a stampede wherever they went. Hayes finally ran into an area way. Plaum mounted the steps of the Merchants' National bank and rifle in hand waited for his man, and incidentally blocked all traffic, as, owing to his warlike appearance, customers in the bank were afraid to come out and pedestrians quickly fled into side streets and offices near by. Hayes meanwhile was able to be seen in the area way knife in hand waiting for an attack from Plaum. A detail of police finally arrived and arrested both men and allowed business to proceed.

Stout City dispatch: A remarkable case of complicated family troubles has come to a head in Stout City. Harry Mewharter, a druggist of Rock Valley, left his wife and family there and came to Stout City, where he was stopping at a hotel with another woman. The hotel people found this out, and he went away; but, failing to pay his board, he was arrested. Then the woman commenced suit against him, claiming breach of promise of marriage. Then he was arrested on another charge, and the bonds were placed high in all of them. He received word that his mother, hearing of his escapades, was taken ill and was likely to die, and efforts were made to secure his release so that he could go and see her. This failed, and later he received word that his mother had died of a broken heart in Rock Valley. Then his brother arrived and succeeded in giving bonds in the three cases so that he could attend the funeral. But as he was leaving town, another warrant was served on him and he was again taken into custody. Being unable to give bonds, he was not able to attend the funeral of his mother. While he went wrong at the start, it is generally believed that the prosecution of him is not in good faith. His father is a wealthy resident of Rock Valley and he and his brother are the only children.

Joseph Westerbiek, aged 78, was killed by the cars in the C., B. & Q. yards at Burlington.

An Oskaloosa dispatch says: The jury in the case of Banker Gunn and Dr. Boatman, on trial for causing the death of Irene Severt by abortion, returned a verdict of not guilty. As a result of the acquittal of Gunn and Boatman, P. C. Merritt, who was arrested and released on bonds of \$4,000 for being a party to the tragic death of Irene Severt, was remanded to jail and his bonds dismissed by Judge McCoy. Dr. Sigafos, who is at Fremont sick, will be arrested.

At Clinton Dr. Emma Pinney, charged with the murder of Mrs. Johnson, a patient, was found not guilty.

A Boone dispatch says: Stanhope captured 476 confederates and the confederates captured 212,668 unionists. It is computed that there are \$4,000,000 worth in gold and jewels at the bottom of the sea on the route between England and India.

Tincture of iron is one of the most indispensable household remedies and should always be kept at hand. It will drive away ringworm, and, used in moderation, will cure that painful ailment, a soft corn.

ALL OVER THE WORLD

IN CUBA.

NEW YORK, February 10.—The World prints the following copyrighted dispatch from General Campos: "I firmly believe that the recognition of the belligerency of the Cubans is an assault upon international morality, after the policy of destruction followed by the Cubans, and when they have neither a geographical point where we may meet them nor one they have attacked them, and when they have made a stand against columns much inferior in numbers, such as those that pursued them, and when having been in positions almost impregnable have always abandoned them to us. This is my opinion because I am a man of calm judgment, such as my country produced when it acted justly with the states of the union in the war of secession."

HAVANA, February 11.—The steamer Alphonso XIII, having on board General Weyler, the new captain-general and several aides, has arrived. The general received an enthusiastic reception.

BARCELONA, Spain, February 13.—Reinforcements to the number of 5,800 have sailed for Cuba.

EXCITEMENT IN SPAIN.

Funeral of a Man Who Was Shot For Hoisting at Campos Causes Trouble. MADRID, February 10.—This city was the scene of a demonstration that would have required very little to turn it into a serious riot. Gendarmes killed one of a number of men that hoisted Campos. The funeral of the victim was attended by an enormous crowd. Fully 12,000, most of whom were republicans, marched to the cemetery, shouting for the entire distance: "Down with the police," "Down with Campos," and "Long live the republic."

The government anticipated trouble and there was a strong display of gendarmes, who, however, appeared to be afraid to interfere with the procession in any way, lest they provoke a riot. After the funeral the greater portion of the crowd dispersed, but 2,000 of its number again formed in line and marched unmolested back to the royal palace, in front of which they gathered unmolested and shouted, "Death to the king," "Death to the queen regent," and "Long live the republic." Even the guards who are always on duty about the palace seemed to be intimidated by the sullen temper of the mob and made not the slightest attempt to drive them away.

After partly venting their anger against the youthful king and his mother, the crowd marched to the residence of Campos, where a similar demonstration of disapproval was made. The apathy of the police, which was unquestionably due to fear, was significant. A demonstration in the evening was narrowly prevented by the leaders, who feared serious results.

THE QUEEN AND VENEZUELA. Expresses a Desire for an Equitable Arrangement. LONDON, February 12.—The queen's speech to parliament, referring to the Venezuelan affair, says: "The government of the United States of America have expressed a wish to co-operate in the termination of the differences which have existed for many years between my government and the republic of Venezuela upon the question of the boundary between that country and the colony of British Guiana. I have expressed my sympathy with the desire to come to an equitable arrangement and trust that future negotiations will lead to a satisfactory result."

The situation in Turkey is regretted, while the Transvaal raid is deplored and will be thoroughly investigated. After the reading of the speech Sir William Harcourt, liberal leader, Hon. A. J. Balfour, conservative leader, and Mr. Goschen, made speeches especially endorsing the reference to Venezuela, each urging arbitration.

LONDON, February 13.—The most important announcement in the opening day's proceedings in parliament was made by Salisbury respecting Venezuelan affairs. This explicit statement was that direct negotiations with Venezuela would soon be resumed, and a great obstacle to the settlement of the question would be removed thereby.

THERE IS NO HADES.

Nebraska Minister Announces His Belief and Then Resigns. SHELBY, Neb., February 10.—The congregation in a country church northwest of Shelby was surprised when Rev. E. W. Cole, who presided over them, deviated from the usual teachings of the United Brethren Church, and preached that there is no Hades and then severed his connection with the denomination. Rev. Mr. Cole was an active worker in church affairs.

They Split. "I hear," said Slogo, "that the politicians on your way organized a regiment to go to Venezuela."

Filway—Did! Got 700 men the first meeting.

"Organize?" "Naw. All split up over electing officers."

"All wanted to be colonel?" "All! Couldn't get a man to touch it."

"Why, what do you mean?" "A hundred and seventy-five wanted to be sutler, and 23 were devil-bent on being quartermaster. Wouldn't a man give in, so we quit."

The importation of slaves into the United States was prohibited by congress Friday, January 1, 1808.

During the war the union troops captured 476 confederates and the confederates captured 212,668 unionists. It is computed that there are \$4,000,000 worth in gold and jewels at the bottom of the sea on the route between England and India.

Tincture of iron is one of the most indispensable household remedies and should always be kept at hand. It will drive away ringworm, and, used in moderation, will cure that painful ailment, a soft corn.

THE WALLER CASE.

Olney Says Waller Was Certainly Guilty.

WASHINGTON, February 12.—The president has sent to congress a long report from Secretary Olney and all the correspondence in the case of John L. Waller, ex-United States consul to Tamateva, and now confined in a French prison under conviction of treason. Secretary Olney says that Waller was unquestionably guilty of the offense charged and that the penalty inflicted would be considered exceedingly moderate, but the French government made an offer to release Waller from further imprisonment and to pardon his offense on condition that the affair be thereby terminated as between the two governments and that the United States should make no claim for damages in behalf of the accused consul based on his arrest, conviction and imprisonment. Ambassador Rustis, it appears from the correspondence, had been instructed to give notice to the French government of the acceptance by the United States of these conditions and to exchange the notes necessary to carry out the arrangement. Waller, however, acting under the advice of his wife and his brother-in-law, who are at Washington, has not consented to the arrangement and still insists that he shall receive compensation from France. Mr. Rustis has been instructed to furnish Waller with means to reach the United States should he desire to come.

DARING BANK ROBBERY.

Craekmen Wreck the Safe of a Savannah, Mo., Bank. ST. JOSEPH, Mo., February 10.—Three experienced craekmen wrecked the State bank of Savannah, securing \$25,000 in money, government bonds and postage stamps. At 1 o'clock a. m. Night Watchman Gating saw three men working at the front door of the bank. He asked them what they were doing. One of the robbers, without replying, knocked Gating down, carried him into the lobby of the bank and bound and blindfolded him. He then stood guard over Gating with a cocked pistol while the remaining two robbers drilled a hole in the safe, which was an old-fashioned affair, and succeeded in unlocking it from the inside. At 9 o'clock a. m. Bank President William R. Wells found Gating in the condition described. In the meantime the robbers, of whom there is no clue, had had plenty of time to make good their escape. Mrs. Mary Breckenridge lost \$14,000 in government bonds, of which the coupons for January had not been clipped. The postmaster lost \$275 in stamps and \$250 in money. Other local depositors lost \$10,000. For twenty-five years Mrs. Breckenridge had kept these bonds in her house. They had been deposited in the bank less than a week.

GLADSTONE'S MOTIVE. Wants to Go to Parliament Again to Help the Armenians. GLASGOW, February 13.—The Herald learns that Gladstone is greatly inclined to stand again for parliament at the first available opportunity in order to support the Armenians. The Herald adds that Gladstone does not conceal his conviction that both political parties in Great Britain have betrayed Armenia.

Kruger Will Go to England. LONDON, February 12.—President Kruger of the Transvaal, has accepted the invitation extended to him by Colonial Secretary Chamberlain to come to England, accompanied by some members of the Transvaal executive to act as a commission. Probably a special session of the volksraad will be called to grant a formal sanction and to nominate a commission.

Spain Seared at a Meteor. MADRID, February 12.—An immense aerolite exploded twenty miles in the air above the city. There was a vivid glare of light and a loud report, followed by a general panic. All buildings were shaken and many windows shattered.

TERSE NEWS. On the 7th the president signed the bill prohibiting prize fighting in the territories.

Ex-Senator Manderson, of Nebraska, is now a full-fledged candidate for the republican presidential nomination.

A bridge on the New England railroad over the Pequabee river, near Bristol, Conn., collapsed, carrying with it twenty workmen, of whom eleven perished.

New York dispatch: The republican state central committee has decided that the state convention will be held March 24, in this city. The presidential candidacy of Governor Morton is endorsed.

The classifying of bids for the new loan above the rate bid by the Morgan syndicate is completed. Seven hundred and eighty-one bids for a total of \$66,788,650 were above the syndicate's. This leaves the amount which is to be awarded to the Morgan syndicate \$34,211,350.

The Ohio republican state committee decided that the state convention will be held at Columbus March 10. J. B. Foraker will be temporary chairman. A resolution was adopted endorsing McKinley for president.

It is asserted that there is a movement on foot among the leading republicans of Indiana to send ex-President Harrison to the national convention at St. Louis as one of the delegates-at-large. His friends declare he would exercise a commanding influence in that body, and, if he chose to do so, could secure the nomination of Senator Allison.

Wm. H. English, colleague of Gen. Hancock in the campaign of 1850, died at Indianapolis on the 7th.

The British minister at Rio Janeiro has recently received a dispatch from England ordering him to recognize the sovereignty of Brazil in the island of Trinidad. It is now probable that Brazil will permit Great Britain to establish a telegraph station on the island for her south Atlantic squadron and she will grant the right to lay a cable on its shores. In diplomatic circles great satisfaction is expressed over the amicable settlement of the question.

DOINGS OF CONGRESS.

SENATE.

WASHINGTON, February 6.—Tarpie addressed the senate in favor of election of senators by popular vote. House bill prohibiting prize fighting in the territories was brought over from the house and at once passed. Resolution to distribute appropriation bills among various committees came up and Allison opposed the change in a vigorous speech. Proctor favored the plan, but complimented Allison both for his argument and for his work on the appropriation committee.

HOUSE. The senate free coinage substitute for the house bond bill was debated five hours in the house this afternoon and for three hours at the night session. Nevertheless, the pressure from members for time to present their views is so great that it seems possible now that the debate may run over into next week. Adjourned.

SENATE. WASHINGTON, February 7.—Senator Frye was to-day unanimously chosen president pro tem. Without secured the passage of a bill opening up the forest reservations of Colorado for the locating of mining claims. Allison addressed the senate on the Davis resolution relative to the Monroe doctrine. We cannot, he maintained, permit Great Britain or any other foreign power to determine when and to what extent the acquisition of territory on the western hemisphere will imperil our government. Blanchard spoke for the passage of Hansbrough's seed resolution. Resolution contemplating changes in handling of appropriation bills came up and Allison moved to refer to committee on rules to be reported back without amendment the first Monday of next December. Carried. Adjourned.

HOUSE. Talbert, of South Carolina, speaking to a question of personal privilege said South Carolina was right when she seceded and he thought the south would do so again under the same circumstances. Pearson said the words were treasonable and seditious and offered a resolution that Talbert had violated his oath. It was referred to the judiciary committee. President's message transmitting report of Nicaragua canal commission was laid before the house. At a night session the bond bill was discussed.

HOUSE. WASHINGTON, February 8.—The debate on the free coinage substitute for the bond bill continued during the day, a night session also being held.

SENATE. WASHINGTON, February 10.—Cameron offered a joint resolution which quotes the president's reference to the Cuban war in his last message; declares that there are no means of securing peace to Cuba except by giving the right of self-government, and offers Spain the friendly offices of the United States to bring about this result. Smith addressed the senate on the Monroe doctrine. He concluded by saying the senate should pass the appropriation bills at once and then adjourn. Consideration of the resolution relative to distribution of seeds was taken up and Vest continued his criticism of the secretary of agriculture. He offered a substitute resolution, directing the purchase and distribution of seeds as in previous years and to procure them by open purchase or contract. Pettigrew offered a resolution providing for foreclosure of the mortgages against the Missouri Pacific and Kansas Pacific roads.

HOUSE. Debate on the bond bill proceeded until noon. Death of Representative Crain of Texas was announced and, as a mark of respect, the house adjourned.

SENATE. WASHINGTON, February 11.—The long pending resolution, which has brought out much criticism of the secretary of agriculture, was passed without division. The measure was amended so as to provide that the purchase and distribution of seeds shall proceed as heretofore. Blanchard was then recognized for a speech on the Monroe doctrine. He urged that the president's reassertion of the doctrine be given the sanction of legislative endorsement. Urgency deficiency bill was taken up and an application from Carlisle for an appropriation for twenty-five expert money counters caused long wrangle over the civil service law. Executive session; adjourned.

HOUSE. The early proceedings of the house were entirely given up to District of Columbia business, but in the late afternoon and evening several addresses were made on the bond bill.

SENATE. WASHINGTON, February 12.—Peffer presented a resolution for a special committee to investigate the circumstances of all recent bond issues. Project for a memorial bridge across the Potomac river, connecting Washington and the old Arlington property, passed. Consideration of emergency deficiency bill was resumed. The fee system of paying United States marshals up and a general attack. Bill making Lincoln's birthday a national holiday came up, but was laid over. Adjourned.

HOUSE. Debate on the bond bill was resumed. Among the speakers was Dolliver of Iowa, who opposed the silver substitute.

SENATE. Olinus Must Apologize. SAN FRANCISCO, February 12.—Advice from Honolulu to the newspapers say that unless Secretary Olney apologizes for the actions of Minister Willis, that official may be given his passports soon. The trouble all grows out of an invitation issued by the Hawaiian foreign office to participate in the national holiday on January 17, the anniversary of the overthrow of the monarchy. Willis refused to take part in the celebration on the ground that President Cleveland did not approve of the manner in which the monarchy was overthrown.

The healthfulness of people who breathe air bearing the odors of resinous trees has long been known. The smoke from the burning of resinous wood has very powerful disinfecting properties, and that also in moderate degrees is healthful to breathe. The carbonic acid gas found in all smoke is poisonous, but that is heavier and remains near the ground, while the upper strata of air carries the resinous odors. In cases of sickness it is a help to guard against infection to burn small pieces of resinous wood and allow its smoke to mix with the atmosphere in the house.

Gov. Morton was born on May 16, 1824, and will therefore be 72 years old this spring. The late George Bliss was 79 at the time of his death.

Queen Victoria, upon the coming of age on April 10 of Walter Maxwell Scott, great-great-grandson of Sir Walter Scott and his wife Abbotsford, will confer a baronetcy upon him. Young Scott's mother is the daughter of the late James Hope Scott. Her mother was the daughter of Lockhart, who married the daughter of Sir Walter Scott. Walter Maxwell Scott is, through the female line, the direct heir of the great author.

Earliest Radishes and Peas.

The editor urges all readers to grow the earliest vegetables. They pay well. Seeds are bred to earliness, they grow and produce every time, none so early, so fine as Salzer's. Try his radishes, cabbage, peas, beets, cucumbers, lettuce, corn, etc! Money in it for you. Salzer is the largest grower of vegetables, farm seeds, grasses, clovers, potatoes, etc.

If you will cut out this ad and send to the John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis., with 10c postage, you will get sample package of Early Bird Radish (ready in 16 days) and their great catalogue. Catalogue alone 5c postage. W. R.

A Rising "Anti-Monopolist." "Oh, well, mayor of the town's letter than no office—even for a young man," observed the father, "but I'm afraid it will take you a long time to become famous." "So—A long time? And two street railroads already started!"

Jessie Bartlett Davis is putting a publishing house which put her portrait on the title page of a sensational novel.

Nervous

People wonder why their nerves are so weak; why they get tired so easily; why they do not sleep naturally; why they have frequent headaches, indigestion and Nervous Dyspepsia. The explanation is simple. It is found in that impure blood feeding the nerves on refuse instead of the elements of strength and vigor. Opium and nerve compounds simply deaden and do not cure. Hood's Sarsaparilla feeds the nerves pure, rich blood; gives natural sleep, perfect digestion, is the true remedy for all nervous troubles.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the One True Blood Purifier. All druggists. \$1. cure Liver Ills; easy to take. Easy to operate. 25c.

Unanimous Choice

The New York Morning Journal recently offered ten leading makes of bicycles as prizes in a guessing contest,

IN THE LEGISLATURE

DES MOINES, February 6.—Bills were introduced as follows: By Ellis, relating to farmers' and citizens' voluntary insurance associations; by Ellison, to appropriate money for Anamosa penitentiary; by Harriman, relating to mutual building and loan associations; by Jenkins, appropriating for institution of feeble-minded children at Glenwood; by Rowen, to increase support fund of the boys' department of the industrial school; also making appropriation for Elders school; by Sargeant, making appropriation for state normal school at Cedar Falls. Berry's resolution to prohibit introduction of bills after February 20 was referred to committee on code revision. Resolution against gambling in futures was referred to judiciary committee. Committee on military and naval affairs reported postponement of a number of minor bills. Trewin introduced a memorial against any introduction of living or dead men on the soldiers' monument. Bill relative to sale of undelivered packages by carriers was ordered engrossed. Adjourned.

As a committee to draft resolutions on the death of Hon. M. F. Butler, the speaker appointed Messrs. Chapman, Power and Miller of Cherokee. Bills were introduced as follows: By Gurley, to prevent poultry from running at large in cities and towns; by Hanger, to appropriate for support of the state normal school at Cedar Rapids; by Lander, to provide for care and treatment of epileptics; also to purchase land for site of hospital for epileptics; by McQuinn, making appropriation for college of the blind at Vinton; by Nettler, providing for uniform form of fire insurance; by St. John, for appropriation for support of Iowa weather and crop service; by Wheeler, to facilitate the drainage of wet lands. Bill to amend code relative to evidence against gamblers, not allowing witnesses to escape through the claim that they would criminate themselves, was indefinitely postponed. Morrison's bill prohibiting the manufacture and sale of cigarettes came up and Morrison moved to substitute the senate bill and adopt it. A motion to refer to committee on public health was lost. Adjourned.

DES MOINES, February 7.—A large number of petitions were presented. Bills were presented as follows: By Ellis, excepting from penalties the manufacture and sale of liquors; by Hotechki, to prevent insolvent insurance companies from doing business; and providing penalties; by Palmer, to appropriate money for hospital for insane at Mt. Pleasant; also, to regulate soliciting, and sale of nursery stock; by Penrose, making appropriation for college for blind at Vinton. House refused to concur in senate resolution for special joint committee on soldiers' monument and resolution relative to medals was referred to military committee. Bills to prevent blindness and creating a state board of examining were reported favorably. Berry's resolution relative to shutting off introduction of bills after 20th was defeated. Carney offered a resolution with similar provisions. Healy's resolution providing for printing text of laws was adopted. The senate could work with light, was debated at length. Referred to code committee. Adjourned.

Smith of Greene offered a resolution to appoint a committee of three from the house and two from the senate to investigate charges of unjust discrimination in the selection of faces for the medallions on soldiers' monument and to investigate all acts of the commission. Laid over. Motion to reconsider vote by which cigarette bill was referred to committee carried. Senate resolution for appointment of committee on soldiers' monument was not concurred in. Resolution of inquiry as to cost of soldiers' monument was adopted. Bills were introduced as follows: By Dombleday, to indemnify counties for care of poor in certain cases; by Finch, relating to sale of intoxicating liquors; by Klemme, to amend code in relation to transportation of intoxicating liquors; by Lander, to provide for the keeping of resorts for sale of opium and its preparations; by Loomis, to appropriate for the penitentiary at Anamosa; by Mullen, to appropriate for hospital for insane at Mt. Pleasant; by Parker, to appropriate for the institution for feeble-minded children at Glenwood; by Perrott, to provide substitute for law governing mutual building and loan associations; by Powers, to prevent combinations in rates by insurance companies. Finch's bill enabling writs of attachment to be served and actions to be brought in one county against residents of another county passed. Bill defining fraternal beneficiary societies was before the house at adjournment.

DES MOINES, February 8.—Bills were introduced as follows: By Chesire, to enable cities of the first class to purchase water-works; to amend act to tax sale of intoxicating liquors and regulate same; by Harriman, to pay salary of J. W. Lark for salary for his unexpired term; by Phelps, to authorize the purchase of Gillespie's voting machine at elections; by Riggen, relating to sale of liquor by pharmacists; by Chesire, making appropriation for Benedict home at Des Moines. Bill against combination of fire insurance companies was recommended for passage. Resolution for joint convention of regents and trustees of state institutions on February 13 was adopted. Himman's bill authorizing townships to build public halls for elections and public meetings passed. Carney's resolution to limit admission of bills into the senate was taken up and February 20th inserted instead of the 20th and the resolution was then adopted. Adjourned.

Petition on anti-cigarettes, Bonaparte dam, plumbers and insurance were offered. These bills were introduced: By Davis, prohibiting sale of beer by druggists; by Dombleday, to indemnify counties for care of insane persons; by Lander, relating to term of additional supreme judge; by Mullen, to appropriate for agriculture society; by Mullen, to provide for the equal assessment of personal property; also to create the Twentieth judicial district of Iowa and to provide for election of judge; by Reed, to establish a chair of pedagogy in agricultural college; by Wilson, relating to suits against insurance companies and the organization and control of mutual building and loan associations and the better protection of stockholders in such associations. Garner offered a resolution to amend constitution relative to justices of the peace. Fraternal beneficiary society bill came up. It provides that no society can be considered such unless it pays benefits in case of death. Passed. Bill for relief of asylum for orphan children at Andrew passed. Adjourned.

DES MOINES, February 10.—A large list of petitions on the ordinary subjects were presented. These bills were introduced: By Garrell, to make an appropriation to manufacturers department of the state agricultural society; by Harper, relative to expense of local board of health; by Pinsky, providing for organization, examination, regulation and control of private building

and loan associations; by Sargeant, to amend code relative to teachers' certificates; by Sargeant, to provide for protection of public and employes of electric roads, for vestibules and extra brakes, and to be under control of railroad commission; by Waterman, to punish the crime of unlawfully making express or express cars, by Blanchard, to prohibit use of impure oil in coal mines and provide penalties for violation. This bill was a substitute for one which had passed, but had been found inadequate. It passed. Ellis offered a substitute for bill for protection of logs in streams, which had passed, and the substitute passed. Adjourned.

A communication from Eureka Springs, Ark., asking an appropriation for a monument and memorial hall to the blue and gray was referred to the military committee. Bills were introduced as follows: By Mayne, relative to building and loan associations; also one governing foreign building and loan associations; by Van Houten, to prevent manufacture and sale of adulterated food and drugs. Chapman's bill to prevent use of gambling in justice courts passed. Crow's buckwheat flour and sugar molasses bill was indefinitely postponed. Morrison of Keokuk offered a joint resolution relative to pardon of A. F. Hackett, who killed the dispenser of his sister at Osakloosa. Bill to appropriate money to purchase portraits of ex-governors Gear, Sherman, Larrabee, Botsford and Jackson for the governor's rooms passed. Adjourned.

DES MOINES, February 11.—Bills were introduced as follows: By Chesire, making appropriation for girls' department state industrial school at Mitchellville; by Junkin, providing for auditing and payment of certain expenses of district judges; also to amend code relative to powers of supervisors. Several house bills of minor importance were received and referred. A bill revising the code relative to military procedure. Carpenter moved to take up consideration of the bill relating to testimony in prosecutions for keeping of gambling houses. On vote the substitute recommended by the committee was adopted by a practically unanimous vote. At 11:45 the senate was addressed by ex-Governor Alvin Saunders, of Nebraska, who was a former member of the state senate from 1854 to 1861.

Bills were introduced as follows: By Allen, to amend code relative to assessment of taxes; by Byington, to appropriate money for State Historical Society; by Davis, to authorize purchase and use of the Gillespie voting machine; by Dowell, to appropriate for industrial school at Mitchellville; by Morrison of Keokuk, to amend code relative to sale of petroleum and its products; by Voelker, to compel street railroads to protect their employees from the inclemency of the weather; by Whittier, to amend code relative to attachments and garnishments. Bill amending code so that no physician who is a member of the faculty of any medical school or connected directly or indirectly therewith can be eligible to membership in the state board of health passed. Bill relative to duties of assessors was indefinitely postponed. Whelan's bill amending code relative to redemption from sheriff's sale passed, as also did Hanger's bill relative to teachers' certificates. Adjourned.

DES MOINES, February 12.—The grist of petitions grows larger each day. They refer chiefly to age of consent, fish and game, regulation of express companies, soldiers' monument, manufacture of liquors, reestablishment of fraternal societies, etc. Bills were introduced as follows: By Eaton, making appropriation for hospital for the insane at Clarinda; by Garst, to authorize executive council to purchase or condemn real property for use of state and ornament and beautify same; by Healy, to regulate banks and protect persons or corporations carrying real estate or personal property. County board of health favorably the resolution providing for a woman's suffrage amendment to the constitution. The age of consent bill came up and the two committee reports were laid before the house. Mitchell moved to substitute the minority report, raising the age to 16 to 18, for the majority report, making it 14 to 16. Rowen then addressed the senate in favor of the bill. He was followed by Ellis in opposition.

The bills were recommended for passage: To prohibit pharmacists from handling malt liquors; to provide for libraries for towns and villages; to allow cities to purchase shares in fraternal societies, etc. Bills were introduced as follows: By Baker, to exempt crematories from taxation; by Cook, to provide uniform text books for schools; by Early, to prevent the issuance of policies by fire insurance companies without first having complied with the law; also to prevent the placing of insurance by agents outside of the state; by Frink, to appropriate for hospital for insane at Clarinda; by Merrill, to provide for incinerating bodies of persons who die of infectious diseases; by Merriman, to provide a substitute for the law governing mutual building and loan associations; by Parrott, to establish a state board of examining; by Spaulding, to protect laborers in their right to work during strikes; by Temple, to amend constitution relative to election of state officers; by Wells, to place express companies under the control of the railroad commission. Bill permitting cities to issue bonds to purchase water works passed. These bills passed. Cornwall's bill relating to jail breakers; Hanger's bill relating to teachers' certificates; Finch's bill authorizing executive council to sell part of state fair grounds and procure land for a mile track; Nettler's bill providing for publication of proceedings of State Dairy Association. Adjourned.

ONE KILLED, SIX INJURED. Hundred and Ten Horse Power Boiler Explodes in a Cotton Mill. Pawtucket, R. I., Feb. 11.—One man was killed, one fatally injured and five others slightly hurt by the explosion of a 110-horse power boiler at the Ann and Hope cotton mill, Lonsdale, Monday. The victims are: PATRICK MCCANNON, unmarried fireman; instantly killed. HUGH MCALREN, married, two children, coal carrier; fractured skull, will die. JAMES FINNIGAN, fireman; badly scalded; will recover.

The engineer, assistant engineer, and crew from a coal carrier, who were in the building at the time, were also hurt, but their injuries are not serious. New Lumber Company Formed. Keokuk, Feb. 10.—The S. C. & S. Carter company, lumbermen and mill operators, with a capital stock of \$60,000, was incorporated here today by J. C. W. L. Carter, and Charles J. Carter of Kansas City.

TO SAVE THEIR QUEUES.

Corean Rebellion Against Imperial Order to Change Style of Hair Cut. SAN FRANCISCO, February 9.—The steamer Gaelic, from Hong Kong and Yokohama, brought the following advice: Of the many changes introduced in rapid succession in Corea, the recent adoption of the western method of hair dressing has attracted the most attention. The king recently issued a proclamation urging the sacrifice of the queues and set the example by having his own hair cut. The prince royal followed suit. The proclamation created consternation in both official and private circles. The minister of education resigned and returned to his country home when his protests at the innovation were disregarded. Many lesser government officials also resigned rather than sacrifice their locks. The proclamation excited alarm among the people at large, but at each of the four gates of the capital constables are posted to await the coming of country people to compel them to submit to the barbers who are in waiting for their hair. Western hats and coats are generally adopted by those who lose their queues. In the rural districts the people have broken into open revolution. Many local governors have resigned their posts owing to their unwillingness to cut off their queues. Several hundred people have fled to the mountains and as many more are under arms preparing to attack the Corean troops. The rebellion in Formosa is unchecked. One army of rebels has taken up its position at Tou-Wei and another has assembled at Camphor Mount. The troops are confident of defeating the rebels, but cannot attack them in their mountain retreats.

YOUNG WOMAN IN IT NOW.

Pearl Bryan's Murder Confessed by a Former Friend of the Girl. CINCINNATI, February 12.—It is not known where Pearl Bryan was murdered, how she was murdered, or when she was murdered. The head has not yet been found. It has been believed that she was murdered Friday night, January 31, but now the theory is held that she was murdered on Thursday night. And now comes the story of May Lulu Hollingsworth, of Indianapolis, that she was with Pearl in Indianapolis when the latter bought drugs with suicidal intent, etc. As Miss Hollingsworth is considered as an intimate friend of Jackson, the detectives have paid special attention to the Indianapolis end of the story, while the search for the head and all possible information was kept up by the officers in Cincinnati, at Covington, Newport and elsewhere. It is believed that the trials of the murderers will be in Kentucky and the trials of accomplices in abortion in Indiana and Ohio, and even then the mystery may not be cleared up. Walling and Jackson are each endeavoring to place the guilt upon the other.

CINCINNATI, February 13.—The coroner's jury in the Pearl Bryan case find that cocaine was administered to her; that she was decapitated while still alive and at the place where the body was found, and holds Scott Jackson and Alonzo M. Walling accountable for her death.

SULTAN OFFERS COMPROMISE.

Annex to Armenians—Armenians Must Die Before Spring. CONSTANTINOPLE, February 13.—The porte has informed the powers that it will grant amnesty to revolting Armenians of Zeitoun, if they will lay down their arms, but declares the revolutionary Hintschaks in Zeitoun must surrender their rifles of modern make which they have secured. Protection is promised and an effort will be made to assist them the remainder of the winter and spring. The government insists on settling the matters of taxes with the Zeitounis themselves. These conditions will be forwarded to the foreign consuls at Zeitoun for submission to the insurgents. These concessions by Turkey are believed to be the outgrowth of a conviction of its inability to subdue the inhabitants by force of arms.

Uhl Appointed. WASHINGTON, February 11.—The president has appointed Edwin F. Uhl, of Michigan, to be ambassador extraordinary and plenipotentiary of the United States to Germany.

IOWA PATENT OFFICE REPORT.

DES MOINES, February 10.—Seven United States patents were issued to Iowa inventors last week, as follows: To E. F. Greene, of Fort Dodge, for a music case or portfolio; to G. D. Henry, of West Grove, for a screen; to B. H. Long, of Palo, for a shock-compressor; to William Peterson, of Clinton, for a clothes-lifter; to G. C. Poling, of Harlan, for a fastener for overshoes; to A. F. Reiste, of Panther, for a fence-stay; to Rachel W. Springmire, of Tiffin, for a dish-ringer. Valuable information about obtaining, valuing and selling patents sent free to any address. Printed copies of the drawings and specifications of any one United States patent sent upon receipt of 25 cents.

THOMAS G. AND J. RALPH ORWIG, Solicitors of Patents.

It was about 1876 in Massachusetts that the first woman, Mistress Abigail Adams, asked for the right of suffrage. Miss Mable E. Adams, of Quincy, in that state, who has just been elected to the school board, and who is one of the leading orators in the political equality cause, is said to be one of her descendants. Miss Adams is a student as well as a speaker and a writer and has given considerable time and thought to the domestic relations and conditions of American society at the present time.

A woman working in a factory at Coloma, Mich., for seventy-five cents a day, last week fell heir to a fortune of \$62,000 through the death of an uncle in Germany. The important question, "Shall Women Propose?" has been decided. The Bachelor Girl's Club of Paw Paw, Mich., debated it last week and unanimously decided that she shall. Strawberries are ripe and being picked for shipment in Hillsborough, Fla. The first crate of this season's strawberries left that place three or four days ago. The berries are in excellent condition, and a prospect is good for a large crop.

PARALYSIS.

From the Press, New York City. Morris Praelner, of No. 1 Pitt Street, New York, who is a real estate agent and collector of rents, caught a severe cold early last spring, which settled upon his kidneys. Soon he began to suffer severe pain in his back, sides and chest. His symptoms grew rapidly more acute until at last he was as helpless as a child, and could scarcely move as he lay on his bed.

Though a native of Berlin, Mr. Praelner has lived in this country for forty years, having served the country of his adoption by three years' hard service in the civil war. He enlisted with the Nineteenth Illinois Infantry, taking part in many battles and marching with General Sherman to the sea. He is now a member of Koltes Post, G. A. P., and is one of the most popular men in the Post.

Mr. Praelner told a reporter the story of his dreadful illness and wonderful recovery. He said that he had been interrupted by a long walk, and, saying that he had heard of his wonderful cure, asked him to tell the story. His words were as follows: "To begin with, I was taken sick just a year and a month ago, having taken a severe cold which settled on my kidneys. At first I thought it was a cold, but it would soon pass away, but, instead of doing this, it grew more intense every day, so that I was unable to walk or do anything but lie in bed. I called in a doctor, who said I had locomotor ataxia and began treating me for several weeks. He did not improve and all summer long I could scarcely attend to my business at all. Then I called another doctor and took his medicine for several weeks, but it did me no good. Dr. Truman Nichols, of No. 287 East Broadway, whom I at last called in, helped me more than any other doctor, but along towards fall I grew worse despite his treatment.

"Early in November the little streets were very muddy and I was unable to stand. The pain in my back and sides became almost unbearable, and my limbs grew cold. I was unable to get up, and I felt as if I were being crushed. I had read of a wonderful cure a man had received from Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People, but was so prejudiced against such a thing that I did not think I could make up my mind to try them. As my pains increased and death seemed near, I thought of what I had read of and of the symptoms of the man who had been cured. They were precisely the same as mine. I bought a box of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People and took them as directed. I am now convinced that these pills saved my life. Gradually my strength began to return, the desire to live grew stronger within me. After having taken three boxes I left my bed. This was early in March. All pain had left me, and that terrible dead feeling in my legs had gone away. I was still very weak, but before a week I could walk a short walk in the open air. Now I feel as if I had been born again and am as happy as a child. I have read of all diseases, such as locomotor ataxia, St. Vitus' dance, partial paralysis, sciatica, rheumatism, neuralgia, nervous indigestion, the headache, the effects of the grippe, pale and sallow complexion, and all forms of weakness, either in man or woman, disappear when Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People are taken. Pink Pills can be bought of any dealer, or will be sent post paid on receipt of price, cents a box or six boxes for \$6.—They are never sold by the hundred or in bulk by addressing Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y.

How to Buy a Carriage. The great need of the times is a condition whereby the producer and consumer may deal with each other without the intervention of the middle man. The common carrier should be only a middle man. The Elkhart Carriage and Harness Co., of Elkhart, Ind., deals directly with the consumer. Their goods are shipped anywhere for examination before sale. Every carriage, every set of harness, every article sold is made to order. One hundred styles of carriages, ninety styles of harness and forty-one styles of riding saddles. Send for their 112 page catalogue. This concern does an extensive business throughout the United States.

Adelina Patti declares that the greatest sorrow of her life is the fact that she is childless.

\$100 Reward, \$100. The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one cure for that terrible disease, Bronchitis, which has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the system strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials. Address: F. J. CLEGG & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by druggists; 75c. Hall's Family Pills, 25c.

Telegraph operators in Germany receive \$5.11 a week; in Italy, \$5.20.

BETTER WALK A MILE than fall to get a 5-cent package of Cut and Slash smoking tobacco if you want to enjoy a real good smoke. Cut and Slash cheroots are as good as many 5-cent cigars, and you get three for 5 cents. Sure to please.

'The life of a bee depends upon the work it does. When it labors its life is shortest.

Colorado Gold Mines. If you are interested in gold mining or wish to keep posted regarding the wonderful strides being made in Colorado, it will pay you to send fifty cents for a year's subscription to The Gold Miner, an illustrated monthly paper published at Denver.

Select the best stock in the apiary for queen raising.

FITS—All Fits stopped free by Dr. Kline's Great Kidney and Bladder Remedy. It is a new discovery. Send to Dr. Kline, 153 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa., for a free trial.

be chance of a lifetime is sometimes merely an opportunity to quit.

"A Cup of Parks' Tea at night moves the bowels in the morning."

To learn how to live well we must learn how to live one day at a time.

Hegeman's Camphor Ice with Glycerine. The original and only good Camphor Ice. Made by Dr. J. C. Clark Co., N. Haven, Conn.

James O'Neill's first role was the sentinel in "Macbeth." He played it at the National theater, Cincinnati, during the war.

If the Baby is Cutting Teeth. Be sure and use that old and well-tried remedy, Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children Teething.

"The Sporting Duchess" has passed its two hundredth performance at the Academy of Music, New York.

John Haris has not yet decided whether he will go to Australia from America.

Sow's udder, fringed, were regarded as a great delicacy in Roman times.

HINTS FOR THE HOUSEHOLD.

Cracker jars made from silver or other metal, with a cover that fits closely, will keep the biscuits fresh longer than those made of china. To remove a glass stopper from a bottle, when it is tightly wedged in, hold the neck of the bottle over a lighted match or place in hot water a few moments. Heat will expand the glass. A piece of carbonate of ammonia the size of a small pea put into the water in which vegetables are cooked preserves the color. The ammonia evaporates in the boiling. It will also prevent the odor of boiling cabbage.

Walter Baker & Co., Limited, Dorchester, Mass., the well-known manufacturers of Breakfast Cocoa and Cocoa and Chocolate preparations, have an extraordinary collection of medals and diplomas awarded at the great international and other exhibitions in Europe and America. Their house has had an interrupted prosperity for nearly a century and a quarter and is now not only the oldest but the largest establishment of the kind on this continent. The high degree of perfection which the company has attained in its manufactured products is the result of long experience, combined with an intelligent use of the new forces which are constantly being introduced to increase the power and improve the quality of production, and to cheapen the cost to the consumer. The full strength and the exquisite natural flavor of the raw material are preserved unimpaired in all of Walter Baker & Company's preparations; so that their products may truly be said to form the standard for purity and excellence. In view of the many imitations of the name, labels and wrappers on their goods consumers should ask for and be sure that they get the genuine articles made at Dorchester, Mass.

No Alliance Possible. "But you love him?" "And yet your father won't consent." "He hasn't been asked, but I know it is hopeless for Henry to ask him. Father's wife is a man, and Henry's father was a Harvard."

LET THE EARTH REJOICE AND farmers sing. With our new hardy grasses, clovers and fodder plants the poorest, most worn-out, roughest, worst piece of land can be made as fertile as the valley of the Nile. Only take this year or so to do it! At the same time you will be getting big crops! Teosinte, Giant Spurry, Scallion, Lathyrus, what a variety of names! Catalogue tells you! If you will cut this out and send it to the John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis., with 10c. postage, you will get a free mammoth catalogue and ten grass and grain fodder samples (worth \$10.00 to get a start). W.N.

Appreciation. Papa—Here's a nice little savings bank for you, Willie. Willie—Won't you give me a quarter, papa? Papa—What for? Willie—To put in my nice little savings bank.

Oklahoma. No little interest is centered in the result of congressional action on the matter of statehood for Oklahoma and the Indian country.

One thing is self-evident to all well posted persons, and that is, if the two territories were united into one state, its almost unlimited mining industries and extensive and rich agricultural area would make it rank well up among the richest states of the union.

A Query. "It is generally conceded, I believe, that life is a span." "Yes, I believe so." "It is also conceded that death is a riderless horse." "Yes." "Well, what becomes of the other horse?"

Completely Surrounded. "William," said Mrs. Elderly, "our daughter seems to be completely wrapped up in that young Spiller." "Peering through the portiere, the old man discovered that it was so."

Of Course. "Do you let your wife have her own way?" "Oh, yes; it's only when she wants to have mine that I object."

Bronchitis. Sudden changes of the weather cause Bronchial Troubles. "Bronchial Troubles" will give effective relief.

In England less than ninety years ago it was not unusual for a man to sell his wife into servitude.

It is more than wonderful how patent medicine can cure. Get peace and comfort by removing them with Hildebrand's.

The trend of inventive thought is shown by 1,704 electric patents granted in the United States, and 1,180 in England, last year.

Health once impaired is not easily regained, yet Parker's Ching-Tonic has attained these results in many cases. Good for every weakness and disease. Sold by druggists; 75c. Hall's Family Pills, 25c.

Telegraph operators in Germany receive \$5.11 a week; in Italy, \$5.20.

BETTER WALK A MILE than fall to get a 5-cent package of Cut and Slash smoking tobacco if you want to enjoy a real good smoke. Cut and Slash cheroots are as good as many 5-cent cigars, and you get three for 5 cents. Sure to please.

'The life of a bee depends upon the work it does. When it labors its life is shortest.

Colorado Gold Mines. If you are interested in gold mining or wish to keep posted regarding the wonderful strides being made in Colorado, it will pay you to send fifty cents for a year's subscription to The Gold Miner, an illustrated monthly paper published at Denver.

Select the best stock in the apiary for queen raising.

FITS—All Fits stopped free by Dr. Kline's Great Kidney and Bladder Remedy. It is a new discovery. Send to Dr. Kline, 153 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa., for a free trial.

be chance of a lifetime is sometimes merely an opportunity to quit.

"A Cup of Parks' Tea at night moves the bowels in the morning."

To learn how to live well we must learn how to live one day at a time.

Hegeman's Camphor Ice with Glycerine. The original and only good Camphor Ice. Made by Dr. J. C. Clark Co., N. Haven, Conn.

James O'Neill's first role was the sentinel in "Macbeth." He played it at the National theater, Cincinnati, during the war.

If the Baby is Cutting Teeth. Be sure and use that old and well-tried remedy, Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children Teething.

"The Sporting Duchess" has passed its two hundredth performance at the Academy of Music, New York.

John Haris has not yet decided whether he will go to Australia from America.

Sow's udder, fringed, were regarded as a great delicacy in Roman times.

Skeptical. "Do you believe in second sight?" Inquired Teepee Tom. "Not for this part of the country," replied Derringer Dan. "You want shot the first time you squint over the barrel, or you'll be no better off a chance to squeeze the trigger at all." We Are Poisoned by Air and Water. When they contain the germs of malaria, cholera and fever, bilious remittent or dumb ague, use persistently and regularly Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, which also remedies dyspepsia, liver trouble, constipation, loss of strength, nervousness, rheumatism and kidney complaint. Appetite and sleep are improved by this thorough medicinal agent, and the infirmities of the age mitigated by it. A wineglassful three times a day. Fanny Davenport may be seen next season in a new play by an American author. Two bottles of Piso's Cure for Consumption cured me of a bad lung trouble.—Mrs. J. Nichols, Princeton, Ind., March 29, 1895. A pigeon is within a fowl and both are within a goose in a Yorkshire pie.

Never Out of Work. Never idle in a search for those who suffer most from PAINS and cannot work. ST. JACOBS OIL will cure and fit them for work when the chance comes.



Your BATTLE AX or your life! Must have it! The largest piece of good tobacco ever sold for 10 cents and The 5 cent piece is nearly as large as you get of other high grades for 10 cents.

SAZERS SEEDS. HURRAH, FARMERS! SHOUT FOR JOY! We pay \$400 in GOLD PRIZES. On Oct. 1st, 1895, the highest yield in Gold Prize (Saxton's) was 225 bushels per acre. The highest yield in Silver Prize (Saxton's) was 175 bushels per acre. The highest yield in Bronze Prize (Saxton's) was 125 bushels per acre. The highest yield in Iron Prize (Saxton's) was 75 bushels per acre. The highest yield in Tin Prize (Saxton's) was 25 bushels per acre. The highest yield in Lead Prize (Saxton's) was 10 bushels per acre. The highest yield in Zinc Prize (Saxton's) was 5 bushels per acre. The highest yield in Nickel Prize (Saxton's) was 2 bushels per acre. The highest yield in Cobalt Prize (Saxton's) was 1 bushel per acre. The highest yield in Manganese Prize (Saxton's) was 1/2 bushel per acre. The highest yield in Potassium Prize (Saxton's) was 1/4 bushel per acre. The highest yield in Sodium Prize (Saxton's) was 1/8 bushel per acre. The highest yield in Calcium Prize (Saxton's) was 1/16 bushel per acre. The highest yield in Magnesium Prize (Saxton's) was 1/32 bushel per acre. The highest yield in Barium Prize (Saxton's) was 1/64 bushel per acre. The highest yield in Strontium Prize (Saxton's) was 1/128 bushel per acre. The highest yield in Bismuth Prize (Saxton's) was 1/256 bushel per acre. The highest yield in Antimony Prize (Saxton's) was 1/512 bushel per acre. The highest yield in Arsenic Prize (Saxton's) was 1/1024 bushel per acre. The highest yield in Tellurium Prize (Saxton's) was 1/2048 bushel per acre. The highest yield in Selenium Prize (Saxton's) was 1/4096 bushel per acre. The highest yield in Cadmium Prize (Saxton's) was 1/8192 bushel per acre. The highest yield in Mercury Prize (Saxton's) was 1/16384 bushel per acre. The highest yield in Platinum Prize (Saxton's) was 1/32768 bushel per acre. The highest yield in Gold Prize (Saxton's) was 1/65536 bushel per acre. The highest yield in Silver Prize (Saxton's) was 1/131072 bushel per acre. The highest yield in Bronze Prize (Saxton's) was 1/262144 bushel per acre. The highest yield in Iron Prize (Saxton's) was 1/524288 bushel per acre. The highest yield in Tin Prize (Saxton's) was 1/1048576 bushel per acre. The highest yield in Lead Prize (Saxton's) was 1/2097152 bushel per acre. The highest yield in Zinc Prize (Saxton's) was 1/4194304 bushel per acre. The highest yield in Nickel Prize (Saxton's) was 1/8388608 bushel per acre. The highest yield in Cobalt Prize (Saxton's) was 1/16777216 bushel per acre. The highest yield in Manganese Prize (Saxton's) was 1/33554432 bushel per acre. The highest yield in Potassium Prize (Saxton's) was 1/67108864 bushel per acre. The highest yield in Sodium Prize (Saxton's) was 1/134217728 bushel per acre. The highest yield in Calcium Prize (Saxton's) was 1/268435456 bushel per acre. The highest yield in Magnesium Prize (Saxton's) was 1/536870912 bushel per acre. The highest yield in Barium Prize (Saxton's) was 1/1073741824 bushel per acre. The highest yield in Strontium Prize (Saxton's) was 1/2147483648 bushel per acre. The highest yield in Bismuth Prize (Saxton's) was 1/4294967296 bushel per acre. The highest yield in Antimony Prize (Saxton's) was 1/8589934592 bushel per acre. The highest yield in Arsenic Prize (Saxton's) was 1/17179869184 bushel per acre. The highest yield in Tellurium Prize (Saxton's) was 1/34359738368 bushel per acre. The highest yield in Selenium Prize (Saxton's) was 1/68719476736 bushel per acre. The highest yield in Cadmium Prize (Saxton's) was 1/137438953472 bushel per acre. The highest yield in Mercury Prize (Saxton's) was 1/274877906944 bushel per acre. The highest yield in Platinum Prize (Saxton's) was 1/549755813888 bushel per acre. The highest yield in Gold Prize (Saxton's) was 1/1099511627776 bushel per acre. The highest yield in Silver Prize (Saxton's) was 1/2199023255552 bushel per acre. The highest yield in Bronze Prize (Saxton's) was 1/4398046511104 bushel per acre. The highest yield in Iron Prize (Saxton's) was 1/8796093022208 bushel per acre. The highest yield in Tin Prize (Saxton's) was 1/17592186044416 bushel per acre. The highest yield in Lead Prize (Saxton's) was 1/35184372088832 bushel per acre. The highest yield in Zinc Prize (Saxton's) was 1/70368744177664 bushel per acre. The highest yield in Nickel Prize (Saxton's) was 1/140737488355328 bushel per acre. The highest yield in Cobalt Prize (Saxton's) was 1/281474976710656 bushel per acre. The highest yield in Manganese Prize (Saxton's) was 1/562949953421312 bushel per acre. The highest yield in Potassium Prize (Saxton's) was 1/1125899906842624 bushel per acre. The highest yield in Sodium Prize (Saxton's) was 1/2251799813685248 bushel per acre. The highest yield in Calcium Prize (Saxton's) was 1/4503599627370496 bushel per acre. The highest yield in Magnesium Prize (Saxton's) was 1/9007199254740992 bushel per acre. The highest yield in Barium Prize (Saxton's) was 1/18014398509481984 bushel per acre. The highest yield in Strontium Prize (Saxton's) was 1/36028797018963968 bushel per acre. The highest yield in Bismuth Prize (Saxton's) was 1/72057594037927936 bushel per acre. The highest yield in Antimony Prize (Saxton's) was 1/144115188075855872 bushel per acre. The highest yield in Arsenic Prize (Saxton's) was 1/288230376151711744 bushel per acre. The highest yield in Tellurium Prize (Saxton's) was 1/5764

LOCAL NEWS.

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 14, 1896.

Advertisers Can Reach

The Colored People of Des Moines and Iowa Only Through the Iowa State Bystander.

There is not an Afro-American shoemaker in the city.

This Baptist church gave a social last Tuesday evening.

Mrs. William Mash was quite sick last week, but is much improved.

Mrs. Lizzie Palmer is in Minneapolis, the guest of her step-father, Rev. Higgins.

Ed Conley, formerly of this city, but now of St. Louis, is in the city visiting friends.

J. C. Berry is running a dining car out of St. Paul. It is hard to keep a good man out of work.

Miss Edith Birney is spending a week with her friends, Mr. and Mrs. C. S. Stewart and daughter Bessie.

The A. M. E. church started a revival. A Rev. Pharris, who is said to be a revivalist, is reported to be in charge.

E. T. Banks has been sick and confined to his house. His wife is bravely carrying on his work at the court house.

If you want the best coal in the market—order it of Redhead at the Coal Palace, 317 Sixth avenue. 1-9-3-m.

All communications and correspondence must be signed by the writer. Do not fail. We do not desire them for publication.

Miss May Fleming Ruff will give instruction in voice culture and instrumental music at her home, 1202 Park street.

The surest and quickest way to instill a new spirit into the young girls and young men is to assist them in securing positions.

It is gratifying to note the fact that THE IOWA STATE BYSTANDER has a larger circulation than many papers which make larger pretensions.

Do you ever think of the lady dress-makers of the Afro-American homes when you want work? They do good work, fitly and have work done on time.

George Staples has retired from the Turkish bath rooms on Sixth avenue, and is now permanently located in his rooms in the Good block. He is a surgeon-chiroprist.

Charles Greenway of Webster City came to this city in time to be present at the Pathfinders' entertainment. He will be busy shaking hands with his many friends for a week or ten days.

I. E. Williamson's legal difficulty was not so serious as viewed by some. He retains his home just the same as ever. He was a victim of legal technicalities. Even the justice of the law sometimes works an injustice.

There is a large tract of land in O'Brien and Dickinson counties which has reverted back to the government by the failure of the Sioux City and St. Paul to fulfill its contract. The lands are valued and may be pre-empted.

THE IOWA STATE BYSTANDER will not support colored or white men who have smothered grand jury records. It feels justified in doing so in order to protect the upright citizens of the community. An honest man need have no fear.

When you want some small notions do you ever think of hunting for Mr. Thomas Blagburn? He was generous to a fault before he met with misfortune, and many men and women have been made happier by his kindness. It is your turn now. Do it well as he did.

Ed Willett is taking a very active part in affairs of a public nature. He is a young man of merit, has a good education and good ability. The young Afro-Americans must be acknowledged on their merits. There are many who predict a brilliant future for Ed. His ability and honesty merit the prediction of his many friends.

A gentleman of color, who has lived and done business in Des Moines since 1869, and who has rented a home for his family, and has never been known to fail in meeting all of his obligations—has had a sad experience recently. For fifteen years he has rented a residence and place of business from two gentlemen who are Democrats. He was unfortunate, and desired to rent a lodging room for himself. He called on some of his off-professed republican friends, but they refused him. Politics does not make a man a gentleman in either truth or action.

A fight is going on in this city among the Republicans for the majority that is, in our opinion, in bad taste. There are charges and counter charges made that have no place in decent politics. Some of them have no foundation in fact or reason. They are simply made to sway prejudiced minds. THE IOWA STATE BYSTANDER is for the Republican nominee. It can safely take this position, for it believes that the honest man will attend to the selection and not allow loud mouthed politicians to outvote them. The sayings and doings of Democratic papers have or should have no weight in republican councils. Get the best and most reasonable information and then act upon it.

Last Sabbath evening the A. M. E. choir was supposed to have charge of the service. But some insisted that Rev. Mr. Reeves should make a few remarks. He is always equal to the occasion. His text seemed to be American religion, in contradiction to the genuine. He called attention in a plain and forceful manner of what religion would do for the individual and the community if let alone. He clearly showed

the hypocrisy of the American religion in sending money and missionaries to foreign lands, while at home there were men and women burned at the stake and hundreds were killed without the semblance of law. He called attention to the prejudice existing among Afro-Americans themselves over trivial matters; that many of them ranted about Ingersoll and his doctrine, without having discrimination enough to distinguish the good from the bad—they were simply fanatics. The short talk was replete in good sense, and created a great deal of confusion among those who attempt to make themselves think that the past conceptions of heaven, hell, duty to home and fellow-man can not be improved and man gain a better and more comprehensive and sublime knowledge of the world and his duties. Rev. Mr. Reeves has preached the best sermons delivered from that pulpit during the last ten years. He is a hard student of both history and events. His sermons are plain, and each Sabbath the attendants take the thoughts home to discuss them at the fireside.

A few colored citizens met at the barber shop of H. H. Hooker, on Walnut street, Tuesday evening and organized an Allison club. The meeting was not advertised and but few were present. Among them were the following: H. H. Hooker, president; David Bowmer, vice-president; "Rev." Henry McCraven, secretary. Several speeches were made, H. H. Hooker, D. Bowmer, Isaac Curley, Rev. F. L. Lewis and "Rev." Henry McCraven, late of the A. M. E. church, but now, it is reported, of the Central or First Christian church. He, of course, was the principal talker. Mac talked about 'history.' He is for H. H. Lewis for constable, wants a colored fire company, a day policeman, two night men and a health officer. He did not say whether he wanted separate schools to go with the fire company or not, nor whether he wanted an Irish, Swedish and American company for all race. And the funny part of it all is, "Where does Mac come in." There is a Senegambian in the wood-pile somewhere. Mac is a patriot and philanthropist, who will never be found among the dead heroes. What the officers of the city government have to do with the presidential aspirations of Iowa's candidate for the presidential nomination is not plain to the naked eye. Mac made the greatest speech of his life, but he failed to state whether the fire company should be composed of males or females. There were five men present, and how they can supply all the demands will need an expert mathematician to determine. Horace Lewis was not present, and it is not definitely known whether his endorsement met with hearty approval on his part.

The H. B. S. R. C. celebrated its fifth anniversary on the evening of February 12 at the residence of Mrs. L. Denney. A social evening was enjoyed, and dainty refreshments were served, after which the company adjourned, voting the celebration a decided success. The next meeting will be held at Mrs. H. Warwick's, February 20, 1896.

The Ladies Afternoon Social club met with Mrs. B. J. Holmes, President Mrs. Jackson in the chair. The club was visited by Mrs. W. H. Scott and Mrs. Eliza Bell. An excellent lunch was served. The club will meet February 20 at the home of Mrs. Charles Windsor, 1041 B street. New members especially invited.

Firman Brown's son, Willie, was very sick the past week, but is much improved. \$100 organ for \$30; best make; tone good as new. Address E. box 497 or call at room 108 Manhattan building.

Lady's watch will be given as promised at Christian church, corner B and School streets, Thursday night, February 27.

Rev. Bates of Carbondale was a visitor in our city Thursday.

There will be a joint meeting of the J. S. Clarkson club and Lincoln club at the court house on Wednesday, February 19. Business of importance. All are invited.

Out of twenty-nine members of the city committee there is but one Afro-American member and he is from a ward that has few Afro-American voters. This should be changed at once.

Colored Employees at Kirkwood Barbershops, seven men and one porter.....\$ 395 Dining room, eighteen men..... 450 Office, fourteen men and boys..... 190 Board of thirty-five men at cost of \$10 per month..... 350

Total per month.....\$ 1,385 Or per year about.....\$16,620

If an honest attempt is made to improve the system by which delegates are elected it will meet with hearty approval by the best citizens. But that important fact is lost sight of by an attempt of a few men and a horde of shy-sters politicians to gain a temporary advantage.

Here is the result of the caucuses to elect committeemen to fill vacancies:

Third precinct of Second ward: R. B. Likes, 130; F. W. Dewey, 60; majority for Likes 6.

First precinct of the Third ward: F. C. Walrath.

Third precinct of the Fourth ward: Fred Barnett.

Third precinct of Sixth ward: Joseph McGarragh, 108; George Van Dyke, 68; majority 40.

Another Republican (?) I am a republican, and as good as any in the world, and I fought to maintain republican principles. I have been a republican all my life. I am an ex-soldier and can be nothing but a republican.

JOHN EARLEY.

Read our new advertisements—and then, Patronize the firms who advertise with us.

Beautiful Weather We Should Have...

We ought to have two big days ahead of us—

Read carefully what we propose to do to make these days "pan out" big at the "Big Store."

Notice particularly the savings to you if you need anything in jackets, mufflers, underwear, hosiery, gloves, Sunday hats—Come to us Friday and Saturday.

THE BIG STORE will sell today and all day, any and all goods advertised by any house or firm—in the 60-minute sale—at the same prices, if not less; the same quality of goods, if not better. Bring that "hour advertisement" with you, and get from us "all day"—any hour in the day—any goods they advertise. It pays to trade with us.

THE SECOND FLOOR IS ALIVE WITH BARGAINS FOR SATURDAY.

110.00 Ladies' Wool Suits\$5.00 115.00 Ladies' Wool Suits\$7.50

Come and get them—quick! 50 Separate Skirts, new mixtures, 5 yard sweep, lined throughout. \$1.08.

115.00 Ladies' Jackets, \$5.00 125.00 Ladies' Jackets, \$7.50 Ladies' Jackets, \$2.98. Great bargains here. Newbury Jackets a s cheap—again—don't miss it.

MUSLIN UNDERWEAR AT SALE PRICE TWO DAYS MORE.

The best Corset in Des Moines, 50c. 25c saved on Dr. Warner's Corsets. At 10c! 12c Glass Linen10c Saturday.

42-inch Bleached Pillow Case Muslin. 15c Damask Towels for10c Saturday.

Pino Striped Dimities10c 35c Turkey Red Damask10c Saturday.

25c Bleached Linen Huck Hemstitched Towels15c 25c Linen Damask Towels10c 25c, 30c, 35c Remnants Birdseye Draper10c 30c and 35c All Linen Cream Table Damask25c

The best 25c Towel in the city. NEW RIBBON—spring styles.

Fancy Ribbon Printed Warps, Dresden and Persian effects—a very complete line at our Ribbon Department, first floor. SATURDAY.

FOR Hair Ornaments, We will sacrifice 1,000 Fancy Hair Ornaments, worth 15c, for FIVE CENTS for two days.

FOR Soap, For two days we offer Jockey Club, Elder Flower, Turkish Bath, Kirk's Bouquet, Japan Lily—all in one lot, Saturday.

FOR Butter-milk Soap, Another invoice just in. Extra value, 10 CENTS A BOX, 3 cakes in a box, for Saturday.

FOR Fine Toilet Soap, Savore de la Rose Imported Soap, only 19 CENTS A BOX—3 cakes in a box. On sale Saturday.

FOR Hose, A fast black seamless Hose, all sizes, 3-3-3 cents, 3 pairs for 25 cents (for two days).

FOR Purses, A GRAND SALE OF Purses, Pocketbooks, Chantelains—all in one lot—

25 Cents. WORTH DOUBLE IN ALL CASES. 19-CENT WINDSOR TIES— 19c Twenty-five dozen new Windsor Plaid Ties—all silk—only

19 Cents. For two days. Ladies' Case of Ladies' Ribbed Balbriggan Vest and Pants, all sizes, 3-3-3 cents, extra value—For 25 cents.

10c Veils, Saturday is Veiling Day. We are the people on Veiling—10c buys goods worth 25c.

CLEANING UP OUR GLOVE STOCK. 75c Kids Only a few left—must be sold—come while they last.

For 49c 89 Cent Kid Gloves We are closing a line of \$1.00 and \$1.25 street gloves at 89 CENTS Saturday.

LATE NOVELTIES IN LACES—EMBROIDERIES—LADIES' NECKWEAR—NEW VESTINGS.

Gentlemen's Furnishings. 5 cents for Woolen Mittens. 10 cents for a heavy Cotton Sox. 25c Suspenders for 15c. 75c Silk Hose for 25c. 75c Neglige Shirts for 45c.

Another Republican (?) I am a republican, and as good as any in the world, and I fought to maintain republican principles. I have been a republican all my life. I am an ex-soldier and can be nothing but a republican.

JOHN EARLEY.

Read our new advertisements—and then, Patronize the firms who advertise with us.

Harris-Emery Co.

TIME REDUCED. Remember that the GREAT ROCK ISLAND ROUTE Runs Their Phillips' Pullman Excursion Cars to CALIFORNIA

on their fast trains. Examine time cards and see that we are nearly TWO HOURS quicker than any other route CHICAGO TO LOS ANGELES.

The Phillips excursions are popular. He has carried over 125,000 patrons in past fifteen years, and a comfortable trip at cheap rates is guaranteed, and the fast time now made puts the PHILLIPS-ROCK ISLAND EXCURSIONS AT THE TOP.

Post yourself for California trip before deciding, and write me for explicit information. Address, JOHN SEBASTIAN, G. P. A., Chicago.

Corporation Notice. Notice is hereby given of the formation of a corporation named the Stanley Land Company, whose principal place of business shall be Des Moines, Iowa. Its principal business shall be the buying, selling and improving of real estate. The authorized capital is \$50,000, and fully paid up in cash \$25,000. The existence of this corporation commences with the filing of the articles and continues for twenty years. Its indebtedness shall not exceed \$10,000, at any one time. The affairs of the company shall be conducted by a president, a vice president, and a secretary and treasurer, elected the first Thursday in June of each year. The first officers are L. W. Goode, president; E. E. Clark vice president; Frank W. Vorse, secretary and treasurer; and these with Simon Casady, and James M. Preston make up the first board of directors. Private property is exempt from corporate debts.

ORIGINAL NOTICE. In the district court of the state of Iowa, in and for Polk county, April term, A. D. 1896. Florence Grider, plaintiff, vs. Stephen Grider, defendant. To Stephen Grider: You are hereby notified, that on or before the 1st day of March, A. D. 1896, the petition of plaintiff in the above entitled cause will be filed in the office of the clerk of the district court of the state of Iowa, in and for Polk county, claiming of you a divorce, on the grounds of willful desertion and non-support.

And that unless you appear thereto and defend before noon of the second day of the April term, A. D. 1896, of the said court, which will commence at Des Moines, Iowa, on the 6th day of April, A. D. 1896, default will be entered against you and judgment rendered thereon.

WILLIAMSON & FOSTER, Attorneys for Plaintiff.

Notice of Incorporation. Notice is hereby given that the undersigned have associated themselves and become incorporated for the purpose of transacting business, and that the name of the corporation is the "American Stone-Brick Company," and its principal place of transacting business is at Des Moines, Polk county, Iowa, and Chicago, Illinois.

The general business to be transacted is the manufacture and sale of stone-brick of all kinds from sand, clay or other material; also to manufacture and sell of all kinds of fire brick and vitrified materials of all kinds; also to purchase and sell of all kinds of stone, brick and vitrified material of all kinds; also to acquire and sell of all kinds of real estate; and to engage in the general mercantile business.

The amount of capital stock authorized is \$100,000, fully paid and non-assessible, fully issued and divided into shares of \$100.00 each. The capital stock may be increased by the vote of a majority in interest of all the stockholders.

The corporation shall begin business January 1st, 1896, and shall terminate at the expiration of fifty (50) years from that date, unless sooner dissolved by a majority vote of the stockholders of the corporation.

The affairs of the corporation shall be conducted by a president, vice-president, secretary, treasurer, and other officers, including an executive committee, all of whom may see fit. The office of secretary and treasurer shall be held by the following persons: President, Frank C. Helm; vice-president, Chas. Lay; secretary and treasurer, Wm. L. Shepard, G. D. Elliott, E. S. Harter, and N. W. Smith.

The annual meeting of the stockholders for the election of directors shall be held on the first Monday of February of each year at the hour of 8 o'clock p. m. Until the first election, which shall be held on February 4, 1896, the following persons shall be directors: Frank C. Helm, H. L. Colwell, Chas. Lay, E. C. Bries and N. W. Smith.

The board of directors may fill any vacancies occurring in its membership between annual meetings by the appointment of suitable persons to hold office until the next annual meeting.

At all meetings of the stockholders, the stockholder shall be entitled to one vote for every share of stock held by him, which vote may be cast in person or by proxy.

The highest amount of indebtedness to which the corporation is at any time entitled shall not exceed two-thirds of its capital stock, and the same shall be paid in cash or by check, and shall be exempt from corporate debts.

Witness our hands at Des Moines, Iowa, this 5th day of February, 1896.

FRANK C. HELM, CHAS. S. LAY, Wm. L. SHEPARD, G. D. ELLIOTT, E. S. HARTER, N. W. SMITH.

ORIGINAL NOTICE. In the district court of the State of Iowa in and for Polk county, April term, A. D. 1896. Mary C. Anderson, plaintiff, vs. Anders J. R. Anderson, defendant.

You are hereby notified that there is now on file in the office of the clerk of the district court of the state of Iowa, in and for Polk county, a petition of Mary C. Anderson, the plaintiff, asking that the marriage and bonds of matrimony heretofore existing between yourself and the plaintiff be dissolved, set aside and held null and void, on the grounds and description upon your part, and that said plaintiff have the care and custody of the minor children decreed to her. And that unless you appear thereto and defend before noon of the second day of the next term, to-wit: the April term of the said court, which will commence at Des Moines on the 6th day of April, 1896, default will be entered against you and decree rendered thereon. Dated this 3rd day of February, A. D. 1896.

WILLIAMSON & FOSTER, Attorneys for Plaintiff.

Notice of Appointment. Notice is hereby given to all persons interested:—That on the 7th day of January, 1896, the undersigned was appointed by the district court of Polk county, Iowa, administrator of the estate of Joel P. Davis, deceased, late of said county. All persons indebted to or entitled to make payment to the undersigned, and those having claims against the same will present them, legally authenticated, to said court for allowance.

Dated, Jan. 7, 1896. LUDIA M. DAVIS, Administatrix.

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Special prices in all the winter footwear. No real reason now for doing without them.

Men's Best \$2.25 High Heavy 3-buckle Arctic.....\$1.60 Men's Best Heavy \$1.50 buckle Arctic..... 1.25 Men's Dollar Buckle Arctic..... .75 Women's \$1.25 Buckle Arctic..... .75 Misses' Best Dollar Buckle Arctic, 12 to 2..... .65 Children's Best 75c Buckle Arctic, 5 to 10..... .50 Ladies', Misses' and Children's best Low Alaskas..... .50 Men's Heavy Dull Finish Rubbers..... .75 Boys' Heavy Dull Finish Rubbers..... .50 Men's Rubber Boots..... 2.00 Boys' Rubber Boots..... 1.50 Women's Rubber Boots..... 1.75 Misses' Rubber Boots, 11 to 2..... 1.50 Child'r Rubber Boots, 8 to 10..... 1.25 Ladies' Rubbers..... .25 Misses' Rubbers..... .25 Children's Rubbers, small sizes, up to 9..... .15 Fall Boots and Overs..... WAY DOWN

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First-class cook and everything clean and nice. You are invited to call and give us a trial.

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Federal, Party and Wedding Decorations gotten up in latest styles, and at moderate prices. Boxes of the flowers for presentation and personal wear.

Original Notice. In the district court, of the state of Iowa, in and for Polk county, April term, A. D. 1896. Vere May Rush, plaintiff, vs. Ashley A. Rush, defendant. To Ashley A. Rush, defendant: You are hereby notified that the petition of plaintiff in the above entitled cause is now filed in the office of the clerk of the district court of the state of Iowa, in and for Polk county, claiming of you an absolute divorce from the bonds of matrimony on the grounds of cruel and inhuman treatment, such as to endanger the life of plaintiff; and asking that she be given her maiden name Vere May Wilson, and for equitable relief. For further particulars see petition.

And that unless you appear thereto and defend before noon of the second day of the April term, A. D. 1896 of the said court, which will commence at Des Moines on the 6th day of April, A. D. 1896, default will be entered against you and judgment rendered thereon.

DOWELL & PARRISH, Attorneys for Plaintiff.

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WASHBURN-CROSBY'S GOLD MEDAL FLOUR 90 CENTS PER SACK. Satisfaction Guaranteed. Delivered to any part of the city free.

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Muslin UNDERWEAR Sale! Ladies' Corset Covers 15c, 25c, 35c. Ladies' Muslin Drawers, 25c, 35c, 45c. Ladies' Muslin Gowns 45c, 50c, 60c. Ladies' Muslin Skirts 45c, 50c, 60c. Ladies' Muslin Chemise 45c, 50c, 60c. Come and see these bargains.

Embroidery Sale at.....7c, 11c, 15c, 23c—worth double 50 dozen Dress Kid Gloves 60c, worth \$1.25. 50 dozen Ladies' fast black hose, opera length, 25c, worth 40c. 40 pieces new Calicoes at 5c, 6 1/2c and 7c. 40 pieces new Percales at 8 1/2c and 10c. 40 pieces new Zephyr Ginghams 10c, worth 12 1/2c. 40 pieces cotton and outing Flannel 5c, worth 7c. 40 pieces Unbleached Muslin 5c, worth 7c. 35 pieces Linen Crash 5c, worth 7c. 10 pieces White Flannel 24c, worth 35c. 50 Ladies' Fur Capes half price. 25 pieces all wool colored Serges 35c, worth 50c. 75 pieces black and colored Ribbon Velvets 10c a yard, worth up to 40c. Seventy-five dozen Ladies' Handkerchiefs at 10 and 12 1/2c, worth 15c and 25c.

New Velvings, new Trimmings, new Collarettes, new Silks, new Dress Goods, new NOTIONS—Kirk's Honey Soap 5c, Curling Irons 5 and 10c, Nail Brushes 5c, Hair Brushes 25c, Trilly Hearts and Plated Rings 25c, Side Combs and Hairpins 5c, Pocketbooks 10 and 15c.

O. B. DUFFY, late of Younker Bros., extends a cordial welcome. Come to 621 Walnut street, look around, feel at home, see the pretty goods and learn the low prices. We are closing out Ladies' and Children's Heavy Winter Underwear at very low prices.

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