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J. L. THOMPSON, EDITOR.

J. H. SHEPARD, MANAGER.

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CITY NEWS

Miss Hallie Bird of Knoxville, attended the state fair, returning home Sunday.

Mrs. W. P. Bird of Knoxville, Iowa, after visiting a week with friends and attending the state fair, returned home last Monday.

Miss Clara Smith and R. N. Hyde was the only delegates that attended the State Afro-American League meeting at Muchaknock.

Mrs. D. M. Level, formerly of this city, but now of St. Paul is in our city visiting old friends. She is the guest of Mrs. L. A. Palmer. Mrs. L. is highly pleased with her new home.

Miss Lulu Jones of Mahaska county, is visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Coalson.

Mr. Peter Hudin has gone to St. Louis, where he will accept a position on the Rail Road.

Mrs. Flowers of Mahaska county is visiting at the home of Mrs. Wm. Mash E. Freemont St.

Rev. T. W. Lewis and wife of Newton, is in the city visiting his sister Mrs. Martha Bass 6th Ave.

Miss Rosa Rawson of Corning, Iowa, who has been visiting Miss Ophelia Woods, has returned to her home.

DEED, at St. Louis, sister of Mrs. Samuel Burnaugh and Beatrice Mash. Mr. Burnaugh received a telegram this morning conveying the sad news. It will be remembered that they were called to her sick bed a few days ago.

The Bystander office acknowledges calls from Hon. M. O. Ricketts, Prof. H. T. Keating, Miss L. A. Palmer, and Dr. Edwards of St. Joseph.

Mr. T. E. Barton has been repairing his beautiful home on Twenty-third street, near Drake University. He painted and remodeled the interior; it makes a beautiful appearance.

E. W. Thompson arrived in our city last Sunday from Chicago enroute to his home in Decatur. Ed is looking well and was well pleased with the White City.

There will be quarterly meeting at Berns M. E. Church, next Sunday. Presiding-elder J. J. Clark of Topeka, Kansas, will be present and conduct the services at 10:30 a. m. 3 and 7:30 p. m. All are cordially invited to attend.

Prof. H. T. Keating of Philadelphia, Pa., the editor of the A. M. E. Church Review; spent a part of last week in our city, the guest of his old school friend, Mrs. L. A. Palmer. The Prof. is quite intelligent and a great race man. We were glad to meet him.

Miss Josephine Rivers gave a very pleasant birthday party at her home on Tenth street. It was her twenty-third year. A large number of her friends was present and an enjoyable time was had and the young friends reminded her that they would like her to invite them each year. Miss Rivers is quite sociable and very pleasant.

Mrs. E. Watson entertained Mrs. Bird and daughter for Sunday dinner.

Mr. Charles Henry is on the sick list this week.

Miss McNeal of Mount Pleasant is visiting Mrs. Bell of 9th St.

Mrs. Hamilton of Ottumwa, is visiting her daughter Mrs. Clay of 11th St.

Robert Harris and wife have gone to visit his parents in Frankfort, Kansas they will also stop over at Kansas City.

Try Champagne & Son's Laundry. They do good work. Prompt attention to all orders. Call at 816 W. Grand ave., or telephone Co. 171.

rs. Effie Jones, who formally lived here, is here this week from Chicago, Ill., she is on business and will return about Sunday. Her mother recently died in Chicago.

Franky Claudin, the 14 year old son of Mrs. Claudin who has been working on a farm near Grimes got his feet in some part of the horse power thrashing machine while driving the horses and mangled his toes and had to have them amputated.

Mrs. Joe Lewis of E. Lyon St., gave a very fine social party in honor of Mrs. Anna Richardson of Cedar Rapids Ia. Those invited were Mrs. Davis, Mr. and Mrs. Soward, Mrs. Gordon, W. A. Birney, F. J. Blagburn, Ella Davis, A. Wilburn, Miss Daisy Hanan, Beatrice Hicklin, Zoe Richardson and Zella Davis, Messrs. Geo. Logan, J. W. Thompson and Jefferson Logan. A very jolly time was reported.

I E Williamson gave a delightful dinner party at his home Sunday afternoon in honor of his guest, Dr. P. M. Edwards of St. Joseph, Mo. The afternoon was spent in discussing various subjects of interest and in social conversation. Those on the list of the invited were T. E. Barton, W. H. Birney, G. I. Holt, John Harey, J. E. Moseley, W. R. Foster, Dr. E. F. Johnson, G. C. Burnaugh, J. B. Rush, W. H. Gordon, Jefferson Logan, J. L. Thompson and J. Madison Pierce.

Hon. M. O. Ricketts' Reception. The progressive colored citizens of Des Moines are ever ready to extend a hand of welcome to any worthy distinguished race leader. As soon as it was known that Dr. Ricketts would pass through our city several of our citizens volunteered and formed themselves into a committee and arranged the following program, which was ordered at the Grant Club rooms on Walnut street, last Wednesday evening. The rooms was nicely decorated with flags, etc. First on the program was music by the Choral society of thirty voices; then an address of welcome by J. L. Thompson; then Elder Reeves was on the program, but not being present, Prof. H. T. Keating of Philadelphia, Pa., editor of the A. M. E. Church Review was next to speak. His speech was well taken and his mathematical analysis of the race problem was simple and practical; he is a brilliant speaker. Mr. T. E. Barton who was president of the meeting, presented Dr. Ricketts in a brief eulogy of his achievements. The doctor spoke for about thirty-five minutes, and the people was anxious for him to continue on. It was a masterly address and met the expectation of the most sanguine person present. The large club rooms was full of the best and most critical colored audience in this city. Those who failed to be present missed a rare treat. Dr. Ricketts was a poor boy and worked his way up to the present standard to where he is now one of the ablest representatives of our race in the north-west. The solo rendered by Mrs. Wm. Coalson, was excellent, and Prof. Geo. I. Holt's Choral Society did well; in brief everything went nicely. Much credit is due the members which compose the different committees, was T. E. Barton, Geo. Wilson, Dr. E. F. Johnson; Wm. Coalson, J. H. Shepard. Douglass Miller, and Jefferson Logan, R. N. Hyde, H. H. Lewis, Frank Blag-

burn, B. J. Holmes, E. T. Banks, W. T. Tomlin, G. I. Holt and J. L. Thompson. Everybody was fully repaid for their presence there and all enjoyed themselves.

Afro-American League. The fifth annual meeting of the Iowa State Afro-American League met in Muchaknock, Iowa, Sept. 21-22. Quite a large number of delegates was present, but as we are about to go to press we cannot give a detail report, but will next week. We will only give you a list of the newly elected officers for the ensuing year: President, R. N. Hyde, Des Moines; First Vice-President, P. J. Fuller, Bloomfield; Second Vice-President, Scott Walker of Muchaknock; Sec'y, L. A. Wiles of Muchaknock, Iowa; Treas. Rev. L. Bates of Colfax; State Lecturer and Stacion, John L. Thompson, Des Moines; Atty, Geo. H. Woodson of Muchaknock; Assistant Sec. Miss May Davis of Albia; Reading Clerk, U. S. Jones of Albia. The Iowa State Bystander was made the official paper. Des Moines was glad to receive the presidency this year, as Mr. R. N. Hyde might well be called the father of the Association.

IS WHAT BRYAN SAYS TRUE? Mr. Bryan has been in the state since last Saturday, talking about the crime of 1873. He started at Keokuk, and has spent the larger part of this week trying to convince the voters of Iowa that silver was demonstated in '73, and that the same evil effect had followed it ever since. He does not tell the people that his party has had control of this government since that great criminal action. He fails to tell why it was that the hardest times that this country ever passed through was while his party was in power. If the demonizing of silver in '73 was the cause of the hard times when Mr. Cleveland and democratic congress had control why did not the same hard times continue when Mr. McKinley and a republican congress came into power? Mr. Bryan was brought into this state for the sole purpose of deceiving and misleading the people. We do not believe that scheme will work in Iowa this year, as it did in Nebraska last year, for the people have witnessed the proof of what the republicans have said about prosperity, and each promise is being fulfilled. Be not deceived by anything that Mr. White may say, therefore silver coinage will be the great issue on which this campaign must be fought. The other issues are only brought in to deceive the voters.

President McKinley will see that Mr. Lofton or some other colored man will be postmaster at Hoganville if it takes a regiment of soldiers. The men that assault a postmaster because he is colored are the men that are supporting Bryan and his free silver sophistry.

Value of Politeness. To properly possess the valuable requisite is indeed one of the highest arts in advancement of higher attainments, politeness and good manners beautifies a man or woman in society, in public, upon the streets, in the business world, in college life, in the homes, and in the churches it is very valuable almost (I am about to say) necessary. Emerson says, "politeness is like running water; it smooths the rough stones." How often do we see the children going along the streets, on street cars or street corners, or at their entertainments and parties laughing, talking and howling in a loud, noisy way, attracting people several blocks away. This should not be done. We should think, also teach good manners, good breeding and civility. It has often been said by some, to our sorrow that one could tell colored people several blocks away. Remember by your action in public we judge your home training. We do not give this as advice, but merely suggestions or thoughts for you to consider.

Excursion Tickets to Goldfield, Via the North-Western Line, will be sold at reduced rates, Sept. 14 and 15, limited to Sept. 16, on account of Modern Woodmen Picnic. Apply to agents Chicago & North-Western Ry.

The Bystander does all kinds of Job printing. Give us a call.

EMANCIPATION CELEBRATION AT KNOXVILLE.

Never before in the history of Marion county, has the colored people covered themselves with honor as they did Wednesday. It was their first attempt to celebrate the signing of the Proclamation of Emancipation thirty-five years ago. The day was lovely and the crowd was very large, the only disappointment was so few colored visitors, as only a few colored people lives in Knoxville, therefore they expected a large number from adjacent counties. There was about 4,000 white people present, and they all enjoyed themselves nicely. The parade was led by the Knoxville band, then came Miss Myrtle Cooper, queen of the day, in a carriage surrounded by school girls as escorts, then the Jeffers drum corps, after them came a carriage containing the speakers, Dr. M. O. Rickett, J. L. Thompson and Booker Fox, the centennarian and Mrs. Cooper, then the long string of carriages, buggies and wagons. After dinner the program was music, prayer by Booker Fox, music, address of welcome by Mayor Wells, who in a few well chosen and patriotic words, welcomed the visitors. It was his first speech and he did well; then the reading of Lincoln's proclamation by Miss Jeffers, in a very clear and intelligible manner; then the address by J. L. Thompson, editor of the Bystander which was about forty-five minutes in length. He held his auditors to the last. He spoke of the history of his race in America their past, present and future conditions. Then Hon. M. O. Ricketts, of Omaha, Neb., ex-member of the Nebraska legislature, spoke about fifty-five minutes. He caught the audience and carried them with him by the power of eloquence and logical facts, which he demonstrated to them. The doctor is a great man, a power on the rostrum, and is destined to reach still greater heights on the ladder of fame. To even attempt to give a brief synopsis of his address would be so imperfect that it would do him an injustice. The citizens of Marion county will long remember the doctor. After the doctor's address, Col. Budd (white) spoke a few minutes, which was very interesting; the Colonel having had such a wide experience in public affairs. Much credit for the success of this celebration is due to the committee, assisted by their noble white friends, and especially to H. S. Skaines, who labored hard for its success. The city was handsomely decorated with flags and bunting, and all vied with each other in making it a day memorable of the grandest man that ever lived, and an honor to the beautiful country town of Knoxville.

Proceedings of the Sixteenth Session of the Iowa Annual Conference. The Sixteenth session of the Iowa Annual Conference convened in Asbury Chapel, M. E. church at Mt. Pleasant, Iowa, Sept. 15, 1897. At 9:39 a. m. the Conference was called to order with Rt. Rev. B. W. Arnett in the chair. Devotional exercises were conducted by the Bishop. The Bishop read as a scripture lesson the 15th Chapter of St. Luke, upon which he commented briefly. The hymn, "And are we yet Alive;" was sung, after which a few moments was spent in conference greetings. The following brethren then introduced Revs. R. C. Ransom, Silas Wright, A. W. White and Rev. C. McCracken, Prof. H. T. Keating, the brilliant lecturer and editor of the A. M. E. Review, and Prof. B. W. Arnett, Jr., Bishop Arnett's son and private secretary were also introduced. Prof. Arnett, who is also a Methodist Minister has transferred from the Indiana to the Iowa conference. The conference then organized, Rev. J. P. James was elected secretary; Rev. W. A. Bruce, Recording secretary; Rev. J. C. Anderson, statistical secretary; Revs. H. S. Graves, D. A. Bassfield and Steward Moore elected Marshals. Rev. R. C. Ransom reported for the Christ; Rev. L. J. Phillips, reporter for the Southern Recorder and Prof. B. W. Arnett, reporter for the Associated Press. The bar of the Conference was fixed at the fifth seat from the altar. The preachers wives were requested to sit within the conference bar. On motion the hours of assembling and adjourning were fixed as follows: 9 a. m. to 12 a. m., and 2 p. m. to 5 p. m. Rev. Mr. I. Gordon the pastor of the church and host of the conference was appointed postmaster. Conference then took a recess of 5 minutes. Rev. J. C. Willets of the First M. E. church of Ft. Madison, Iowa, was then brought forward and introduced to the conference. The financial and statistical reports from the Chicago District were then read, Conference then adjourned until 2 p. m. AFTERNOON SESSION. At 2 p. m. the Bishop called the conference to order. The financial and statistical reports were continued. The St. Paul District made its report. Rev. G. M. Tuttle presiding elder of the Burlington District of the M. E. church came forward and gave the conference a few words of hearty welcome on behalf of the citizens of Mt. Pleasant. Bishop Arnett responded in his usual happy manner. The disciplinary questions were then taken up. Rev. F. J. Peterson named Evanston, Illinois, as the seat of the next annual conference, and Evanston was accepted by the unanimous vote of the conference. The following ministers wives were then introduced to the Bishop and conference: Mrs. J. W. Malone, Mrs. W. R. Alexander, Mrs. J. Higgins, Mrs. W. A. Bruce, Mrs. E. G. Meadows and Mrs. G. M. Tillman. The conference then adjourned and had itself photographed. Benediction by the Bishop. WEDNESDAY EVENING SESSION. At 9 p. m. the evening services began with Bishop Arnett presiding, Song by conference choir. Prayer by Rev. J. B. Dawson. The Bishop stated that the object of the meeting was the celebration of the anniversary of the Conference Missionary society. The first speaker was Rev. Timothy Reeves who made an able plea in behalf of Home Missions. The next speaker was Prof. H. T. Keating of Philadelphia, Pa. Prof. Keating is simply wonderful in his graphic and at times humorous delineation of Negro character and achievements. Prof. Keating held his audience spellbound from beginning to end. Dr. John G. Mitchell Dean of Payne Theological Seminary, arrived at this juncture and was introduced to the conference. A collection of \$6.25 was then taken up by Rev. McCracken, P. E., of the Ills. conference. Rev. Mr. I. Gordon, the genial host of the conference then announced that on Thursday evening a reception would be held at the M. E. church, after which refreshments would be served at the Grand Opera house. Adjourned with benediction. THURSDAY MORNING—SECOND DAY. Devotional services conducted by Rev. J. W. Malone. Prayer by Rev. R. C. Ransom; Scripture lesson, 4th chap., 2d cor. Dr. B. F. Watson, the famous evangelist and sweet singer of the Michigan conference, Rev. W. A. Barton of the M. E. church and Mrs. R. C. Ransom and son were then introduced to the conference. The conference convened into a Missionary session. The secretary called the roll and \$48.75 was paid in by the ministers. Rev. W. S. Brooks was elected Missionary committeeman. The following committees reported. Education. Church extension. Sunday school. Home and Foreign Missions. Bible cause. The committee appointed at the last conference to investigate the case of Rev. G. H. Wade, reported, adopting the verdict of the committee who brought in a verdict of expulsion. The cases of Revs. F. J. Peterson, C. H. Thomas and Bro. Walden were referred to the judiciary com-

mittee. Committee—Revs Jas Higgins, T. W. Lewis, Timothy Reeves, A. Boyd and D. W. Brown. Rev. C. H. Thomas selected W. S. Brooks as his attorney. Rev. F. J. Peterson selected Rev. S. McDowell, and the conference appointed Rev. A. A. Burleigh and Rev. J. C. Anderson for its attorneys. The conference then adjourned until p. m. THURSDAY AFTERNOON. Conference was called to order at 2:00 p. m., at which the Bishop presided. Elders Gaines and Bundy accompanied the ministers wives down stairs where they were photographed. The following were elected as trustees of Wilberforce Union: Revs J. C. Booth, J. Bundy and Timothy Reeves. Laymen, H. P. Jones, Chicago; T. H. Lyles, St. Paul. Board of Education consists of Prof. B. W. Arnett, Jr., Rev. L. J. Phillips and Rev. A. A. Burleigh. Church Extension—Revs Bruce, E. Fort, G. M. Tillman, R. Holly, J. C. Anderson. Layman: J. B. Johnson, Muchaknock; E. F. Johnson, Des Moines. Sunday School Union—Revs I. N. Daniels, D. W. Jones and R. C. Ransom. Laymen:—H. C. Tansil, Mt. Pleasant; S. B. Walkup, Moline. Dr. J. G. Mitchell addressed the conference on the subject of Payne's Theological Seminary. The doctor suggested the organization of a Twentieth Century Club in the conference for the benefit of Payne Seminary. After a selection by doctor Watson, a Twentieth Century Club was organized. President, Dr. G. C. Booth; Vice-Pres. Dr. A. A. Burleigh; Second-Vice Pres. Rev. J. B. Dawson, Recording Sec'y, Rev. H. S. Graves; Cor. Sec'y, Rev. R. C. Ransom; Treas. Rev. L. J. Phillips. Bishop Arnett suggested that Twentieth Century Clubs be organized in all of the churches. Rev. W. P. Stoddard pastor of the M. E. church in which the conference was held and Rev. U. S. Smith were then introduced and made pleasing addresses to the conference. Mrs. Lena Ragan of Minneapolis, Minnesota, was introduced to the conference. Subscriptions to the Christian Recorder, A. M. E. Review and Voice of Missions by Prof. H. T. Keating and Prof. B. W. Arnett. Conference then adjourned until 8:00 p. m., with benediction by the Bishop. EVENING SESSION. At 8:00 o'clock p. m., the evening services began with Rt. Rev. Bishop B. W. Arnett, the most famous Negro Bishop in the world, presiding. The occasion was the reception tendered the Bishop and members of the conference by the churches and citizens of Mt. Pleasant. Prayer was offered by Rev. G. M. Tillman of Keokuk, Iowa. Rev. Jason Bundy, P. E. of the St. Paul District acted as master of ceremonies. Welcome address, Rev. W. P. Stoddard, Pastor Asbury M. E. church where the conference was held. Response by Rev. R. C. Ransom. Welcome on behalf of churches, Rev. O. B. Sarber. Response, Dr. A. A. Burleigh, of Milwaukee, Wisconsin. Welcome address on behalf of the colleges, Rev. C. L. Stafford. Response, Dr. G. C. Booth. The closing address was made by Bishop Arnett. The program interspersed with the beautiful music which was rendered by Dr. Watson was a feast of wit and intellect and will go down in history as one of the most pleasant gatherings of the Iowa Annual Conference. After the program the conference and citizens adjourned to the Grand Opera House where they partook of refreshments. THIRD DAY—MORNING SESSION. The conference opened. Rev. B. F. Watson conducted the singing and Rev. Rhinehart offered prayer; Bishop Arnett read the scripture lesson. The minutes of the preceding day were read and approved. The statistical report from Bedford was received. Rev. G. W. Gaines, P. E. of the Chicago Dist. presented to the conference

his paper, the "District News." After some discussion the paper was referred to a committee of three for further consideration to formulate plans for its adoption. Presiding Elder Bundy presented to the conference a petition from the St. Paul District asking the conference to detach Galeburg, Monmouth, Knoxville and Moline from the Chicago District. Motion prevailed that the petition be not granted by a vote of 24 to 10. Motion was made to attach Cedar Rapids to Iowa City was lost. Motion prevailed that Marshalltown, Boone, Newton and Colfax constitute a circuit to be known as the Newton circuit. Keosauqua was attached to Ottumwa, Clarinda and Bedford were made a circuit. The Presiding Elder of the Chicago District offered the following recommendations with reference to a circuit and missions, which were adopted. Union Chapel Station. Bethel Chicago Station. St. Stephens Chicago Station. Gatesburg Station. Evanston Station. Moline Station. Aurora Station. Milwaukee Station. Glencoe and Lake Forest Circuit. Monmouth Station. Elgin Station. Joliet Station. Toluca, Strator, Spring Valley, Beloit, Delevan, Racine Circuit; Rockford, Belvedere Mission; Rock Island, Knoxville, Princeton, St. Davis, Kewanee Circuit—St. John Chicago Mission. St. Peter's Chicago Mission. Hyde Park Chicago Mission. Lagrange Illinois Chicago Mission, P. E. Ebenezer Chicago Mission, P. E. St. Mary's Chicago Mission, P. E. Batavia Station, P. E. At this juncture Prof. Keating, of Philadelphia, Pa., editor of the Review addressed the conference and spoke at length on the merits of the church Review. The conference was highly complimented when the name of Mrs. G. M. Tillman was mentioned as one of the contributors to the Review, and of the excellency of her contributions. Conference took a recess until 2 p. m. Benediction by the Bishop. CONFERENCE NOTES. The Woman's Mute Missionary society will hold its first annual convention at their church, Chicago, the Tuesday preceding the sitting of the annual conference. It is probable that the next general conference will be held in Chicago. Prof. Arnett will pursue a course of study at Evanston, Illinois. The grand total of dollar money—Chicago Dis. 725.23; St. Paul, 336.40. The following are the appointments for the ensuing year: CHICAGO DIST. Rev. Geo. W. Gaines, P. E. Dr. G. C. Booth, Quinn's Chapel. Rev. R. C. Ransom, Bethel Church. " J. R. Clemens, St. Stephens. " H. S. Graver, St. Johns. " I. N. Daniels, St. Peters. " D. W. Jones, Hyde Park. " E. G. Porey, St. Mary's. Prof. B. W. Arnett, Evanston, Ills. Rev. J. W. Malone, Galesburg, Ills. " S. McDowell, Rockford, Ills. " James Higgins, Milwaukee, Wis. " L. J. Phillips, Moline, Ills. " C. H. Thomas, Rock Island, Ill. " D. W. Brown, Joliet, Ills. Dean E. G. Jackson, West Superior, Wis. Rev. A. Boyd, Beloit Circuit. " Stewart Moor, Ebenezer Cir. Continued on Fourth Page.

First Colored Woman Lawyer. TOPEKA, KAN., Sept. 14. Special to the Chicago Times-Herald.—Miss Lutie A. Lytle is the first colored lady every admitted to the bar. She is 23 years old, a native of Tennessee. Some years ago her father moved to Kansas where he acquired a fortune and influence in this community. In 1892 he secured for his daughter the position of engrossing clerk of the Kansas Assembly. This work gave her a taste for a career higher and wider than domesticity; and soon afterward she went to Tennessee and entered the Nashville Central College where she completed the full law course. A diploma from that institution, together with a certificate of good moral character from some lawyer is sufficient to admit you in any bar in the state. * * * She, after being admitted to the Tennessee bar was also admitted to the Kansas bar.

Excursion Tickets to County Fair at Ogden, Iowa. Via the North-Western Line, will be sold at reduced rates, September 20 to 24, inclusive, limited to Sept. 25. Apply to agents Chicago & North-Western Ry.

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COME AND GET ONE NOW.

minite. Committee—Revs Jas Higgins, T. W. Lewis, Timothy Reeves, A. Boyd and D. W. Brown. Rev. C. H. Thomas selected W. S. Brooks as his attorney. Rev. F. J. Peterson selected Rev. S. McDowell, and the conference appointed Rev. A. A. Burleigh and Rev. J. C. Anderson for its attorneys. The conference then adjourned until p. m. THURSDAY AFTERNOON. Conference was called to order at 2:00 p. m., at which the Bishop presided. Elders Gaines and Bundy accompanied the ministers wives down stairs where they were photographed. The following were elected as trustees of Wilberforce Union: Revs J. C. Booth, J. Bundy and Timothy Reeves. Laymen, H. P. Jones, Chicago; T. H. Lyles, St. Paul. Board of Education consists of Prof. B. W. Arnett, Jr., Rev. L. J. Phillips and Rev. A. A. Burleigh. Church Extension—Revs Bruce, E. Fort, G. M. Tillman, R. Holly, J. C. Anderson. Layman: J. B. Johnson, Muchaknock; E. F. Johnson, Des Moines. Sunday School Union—Revs I. N. Daniels, D. W. Jones and R. C. Ransom. Laymen:—H. C. Tansil, Mt. Pleasant; S. B. Walkup, Moline. Dr. J. G. Mitchell addressed the conference on the subject of Payne's Theological Seminary. The doctor suggested the organization of a Twentieth Century Club in the conference for the benefit of Payne Seminary. After a selection by doctor Watson, a Twentieth Century Club was organized. President, Dr. G. C. Booth; Vice-Pres. Dr. A. A. Burleigh; Second-Vice Pres. Rev. J. B. Dawson, Recording Sec'y, Rev. H. S. Graves; Cor. Sec'y, Rev. R. C. Ransom; Treas. Rev. L. J. Phillips. Bishop Arnett suggested that Twentieth Century Clubs be organized in all of the churches. Rev. W. P. Stoddard pastor of the M. E. church in which the conference was held and Rev. U. S. Smith were then introduced and made pleasing addresses to the conference. Mrs. Lena Ragan of Minneapolis, Minnesota, was introduced to the conference. Subscriptions to the Christian Recorder, A. M. E. Review and Voice of Missions by Prof. H. T. Keating and Prof. B. W. Arnett. Conference then adjourned until 8:00 p. m., with benediction by the Bishop. EVENING SESSION. At 8:00 o'clock p. m., the evening services began with Rt. Rev. Bishop B. W. Arnett, the most famous Negro Bishop in the world, presiding. The occasion was the reception tendered the Bishop and members of the conference by the churches and citizens of Mt. Pleasant. Prayer was offered by Rev. G. M. Tillman of Keokuk, Iowa. Rev. Jason Bundy, P. E. of the St. Paul District acted as master of ceremonies. Welcome address, Rev. W. P. Stoddard, Pastor Asbury M. E. church where the conference was held. Response by Rev. R. C. Ransom. Welcome on behalf of churches, Rev. O. B. Sarber. Response, Dr. A. A. Burleigh, of Milwaukee, Wisconsin. Welcome address on behalf of the colleges, Rev. C. L. Stafford. Response, Dr. G. C. Booth. The closing address was made by Bishop Arnett. The program interspersed with the beautiful music which was rendered by Dr. Watson was a feast of wit and intellect and will go down in history as one of the most pleasant gatherings of the Iowa Annual Conference. After the program the conference and citizens adjourned to the Grand Opera House where they partook of refreshments. THIRD DAY—MORNING SESSION. The conference opened. Rev. B. F. Watson conducted the singing and Rev. Rhinehart offered prayer; Bishop Arnett read the scripture lesson. The minutes of the preceding day were read and approved. The statistical report from Bedford was received. Rev. G. W. Gaines, P. E. of the Chicago Dist. presented to the conference

his paper, the "District News." After some discussion the paper was referred to a committee of three for further consideration to formulate plans for its adoption. Presiding Elder Bundy presented to the conference a petition from the St. Paul District asking the conference to detach Galeburg, Monmouth, Knoxville and Moline from the Chicago District. Motion prevailed that the petition be not granted by a vote of 24 to 10. Motion was made to attach Cedar Rapids to Iowa City was lost. Motion prevailed that Marshalltown, Boone, Newton and Colfax constitute a circuit to be known as the Newton circuit. Keosauqua was attached to Ottumwa, Clarinda and Bedford were made a circuit. The Presiding Elder of the Chicago District offered the following recommendations with reference to a circuit and missions, which were adopted. Union Chapel Station. Bethel Chicago Station. St. Stephens Chicago Station. Gatesburg Station. Evanston Station. Moline Station. Aurora Station. Milwaukee Station. Glencoe and Lake Forest Circuit. Monmouth Station. Elgin Station. Joliet Station. Toluca, Strator, Spring Valley, Beloit, Delevan, Racine Circuit; Rockford, Belvedere Mission; Rock Island, Knoxville, Princeton, St. Davis, Kewanee Circuit—St. John Chicago Mission. St. Peter's Chicago Mission. Hyde Park Chicago Mission. Lagrange Illinois Chicago Mission, P. E. Ebenezer Chicago Mission, P. E. St. Mary's Chicago Mission, P. E. Batavia Station, P. E. At this juncture Prof. Keating, of Philadelphia, Pa., editor of the Review addressed the conference and spoke at length on the merits of the church Review. The conference was highly complimented when the name of Mrs. G. M. Tillman was mentioned as one of the contributors to the Review, and of the excellency of her contributions. Conference took a recess until 2 p. m. Benediction by the Bishop. CONFERENCE NOTES. The Woman's Mute Missionary society will hold its first annual convention at their church, Chicago, the Tuesday preceding the sitting of the annual conference. It is probable that the next general conference will be held in Chicago. Prof. Arnett will pursue a course of study at Evanston, Illinois. The grand total of dollar money—Chicago Dis. 725.23; St. Paul, 336.40. The following are the appointments for the ensuing year: CHICAGO DIST. Rev. Geo. W. Gaines, P. E. Dr. G. C. Booth, Quinn's Chapel. Rev. R. C. Ransom, Bethel Church. " J. R. Clemens, St. Stephens. " H. S. Graver, St. Johns. " I. N. Daniels, St. Peters. " D. W. Jones, Hyde Park. " E. G. Porey, St. Mary's. Prof. B. W. Arnett, Evanston, Ills. Rev. J. W. Malone, Galesburg, Ills. " S. McDowell, Rockford, Ills. " James Higgins, Milwaukee, Wis. " L. J. Phillips, Moline, Ills. " C. H. Thomas, Rock Island, Ill. " D. W. Brown, Joliet, Ills. Dean E. G. Jackson, West Superior, Wis. Rev. A. Boyd, Beloit Circuit. " Stewart Moor, Ebenezer Cir. Continued on Fourth Page.

IOWA STATE BYSTANDER.

BY BYSTANDER PUBLISHING CO.

DES MOINES, IOWA

Perhaps a cipher accidentally got lost when Mr. Cleveland was making up the estimate of his taxable property.

Sir John Lubbock's ant died recently. It was the insect that gave up so much information when he interviewed it, and not, as some obituary writers thought, a sister of one of his parents.

The Chicago Tribune gives this sensible advice to the young man who wishes to know how to fit himself for going to the Klondike: "Acquire habits of self-control and industry; be prepared to meet with firmness whatever discouragements may arise; scrape together two or three times as much money for the journey as the best estimates render necessary; and don't go."

The National Association of Manufacturers is taking a practical step toward the promotion of trade between this country and the Latin-American republics in the initiative of a sample warehouse at Caracas, Venezuela. According to Mr. Richard Dolge, a manufacturer, who has only recently returned from that city, the conditions are now ripe for the development of trade in that place.

Whatever may be the fate of Andree—which at the time of this writing is unknown, and may forever remain unknown, or may be cleared up by the next electric current that thrills an ocean cable—it is impossible to remain impressed by the cool daring of the man. When he cut loose from land and drifted out of sight beyond the horizon of an unknown sea, driven by a wind that would take him he knew not whither, he performed an act that was a supreme test of human nerve.

The lingering visitor has often worn out a welcome, but a more serious result of a long stay is reported from Cheyenne. Mrs. Nicholas visited the Stanleys in Ogden, remained more than a month, and when she went home the Stanleys sent her a bill of \$54 for board. Mr. Nichols, refusing to pay, was compelled by law to settle. Then Mrs. Nichols horsewhipped Mr. Stanley. With this precedent it is likely that visits in Wyoming will be considerably shortened. Perhaps the visiting limit will be fixed at a few days or a week. The "You must come and see me" should be better understood.

"I do believe," hurriedly exclaimed the Nebraska hotelkeeper, looking out of the front door, "there's a cyclone coming." A forlorn looking guest dug his way out from under the ruins of the hotel. His coat was ripped up the back, his bare knee protruded from a ghastly rent in the left leg of his trousers, one end of his shirt collar was flying loose, his necktie was under his right ear, one eye was in mourning, and a portion of the hair of his head had been scraped off. "You were in error, landlord," he said, feebly. "That was not a cyclone. It was a tornado." The guest was a gentleman from Boston.

The United States exported \$7,005,323 worth of bicycles and parts of bicycles in the twelve months ending June 30, 1897. The different countries and the value of exports of cycles to them were as follows: United Kingdom, \$2,375,675; Germany, \$1,026,346; France, \$262,606; other Europe, \$1,139,214; British North America, \$730,267; Mexico, \$73,117; Central American states and British Honduras, \$53,801; Cuba, \$4,616; Puerto Rico, \$4,120; Santo Domingo, \$4,980; Other West Indies and Bermudas, \$132,507; Argentina, \$42,091; Brazil, \$29,355; Colombia, \$24,290; other South America, \$73,507; China, \$18,410; British Australasia, \$692,894; East Indies (British), \$18,326; other Asia and Oceania, \$113,577; Africa, \$125,979; other countries, \$217. Total, \$7,005,323.

An investigator who likes to get down to fine points has been figuring out the difference in the oiling of watches and locomotives. A good watch needs oiling once in a year to a year and a half. A locomotive oiled in the same way would run sixty miles an hour day and night for 648 days, or nearly forty times the circumference of the earth. He says that as locomotives have to be oiled every day the watchmaker must have brought his art to a much higher degree of perfection than the man who has built the locomotive. As a matter of fact, the cases are not parallel. The watch is most carefully protected from the air, dust and foreign substances. The locomotive runs through dirt, dust, cinders and debris of all sorts, much of which, as a matter of course, works into the machinery. If this man could keep a locomotive in a glass case and oil it and care for it as completely as he does his watch, he might be able to make some figures, but under the circumstances he can scarcely be said to have proven anything.

The Spanish attaché who has been secretly investigating our coast defenses could not have selected a better place than Charleston harbor. One look at the scarred side of Sumter ought to have convinced him that this is a good country to let alone.

The Queen Regent of Spain has been petitioned by prominent women of the United States to release Evangelina Cisneros, a young Cuban woman, now lying in prison in Havana and threatened with a sentence of 20 years imprisonment.

Twenty-five members of the Chicago Alaska Club will fit themselves for the Klondike by camping in the snow and practicing on skates, sleds, snowshoes and skis. They can avoid all of this merely by going to Boston and selecting twenty-five of the 29,000 mail-order Mrs. Charlotte Smith says are suffering for some one to love them.

The youngest and least educated fur seal must be cheered by the consciousness that he has rights which the American eagle and the British lion feel bound to respect.

THE NEWS IN IOWA

GAOGED AND BOUND.

Murphy Brothers, Near Cascade, Victims of Daring Robberies.

DUNQUOIR, Sept. 24.—About four miles southeast of Cascade live two brothers named Murphy. They are bachelors, live alone and own considerable property and are commonly supposed to have much of their wealth in the house. A neighbor had occasion to visit the house and found both men tied and gagged, lying on the floor and utterly helpless. He released them and they told a story of robbery that was exceptionally daring. Early in the afternoon two men suddenly appeared at the door, assaulted, overpowered and bound them. The fellows were masked and after searching the house over for the large amount of money they supposed to be concealed there, they attempted, by threats, to make the brothers divulge its hiding place. This they did not do, and the robbers finally took everything they could find of value and gagged their victims. They took their time about leaving, first thoroughly ransacking the house over. They hitched up a gray horse belonging to the Murphys and drove away with it.

IOWA CENTRAL'S EXTENSIONS. Contemplates Extensions that Interest Iowa People.

OTTUMWA, Sept. 20.—The Iowa Central company is arranging preliminaries toward spreading out very materially the coming year. It is understood that the Story City branch is to be extended to Sioux City, and a line will also be built from Oakville to Muscatine. The management is backed up by a board of directors who are progressive and pushing, and these extensions are to be run through at the earliest possible moment. It would seem that while the head and front of the company is so disposed, that it would be the proper time for Ottumwa to make an effort to secure an extension to that city.

BEATS THE KLONDIKE.

Keokuk Attorney Firm's Fee in the Davis Will Case. KEOKUK, Sept. 22.—The Davis will case, which has so long been in litigation, has at last been settled and the money distributed among the ones to whom it has been decreed to belong. Judge H. H. Trimble and son, Palmer Trimble, of Keokuk, who represented some of the claimants, have been paid their fee, which amounts to the sum of \$100,000. Such a fee as these gentlemen have received in this case is earned only once in a life time, and that in the career of but few lawyers.

TEST OF ANTI-CIGARETTE LAW

Iowa's New Statute Opposed on Original Package Grounds. NEWTON, Sept. 24.—The constitutionality of Iowa's new anti-cigarette law is to be tested in this city. Peter Gottard, a restaurant keeper, was fined \$25 and costs for selling cigarettes. He claims that a box of cigarettes is an original package, and he is therefore entitled to sell them under the provisions of the interstate commerce act. The case has been appealed. It is understood the cigarette trust will send an attorney to defend Gottard.

Condition of Iowa Banks.

DES MOINES, Sept. 23.—The auditor of state has begun the annual distribution of the annual reports of the state and savings banks of Iowa. The report shows the banks to be in excellent condition. They have a large per cent of available cash on hand than for five years past, have an increase in deposits of a million and a half, a decrease in overdrafts and a big increase in assets. The auditor in presenting his report, recommends that the legislature regulate the amount of real estate security to be held by the state or savings bank at any one time.

Sutherland Boy Killed.

SUTHERLAND, Sept. 24.—Willie Hoyt, about 18 years of age, whose mother lives in Sutherland, was stealing a ride from Sioux Rapids to Sutherland. He was on the trucks in under the sleeping car and fell off and was run over by the wheels. His right limb was severed from the body at the hip. He died about two hours later. He had been in a habit of stealing rides in this manner.

A Mistake or Intentional?

CRESTON, Sept. 22.—Mrs. Andy Burnett, wife of a Burlington route engineer, took a teaspoonful of carbolic acid and told the doctor when he arrived not to try to save her life, that she wanted to die. She refused to take the medicine, and it was forced down her throat. She now says she took the medicine by accident, evidently changing her mind as to her intentions after recovering her better senses.

Weeks is Winner.

DES MOINES, Sept. 22.—The state election board rendered a decision in the matter of the objections filed by the people's party to the printing of the middle-of-the-road populists' nominees on the official ballot. The board decides that the so-called regular populist party, having announced that it would be known under the name of democrat on the official ballot, has no legal right to the name of populist party.

Aveille Heard From.

OTTUMWA, Sept. 22.—About six months ago Manager Aveille, of the Wyman-Rand Company, left Ottumwa quite suddenly, and at the same time an Okaloosa woman disappeared. At the time the company gave out that he was short a few hundred dollars in his accounts with it. It is now known that he was at least \$4,000 short. He is now in California and no effort is being made to prosecute him.

Suicide or Accident.

DES MOINES, Sept. 21.—Kate Emmeringer, aged about 20 years, was found dead in her room in Whitechapel. She had died from an overdose of chloroform administered accidentally or otherwise by her own hand, as found by the coroner. She was the daughter of respectable parents.

HOG CHOLERA.

Tests to Be Made Under the Direction of the Agricultural Society.

DES MOINES, Sept. 24.—R. P. Dodge, of Atlanta, Ga., is in Iowa for the purpose of making tests and demonstrations in the treatment and cure of hog cholera and swine plague. He will make tests at all points in Iowa where the disease is prevalent, if requested to do so. He claims to have a new method, a cure in many cases and a preventive in all. He will travel under the direction of the Iowa Agricultural society, and more directly under the management of Vice-President John Cowie. Requests for his presence should be addressed to Mr. Cowie at the state house. The tests are made wholly without expense and have the endorsement of the agricultural department of Georgia. Mr. Dodge expects to remain in the state until November 1.

F. NOVAK IS INDICTED.

Heaton County Grand Jury Holds Him for the Murder of Ed Murray.

CEDAR RAPIDS, Sept. 24.—Frank Novak, who was pursued by detectives to Alaska and captured at Dawson City and brought back, has been indicted by the grand jury for the murder of Edward Murray. The charges of conspiracy and arson were not considered. Attorney Milner, who has been retained to defend Novak, declares his client has a defense the state little dreams of, and when made public will place Novak in a more favorable light before the public. He says there is no truth in the report that Novak admitted to William Murray that he guessed it was the remains of Edward Murray found in the debris of the burned building. A change of venue will be demanded.

M'CARTHY BROS. CONVICTED.

Aged Men at Marshalltown Held for Manslaughter.

MARSHALLTOWN, Sept. 23.—The jury in the case of the state vs. Michael and Patrick McCarthy returned a verdict of guilty of the charge of manslaughter. Accompanying the verdict was a written document signed by every one of the jurymen recommending the aged men to the mercy of the court. This will probably have some weight with the judge, and it is generally conceded that the sentence will be light. The maximum penalty for manslaughter is eight years in the penitentiary and the minimum is a fine of \$1,000.

Robbery at Liscomb.

LISCOMB, Sept. 24.—L. H. Smith's general store was robbed of \$300 to \$500 worth of goods. There is no clue to the burglars further than that the thief or thieves came in a buggy. The money drawer was broken open and the safe was tried, but they were unable to open it. They secured shoes, gloves, handkerchiefs, dress patterns, etc.

Stant Pelton is Innocent.

OSAGE, Sept. 22.—The hearing of Stant E. Pelton, charged with embezzlement of county funds during March, 1896, resulted in his acquittal. The charges were brought against him by Treasurer J. B. Sheehan, who claimed that several hundred dollars had been taken by Pelton, who was his deputy at the time.

Pardoned Conditionally.

DUNQUOIR, Sept. 24.—Bernard Hansen has been pardoned conditionally on the application of the judge and the prosecutor. He killed a street car conductor, aided by one Leo Aboon, who on a second trial escaped. Hansen was serving a twenty year sentence from 1891.

IOWA CONDENSED.

John Steele was convicted at Albia, Monroe county, of murder in the first degree and the sentence is fixed at penitentiary for life. Steele murdered his neighbor, Jacob Werner.

D. N. Richardson, of Davenport, secretary of the Iowa Soldiers' and Sailors' Monument commission, has presented the state of Iowa with \$4,275, which represents his salary for fifty-seven months' service on the commission as secretary at \$75 per month.

In the case of C. J. Stevens, the last of those tried in Wapello county for the Eldon bank robbery, although the state presented the evidence of five people to whom Stevens had confessed to instigating the entire plot, the jury brought in a verdict of breaking and entering.

At Keokuk recently John M. Schlatter, a Macomb, Ill., laborer, filed suit in the federal court against Mrs. Catherine Sower, near Burlington, for \$10,000 for personal injuries. He claims he was inquiring for work at her house and her big dog chewed on his left leg between the knee and ankle.

Sheriff Parrott, of Bremer county, has offered a reward of \$500 for the apprehension of the murderers of Jerome Kern. Up to the present time it has been impossible to solve the riddle successfully, and the sheriff has taken this means to assist him in discovering who the guilty parties are. Kern was found dead in the woods near Waverly recently.

Fire in the business district of Creston recently destroyed \$45,000 worth of property and for more than an hour threatened the entire business section. The fire originated in the basement of R. N. Jones' dry goods store. Three brick blocks were completely gutted and the merchandise destroyed. The second stories were occupied by offices. The total loss will approximate \$45,000, with nearly that amount of insurance.

At Council Bluffs recently Judge Macy sustained the motion for a continuance in the Dickerson case, and it was taken out of assignment and carried over to the next term. In support of the motion, affidavits were offered showing Dickerson's daughter is lying at the point of death. Other affidavits showed that the health of the defendant is very frail, and that the strain of a trial at this time would put his life in jeopardy. Dickerson is now at his farm in Missouri.

Hester Not Guilty. FRANKFORT, Ky., Sept. 22.—The jury in the case of Dr. Godfrey Hunter, charged with attempting to bribe members of the legislature to vote for him for United States senator, returned a verdict of "not guilty."

ALL OVER THE WORLD

YELLOW FEVER SCARE.

NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 18.—The fever situation in New Orleans has assumed a more serious aspect than at any time since Sunday, when six of the St. Claude cases were declared yellow fever. The board of health has officially announced the appearance of eight new cases, and one death, that of Zena Brauner. At the office of the board of health the reports were considered somewhat surprising and disappointing. The report of the board of health at Biloxi says that there are nineteen cases of actual yellow fever under treatment with diagnosis reserved as to twelve cases. There were seven new cases reported in twenty-four hours.

JACKSON, Miss., Sept. 20.—In addition to tearing up the Alabama & Vicksburg railroad tracks west of the city, the crowd also burned a trestle on the same road. The cause of the trouble was the disregard of officials to the orders of the authorities not to stop trains here, but to run through the city at a twenty mile rate. Indignation is at fever heat, and the people declare that if it is necessary to compel the observance of their quarantine regulations they will burn every bridge between here and Vicksburg.

MOBILE, Ala., Sept. 20.—A large number of new cases are reported. An effort of the citizens to move into the country has been stopped by the guards.

NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 20.—The total number of cases here is thirty-five and the death rate has not reached 10 per cent, showing the mildness of the fever. Twenty new cases are reported from Edwards, Miss.

NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 21.—At its sessions, the board of health decided to send an appeal to Governor Foster, asking him to supply the board with \$25,000 to assist the board in prosecuting its fight against yellow fever. Eighteen new cases are reported at New Orleans.

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 22.—A special from Cairo, Ill., to the Post-Dispatch says: Dr. Gutierrez has diagnosed two more cases of illness here as yellow fever. A quarantine against Cairo, Ill., is unnecessary and unwarranted by the facts in the case. By no possibility can contagion be carried from Cairo at the present time, or spread through the city with the restrictions imposed.

LOUISVILLE, Sept. 23.—Two cases of yellow fever have developed here. The health officers declare that the disease will not spread.

NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 23.—Twelve new cases and two deaths are reported, one of the latter being Dr. Lovell, who contracted the fever while attending patients suffering with the disease.

EDWARDS, Miss., Sept. 23.—There are eight new cases of yellow fever, a total to date of eighty; deaths, one, a total of three. All the cases except two are doing well. The disease is spreading rapidly. Five hundred people within the lines are unaffected. The indications are that nothing except a killing frost can allay the disease.

MINERS GO TO WORK.

The Great Strike is Officially at an End. PITTSBURG, Sept. 22.—The bituminous coal miners' strike is officially at an end. The ten days which the miners should remain idle have ended and the 150,000 men who have been idle for eleven weeks, resumed work at an advance of 20 per cent on their wages. Desultory fights will be continued, but the most interesting one will be the fight in the New York and Cleveland Gas Coal Company, as it is the ambition of the miners to make that company pay 65 cents a ton. The task is admitted to be a hard one. The miners got practically all they asked for, and more than the conservative members expected. All the miners in the Pittsburgh district, where the price has been accorded have gone to work. The operators are getting all the cars they need and the mines are making phenomenal runs.

KANSAS DISPATCHER IS HELD.

Telegraph Operator Responsible for Recent Deadly Wreck. EMPORIA, Kan., Sept. 21.—The coroner's jury sitting in the inquest on the Santa Fe wreck, in which thirteen people were killed and several injured, returned the verdict placing the responsibility on Dispatcher King, of Topeka. The railway company is blamed for negligence in not having the Lang office thoroughly equipped and the agent at Larson for not using all the precautions in his power.

Presidential Appointment.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 23.—The president has appointed Edwin A. Nyé, formerly editor of the Danville, Ill., Commercial, consul to Hankow, China. The salary amounts to \$3,000 and the fees aggregate \$1,000 additional. Mr. Nyé was appointed auditor of war last spring and like his friend Mr. Cahoon, who refused the appointment as comptroller of the treasury, declined the office. He is now managing editor of the Des Moines Daily News and announces that he will decline the consulship.

An Andree Egoon.

COPENHAGEN, Sept. 21.—A dispatch from Hammerfest, the northernmost town of Europe, in Norway, says the whaling ship Falk brought there the third pigeon dispatch from Prof. Andree. It reads: "July 12, 12:30 p. m., latitude 82.3 north, longitude 12.5 east. Good voyage eastward. All well." Andree started July 11.

Martin is Arrested.

WILKESBARE, Pa., Sept. 21.—The court issued warrants for the arrest of Sheriff Martin and deputies. The warrants were served on Martin. It is expected some of the deputies will flee to avoid arrest.

Hester Not Guilty.

FRANKFORT, Ky., Sept. 22.—The jury in the case of Dr. Godfrey Hunter, charged with attempting to bribe members of the legislature to vote for him for United States senator, returned a verdict of "not guilty."

PEARY'S SUCCESSFUL TRIP.

He Brings to New York the Huge Cape York Meteorite.

SYDNEY, Sept. 22.—The steam sailing bark Hope, with Lieut. R. S. Peary and party on board, has returned from North Greenland. All on board are well. The Hope came into port burning her last ton of coal and with her bulwarks and decks giving evidence of the furious seas of an unusual stormy summer. She is nearly as deep in the water as when she left Sydney in the latter part of July with her bunkers full of coal, for the huge Cape York meteorite, the largest in the world, is in her hold and bedded in tons of ballast. Lieutenant Peary has also on board six Cape York Eskimauks who will go with him when he returns next year to attempt to reach the north pole. The Eskimauks have their tents, dogs, sledges and canoes. The expedition visited Cape Sabine, and relics of the ill-fated expedition led by Greeley have been obtained. The summer in Baffin bay was marked by almost continuously stormy weather and by an unusual scarcity of ice. The Hope will proceed to New York, where she will land the meteorite.

LONDON BANKERS AND SILVER

Met to Consult on Bank of England's Attitude.

LONDON, Sept. 24.—A meeting of the bankers of London was held to protest against the action of the Bank of England undertaking to carry one-fifth of its reserve in silver under certain conditions. There was a large attendance, representing powerful interests. Several prominent bankers were not represented, but it was said to be due to the fact that the heads of the banks unrepresented were not in London. A resolution protesting against the Bank of England's proposed action was adopted. This action of the London bankers is unprecedented.

LEPROSY IN NORTH DAKOTA.

Government Notified of Two Well Defined Cases in Walsh County.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 22.—Acting Assistant Surgeon F. R. Smythe, of the marine hospital service, has written to the surgeon general informing him of the existence of two cases of leprosy in Walsh county, North Dakota. The victims are Scandinavians and the disease is said to be well developed. One of the patients is said to be anxious to return to Sweden. Dr. Smythe says he is uninformed as to what precautions the local authorities have taken to prevent the spread of the disease.

HE CONFESSED.

Mexico City Chief of Police Ordered Lynching of Arroyo.

MEXICO CITY, Sept. 23.—Velasquez, ex-inspector general of police, now in prison, confesses that he ordered the killing of Arroyo. His servant admits buying the knives with which the deed was committed. Velasquez says the man was not tortured. The judge has decided to hold Velasquez and Cabrera for trial.

BRITISH REVERSE IN INDIA.

Regarded as Making a Most Serious Situation.

SIMLA, Sept. 20.—The reverses suffered by the British in the attack upon the Mohmuds is regarded as most serious. It is stated in semi-official circles that if the situation does not improve promptly the whole border will be in arms.

The Graeco-Turkish Peace.

THESSALIA, Sept. 24.—The Levant Herald says it is difficult to exaggerate the general feeling of satisfaction caused by the signature of peace preliminaries. The conclusion was greatly facilitated by the moderation of the imperial government and the sultan, who accepted terms which fell far short of what the facts connected with the war would have justified. This speech was fully acknowledged in the speech of the Austrian ambassador.

ATRIENS, Sept. 24.—A mass meeting was held this evening in Concord Square to denounce the terms of peace and a copy of the treaty was placed upon a bonfire and burned amid a great uproar.

"Buck" Kilgore Dead.

ARDMORE, I. T., Sept. 24.—United States Judge Kilgore, ex-congressman from Texas, died yesterday. By his friends he was known as "Buck," and attracted publicity in the Fifty-first congress by kicking in a green blue door, which had been locked by order of Speaker Reed during a filibustering scene.

BREVITIES.

A dispatch from Osgood, Ind., says: There will be an awful reckoning for the slaughterers of the five men in the Versailles jail. All the victims have many relatives, who are determined that somebody must suffer for the lynching.

Masked highwaymen entered the postoffice at Belmont, Neb., and by the liberal display of six shooters compelled the postmaster to deliver up some \$400 of postoffice funds. They made their escape, but two were apprehended in Crawford after lively fighting, in which one of the robbers was mortally wounded. The men are a portion of the gang which has been terrorizing the Black Hills.

At Seattle, a few days ago six letters were introduced in evidence at the preliminary hearing of Yee Gee, the Chinese interpreter, employed by Collector Saunders at Port Townsend in the examinations of Chinese "merchants," all of which tended to show the existence of a big conspiracy for the unlawful entry of Chinese into this country. The ring is apparently backed by unlimited money. The letters indicated that it included a Chinese firm in San Francisco, a firm at Hong Kong, which is apparently a banker of the combination, and two merchants in Victoria. Although the authorities have been working on the case but three weeks, they seem to have enough evidence showing that nearly 1,000 Chinese were fraudulently entered.

TO KILL MCKINLEY.

Crank Supposed to Have Had Designs on the Life of the President.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 22.—Joseph Bloomfield Jackson, who is said to be a crank from Meriden, Conn., was arrested at the door of the White House after an unsuccessful attempt to enter the executive mansion. Jackson was heavily armed. He has been in the city several days and at the Raleigh house, where he has been staying, made mysterious boasts as to what he was going to do to high officials of the government. He sent a letter to a local newspaper containing similar threats. He has been under espionage several days and is now behind the bars. Officers thought nothing of the arrest until on searching him they found a loaded revolver. Only a charge of vagrancy and carrying concealed weapons can be made against him and his treatment will not be materially different than that given to hundreds of other cranks removed from the White House grounds without disturbance, but nevertheless, there is a fear and belief that Major McKinley might, had he driven out in the afternoon, instead of being closeted with visitors, have been attacked and perhaps shot as he entered his carriage. It is thought that Jackson's mind is unbalanced.

THAT INTERVIEW.

It Appears That Minister Woodford Did Not Deliver an Ultimatum.

MADRID, Sept. 24.—The correspondent of the Associated Press learns on high authority that the interview between United States Minister Woodford and the Spanish minister of foreign affairs was merely preliminary. Woodford represented the gravity of the condition in Cuba, requesting Spain to find a method of speedily ending the war, offered the good offices of the United States, which gives Spain an opportunity to gracefully end the war. If it does not embrace it within a reasonable time, notice will be given that the United States must interfere, though Woodford has not said so yet. The United States ambassadors to European countries ascertained that all except Austria will recognize that the interests of the United States justify interference in the Cuban affair. Austria is influenced by the fact that the queen regent of Spain is an Austrian arch-duchess, but it is not likely that she will do more than make a diplomatic protest.

JAPAN READY TO FIGHT US.

Said to Be Prepared to Resist Hawaiian Annexation by Force.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 24.—Japan has been landing troops in Hawaii during the last three months preparatory to resisting all attempts to annex the islands to the United States. The steamer City of Peking, from Hong Kong via Honolulu, brings this news with the confirmation that it itself landed 174 Japanese soldiers at the capital of Hawaii under the guise of laborers. The Japanese are bitterly opposed to the treaty of annexation, which was ratified September 19 by the Hawaiian senate, and it is supposed that a desperate resistance will be made to this measure by the mikado. More than 1,000 soldiers from the land of the chrysanthemum are now in Hawaii, it is asserted, and it is claimed they only wait the word of command to fight any attempt made to hand the islands over to the United States.

MUST END BY OCTOBER.

Woodford Serves Notice on the Spanish Foreign Minister.

PARIS, Sept. 21.—The Temps's San Sebastian special says: In an interview with the Spanish foreign minister, it is said the United States minister told the Duke of Tetuan Sherman desired him to declare to Spain that it is evidently impossible for Spain to end the rebellion in reasonable time, and that if the war is continued Cuba will be devastated and no utility to Spain or the Cubans. He insisted firmly and courteously on the necessity of terminating the war, declaring that if it is not terminated by the end of October, the United States would feel justified in taking measures to secure the independence of Cuba. The Duke of Tetuan, while protesting against the alleged American pretensions, said he would officially reply when the Spanish courts return to Madrid.

Held to the Grand Jury.

WILKESBARE, Sept. 23.—Sheriff Martin and about forty deputies were arraigned in court, charged with the murder of twenty-four strikers, at Latimer on the 10th. After the hearing of several witnesses the judges held all in \$4,000 bail each, which was furnished and they were returned to Hazelton.

British Meet Defeat.

CAMP ANATAP, via Pankajora, Sept. 21.—Severe fighting has taken place between the Second Brigade of Gen. Sir Bindon Blood's division and the Mohmuds. The British loss was 140 killed and wounded.

Filibusters Are Slaughtered.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., Sept. 24.—A Floridian from Cuba reports that a recent filibustering expedition for the island was captured, and that nineteen men were slain by the Spaniards.

At a recent meeting of the Bank of England Governor Sandeman said: "You are probably aware of the proposals laid before the government in the summer by the United States and France, whereby this country might increase its use of silver as a contribution to an international agreement which, while not affecting our gold standard, might enable France and America to resume free coinage. Among the proposals is one asking the bank to hold the amount of silver permissible under the act of 1844 against the notes." The governor then read a letter, dated July 29, addressed to the chancellor of the exchequer, as follows: "Referring to our conversation, we beg to say the bank is prepared to carry out what is laid down in the bank charter."

Hold one-fifth of the bullion held against its note in silver, provided always the French mint is again open to free coinage of silver and the price at which silver is procurable and saleable is satisfactory."

RAM'S HORNS.

The common saint is an uncommon stranger to himself.

He is well balanced that will take advice against inclination. Christ taught to teach; not to win admiration or applause. Aggressiveness without control, is the animal turned loose. The gospel and the long face do not travel well together. The man who loves his neighbor as himself, cannot be a hermit. A dollar has more power in America, than the Ten Commandments. The careless man wrecks his comfort; the covetous man his destiny. The eagle bathing her pinions in the clouds, is but one of God's thoughts materialized. If your schooling does not help you to better the world, your time and money are both lost. The man who thinks he knows all there is to know, is already too dead to know that he is dying. Scatter sunshine as you pass along, and by and by you may gather bouquets of immortal gladness. We may gain a reputation for piety by looking solemn, but we shall slander the Lord while doing it.

Gross Outrages

Upon the stomach and bowels are perpetrated by multitudes of injudicious people who upon experiencing the annoyance of constipation in a slight degree, infiltrate their bowels with drenching evacants, which enfeeble the intestinal membranes to a serious extent, sometimes, even, superinducing dysentery and piles. Get out your Stomach Bitters is the true succedaneum for those nostrums, since it is at once invigorating, gentle and effectual. It also banishes dyspepsia, malarial complaints, rheumatism, and kidney trouble.

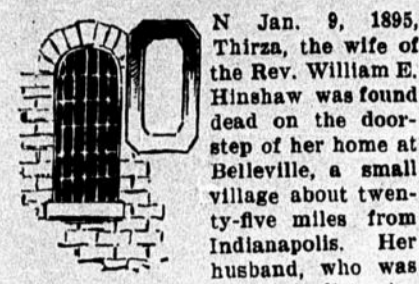
Not So Sleep.

Amateur summerer—Are the hotel rates very steep there? Professional summerer—Not at all. It's easy to run up a bill. Educate Your Bowels With Cascarets. Cascarets, pure cathartic, cure constipation forever. 100. U. S. C

STORY OF A CRIME.

PREACHER SERVING LIFE SENTENCE FOR MURDER.

Remarkable Confession of a Criminal That May Open the Prison Doors for Him—Fierce Struggle at Midnight—Working to Free Him.



N. Jan. 9, 1895, Thirza, the wife of the Rev. William E. Hinshaw was found dead on the door-step of her home at Belleville, a small village about twenty-five miles from Indianapolis. Her husband, who was the Methodist minister of the village, had been cut on the arms and breast with a razor. His story was to the effect that two burglars had entered his sleeping apartment, shot his wife and attacked him; that he had a desperate contest with them, fought them down the stairway, out on the porch, where his wife had followed bleeding, finally dropping on the porch step, where she was found dead. The preacher's story ended when he and the burglars, after fighting across the road, had separated, they escaping down the street and out into the country.

Citizens and detectives, after hearing the preacher's account and looking at what they thought were skin-deep wounds made by a razor, and all the surrounding circumstances, decided that Hinshaw had killed his wife. Stories of disagreements and of undue intimacy with a woman began to be circulated. He was arrested. Then followed a tedious and prolonged trial. The prosecution was exhaustively and intelligently handled by accomplished attorneys. They satisfied the jury that no one but Hinshaw himself possibly could have killed Mrs. Hinshaw that night under all the circumstances that had been brought to their attention. The motive for ridding himself of his wife, they urged, was that he might marry a young woman of the village.

The evidence at this point was, however, considered faulty, but the prosecution pushed it adroitly and in a very convincing manner. The jury found Hinshaw guilty, but when he was sentenced to life imprisonment he "declared before God" in the most solemn manner that he was innocent. He was taken to prison, and his attorneys appealed the case to the supreme court of Indiana, which, after a long and exhaustive examination, reaffirmed in a long and detailed opinion that Hinshaw had killed his wife and refused him a new trial.

Here the entire matter rested until July 9 last, when Noah Bany, convicted of grand larceny, summoned J. O. Parker, one of Hinshaw's attorneys, to the state prison and made a confession to him which, it is true, exonerated Hinshaw. The details of the confession are as follows:

"On the night of Jan. 9, 1895, Guy Van Tassel and Kid Whitney came to us and said they wanted me to go with them to Danville, Ind., which is only a few miles from Belleville, and where they had a little job to do. I agreed at first, but Carry James, who was visiting my mother, said that she did not wish me to go with them, as I was not strong enough. I was not well, and she persuaded me not to go. I finally told them I would not go, but said that they might take our horse and buggy.

"This they did, and I did not see them any more until a day or two after, when they brought my rig home and said that they had 'done the job' by getting into the house through the back door and kitchen. Whitney went in with Van Tassel, who was scared all the time. Directly after getting into the house they found Hinshaw's razor and revolver, and they took them to prevent some one else getting them and using them against themselves. They finally reached the bedroom where the Hinshaws were sleeping and were in the act of rifling Hinshaw's pockets when the preacher and wife awakened and made an outcry. Van Tassel began to shoot. He shot three times in the house and twice outside with a long barreled single-acting gun. Hinshaw grappled with Kid two or three times, but Kid would back away from him, and finally both men ran out of the house, followed by the Hinshaws. Van Tassel looked back, and

seeing the woman coming after them, and just as she was on the porch step, he fired to frighten her back, but the ball struck her and she fell dead. Hinshaw was cut by Van Tassel outside of the house across the road by the fence. They got \$98 and offered some of it to me, but I refused to take it. We all three went to Chicago, returning to Indianapolis the next week, where we were arrested for larceny."

Noah Bany, who makes the confession, and Guy Van Tassel, who Bany says fired the shot that killed Mrs. Hinshaw, were convicted Feb. 20, 1895, and Kid Whitney was sentenced for burglary Feb. 11, 1896. Indianapolis is the home of the trio, and the police say that they are all crooks of a dangerous type. Van Tassel denies Bany's story vigorously, as also does Whitney.

Mr. Parker, one of Hinshaw's attorneys, says that he has followed every detail of Bany's confession to the end, and he finds that he is corroborated in every point except as to one, and this one has not yet been fully investigated. He is perfectly satisfied that Hinshaw never killed his wife and hundreds of people in Indiana are with him in this opinion.

He had an opportunity to do this, and at the very outset broke completely down and confessed that he had accompanied Van Tassel and Whitney and had taken part in the burglary, although he had nothing to do, he said, with the killing.

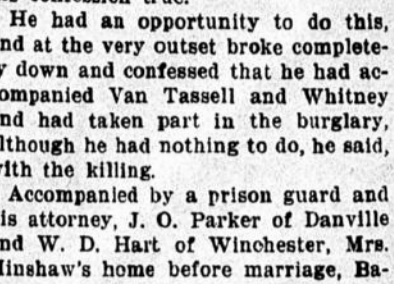
Accompanied by a prison guard and his attorney, J. O. Parker of Danville and W. D. Hart of Winchester, Mrs. Hinshaw's home before marriage, Bany was taken to Belleville, where he drove directly to the Hinshaw home. Here he described minutely every detail, seemingly, that occurred upon the night of the tragedy. He showed the spot where the horse and buggy were left when the three men—Van Tassel, Whitney and himself—went to the house to commit burglary.

In the first room he showed where the cupboard stood from which the pistol and razor were taken by Van Tassel and handed to him. In the second room entered there was no bed, but he said that there was one there on the night of the murder, but unoccupied, and he correctly showed just where it had stood. He also showed correctly just where Hinshaw's trousers, razor and pocketbook had been thrown and where they were found.

AN INDIAN WAIF.

FOUND AFTER SLAUGHTER AT WOUNDED KNEE.

Zintka Was Adopted by Gen. Colby and Taken to Washington—Civilized Surroundings Do Not Seem to Curb Her Wild Instincts.



HE recently threatened Indian uprising in the west has directed attention to a little Indian girl, now a resident of Washington. She is the adopted daughter of General Leonard W. Colby and wife, who reside at No. 1325 Tenth street, N. W. The child's name is Zintka Lanuni. Her legal name by adoption is Zintka Colby. She is now nearly 7 years old, a typical Indian in facial appearance, physique and actions. Thus far it has been impossible to curb the wild blood that flows through her veins, and, although surrounded by all the advantages of a modern American home, goes to school, Sunday school, has been taught to pray and has as companions refined children of the neighborhood. Zintka is what her foster mother frequently calls a bad girl. She is wild and at times ungovernable, stubborn and possessed of the well known revengeful spirit of the Indian. She will resent the real or fancied offense of a playmate, no matter how long it takes, and is equally as eager to appreciate any kindness done her. Zintka is of a roaming disposition. She runs away from home every day, her favorite amusement being to ride on the belt line street cars around past the Capitol and circulating the city.

All the conductors on the line know her, and she rides free. Frequently she is out until long after dark, but always finds her way home. No amount of correction or admonition has yet had any effect on her uncontrollable spirit to roam. Zintka was found on the battlefield of Wounded Knee creek, on the afternoon of Jan. 1, 1891. She was then three months old. The massacre of Big Foot's band having occurred on the morning of Dec. 29, it was over three days that she lay on the battlefield in the arms of her dead mother. The latter had been shot and killed in the fusillade of the United States troops. The day after the battle there was an attack on the agency, which kept the relief party from going over the field, and the day following there was a fearful blizzard, in which they could not venture out. When the baby was found she was only slightly frozen on the head and feet, having been protected by warm clothing, by the body of her mother wrapped in a heavy Navajo blanket and by a covering of drifted snow. General Colby learned to love the infant, and, having no children of his own, consulted his wife, and they determined to adopt her.



THE REV. W. E. HINSHAW.

rummaged the cupboard before he entered. He then went with them to Hinshaw's room, secured the trousers, carried them out and searched them. When he returned the victims were awake and had engaged in a scuffle with Van Tassel and Whitney. Bany ran outdoors to warn his chums in case there was any one approaching the house. When he returned they had fought down the steps and into the road. Mrs. Hinshaw was just passing across the porch when Van Tassel turned and shot her dead. She fell on the porch steps. He soon returned to her, and finding her dead, exclaimed to Whitney and Bany that the woman was dead and told them to get away as soon as possible. They then returned to Indianapolis.

Hinshaw's attorney said: "We went over the ground at Belleville last night carefully, and what Bany said in former statements does not vary a hair's breadth from what he said last night. He described minutely the movements of Hinshaw and his wife, and of the men who went to the home to rob it. He omitted nothing and his story does not conflict materially with that of Hinshaw."

According to the records all of the three burglars were not in jail or the penitentiary when the murder was committed.

BURIED HIS MORTAL FOE.
How a Fly Disposed of the Body of a Dead Spider.

Samuel Simon, Sr., of Nashanock township, Pennsylvania, while strolling near his home one day recently, noticed a fly about half an inch long and of a dark blue color, with a slim body, bearing a large dead spider. The fly crossed his path and laid his load down. It then went about eighteen inches in another direction and commenced digging a hole in the ground. His curiosity was excited, he stopped and watched the work. After the fly had the hole dug about half the length of himself he went to where he had left the spider and took his dimensions. After going back to the hole he found it was not big enough and commenced digging again.

After taking out a quantity of earth he again went to the spider and took his dimensions. He did this eight times and as often enlarged the hole. When the busy little fellow had the hole too deep for him to throw the earth clear out he would go on the bank and force it back with his feet. After he had the excavation large enough for his purpose he went for the spider and took it to the grave, for such it proved to be, and dragged it to the mouth of the hole. After he had the body in he covered it with fine earth first and finished by placing a small piece of cinder on top. When he had finished the work he flew away. The whole time consumed was exactly fifty-five minutes, as Mr. Simon says he sat and watched the whole performance.

Served a Double Purpose.
A certain young widow of Indianapolis, who has just changed her weeds for brighter hues, gave a dinner party not long ago. The rooms were decorated with a great profusion of flowers. Roses in masses were on the mantels, and the dinner table fairly blossomed; in fact, the abundance of flowers was unusual. One of the guests could restrain her curiosity no longer and when the dessert was brought in, said:

"Well, Mrs. Blank, you're rather spreading on the flowers tonight!"
"Yes," replied the fair widow, brightly, "but tomorrow I am going to take them out to Crown Hill and put them on poor Tom's grave."

A regular "13" shaver went round the table.—Indianapolis Sentinel.

The population of Rome, Italy, is, by the census of last September, 477,272.

SPANIARDS IN A TRAP.

Cubans Feign Retreat and Draw Soldiers Into an Ambuscade.

HAVANA, Sept. 21.—General Calisto Garcia has announced his intention of driving the Spaniards out of eastern Cuba. His latest movement was against Manzanillo, one of the most important seaports on the southern coast. Twelve hundred rebels, under command of Brigadier Salvador Rios, appeared before that town and called upon the garrison to surrender. In reply the Spanish commander, Brigadier Toral, sent out a column of men. The rebels feigned retreat, and the Spanish troops, encouraged by what they thought of the cowardly flight, pressed after the enemy. The fight and pursuit lasted for two kilometers, when, at the estate of Tranquilidad, the rebels turned, and with re-enforcements that had been lying in ambush, fell upon the Spanish rear. The result was a veritable slaughter. The Spanish put their loss down at 108 killed and sixty-nine wounded, but other advices state that out of the column only three men escaped to return to Manzanillo. The others were killed, wounded or taken prisoners.



NOT SUBJECT TO DUTY.
Attorney General Sides With Importers, on Section 52.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 20.—Section 52 of the Dingley act does not impose discriminating duties upon goods brought into the United States through contiguous countries under consular seal or upon goods imported through ocean ports in foreign vessels which are not specially exempted by treaty. Attorney General McKenna is of the opinion that, except as to goods not the product of a contiguous country which are imported into the United States directly from such contiguous country, the language of the section is not clear enough to make it certain that congress intended to change the previously existing law. He believes that the verbiage is altogether too vague to justify an interpretation changing in any way the law as contained in the revised statutes as far as it affects imports through ocean ports or through contiguous countries under consular seal. This is the opinion of the attorney general.



ZINTKA.

SIX BABIES BURNED TO DEATH.
Children Roast While Parents Attend Religious Service.

COLUMBIA, S. C., Sept. 22.—Andrew Smith and wife, colored, living near Donalds, Abbeville county, locked in their house six children, the youngest 18 months old, and the oldest 7 years. The parents went to church. An hour later the neighbors heard frightful screams coming from Smith's house, the interior of which was in flames. Efforts were made to save the children, but it was impossible to reach them, and all perished. It is supposed an oil lamp left burning was overturned. When the parents returned a pile of bones and ashes is all that they found.

PART OF CHINA SUBMERGED.

More Than 100,000 Destitute and \$1,000,000 Destroyed.

TACOMA, Wash., Sept. 23.—China advices per steamer Empress of China, report that the river Pei-Po has burst both the eastern and western banks and one vast sheet of water stretches from Yung Chang to Pei Kuan. One hundred thousand people have been rendered destitute and the damage to property is estimated at about \$1,000,000. The railways are in danger of floods.

Forty Killed in Foreign Cyclone.
BRINDISI, Sept. 23.—A cyclone swept over Sava, Orto and Latisano. Forty were killed, seventy wounded and twenty houses destroyed. At Orto the railway depot was destroyed and the railroad men engaged there were killed. Two chateaux and thirty houses were destroyed in a neighboring village, where twenty were killed and twenty-four injured. At Mesagne, province of Lecce, fifteen were killed and five injured. Great tracts of country have been devastated by the hurricane.

VIENNA, Sept. 23.—The steamer Ika, with a crew of ten and fifty Austrian passengers, was entering the port at Fiume, on the river Flumara, when she collided with the English steamer Tiria, which was leaving. The bows of the Ika were stove in and she sank in two minutes. Boats hastily put off and saved the captain and seven others, but most of the passengers perished.

Hawaii Battles.
CHICAGO, Sept. 22.—The Times-Herald special from San Francisco says: The steamer City of Peking, which has just arrived from the Orient, by way of Honolulu, brings word that the Hawaiian congress ratified the treaty of annexation on September 10. There was no opposition.

IOWA PATENT OFFICE REPORT.
DES MOINES, Sept. 22.—Thirty patents were issued August 31st to one inventor, F. H. Richards, of Hartford, Conn., for thirty different weighing machines. The secretary of a company in Lake View, Iowa, says: "We recorded our assignment in the county where we do business," and asks "should it be recorded anywhere else?" Answer: Recording any paper that affects the title to a patented invention in a county or state is not a legal notice to the public. The following is the law upon the subject: Section 4898. Every patent, or any interest therein, shall be assignable in law by an instrument in writing, and the patentee or his assigns or legal representatives may, in like manner, grant and convey an exclusive right under his patent to the whole or any specified part of the United States. An assignment, grant or conveyance shall be void as against any subsequent purchaser or mortgagee for a valuable consideration, without notice, unless it is recorded in the patent office within three months from the date thereof. Valuable information about obtaining, valuing and selling patents sent free to any address.

THOMAS G. AND J. RALPH ONWIG, Solicitors of Patents

WORTH READING.

Excursion tickets for dogs are now issued by two English railroads.

A peach 1 3/4 inches in circumference was raised in McMinn county, Tennessee, this season.

Count Tolstol's domestic life is being written up by one of his former servants, a man named Stepan. Until August 8, Grand Sole, La., had had but two showers since April 14. Wells had gone dry and vegetation was withering.

His wife having drunk thirty gallons of wine which he had stored in the cellar for himself, an Abilene (Kas.) man brought suit for divorce.

Muskegon, Mich., is fast becoming a turtle-shiping center. A consignment of 700 pounds of turtles was recently shipped from that place to this city. English suicides take naturally to hanging. A woman at Teignmouth has added variety to this method by hanging herself on her own front door knocker.

Mrs. A.—Is it true that your son holds the appointment of warden in a jail? Mrs. B.—Yes; but only criminals of good families are imprisoned there.

One of Wichita's leading physicians is unable to be called to active service in the German army in case of an emergency. He is on a life furlough from the army.

Black, blue and red ink used in German public schools has been found to contain microbes. When scientifically developed, they prove fatal to mice within four days.

LAST MONTH
Of the Tennessee Centennial and Industrial Exposition.

The month of October closes this great set of all Expositions ever held in the South and next to the Columbian, the best ever held in this country. For the closing month, special attractions have been arranged, and the rates from all parts of the country have been made lower than ever before known. The location (Nashville, Tenn.) is on the main line of the Louisville & Nashville Railroad, direct on its through car route between the North and South, and the trip in either direction via that city can be made as cheaply, if not cheaper, than via any other route. Ask your ticket agent for rates, or write to C. P. Atmore, General Passenger Agent, Louisville, Ky., for rates and information.

Shake Into Your Shoes
Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder for the feet. It cures painful, swollen, smarting feet and instantly takes the sting out of corns and bunions. It is the greatest comfort discovery of the age. Allen's Foot-Ease makes tight-fitting or new shoes feel easy. It is a certain cure for sweating, callous and hot, tired, aching feet. Try it today. Sold by all druggists and shoe stores. Buy in bulk for 50¢ in stamps. Trial package FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

The fact is noted that with Mrs. Hirsch's \$1,500,000 the total amount of the Hirsch charities is \$14,500,000.

Patent Pointers.
In a recent expired patent is shown a clever mechanism by means of which a shaft was checked or stopped three times during one revolution by means of a swinging pendulum, provided with four shoulders, as is shown. The shaft was provided with three arms, which worked within the pendulum, and alternately engaged the shoulders. The second illustration shows two gears, which are alternately rotated in opposite directions by the continuously rotating mutilated central pinion. Where a thing is marked "Patented" as of a date not of its patent, but of the date of a superior patent to the same patent, upon which it is an improvement, the U. S. circuit court recently held that the inventor had not complied with the law and so could not collect damages for infringement.

Parties desiring free information as to patents should address Sues & Co., patent experts, Bee Building, Omaha, Nebraska.

Humor in His Blood.
Doctor—Have you been taking any medicine? Patient—Yes, sir. I have been taking medicine for a weak back.

Doctor—But, man, there is nothing the matter with your back; you have humor in your blood.

HOG CHOLERA CURED.
One Bottle of Hog Cholera Cure Free to Every Farmer.

We will give to one farmer in each township in the United States who has sick hogs one (one) bottle of Wm. Hall's Hog Cholera Cure free. Give the name of your township and county. All costs in the express charges and a report of the results of using it. Try it, then buy it. The Wm. Hall Medicine Co., St. Louis, Mo.

The Crush Explanation.
What are all those carriages doing there? Farmer! No; that's headquarters of Pligie & Pang the fashionable dressmakers.

Free to Home-seekers.
Illustrated Idaho literature sent free to home-seekers. Write D. R. Carrier, 425 La Salle Ave., Chicago, Ill.

If there were but one potato in the world a careful cultivator might produce from it 10,000,000,000 in ten years, and that would supply the world with food once more.

To Cure Constipation Forever.
Take Cascara Candy, Cathartic, 50¢ or 75¢. C. C. Fall to cure. Druggists refund cost.

The French ambassador to Great Britain is the best paid diplomat in the world, his yearly salary being \$60,000.

Hall's Catarrh Cure
Is a constitutional cure. Price, 75¢.

In Germany there is an educational institution for teaching the technique of butchering and packing.

Geo's Cough Balsam.
Is the oldest and best. It will break up a cold quicker than anything else. It is always reliable. Try it.

Mr. Rider Haggard has finished a new novel dealing with Boer life, entitled "The Swallow."

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup
For children teething, cures the gum-tumors, inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, is a certain remedy.

"Woman," said the lecturer, "is pure gold." "Yes," interrupted a thoughtful man in a rear seat, "money talks."

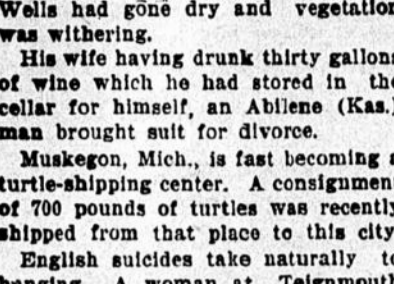
Piso's Cure for Consumption is the best of all cough cures.—George W. Lotz, Fabacher, La., August 20, 1895.

France has more persons over sixty years of age than any other country; Ireland comes next.

SPANIARDS IN A TRAP.

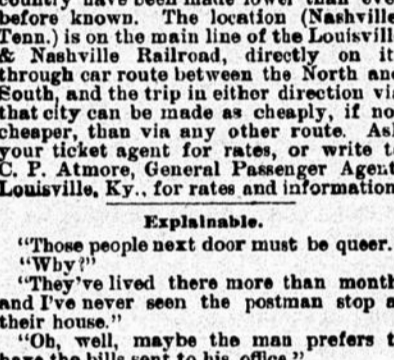
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NOT SUBJECT TO DUTY.
Attorney General Sides With Importers, on Section 52.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 20.—Section 52 of the Dingley act does not impose discriminating duties upon goods brought into the United States through contiguous countries under consular seal or upon goods imported through ocean ports in foreign vessels which are not specially exempted by treaty. Attorney General McKenna is of the opinion that, except as to goods not the product of a contiguous country which are imported into the United States directly from such contiguous country, the language of the section is not clear enough to make it certain that congress intended to change the previously existing law. He believes that the verbiage is altogether too vague to justify an interpretation changing in any way the law as contained in the revised statutes as far as it affects imports through ocean ports or through contiguous countries under consular seal. This is the opinion of the attorney general.



ZINTKA.

SIX BABIES BURNED TO DEATH.
Children Roast While Parents Attend Religious Service.

COLUMBIA, S. C., Sept. 22.—Andrew Smith and wife, colored, living near Donalds, Abbeville county, locked in their house six children, the youngest 18 months old, and the oldest 7 years. The parents went to church. An hour later the neighbors heard frightful screams coming from Smith's house, the interior of which was in flames. Efforts were made to save the children, but it was impossible to reach them, and all perished. It is supposed an oil lamp left burning was overturned. When the parents returned a pile of bones and ashes is all that they found.

PART OF CHINA SUBMERGED.

More Than 100,000 Destitute and \$1,000,000 Destroyed.

TACOMA, Wash., Sept. 23.—China advices per steamer Empress of China, report that the river Pei-Po has burst both the eastern and western banks and one vast sheet of water stretches from Yung Chang to Pei Kuan. One hundred thousand people have been rendered destitute and the damage to property is estimated at about \$1,000,000. The railways are in danger of floods.

Forty Killed in Foreign Cyclone.
BRINDISI, Sept. 23.—A cyclone swept over Sava, Orto and Latisano. Forty were killed, seventy wounded and twenty houses destroyed. At Orto the railway depot was destroyed and the railroad men engaged there were killed. Two chateaux and thirty houses were destroyed in a neighboring village, where twenty were killed and twenty-four injured. At Mesagne, province of Lecce, fifteen were killed and five injured. Great tracts of country have been devastated by the hurricane.

VIENNA, Sept. 23.—The steamer Ika, with a crew of ten and fifty Austrian passengers, was entering the port at Fiume, on the river Flumara, when she collided with the English steamer Tiria, which was leaving. The bows of the Ika were stove in and she sank in two minutes. Boats hastily put off and saved the captain and seven others, but most of the passengers perished.

Hawaii Battles.
CHICAGO, Sept. 22.—The Times-Herald special from San Francisco says: The steamer City of Peking, which has just arrived from the Orient, by way of Honolulu, brings word that the Hawaiian congress ratified the treaty of annexation on September 10. There was no opposition.

IOWA PATENT OFFICE REPORT.
DES MOINES, Sept. 22.—Thirty patents were issued August 31st to one inventor, F. H. Richards, of Hartford, Conn., for thirty different weighing machines. The secretary of a company in Lake View, Iowa, says: "We recorded our assignment in the county where we do business," and asks "should it be recorded anywhere else?" Answer: Recording any paper that affects the title to a patented invention in a county or state is not a legal notice to the public. The following is the law upon the subject: Section 4898. Every patent, or any interest therein, shall be assignable in law by an instrument in writing, and the patentee or his assigns or legal representatives may, in like manner, grant and convey an exclusive right under his patent to the whole or any specified part of the United States. An assignment, grant or conveyance shall be void as against any subsequent purchaser or mortgagee for a valuable consideration, without notice, unless it is recorded in the patent office within three months from the date thereof. Valuable information about obtaining, valuing and selling patents sent free to any address.

THOMAS G. AND J. RALPH ONWIG, Solicitors of Patents

WORTH READING.

Excursion tickets for dogs are now issued by two English railroads.

A peach 1 3/4 inches in circumference was raised in McMinn county, Tennessee, this season.

Count Tolstol's domestic life is being written up by one of his former servants, a man named Stepan. Until August 8, Grand Sole, La., had had but two showers since April 14. Wells had gone dry and vegetation was withering.

His wife having drunk thirty gallons of wine which he had stored in the cellar for himself, an Abilene (Kas.) man brought suit for divorce.

Muskegon, Mich., is fast becoming a turtle-shiping center. A consignment of 700 pounds of turtles was recently shipped from that place to this city. English suicides take naturally to hanging. A woman at Teignmouth has added variety to this method by hanging herself on her own front door knocker.

Mrs. A.—Is it true that your son holds the appointment of warden in a jail? Mrs. B.—Yes; but only criminals of good families are imprisoned there.

One of Wichita's leading physicians is unable to be called to active service in the German army in case of an emergency. He is on a life furlough from the army.

Black, blue and red ink used in German public schools has been found to contain microbes. When scientifically developed, they prove fatal to mice within four days.

LAST MONTH
Of the Tennessee Centennial and Industrial Exposition.

The month of October closes this great set of all Expositions ever held in the South and next to the Columbian, the best ever held in this country. For the closing month, special attractions have been arranged, and the rates from all parts of the country have been made lower than ever before known. The location (Nashville, Tenn.) is on the main line of the Louisville & Nashville Railroad, direct on its through car route between the North and South, and the trip in either direction via that city can be made as cheaply, if not cheaper, than via any other route. Ask your ticket agent for rates, or write to C. P. Atmore, General Passenger Agent, Louisville, Ky., for rates and information.

Shake Into Your Shoes
Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder for the feet. It cures painful, swollen, smarting feet and instantly takes the sting out of corns and bunions. It is the greatest comfort discovery of the age. Allen's Foot-Ease makes tight-fitting or new shoes feel easy. It is a certain cure for sweating, callous and hot, tired, aching feet. Try it today. Sold by all druggists and shoe stores. Buy in bulk for 50¢ in stamps. Trial package FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

The fact is noted that with Mrs. Hirsch's \$1,500,000 the total amount of the Hirsch charities is \$14,500,000.

Patent Pointers.
In a recent expired patent is shown a clever mechanism by means of which a shaft was checked or stopped three times during one revolution by means of a swinging pendulum, provided with four shoulders, as is shown. The shaft was provided with three arms, which worked within the pendulum, and alternately engaged the shoulders. The second illustration shows two gears, which are alternately rotated in opposite directions by the continuously rotating mutilated central pinion. Where a thing is marked "Patented" as of a date not of its patent, but of the date of a superior patent to the same patent, upon which it is an improvement, the U. S. circuit court recently held that the inventor had not complied with the law and so could not collect damages for infringement.

Parties desiring free information as to patents should address Sues & Co., patent experts, Bee Building, Omaha, Nebraska.

Humor in His Blood.
Doctor—Have you been taking any medicine? Patient—Yes, sir. I have been taking medicine for a weak back.

Doctor—But, man, there is nothing the matter with your back; you have humor in your blood.

HOG CHOLERA CURED.
One Bottle of Hog Cholera Cure Free to Every Farmer.

We will give to one farmer in each township in the United States who has sick hogs one (one) bottle of Wm. Hall's Hog Cholera Cure free. Give the name of your township and county. All costs in the express charges and a report of the results of using it. Try it, then buy it. The Wm. Hall Medicine Co., St. Louis, Mo.

The Crush Explanation.
What are all those carriages doing there? Farmer! No; that's headquarters of Pligie & Pang the fashionable dressmakers.

Free to Home-seekers.
Illustrated Idaho literature sent free to home-seekers. Write D. R. Carrier, 425 La Salle Ave., Chicago, Ill.

If there were but one potato in the world a careful cultivator might produce from it 10,000,000,000 in ten years, and that would supply the world with food once more.

To Cure Constipation Forever.
Take Cascara Candy, Cathartic, 50¢ or 75¢. C. C. Fall to cure. Druggists refund cost.

The French ambassador to Great Britain is the best paid diplomat in the world, his yearly salary being \$60,000.

Hall's Catarrh Cure
Is a constitutional cure. Price, 75¢.

In Germany there is an educational institution for teaching the technique of butchering and packing.

Geo's Cough Balsam.
Is the oldest and best. It will break up a cold quicker than anything else. It is always reliable. Try it.

Mr. Rider Haggard has finished a new novel dealing with Boer life, entitled "The Sw