

IOWA STATE BYSTANDER.

VOL. 5.

DES MOINES, IOWA FRIDAY AUGUST 5, 1898.

No. 9

Iowa State Bystander.

Published every Friday by the Bystander Publishing Company.

320 FIFTH STREET, ROOM 14.

Official Paper of the Afro-American Association of Iowa.

Official Paper of the Most Worshipful United Grand Lodge of Iowa, A. F. & A. M.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

One year \$1.00
Six months .75
Three months .50

All subscriptions payable in advance.

J. L. THOMPSON, EDITOR.

J. H. SHEPARD, MANAGER.

Send money by postoffice order, money order, express or draft, to THE IOWA STATE BYSTANDER Publishing Company.

Communications must be written on one side of the paper only and be of interest to the public. "Brevity is the soul of wit" remember.

We will not return rejected manuscripts unless accompanied by postage stamps.

IOWA'S LEADING COLORED PAPER.

Four Good Barbers. Cigars and Laundry Office.

Wilson & Barton's Barber Shop.

COR. FIFTH AND LOCUST STS., DES MOINES, IOWA.

CHILDREN'S HAIR CUTTING a Specialty. EVERY THING FIRST-CLASS. PRICES MODERATE.

CITY NEWS

Watch This Space.

Burlington Route

Mrs. Wilson Hughes is ill this week with neuralgia.

Miss Maple Morton is now employed at the starch factory.

Mrs. H. Brown left to visit in her home at Indianapolis, Ia., for a few days.

Miss Jessie Enix left Tuesday for her home in Macon Mo., after a pleasant visit with friends.

Mrs. Emma Redman of Carroll Ia., is here visiting friends this week the guest of Mrs. Smith on B St.

Mr. P. Holmes is not any better at this writing yet his friends hope for a change for the better soon.

Mrs. W. H. Humberd entertained a small company of ladies last Friday, in honor of Mrs. J. Summers of Chicago.

Mr. John Walker, whose health has been very poor for the past three months, is improving, and he is able to be out again.

Mrs. J. Summers, of Chicago, who has been visiting with relatives and friends, here and in Oskaloosa, returned home last Saturday.

Mrs. Samuel Burnough who has spent a pleasant visit at her old home with parents in St. Louis returned home last week looking well.

Miss Della Richardson and her mother of Olive Ia., took advantage of the cheap excursion and visited the Gate City.

Mrs. Peter Johnson of Burlington would like to know if there is a person living in Des Moines by the name of Mrs. George Turel.

Mrs. U. S. Jones accompanied by little Bessie Davis of Albia arrived in Des Moines Thursday evening to attend the wedding of her mother.

Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Wells of Highland Park entertained Monday evening in honor of their guest, Mrs. Caldwell of Rosworth, Me.

Mrs. Caldwell left Tuesday evening for her home in Rosworth, Mo.; after a three week's visit with her cousin, Mrs. G. W. Wells of Highland Park.

Five of Osceola good people join the Des Moines excursion to Keokuk they were Mrs. Edwards and daughter, Mrs. S. Bryant, Mr. John Bryant and son Charles.

Mr. E. W. Thompson one of our Des Moines boys who is in Chicago has been invited to sing in the Paul Quinn Chapel church choir and is now singing with that famous choir.

The Rev. W. B. Costley, of Stockbridge, Ga., while attending to his pastoral duties at Ellenwood, that state, was attacked by cholera morbus. He says: "By chance I happened to get hold of a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, and I think it was the means of saving my life. It relieved me at once." For sale by all Druggists.

The special train of excursionist to Keokuk took over one-hundred people excluding the Colfax band of twenty-two pieces. It was a jolly good crowd of representative people from the Capital City.

Prof. Geo. I. Holt received a telegram stating that he must be in New York City by Sunday morning so he had to leave Friday morning, therefore the reception which was planned for him was given Wednesday evening.

Mr. W. H. Mason a very fine bass singer and one of Des Moines old favorites who has been spending a few weeks visiting his sister Mrs. Boamer attended the excursion in Keokuk and will stop off a while at Mt. Pleasant to visit his parents at the old home.

There will be a meeting of hucksters, grocery men and all citizens who are interested in the establishment of a market place in Des Moines Aug. 8th., at the Commercial exchange at 2:00 o'clock P. M. by order of Superintendent of Market Master, Frank Blagburn.

John L. Thompson has been selected to deliver an oration at the Emancipation Celebration to be held in Mercer county Mo., Aug. the 13th. This is the sixth time that J. L. Thompson has been thus honored by the citizens of Mercer county.

We received the official news from the Secretary of Muchakook School Board that the board had elected Miss Sarah Porter one of the teachers of their schools for the ensuing year. We congratulate Miss Porter on her success as there was no more worthy young lady than Miss Porter and her Des Moines friends will be glad to hear of this much deserving honor. We understand that Mr. Joseph Brown a recent graduate of Iowa State University will be principal of the school.

MARRIED.

At 7:00 Wednesday evening occurred the marriage of Mrs. Rachel Wilburn to Mr. Charles Jefferson, the Methodist service being used Rev. Timothy Reeves officiated. The bride is well known in this city having lived here for a great many years, and the groom has lived here several years and those that know him, report that he is an honest hard-working man.

About twenty couples were at the marriage, and many others were at the reception. Wesley Fields presided at the piano, refreshments were served in abundance and a delightful time was enjoyed by all. They were recipients of many useful presents; their house is already furnished at 916 12th.

Programme of Music.

On last Sunday evening at the A. M. E. church occurred a very interesting Sacred Concert. Before the first strain of music was heard all the seats were occupied and many had to stand. It can certainly be said of this choir, its singing and its music is apropos. All those who admire the forward policy in music will welcome the announcement when this choir will give a Sacred Concert. The singing was excellent from start to finish, although some of the music was very difficult as well as new, yet they handled it with ease. The Dumas Club supported the choir with credit to themselves, they delighted the audience with their sweet music. The choir and the Dumas Club have both made splendid advancement under the leadership of Professor Holt and if he ever had any doubt respecting his ability as a musical director, that doubt was all removed Sunday and the impressiveness of each singer added much to their success.

FAREWELL RECEPTION.

Last Wednesday evening the Dumas Choral Society tendered a farewell reception to their worthy leader and founder of its organization, Prof. Geo. I. Holt who left Friday morning for New York to join Black Patti Troubadors, where he will be the leading tenor for the coming dramatic season.

The reception was largely attended by the elite of the city and a brief programme was rendered in which Rev. T. Reeves and Wm. Frazier each delivered addresses responded to in a very pathetic way by Prof. Holt. Of course the club rendered several selections. Prof. Geo. I. Holt is an Iowa boy by birth born in Lee county on May 27th., 1866 and was educated in the public and High schools, he then took a course in the Des Moines Musical College where he graduated in 1898. He has lived in Des Moines about fifteen years and has been in the United States' Mail Service for the past nine years, he is also a graduate from the Drake Law College. Mr. E. W. Willett presented him a gold emblem given by the club and it was a very beautiful remembrance; thus one by one our talented young men leave to seek employment in the far east, we are sorry to lose Mr. Holt from our midst as he was the A. M. E. church choir's leader and had taught the white classes in music at Drake University for the past two years.

It Saves the Children.

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy has saved the lives of thousands of croupy children. It is also without an equal for colds and whooping cough.

NOTICE.

To the members of North Star Lodge you are requested to meet the lodge next Thursday by order of J. F. Blagburn, W. M.

Blessed is he that considereth the poor, the lord will deliver him in time of trouble.

My enemies speak evil of me when shall he die, and his name perish. About one week ago in visiting one of my neighbors where a funeral took place, I had been visiting the home for several weeks because I thought I was needed, I did not stand back the family was not my color. I dressed and laid out the child, even if it was not my color, I went and showed respect and christianity that is what I call christianity.

I was fortunate enough to meet a sister Deaconess at the funeral she came and bought a bouquet of flowers and I had been arranging flowers on the casket and sister Deaconess said, what has that colored woman got white strings on her bonnet for, oh, how she disgusts me was the remark, sister Deaconess made; she went out doors where the family and the other people were and said, it just disgusts me that colored woman with white ties on her bonnet, why don't she wear blue or red ties. I am not so well trained as others profess to be but still I thank God I am able to carry the name of Jesus where it is needed praise God. If I had of had on a bandana handkerchief on my head and a pair of moccasins on my feet I suppose she would of come to me and said how do you do Auntie, but because my bonnet corresponded with hers she turned her head several different times still I did not think it correspond with hers so much for hers had on wash silk and mine only had mul strings well I have a straight through ticket ticket and I am going through no matter how many steps some one else takes just like mine either white or black.

When she came in I was delighted I thought I would learn some information from sister Deaconess. I expected to see her receive the minister and introduce him to the parents of the deceased child at my astonishment the minister had to go out doors and ask some little children what was the child's name and age. No more at present from M. Callender to sister Deaconess Humphry, for further information call at 909 Western Avenue. I would be pleased to see you, don't be afraid of me because my face is colored, for God has said, "none but the pure in heart shall enter the kingdom of heaven."



DEATH OF BISMARCK

Last week was chronicaled the sad passing from this earth, of Prince Bismarck of Germany, one of the greatest statesmen that the 19th century has produced. He was greater than the "Grand Old Man" of England, Wm. Gladstone the English Liberal leader, because he lifted Prussia up to her present strength by his iron will power. He has made the German Empire from a loose weak league of states until to-day she is one of the strongest Kingdoms of the earth; mighty in her individual strength. To tell you his life, would be to reproduce the history of the German Empire for the past fifty years. History, newspaper, or poet can ever tell of his wonderful achievements upon the battlefield, in the Halls of the German Council or his impression on the world. He stood in the public arena vanquishing his enemies and encouraging his friends by the power of his iron will and supurbeloquence. To study the life of Prince Bismarck or Gladstone is a wonderful striking object lesson of human possibilities for every youth. He made nations, moulded a destiny for his country, and all Europe has been blessed by his presence. He has fallen, the last of the mighty oaks to fall. Today all Germany mourns his loss, likewise the civilized world.

Subscribe for the Bystander

CAMP MERRITT.

The biggest of the transport fleet, the steamships Arizona dropped anchor in the stream yesterday afternoon. Today she will dock to be out fitted for carrying troops to Manila. The Arizona which was bought by the United States Government ten days ago is one of the finest passenger vessels that ever entered San Francisco harbor. The price paid for her has not been made public, but it must be about \$750,000,00 as she was thoroughly overhauled and refitted a year ago at Glasgow at heavy expense. She was the fastest ship afloat in 1880, being built in 1879 by John Elder and company of Glasgow, and it is 460 feet long 46 feet broad, 36 feet deep and of 3147 tons burden. She was the center of attraction in the harbor and to-day will doubtless be overrun with visitors. The Arizona left Seattle Monday at 6:10 P. M. and made an average of fifteen knots on the trip down. She has no cargo nor ballast except 1800 tons of coal for her own use. The steamer has six decks-hold, aloft, 'tween main hurricane beam and bridge. Her troops-carrying capacity is at least 1,700, there being a great area of available space for berths 'tween decks. The aft cabin accommodates over 60 passengers and is lighted with electricity, there are three large bathrooms with solid marble tubs, silver faucets, needle and shower baths. The engine are triple expansion with five double-end boilers and two auxiliaries. While the Arizona was lying at port two accidents happen Professor Bart of Washington State University fell through an open hatchway and broke his neck, and young man fractured his hip. All are getting along quite well those who have not got pneumonia will get along all right but those who have pneumonia will not get well as every case so far has died, Corporal Daniel S. Newsome of company D. from Des Moines died from pneumonia, at the ocean beach the boys go every Sunday and you can walk up the beach for five miles it is crowded every Sunday. The Cliff House is the finest summer resort in the world you can get a good sight at the sealions and their island, also a good view of the ocean. You can get a hot or cold water to drink, the building is very fine and covered over with heavy glass it is about 500 feet long 400 feet wide and has three hallways in it, they have some very fine swimming racks. It is said that the Iowa boys get the steamer Arizona for Manila, as soon as she is completed everything is finished but the beds for the troops and she will be ready for sea within ten days Colonel Loper was down today to inspect the boat and he said that he will bet \$1,000 that we go on it. Mr. Birds is in good health and likes his place. Mr. Archie Peterson is well.

FRANK E. WOOD, Camp Merritt.

A COLORED BOY

Wins the American Championship. Philadelphia, Pa.—Eddie Bald, the three-time winner of the cycling championship of America, and a large field of crack racing men who follow the national outfit, so jealously protected by the League of American Wheelmen, were compelled to dip their colors to a new champion at the Tioga track July 16. A crowd which competent critics placed at close to 7,000 people saw Major Taylor, the unassuming colored wonder, fairly ride the champions off their feet and win with comparative ease a title which all the crack riders of the world were anxious to win—the one mile championship of America.

From a field of twenty-four of the fastest cycling men in the world—the pick of America's flyers and the recognized champions of Europe—the little Negro won with ease. Taylor's victory was a most popular one, and the crowd cheered him from the time he began his sprint on the back stretch until he crossed the tape fully ten lengths a head of Bald, the "Canon Ball," three-time winner of the championship of America. It was a victory well won and the colored boy just rode the champions to a standstill. It was a victory that left no doubt as to the superior riding qualities of the little colored boy. He simply proved that he was the fastest man of the entire lot of champions gathered at Philadelphia's pioneer cycle racing track, and left an impression on the minds of the thousands of lovers of the great sport who witnessed the race.—The Freeman.

This city should have more colored laborers employed about our streets and working for contractors, and by persistent effort we can have them, we must be willing to work as others, do any kind of work and above all save what we earn—Money is what we want to make our power felt—Get money and we will get the necessary recognition, without it, we are lost in the business world.

Keep Quiet and use Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy for all pains of the stomach and all unnatural looseness of the bowels. It always cures.

OUR DUTY TO THE PHILIPPINES.

Why should we squabble about the Philippines? Why should we try to evade our responsibilities? Why should we shrink from the position? We said we would maintain when Dewey started to the Philippines. The people of the Philippines expected us to claim the fruits of Dewey's victory, our own people would be unwilling for the President to consider any policy that would shrink our full duty to our Philippines allies.

This is not the time for us to take a backward step nor is it the time to head timid counsel even though it should come from the President's Cabinet. Every one understood that war and victory would bring new obligations as well as new responsibilities with this all before us, we had the courage to beg in the war, shall we now take the courage to meet all obligation incurred by the war? After 300 years of Spanish rule over the natives of these islands, can those people expect any security for their life or property from the hands of the Spanish officials when Dewey destroyed the Spanish controller in the Philippines the natives welcome the Americans as the fore-runners of a new era. Since May 1st, they have been conducting a successful war against Spain.

Shall we now surrender these people to the mercy of the men against whom they have made war in our interest. We would say no a thousand times, the United States should free them from the oppressive rule that have held them for three centuries and again our commercial interest in the far East need protection. How can we accomplish that end better than keeping these islands? It would open a new market for us, why cast aside such an opportunity that lies within our grasp to do our duty.

FOUR GREAT RACE QUESTIONS.

Rev. Reeves and the Stewards Board have arranged to give an entertainment on the 15th and 16th, for the benefit of the Stewards department. Each subject will be placed in the hands of those that have the ability to make them very interesting. Every man, woman and child should hear these important questions, respecting the American Negro, to be answered by eight intelligent members of the race, in this city August 15 and 16th.

First—Is the present tendency of the American Negro toward race unity, J. L. Thompson, speaker.

Second—How is the Negro deporting himself as a man and citizen.

Third—What effect shall the development of Western or American society have upon the Negro, shall he become a part or be rejected and destroyed by it.

Fourth—The American race prejudice arrives from what source? From education or religion.

"The Anamosa Prison Press" an interesting and unique eight page three column book form paper reached our sanctum this week, being its first appearance, published at the Iowa State Penitentiary at Anamosa, with the view and object of uplifting fallen humanity and educate the christian people to do their full duty to help sinners to repent. We hope it will be productive of good.

FAIR IN ST. JOSEPH

Iowa and Nebraska have abandoned their state fairs for this year and there is no doubt but that the coming Old Fashioned Fair to be held at St. Joseph, August 22 to 27, will be the greatest event of the Middle West, in the way of an agricultural exposition for 1898. The premium list now ready and being sent out by the thousand, in answer to the many applications received by Secretary Palmer L. Clark, is a decided novelty, reflecting great credit on the able management and every interesting page furnishes the most positive evidence of the success of the undertaking.

This year, as last, Secretary Clark proposes to pay all premiums in cash as the judges make their awards and to treat every patron fair and alike, there will be no favoritism. The same efficient police system will prevail that last season prevented disturbance of any kind. Free evening entertainments are being arranged for at beautiful Krug Park and Athletic Park Ball Grounds, embracing the celebrated colored Jubilee Singers at the former, and all the latest Moving War Pictures at the latter place. This season, as last, the management promises a list of special attractions, including balloon ascensions, circuses, parades, concerts, etc., and that a fifty-cent admission ticket purchased at the gate entitles the holder to see everything on the ground without additional expense. Liberal and business methods with every promise faithfully carried out will be the invariable rule at the St. Joseph Old Fashioned Fair, August 22 to 27, 1898.

We as a people spend enough money in the dry goods stores to support one big store, why can't we get two good clerks in the store?

We can, but it requires a sacrifice of time on the part of some. Let us hurry up and have the ice broken and have these avenues opened to our boys and girls.

BURLINGTON BRIEFLETS.

Mr. Lin Harris arrived here from Chicago last Sunday evening.

Mr. J. W. Mackay made a short visit in Louisiana and Missouri last week.

Miss Emma Boyd of Muscatine is visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. W. White.

Mrs. Peter King is visiting friends in Rock Island.

Mrs. Roberts left for a visit in Beatrice Neb., and she intends to spend a few days at the Omaha Exposition before she returns.

The Annual excursion to Cappaek was not as well attended as usual on account of the threatening weather although quite a goodly number left here and they all came back as wet as drenched.

Messrs. Fred, Mash and Graham arrived home last Sunday.

MOUNT PLEASANT NEWS.

The Women's Aid Society of the Second Baptist church held a social at the beautiful residence of Mr. E. Berry last Thursday. Quite a number were present.

Mrs. Lydia Clay is on the sick list.

Mr. J. W. Fidler has returned to the city and opened a barber shop.

Last Sunday was Quarterly meeting P. E. Sunday was present and preached two sermons.

Mr. Levi Clay is able to be out again.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Spots left this week for a visit in West Virginia to visit Mr. Spotts' relatives. On their way they will stop in Chicago for a short visit.

MINNEAPOLIS NOTES.

The Grand Lodge, A. F. and A. M. of Minnesota and its Jurisdiction, convened Monday and Tuesday at St. Paul.

Miss Z. Jeffrey and Miss Sadie Smith, Winona, is visiting Mrs. Lucas Wednesday.

Miss Lottie Adams, of Fargo, is visiting friends in St. Paul.

Mrs. Emma Morton, of Des Moines is visiting friends in this city.

Mrs. Grooms the mother of Mrs. C. Lee, is very ill at her home.

Miss Maud Wells, has returned to her home in Anoka after a three weeks visit in this city.

Dr. Brown resides at 2839 Portland Avenue and has his office in the Dayton block, Phone, 894, Residence's Phone 317 south.

Mr. Luther Abbey has returned from his trip south and brought with him his bride. They reside at 916 7th. Ave.

The little daughter of Mrs. Z. Johnson is reported to be better.

The new St. Peters A. M. E. church rapidly being completed and is promising to be very fine when finished. It is thought that the church will be finished by fall. Rev. Brooks is personally supervising the finishing touches.

The cozy residence of Mrs. Stanton 575 Martin street St. Paul was the scene of a most delightful party given by Miss Leo Kromas. Dancing was the order of the evening. Light refreshments were served and every body had a good time.

Cedar Rapids Budgetarian.

Mrs. Ed. Keppers returned from Dav enport last week.

Mr. and Mrs. G. H. Brown left Tuesday with a camping party to be gone a week.

Mr. Lewis an excellent tenor singer has been added to the A. M. E. choir.

Rev. Dudycha a Bohemian minister preached at the A. M. E. church last Sunday evening to a crowded house.

Rev. Loveland of Trinity M. E. will fill the pulpit next Sunday.

Walter Bowlin entertained a few of his friends at his birthday party last week. Quite a number were present, elegant refreshments were served by his mother Mrs. Bowlin assisted by her sister Mrs. Raspberry, all report a good time.

Rev. Rhinehart has but a little over a month before conference to remain as our pastor and we are wondering who the pastor will be next week, we trust that Rev. Rhinehart will return as he is well liked by all.

Mrs. Engleman is on the sick list.

Mrs. Ruth Weaver of Moline is visiting Mrs. Sadler of Oak Hill.

The rain prevented the meeting of the Light House Society last Tuesday night, they will meet on the 6th inst.

Mrs. Adams a missionary from Aurora passed through our city Saturday on her way home from our west, she spent Sunday here guest of Mrs. Rhinehart.

OSKALOOSA NEWS.

Joe Brown of Ottumwa is in the city attending normal, he has finished his course at the State University.

A. G. Black was in Sigourney on business last week.

A. Clark one of our representative citizens has been nominated by the republicans of Oskaloosa township to fill the office of Justice of the Peace.

Mrs. John Berquet gave a very enjoyable ten to a company of Ladies last week.

The excursion that was to have gone to Keokuk Aug. 4th., was abandoned.

The Annual Picnic to Skunk river will be in Aug., under the management of Commodore Lee.

R. J. Anderson is visiting some one at some place in Missouri the boys say that there is a girl there.

John Lewis who has been working during the past several years in C. C. Pike Drug Store and has a diploma, a certificate and registered pharmacist goes to Chicago in September to study medicine.

Mrs. Sheldon and children of Chicago is visiting at her father's home G. W. Black this week.

ALBIA NEWS.

Mr. Burt Jones went to Ottumwa Saturday to visit over Sunday with Ottumwa friends.

Mr. C. G. Tolson came up from Ottumwa and visited over Sunday at his home.

Rev. A. Ford is visiting Rev. Alexander with his quarterly meeting in Ottumwa this week.

Messrs. H. Boman and H. Shoddy were called to Chariton to assist in initiating some new members into the Chariton lodge of Odd Fellows.

Company D of Snarits church Saturday a social at the A. M. E. church Saturday evening.

Master McKinley Tolson has been quite sick for the past week.

In the absence of the minister, on Sunday evening a literary program was rendered at the A. M. E. church.

The youths and ladies under the supervision of Mrs. A. Ford are preparing to give a concert in the near future.

Mrs. A. Ford is a Chariton visitor for a few days this week.

NEWTON NOTES.

The two Misses Brown of Grinnell visited their parents this week.

Mesdames John Miller and Hale departed for Missouri for an extended visit with relatives.

Miss Mae Mays is visiting friends in Marshalltown.

Miss Emma Mays is preparing to give an entertainment in the near future.

Aug. 8th. will be quarterly meeting at the A. M. E. church.

Geo. Carter of Des Moines was a Newton visitor last week.

Messrs. Waldon and Fine came over from Marshalltown Saturday to spend Sunday at home. They returned Monday.

Several persons here contemplates attending the celebration Thursday.

BOONE DOINGS.

Mr. Lewis Williams, has returned from an extended trip through Kansas and Missouri.

Mr. Wm. Coalson, of Des Moines was in the city on business last Monday.

Rev. Brockenridge, discourse on last Sunday, was very instructive as well as eloquent.

Quarterly meeting will be held August 16th.

The members of the Progressive club gave an ice cream social at the church parlors Wednesday evening. The following programme was well rendered; after which a real jolly time was had; such as you could not forget.

Song—Messrs S. L. Terry, J. and W. A. Washington; Speech—J. T. Washington; Song—Misses Virgie and Bessie Coleman; Solo—S. L. Terry; Remarks—Chas. Boleman.

About one month ago my child, which is fifteen months old, had an attack of diarrhoea accompanied by vomiting. I gave it such remedies as are usually given in such cases, but as nothing gave relief, we sent for a physician and it was under his care for a week. At this time the child had been sick for about ten days and was having about twenty-five operations of the bowels every twelve hours, and we were convinced that unless it soon obtained relief it would not live. Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy was recommended, and I decided to try it. I soon noticed a change for the better; by its continued use a complete cure was brought about and it is now perfectly healthy.—C. L. Boones, Stump-ton, Gilmer Co., W. Va. For sale by all Druggists.

FREE! FREE!

One 75c Ribbon.

Upon receipt of 75c we will send you one of our 75c, the Best Grade, Typewriter Ribbon and send one free of charge.

Money Returned If Not O. K.

Think of two ribbons for 75c. All colors; fit any machines.

GEO. LOARTS,

Agent Duplex and Jewett Typewriters, 616 Locust St., Des Moines Iowa.

(Attention Bystander.)

Read and patronize our advertisers.

IOWA STATE BYSTANDER.

By BYSTANDER PUBL. CO.
DES MOINES, IOWA.

SPAIN ASKS LIGHT.

Certain Phases of Peace Terms Not Quite Clear.
MADRID, August 4.—Premier Sagasta has summoned Senor Silevia, the conservative leader, and other absent politicians to Madrid, in order to consult with them regarding the peace terms.

WASHINGTON, August 4.—After a conference on the peace question, lasting just an hour yesterday afternoon, between the president and M. Cambon, the French ambassador, the latter acting as the representative of Spain, Secretary Day emerged from the white house and announced that the conference was not conclusive; therefore, the parties to it had agreed to say nothing publicly as to what had occurred. The secretary did not appear to be discouraged as he made this statement, though he admitted that no time had been set for another conference. From this it is gathered that the long expected answer of the Spanish government to the president's note, upon being received, had turned out to be just as it was expected—either a counter-proposition or a request for a fuller statement in detail upon some of the heads of the president's note.

WASHINGTON, August 3.—Press advices from Madrid, by the way of London and New York verify the correctness of the report that the Spanish cabinet has concluded to accept the peace terms with slight amendments which will in all likelihood be granted at Washington.

DEATH OF PRINCE BISMARCK

Passed Peacefully Away About 11 P. M. Saturday.

BERLIN, July 31.—Prince Bismarck died shortly before 11 o'clock last night. He passed away peacefully. It appears that the ex-chancellor's death was not precipitated by sudden complications, but was rather the culmination of chronic disease—neuralgia of the face and inflammation of the veins—which kept him in constant pain, that was borne with the iron fortitude which might have been expected. The beginning of the end dates from July 20, when the prince was confined to his bed. He had been several days prostrated when an inkling of his decline reached the world. Although the prince was extremely low on Wednesday, he so rallied on Thursday that he was wheeled to the dinner table to celebrate with his assembled family the fifty-first anniversary of his wedding. He never for a moment believed himself in danger until the last day. On Monday he ordered some new pipes and smoked one on Thursday, and then conversed brilliantly on the topics of the day, discussing the trial and sentence of M. Zola and the peace negotiations between Spain and the United States. Count von Rantzau, the prince's son-in-law, read to him from a newspaper an obituary notice of himself, at which he was greatly amused. He perused the papers daily, and this was one reason why the family deprecated the alarmist reports as to his health. The prince was unconscious for several hours before the end came, and his breath almost failed repeatedly. He died without a struggle.

SHELLS WERE WASTED.

\$2,000,000 Worth of Shells Thrown At Santiago's Batteries.
NEW YORK, August 4.—Interviews with the naval officers who were with the fleet off Santiago are printed here. In speaking of the effect of the bombardments of the city before its fall, one of the officers said: "Over \$2,000,000 worth of ammunition thrown at the batteries defending Santiago harbor was absolutely harmless in its effect, so far as the reducing of the batteries was concerned, and, while it may have given the Spaniards a wholesome respect for us, it simply bore out the well known fact that it is a waste of time and money to bombard earthworks. Although our fleet bombarded Morro three times, the New Orleans alone once, there was little or no damage done except the dismantling of an old gun, the destruction of the lighthouse and a small frame house near. The damage was all done by dynamite shells from the Vesuvius and at night. The shell had landed between the house and lighthouse and torn a great hole, completely demolishing the house, leaving but a pile of debris, and tore out the side of the lighthouse. The gun nearby had evidently been wrecked by the concussion."

Emperor at Bismarck's Home.
BERLIN, August 3.—The emperor and empress attended the brief service over the remains of Prince Bismarck, held in the death chamber of the dead statesman.

Japan-Hawaiian Differences Settled.
YOKOHAMA, August 2.—It is reported that Hawaii has agreed to pay Japan \$40,000 in settlement of the dispute about the exclusion of the Japanese emigrants from the Hawaiian islands.

Copinger Ordered to Porto Rico.
TAMPA, August 2.—General Copinger of the Fourth army corps has received orders to go to Porto Rico at once.

City of Manila Ready to Yield.
MADRID, August 3.—The governor general, of Manila, telegraphing under date of July 25, says that aid is indispensable to resist the imminent attack of the American forces under General Merritt. Advices from Havana confirm the report that Gen. Garcia has relinquished his command and gone to Camaguey.

Spanish Cabinet Discusses Terms.
MADRID, August 2.—The cabinet sat yesterday afternoon, discussing the peace terms. A dispatch was then sent to Washington for further explanation of some difficult points. When the replies are received the cabinet will re-assemble. Senor Sagasta, the premier, confirms the report that some "modifications of the original terms have been obtained."

THE NEWS IN IOWA

IOWA'S CREDIT GOOD.

State Warrants Taken at Below Four Per Cent.
DES MOINES, August 4.—The executive council opened bids for thirty-four financial institutions of this and other states for a proposed issue of \$300,000 in state warrants. A large majority of the bidders went as low as 4 1/2 per cent. A few bid 5 per cent. The council awarded the issue to six different institutions and firms, five of which are located in Iowa and two in Des Moines. The average rate at which the warrants are floated is below 4 per cent. The warrants that will be issued in accordance with the bids accepted and awarded made by the council are the state bond of control warrants for support of the state institutions and an issue of only a portion of the total amount will be made monthly. When the state gets ready to issue them the bidders who are awarded the contracts will take them at the remarkably low per cent given. None will be issued after January 1.

TOBACCO COMPANY TO FIGHT.

American Concern Will Test the Cigarette Law in Iowa.

DES MOINES, August 3.—The American Tobacco Company has employed a lawyer of Des Moines to defend it under the Iowa law prohibiting the sale of cigarettes except when a license of \$500 a year is paid. Large consignments of the company's cigarettes have been received by the local dealers. The cigarettes came in original packages. The company has entered into a contract with the local dealers. This contract provides that the dealers are to handle the cigarettes as original packages, and that the expense of any suits brought against them will be borne by the company and the defense conducted by the counsel for the company.

DOES NOT FOLLOW CHICAGO.

Des Moines' Dollar Daily Defies Metropolitan Competition.

DES MOINES, August 3.—The Des Moines Daily News announces that, despite the increase in the price of the Chicago papers, it will continue to be sold for one cent a copy and, to mail subscribers, for \$1 a year, 75 cents for six months, 50 cents for three months, 25 cents a month. The News has an immense circulation and is a very profitable property. It gives in small compass all the news contained in the high-priced papers.

IOWA REGIMENT TO MANILA.

Hull Secured a Definite Promise From the War Department.

WASHINGTON, August 3.—Peace or war, the Iowa regiment at Camp Merritt will go to Manila. Congressman Hull waited upon Secretary Alger and presented the claims of the Hawkeye soldiers. Secretary Alger readily granted the request and instructed Adjutant Corbin to issue the order. He expressed the opinion that even were peace declared, there would be need for thousands more soldiers than Uncle Sam has in the Philippines.

Opened Powder Kegs With a Spade.

DES MOINES, August 3.—Chris Nelson, a laborer employed on railroad work at Shepard, southwest of Des Moines, was brought to this city over the Great Western railway and taken to Mercy hospital for treatment. Nelson opened a keg of powder with a spade. The keg went up and so did a part of Nelson. He opened two kegs with a spade during the day without meeting with an accident, and thought he had discovered a sure and quick way to accomplish the task. Within two feet of the keg were two sticks of dynamite used for blasting purposes. These were found undisturbed. Had they exploded it is doubtful if any part of Nelson would have been found. As it is he will recover.

McCarthy Helping Them to Reorganize.

MARSHALLTOWN, August 3.—State Auditor McCarthy was in Marshalltown and met with the stockholders of the Commercial bank, who had under consideration a plan of reorganization. The scheme of reorganization, which will not be made public until all the preliminaries have been completed, has been approved by the state auditor and by a committee representing the depositors. It is expected the bank will reopen its doors not later than September 1.

Iowa Boys to Porto Rico.

CHICKAMAUGA PARK, Ga., August 3.—Orders received from Washington say the Iowa signal corps, commanded by Capt. F. E. Lyman, and the New York signal corps will leave with General Wade for Porto Rico at the end of the week.

Fifty-second Iowa to Porto Rico.

WASHINGTON, August 4.—Among the troops which have been designated to constitute General Wade's provisional division for service in Porto Rico is the Fifty-second Iowa.

STAMP TAX DECISION.

Federal Courts Decide Express Companies Must Pay War Tax.

Mt. Pleasant dispatch: The agent of the Adams Express company at Ottumwa was recently tried on preliminary examination before United States Commissioner Hunter at Ottumwa for alleged violation of the revenue law, in not placing a revenue stamp upon his receipt for a package sent by express. When the time set for the habeas corpus proceeding arrived no application was filed for a habeas corpus, as had been expected, but instead his attorney announced that the express agent would give bail for his appearance in court if the grand jury should indict him. It was understood this action was taken largely because the express company expected soon a decision of the matter in New York and they did not care to risk the result of a decision from Judge Woolson. The action taken by the express company leaves the federal authorities free to proceed against the agents of this company at every place where the company refuses to place the stamp on the receipt.

GARNER GETS COURT HOUSE.

Had the Longest Petition and Put Up Most Money.

GARNER, August 5.—The relocation of the county seat of Hancock county on petition for a vote at the general election of 1898 was settled by the board of supervisors voting no. In February the people of Britt commenced the contest by filing with the auditor a proposal to give \$25,000 for a new court house, with one full block for site, claimed to have been worth \$5,000. They spent the time allowed by law in circulating a petition for a vote which contained 2,312 names, as provided by law. Garner came to the front, saw Britt's offer for a new court house, and went one better, placing \$30,000 in the hands of the county treasurer to be expended for a new court house, provided a new site should be selected by the supervisors more convenient to Garner and the general public than the old site at Concord. In due time a remonstrance, signed by 2,263 voters, was filed with the auditor. The board of supervisors found that discrepancies in Britt's petition took enough names from it to give Garner a majority and therefore denied Britt's petition.

HELPLESS WIFE SHOT.

John Johns, of Manson, Gives Way to Violent Rage.

MANSION, August 5.—At about 3 a. m. John Johns and wife, residing three miles north of Manson, engaged in a family quarrel, in which Johns became so thoroughly enraged that his wife started to the house of Peter Forney, neighbor, about a mile away. Johns pursued her and overtook her as she entered the Forney yard. He stabbed her in the back of the neck with a knife and shot her once in the right hip with a shotgun, producing severe wounds, which are probably not fatal. Johns also shot at Ed Forney, a young son of Peter Forney, missing him, and the charge of shot landed in the door jam over young Forney's head. The case was reported to Justice Nicholson, and, with the aid of Constable H. C. Richmond, Johns was arrested. Several years ago Johns, in a fracas with his wife, horsewhipped her and ended by flourishing a gun in her face, but this being settled they had since lived together apparently peacefully.

STATE LEVY IS FIXED.

Raised From 2.8 Mills to 3.3 Mills by Executive Council.

DES MOINES, August 3.—The state tax levy for 1898 was fixed by the executive council at 3.3 mills on the dollar on the \$34,000,000 assessment of the state. This is an increase of 5 mills over last year, when the rate was 2.8 mills. The regular levy is 3.2 mills, and added to this is the special levy of 1 mill for the building fund of the state university, making a total of 3.3 mills. The levy theoretically will bring in \$1,728,000 aside from the university fund, but in practice it is found that from 2 1/2 to 5 per cent of the taxes levied are never collected, so that no more will be received than is required. The last general assembly passed a law requiring the executive council to make a levy in 1898 which would produce \$1,500,000 and a levy in 1899 which would produce \$1,500,000.

WEAVER FOR CONGRESS.

Made the Fusion Nominee Against Lacey in the Sixth.

OSKALOOSA, August 3.—General J. B. Weaver was nominated for congress by the Sixth district democratic convention and his nomination was endorsed by the free silver republicans and populists assembled in district convention. Separate conventions were held by each party. Only three names were mentioned in the democratic convention. J. R. Burgess, of Ottumwa, and Gen. J. B. Weaver, of Colfax. When the democratic convention got down to business General Weaver was nominated on the first formal ballot, as follows: Steck, 47; Weaver, 50.

Veterian's Gets Money.

DES MOINES, August 4.—It is said at the state house that the attorney general has decided that State Veterianarian Gibson is entitled to \$5,000 appropriation for his department, as intended by the legislature, despite the technical error in the law which the auditor of state has held defects for the purpose and gives the department for its maintenance the same as heretofore, \$3,000.

IOWA CONDENSED.

Governor Shaw has offered a reward of \$100 for the apprehension and arrest of two tramps who figured in the tragedy at DeWitt recently, which resulted in the death of Frank M. Beard, of that town.

At Oskaloosa recently the Brester shoe company's store burned out and the law office of Congressman John F. Lacey and his brother, W. R. Lacey, was partly destroyed by fire. The loss of the shoe stock is practically complete. The total loss is \$10,000 with partial insurance.

The war department of the state government has been notified that the recruiting station at Dubuque, in charge of Lieut. Hart, has been closed, and he and his details are on their way to join the Forty-ninth at Jacksonville. This is the last of the recruits from this state. With peace negotiations in the air the necessity for them appears to be slight.

Des Moines dispatch: Last December Albert L. Mickle got \$1,425 from the Valley National bank on a check to which, it is alleged, he had forged the name "M. McFarlin, Secretary." Mr. McFarlin never authorized the transaction. The McFarlin Grain Company—did he have it. The bank has charged up the payment to the grain company. The grain company has brought suit against the bank for the amount in full. The grain company says that it has repeatedly demanded the \$1,425 and repeatedly, to date, the demand has been refused. Neither Mickle nor the bank will cash up. Suit, therefore, is brought to compel the bank to credit the grain company with \$1,425 which Mickle has had in his jeans since just before Christmas.

ALL OVER THE WORLD

ORDERED TO INTERIOR.

Shafter's Forces Receive Orders to Move to a Healthier Climate.

SANTIAGO DE CUBA, August 4.—Summoned by General Shafter a meeting was held and in the presence of every commanding and medical officer of the Fifth army corps, General Shafter read a message from Secretary Alger ordering him, at the recommendation of Surgeon-General Sternberg, to move the army into the interior to San Luis, where it is healthier. As a result of the conference, Gen. Shafter will insist upon the withdrawal of the army to the United States within two weeks. At the meeting Col. Theodore Roosevelt made vigorous protest against the order, declaring that the men should be moved to the United States as soon as possible, and that moving the troops to the interior would only result in disaster. Later all the officers united in a protest against the order, and adopted resolutions expressing the belief that the army should be moved to the northern sea coast of the United States.

WASHINGTON, August 5.—The president had a conference with Alger and Long, at which it was decided to move Shafter's army from Santiago to Montauk Point, Long Island, at once. It was decided that there were enough transports lying off the coast there for the purpose. The despatch of troops home will accordingly begin without delay. Steps have also been taken to cut down the war expenses. The disbandment of the auxiliary navy has already begun, and other actions in the interest of economy will follow.

ASK PROTECTION.

Catholic Church Property in Philippines in Danger.

WASHINGTON, August 4.—The pope has appealed to the United States government to protect Catholic clergy and church property from the insurgents in the Philippines. A dispatch from Cardinal Rampolla, the pope's secretary of state, was sent to the war department from the Catholic legation in Washington. The cablegram informed the department that advice received at the Vatican from Manila were such as to cause the keenest anxiety for the lives of the Catholic bishop and clergymen at Manila. The insurgents who are encamped outside of the Philippine capital were alleged to be threatening the priests and there was imminent danger of a general massacre. Cable messages were sent to General Merritt and Admiral Dewey instructing them to spare no means to prevent any violence of the insurgents against the Catholic clergy or property. The Catholic incident serves with other circumstances to confirm the grave fears which the administration entertains in regard to the situation in the Philippines.

BLANCO IS HUNGRY.

That Is One Reason Why Spain Sues for Peace.

New York dispatch: Horatio S. Rubens, councillor for the Cuban Junta, in an interview said the reason that Spain made peace proposals at this time was that Havana could not hold out much longer. "That Havana's food supply is sufficient for only about two weeks more. There are 200,000 civilians in the city and from 50,000 to 60,000 soldiers. Only two steamers have succeeded in running the blockade and their cargoes will not do very long for among the 250,000 inhabitants. Madrid has been notified that Havana's condition is becoming desperate, and with that in view, and also with the purpose of doing something before General Miles had invaded Porto Rico or Manila had fallen, peace proposals were made. They know very well in Madrid that Porto Rico cannot effectively resist Miles and that the surrender of Manila is only a question of a few days. Therefore they chose this as a fitting time to negotiate for terms of peace, assuming, of course, that the United States would stop fighting at once and the weakness of Spain not so completely revealed as it would be later."

Cheered on the March.

PONCE, Porto Rico, August 4.—The Porto Ricans of Ponce lined the streets by the hundreds and filled the air with cheering on the arrival of Garrettsburg brigade from Yauco. The arrival of these troops and of those on the St. Louis makes the fighting strength of the Americans now operating near Ponce about nine thousand, equal to the entire fighting force of Spanish regulars on the island. The brigade marched seventeen miles from Yauco to Ashby, where it arrived travel-stained and mud-bespattered. Almost the entire population saw the troops pass through the city and gave them cheer after cheer, particularly as the artillerymen lumbered by.

Early Session of Congress Expected.

WASHINGTON, August 3.—Although Secretary Day said yesterday that Spain's reply to the American peace conditions had not been received it is believed that President McKinley has given a hint that the Madrid authorities will consent to the terms and that the war will soon be over. Strength is lent to this impression by the fact that it has been said by the president to the senators and representatives who have recently called upon him that there will be a special session of congress called September 15.

Spanish Officer Court Martialed.

MADRID, August 5.—An official dispatch from San Juan de Porto Rico says that Colonel San Martin, who was in command of the Spanish garrison at Ponce, has been court martialed and shot for abandoning the place without resistance. Lieutenant Colonel Ruiz, the second in command, committed suicide.

Campaign in Porto Rico.

WASHINGTON, August 5.—Advices from Porto Rico show that little movement toward San Juan has taken place. General Brooke has arrived with 4,000 men at Arroyo, sixty miles east of Ponce, but no general forward movement will take place until Gen. Miles has his plans well perfected.

Troops for Porto Rico.

NEWPORT NEWS, Va., August 5.—The transport Hudson has sailed for Porto Rico, having on board a battalion and a half of the First Kentucky.

TERMS OF PEACE.

Conditions Under Which Spain Can Secure Cession of Colonies.

WASHINGTON, August 1.—Although it was decided after the cabinet meeting that it was not advisable to make a formal statement of the conditions of the terms of peace as handed to Ambassador Cambon, of France, who represents Spain at Washington, it is generally acknowledged that the terms are as follows:

The absolute cession to the United States of Porto Rico and all the islands in the West Indies, save Cuba. The relinquishment by Spain of sovereignty in Cuba, the United States to exercise control there until a stable government is established.

The acquisition of a coaling station in the Ladrones islands, perhaps the Carolines.

No assumption of Spain's Cuban or Porto Rican debts by the United States.

No war indemnity from Spain.

In the very midst of the discussion of the disposal of the Philippines the element that had strongly urged the necessity of protecting Aguinaldo in any settlement we should arrange, received a severe shock through the receipt of a cablegram from Admiral Dewey stating that the insurgent chief had assumed a defiant attitude and the admiral expressed the opinion that the United States would be obliged to make war upon them, necessitating the requirement of 150,000 troops to subdue the islands. It was finally decided that what we desired could be best done by the appointment of a joint commission, limited in its representation to the governments of the United States and Spain, which commission is to endeavor to settle the details of the government of the Philippines and determine what treatment shall be accorded the insurgents, the United States army and navy meanwhile occupying Manila and Manila bay, and thus retaining a position to enforce speedily the verdict that shall be finally reached by the commission.

DELAY EXPLAINED.

Sagasta Objects to Being Hosted, and Will Take Plenty of Time.

LONDON, August 5.—The Madrid correspondent of the Times says: "Though peace is regarded as assured, it may not be attained so quickly as is generally expected. Sagasta objects to being hustled, and insists on everything being done in a quiet, orderly and dignified manner. He considers it necessary to have full and satisfactory explanation as to all doubtful points, in order to enable him best to protect the national interests against the aggressive tendencies of the Washington cabinet. The Spanish people, though sincerely desirous of peace, are disposed to admire this hesitancy and tenacious holding out to the last, although aware that it implies greater sacrifices. As an illustration of this feeling, while General Toral is blamed for capitulating at Santiago, Captain General Augusti, continuing a hopeless resistance at Manila, bids fair to be a popular hero. It would be premature to suppose that the political consultations now proceeding foreshadow the resignation of the liberal cabinet, when peace is concluded. The conservatives have so constantly and loyally supported Sagasta throughout the war that no factious opposition need be feared from them."

NO CHANGE IN WATSON'S ORDERS.

WASHINGTON, August 5.—Navy department officials insist that no change has been made in the orders to the Watsons squadron. Indeed, there seems to be now evident a purpose to despatch this fine squadron to European waters regardless of the termination of the war, the idea being that the splendid display which will be made by the American ships will have a beneficial effect in inspiring respect for our naval strength.

McKinley Believes Its Completion Necessary to the Country.

WASHINGTON, August 2.—Ex-Senator Warner Miller, of New York, the president of the Nicaragua canal commission, and Senator Morgan of Alabama, the leading advocate of that project in congress, had a conference on the Nicaragua canal question with President McKinley. The conference was short. The president, it is said, expressed his acquiescence in the belief that the government possession of it is now necessary, and that the war and its results make the canal indispensable to the United States. The president, he calls, intends to make strong recommendations to congress for legislation making immediate provision for the completion of the canal and for making it the direct property of the government.

Don Carlos to His Followers.

LONDON, August 2.—A dispatch to the Daily Mail from Lucerne says: Count Melgar, the constant companion of Don Carlos, has telegraphed affection in Paris that Don Carlos orders his followers not to embarrass his country while she is in mourning.

BREVITIES.

It is stated that public men who have talked with the president and members of the cabinet positively assert that the administration has confidence in the sincerity of the Spanish note; that the administration takes a view that this note is the beginning of the end and that the administration is practically certain the answer of this government and the general terms proposed will be accepted by Spain.

When Ambassador Cambon of France appeared at the white house a few days ago to receive the reply of the president to Spain's note regarding peace, the ambassador presented credentials which had received from the Spanish government appointing him envoy extraordinary and plenipotentiary, with complete instructions as to the manner of acting on every one of the peace conditions presented by the United States. The ambassador and the president at once entered upon a full discussion of the conditions, with the result that they were agreed to with but one modification. What this modification is has not been learned, but it is believed it refers to the Philippines. All that is now needed to establish peace is the ratification of the agreement by the Spanish cabinet, and this is anticipated without much delay.

TO GARRISON CUBA.

Military Regime in Island May Follow Peace.

WASHINGTON, August 4.—The administration is formulating general plans for a temporary American military regime in Cuba following the conclusion of peace between the United States and Spain. The government is aware of the critical period in the history of the island which is certain to attend the withdrawal of the Spanish sovereignty from the territory and the installation of the Cuban republican administration. The presence of an American garrison in all of the principal cities and towns of the island is confidently expected and these garrisons will probably need to be maintained for several months. The war department is therefore contemplating the detail of an army of 50,000 men for Cuban occupation after peace shall have been declared. This occupation, from the present outlook, will begin in the early fall. The force of 50,000 will be selected from the volunteer army and pains will be taken to give those regiments which have not yet come to the front a chance to see service in Cuba. The military government will temporarily prevail throughout the island and in all probability General Fitzhugh Lee will be placed in command of the garrisoning army and made military governor of the territory.

EASY ENOUGH.

City of Ponce Surrenders Without Making a Fight.

ST. THOMAS, D. V. I., July 30.—The port of Ponce, Porto Rico, surrendered to Commander Davis, of the auxiliary gunboat Dixie, Wednesday. There was no resistance. The Americans were welcomed with enthusiasm. The capitulation of the town of Ponce, inland, took place Thursday afternoon.

Four of Ponce, Porto Rico, via St. Thomas, D. V. I., July 25.—The Port of Ponce surrendered to Commander Davis, of the gunboat Dixie, yesterday. Miles arrived here this morning at daylight with Ernst's brigade and Wilson's division on transports. Ernst's brigade immediately started for the town of Ponce, three miles inland, which capitulated this afternoon.

The American troops are pushing toward the mountains and will join Henry with his brigade at Yauco, which has been captured by our troops. The fight before the latter place Tuesday was won by the American volunteers. The Spaniards ambushed eight companies of the Sixth Massachusetts and Sixth Illinois, but were finally repulsed and driven back a mile to the ridge, where the Spanish cavalry charged and were routed by our infantry. General Garrettsburg led the fight with the men from Illinois and Massachusetts, and the enemy retreated to Yauco, leaving four dead on the field and several wounded. None of our men were killed and only three slightly wounded. The Spanish retreat from Ponce was precipitous, they leaving rifles and ammunition in the baggage and forty or fifty sick in the hospital. The Porto Ricans are glad to see the American troops landed, and say they are all Americans and will join our army. The roads are good for military purposes. Our troops are healthy. Miles says the campaign will be short and vigorous.

A MESSAGE FROM GEN. MILES.

Volunteers Surrendering With Arms and Ammunition.

WASHINGTON, August 1.—General Miles, in command of the Porto Rican expedition, sent the following dispatch to Secretary Alger:

PONCE, Porto Rico, July 31.—Secretary of War, Washington: Volunteers are surrendering themselves with arms and ammunition. Four-fifths of the people are overjoyed at the arrival of the army. Two thousand from one place have volunteered to serve with us. They are bringing, in transportation, beef, tallow and other needed supplies. The custom house has already yielded \$14,000. As soon as all the troops are disembarked they will be in readiness to move. I request that the question of tariff rate to be charged in the parts of Porto Rico occupied by our forces be submitted to the president for his action, the previously existing tariff remaining in force meanwhile. As to the government and military occupation, I have already given instructions based upon the instructions issued by the president in the case of the Philippine islands, and similar to those issued at Santiago de Cuba. (Signed) MILES, Major General Commanding.

TROOPS TO PORTO RICO.

Another Army Division Ordered to Reinforce Miles and Brooke.

Washington dispatch: As an earnest that our government has not intercepted the execution of its campaigns pending peace negotiations, an order has been issued from the war department for the dispatch of an entire army division to reinforce Generals Miles and Brooke in Porto Rico. This will be known as the provisional division, and will be commanded by Major General Wade, at present in command at Camp Thomas, Chickamauga. He is ordered to turn over that command to Major General Breckinridge, inspector general of the army, and to report to Secretary Alger in Washington for instructions before departure for Porto Rico, bringing with him his adjutant general and his aides. The provisional division will consist of fifteen full regiments, and Gen. Wade will select them, not from the troops under his old command alone, but with particular reference to an equitable representation in the Porto Rican campaign of all the states in the Union.

IOWA PATENT OFFICE REPORT.

A patent has been allowed to T. F. Berry, of Des Moines, for the fruit jar holders extensively manufactured and sold by him this season, and that is so well adapted to facilitate putting up fruit in jars and cans.

Four patents were issued to Iowa inventors last week, as follows: To G. D. Morse and E. D. Hich, of Muskegon, for a pipe extender; to A. E. Schlieder, of Sioux City, for a current motor; to J. T. Smith, of Norway, Iowa, for a clothes-line lighter; to A. C. Wright and C. A. Stubbins, of Britt, for an ankle-joint.

Nebraska received three, Minnesota three, Missouri six, and Kansas six. Valuable information about obtaining, valuing and selling patents sent free to any address.

THOMAS G. ORWIG & CO., Solicitors, Des Moines, Iowa.

OF INTEREST TO ALL.

Matches to the value of \$37,000,000 are annually consumed throughout the world.

A British antiquarian has discovered that Shakespeare was of Welsh descent.

Miss Lydia Moses has lived uninterrupted for ninety years in the house in which she was born, at Portsmouth, N. H.

Native surgeons of the Zuni tribe of American Indians cultivate long nails and frequently use them in place of the knife.

Stockings were first used in the eleventh century. Before that time the feet were protected with cloth bandages.

The receivers of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad have purchased 40 miles of 85-lb. sixty foot steel rails and will experiment with them on the Pittsburg division and in the Baltimore tunnel. These rails were originally bought for the Columbia and Maryland Electric Railroad, which was designed to parallel the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad between Baltimore and Washington and to become an important factor in business between these points. The project failed and the material which was purchased has been sold. These are the first 60-foot rails to be used on the B. & O.

The Real Cause.

"Did his warm love melt her?"

"No; I think it was his cold cash."

There are 125 bishops of the Church of England distributed over the world.

Important to Mothers.

The manufacturers of Castoria have been compelled to spend hundreds of thousands of dollars to familiarize the public with the signature of Castoria, but against the growing generation. All persons should be careful to see that Castoria bears the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher, if they would guard the health of their children. Parents and mothers, in particular, ought to carefully examine the Castoria advertisements which have been appearing in this paper, and to remember that the wrapper of every bottle of genuine Castoria bears the fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher, under whose supervision it has been manufactured continuously for over thirty years.

The Franco-German war cost over \$3,000,000,000.

Gross earnings of the Chicago Great Western Railway for the second week of July were \$36,410.97, an increase, compared with \$37,562.16 for the same week last year, of \$12,847.91.

A gallon of alcohol can be produced from a bushel of sweet potatoes.

Real Warm Weather Rest and Comfort.

There is a powder to be shaken into the shoes called Allen's Foot-Ease, invented by Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y., which druggists and shoe dealers say is the best thing they ever sold to cure swollen, burning, sore and tender or aching feet. Some dealers claim that it makes a new shoe feel easy. It certainly will cure corns and bunions and relieve instantly sweating, hot or smarting feet. Allen's Foot-Ease costs only a quarter, and the inventor will send a sample

CAUSE FOR ALARM.

How baldness begins.

How to prevent it.

Every person, male or female, shrinks from baldness. It adds to the appearance of age and is a serious discomfort. The cases are rare when the falling out of the hair may not be stopped, and a new and healthy growth of the hair promoted. The hair grows in the scalp like a plant in the soil. If a plant flourishes, it must have constant attention; it must be watered regularly and find its food in the soil where it is rooted. It is so with the hair. Neglect is usually the beginning of baldness. Dandruff is allowed to thicken on the scalp. The hair begins to loosen. The scalp loses its vitality. The hair, insufficiently nourished, begins to fade and to fall. The instant need in such a case is some practical preparation which, supplying the needed nourishment to the scalp, will feed the hair, give it strength, and so produce a strong and healthy growth. All this is done by Dr. Ayer's Hair Vigor, the most practical and valuable preparation for the hair that can be obtained. It tones up the scalp, does away with dandruff, stops the hair from falling, restores the original color to gray or faded

hair, and gives an abundant and glossy growth. Those who are threatened with approaching baldness will be interested in the following voluntary statement, made by Alderman S. J. Green, of Spencer, Iowa. He writes:

"About four months ago, my hair commenced falling out so rapidly that I became alarmed, and being recommended Dr. Ayer's Hair Vigor by a druggist, I resolved to try this preparation. I have been now using it for three months, and am much gratified to find that my hair has ceased falling out and also that hair which had been turning gray for the past five years has been restored to its original color, dark brown. It gives me much pleasure to recommend this dressing."—S. J. GREEN, Alderman, Spencer, Iowa.

Those who are interested in preserving and beautifying the hair will do well to send for Dr. Ayer's Curebook. A story of cures told by the cured. This book of 100 pages is sent free, on request, by the J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

A Beautiful Present Free



For a few months to all users of the celebrated ELASTIC STARCH, (Flat Iron Brand). To induce you to try this brand of starch, so that you may find out for yourself that all claims for its superiority and economy are true, the makers have had prepared, at great expense, a series of

Game Plaques

exact reproductions of the \$10,000 originals by Muville, which will be given you ABSOLUTELY FREE by your grocer on conditions named below. These Plaques are 40 inches in circumference, are free of any suggestion of advertising whatever, and will ornament the most elegant apartment. No manufacturing concern ever before gave away such valuable presents to its customers. They are not for sale (any price, and can be obtained only in the manner specified). The subjects are: AMERICAN WILD DUCKS, AMERICAN PHEASANT, ENGLISH QUAIL, ENGLISH SNIPPE. The birds are handsomely embossed and stand out natural as life. Each Plaque is bordered with a band of gold.

HOW TO GET THEM:
All purchasers of three 10-cent or six 5-cent packages of Elastic Starch (Flat Iron Brand), are entitled to receive from their grocer one of these beautiful Game Plaques free. The plaques will not be sent by mail. They can be obtained only from your grocer.
Every Grocer Keeps Elastic Starch. Do not delay. This offer is for a short time only.

Elastic Starch
has been the standard for 25 years. TWENTY-TWO MILLION packages of this brand were sold last year. That's how good it is.
Ask Your Dealer
to show you the Plaques and tell you about Elastic Starch. Accept no substitute.

CAMERAS SWEET, WALLACH & CO., 84 Wabash Ave., Chicago. PHOTOGRAPHIC SUPPLIES. Send for Free Catalogue.

Of Rare Origin.
"I do so admire Mr. Steadlygate," said the young woman. "It is so original."
"Really, Miss Philipppers," said the bright young man, "you should not be so sarcastic."
"I'm not. He is the only young man I know who is not always trying to say something bright and new."

The Oldest Volunteer.
A New York State doctor aged 100, volunteered his services to the President recently as an army surgeon. At his advanced years he can read without glasses, and walk 10 miles a day. The oldest standard medicine is Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, which has no equal for indigestion, dyspepsia and constipation. One bottle does much good.

A little girl in Boston paused beside and ice wagon, and the driver let a cake of ice drop on her foot, crushing the member. Suit was brought against the company, and the court awarded the sufferer a verdict of \$18,000.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup
For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 10 cents a bottle.

It is calculated that the capital value of the British navy at the present time exceeds \$94,000,000.

Coe's Cough Plaster
is the oldest and best. It will break up a cold quicker than anything else. It is always reliable. Try it.

A very young man holds the office of county judge of Chippewa Falls, Wis. His name is John E. Pannier, and he is only 21 years of age.

Don't Tobacco Spit and Sneak Your Life Away
To quit tobacco easily and forever, be magnetic, full of life nerve and vigor, take No-To-Bac, the wonder worker, that makes weak men strong. All druggists, 50c or \$1. Cure guaranteed. Booklet and sample free. Address: Sterling Remedial Co., Chicago or New York.

A machine has just been completed that will count and bind in packages 500,000 postal cards in ten hours.

Sweet, Wallach & Co., whose ad. appears in this issue, have the largest and most complete Photographic Supply house in the west. They are thoroughly reliable, and our readers will do well to get their catalogue.

Did you ever enter into any new scheme that some of your friends did not see and point out all its possible disadvantages?

I shall recommend Piso's Cure for Consumption far and wide.—Mrs. Mulligan, Punnsstead, Kent, England, Nov. 8, 1895.

The preparation of human hair for the market gives employment to 7,000 Parisians.

The forests of Cuba occupy about 13,000,000 acres, and many of them are so dense as to be almost impenetrable.

For a perfect complexion and a clear, healthy skin, use COSMO BUTTERMILK SOAP. Sold everywhere.

The occupants of the Philippines represent such a variety of races that thirty-one languages are spoken there.

To Cure Constipation Forever, Take Cascart's Candy Cathartic. 10c or 50c. It Cures Cough, Colic, Wind, and all other ailments.

Men who know the same things are not long the best company for each other.

EXHIBIT OF LIVE STOCK.

Cattle, Hogs, Sheep, Horses and Poultry at Trans-Mississippi Exposition.
The exhibition of live stock at the Trans-Mississippi Exposition will be held from September 19 to October 20, and everything points to a large display. J. B. Dinsmore, commissioner of live stock, states that the correspondence received from intending exhibitors is far larger in advance of the date for the closing of entries than it was at the Columbian exposition at Chicago. If Mr. Dinsmore's expectations are fulfilled the exhibition of live stock at Omaha will be one of the finest ever given in the country.

A sum of \$35,000 was set aside by the directors of the exposition to be awarded as cash prizes to live stock exhibitors. The Union Stock Yards Company, of South Omaha, and a number of the breeders' associations and other live stock organizations offer additional prizes, the total amount offered as premiums to live stock exhibitors being not far short of \$50,000.

The live stock exhibit is divided into six classes. Of these the poultry exhibit will be given first—from September 19 to September 30. On Monday, October 3, the exhibits of cattle, horses (in which class are included jacks, jennets and mules), sheep and swine, will open to continue until October 20; and the fat stock will be shown from October 13 to 20 inclusive. Entries close for fat stock on August 15, and in all other classes on August 10.

Probably all of the northern states will be represented in the poultry exhibit. Correspondence has been received from prominent fanciers all over the country, and the indications are that there will be a fine collection of birds.

Commissioner Dinsmore is especially pleased with the prospects for exhibitors in cattle, sheep and hogs. He says there will undoubtedly be not less than 1,000 cattle, the same number of sheep, and twice as many hogs. The inquiries come from all sections of the country north of the quarantine line and from the Atlantic to the Rockies. The stockmen of the central west are taking especial interest in the affair and are doing all they can to make the exhibit of live stock a great success.

It is said there never was a time in the history of cattle breeding in the United States when as much interest was taken in the grading up of stock as at present, and the liberal prizes offered by the Exposition are proving a strong inducement to breeders to enter their stock. Thirteen different breeds of cattle are provided for in the premium list, all, in fact, that were exhibited at the World's Fair at Chicago with the single exception of the Sussex, of which there is but one small herd known in the United States.

The \$35,000 prize money offered by the Exposition will be distributed as follows: Cattle, \$7,000; horses and mules, \$8,000; hogs, \$7,000; sheep, \$6,000; fat stock, \$5,000; poultry, \$2,000. Money from other sources will mostly be devoted to special premiums.

"Whisky biscuits" are sold in some of the New York bakeries in the vicinity of the public schools. They contain jelly saturated with alcohol. An eight year old boy ate five of them and became temporarily insane.

Servia is said to have more centaurs than any other country in the world, 575 of her 1,300,000 inhabitants having lived for over a hundred years.

A Blanket Tax.

"This war is dreadfully wide spreading, isn't it?"

"Yes. It's going to cost a man money over time he stamps his feet."

University of Notre Dame.
We call attention to the advertisement of the University of Notre Dame in this issue. This great institution of learning takes rank with the first in the country and in the world. It is beautifully situated at Notre Dame, Ind., a place famous in the early history of Christian explorations in the New World. The educational course is fully as complete as at Harvard, Yale or Princeton. A new 184-page catalogue just issued by the institution gives some very valuable information that should be read before arranging to send your boys elsewhere. St. Edward's Hall for boys under 13 is complete in all its equipments and has many advantages. It is possible for a boy of 10 to enter Notre Dame and remain until he graduates in Divinity, Classics, Letters, Science, Law, Engineering, etc.

The twelve Atlantic cables now in use represent an aggregate capital of about \$35,000,000.

Beauty is Blood Deep.
Clean blood makes a clean skin. No beauty without it. Cascart's Candy Cathartic cleans your blood and leaves it clean, by stirring up the lazy liver and driving all impurities from the body. Begin to-day to banish pimples, boils, blotches, blackheads and that sickly bilious complexion by taking Cascart's—beauty fortified. All druggists, satisfaction guaranteed, 10, 25, 50c.

A chasm thirty miles in length has been excavated by the waters of the Grand Falls of Labrador.

Coal is dearer in South Africa than in any other part of the world; it is the cheapest in China.

Hall's Catarrh Cure
Is taken internally. Price, 75c.

In Japan men sell caged locusts, singing crickets and other noisy insects in the streets of cities.

COSMO BUTTERMILK TOILET SOAP
makes the skin soft, white and healthy. Sold everywhere.

Australians breed and raise kangaroos for the leather made out of their skins.

No-To-Bac for Fifty Cents.
Guaranteed tobacco habit cure, makes weak men strong, blood pure. 50c. All druggists.

The army of Germany boasts of eight women colonels.

Apple Farms for sale. \$2 per acre cash, balance on easy terms. J. Marshall, Sioux City, Ia.

An apple tree brought from Holland in the seventeenth century is said to be still bearing fruit at Mannheim, N. Y.

Scarlet fever is rare both in Asia and Africa.

Dr. Kay's Renovator, GUARANTEED
to cure dyspepsia, constipation, liver and kidney diseases, biliousness, headaches, etc. At druggists, 50c and \$1.00.

PISO'S CURE FOR
CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.
Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in Time. Sold by druggists.
CONSUMPTION

YOUNG AT SIXTY.

Serene comfort and happiness in advanced years are realized by comparatively few women.

Their hard lives, their liability to serious troubles on account of their peculiar organism and their profound ignorance concerning themselves, all combine to shorten the period of usefulness and fill their later years with suffering. Mrs. Pinkham has done much to make women strong. She has given advice to many that has shown them how to guard against disease and retain vigorous health in old age. From every corner of the earth there is constantly coming the most convincing statements from women, showing the efficacy of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound in overcoming female ills. Here is a letter from Mrs. J. C. Orms, of 230 Homer St., Johnstown, Pa., which is earnest and straight to the point:

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM—I feel it my duty to tell all suffering women that I think your remedies are wonderful. I had trouble with my head, dizzy spells and hot flashes. Feet and hands were cold, was very nervous, could not sleep well, had kidney trouble, pain in ovaries and congestion of the womb. Since taking your remedies I am better every way. My head trouble is all gone, have no pain in ovaries, and am cured of womb trouble. I can eat and sleep well and am gaining in flesh. I consider your medicine the best to be had for female troubles."

The present Mrs. Pinkham's experience in treating female ills is unparalleled, for years she worked side by side with Mrs. Lydia E. Pinkham, and for sometime past has had sole charge of the correspondence department of her great business, treating by letter as many as a hundred thousand ailing women during a single year.

MEN WANTED

LOCAL and Traveling Salesmen Wanted.
\$5 per day and expenses, salesman selling \$20 per day \$3 per day and expenses, salesman selling \$12 per day. No investment required. Free trial experience not necessary. Send references with 25 cent stamp to SAULSING CO., SEALDING, ILL. \$100,000 Capital. Forty-first Year.

WANTED—Case of bad health that BEE-F-A-N-S will not benefit. Send 2 cents to Eliott's Chemical Co., New York, for 10 samples and 1,000 testimonials.



KEITH'S ENAMEL STARCH.
REMARKABLE DISCOVERY FOR FINIC LAUNDRY WORK. REQUIRES NO COOKING.

Manufactured by KEITH ENAMEL STARCH CO., CHICAGO, ILL.

"DIRT DEFIES THE KING." THEN

SAPOLIO
IS GREATER THAN ROYALTY ITSELF.



THE UNIVERSITY OF NOTRE DAME, NOTRE DAME, INDIANA.

FULL COURSES IN Classics, Letters, Science, Law, Civil, Mechanical and Electrical Engineering.
Thorough Preparatory and Commercial Courses. Free to all Students who have completed the studies required for admission into the Junior or Senior Year, of any of the College Courses.
A limited number of Candidates for the Ecclesiastical State will be received at special rates. St. Edward's Hall, for boys under 13 years, is unique in completeness of its equipments. The fourth Term will open September 6th, 1898. Catalogue sent Free on application to REV. A. MORRISSEY, C. S. C., President.

FAULTLESS STARCH.

THE BEST FOR Shirt Waists, Shirt Fronts, Collars, Cuffs and Delicate Clothes.



Read our Booklets, Laugh and Learn.

PENSIONS, PATENTS, CLAIMS.
JOHN W. MORRIS, WASHINGTON, D. C. Late Principal Examiner U. S. Patent Bureau. 25 years' experience in all patenting claims, promptly executed. Send references with 25 cent stamp to MORRIS & CO., SEALDING, ILL. \$100,000 Capital.

Dr. Kay's Lung Balm for coughs, colds and throat disease.

W. N. U. Des Moines, No. 32—1898.

REMEMBER

if you are dissatisfied with the size of piece or with the quality of the chewing tobacco you are using—

get **Battleax** **PLUG**



and you'll get your money's worth. The 10-cent piece of **Battle Ax** is larger than the 10-cent piece of any other brand of the same high quality, and is the largest piece of really good chewing tobacco that is sold for 10 cents.

Remember the name when you buy again

RACE ECHOES.

The Hon J. Frank Wheaton, is the first man of color to be nominated for the legislature by the Minnesota Republicans.

Col. Wesley Crayton of Vicksburg, Miss., lives in a \$7,000 residence, and pay taxes on \$30,000 worth of real estate in Warren county, that state.

Ralph Langston, son of the late John M. Langston, has allied himself with the United Colored Democracy of New York City.

By the wills of Henry and Sarah Gordon, deceased, of Philadelphia, out of an estate valued at \$26,000 Wilberforce University, will receive \$2,500. The remainder will go to churches and charitable institutions.

Major Taylor, the colored phenomenon, won first honors and money at the national circuit bicycle races at Ashbury Park, defeating both Bald and Cooper, the crack riders of last season.

Wm. L. Reed of Boston, has been appointed deputy collector of Internal Revenue at a salary of \$1,400 per annum.

The Negro imitate the white man in everything except saving his money. He will make only \$5.00 a week and yet he and his wife will want to dress like a man who makes \$50.00 per week and who has been free all his life. Isn't that so? Do you belong to that brigade?—Mobile Press.

Senator Hanna has again demonstrated his high sense of appreciation for the work done by his Southern colored allies during the memorable campaign of 1896 by having the president appoint A. T. Wimberly, collection of customs at the port of New Orleans. Senator Hanna personally urged the appointment of Mr. Wimberly, who is an original McKinley man, and worked the President's nomination in 1896, and who was opposed in this instance by two of the three republican committees and some of the leaders. This office is the best in the south, paying \$7,000 a year and having correspondingly large patronage.

A WORTHY CAUSE

National Monument to Colored Soldiers and Sailors.

At a meeting July 4th 1898, the National Colored Soldiers and Sailors Monument Association of the U. S. was fully organized. The object of the association is to erect a monument in one of the public Parks in the city of Washington, D. C., in memory of the colored soldiers and sailors, who sacrificed their lives in the war of 1861 and '65 in defence of national honor. We believe that the duty of the people of this generation will not be fulfilled and accomplished until this laudible work has been completed. The officers and members of this association are men who stand high in the estimation of the people of the U. S., and whose integrity, ability and business qualification are of the highest order. The officers are as follows: John G. Jones of Chicago, Ill., President; W. Q. Atwood, Michigan, Vice-President; James Hill, Miss., second Vice-President; Rev. Capt. Allen Allensworth, Kentucky, third Vice-President; Geo. W. Murray, South Carolina, fourth Vice-President; Rev. J. H. Anderson, New York, fifth Vice-President; Dr. J. H. Stephenson, Nebraska, sixth Vice-President; Rev. Dr. J. H. Magee, Chicago, National Grand Lecturer; Rev. G. G. Middleton, Iowa, Deputy Grand Lecturer; George E. Taylor, Iowa, Deputy Grand Auditor; E. R. Overall, Nebraska, Assistant Grand Auditor; L. W. Pates, Washington, D. C., Grand Secretary; J. E. Bruce Albany, N. Y., Deputy Grand Secretary; James H. Porter, Springfield, Ill., Grand Statistician; S. L. Terry, Jr., first assistant Grand Statistician; S. T. Ellsworth New Mexico, second assistant Statistician. Banking Committee—J. W. E. Thomas and George F. Ecton, Chicago. All money sent to the Banking Committee will be deposited for the National Association in the Illinois Trust & Saving Bank at Chicago. Hon. J. W. E. Thomas and Hon. Geo. F. Ecton of Chicago, who are the Banking Committee are both prominent citizens of Chicago, and each of them

served a term as a member of the Illinois legislature. Mr. Thomas is estimated to be worth \$200,000, and Mr. Ecton is estimated to be worth \$15,000. Both of these gentlemen have the confidence and respect of the people every where.

THE SECRET OF LONGEVITY.

From the London News: What is the secret of longevity? Sir James Sawyer has been confiding it to a Birmingham audience. Like so many other secrets, it consists in "paying details." Here is a schedule of them, collected from the reports of Sir James Sawyer's lecture: 1. Eight hours' sleep. 2. Sleep on your right side. 3. Keep your bedroom window open all night. 4. Have a mat to your bedroom door. 5. Do not have your bedstead against the wall. 6. No cold tub in the morning, but a bath at the temperature of the body. 7. Exercise before breakfast. 8. Eat little meat and see that it is well cooked. 9. (For adults)—Drink no milk. 10. Eat plenty of fat, to feed the cells which destroy disease germs. 11. Avoid intoxicants, which destroy those cells. 12. Daily exercise in the open air. 13. Allow no pet animals in your living rooms. They are apt to carry about disease germs. 14. Live in the country if you can. 15. Watch the three Ds—drinking water, damp and drains. 16. Have change of occupation. 17. Take frequent and short holidays. 18. Limit your ambition, and, 19, keep your temper. Keep all these commandments, and Sir James Sawyer sees no reason why you should not live to be 100. An interesting point in vital statistics was incidentally brought out by Sir James Sawyer, the death rate during the last 200 years has been enormously decreased, but the decrease has all been between the ages of birth and 25. Those who passed that age had not so good a chance of living as the people who lived 200 years ago. The meaning was that now the weaklings among the young were less easily killed off than they were 200 years ago. With regard to those of 35, those who lived in the olden days had the advantage that there were no telephones, telegrams, trains, daily share lists, or daily newspapers.

WOMAN'S INFLUENCE.

Her Love is More Reasonable and Therefore, Less Than It Used to Be. A Swedish writer, Frau Hansson, in her "Das Buch der Frauen," thus describes the relation between modern men and women: "It is a peculiar sign of the times that in spite of the many restrictions of former days men and women have never stood wider apart than at present and have never understood one another more badly than now. The honest, unselfish sympathy, the true, I should like to say organic union, which is still to be observed in the married life of old people, seems to have vanished. Each goes his or her own way. There may be a nervous search for each other and a short finding, but it is soon followed by a speedy losing. Is it the men who are to blame? The men of former days were doubtless very different, but in their relations to women they were scarcely more social than at present. Or is it the women who are at fault? For some time past I have watched life in its many phases and have come to the conclusion that it is the woman who either develops the man's character or ruins it. His mother and the woman to whom he unites himself leave an everlasting mark upon the impressionable side of his nature. In most cases the final question is not, What is the man like? But what kind of a woman is she? And I think that the answer is as follows: A woman's actions are more reasonable than they used to be, and her love is also more reasonable. The consequence is a lessening of the passion that is hers to give, which again results in a corresponding coolness on the part of the man."

Alaska's Great Forests.

The gold of Alaska, with which the attention of mankind is just now fixed with brilliant anticipation, may not, in the end, turn out to be the greatest treasure which that land possesses. The Alaskan forests appear to be among the most valuable in existence. Extending from Cross sound, a little south of Mount Fairweather, to the Strait of Juan de Fuca, partly in Alaska and partly in British Columbia, lies what Garden and Forest describes as the greatest continuous body of timber of the cone-bearing or pine family in the world, "almost unmarked and as yet unaccessed." Security from fire, due to the moist climate, is regarded as one of the chief causes of the continued existence of these magnificent forests.

Admiration of Dress Silks.

An English chemist has recently analyzed a sample of a silk dress that was submitted to him by a lady. He found that it contained only a fraction over 25 per cent of silk, and as much tin was found in it as that present in the poor tin ores from Cornwall. The tin occurs in the so-called weighting of the silk. The chemist states that he at once realized the fact that the silk dresses worn by the ladies in Regent street and Bond street, London, taken together, would represent a Cornish tin-mine of very fair quality. He was informed by an expert that the silk he had examined would not stand more than three months' steady wear.

Coeducation in France.

In France women are admitted as students in the universities on the same conditions as men, and are eligible for the diplomas conferred on male students. In Belgium there is a statutory equality for men and women. It is the same in Holland, and statistics show that the number of women students is steadily increasing.

Grand Army Men Active.

Madison, Wis., April 21.—The Grand Army men of Wisconsin will be utilized in raising volunteer troops to fight the Spaniards when volunteers are called for.

The Ungrateful Mule.

The mule was undoubtedly a bad mule, but Lieutenant Kellenberger of Battery G, First Ohio Light Infantry, said that his disposition was ruined and his confidence in human nature destroyed by improper treatment. "He has been mistreated," said Lieutenant Kellenberger. "I will show you how this mule should be treated." Then the lieutenant with the assistance of an orderly saddled the mistreated mule in front of his tent. The mule offered neither resistance nor protest. The lieutenant patted him on the neck. "He needs kind, but firm treatment," said he. Just then the mistreated mule danced three bars of a two-step, executed an individual hop, skip and jump with each leg, and projected Lieutenant Kellenberger into the air directly beneath a thorn tree. "Catch that man-eating monster and beat him to death," said Lieutenant Kellenberger, as the hospital corps assisted him to his tent. Then several men came out of a company street and erected a tablet reading thus: "Where Kelly Fell, May 23, 1858."—Cincinnati Enquirer.

Gladstone Floored.

An anecdote of Gladstone at the time of his greatest rivalry with Disraeli is told. At a dinner party the subject of Judaism cropped up. "Admitted," said Gladstone, "that the Hebrews have given the world a philosopher in Spinoza, musicians in Mendelssohn and Meyerbeer, a poet in Heine, the fact remains that they have not produced a single statesman." There was silence for a moment. Every one knew, of course, that this was a direct allusion to Disraeli. Then one of the company stepped into the breach. "Mr. Gladstone," he said, "as a matter of fact the Hebrews have produced a statesman, and one of the greatest the world has seen." The fighting instinct of Mr. Gladstone surged up at once. "May I ask, sir," he said, "who was this Hebrew statesman?" Everyone, anticipating a more than lively scene, waited in tense expectation for the answer. It came in the quietest tones: "Moses, sir." Everyone smiled, and Mr. Gladstone joined in the laugh.—Vienna Welt.

Why He Departed.

Burke once rushed out of the house of commons in a rage, because as he rose to speak holding a bundle of papers, a member jumped up, saying, "Mr. Speaker, I hope the honorable gentleman does not intend to read all this speech in the bargain." "A lion put to flight by the braying of an ass," whispered the witty George Selwyn. This old anecdote is "captioned" by one told in Sir M. Grant Duff's "Diary" of a London engineer. The engineer, though not easily worsted, admitted that he was once put to flight by a dealer in marine stores. He had gone to examine, from the man's back yard, a house which he was thinking of purchasing on behalf of a railway company. While standing there, he saw a huge mastiff making at him openly. "Oh! you're in no danger, sir!" said the dealer; he's very particular about what he eats." The engineer instantly left the yard.

The Love of Machinery.

Most people are so well pleased with the mere appearance of a pretty piece of machinery that they do not think deeply of its practicality. This characteristic of human nature is well illustrated by the dealers in mechanical inventions. At an industrial exhibition—so the introducer of a certain invention reports—a prosperous looking farmer stood for some time before a brand new and somewhat complicated piece of machinery, apparently lost in admiration. Finally he said to the exhibitor: "Mighty useful machine, that must be." "It is, indeed," said the exhibitor. "Kind of handy to have 'round, eh?" "Decidedly," the farmer looked at it usefully a moment more, and then said, "Say, mister, what's it for?"

Testing Them.

Alexander Hamilton, when slavery existed to a limited extent on Manhattan Island, bought a slave for the purpose of emancipating him. At the first meeting of the Emancipation Society of the City of New York, Hamilton attended at the request of Lafayette, who desired to become an honorary member. "Gentlemen," said Hamilton, coming straight to the point, "in token of our sincerity, let every person here emancipate his slaves now." The members were astonished at the application of this severe test. Not one was willing to submit to it. Hamilton, seeing that his proposition met with general disapproval, took his hat and left the building.

Life in Colorado.

A person in this country no sooner gets through shoveling coal and carrying out ashes than he has to sprinkle his grass and push the lawn mower. The more coal he shovels the more ashes he carries, and the more water he squirts the harder he has to push the lawn mower. It is ever thus.

An Eye Opener.

He (during the honeymoon)—You don't know how lonely my bachelor life was—how unbearable the evenings were, when I would have to sit alone in my dreary den and sew on buttons. She—Your evenings won't be dreary now, love. I can sit by you and thread your needle.

Subdued.

Miss Singleton—They say that happy marriages are rare. Tell me, did you ever have any trouble with your husband? Mrs. May Ted—No trouble that I recollect, except in getting him.

The Best Remedy for Flux.

Mr. John Mathias, a well known stock dealer of Pulaski, Ky., says: "After suffering for over a week with flux, and my physician having failed to relieve me, I was advised to try Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, and have the pleasure of stating that the half of one bottle cured me. For sale by all Druggists."

Subscribe for the Bystander.

The People's Restaurant
—AND—
Oyster House,
By Experienced Cooks.
Short Orders and Meals.
Nicely Furnished Rooms
By Day or Week.
312 Third St. -- Des Moines, Iowa.

CHURCH ANNOUNCEMENT.

The Corinthian Baptist Church—situated on 11th St. between Crocker and School Sts. Preaching at 11 A. M.; Sunday School at 12 o'clock. Preaching at P. M. Rev. S. Bates, Pastor.
St. Paul A. M. E.—Corner of Second and Center Streets. Preaching at 10:30 a. m.; Sunday School at 11:30 a. m.; North League at 7 p. m.; Preaching at 8 p. m. T. Hoover, pastor.
Baptist—East Second Street—between Walnut and Court avenue. Services at 11:30 a. m.; Sunday school at 9:30 a. m.; Bible services at 3:30 p. m.; Young People's Endeavor at 7:30 p. m.; Preaching at 8 p. m. Rev. J. C. Roberts, pastor.
First African Baptist Church—Corner Fourth and School; preaching at 10:30 a. m.; Sunday school at 12 m.; preaching at 8 p. m. Rev. F. Lomack, pastor.
Burr's M. E.—East Second and Des Moines street—Preaching at 10:30; Sunday class meeting at 11:30; Sunday school at 12:30 p. m.; meeting at 7:30 p. m. Prayor meeting Wednesday. Rev. T. A. Clark, pastor.

SECRET ORDERS.

North Star Lodge, No. 2, A. F. A. M.—Meets First Thursday in each month at Masonic Hall—Corner West Sixth and Walnut. G. H. Clegg, W. M.; J. F. Blagburn, secretary.
Hiram Chapter, No. 7—Meets Second and Fourth Thursdays in each month at Masonic Hall. Robert Webster, H. P.; G. H. Clegg, secretary.
King Solomon Commandery, No. 8—Meets Second and Fourth Thursdays in each month at Masonic Hall. Fred Jackson, M. C.; G. H. Clegg, Rec.
Charity Lodge, No. 202, G. U. O. of O. F.—Meets First, Second and Third Tuesdays each month at Odd Fellows hall on West Sixth and Walnut streets. D. Burns, N. G.; F. Brown, P. S.
Naomi Court, No. 3—Meets Second Monday in each month at Masonic hall, Mrs. J. H. Shepard, matron; Mrs. Fred Jackson, secretary.
Iowa Chapter, O. E. S.—Meets Third Wednesday of each month at Masonic hall, Mrs. G. H. Clegg, matron; Mrs. Mary Bell, secretary.

St. Olive Court, No. 4—Meets First Thursday of each month at Masonic hall. Mrs. Susan White, matron; Mrs. Flora Majors, secretary.
Hilshold of Ruth—Meets First and Third Thursdays in each month at Odd Fellows hall. Mrs. Harris, M. G.; Mrs. B. J. Holmes, P. S.

50 YEARS EXPERIENCE
TRADE MARKS
DESIGNS
COPYRIGHTS &c.
Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is patentable. Communications strictly confidential. Handbook on Patents sent free. Oldest and most successful.
Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special attention.
Scientific American.
A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any paper published in the world. Terms, \$5 a year; four months, \$1. Sold by all newspapers.
MUNN & Co., 361 Broadway, New York
Branch Office, 605 F St., Washington, D. C.

Webster's International Dictionary
Successor of the Webster's
THE BEST FOR PRACTICAL USE.
It is easy to find the word wanted.
It is easy to find the pronunciation.
It is easy to trace the growth of a word.
It is easy to learn what a word means.
The Chicago Times-Herald says: "Webster's International Dictionary is a perfect form of an absolute authority on the words and meanings of the English language. It is a masterpiece of orthography, etymology, and philology. It is a masterpiece of scholarship and scholarship can make it."

THE VALUE OF Spectacles
Depends on the fitting. We make them to fit any eyes. Diseases of the Eyes, Ear, Nose and Throat cured.
Consultation Free.
DR. F. DUNCAN & SONS,
311 W. Fifth St., Des Moines, Iowa.

VIOLETS AS ASSETS.

They Always Come in Good in the Fixing Up of Millinery.
A woman can hardly do better than to buy violets whenever she sees them especially pretty or at low prices. All shades of the flowers go together, and the newly-stylish effect cannot be obtained unless many different shades are used together in trimming a hat. It is safe to add violets to any hat, and one crafty woman's practice is worth following. She keeps handy little bunches of well-made violets, tied about their stems with bows of violet ribbon. These bunches she tucks in under the brim of the hat when it is adjusted to the head, just filling up a little bare place where, perhaps, the tilt of the hat is a little more than intended, or where her pompadour has flattened. She almost always passes her hat pin through one of these bunches before she uses the pin, and the careless effect of the flowers thus added is almost always happy. It is the fashion to set on a hat a great big cannon ball bunch of violets, such as we have been affecting for several seasons in the real flower on the muff. The violets should be of many shades, and there should be a plenty of leaves. Such a bunch may be used on several different hats. The use of leaves with the violets is about the only new trick with them, though they are often veiled with net or lace, a making that is now common to all sorts of millinery.



Republican Ticket.

Judges Ninth Judicial District.
W. F. CONRAD,
C. P. HOLMES,
CHARLES A. BISHOP,
S. F. PROUTY.
Judge to Fill Vacancy.
CHARLES A. BISHOP.
Attorney.
JOHN M'LENNAN.
Auditor.
JOHN S. M'QUISTON.
Clerk of Courts.
JOHN C. TATE.
Recorder.
JOHN P. C. OOK.
Supervisor First District.
FRANK T. MORRIS.
Supervisor Second District.
H. E. TEACHTOW.
Justice Des Moines Township.
JOHN J. HALLORAN,
W. A. TRIS.
Justices Lee Township.
FRANK F. BLYLER,
C. M. AYLESWORTH.
Constables Des Moines Township.
W. H. BAKER,
O. C. RIDDLE.
Constables Lee Township.
JOHN J. RYAN,
ED SUNBERG.

Des Moines Railway Time Table.

C. R. L. & P. GOING EAST.
Chicago Limited..... 9:25 am *8:30 am
Night Express..... 12:35 pm *12:40 pm
Day Express..... 12:45 pm *3:40 pm
Chicago Special..... 5:45 am *2:15 am
Rock Is. Accommodation..... 7:30 am *7:30 am
Rocky Mountain Limited..... 8:45 am *5:25 am
C. R. L. & P. GOING WEST.
Denver Limited..... 9:25 am *8:30 am
Night Limited Express..... 9:30 pm *6:30 pm
Day Express..... 3:50 pm *3:40 pm
Chicago Special..... 5:45 am *2:15 am
Fast Mail..... 11:40 am
KEOKUK & DES MOINES.
Elmer Express..... 10:45 am *6:50 pm
Keokuk Express..... 3:35 pm *7:35 am
DES MOINES & FT. DODGE.
Ruthven Mail and Express..... 4:30 pm *12:10 pm
Tara and Ft. Dodge..... 10:35 am *4:45 pm
Miss. St. Louis Ex..... 9:15 pm *6:30 am
St. Paul Minn. Flyw..... 6:40 am *7:30 am
WINTERSSET BRANCH.
Accommodation..... 6:40 pm *8:45 am
Mail..... 11:10 am *4:30 pm
C. B. & G.
Albia Passenger..... 12:15 pm *3:30 pm
Albia Accommodation..... 8:30 pm *5:40 pm
Pocahontas Limited..... 5:45 pm *8:20 am
Albia Accommodation..... 2:00 pm *5:45 am
CHICAGO & NORTHWESTERN.
Sioux City, N. & W..... 5:15 pm *9:10 am
Chicago & Denver Ex..... 10:45 am *4:40 pm
Chicago Limited..... 11:50 am *9:00 pm
Dakota Limited..... 1:20 am *2:00 am
Chicago Express..... 5:55 pm *7:00 am
C. O. W.—MAPLE LEAF—NORTH.
Chl. & St. Paul Limited..... 8:15 pm *6:30 pm
Chicago & St. Paul Ex..... 3:35 am *3:30 am
Northwestern Limited..... 2:38 am *2:30 am
C. O. W.—MAPLE LEAF—SOUTH.
Kansas City Limited..... 6:40 am *7:00 am
Day Express..... 11:30 am *11:40 am
Night Express..... 8:55 pm *8:45 pm
WABASO RAILWAY.
St. Louis Passenger..... 9:10 am *6:45 pm
KEOKUK & WESTERN.
No. 1, Mail and Express..... 6:00 pm *8:30 am
No. 2 Express..... 11:15 am *3:30 pm
D. M. N. & W.—FONDA LINE.
All trains daily except Sunday.
Fonda Mail and Express..... 11:55 am *3:30 pm
Sioux City-Fonda Limited..... 5:45 pm *9:15 am
D. M. N. & W.—BOONE LINE.
Chicago Accommodation..... 5:35 am *8:30 pm
Boone Mail and Express..... 11:55 am *3:30 pm
Mail and Express..... 7:30 pm *6:15 am
Scheduled daily.
All other trains run daily except Sunday.

THE GILBERT CHOP HOUSE
BY EXPERIENCE COOKS—
Short Order and Meals
NICE FURNISHED ROOMS
BY DAY OR WEEK.
217 South Market St. OTTUMWA, IA.

SHOULD YOU NEED FLOWERS
At any time of the year, for any occasion where flowers are used, you can get them, home-grown and fresh cut every day, from
BLAIR THE FLORIST
306 Sixth Ave., Des Moines.
P. O. Address, Box 283. Telephone 450.
Funeral, Party and Wedding Decorations gotten up in latest styles, and at moderate prices. Boxes of fine flowers for presentation and personal wear.

EVERYBODY KNOWS THAT MUNGER'S LAUNDRY is the best in the city. Try them and be decided.
290 THIRD ST.
PHONE 679.

SHANK BROS., FUNERAL DIRECTORS.
517 MULBERRY ST.
Telephone Nos. 665 and 689.

MOERSHELL, DUFFY & FOTHERINGHAM
621 Walnut Street.
20 PER CENT OFF SALE THIS WEEK.
IT MEANS--A Slaughter Sale.
IT MEANS--Goods in a great many cases less than cost.
IT MEANS--No matter how cheap the goods are marked, you get 20 per cent off your bill.
IT MEANS--All classes of Dry Goods at a big Sacrifice.
Sale Ends Saturday Night.

THE WEEKLY INTER OCEAN
LARGEST CIRCULATION OF ANY POLITICAL PAPER IN THE WEST
It is radically Republican, advocating the cardinal doctrines of that party for fair and honest reports of all political movements, with ability and earnestness.
But it can always be relied on for fair and honest reports of all political movements, with ability and earnestness.
THE WEEKLY INTER OCEAN SUPPLIES ALL THE NEWS AND BEST CURRENT LITERATURE
It is Morally Clean and as a Family Paper is Without a Peer.
The Literature of its columns is equal to that of the best magazines. Its interesting to the children as well as the parents.....
THE INTER OCEAN is a WESTERN NEWSPAPER, and while it brings to the timely NEWS OF THE WORLD and gives its readers the best and ablest discussions of all questions of the day, it is in full sympathy with the ideas and aspirations of Western people, and discusses literature and politics from the Western standpoint.
\$1.00—PRICE ONE DOLLAR PER YEAR \$1.00
THE DAILY AND SUNDAY EDITIONS OF THE INTER OCEAN ARE THE BEST OF THEIR KIND.
Price of Daily by mail..... \$4.00 per year
Price of Sunday by mail..... \$2.00 per year
Daily and Sunday by mail..... \$6.00 per year

THE AMERICAN MONTHLY REVIEW OF REVIEWS

It is impossible to promise particular features that will appear in the "AMERICAN MONTHLY" during the coming year, for it is, as the Bookman says, "a great monthly newspaper." As such, it prints for its readers an illustrated account of the notable things which make the history of the month, of the political, economic, and literary happenings which are of value to intelligent men and women. The Editor's "Progress of the World" tells succinctly an illustrated story of the month. "The Leading Articles" give the best thought and information of the current magazines in five contents; the contributed articles furnish the character sketches of the man of the month, and give timely discussions by authorities on any question of immediate serious import.

SPECIAL OFFER
For 25c. The current number and the two preceding issues.
The result of this comprehensive effort to edit in one monthly volume the information needed by intelligent people of "live" instincts is best gauged in the opinions which the readers of the AMERICAN MONTHLY have seen fit to express. They are thinking business men, clergymen, editors, lawyers, professors, engineers, the wide-awake women of America. They write that the AMERICAN MONTHLY "is indispensable"; "is simply invaluable"; "is a generous library in itself"; "is a historical cyclopedia of the world"; "the best means of aid for a busy man"; "the best periodical of the kind we have ever had"; "a triumph of editorial genius"; "the world under a field-glass," etc., etc.
SUBSCRIPTION PRICE, \$2.50 PER YEAR
ADDRESS
American Monthly Review of Reviews
13 ASTOR PLACE, NEW YORK

RELIABILITY
is a quality some newspapers have lost sight of in these days of "yellow" journalism. They care little for truth and a great deal for temporary sensation. It is not so with THE CHICAGO RECORD. The success of THE RECORD rests upon its reliability. It prints the news—all the news—and tells the truth about it. It is the only American newspaper outside New York city that has its own exclusive dispatch boat service and its own staff correspondents and artists at the front in both hemispheres. It is the best illustrated daily newspaper in the world. Its war news service is unapproachably the best. Says the Urbana (Ill.) Daily Courier: "We read the war news in the other papers, then we turn to THE CHICAGO RECORD to see how much of it is true."
Sold by newsdealers everywhere and subscriptions received by all postmasters. Address THE CHICAGO RECORD, 181 Madison street, Chicago.
SUBSCRIBE FOR THE BYSTANDER.