

IOWA STATE BYSTANDER.

VOL. 5.

DES MOINES, IOWA, FRIDAY, JANUARY 20, 1899.

No. 33

Iowa State Bystander.

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY BY THE BYSTANDER PUBLISHING COMPANY, 320 FIFTH STREET, ROOMS 11 and 12, IOWA 'PHONE NO. 899.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE AFRO-AMERICAN PROTECTIVE ASSOCIATION OF IOWA.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE MOST WORSHIPFUL UNITED GRAND LODGE OF IOWA, A. F. & A. M.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.
One year.....\$1.50
Six months......75
Three months......35
All subscription payable in advance.

J. L. THOMPSON, EDITOR.
J. H. SHEPARD, MANAGER.

Send money by postoffice order, money order, express or draft, to The Iowa Bystander Publishing Company.

Communications must be written on one side of the paper only and be of interest to the public. "Brevity is the soul of wit," remember.

We will not return rejected manuscripts unless accompanied by postage stamp.

IOWA'S LEADING COLORED PAPER.

CITY NEWS

Register Saturday.

Mrs. D. Roy is improving.

Frank Claughton is sick with the la-grippe.

Go to the polls next Wednesday and vote.

Mrs. Sarah Langford is very sick at her home on 8th. street.

Miss Bessie Stewart is confined to the house with la grippe this week.

No one can blame the Iowa delegation for the action of the Afro-American Council.

Editor Geo. E. Taylor of Oskaloosa is in the Capital City on business this week.

Mrs. Julia Buckner of Oskaloosa is visiting friends and relatives in the Capital City.

I X L Laundry is not surpassed for pearly white and neat finish, 'Phone No. 424.

CENTER STREET CANDY KITCHEN

1059 Center Street.
Fine Candies at 10c per lb. Bread at 4c per loaf.

The Stewardess of the St. Paul A. M. E. church elected their officers, the following name ladies will constitute the new board with their officers: Messdames Julia Taylor, President; Susie Rush, Secretary; Mary Todd, Treasurer; LeVina Denney, Sarah Langford, Nettie Davis, Mary Strauthers and Miss Hattie Mash, they are interested in their work and will no doubt do much to assist the Stewardess board in a financial way.

To the Public.

We are authorized to guarantee every bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy an if not satisfactory to refund the money to the purchaser. There is no better medicine made for la grippe, colds and whooping cough. Price, 25 and 50c per bottle. Try it. For sale by all Druggists.

FOR LADIES ONLY.

This Puzzle contains letters which spell the names of the most popular men of America, each word when properly arranged will spell a name in itself. The first one sending in the correct answer to the Bystander by the 3rd of Feb. will receive from H. J. Pierce a Handsome Ladies Bracelet, purchased at Joseph's Jewelry store, 4th and Walnut streets. Words to use: ist., Repele, 2nd., Shonriar, 3rd., Sehay, 4th. Nolinic, 5th. Fadsigh, 6th. Swigwaonth, 7th. Telry, 8th. Lecdanvel. H. J. PIERCE, 817 W. Walnut.

On Thursday evening quite a number were at the A. M. E. church to hear Messrs. Blagburn and Sanford the delegates to the National Council at Washington, D. C. to make their report. C. B. Woods was chairman of the meeting he first introduced Geo. Alexander who read a very interesting paper on The Influence of the Young Men on the Race Miss Zella Davis was the next on the programme, her subject was The Influence of our Women on the Race which was very instructive, she paid a very high compliment to Ida B. Wells Barnett and her work, then Frank Blagburn made his report as delegate, which was very good, he went into the detail of both the Council and his travels, Mr. Blagburn is a good talker and his report was interesting. Geo. E. Taylor of Oskaloosa being present was called on he made a short talk on the race question, Geo. is a race man and always has something for the Negro's future.

Mrs. C. S. Stewart is confined to her bed this week with Lagrippe. Her little daughter Ethel is also confined to the house with the same.

Miss Elizabeth O'Neal of St. Joseph, Mo. has returned to our city and will resume her studies at Highland Park College.

The Ladies Afternoon social club will meet next Thursday the 26, with Mrs. C. B. Wood 1020 Crocker street, all are invited business of importance.

The P. L. D. Society will meet Monday evening at the Residence of Frank Blagburn 832 11th. street business of importance all are invited.

Wm Fraizer has been selected one of the judges at the special election to be held next week in the 3rd. precinct and 4th. ward, also J. L. Thompson in the 2nd. precinct 3rd. ward as election clerk.

Mr. T. Thomas Fortune the chairman of the committee on the address to the country says, the Afro-American council did get very loud and boisterous and the chairman was at times unable to control them.

We received a letter from Mr. Barton of Washington, D. C. which states that Mrs. Barton and little Tommy has the La Grippe for the past week. Mr. Barton has also been layed up with a lame foot for several days.

Remember that next Saturday is registration day for the special county election to be held Jan. 25th., to decide the court house site question, remember that the registration board is only open one day.

Mrs. Meadows, the district superintendent of the A. M. E. Sunday School, and Rev. Reeves went to Ottumwa Thursday evening to meet Presiding Elder Bundy to arrange the program for the Sunday School convention that meets in this city the latter part of May.

Mrs. Luella Wilburn left Thursday for Macon, Georgia to visit with her husband, Lieutenant Wilburn of Company M Seventh Regiment, which was organized in this city. If she likes the country she will spend several weeks with her husband.

Keep Quiet and use Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy for all pains of the stomach and all unnatural looseness of the bowels. It always cures.

605 Walnut street, Des Moines, Iowa.

DEATH OF MR. DINGLEY

The death of Congressman Nelson Dingley of Maine last week calls fourth the sympathy of the whole nation. He was well known and was the leader of the republican side of the house. He had spent a good long and useful life in public affairs, was governor of Maine for several years and when elected to congress, he immediately took front rank and at his death was chairman of the Ways and Means committee where his hand has been felt. As the benefits of his Tariff Bill is being enjoyed by the American people. He, like his noble companions from the Pine Tree State, James G. Blaine and Thomas B. Reed will long be remembered by the American people and Maine as well as the nation should feel proud of her noble sons.

A WORD TO VOTERS.

Before the next issue of the Bystander the voters of Polk county will have a chance to express their preference as to the location of the new court house. We should look, think and consider well before we vote. There are a few facts that we ask you to consider. First—There are only two sites that you can vote for, the present site, and the river front. If we remember correctly, about 20 years ago the river front people had all the business, in fact nearly all the business was done east of Third street, but they would not improve that part then. They would not build new brick buildings for the business men but charged them heavy rents for those old frame buildings, which was easy to burn by fire; later a few men commenced to build large commodious brick business blocks and the business left Court avenue and Walnut east of Third. Now voters in the light of justice and firmness, is it right to vote the public court house away from the business and especially from the large office blocks that men risked their money in to improve our city? Those men have received but little compensation for their risk, money and labor. Another point to be considered by the laboring men; if the present site is retained and the Hollenbeck proposition is accepted by the Board of Supervisors to move the old court house, they will commence work less than 10 days; thereby giving work to a large number of laboring men immediately the very time that they need work the most. If the river front is selected it would probably take several months before they could purchase the property and secure a title and other preliminaries. Therefore laboring men would not get employment until spring, while they most need it right now.

WHAT IS THERE IN IT FOR YOU?

Workmen consider this question: if the real estate owners make \$90,000 on their real estate and the East Side promoters get \$10,000 of it for working the scheme through, and the county is bonded for \$100,000 to buy the site and law suite delaying its work five years, how much is there in it for you? LARGE BRICK AND STONE BUILDINGS ARE MOVED WITHOUT DIFFICULTY.

Formerly it was not considered possible to move a heavy brick building. But with better appliances the thing is now often done. In the larger cities brick buildings are not only moved short distances but sometimes many blocks without injury to them or their contents Messrs. Hollenbeck, familiar with the practical aspect of their business believed that they can make money by signing a contract in the sum of \$8,500 for the removal of the old court house to one of the corners of the present square and for the erection of a jail in connection therewith. If this is done a large force of laboring men will be required in 30 days.

A QUESTION OF TAXES.
A vote for a new site is a vote for more bonds. A vote for the old site is a vote against more bonds. No bonds, less taxes. More bonds, more taxes. Are you in favor of paying more taxes?

A TEMPORARY JAIL.
Hollenbeck Brothers' proposition to move the old court house out of the way of the new building and erect a temporary jail for \$8,500, renders still more ridiculous the claim of the river fronters that the extra expense for care and transportation of prisoners would be \$45,000. Mr. Hollenbeck's proposition includes a new jail to be used by the county while the new court house is being built.

It can't be sold A. B. Cummins N. P. Guernsey Crum Bowen C. A. Dudley N. E. Coffin O. S. Brockett Carroll Wright C. C. Nourse I. H. Barlo

It can be sold A. P. Chamberlain

La grippe is quite prevalent in our city at this writing.

The A. M. E. church is carrying on revival meeting.

Miss Sarah Porter has returned from Des Moines and resumed her occupation.

Miss Hattie Williams of Ottumwa was canvassing in our city several days last week.

Wm. Williams and Ben Green were Oskaloosa visitors Monday.

Professor H. A. Larue attended band practice Monday night.

Rev. J. H. Fisher will begin his series of meetings Sunday evening.

Those on the sick list are Mrs. Chas. Williams, Mrs. Jas. Washington and son Leland, Mr. Louis Grant and Mr. Dan Whitten.

Mr. Chas. Watkins has returned from Sioux Rapids leaving his father much improved.

Mr. J. Williams was down town last week for the first time in five weeks.

Rev. Upshaw of Nashville, Tenn. filled the pulpit Sunday evening, he is a very able speaker taking his text from Prov. First Chapter and 24th. verse.

There are two kinds of grip one that says speaks easy and one that don't care whether you speak or not.

Mr. Ed. Ross is among the sick.

ALBIA NEWS.

Mr. B. T. Lewis is quite sick at this writing.

A number of colored men are coming to our town and securing work at the new mines three miles south of here.

The youths of this vicinity enjoyed themselves greatly at the home of Mrs. G. A. Davis on last Tuesday evening.

The A. M. E. Sunday School will begin on next Friday evening to hold regular weekly teachers meeting, they wish all to attend.

The P. L. D. Literary Society furnishes the vicinity with some very nice literary talent on every Thursday evening. We invite all to attend on next Thursday evening as we elect new officers.

COUNCIL BLUFFS.

The young people organized a club Thursday the 5th, called the Effort Club, for the purpose of advancing the literary abilities and moral condition of Society here.

Miss Martha Nealy had the honor of presiding at the meeting as temporary chairman and Mrs. Ida Giles Secretary, while they elected the following officers; Mr. J. Banks, President; Miss Nealy, Vice-President; Mrs. Nealy, Secretary; Mr. Prescott, Ass't. Secretary; Mr. Levert Treasurer; Mrs. Tanahill, Secretary of Treasurer.

Rev. W. L. Carter made a flying trip home to look after his Grand children he is expected back Sunday.

There was a very pleasant party at Mr. J. H. Holmes' restaurant the 12th. The young folks enjoyed themselves while the party was all right and nice yet there was that about it that forbid the presence of many that was there.

DUBUQUE NEWS.

Sunday was quarterly meeting day. Mr. John Gree, Jr. is on the sick list.

Mrs. Frankla left last week for Danville, Ill., to reside indefinitely.

Mr. J. W. Norris, proprietor of the Delaunco restaurant, corner of Eighth and Main streets, is doing a thriving business. He is the only one of our people here in business and has a good trade.

CLINTON ITEMS.

Presiding Elder Bundy arrived from Davenport last Tuesday and held quarterly conference in the evening.

Rev. Taylor left for Davenport Saturday after a pleasant visit with his family. Clinton and Lyons it is said have at least 1500 cases of la grippe.

Mr. T. D. Hampton was down from Dubuque last week.

Mrs. Ida Johnson returned to her home in Chicago Saturday morning.

Mrs. T. D. Hampton who was so severely burned sometime ago is getting along nicely.

Mr. and Mrs. John Alexander of Lyons have been on the sick list the past week.

Jas Robinson is home on a visit with his parents and friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Robinson entertain Presiding Elder Bundy, Rev. and Mrs. Tillman at tea on Tuesday evening.

Cottage prayer meeting will be held during the week.

Rev. and Mrs. Tillman took dinner, Monday with Mr. and Mrs. Washington Mann of Lyons.

OTTUMWA NEWS.

Teh Hobson and Dewey Club met Monday night to make arrangement to entertain the delegates and will give a reception Friday night for the delegates.

The teachers Normal Institute of the A. M. E. Sunday School will meet in our city Thursday and Friday a large number of delegates is expected.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Stevens entertained a number of their friends at their home on Lincoln Avenue Monday evening.

Quite a number of the people are sick with the la grippe. Those on the sick list are Mrs. James Hamilton, Mr. Alexander, Mrs. Jennie Hamilton, Messrs. Johnson, J. Woods Rev. Alexander.

Miss Ollie Smith received a telegram last Thursday stating that her brother in Thumb Lake, Mich, was killed by a tree falling on him.

MARSHALLTOWN NEWS.

Mr. and Mrs. W. Fine spent Sunday in Newton with Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Fine. Frederick Wright left last week for Marshall, Ill. where he has accepted a position with the Leland Clothing company, his wife will join him in about a month.

The condition of Miss Irene Cottomas who has been sick for several months remain about the same with very little improvement.

Miss Della Howard is visiting in Newton this week the guest of the Misses Whitsett.

Mr. Luke Raglin entertained a few of his gentleman friends at dinner at the Pig-in house Monday in honor of his brother Geo. Raglin of Tama City.

One of the very nice events of the day was the young peoples' tea given by Mrs. J. L. Brown and Miss Emma Mayes, a number of young men and women were present to meet the guest of honor Mae Mayes of Newton.

On Tuesday evening at the pleasant home of Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Wright occurred the marriage of Mrs. Ella Goins and Mr. Charles Wilson, Justice Allen officiating. The wedding was a quite one only the intimate friends.

Mrs. M. Coleman and son Joseph left on the fast mail Monday for Boone where she will visit for a week or two.

The National Association of Stationary Engineers, Marshall association No. 11, has 37 members of which 3 are colored, Calvin Wheeler, Joseph L. Woods and W. E. Fine of Newton and are in good standing and well recommended by the association, on the 22rd, of last month at the official election two of them was elected to office of which they are well qualified to fill, Calvin Wheeler, door-keeper and W. E. Fine conductor, they was unanimously elected by the National Association of Stationary Engineers and installed to office Jan. 5, 1899.

OSKALOOSA NEWS.

Quarterly meeting occurs next Sunday and there is promises of a good attendance.

Rev. White who has been confined to his bed for quite a while with a bad attack of la grippe, is out again and will resume his pulpit Sunday.

Miss Syldia Veiser is convalescing from a two weeks attack of la grippe.

Mrs. Abraham Ford and children are visiting among friends and relatives in Colfax.

Mrs. Mitchell Mosley has been seriously ill during the past week and her mother Mrs. McCracken of Mount Pleasant has been in attendance at her bed side.

Mrs. Julia Buckner is visiting with friends and relatives in Des Moines.

La grippe has struck our city full force and many of our people are suffering from it.

Booker T. Washington will be entertained in our city this week and will address an Oskaloosa audience.

NEWTON NOTES.

Miss Della Howard of Albia is the guest of Miss Josie Whitsett this week.

CECIL RHODES STUBBED.

It is said that Cecil Rhodes once tried to impress his importance upon a little German clerk in the government office at Johannesburg and met with signal failure. Rhodes, says the New York Tribune, had to stand in line and didn't like it. "Please attend to me at once," he said. "I can't wait." "When your turn comes, mister," mumbled the clerk. "Confound you, sir! Don't you know who I am? I'm Rhodes."

"Oh, yes, I knew that, but that doesn't worry me," was the unflinching reply. "If you were in Cape Town I'd have you discharged in a minute," roared Mr. Rhodes. "Yes; I have heard that for doing their duty," answered the clerk; "but we ain't in Cape Town; this is a republic."

Bombarded the Idols.
This is from the Leipzig Mission-plate: The Maharaja of Nepal recently committed suicide in horror at the disgraceful manner in which an attack of smallpox had caused in her features. The Maharajah, who was passionately attached to her, first wreaked his vengeance on the physicians who had attended her in her illness. Then he few at higher game. Out of the great temple he brought the idols, planted cannon before them and laded gunners fire. In terror at the proposed blasphemy, they refused, thereupon the Maharajah hanged several of them. The survivors then submitted, and the guns were fired and the idols blown to pieces.

What Old People Should Eat.
A dietetic teacher advises elderly people to abstain from the use of stimulating foods. The need is indicated by natural inclination on the part of persons after they have passed the age of 55 to return to the simple foods of their childhood. Bread and milk, for example, is usually an esteemed diet by old people, and it is an excellent one. Another authority talking on longevity advises the free use of milk, but protests vigorously against too much bread, which to a person after 60 should be called the "staff of death" instead of that "of life."

Costly Dress Material.
The most expensive material ever produced for a dress was that purchased by the German Empress about a year ago, from Lyons. It was white silk brocade, having flowers, birds and foliage in relief, and cost \$125 a yard, the actual value of the raw silk, it is said, being \$100. The empress was struck by its beauty and it was eventually turned into curtains. The price paid for this material is about twenty times as much as the famous cloth Louis XIV. had made into a dressing gown.

Despatching Murderers in Tongora.
If a man commits a murder in Tongora none of the natives will defend their hands or weapons by killing him. He is supposed to be haunted by the spirit of his victim until he goes away and kills himself, but as a matter of fact the priests capture and strangle him unknown to the rest of the community. The tongues with which wretches' life is squeezed out of body are then burnt before the body of the dead man, by this purifying his corpse.

Plants of the World.
The flora of Europe embraces about 10,000 species. India has about 15,000. The British possessions in North America, though with an area of territory as large as Europe, hardly have as many as 5,000. One of the rich floras is that of the Cape of Good Hope and New Zealand numbers about 10,000 species. Australia is also rich in them, any kind of 10,000 being known at the present time.

Pay of Russian Soldier.
The common soldier in the Russian army receives three rubles per month, or \$2.25. The day rations are 50 cents, 10 cents of bread made of baked hard at first and small pieces and further heated over; a small quantity of soup.

The Cyranos Collar.
The Cyranos collar is composed of medic standing collar and reversers of fur. The reversers come under a box plait of myrtle with crystal buttons. A flounce cascades around the edge of the collar and a knot of lace and velvet double bow finishes the neck forming a wrinkled collar.

A Clear Head.
Hardfaxe-Hello, Friend. Don't see you in an age. V doing now? Honeydew-Chicago, trying to make an ing. "Well, old boy, you see, you haven't any compe Life.

Drink and the Volt.
A physician who has been the effect of liquors on the human system, none of the great ever been a teetotaler. Moderation, he believes, the voice, but beer that makes it guttural.

Forest Raising.
One of the largest trees of the world stands on ice. It was the Ural and was cut down by the Uralians. A well was recent high spring. The globe, when it was cut, was 116 feet in diameter and still frozen.

Subscribe for the Bystander.

ATTORNEY AT LAW
Practice in State and Federal Courts.
Room 12, 320 West Fifth Street, Iowa 'phone 899.

AS TRUE AS GOSPEL.
Speak well of your friend, of your enemy, say nothing.

He who says what he likes will hear what he does not like.

A man's manners are the mirror in which he shows his portrait.

If cheerfulness knocks for admission, we should open our hearts wide to receive it, for it never comes inopportunely.

Learning is either good or bad according to him that has it—an excellent weapon, if well used; otherwise, like a sharp razor in the hands of a child.

Life is no idle dream, but a solemn reality based on and encompassed by eternity. Find out your work, and stand to it; the night cometh when no man can work.

All brave men are brave in initiative, but the courage which enables them to succeed where others dare not even attempt, is never so potent as when it leads to entire self-forgetfulness.

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Sure Cure for Colds

When the children get their feet wet and take cold give them a hot foot bath, a bowl of hot drink, a dose of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, and put them to bed. The chances are they will be all right in the morning. Continue the Cherry Pectoral a few days, until all cough has disappeared.

Old coughs are also cured; we mean the coughs of bronchitis, weak throats and irritable lungs. Even the hard coughs of consumption are always made easy and frequently cured by the continued use of

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

Every doctor knows that wild cherry bark is the best remedy known to medical science for soothing and healing inflamed throats and lungs.

Put one of Dr. Ayer's Cherry Pectoral Plasters over your lungs

The Best Medical Advice Free!

We now have some of the most eminent physicians in the United States, Canada and Mexico, who have given their names to this medicine, as a recommendation. Write for a list of names and addresses. It is free.

Address, Dr. J. C. Ayer, Lowell, Mass.

A Terrible Admission.
Mrs. De Style—What has become of Clara Brighteyes?
Mrs. De Fashion—Horror! Do not mention that woman in fashionable society, I beg of you!
Mrs. Forundred—Yes, isn't it awful? And the shameless thing admits it, too!
Mrs. De Style—Merey! Admits what?
Mrs. Forundred (in an awe-stricken whisper)—She has married for love!

A Modern Version.
The governor of South Carolina sloped up as he listened to what his companion had to say.
"Yes," remarked the governor of North Carolina, "it's a long time between roadhouses."

The Report Discourteous.
Teacher—They tell me you are a bad boy, Thomas.
Pupil—Huh! You ought to hear my pa and ma talk about you!

A New Immortal.
Teacher—Now, children, what can you tell me about the immortal George?
Scholar—He knocked the spots out of the Spaniards at Manila, ma'am.

Senator Turpie, of India, says he never carries a watch because people used to bother him so much by asking the time. "I thought I'd try my turn at bothering somebody else," says the senator.

Coughing Leads to Consumption.
Kemp's Balsam will stop the cough at once. Go to your druggist to-day and get a sample bottle free. Sold in 25 and 50 cent bottles. Go at once; delays are dangerous.

An old Irish laborer walked into the luxurious study of William Keith, the artist, a few days ago, and asked for money to obtain a meal. He explained that he had just been discharged from the county hospital and was too weak to work. Mr. Keith gave him a quarter, and he departed. One of four young ladies, art students, who were present, said: "Mr. Keith, can't we hire that old man and sketch him?" Keith ran out and caught him and said: "If you can't work and want to make a dollar, come back to my rooms. The young ladies want to paint you." The Irishman hesitated, so Keith remarked: "It won't take long, and it's an easy way to make a dollar." "Oh, I know that," was the reply, "but O'ld was a wanderin' how th' devil O'ld got th' paint off afterward."

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY
Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. See the genuine has L. B. Q. on each tablet.

Too Complimentary.
Cholly—He called me an ass!
Dick—The flatterer!

CANDY CATHARTIC

Cascarets

REGULATE THE LIVER

DENISON JOHN W. MORRIS
Successful Prosecutes Crime
Famous in Civil War, 18th and 19th Centuries

DR. KAY'S LUNG BALM for coughs, colds and throat disease

For 25 Years

ST. JACOBS OIL

is cured with entire satisfaction, sure and promptly, all forms of Aches and Pains

Cures
NEURALGIA
RHEUMATISM
SCIATICA

Cures
LUMBAGO
SORENESS
STIFFNESS

Cures
SPRAINS
BRUISES
SWELLINGS

Strategy.
Jimmy—But what do you do when you get real sleepy? You don't own up to it, do you?
Tommy—Naw. I go to askin' paw fool questions an' he makes me go to bed.

Germany and Asia Minor.
It is inevitable that Asia Minor shall eventually pass from Mohammedanism, and whether Germany accomplishes the task or not, the Sultan must yield to a Christian nation. It is just as inevitable that diseases of the digestive organs must yield to Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, which are usually called dyspepsia, constipation and biliousness.

A little music makes a man as disagreeable as a little learning.

Two bottles of Pisco's Cure for Consumption cured me of a bad lung trouble.—Mrs. J. Nichols, Princeton, Ind., Mar. 20, 1903.

Fully 100,000 inhabitants of London are night workers.

Why You Have Dyspepsia.
One of the chief reasons why so many people suffer from dyspepsia is because of carelessness in diet. Impure breadstuffs and fake concoctions of all kinds are constantly being placed on the market, and because they are cheap find ready sale. The buyer saves a few cents and loses health. "Gold Mine Flour" is made from the highest grade wheat, and is guaranteed absolutely pure. Every good grocer sells it, and you will save money in the end if you insist on getting it.

Every continent on the globe, with the exception of Australia, produces wild roses.

Health for Ten Cents.
Cascarets make bowels and kidneys act naturally, destroy microbes, cure headache, biliousness and constipation. All druggists.

The more doctors a man has, the less certain they are what ails him, and the more certain are other people.

New Terminal Agent.
J. F. Legge has been appointed terminal agent of the Baltimore and Ohio railroad at Washington, D. C., in charge of passenger and freight stations and will assume the duties of that position on Jan. 1. Mr. Legge is an old B. and O. man, having been superintendent of the fourth and fifth divisions in years gone by and connected with the road in various other capacities. He was in charge of the Washington terminals from 1884 to 1887.

The bottom of the Pacific between Hawaii and California is said to be so level that a railway could be laid for 500 miles without grading anywhere.

Lane's Family Medicine.
Moves the bowels each day. In order to be healthy this is necessary. Acts gently on the liver and kidneys. Cures side headache. Price 25 and 50c.

Dentist—I see that I shall have to kill the nerve, Patient—For heaven's sake don't! It would ruin me in my business. I am a life insurance agent.

Could Not Keep House
Without Dr. Smith's Cough Killer. Mrs. E. J. Barton, Boyd, Wis. 2c. a bottle.

The Rev. Mr. Grundy has been vicar of Hey, in Lancashire, for sixty years. He is 92 years of age, and read prayers before the Princess Victoria in William IV's time.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, ss
LUCAS COUNTY.

FRANK J. CHENEY, makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & CO., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of CATARRH that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.

FRANK J. CHENEY.
Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A.D. 1895.
A. W. GLEASON,
Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials free.

CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by druggists, 75c. a bottle.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

It is from contraries that all the harmony in this world results.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.
For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

"The man who is usually wrong never stops talking about it when he happens to be right."

Coe's Cough Balsam
Is the oldest and best. It will break up a cold quicker than anything else. It is always reliable. Try it.

The man who is fearless can go through twice as much trouble as a coward.

WANTED—Case of bad health that Dr. P. A. N. S. will benefit. Send 5 cents to Ripans Chemical Co., New York, for 10 samples and 1,000 testimonials.

Some people economize in gas to pay the oculist.

Henry A. Seizer, manager of the John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis., sent his alma mater, the Charles City, Iowa, College, a check for \$3,000 as a New Year's gift.

There are now twenty-seven royal families in Europe which have about 400 hundred members. Of these 24 reigning families are German.

What, Indeed?
Watts—It looks to me as if all athletic sports were being turned into a chase after the dollar.
Potts—So? Do you know of any more exciting sport than chasing a dollar?

The Reporter's Lot.
City Editor—The street is all excitement. An electric light wire has blocked traffic and no one knows whether it is a live wire or not.
Editor—Detail two reporters to go to the wire immediately—one to feel of it and the other to write up the result.

Shell Wilden.

A ROMANCE

ment, and one is ten times hotter afterwards." As she speaks she saunters on a few steps by his side, that she may not appear too pointedly unsociable.

"By-the-way, I had almost forgotten," remarks Ted, laughing—"Bob and Meg charged me with a commission. I am entrusted with a mysterious packet, which I faithfully promised to deliver into your own hands," and from his pocket he produces a small and remarkably clumsy paper parcel tied up with a bit of colored wool.

"I think there must be some mistake," says Shell, looking at the proffered offering superciliously; "they probably meant it for Ruby."

"On the contrary, I was particularly cautioned not to entrust it to your sister," laughs Ted. "I believe it is of an edible nature, and they feared the temptation might be too great."

Shell takes the packet reluctantly, and standing still for a moment in the pathway, cautiously opens it, displaying to view some half-dozen chocolate creams of a decidedly crushed and not very tempting appearance.

"For a moment a beautiful and gentle smile lights up her every feature; then she remembers with a start the part she is acting, and asks scornfully—

"What on earth induced them to send me these things?"

"They probably thought you would appreciate them—poor children!" answers Ted, rather hotly. "They got a box as a present this morning, and wouldn't give me any peace until I consented to bring you over some. I wish—indignantly—"that I had thrown them away on the road."

"It certainly would have been wiser," retorts Shell, as she ruthlessly tosses the small bundle away amid a clump of shrubs. "Children have odd fancies."

"I don't call that an odd fancy—I call it a generous impulse," corrects Ted, stolidly. "By the way"—looking at her keenly—"shall I tell them the fate of their poor little present?"

"As you please," answers Shell carelessly; and then, knowing the pain that would be inflicted by such a revelation, she adds quickly—"No, I think perhaps you had better not. Some people imagine that children are sensitive, and I have no wish to wound their feelings, in case they possess any."

"In case they possess any?" repeats Ted, positively flushing with mingled anger and contempt. "You must be very dense if you have not yet discovered that those children are of a keenly nervous temperament."

"I know I am dense," admits Shell, with not the faintest shadow of annoyance or resentment. "As for children, I don't profess to understand them—probably because I have no sympathy with them."

Ted walks on beside her in thoughtful silence. It seems to him a sad pity that Shell, who used to be such a genial, sunny little creature, should have changed into the hard callous being now talking to him. He would like to account for the phenomenon in some way, and is contemplating the possibility of asking her if she has been crossed in love, when her teatete is cut short by Mrs. Wilden.

"Shell dear," says that lady, in a troubled tone, "I wish you would run in and see to the making of the coffee—it is sure not to be properly cleared if you are not there. Mr. Champley will excuse you, I am sure—he knows that we cannot afford efficient servants."

"I am only too delighted to find that England still possesses young ladies who are not above making themselves useful," answers Ted, in a bantering, teasing tone. "There is nothing I admire so much as domesticity in a woman. Most of our girls are getting so blue that it will be a blue look out for their husbands."

"Yes, indeed," murmurs Mrs. Wilden, as Shell, with a little toss of her head, walks away. Dear Shell is most useful—not very ornamental, but very useful—thoroughly domesticated, and such a gentle, kind creature. I often wonder how I should get on without her."

In the meantime Ruby, at the other side of the lawn, is listening to a piece of intelligence which causes her cheeks to turn pale, whilst she flutters her fan with increased nervous energy.

"You think the dear children need change?" she is saying in a tone of bewilderment. "I thought they were looking remarkably well; and the pets are always in such excellent spirits."

"Meg is not well," answers the father decisively. "She seems languid and heavy. The air here is very relaxing during the hot months; I think I shall take her to Scotland."

"Oh, not to Scotland—poor child—the journey would be so dreadfully fatiguing!" pleads Ruby, as she thinks with consternation of the impossibility of inducing her mother to permit her to go so far from home—for already her quick brain has formed a plan for following the children.

"Yes, it might be trying for so young a child," agrees Mr. Champley thoughtfully. "In that case I must be content with the moors or the North Devon coast."

"I should just keep her at home, and send her down by the sea every morning—sea-air is always bracing," observes Ruby, with a feeble hope that her advice may be taken.

"Mudmouth is the reverse of bracing," corrects her companion decidedly; "besides, it is not only the air—the children want a complete change."

"Of course you know best," admits Ruby, with a reluctant and despondent sigh; "but I always think that children are happier at home than anywhere else."

"That depends," remarks Robert

aguely, and with a sharp

Oh, yes, of course! agrees Ruby eagerly; then after a moment she continues slowly, "However trustworthy servants may be, they can't understand everything."

"Do you mean that the children are in any way neglected?" he asks quickly.

"Oh dear, no!" laughs Ruby, with a playful head-shake. "I am sure their nurse is most attentive from all accounts—but you ought not, for instance, to allow her to choose their clothes. Of course she has no idea how to dress them—how should she, poor woman!"

"They seem very sensibly clothed to me," answers Robert Champley, but in rather a dubious tone—in fact a tone open to conviction. "As long as they are warm and comfortable, the cut isn't of much importance."

"But, my dear Mr. Champley, how can poor Meg be comfortable in a dress that allows of no free play of the limbs? Children ought never to be hampered by their clothing."

"Is Meg hampered?"

"Almost tortured, I should think, in her last dress. As for Bob, he ought to be dressed sailor fashion now."

"Dear me—what am I to do?" asks Robert Champley, half-mocking, half in earnest.

"I tell you what," says Ruby suddenly—"I will make clothes for each of them as a pattern. Now please don't protest—it will only be like the fun of dressing dolls to me."

Of course Mr. Champley does protest, but, as usual, he protests in vain; and when he takes his departure from the Wilderness that evening he finds himself weighed down by one more obligation to Ruby Wilden. As for Ruby, she is in great spirits—the only thing which troubles her in the matter is her total incapacity either to cut out or to make the clothes in question, seeing that in reality she knows far less how children should be dressed than the nurse whose tastes she has been criticizing.

(To be Continued.)

A TORPEDO BOAT TRAGEDY.
A Sad Illustration of the Danger of This Service.

The Union squadron investing Charleston during the civil war was drawing closer and closer to the doomed place. One of the warships that lay closest inshore was the Housatonic, and that vessel was selected as the torpedo boat's victim. The Portland Transcript tells the tragic story: The evening of Feb. 17, 1865, closed in raw and foggy. At 8 o'clock Capt. Corlison gave the command and the boat dropped down the river. As the clocks were striking the half hour in the city the little craft pulled over the bar. Noiselessly she glided through the water, guided by the lights on the Housatonic, for which she headed. So heavy was the fog that she escaped the notice of the sentries. At a quarter to nine she lay directly in front of the Housatonic, at a distance of five hundred yards. She was running faster now, and a little farther on she began to submerge. Two hundred yards more and she disappeared. Five minutes later there was a dull roar, and the water around the Housatonic boiled like a caldron. The noble ship gave a mighty upward heave and then began to settle. Ensign Hazleton and four sailors who were below perished, but fortunately for the rest of the crew the water was shallow and they saved themselves by climbing into the rigging. The vessel was a total loss, but the submarine torpedo boat was nowhere to be found. Two years after the war, when the wreckage was being removed from Charleston harbor, the Housatonic was raised. In her hull there was a ghastly wound, inflicted by the torpedo, and in that hole was drawn into it. And there its crew died of suffocation, in the grasp of the enemy which had destroyed.

LAUNCHED WITH RED TAPE.
Some Expensive Experiences Christening British War Ships.

Ship launches in Great Britain are bound up with red tape. Two or three months beforehand the superintendent has to apply for authority to launch on a day to be named in the application. When a large ship is to be launched he is to be guided by muster instructions, over forty-one years old, as to the erection of booths for visitors, the appropriation of tickets, and admission of the public. According to the dockyard regulations this expense in the case of any one ship is not to exceed \$200. When her majesty launched the Centaur, which was to be renamed Duke of Connaught, but was finally sent into the water as the Royal Sovereign, which was floated out of dock. The bill of construction for the accommodation of 3,000 persons came to \$2,250. Other incidental expenses made the bill \$9,500, as against the \$200 allowance. When the duchess of York launched the Prince George at Portsmouth in August, 1895, the admiralty started the treasury by requesting \$3,900 for expenses. The treasury got their backs up and said that these functions had reached such a point of extravagance that they could go no further.

Eccentric Titles.
Owing to the effects of shore-lines, and other influences which are more or less obscure, it is very difficult to account for the peculiarities exhibited by tidal waves in various parts of the world. Interfering waves cause one-day tides at Tahiti, and in some other places, while on the other hand, in the harbors back of the Isle of Wight, and in the Tay in Scotland, there are three tides in a day. The latter have recently been ascribed to "over-tides" produced by the modification of tidal waves running ashore, and resembling the "over-tones" of musical sounds.

There are 2,300 church bell-ringers in the diocese of Oxford. This is the largest number in any English diocese. Exeter comes second and Devon third.

STORYETTES.

Grave and Gay, Epigrammatic and Otherwise.

From the San Francisco Argonaut.

Dr. B. A. Gould, the American astronomer, while a student at Berlin, was beardless, but had a good head of hair. When he returned some years later he had become bald, but had made up for it by having a full, long beard. He entered the study of Argelanders, the famous observational astronomer, under whom he had studied, without being announced. At first the professor did not recognize him. "Do you not know me, Herr Professor?" The astronomer looked more closely. "Aeh! It is Gould mit his hair struck through!"

An Ohio woman, visiting Boston for the first time, had her greatest thrill at Copp's Hill burying ground. "As soon as my sister-in-law and I got into the place," she said, "I found myself almost stepping upon a grave with an inscription on a queer, little iron cover sort of a tomb. I jumped back, feeling the way you do when you step on a grave, and read the inscription, just three initials, no name or date. 'J. B. it pathetic!' I said to my sister-in-law. 'Oh, I don't know,' she answered, 'B. W. W. means Boston Water Works.'"

In the time of Nicholas the First (writes Prince Kropotkin in the Atlantic) soldiers were trained to perform almost inhuman tricks with legs and rifles (to break the wood of the rifle into pieces while presenting arms) and the good officer was he who could show on a parade a row of soldiers as perfectly aligned and as motionless as a row of toy soldiers. "Very good," the Grand Duke Michael said once of a regiment, after having kept it for one hour motionless, presenting arms, "but they breathe!"

A San Francisco hostess, famous for her tact and resourcefulness, tells a good story on herself. It seems that an officer in one of the Tennessee companies, a very shy young man, brought letters with him when his regiment came to the coast, and presented himself one evening at the (let us say) Van Ness avenue residence. As he was the son of a well-known public man and a member of an old family, his hostess excitedly entered his room. "We should be glad to have the pleasure of your company Friday at dinner," she said as he was leaving; "the Hawaiian commissioners are to be with us." Friday came and the commission. Shortly before the hour for dinner the butler excitedly entered the room. "They're a regiment of soldiers, mum, outside." "No doubt in honor of the commissioners; I will tell them." Just then the lieutenant was announced. "When you are ready," he said, "I will have the men march to their places in formation." "Why?" said the lady, "what men?" "It's my company," was the reply, "all but ten, and they're very sorry, but they couldn't come."

The Reluctant Parent.
She—I telephoned to papa for his consent.
He—What did he say?
She—He said he didn't know who you were, but it was all right.

Restored to Health by Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

"Can Do My Own Work"

Mrs. PATRICK DANBY, West Winsted, Conn.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM: I write to benefit I have derived from your wonderful Vegetable Compound. I suffered with nervousness and depression, and I could not sleep at night. I suffered so much that I was obliged to leave my home and go to a sanitarium. I had a terrible heart, a bad taste in my mouth, and would vomit at times. I was at last persuaded to try Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and I feel well now. I can do my work without do not blot or h... whatever. I sincerely thank you for the advice you gave me and for the medicine I have done for me."

"Cannot Praise It Enough"

MISS GERTIE DUNKIN, Franklin, Neb.

"I suffered for some time with irregular menstruation, and the womb and pain in the back tried physicians, but found no relief. I was at last persuaded to try Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and it cannot praise it enough for what it has done for me. I feel like a new person, and would not part with my medicine. I have recommended it to several of my friends."

An exchange of servants is one way to terminate feminine friendships. A philosopher says that theorists are fools. This theory of his proves true. When a woman accuses a man of flattery she wants him to say it more. A cake isn't of the kind to eat unless he gets his hands sticking eating it.

WESTERN CANADA FREE WHEAT

"Nothing but wheat; what you call a sea of wheat," is what by a lecturer speaking of West Canada. For particulars as to railway fares, etc., apply to the superintendent of Immigration, Interior, Ottawa, Canada. N. Bartholomew, 306 Fifth St., Moines, Iowa.

Dr. Kay's Renovator. GUARANTEED TO cure all cases of constipation, liver and kidney diseases, headache, etc. At druggists.

W. N. U. Des Moines, No. 3
When Answering Advertisements Mention This Paper

Heroes of the War with Spain

thousands of them, are suffering from lingering diseases induced by life in poisonous southern camps, the result of changes of climate, or of imperfect nutrition caused by improper and badly cooked food. Sleeping on the ground has doubtless developed rheumatism in hundreds who were predisposed to the disease. In such cases the Boys of '98 may take a lesson from the experience of the

Heroes of the Civil War.

Hundreds of the boys of '63 have testified to the efficacy of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People in driving out malaria, rheumatism and other diseases contracted during their days of hardship and privation in the army. These pills are the best tonic in the world.

Asa Robinson, of Mt. Sterling, Ill., is a veteran of the Civil war, having served in the 8th Pennsylvania Volunteers. He went to the war a vigorous farmer's boy and came back broken in health, a victim of malarial fever. Most of the time he was unable for manual labor of any kind, and his sufferings were at all times intense. He says: "Nothing seemed to give me permanent relief until three years ago, when my attention was called to some of the wonderful cures effected by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. I had not taken more than half a box when I noticed an improvement in my condition, and I kept on improving steadily. To-day I owe my restoration to health. They are a grand remedy."—Mt. Sterling Democrat-Message.

At all druggists, or sent postpaid, on receipt of price, 50 cents a box, by the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Boston, Schenectady.

SEND FOR OUR COMPLETE CATALOGUE OF VALUABLE PRIZES FREE TO USERS OF

Diamond Soap

ALL GROCERS SELL IT.

ADDRESS
THE CUDANY PACKING CO.
SOUTH OMAHA, NEB.

"DIRT IN THE HOUSE BUILDS THE HIGHWAY TO BEGGARY." BE WISE IN TIME AND

SAPOLIC

As Black as your DYE Your Whiskers

A Natural Black with Buckingham's Dye.

50 cts. of druggists or 2 P. Mail & Co., Nashua, N.H.

DROPSY NEW
cure. Send for book or quick relief. Treatment Free. Dr. H. H. Green.

FISONS CUR
Send for book or quick relief. Treatment Free. Dr. H. H. Green.

THE NEWS IN IOWA

By Bystander Pub. Co. DES MOINES, IOWA

WAR DEPARTMENT INQUIRY.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 14.—The war investigating commission yesterday passed a resolution of censure against General Egan for the language he used when he appeared to answer charges against the commissary branch of the army by General Miles and returned to him the typewritten statement he left with the commission after reading it to that body.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 17.—Commissary General Egan yesterday sent the war investigating commission a revised statement in place of that originally made in response to General Miles' charges. The revised statement is about 35 per cent shorter than that which was ordered withdrawn because of its violent and abusive character.

Capt. Irvine, Eleventh infantry commissary on the Panama, said when that vessel sailed for Ponce on September 1 the beef smelled bad, the odor being like that emanating from a dead body, and finally had to be thrown overboard.

MEN WHO WILL TRY EAGAN.

Small for the Court Martial is Made Public. WASHINGTON, Jan. 19.—The detail for the court martial which is to try Commissary General Charles P. Egan on charges growing out of his statements before the war investigating commission in which he severely attacked General Miles, has been made public.

ALGER WILL QUIT.

His Position in the Cabinet is About to Be Vacated. WASHINGTON, Jan. 19.—There are many rumors in circulation here that Secretary Alger is about to leave the cabinet. In some circles it is positively declared that the resignation has been headed to President McKinley, to take effect when the army investigating commission makes its report.

Indiana Will Succeed Dingley.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 19.—There is no doubt that the chairmanship of the Ways and Means committee, made vacant by the death of Mr. Dingley, will be filled by Speaker Reed at the present session, without any change in the committee, and that the new chair will be Representative S. E. Payne of New York, ranking member of the Ways and Means committee.

PATENT OFFICE REPORT.

ADVICE TO INVENTORS. DES MOINES, Jan. 17.—An experienced inventor in securing patents for his inventions warrants us to say that we established the Iowa Patent Office as an honorable and legitimate business, and that it is the only one of its kind in the state. It is a business that affords a means of livelihood and a source of profit to the inventor, and is a business that is growing rapidly in popularity.

THE NEWS IN IOWA

MILWAUKEE PLANS KNOWN.

Trust Deed Issued Describes Proposed Extension. DES MOINES, Jan. 19.—The Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul road has just disposed of \$2,500,000 worth of bonds in New York city at 3 1/2 per cent. The bonds were issued in a series against the Des Moines Northern & Western road, recently acquired by it, and are secured by a trust deed given on the line from Des Moines to Fonda, and which will be forwarded to Iowa to be recorded in a few days.

A BOLD BURGLARY.

Safe Blowers Secured Money From a Lorimer Bank. LORIMER, Jan. 17.—Men, supposed to be experts, worked several hours on the vault in the Lorimer bank. The outside door of the bank vault was blown open but the door of the inner vault failed to yield to the repeated attempts of the burglars.

Exciting Arrests Made.

Long and Short Men Taken Into Custody at Grand Junction. DES MOINES, Jan. 20.—An exciting arrest was made at Grand Junction. The parties arrested were the long and short men who have been making numerous hold-ups at Valley Junction.

Need Be No Alarm.

Small Fox Has No Large Start in Iowa. DES MOINES, Jan. 18.—Dr. J. A. Serog, representative of the state board of health, has recently returned from a trip over the state where he has been looking after the smallpox situation. He says that his observations lead him to believe there is no reason for any alarm.

DOUBLE PAY.

United States Government May Duplicate Iowa Soldiers' Pay. DES MOINES, Jan. 20.—Adjutant General Byers has received a letter from Adjutant General Corbin, which, though not quite as plain as it might be, is construed by General Byers to mean that the United States government intends to pay Iowa volunteers for the time spent in state camps during mobilization, even though the state has already paid them for the service.

WILL CELEBRATE AGAIN.

Iowa's Dollar Daily Will Soon Have 25,000 Circulation. DES MOINES, Jan. 16.—That wonder among western newspapers, the Des Moines Daily News, celebrated last March its attaining to 20,000 circulation. It has since added over 4,000 names to its list, and is preparing to hold a 25,000 celebration.

Charged With Burglary.

Des Moines, Jan. 15.—Robert O'Callaghan was arrested on suspicion of being one of the parties who burglarized the safe at the state university recently, securing nearly \$500. O'Callaghan denies having been in Iowa City, but says he was in Chicago several days. The arrest was made upon telegraphic order from Marshal Cleland, of Iowa City.

JUDGE ROTHROCK DEAD.

He Served on the Iowa Supreme Bench Twenty-one Years.

CEDAR RAPIDS, Jan. 16.—Ex-Chief Justice James H. Rothrock died at his home in Cedar Rapids Saturday after a lingering illness, of degeneration of the heart. He was one of the best known men in the state of Iowa, having been nine years on the district bench and twenty-one years on the supreme bench of the state.

Dog Bite Case Settled.

DES MOINES, Jan. 17.—Seven years of litigation in this county dog bite the subject of a case which was decided by the Iowa supreme court. The case was brought by W. H. G. who did not recover damages for his dog's owner, A. P. Woodworth. Five supreme justices so decide, but Judge Given dissents.

Conover Must Come to Iowa.

DES MOINES, Jan. 20.—Advice from Lansing, Mich., says: "A hearing was given by Governor Pingree to the application of the governor of Iowa for A. J. Conover, who is wanted in that state for forgery. The governor concluded not to withdraw his warrant and Conover will go to Iowa." Conover is wanted in Iowa for an alleged forgery by which the bank at Rock Rapids was victimized.

Slipped Her Husband's Face.

MASON CITY, Jan. 18.—Warm evidence is beginning to come out in the Hughes murder trial. Testimony was submitted that the defendant slipped her husband in the face several times while he was in the throes of death, and that she asked the doctor if the trouble could not be heart disease; that she hired a witness to go into her home and asked her to change her testimony, and that after the indictment by the grand jury she was dismissed as a servant.

Suicide at Maxwell.

MAXWELL, Jan. 17.—John Axley, Sr., an aged and much respected citizen, was found in his barn, where he had succeeded in hanging himself. The old gentleman left the house about 10 a. m. At 3 p. m. his body was found in the condition indicated. The cause of the suicide is, of course, a mystery, but it is believed that despondency is the real cause of the rash act.

Verdict for Breach of Promise.

ELMORA, Jan. 17.—The jury in the case of Nora Valentine vs. David Hauser for \$10,000 damages, for breach of promise of marriage and seduction, brought in a verdict for \$2,000 for the plaintiff. The case will undoubtedly be appealed. Hauser, who is now married, was accompanied by his wife during the progress of the trial.

O'Callaghan Released.

IOWA CITY, Jan. 20.—Robert O'Callaghan, who was charged with blowing the S. U. I. safe, was discharged by Squire J. C. Leasure, after his trial, there being no direct evidence upon which he could be held.

Mystic Shooting Results Fatally.

OTTRUMWA, Jan. 20.—Frank Napack, operator of a "blind tiger" at Mystic, who was shot by Dave Wright for demanding pay for drinks, is dead. Wright has been re-committed to jail at Centerville without bail.

County Treasury Robbed.

CORNING, Jan. 17.—The county treasurer's office was entered by robbers and \$300 taken from the safe. Entrance was effected by cutting through the brick and cement walls of the vault.

IOWA CONDENSED.

At Dubuque recently Judge Shiras rendered a decision in regard to the seizure of bankrupt property that has passed to third hands. The case is that of Charles Rockwood, alleged bankrupt, who transferred certain property to Mary Boehlin. The judge says: "As I construe the law, it does not authorize the court to issue a warrant to the marshal to take property away from the possession of a third party, who holds it under a claim of right to title."

At the recent meeting the directors of the Iowa Agricultural society revised the premium list for the next state fair, cutting out some minor classes and adding to the premiums offered in some of the more important classes. The plan of selling an exhibitor's ticket for \$2.40, good for six admissions and allowing the holder to enter all the articles for premiums he desires, was adopted. The chief attraction this year will be a comparative exhibit of the agricultural implements in use fifty years ago and those now in use. A large collection of the old-time farmers' tools will be secured and placed alongside those of the present day. It was decided not to open the grounds on Sunday, though it has always been the custom to open the grounds but not the buildings. The sum of \$7,500 was appropriated for speed prizes and the whole subject left with the superintendent of that department, C. E. Cameron, of Alta.

ALL OVER THE WORLD

WANTS FACTS ON FILIPINOS.

President McKinley Decides to Dispatch Special Commission to the Islands.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—President McKinley has decided to send a commission to the Philippines to make a thorough study of the situation and advise him as to what the policy of the United States should be regarding those islands. He has asked these men to serve on the commission: Rear Admiral George Dewey, commander-in-chief of the Asiatic squadron; Major General E. S. Otis, military governor of the Philippines; Professor J. G. Schurman, president of Cornell University; Colonel Charles Denby, former minister to China and now a member of the war investigating commission; and C. Worcester, professor in University of Michigan, noted for extensive travels in the Philippine group. Admiral Dewey will be president of the commission. It is now only a question as to whether those named will consent to serve and as to the date when the commission will start for the Philippines. The administration takes it for granted that the present senate will ratify the pending treaty of peace. When this is done congress will naturally look to the president to outline a policy of some kind for the future control of the Philippines. Thus far the president has refused to commit himself officially any further than to urge the ratification of the treaty, which will give the United States complete sovereignty over the islands, and to favor military control until the situation can be studied. President McKinley is not averse to the Philippines having influence if it can be proved that they are capable of maintaining it. He is not averse to accepting all responsibility of maintaining sovereignty and control of the Philippines permanently. But he wants to be sure of his ground before taking any definite stand.

INVESTIGATING COMMISSION.

Forecast of Its Findings Shows Many Will Be Censured.

Washington dispatch: President McKinley will have in his possession the full report of the war investigating commission within the next ten days. This report, it is asserted, will not be a whitewash of the army administration. It will be unanimous upon all essential points. It will declare that the primary trouble is due to the lack of proper military organization. It will show that Secretary Alger was weak, especially in his relations with Major General Miles, but it will not find him responsible for the camp "horrors." Subordinate officers will be blamed for the conditions which existed with respect to these matters. Briefly put, the commission will put blame as follows: Secretary Alger—For weakness, especially in his relations with Major General Miles; for permitting General Miles to go to Santiago. General Miles—For his conduct before, during and after the war; for his selection of certain army camps; for telling Secretary Alger he was in the habit of making out his own orders; for bringing unfounded charges that bad beef was supplied to the troops in Porto Rico. General Shafter—For certain points which he admitted in his testimony. General Breckinridge—For leaving his department to take part in the battle of Santiago; for not making more inspections. General Brooke—For conditions at Camp Thomas; for lack of inspections; for failure to carry out proper sanitary regulations. Congress—For failure to make appropriations for smoother powder.

DINGLEY PASSES AWAY.

The Noted Maine Congressman Dies of Pneumonia.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 14.—Hon. Nelson Dingley, of Maine, leader of the republican side on the floor of the house of representatives and representing the Second congressional district of Maine in that body, died here last night at 10:30 o'clock of heart failure, resulting from extreme weakness due to pneumonia. He was unconscious during most of the day and death came quietly while he slept. To within a few hours of his death, the family firmly believed, as it has throughout his illness, that Mr. Dingley would recover, and it was only when it became apparent that he was dying that his members gathered at his bedside. Mr. Dingley was born in Durham, Androscoggin county, Maine, February 15, 1822. He entered the legislature of that state at the age of 29, became speaker in 1863, was governor in 1874-75 and a member of congress since 1881.

TO COURT MARTIAL EAGAN.

The President Decides to Punish Him for His Extreme Language.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 18.—The president announced at the cabinet meeting shortly after it assembled for its regular Tuesday session, that he had decided to order a court martial to try Commissary General Egan for his abusive and violent language he had used respecting Major General Miles, while on the witness stand before the war investigating commission.

Labor and Capital Inquiry.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20.—The sub-commission on agriculture and agricultural labor of the industrial commission has made public its syllabus of the topical plan of inquiry on the condition of labor and capital employed in the pursuits. This plan is divided into three general heads, viz: Labor employed, capital employed and remedial legislation. Under the general head of each are questions on which the sub-commission desires information. They embrace 50 in all and thoroughly cover the field which the sub-commission has in hand. Witnesses making responses to the questions asked are required to give facts rather than opinions except in such instances where suggestions are invited.

FIGHTING IN SAMOA.

Seventy-three Men Killed and Wounded in One Battle.

MELBOURNE, Victoria, Jan. 19.—Advices received from Samoa say there has been fighting there over a decision of Chief Justice Chambers in favor of Malletton Tannu, in succession to the late King Malletto. It is added that the native followers of Malletto, the rival aspirant to kingship, were victorious. Seventy-three men were killed and wounded.

PHILIPPINE CABLE.

Gen. Greely is Fast Completing Arrangements For It. Washington dispatch: Gen. Greely, chief signal officer, has gone to New York to look after the execution of contracts for a supply of ocean cable for the Philippines. Arrangements are coming along rapidly, and General Greely expects that within one month at least his specially chartered cableship will have started from San Francisco for the Philippines, carrying cable which is to connect the principal islands of the northern group with the American headquarters at Manila. One of the first links to be supplied will be a line between Manila and Iloilo. The islands first to be connected with Manila will be Mindoro, Masbate, Samar and Lete. Later on the cable may be extended to the Sulu archipelago.

McCleary Bill Abandoned.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 19.—The house committee on banking and currency definitely decided to make no further effort at this session to urge the measure for currency and banking revision known as the McCleary bill. Two other bills were considered, but no action taken.

Commission to Philippines.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 18.—At yesterday's cabinet meeting President McKinley announced that he had decided upon the personnel of the commission to visit and report on the Philippine islands, as follows: Messrs. Schurman, Dewey, Otis, Denby and Worcester.

BREVITIES.

Secretary Long has ordered Captain Leary, commanding the San Francisco, to proceed to the island of Guam and assume the duties of naval governor of the new acquisition. He will carry with him a proclamation to the natives, informing them of the designs of the United States government towards them in precisely the terms employed in the case of the acquisition of Porto Rico. Berlin dispatch: In an interview with a correspondent of the Associated Press United States Ambassador White said the relations between the United States and Germany are cordial and reciprocal and that the feeling in America against Germany is unwarranted. He says the Germans have no desire to espouse the cause of insurgents or Spaniards in the east, and thinks the meat question will be amicably settled. Manila advices say the American troops remain at Iloilo, their transports being anchored close to the town. They could take the place in twenty minutes if the order was given. The pro-republic press of the Philippines continue to publish inflammatory articles against annexation to the United States. The general situation is unchanged. Aguinaldo has ordered his army to act on the defensive only. Roosevelt has written a letter to General Miles in which he declares that the canned roast beef was practically worthless. At the best it was tasteless, at the worst it was nauseating, and, as follows: The beef in quarters put on board his transport at Tampa, which was fitted by some process to withstand tropical heat. It at once became putrid and smelled so that it had to be disposed of for fear of creating disease. Manila dispatch: The situation here is undoubtedly critical, but Major General Otis has it well in hand and there is no such certainty of trouble as many believe. The rebels are concentrated on the outskirts of the town and their leaders have issued strict orders that they shall act only on the defensive. An accident might precipitate trouble, but the idea of a rebel attack upon Manila is ridiculous, as the Americans absolutely control the position.

FIFTY-FIFTH CONGRESS.

SENATE.

Washington, Jan. 18.—McLaurin took strong grounds in a carefully prepared speech against a policy of expansion by this country. Sulliver and Pasco, of Florida, discussed the pending Nicaragua canal bill, the former supporting it and the latter opposing it. Allison called up the Indian appropriation bill and the reading of the measure was begun. Gray offered a resolution to amend the constitution to Helen Gould and authorizing the presentation of a gold medal to her. Allen offered a resolution for the appointment of a committee of five to investigate the war.

HOUSE.

The house to-day entered upon the consideration of the naval personnel bill. It developed much less opposition than was anticipated, and the indications are that it will have a large majority, when it is placed upon its passage to-morrow.

SENATE.

Washington, Jan. 14.—Hoar introduced the following: Resolved, the people of the Philippine Islands of a right ought to be free and independent, that they are already under allegiance to the Spanish crown and that all political connection between them and Spain is and ought to be totally dissolved and they therefore have full power to do all acts and things which independent states may do; that it is their right to institute a new government for themselves, and that the foundation of such a government and organizing its powers in such form as to them shall seem most likely to effect their safety and happiness, and that with these rights the people of the United States do not propose to interfere. Senator Hoar asked to have it adopted immediately, but on objection it went over. Allen advocated the passage of his resolution for an investigation of the war. He had no confidence in the Alger relief commission now conducting the investigation. Spooner took Allen to task for discrediting the report of the commission in advance. Senator Hale offered a resolution on the death of Congressman Dingley and delivered an eulogy. The resolution was adopted and the senate adjourned.

HOUSE.

After prayer, in which the chaplain made eloquent reference to the services of Dingley, Bostello made announcement of the death of his colleague and offered resolutions providing for a funeral in the hall of the house Monday and for a committee to accompany the remains to Maine. Adjourned.

SENATE.

Washington, Jan. 16.—When the senate convened it proceeded at once to the hall of the house to attend as a body the funeral of Mr. Dingley. The funeral was held in the hall of the house Monday and the remains were taken to accompany the remains to Maine. Adjourned.

HOUSE.

The state funeral of the late Nelson Dingley was held in the house at noon today. The president and his cabinet, distinguished members of the diplomatic corps, members of the supreme court, senate and house and distinguished men in military and civil life ranged about the bier on the floor, while their families filled the galleries. The services were conducted by Rev. S. W. Newman, of the Congregational church, assisted by Dr. Conden, chaplain of the house. After the services, as a further mark of respect, the house adjourned.

SENATE.

Washington, Jan. 17.—Almost the entire session of the senate today was devoted to consideration of the pending Nicaragua canal bill. Speeches were made in support of the measure by Mr. Clayton, of Texas, and Mr. Turner, of Washington, and in opposition to it by Mr. Spooner, of Wisconsin. The house passed the naval personnel bill without division on the final passage. The bill accomplishes what the officers of the navy have striven for during more than a decade. By its provisions the line and the engineer corps are welded into an amalgamated line, staff officers are given positive rank, but their command is limited to their own corps, and a system of voluntary and compulsory retirement on three-quarter's pay of the next highest rank is provided. If the year is established, which is designed to remove the congestion in the lower rank at forty-five. The bill also practically equalizes their pay with that of army officers.

SENATE.

Washington, Jan. 18.—The feature of today's session of the senate was a speech delivered by Bacon, of Georgia, in support of his resolutions declaring that the United States would not assume sovereignty over the Philippines. Bacon is one of the orators of the senate, and he gave himself free rein, not confining himself to notes, he spoke strongly and effectively. Following Bacon's speech the Nicaragua canal bill was taken up and remained under discussion until 6 o'clock. Just as a final vote was about to be taken, Mr. Allison offered an amendment providing that the secretary of the treasury should issue bonds to raise money with which to construct the canal.

HOUSE.

The house had under consideration the bill to grant the Pacific Cable Company a subsidy of \$100,000 a year for twenty years; for the construction and operation of a cable. No action was reached.

SENATE.

Washington, Jan. 19.—The senate listened further to-day to the discussion of the policy of expansion. Turner, of Washington, delivered a carefully prepared speech on the West resolution. The speech was, for the most part, a constitutional argument, in which Turner took issue with Senators Platt and Foraker upon their recent utterances. Foraker replied to Turner, after which the Nicaragua bill came up. A substitute for Allison's amendment was offered by Morgan, providing that the secretary of the treasury is hereby authorized and required to limit the payments of the appropriation made in this act so that such payments shall not exceed the sum of \$20,000,000 in any fiscal year. Adopted.

HOUSE.

The Brown-Swanson contested election contest case was decided in favor of the sitting member, Swanson, twenty-four republicans voting with the democrats for Swanson. When the matter came up, Swanson came up with a motion to strike out the words "newly acquired territory," in connection with an appropriation of \$800,000 for mail facilities for Porto Rico, Cuba and the Philippines carried.

ASK WILDMAN FOR MONEY.

Philippine at Hong Kong Say They Left It With Him for Safe-keeping.

HONG KONG, Jan. 17.—Fedoro, Sandico, Vito, Bilantino, Areadio, Del Rozario, Gallano and Apacible, members of the Filipino junta, demand the return of \$47,000 (Mexican) deposited with United States Consul H. Wildman in this city on June 3 last, and also to the cost of their suit. The writ contains no particulars, but the Filipinos allege that the money was handed to Consul Wildman for safe custody when arrangements were made to cooperate with the Americans in the Philippines. National Buttermakers' Convention, Sioux Falls, S. D., January 23, 1899. The Minneapolis & St. Louis R. R. is the official route to the Inter-Makers' Convention, and will offer very low rates and convenient train service for the occasion. Our delegation will join the eastern delegation special train at Livermore, giving an opportunity for all to become acquainted before reaching Sioux Falls. Call on agents for particulars regarding rates, time of trains and ticket limits, or address, A. B. Curtis, G. A. M. & St. L. R. R., Minneapolis, Minn.

Warm Blood

Course through the veins, feeds, nourishes and sustains all the organs, nerves, muscles and tissues of the body. Hood's Sarsaparilla makes warm, rich, pure blood. It is the best medicine you can take in winter. It tones, invigorates, strengthens and fortifies the whole body, preventing colds, fevers, pneumonia and the grip.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is America's Greatest Medicine. Price \$1. Prepared by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass. Hood's Pills cure Sick Headache. 25c.

Wherever it Goes.

Johnny—Do flags grow? Papa—What do you mean? Johnny—Well, there's something here about planting the American flag. Papa—Well, yes; the American flag does seem to grow.

Other Things to Remember.

"Remember the Maine," said Mr. Spudkins jocularly as he rose from the breakfast table to go to his place of business. "And don't forget that letter that I gave you to mail," adoned Mrs. Spudkins.

There is a Class of People

Who are injured by the use of coffee. Recently there has been placed in all the grocery stores a new preparation called GRAIN-O, made of pure grains, that takes the place of coffee. The most delicate stomach receives it without distress, and but few can tell it from coffee. It does not cost over one-fourth as much. Children may drink it with great benefit. 15 cents and 25 cents per package. Try it. Ask for GRAIN-O.

Two convicts at the French penal colony of Cayenne, employed as servants by the governor, got leave to marry. They went to the marie, and the lady was asked if she was a widow or a spinster. "Widow," she said. "Well," said the official, "but I have not the certificate of your first husband's death." "Oh, that is not needed," replied "Why, it is an indispensable document." The lady smiled, and referred him to the record of her conviction. "You will perceive, sir, that I was sentenced for life for having poisoned my husband."

Literary Notes.

Senator G. V. Vest presents to the readers of the North American Review for January his "Objections to Annexing the Philippines." Chief among these is the necessity of making the people of those islands citizens of the United States.

The January issue of the Art Interchange brings with it two pleasing color-plates—one a pretty bowl of pansies of brilliant coloring, the other an arrangement of violets for the use of the decorator. Then there are the usual numerous designs which art-workers find so useful, covering all sorts of handicrafts. In pictorial resources the magazine is rich and varied, including a frontispiece of an event scene from a painting entitled "Winter Pleasures."

The leading article in Appleton's Popular Science Monthly for January is a discussion of the "Industrial Revolution of Colonies," by James Collier. The subject has an especial interest for this country now, because of our new colonies, and the difficult problems which are sure to arise in connection with their management.

"The World's Rough Hand," by H. Phelps Whitmarsh, is announced by the Century Co. Mr. Whitmarsh has here given a simple and unvarnished account of a portion of his eventful and remarkable career. It reads like a romance, and yet it everywhere bears the marks of truth. Mr. Whitmarsh is the son of an English clergyman, but there was implanted in his nature the spirit of adventure too strong to be resisted. After leaving the sea for several years, he went to Australia, then to rapid succession a "sun-downer," a laborer, a beach-comber, a barber, a clerk, and a pearl-diver. His book is an absolutely frank account of all of these varied experiences. Mr. Whitmarsh is a keen observer, and he is graphic and dramatic in his descriptions.

The Century Co., New York, has just issued the latest work of Dr. S. Weir Mitchell, "The Adventures of Francois," founding, thief, juggler and fencing-master during the French Revolution. This novel is the first from Dr. Mitchell's pen since the appearance of his wonderfully successful "Hugh Wynne." It is crowded full of adventure, and is a vivid picture of life during one of the most thrilling episodes of modern times. The story is romantic and picturesque, and is marked by keen wit and strong character delineation. With fifteen full-page illustrations by Andre Castaigne. 12mo, 321 pages, price \$1.50.

The deepest hole in the earth is near Ketschn, Germany. It is 5,735 feet in depth, and is for geological research only. The drilling was begun in 1880 and stopped six years later because the engineers were unable with the instruments to go any deeper.

Mrs. McKinley's health has greatly improved since she went to Washington. In the past two years she has gained twenty pounds in weight.

John D. Rockefeller, despite his millions, carries a plain, cheap silver watch given him when he was a boy.

ONE GOOD DEALER WANTED

In every town where not represented.

NOXALL

PURE MIXED PAINTS

Finest and most durable. Colors always uniform and guaranteed.

ENTERPRISE PAINT MFG. CO., Chicago, Ill.

LADIES' Relief at Last

KEEP ME FRENCH DRUG CO., 381 & 383 Pearl St., New York.

CURE YOURSELF

Use Big 4 for annual discharges, inflammations, etc. of urethra or of vagina. It is a cure of urethra and not of stricture. Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, for \$1.00, or 3 bottles, \$2.75. Circular sent on request.

Sure Cure for Colds

When the children get their feet wet and take cold give them a hot foot bath, a bowl of hot drink, a dose of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, and put them to bed. The chances are they will be all right in the morning. Continue the Cherry Pectoral a few days, until all cough has disappeared.

Old coughs are also cured; we mean the coughs of bronchitis, weak throats and irritable lungs. Even the hard coughs of consumption are always made easy and frequently cured by the continued use of

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

Every doctor knows that wild cherry bark is the best remedy known to medical science for soothing and healing inflamed throats and lungs.

Put one of Dr. Ayer's Cherry Pectoral Plasters over your lungs

The Best Medical Advice Free!

We now have some of the most eminent physicians in the United States. Unusual opportunities and long experience eminently fitted for giving the most medical advice. Write freely all the particulars in your case.

Address, Dr. J. C. AYER, Lowell, Mass.

A Terrible Admission.
Mrs. De Style—What has become of Clara Brighteyes?
Mrs. De Fashion—Horror! Do not mention that woman in fashionable society, I beg of you!
Mrs. Formid—Yes, isn't it awful? And the shameless thing admits it, too!
Mrs. De Style—Mercy! Admits what?
Mrs. Formid—in an awe-stricken whisper—She has married for love!

A Modern Version.
The governor of South Carolina sloped up as he listened to what his companion had to say.
"Yes," remarked the governor of North Carolina, "it's a long time between roadhouses."

The Retort Discourteous.
Teacher—They tell me you are a bad boy, Thomas.
Pupil—Huh! You ought to hear my pa and ma talk about you!

A New Immortal.
Teacher—Now, children, what can you tell me about the immortal George?
Scholar—He knocked the spots out of the Spaniards at Manila, ma'am.

Senator Turpie, of India, says he never carries a watch because people used to bother him so much by asking the time. "I thought I'd try my turn at bothering somebody else," says the senator.

Coughing Leads to Consumption.
Kemp's Balsam will stop the cough at once. Go to your druggist to-day and get a sample bottle free. Sold in 25 and 50 cent bottles. Go at once; delays are dangerous.

An old Irish laborer walked into the luxurious studio of William Keith, the artist, a few days ago, and asked for money to obtain a meal. He explained that he had just been discharged from the county hospital and was too weak to work. Mr. Keith gave him a quarter, and he departed. One of four young ladies, art students, who were present, said: "Mr. Keith, can't we hire that old man and sketch him?" Keith ran out and caught him and said: "If you can't work and want to make a dollar, come back to my rooms. The young ladies want to paint you." The Irishman hesitated, so Keith remarked: "It won't take long, and it's an easy way to make a dollar." "Oh, I know that," was the reply, "but I would a winderin' how the devil I'd get th' paint off afterward."

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY
Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. The genuine has L. B. Q. on each tablet.

Too Complimentary.
Cholly—He called me an ass!
Dick—The fatterer!

Candy Cathartic

REGULATE THE LIVER

PENSION

JOHN W. ROBERTS, Washington, D. C.
Successfully Prosecutes Claims.
If afflicted with Thompson's Eye Water

For 25 Years
ST. JACOBS OIL cured with entire satisfaction, surely and promptly, all kinds of Aches and Pains

Cures NEURALGIA RHEUMATISM SCIATICA

Cures LUMBAGO SORENESS STIFFNESS

Cures SPRAINS BRUISES SWELLINGS

Strategy.
Jimmy—But what do you do when you get real sleepy? You don't own up to it, do you?
Tommy—Now, I go to askin' paw fool questions an' he makes me go to bed.

Germany and Asia Minor.
It is inevitable that Asia Minor shall eventually pass from Mohammedanism, and whether Germany accomplishes the task or not, the Sultan must yield to a Christian nation. It is just as inevitable that diseases of the digestive organs must yield to Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, which are usually called dyspepsia, constipation and biliousness.

A little music makes a man as disagreeable as a little learning.

Two bottles of Pilo's Cure for Consumption cured me of a bad lung trouble.—Mrs. J. Nichols, Princeton, Ind., Mar. 26, 1895.

Fully 100,000 inhabitants of London are night workers.

Why You Have Dyspepsia.
One of the chief reasons why so many people suffer from dyspepsia is because of carelessness in diet. Impure breadstuffs and fake concoctions of all kinds are constantly being placed on the market, and because they are cheap find ready sale. The buyer saves a few cents and loses health. "Gold Mine flour" is made from the highest grade wheat, and is guaranteed absolutely pure. Every good grocer sells it, and you will save money in the end if you insist on getting it.

Every continent on the globe, with the exception of Australia, produces wild roses.

Health for Ten Cents.
Cascarets make bowels and kidneys act naturally, destroy microbes, cure headache, biliousness and constipation. All druggists.

The more doctors a man has, the less certain are they what ails him, and the more certain are other people.

New Terminal Agent.
J. F. Legge has been appointed terminal agent of the Baltimore and Ohio railroad at Washington, D. C., in charge of passenger and freight stations and will assume the duties of that position on Jan. 1. Mr. Legge is an old B. and O. man, having been superintendent of the fourth and fifth divisions in years gone by and connected with the road in various other capacities. He was in charge of the Washington terminals from 1884 to 1887.

The bottom of the Pacific between Hawaii and California is said to be so level that a railway could be laid for 500 miles without grading anywhere.

Lane's Family Medicine.
Moves the bowels each day. In order to be healthy this is necessary. Acts gently on the liver and kidneys. Cures sick headache. Price 25 and 50c.

Dentist.—I see that I shall have to kill the nerve. Patient—For heaven's sake don't! It would ruin me in my business. I am a life insurance agent.

Could Not Keep House
Without Dr. S. H. Arnold's Cough Killer. Mrs. E. J. Barton, Boylston, Wis. See ad.

The Rev. Mr. Grundy has been vicar of Hey, in Lancashire, for six years. He is 92 years of age, and read prayers before the Princess Victoria in William IV's time.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, Lucas County.
FRANK J. CHENEY, makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & CO., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of CATARRH that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.

FRANK J. CHENEY,
Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1895.

A. W. GLEASON,
Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by druggists.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

It is from contraries that all the harmony in this world results.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.
For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures colic, and is a bottle in every family.

The man who is usually wrong never stops talking about it when he happens to be right.

Coe's Cough Balsam
Is the oldest and best. It will break up a cold quicker than anything else. It is always reliable. Try it.

The man who is fearless can go through twice as much trouble as a coward.

WANTED.—Case of bad health that RIFANS will not benefit. Send to RIFANS Chemical Co., New York, for 10 samples and 1,000 testimonials.

Some people economize in gas to pay the oculist.

Henry A. Saizer, manager of the John A. Salter Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis., sent his alma mater, the Charles City, Iowa, College, a check for \$3,000 as a New Year's gift.

There are now twenty-seven royal families in Europe which have about 400 hundred members. Of these 24 reigning families are German.

What, indeed?
Watts—It looks to me as if all athletic sports were being turned into a chase after the dollar.

Potts—So? Do you know of any more exciting sport than chasing a dollar?

The Reporter's Lot.
City Editor—The street is all excitement. An electric light wire has blocked traffic and no one knows whether it is a live wire or not.

Editor—Detail two reporters to go to the wire immediately—one to feel it and the other to write up the result.

Shell Wilden. A ROMANCE

CHAPTER VI.
Shell is in the now almost disused attiloom of the Wilderness, dusting delicate china tea-cups with a clean glass-cloth. She is singing at the top of her fresh young voice, as she usually does when working alone.

"Oh, here you are at last!" cries Ruby, entering the room with a victimized air. "I have been searching all over the house for you. Who ever would dream of finding you down here at the end of this long passage?"

"Anybody with an atom of sense," answers Shell bluntly. "If you insist upon asking about fifty people to a garden-party, with only two servants, some one must give them a helping hand."

"Absurd—afternoon-tea is no trouble; but if you choose to encourage their laziness of course they are willing enough to let you!"

Shell makes no reply, but placidly proceeds with her dusting.

"I and I want you up-stairs," continues Ruby in a different tone. "We have decided to wear those muslins we had for the flower-show, only they want altering a little, and some new laces tacking on."

"All right—only I can't come just now," assents Shell readily—"the flowers have to be gathered and arranged yet; and cook is steeped to her eyebrows in cake—I promised to help her as soon as I had finished these."

"Oh, but the dresses must be done first! I'll gather the flowers if necessary," says Ruby in the voice of a martyr, "even though going out in the heat always does me a frightful headache."

Shell reluctantly complies, and is occupied for nearly an hour, then having still many household matters on her mind, she rises to take her departure.

"Don't go yet; you know how I abhor this sort of work," said Ruby sharply—her only work so far has consisted in watching Shell's deft needle darting to and fro.

"But, Ruby, I must—the tennis courts wait marking; and I must keep my promise to cook."

"Oh, we can manage now quite well!" remarks Violet cheerily. "By the way, Shell, what are you going to wear?"—looking up with sudden interest.

"I? Oh, I don't know—I haven't thought!" returns Shell carelessly. "My white serge will do as well as anything—at any rate it is ready."

"Don't wear stuff, it looks so hot; besides, that serge looks horrid since it was washed," objects Vi, who likes Shell sufficiently to wish that she should appear at her best.

"My dear Vi, don't waste advice on Shell—you know how self-opinionated she is. Besides—with a slight upraising of her eyebrows—"she is such a child, it really doesn't matter much what she wears."

"Just so," assents Shell, shutting the door behind her; but, all the same, she goes away feeling rather sore at heart, for there is no small amount of contempt in Ruby's tone. Though her eldest sister has assigned her age as a reason for her dress not mattering, she knows full well that the tone also insinuates a vast want of personal attractions too.

Yet, if she only knew it, she has a charm all her own—the charm of a genial spirit and a warm impulsive heart, which peeps out of her clear gray-green eyes, and lingers amidst the dimples of her crimson lips.

All that long summer afternoon there is no thought of self in the girl's conduct. She fits about, finding foot-stools and seats for old ladies, getting pins and fresh flowers for girls who have come imperfectly provided, and generally making herself useful.

"When will you be ready for tennis?" asks Robert Champey, who has been watching her narrowly, though unseen, for the past ten minutes.

"I am not going to play," answers Shell brightly, as she hurries across the lawn with a sunshade for an old lady who has left her own at home, and now finds herself incommoded by the ardent gaze of King Sol.

"But everybody says you play so well; and yet I have never seen you touch a racket," he urges, with a smile, on her return.

"Perhaps that is how I keep my reputation," laughs Shell gaily.

"No—but, really, I like to watch good play; you might be obliging," pleads her companion. Truth to tell, he is beginning to take a deep interest in Shell, probably owing to the fact that she seems to take no interest whatever in him.

"Well, I will be," responds Shell, with a curious little smile; and then, walking straight up to an exceedingly pretty girl dressed in pale pink, she says gravely, "Nora dear, Mr. Champey is most anxious to meet with some one who plays tennis really well, so I thought I couldn't do better than bring him to you. Mr. Champey—Miss Nora Fretwell," and with a little nod she proceeds placidly on her way, having so disposed of her cavalier.

Five minutes later she is accosted by Ted.

"Isn't it a jolly afternoon?" he begins.

"Yes, only rather warm," agrees Shell, pushing her sailor hat a little farther off her brow.

"Come into the shade and let me fan you," suggests Ted coaxingly.

"How very kind!" scoffs Shell. "But I think I won't accept—it sounds so much nicer than it really is. Fanning only makes one hotter; and the midges are swarming in the shade."

"It seems impossible ever to say or suggest the right thing to you," says Ted with boyish impatience.

"If I have been rude I am very sorry," Shell returns thoughtfully; "but all the same it is true, you know. Fanning only—'tis one for the mo-

ment, and one is ten times hotter afterwards." As she speaks she saunters on a few steps by his side, that she may not appear too pointedly unsovable.

"By-the-way, I had almost forgotten," remarks Ted, laughing—"Bob and Meg charged me with a commission. I am entrusted with a mysterious packet, which I faithfully promised to deliver into your own hands; and from his pocket he produces a small and remarkably clumsy paper parcel tied up with a bit of colored wool.

"I think there must be some mistake," says Shell, looking at the proffered offering superciliously; "they probably meant it for Ruby."

"On the contrary, I was particularly cautioned not to entrust it to your sister," laughs Ted. "I believe it is of an edible nature, and they feared the temptation might be too great."

Shell takes the packet reluctantly, and, standing still for a moment in the pathway, cautiously opens it, displaying to view some half-dozen chocolate creams of a decidedly crushed and not very tempting appearance.

For a moment a beautiful and gentle smile lights up her every feature; then she remembers with a start the part she is acting, and asks scornfully—"What on earth induced them to send me these things?"

"They probably thought you would appreciate them—poor children!" answers Ted, rather lightly. "They got a box as a present this morning, and wouldn't give me any peace until I consented to bring you over some. I wish—indignantly—"that I had thrown them away on the road."

"It certainly would have been wiser," retorts Shell, as she ruthlessly tosses the small bundle away amidst a clump of shrubs. "Children have such odd fancies."

"I don't call that an odd fancy—I call it a generous impulse," corrects Ted, stolidly. "By the way"—looking at her keenly—"shall I tell them the fate of their poor little present?"

"As you please," answers Shell carelessly; and then, knowing the pain that would be inflicted by such a revelation, she adds quickly—"No, I think perhaps you had better not. Some people imagine that children are sensitive, and I have no wish to wound their feelings, in case they possess any."

"In case they possess any?" repeats Ted, positively flushing with mingled anger and contempt. "You set very dense if you have not yet discovered that those children are of a keenly nervous temperament."

"I know I am dense," admits Shell, with not the faintest show of annoyance or resentment. "As for children, I don't profess to understand them—probably because I have no sympathy with them."

Ted walks on beside her in thoughtful silence. It seems to him a sad pity that Shell, who used to be such a genial, sunny little creature, should have changed into the hard callous being now talking to him. He would like to account for the phenomenon in some way, and is contemplating the possibility of asking her if she has been crossed in love, when their tete-a-tete is cut short by Mrs. Wilden.

"Shell dear," says that lady, in a troubled tone, "I wish you would run in and see to the making of the coffee—it is sure not to be properly cleared if you are not there. Mr. Champey will excuse you, I am sure—he knows that we cannot afford efficient servants."

"I am only too delighted to find that England still possesses young ladies who are not above making themselves useful," answers Ted, in a bantering, teasing tone. "There is nothing I admire so much as domesticity in a woman. Most of our girls are getting so blue that it will be a blue look out for their husbands."

"Yes, indeed," murmurs Mrs. Wilden, as Shell, with a little toss of her head, walks away. Dear Shell is most useful—no very ornamental, but very useful—thoroughly domesticated, and such a gentle, kind creature. I often wonder how I should get on without her."

In the meantime Ruby, at the other side of the lawn, is listening to a piece of intelligence which causes her cheeks to turn pale, whilst she flutters her fan with increased nervous energy.

"You think the dear children need change?" she is saying in a tone of bewilderment. "I thought they were looking remarkably well; and the pets are always in such excellent spirits."

"Meg is not well," answers the father decisively. "She seems languid and heavy. The air here is very relaxing during the hot months; I think I shall take her to Scotland."

"Oh, not to Scotland—poor child—the journey would be so dreadfully fatiguing!" pleads Ruby, as she thinks with consternation of the impossibility of inducing her mother to permit her to go so far from home—for already her quick brain has formed a plan for following the children.

"Yes, it might be trying for so young a child," agrees Mr. Champey thoughtfully. "That case I must be content with the moors or the North Devon coast."

"I should just keep her at home, and send her down by the sea every morning—sea-air is always bracing," observes Ruby, with a feeble hope that her advice may be taken.

"Mudmouth is the reverse of bracing," corrects her companion decidedly; "besides, it is not only the air—the children want a complete change."

"Of course you know best," admits Ruby, with a reluctant and despondent sigh; "but I always think that children are happier at home than anywhere else."

"That depends," remarks Robert

aguely, and with a sharp

"Oh, yes, of course!" agrees Ruby eagerly; then after a moment she continues slowly, "However trustworthy servants may be, they can't understand everything."

"Do you mean that the children are in any way neglected?" he asks quickly.

"Oh dear, no!" laughs Ruby, with a playful head-shake. "I am sure their nurse is most attentive from all accounts—but you ought not, for instance, to allow her to choose their clothes. Of course she has no idea how to dress them—how should she, poor woman!"

"They seem very sensibly clothed to me," answers Robert Champey, but in rather a dubious tone—in fact a tone open to conviction. "As long as they are warm and comfortable, the cut isn't of much importance."

"But, my dear Mr. Champey, how can poor Meg be comfortable in a dress that allows of no free play of the limbs? Children ought never to be hampered by their clothing."

"Is Meg hampered?"

"Almost tortured, I should think, in her last dress. As for Bob, he ought to be dressed sailor fashion now."

"Dear me—what am I to do?" asks Robert Champey, half-mocking, half in earnest.

"I tell you what," says Ruby suddenly—"I will make clothes for each of them as a pattern. Now please don't protest—it will only be like the fun of dressing dolls to me."

Of course Mr. Champey does protest, but, as usual, he protests in vain; and when he takes his departure from the Wilderness that evening he finds himself weighed down by one more obligation to Ruby Wilden. As for Ruby, she is in great spirits—the only thing which troubles her in the matter is her total incapacity either to cut out or to make the clothes question, seeing that in reality she knows far less how children should be dressed than the nurse whose tastes she has been criticizing.

(To be Continued.)

A TORPEDO BOAT TRAGEDY.

A Sad Illustration of the Danger of This Service.

The Union squadron investing Charleston during the civil war was drawing closer and closer to the doomed place. One of the warships that lay closest inshore was the Housatonic, and that vessel was selected as the torpedo boat's victim. The Portland Transcript tells the tragic story: The evening of Feb. 17, 1865, closed in raw and foggy. At 8 o'clock Capt. Corison gave the command and the boat dropped down the river. As the clocks were striking the half hour in the city the little craft pulled over the bar. Noiselessly she glided through the water, guided by the lights on the Housatonic, for which she headed. So heavy was the fog that she escaped the notice of the sentries. At a quarter to nine she lay directly in front of the Housatonic, at a distance of five hundred yards. She was running faster now, and a little farther on she began to submerge. Two hundred yards more and she disappeared. Five minutes later there was a dull roar, and the water around the Housatonic boiled like a cauldron. The noble ship began to settle. Ensign Hazleton and four sailors who were below perished, but fortunately for the rest of the crew the water was shallow and they saved themselves by climbing into the rigging. The vessel was a total loss, but the submarine torpedo boat was nowhere to be found. Two years after the war, when the wreckage was being removed from Charleston harbor, the Housatonic was raised. In her hull there was a ghastly wound, inflicted by the torpedo, and in that hole was drawn into it. And there its crew died of suffocation. In the grasp of the enemy which they had destroyed.

LAUNCHED WITH RED TAPE.

Some Expensive Experiences Christening British War Ships.

Ship launches in Great Britain are bound up with red tape. Two or three months beforehand the superintendent has to apply for authority to launch on a day to be named in the application. When a large ship is to be launched he is to be guided by muster instructions, over forty-one years old, as to the erection of booths for visitors, the appropriation of tickets, and admission of the public. According to the dockyard regulations this expense in the case of any one ship is not to exceed \$200. When her majesty launched the Centaur, which was to be renamed Duke of Connaught, but was finally sent into the water as the Royal Arthur, she also named the Royal Sovereign, which was floated out of dock. The bill of construction for the accommodation of 3,000 persons came to \$2,250. Other incidental expenses made the bill \$5,500, as against the \$200 allowance. When the Duchess of York launched the Prince George at Portsmouth in August, 1885, the admiralty started the treasury by requesting \$900 for expenses. The treasury got their backs up and said that these functions had reached such a point of extravagance that they could go no further.

Excentric Tides.

Owing to the effects of shore-lines, and other influences which are more or less obscure, it is very difficult to account for the peculiarities exhibited by tidal waves in various parts of the world. Interfering waves cause one-day tides at Tahiti, and in some other places, while on the other hand, in the harbors back of the Isle of Wight, and in the Tay in Scotland, there are three tides in a day. The latter have recently been ascribed to "overtides," produced by the modification of tidal waves running ashore, and resembling the "overtones" of musical sounds.

There are 2,300 church bell-ringers in the diocese of Oxford. This is the largest number in any English diocese. Exeter comes second and Devon third.

STORYETTES.

Grave and Gay, Epigrammatic and Otherwise.

From the San Francisco Argonaut.

Dr. B. A. Gould, the American astronomer, while a student at Berlin, was beardless, but had a good head of hair. When he returned some years later he had become bald, but had made up for it by having a full, long beard. He entered the study of Argonne, the famous observational astronomer under whom he had studied, without being announced. At first the professor did not recognize him. "Do you not know me, Herr Professor?" The astronomer looked more closely. "Acht! It is Gould mit his hair struck through!"

An Ohio woman, visiting Boston for the first time, had her greatest thrill at Copp's Hill burying ground. "As soon as my sister-in-law and I got into the place," she said, "I found myself almost stepping upon a grave with an inscription on a queer, little iron cover sort of a tomb. I jumped back, feeling the way you do when you step on a grave, and read the inscription, just three initials, no name or date. 'Isn't it pathetic?' I said to my sister-in-law. 'Oh, I don't know,' she answered, 'B. W. W. means Boston Water Works.'"

In the time of Nicholas the First (writes Prince Kropotkin in the Atlantic) soldiers were trained to perform almost inhuman tricks with legs and rifles to break the wood of the rifle into pieces while presenting arms was one of those famous tricks, and the good officer was he who could show on a parade a row of soldiers as perfectly aligned and as motionless as a row of toy soldiers. "Very good," the Grand Duke Michael said to a regiment, after having kept it for one hour motionless, presenting arms, "but they breathe!"

A San Francisco hostess, famous for her tact and resourcefulness, tells a good story on herself. It seems that an officer in one of the Tennessee companies, a very shy young man, brought letters with him when his regiment came to the coast, and presented himself one evening at the (let us say) Van Ness avenue residence. As he was the son of a well-known public man and a member of an old family, his hostess exerted herself to entertain him. "We should be glad to have the pleasure of your company Friday at dinner," she said as he was leaving; "the Hawaiian commission is to be announced on Friday, and the commission. Shortly before the hour for dinner the butler excitedly entered the room. "They're a regiment of soldiers, mum, outside." "No doubt in honor of the commissioners; I will tell them." Just then the lieutenant was announced. "When you are ready," he said, "I will have the men march to their places in formation." "Why," said the lady, "what men?" "It's my company," was the reply, "all but ten, and they're very sorry, but they couldn't come."

The Reluctant Parent.
She—I telephoned to papa for his consent.
He—What did he say?
She—He said he didn't know who you were, but it was all right.

Restored to Health by Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

"Can Do My Own Work."

Mrs. PATRICK DANNEY, West Winsted, Conn.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM: I write to tell you how much I owe you for the wonderful Vegetable Compound I have derived from your medicine. I was very ill, suffered with nervousness and depression of spirits. I could not sleep at night, and I suffered so much with bloating and fainting away, had a terrible heart, a bad taste in my mouth, and would vomit; to Mrs. Pinkham and Compound, I feel well and can do my work without complaint or pain of any kind whatever."

"I sincerely thank you for the advice you gave me and the medicine has done for me."

"Cannot Praise It Enough."

Miss GERTIE DUNKIN, Franklin, Neb., writes:

"I suffered for some time with painful and irregular menstruation, falling of the womb and pain in the back. Tried physicians, but found no relief. I was at last persuaded to try Dr. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and cannot praise it enough for what it has done for me. I feel like a new person, and would not part with your medicine. I have recommended it to several of my friends."

An exchange of servants is one way to terminate feminine friendships. A philosopher says that theorists are fools. This theory of his proves it. When a woman accuses a man of flattery she wants him to say it to her.

A cake isn't of the kind to stick unless he gets his hands stuck eating it.

WHOLESALE WHEAT

WESTERN CANADA FREE

"Nothing but wheat; what you call a sea of wheat," is what you by a lecturer speaking of West Canada. For particulars as to railway fares, etc., apply to the Superintendent of Immigration, Montreal Interior, Ottawa, Canada. N. Bartholomew, 205 Fifth St., St. Louis, Mo.

Dr. Kay's Renovator. GUARANTEED TO RESTORE AND CURE all diseases of the head, neck, and throat, such as rheumatism, liver and kidney troubles, etc. At druggists, 20¢ a bottle.

W. N. U. Des Moines, Iowa.

When Answered upon No. 3 would come and paper.

Heroes of the War with Spain

Thousands of them, are suffering from lingering effects induced by poisonous southern climate, or of improper nutrition caused proper and badly food. Sleeping on the has doubtless developed rheumatism in hundreds who were predisposed to the disease. In such the Boys of '98 may learn a lesson from the experience of the

Heroes of the Civil War.

Hundreds of the Boys of '63 have testified to the efficacy of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People in driving out malaria, rheumatism and other diseases contracted during their days of hardship and privation in the army. These pills are the best tonic in the world.

As Robinson, of Mt. Sterling, Ill., is a veteran of the Civil War, having served in the 3rd Pennsylvania Volunteer. He went to the war a vigorous man, but came back broken in health, a victim of malarial disease, and his sufferings were at all times intense. He says: "Nothing seemed to give me permanent relief until three years ago, when my attention was called to some of the wonderful cures effected by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. I had not taken more than half a box when I noticed an improvement in my condition, and I kept on improving steadily. To-day I love my restoration to health. They are a grand remedy." Mr. Robinson Democrat-Register.

At all druggists, or sent postpaid, on receipt of price, 50¢ a box, by the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Box 7, Worcester, Mass.

SEND FOR OUR COMPLETE CATALOGUE OF VALUABLE PRIZES FREE TO USERS OF

Diamond Soap

ALL GROCERS SELL IT. ADDRESS THE CUDAHY PACKING CO. SOUTH OMAHA, NEB.

"DIRT IN THE HOUSE BUILDS THE HIGH WAY TO BEGGARY." BE WISE IN TIME AND BUY

SAPOLIC

As Black as your DYE Your Whiskers

A Natural Black with Buckingham's Dye.

50 cts. of druggists or 2 P. Mail & Co., Nahant, N.H.

DROPSY NEW CURE FOR THE SOWN CASES. Send for book of testimonials, with treatment Free. Dr. R. H. Green, 125 N. 3rd St., Philadelphia, Pa.

MISS CURRALL has been cured of her dropsy. She has passed on in time. Sold by druggists. Write for particulars before she is gone. Send for book of testimonials wherever in madame's merry throng.

STATE BY-AND-ANDER.
DECEMBER 20, 1918.
IOWA.
FRIDAY, JANUARY 20, 1919.

VOICE ECHOES.

The various state legislatures are in session, it appears a good idea for the Negroes of the various states to appeal to their representatives of these various states to enact laws bearing the equal protection of citizens.

The tax returns in Georgia show the colored people of the State have paid \$13,719,200 worth of property. There are also nine lawyers, 39 doctors and five dentists in the State. There is a decrease in the value of farms though there is an increase in acreage and an increase in the value of city and town property.

It is said that the Afro-American Council that was held in Washington was noted for noise and that common sense, decency and sobriety were conspicuous because of their absence; such meetings will hardly help the Negro.

OLD COURT HOUSE CAN BE MOVED.

Hollenbeck Bros. Offer to Move it and Build Temporary Jail for \$8,500.00.

Argument which the river front men have professed to the greatest extent of their ability to have for the removal of the old building.

Mr. Hollenbeck explained to a reporter yesterday afternoon his plans for the removal of the old building.

The removal of large buildings—structures many times larger than the court house—for considerable distances, has been accomplished so many times in recent years, he said.

It is simply a matter of applying engineering mathematics and using sufficient power. In the case of the court house, it is not difficult. I have been working for two weeks on the proposition.

I have examined the old court house carefully and find it in such condition that there will be no difficulty in removing it. The methods, briefly, that we should employ in this work is this: We would cut a series of holes about a foot square through the lower wall of the building at intervals of about two feet, entirely around the structure.

In these we would set square timbers running under the building like the joist in a floor, but long enough to extend a short distance outside the walls. Then under this series of timbers we would place another set at right angles to them.

Then rows of jacks would be placed under all of these timbers, inside and outside walls, and the building would be raised from the old foundation. Either common or hydraulic jacks could be used; in this work it would probably be necessary to use other than common screw jacks.

The two sets of timbers, running at right angles to each other, would assure against the walls spreading and would afford just as safe a foundation as that on which the building has stood since it was built.

When it was raised sufficiently it would be placed on rollers and by application of jacks would be slowly moved from the old foundation to the new location.

We have moved numerous brick buildings some of them much more difficult for such handling than the court house. The arrangement of the wall of the court house is such that we would not be compelled to use as large timbers as would be required in many smaller structures.

We would move the vaults along with the rest of the structure. When it was placed in the new location we would build such foundation as was required, and let the building down to it.

The structure is in such condition that there would be no trouble whatever about its removal. We make this proposition as a matter of business, after the most careful examination and estimates, and if we are given the contract will furnish whatever bond the supervisors may demand.

Proposition of Hollenbeck Bros. is a very item of expense included in the \$100,000 figures furnished by the city.

That the city should do this for the sum of \$100,000, and five hundred dollars for the material from the old building, and offer good sufficient bond for the performance of the contract.

It is to be approved by the Board of Supervisors.

After front advocates have been deducted from the items of expense they first placed at \$128,000 the sum of \$60,000 leaving the cost according to their revised figures \$68,000.

This they have claimed, is the very least figure at which the county should hope to pay for the expenses above mentioned.

The proposition of Hollenbeck Bros. deducts another \$60,000 from the estimate of the river front men leaving the actual cost \$8,500, which is the amount of Hollenbeck money.

If, then, the new structure shall be erected upon the present site the cost to the tax payers would be \$400,000 already voted for the building and \$8,500 for the removal of the present building and erection of a temporary jail.

This proposition is being applied to the matters to be voted on by the tax payers in making the new structure.

How to vote on the question of \$100,000 bonds for a new structure, do not do this for the sum of \$100,000 already voted for the building and \$8,500 for the removal of the present building and erection of a temporary jail.

This proposition is being applied to the matters to be voted on by the tax payers in making the new structure.

site at a cost which cannot be less than \$500,000?

The responsibility of Hollenbeck Bros. is beyond question. Every financial institution of the city would be willing to vouch for them.

To show their standing the following certificate was filed with the county Auditor today.

Des Moines, Iowa, Jan. 14, 1890.—TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:—I hereby certify that I have known the firm of Hollenbeck Bros. for six years and they have been doing business with this bank for eight years.

I unhesitatingly state that I believe them to be able to carry out any contract that they may enter into.

Your truly,
GEO. E. PEARSALL,
Cashier Citizens' National Bank.

That our readers may know the figures above quoted are authentic, the following extracts are made from the literature sent out from the river front headquarters.

Rent for four years for offices \$20,000
Rents for records 50,000
Removing into new quarters 5,000
Keeping and transportation of prisoners 46,000
Fitting up rooms for offices 5,000

Total \$126,000
Their revised figures are as follows:

Rent for 30 rooms for county offices and court rooms \$32,000
Rents for vaults 15,000
Fitting up quarters 5,000
Moving 200
Moving prisoners on hand 1,000
Transporting prisoners during time of building 5,000
Removing present building 2,000
Extra guards for offices 4,000
Extra guards for prisoners 4,000

Total \$68,000
The offer of Hollenbeck Bros. does away with this necessity of incurring a single dollar of any of the items included in the above tables.

MR. HOLLENBECK INTERVIEW.

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La Grippe Successfully Treated.

"I have just recovered from the second attack of la grippe this year," says Mr. Jas. A. Jones, publisher of the Leader, Mexia, Texas.

"In the latter case I used Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, and I think with considerable success, only being in bed a little over two days against ten days for the former attack.

The second attack I am satisfied would have been equally as bad as the first but for the use of this remedy as I had to go to bed in about six hours after being 'struck' with it, while in the first case I was able to attend to business about two days before getting 'down.'"

"For sale by all Druggists."

ACTIVE SOLICITORS WANTED EVERYWHERE for "The Story of the Philippines" by Murat Halstead, commissioned by the Government as Official Historian to the War Department.

The book was written in army camps at San Francisco, on the Pacific with General Merritt, in the hospitals at Honolulu, in Hong Kong, in the American trenches at Manila, in the deck of the Olympia with Dewey, and in the rear of the front lines with Aguinaldo.

Large book. Low price. Big profits. Freight paid. Credit given. Drop all trashy unofficial war books. Omit free. Address: F. T. Barber, Sec'y., Star Insurance Bldg., Chicago.

SHANK BROS., FUNERAL DIRECTORS.

517 MULBERRY ST.
Telephone Nos. 686 and 689.

Des Moines Railway Time Table.

C. R. L. & P. GOING EAST.

Chicago Limited	Arrive	Depart
Chicago Limited	9:30 am	9:30 am
Day Express	12:30 pm	12:30 pm
Chicago Limited	4:30 pm	4:30 pm
Omaha Express	11:40 pm	11:40 pm

C. R. L. & P. GOING WEST.

Denver Limited	Arrive	Depart
Denver Limited	8:35 am	8:35 am
Day Express	11:35 am	11:35 am
Chicago Limited	3:30 pm	3:30 pm
Omaha Limited	6:30 pm	6:30 pm
Omaha Limited	9:30 pm	9:30 pm

WINNAPLE LEAF—NORTH.

Chicago & St. Paul	Arrive	Depart
Chicago & St. Paul	8:15 pm	8:15 pm
Chicago & St. Paul	11:15 pm	11:15 pm

WINNAPLE LEAF—SOUTH.

Chicago & St. Paul	Arrive	Depart
Chicago & St. Paul	8:00 am	8:00 am
Chicago & St. Paul	11:00 am	11:00 am

CHICAGO & NORTHWESTERN.

Chicago & Denver	Arrive	Depart
Chicago & Denver	6:15 pm	6:15 pm
Chicago & Denver	9:15 pm	9:15 pm
Chicago & Denver	12:15 am	12:15 am
Chicago & Denver	3:15 am	3:15 am

CHICAGO & WESTERN.

No. 1 Mail and Express	Arrive	Depart
No. 1 Mail and Express	6:10 pm	6:10 pm
No. 2 Mail and Express	11:15 pm	11:15 pm

D. M. N. & W.—PONDIA LINE.

Chicago & St. Paul	Arrive	Depart
Chicago & St. Paul	11:55 am	11:55 am
Chicago & St. Paul	3:55 pm	3:55 pm
Chicago & St. Paul	7:55 pm	7:55 pm

D. M. N. & W.—BOONE LINE.

Chicago & St. Paul	Arrive	Depart
Chicago & St. Paul	5:55 am	5:55 am
Chicago & St. Paul	9:55 am	9:55 am
Chicago & St. Paul	1:55 pm	1:55 pm
Chicago & St. Paul	5:55 pm	5:55 pm

CHICAGO & WESTERN.

No. 1 Mail and Express	Arrive	Depart
No. 1 Mail and Express	6:10 pm	6:10 pm
No. 2 Mail and Express	11:15 pm	11:15 pm

It Saves the Children.

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy has saved the lives of thousands of croupy children. It is also without an equal for colds and whooping cough.

Subscribe For The Bystander.

Witness this from the Chicago Post: "Why don't you answer?" said madame, impatiently, to the Scandinavian on the step-ladder engaged in putting up new window fixtures.

The man gulped and replied gently: "I have my mouth full of screws; I not can speak till I swallow some."

Russian Forests.

The lack of a timber supply for the world is not likely to cause much uneasiness for some years yet. It is stated that in the province of Archangel, Russia, there are forests belonging to the government which cover 88,979,700 acres in which the ring of the woodman's ax has as yet scarcely been heard.

More Like It.

Householder—Do you pretend to say that this meter measures the amount of gas we burn? Inspector—I will enter into no controversy, sir, but I will say that the meter measures the amount of gas you have to pay for.—Boston Globe.

A Good Beginning.

Doctor—"What your husband really needs, madam, is complete rest. Now, if you could only—"

Lady—"But he won't listen to me, doctor."

Doctor—"Ah! that's a very good beginning."—St. Paul's.

Natural Toothpicks.

Toothpicks prepared by nature are a product of Spain and Mexico. A comparatively small plant in the Kew Gardens was estimated to have 17,600, and a large specimen in the same place could have had no less than 51,000.

There never was a duty that did not bring its own opportunities for doing good, that never could have been done before, and never can be again.—W. H. Burleigh.

Human happiness has no perfect security but freedom, freedom none but virtue, virtue none but knowledge has any freedom, virtue nor knowledge has any vigor of immortal hope except in the principles of the Christian faith and in the sanctions of the Christian religion.

LINENS

This is the time of year that people expect to buy their LINENS. And they expect PRICES on this kind of goods that they will not get at any other time.

When we crowd an ordinary three months' business into two weeks—which we do—it's comparatively easy to make prices of the most persuasive kind—of which there never will be any complaint. Buy your LINENS at THE FAIR now and you will begin to save dollars.

Bleached Damasks \$1.15 grade 72-inch Satin Damask—the old time heavy weights—guaranteed to give the best of service—89c

85c quality, 60-inch Satin Damask—new designs—priced for this sale.....69c

65c quality, 71-inch Bleached Damask—priced for this occasion.....49c

48c quality, 62-inch Bleached Damask—can be bought here.....40c

Colored Damasks Regular 48c grade, best Turkey Red, or Red and White and Blue and White check Damasks—.....35c

Regular 30c quality, Blue and White or Red and White checked Damasks—.....23c

The usual 25c Red Damasks 58-inch-at.....19c

Odd Napkins There will be on sale at reduced prices many desirable half dozen lots of Napkins—at 40c to \$1.25 for the bunch of six.

Muslins 1 bale 30-inch Unbleached Muslin—priced this week—.....2 1/2c

1 bale good 5c Unbleached LL Muslin—here, at.....3 1/2c

Regular 7c. Heavy soft finished Bleached Muslin—per yard.....5c

THE FAIR

504-506-508 East Locust St.

Pains in the chest when a person has a cold indicate a tendency toward pneumonia. A piece of flannel dampened with Chamberlain's Pain Balm and bound on to the chest over the seat of pain will promptly relieve the pain and prevent the threatened attack of pneumonia.

This same treatment will cure a lame back in a few hours. Sold by all Druggists.

The wise man can see at a glance that the JEWETT TYPEWRITER is the best machine for all practical purposes and suitable for any business.

Duplex Jewett Typewriter Co. Iowa Phone 1901 Mutual 1001. BRANCH OFFICE 616 GEO. LOARTE, Manager.

THE VALUE OF Spectacles

Depends on the fitting. We make them to fit my eyes. Diseases of the Eyes, Ear, Nose and Throat cured.

DR. F. DUNCAN & SONS, 311 W. Fifth St., Des Moines, Iowa.

ACTIVE SOLICITORS WANTED EVERYWHERE for "The Story of the Philippines" by Murat Halstead, commissioned by the Government as Official Historian to the War Department.

The book was written in army camps at San Francisco, on the Pacific with General Merritt, in the hospitals at Honolulu, in Hong Kong, in the American trenches at Manila, in the deck of the Olympia with Dewey, and in the rear of the front lines with Aguinaldo.

Large book. Low price. Big profits. Freight paid. Credit given. Drop all trashy unofficial war books. Omit free. Address: F. T. Barber, Sec'y., Star Insurance Bldg., Chicago.

NOTICE OF EXPIRATION OF RIGHT OF REDEMPTION FROM TAX SALE.

To G. M. Reynolds: You are hereby notified, that the following described real estate, situated in Polk county, Iowa, to-wit: Lot number fifty-three (53), Kingswood (Glen) an addition now owned and forming a part of the city of Des Moines, Iowa, was sold for taxes of 1894, on the fourth day of December, 1895, to The Lewis Investment Company, of Polk county, Iowa, that the certificate of purchase thereof has been assigned to and is now owned by J. S. Cooney, and J. H. Phillips, of Polk county, Iowa, and that the right of redemption will expire, and a Treasurer's Deed for said real estate will be made unless redemption from such sale be made within ninety days from the date of completed service of this notice.

You will govern yourself accordingly. Dated 29th day of December, A. D. 1918. J. S. COONEY, J. H. PHILLIPS.

SHOULD YOU NEED FLOWERS

At any time of the year, for any occasion, where flowers are used, you can get them, home grown and fresh-cut every day.

BLAIR FLOWERIST 308 Sixth Ave., Des Moines, P. O. Address, Box 288. Telephone 669.

Funeral, Party and Wedding Decoration gotten up in latest styles, and at moderate prices. Boxes of the "Jewel" for presentation and memorial.

BELL'S WONDER.

A sure cure for Piles, Corns, Bruises, Cuts and Skin diseases in their worst stages and forms.

For any information address the manufacturer, MRS. ELIZABETH BELL, Stuart, Iowa

Poverty may blunt our other senses, but it sharpens the taste.

LAST 2 DAYS OF THE GRAND

20 PER CENT DISCOUNT SALE

Our sale for the past eight days has been remarkable beyond expectations. For the next two days of the sale our aim will be to make it more remarkable still, if prices will do it.

Our advice to all shrewd buyers is not to allow this opportunity to pass, but to avail themselves of this

GRAND OPPORTUNE TIME.

Remember, the Sale Lasts all This Week and ends January 21st—SATURDAY

As previously stated, no matter how deep the cuts were previous to the sale, you still get a 20 per cent discount on any and all purchases.

If you buy 5 cents worth, it costs you but 4 cents; if you buy 10 cents worth, it costs you but 8 cents; if you buy 25 cents worth, it costs you but 20 cents.

And so on, in proportion, with the larger amounts. QUERIES—Could there be a more bona fide discount sale or reduction sale than this? It doesn't effect only a few BAITS, but everything in the store.

Good Dark Calicoes—great variety of patterns—a a yard and 20 per cent off.

Good 36-inch Unbleached Muslin—5c per yard and 20 per cent off.

Good large white Bed Spreads—50c each and 20 per cent off.

We have about 25 pieces of 30-inch Percales, usually sold for 10c—Our price during this sale will be but 5c per yard and 20 per cent off.

Extra quality heavy Toweling, light bleached, actually worth 13-13—our price during this sale, 5c per yard—and 20 per cent off.

Moershell & Fotheringham,

621 Walnut Street.

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EVERY AMERICAN teacher, possessing a library, and many that do not, possess one will be glad to see the announcement of the history of the late war with Spain now published by the Review of Reviews Company. Much of the narrative was written by Dr. Albert Shaw during the actual years of the summer. This has been revised and amplified by him in the light of the official reports and documents, which have only become available after hostilities ceased. A free quotation from the critical Congressional debates and other public utterances at crucial periods aids in making this work what it is, the standard reference history of this decisive and successful struggle. But it is much more than a lively and comprehensive narrative. It goes back to the years of struggle in Cuba, which were the way for the war; it discusses energetically all problems which confronted the United States after the war as to the Philippines, Cuba, and Porto Rico; and as a whole it forms a broadly conceived picture of the year which has seen America brought face to face with new world duties.

The important special and technical matters of the war period, generally dismissed by the historian with only slight and often insufficient discussion, are treated here in detail, with contributions of chapters, written by men who had unusual opportunities for studying their subjects. Thus, the lessons which the war has for us as to the relative efficiency of rifles and machine guns are in a carefully written chapter by Lieut. John E. Parker, of the United States Army; the military movements of the Santiago and Porto Rican campaigns are analyzed by the editor of the Army and Navy Journal; the battle with Cervera is treated by the late Winston Churchill, who is a graduate of the United States Naval Academy; the actual condition of Cuba before the war and the facts which caused the war are described by eye-witnesses, Sirat Halstead and Stephen Henshaw.