

Iowa State Bystander.

BY BYSTANDER PUB. CO.

DES MOINES, IOWA.

CONGRESS.

SENATE.
Washington, April 6.—During the greater part of the session the senate had under consideration the Indian appropriation bill. Sullivan, of Mississippi, delivered a speech in favor of the seating of Hon. M. S. Quay.

HOUSE.
The house passed the substitute for the senate bill providing for territorial form of government for Hawaii. Hill, of Connecticut, tried to secure the adoption of two amendments, one providing for a resident commissioner instead of a delegate in congress, and the other declaring that the act should be interpreted as a pledge of statehood. Both failed.

SENATE.
Washington, April 7.—During almost the entire session an amendment to the Indian appropriation bill offered by Jones, of Arkansas, providing for the continuance of the government's employment of the contract Indian schools, in certain circumstances, was under consideration. The debate took a wide range, the whole question of sectarian schools being gone over at length. The amendment was pending when the senate adjourned.

HOUSE.
The house today paid tribute to the memory of the late Representative P. H. Bland, of Missouri, popularly known as "Silver Bland," who was a member of the house for twenty-six years. Splendid eulogies on the life and career of the great champion of silver were offered by members on both sides of the political aisle. At the conclusion of the ceremonies the house, as a further mark of respect, adjourned.

SENATE.
Washington, April 9.—After some further discussion the senate today rejected the sectarian school amendment to the Indian appropriation bill offered by Jones of Arkansas by a vote of 30 to 16. Without division the bill was passed. The measure carries about \$4,400,000. An unsuccessful attempt was made to agree upon a date for a vote on the resolution relative to the seating of Quay as a senator from Pennsylvania.

HOUSE.
The agricultural appropriation bill was under consideration and was made the vehicle of considerable discussion of irrelevant political topics. Good progress was made with the bill after the close of the general debate. The 37 pages being covered before adjournment.

SENATE.
Washington, April 10.—Without objection from any source, the senate today agreed to take a final vote on the right of M. S. Quay to a seat as a senator from Pennsylvania on Tuesday, April 24, at 4 p. m. During this session today the senate paid tribute to the late Richard Parks Bland, long a representative from Missouri.

HOUSE.
The house devoted the day to the agricultural appropriation bill, passing it substantially as reported. An animated discussion arose over the amendments offered by Corliss of Michigan, restricting the distribution of free seeds and free vaccine. The amendments were defeated.

SENATE.
Washington, April 11.—With little debate of importance the senate today passed the Pacific cable bill, a measure appropriating \$3,000,000 for the construction of a cable line between San Francisco and Honolulu. During the greater part of the day the District of Columbia appropriation bill was under consideration. It carries nearly \$8,000,000.

HOUSE.
The long and bitter struggle over the Porto Rican tariff bill ended today, when the house, by a vote of 161 to 153, concurred in all the senate amendments. The bill now only requires the signature of the speaker of the house and president of the senate before going to the president for his approval. Upon the final vote, nine republicans voted against the bill, and two democrats were paired with democrats in favor of the bill, and one democrat voted for it outright.

SENATE.
Washington, April 12.—An effort was made by Morgan to displace the present unfinished business—the Spooner Philippine bill—by the substitution in its stead of the Nicaragua canal bill. While Morgan's motion failed, 15 to 23, the Philippine measure had a narrow escape from being displaced by the Alaskan civil code bill on motion of the union leader, being defeated on a roll call, 22 to 24. Burrows of Michigan delivered a strong address against seating Quay.

HOUSE.
The house adopted a resolution to authorize the secretary of the treasury to designate depositories in Porto Rico, Cuba and the Philippines for the deposit of government funds. By the terms of the resolution it applies to Cuba only so long as the island shall be occupied by the United States. An amendment to include the Philippines in this provision as to Cuba, offered, as stated, to emphasize the desire of the opposition not to retain the island, was defeated by a narrow vote. The resolution which will permit the dependent mothers of soldiers or sailors of the Spanish war, even though they married Confederate soldiers, to receive the benefit of the general pension law, was passed.

MARK HANNA RETIRES.

Said He Will Not Be Chairman of the National Committee.

WASHINGTON, April 10.—Senator Hanna will not be chairman of the republican national committee in the next campaign. The Ohio senator is not in robust health and there are other reasons why he should not care to take charge of another campaign. President McKinley is also willing to have Chairman Hanna retire and another republican against whom there is not so much prejudice selected to take his place. Henry C. Payne, of Milwaukee, will be the president's selection for chairman of the national committee if Mr. Payne's health will permit his acceptance of the place and the arduous work which will fall upon the chairman. Mr. Payne has not been in the best of health, but if he will accept the chairmanship and give direction to the work other and younger men will be closely associated with him to take the greater part of this work off his hands.

WAR IN ASHANTI.

Tribal Fighting Reported—Situation is Serious.

ACCRA, British Gold Coast of Africa, April 7.—Tribal fighting has taken place in Ashanti. Governor and Lady Hodgson are at Coomassie. Telegraph wires have been cut, communication stopped and dispatches destroyed. A body of Hussars has left here for Coomassie. The situation appears to be serious.

Flood Loss in Texas.

AUSTIN, Texas, April 10.—The country tributary to Colorado river, along its course, is being inundated, and while it is believed the worst is over, the loss estimated exceeds \$3,000,000, counting Austin as the largest loser. No further loss of life is reported than those eighteen or twenty who were drowned when the dam broke.

Transvaal Commissioners at Milan.

NAPLES, April 13.—The Transvaal commissioners, accompanied by Dr. Muller and Jonkhoff Van Boeschoten, have started for Milan.

More Burghers to Go to St. Helena.

SIMONSTOWN, April 11.—Owing to the unfavorable conditions for keeping the Boer prisoners here, the authorities have decided to ship them all to St. Helena without delay. The sickness among the burghers is abating.

THE NEWS IN IOWA

MOELCHEN IS FREE.

Governor Shaw Issues a Life Parole to a Murderer.

DES MOINES, April 13.—For the first time in the history of Iowa the governor has paroled a life prisoner. This action was taken in the case of Cornelius Moelchen, whose pardon or parole was granted by the legislature this winter. The terms of the parole were made out and sent to the proper authorities, and when accepted by the prisoner he will be liberated from Anamosa, where he has served a long term of years. In several cases in the past, where the offense was less than that which calls for life imprisonment the sentences of prisoners have been suspended, but this case is the first of its kind. Murderers have either been unequivocally pardoned or kept in prison. Governor Shaw is an advocate of the parole system, and recommended its adoption in Iowa in his biennial message this year. The course which the governor has adopted with Cornelius Moelchen is taken as an indication of his future policy in inaugurating the parole system in Iowa gradually.

PRELATE'S WILL IN DISPUTE.

Brother of Archbishop Hennessy Attacks Document Now on File.

DUBUQUE, April 13.—It is probable that the will of the late Archbishop Hennessy will be contested in the courts if the action of the prelate's brother, Michael J. Hennessy, is any indication of his intentions. Mr. Hennessy has filed a petition to have the document now on file declared null and void. In the petition it is alleged that the will attacked is not the testator's last one, and that there are two new ones, one disposing of the church property and the other of the archbishop's private estate. These bear date of January 17. The new wills have the same witnesses as the first, also many erasures and interlineations. The documents are in the possession of Mr. Hennessy's attorney, who, however, declines to make public their provisions.

RAILROAD GRADING.

Contract to Grade Forty-four Miles for the B. C. R. & N.

DES MOINES, April 11.—W. O. Johnson, of Cedar Rapids, has been awarded the contract for grading the forty-four miles of road to be built by the Burlington, Cedar Rapids & Northern from Germania, in Kosciusko county, northeast to Albert Lea, Minn. This is a section of the Burlington road to be built into Minneapolis and St. Paul and which it is believed ultimately will be used jointly by the Rock Island for operating its St. Paul and Des Moines service, which now goes over the Minneapolis & St. Louis.

TO VOTE OF PEOPLE.

Duluth & New Orleans Case to Be Decided by Vote.

NEVADA, April 13.—In the mandamus suit of the Duluth & New Orleans railroad against the trustees of Nevada township, Judge Whitaker issued an order compelling the board to submit the proposition of issuing bonds to aid in the construction of the road to the vote of the people. The board was composed entirely of farmers and they refused to submit this question, claiming that the petition asking that the proposition be submitted, was not signed by the requisite number of free holders, required by law.

Iowa Man Out \$7,400.

CHICAGO, April 12.—The Chicago Post says E. F. Jones, correspondent for the commission firm of Finley, Harrell & Co., at the Union stock yards, has been missing since the 7th, and is said to be heavily involved, over twenty traders at the yards claiming shortages ranging from \$200 to \$500 each. Jones is also said to be involved with outside stock men. One Iowa cattle raiser, who speculated through Jones, claims a shortage of \$7,400, while there are a number of other claims.

Track Laying Begun.

BELLE PLAINE, April 11.—The Chicago & Northwestern railway company has begun track laying on the new Iowa & Minnesota division. The rails have been distributed and crews of track layers have begun work out of Mason City and also from Belle Plaine. The work will be pushed to completion and rolling stock put into operation at once.

Waterloo Saloons Reopened.

WATERLOO, April 11.—After being closed ten days, the eleven saloons in Waterloo were reopened on the new petition of consent. There will be no further molestation of the places, as they have carefully followed all the new requirements of the law.

Suicide of a Young Farmer.

ELDON, April 12.—A young man named Marriage, son of Alexander Marriage, a well-to-do farmer living about five miles south of Iowa Falls, committed suicide. Ill health is supposed to have been the cause.

Farmer Commits Suicide.

IDA GROVE, April 6.—B. F. Aiken, a retired farmer and highly respected citizen of Ida Grove, committed suicide at his farm several miles southeast of the city. No cause except ill health can be given for his rash act.

Convicted of Murder.

CRESTON, April 7.—George Williams, who has been on trial for the murder of Deputy Sheriff Walsh last December, was convicted of murder in the first degree and penalty fixed at imprisonment for life.

INSURANCE MEN OBJECT.

Governor Asked Not to Sign Valued Policy Measure.

DES MOINES, April 13.—Governor Shaw yesterday listened to insurance men arguing against the valued policy law. Having passed the legislature, the measure now awaits only the executive signature to become law, and the insurance men are urging that it be vetoed. Fully a score of insurance men or lawyers occupied the governor's private office during the three hours devoted to the hearing. The advocates of the controversial bill were represented only by Senator H. H. Brighton of Fairfield. At the conclusion of the hearing, Mr. Brighton expressed the opinion that nothing whatever had been brought out to warrant the governor in vetoing the bill. He said he was rather surprised at the weakness of the case made by so many strong men, who, as a matter of fact, did not present so strong a showing as they made before the committees and on the floor of the senate.

CASHIER IS FOUND DEAD.

Body of T. T. Harker Found in the Waters of Storm Lake.

FR. DONGE, April 12.—The body of Truman T. Harker, cashier of the First National bank at Storm Lake, was found in ten inches of water at 12 o'clock p. m. Shortly after the closing of banking hours Harker took his shot gun and started for the lake to hunt ducks. At ten o'clock his family became alarmed at his long absence and aroused the neighborhood. A searching party was organized which found his inanimate body in the water, partly covered by reeds and rushes. The supposition is that he had a stroke of apoplexy, falling into the water, and there being no one with him, was drowned. Truman Harker was one of the most prominent and popular business men of Storm Lake and fraternal orders.

MANY SMALLPOX CASES.

Reported to the Board of Health from Different Parts of the State.

DES MOINES, April 13.—New smallpox cases were reported to the state board of health yesterday at Ruthven, Grinnell, St. Anthony, Davenport, Oskaloosa and Highland township, Palo Alto county. The Grinnell, Oskaloosa and St. Anthony cases will be investigated to determine the real nature of the disease. The others are pronounced types of smallpox.

Will Meet at St. Louis.

DES MOINES, April 12.—The Iowa board of railroad commissioners have accepted an invitation to a conference of the state railroad commissioners of Iowa, Illinois and Missouri to be held in St. Louis April 26. The conference is for the purpose of discussing the question of increasing rates as asked by Illinois roads, but the Iowa commissioners have sent word that they will not be a party to any action at that time and place which would affect Iowa roads.

Verdict by Default.

DES MOINES, April 12.—Mamie Watson has been awarded judgment for \$2,500 against Dr. J. L. Williamson, formerly of Des Moines, but now of Council Bluffs, for malpractice. Plaintiff alleged that she suffered an accident recently and went to the defendant for treatment, and that he neglected to give her proper treatment and care. The defendant failed to enter an appearance, and judgment was taken by default before Judge Conrad.

Foul Play Suspected.

BOONE, April 12.—The body of William Billmier, who was reported to have suicided several weeks ago, accompanied by an uncle of the deceased, has arrived in Boone. The uncle states that foul play is suspected and that indications are that Mr. Billmier did not suicide. A suspicious wound was found in the head, besides several bruises on the body, and a check for \$100 is missing, together with a valuable watch.

BREVITIES.

Five boys, 12 to 14 years old, were arrested at Dubuque recently, charged with entering buildings and stealing metal fixtures and other goods. The robberies have been going on for months. The boys sold the goods to a junk dealer named Beyer, who shipped them to Chicago. He was jailed in default of bail. The robbers were also bound over. Thousands of dollars worth of goods have been taken.

Sioux City dispatch: A. L. Richards fell off the top of a box car in the railway yards and was run over by the cars and fatally injured. He arrived in Sioux City with a car load of horses en route from the Black Hills to LaCrosse, Wis. While in the city he drank a good deal, and was in this condition when the accident occurred. He is a young man and very little is known of him.

Sioux City dispatch: The Monona county board of supervisors have dealt a fatal blow to the proposed Woodbury-Monona drainage ditch by voting not to permit the construction of the same. Governor Shaw and several large Woodbury county land owners were much interested in the scheme to drain the Missouri low lands, and they labored hard and often to carry the scheme through. Woodbury county had granted the desired permission, but Monona has set its foot down, probably until a new board of supervisors is elected.

NEWS FROM THE CAPITOL

THE LEGISLATURE.

SENATE.
Des Moines, April 6.—These bills were passed: Reducing the per capita support fund at Clarinda from \$18 to \$12, and providing for the use of this money saved at the Cherokee hospital and permitting the board of control to use an unexpended balance of \$3,000 for water supply at the Cherokee hospital; extending the Australian ballot system to school elections; the salaries of state officers and other state expenses and carrying an appropriation of \$24,000. Resolutions were adopted thanking Lieutenant-Governor Millman, Secretary Newman and the other officers of the senate for their faithful services and President Millman, then, in a brief speech, declared the senate adjourned sine die.

HOUSE.
Among bills passed were these: Prohibiting manufacture of pearl buttons and button tubs in penitentiaries; increasing the amount allowed for conveying children to and from school in counties having the central plan from \$8 to \$10; providing that in case of failure to agree on arbitrators the insured may, upon giving 24 hours notice to the insurance company, appeal to the clerk of the district court, who shall name such arbitrator; providing that a creditor as well as an heir may be made a beneficiary in an insurance policy; permitting the board of control to use unexpended balances of appropriations as they may desire. The house passed a resolution of appreciation of the fair, impartial and intelligent manner in which Speaker Bowen presided over the work of the session and presented him with a chair. The speaker briefly thanked the members and wished them the blessings of God and a long happy life. A resolution by Eaton providing for the janitors and employees of the state house was passed. The employees of the house presented Speaker Bowen with a gold-headed cane, Mr. Temple making the presentation speech.

GATACRE ENGAGES BOERS.

Result of the Engagement is Not Known in London.

BLOEMFONTEIN, April 5.—General Gatacre had an engagement with the enemy at Reddersburg yesterday. Details of the affair have not yet been received here.

LONDON, April 8.—No news was issued by the war office last night. None was received from the front except that from Bloemfontein, dated April 5, relating to the engagement of General Gatacre at Reddersburg, which seems to have been held back by the censor. It will be remembered that Lord Roberts in reporting the "unfortunate occurrence" at Reddersburg said that General Gatacre had arrived there on the morning of April 4. Hence, he may have succeeded in engaging the Boers later in the day. It is strange, however, that General Gatacre's subsequent movements have not been mentioned in Lord Roberts's other dispatches, the last of which was dated the evening of April 6.

LADYSMITH, April 11.—The Boers opened fire yesterday, sending shells into the British camp at Elandslaagte from three directions, widely scattered. The shells did no damage. Troops moved out to reconnoiter and found the Boers in strong force and well fortified. A naval 4.7 inch gun replied to the Boers, who again placed their Long Tom in position.

ALIWAL NORTH, April 12.—The British loss in the fighting at Wepener Tuesday was eleven killed and forty-one wounded. The fighting was resumed today. The British are holding their own well.

ALIWAL NORTH, April 12.—The colonial troops are still holding their own splendidly at Wepener. Cannonading recommenced this morning. The Boer attack yesterday was not very serious. The British are carefully husbanding their ammunition and their guns are making excellent practice. The Boers are short of ammunition.

DECIDES AGAINST CLARK.

Senate Committee on Privileges Declares His Seat Vacant.

WASHINGTON, April 11.—The senate committee on privileges and elections decided unanimously in favor of unseating Clark of Montana. The report declares the seat of Clark vacant but does not expel.

Situation Around Elandslaagte.

LONDON, April 13.—A special dispatch from Elandslaagte, dated Wednesday, says: "Fighting was renewed beyond Elandslaagte this afternoon. The Boers steadily advanced upon the British positions. There was a continuous rifle fire and the Boer big guns were in action. The British replied effectively and after two hours of fighting the Boers were checked."

Suicide at Marion.

CEDAR RAPIDS, April 13.—Joseph Coenan, of Marion, suicided by cutting his throat.

Cedar Rapids capitalists have purchased the Magnus brewery. All liquor dealers, wholesale and retail, of the city are in the combine. Hereafter no outside beer will be sold in Cedar Rapids.

Total British Casualties.

LONDON, April 12.—To the war office returns of casualties must be added the losses last week and the wounded, aggregating 10,000, making a grand total of upward of 23,000 officers and men put out of action.

Russia Renews Her Demands.

YOKOHAMA, April 13.—Advices from Seoul, the capital of Korea, announce that Russia has presented to the Corea government renewed demands referring to Masampo.

British Casualties at Sannas Post.

LONDON, April 7.—A revised list of the Sannas Post casualties shows the following: Missing 363; wounded 83; killed 4. The missing include 134 artillerymen, 25 life guards, 22 men of the Tenth Hussars and 51 of Roberts's horse. The others are divided among numerous regiments.

Captured Eleven Guns.

PRETORIA, April 10.—It is officially announced here that at the Bloemfontein waterworks the republican forces captured eleven officers and 362 men, with eleven guns, two ammunition wagons, other wagons and mules.

DES MOINES, April 13, 1900.

One of the results of the work of the legislature which has just adjourned is to be at least an effort to pass, in the next session, a code of scientific municipal laws. In its last hours the assembly passed a bill to provide for a commission of three senators and three representatives to undertake this task and to report to the next session a bill embodying the views of the commissioners. Under this act the following commission was named, the presiding officer of each house naming the members of his own body: Senators Trewin, Healy, McIntire and Representatives Dunham, Theophilus, Wilson of Washington. Of the six, only two representatives of the first class. These are McIntire of Ottumwa and Theophilus of Davenport, both of whom are democrats.

One of the tasks imposed upon the board of control by the general assembly is the closing down of the Industrial Home for the Blind at Knoxville. The bill passed by the legislature for the abandonment of this institution, provides it shall be done as soon as practicable. The board will take hold of the matter without delay, and by May 1 expects to close the school and send the inmates to their homes. The effect of the measure will be to put the blind back upon the counties from which they were sent, but in view of the fact the institution has not been a financial success, the only feasible course seemed to be to abandon it. The board so recommended, and the assembly followed the recommendation. The property will not be allowed to run down, as the board is empowered to appoint a custodian of the buildings and grounds.

Considerable delay was also experienced over the passage of the stipulated premium insurance bill which went to a conference committee and was finally agreed to by both houses. It allows assessment life insurance associations to reorganize on the old line plan on a 4 per cent basis, granting them seven years to establish a reserve as required by law. It affects eight Iowa companies and \$30,000,000 of insurance.

Adjournment of the legislature was delayed Friday by a fight in the senate over a joint resolution fixing the salaries of public employees. It was brought in late in the morning. The resolution increases many salaries that were severely cut two years ago, and allows quite a number of extra clerks to state officers. The aggregate increase is about \$10,000. It was the work of the statutory committee, including Senators Junkin, Cheshire and Garst, and Representatives Eaton, Temple and Dows.

The state board of control is already arranging to put into effect the provisions of the new law, which gives it control of the county and private insane asylums of the state. The members of the board, after a conference on the subject, have adopted a plan for determining exactly what new responsibilities are involved under the new law. Secretary Wilkinson has been instructed to communicate with all the county clerks of the state and ascertain what counties have insane in their keeping, and whether they are kept in state, county or private asylums. If county or private asylums are maintained, the clerk will be expected to furnish information as to the number of inmates, the location of the institution, etc. As soon as this information is collected the board will make a tour of inspection, and investigate the condition of all the institutions. There are a few counties in the state which have no insane. There are about twenty-five county asylums in the state, however, and as soon as possible all of these will be visited.

The state auditor's office issued and sent out warrants to the 100 or more banks which advanced money to the fund for transporting the Fifty-first Iowa. While the legislature declined to pay transportation of more than this one regiment, there was a feeling among the members that this refusal would not be accepted as final. It is expected that the same question will come up again at each session of the legislature and, like the New Orleans claims, the John L. Brown claim and other Banquo's ghosts of former sessions, will ultimately secure recognition.

It is roughly estimated at the auditor's office that the legislative session this year, including salaries of members and employees, printing, and all charges properly to be made to that account, cost about \$135,000. This is a little more than the session of two years ago, because the late session was a few days longer, covering eighty-eight days.

The order for the reorganization of the governor's staff has been issued. All the old officers are re-appointed except inspector general, which had been held by General James Rush Lincoln until he became colonel of the Fifty-first Iowa. Major J. A. Olmstead succeeds him.

London has an asylum for lost and starving cats. Last year it cared for eight thousand of these animals.

The hungry actor at the table is willing to take everybody's part.

Kentucky's Squabble.

FRANKFORT, Ky., April 10.—Chief Justice Hazelrigg, of the court of appeals, has granted a writ of error from the decision of the court of appeals to the supreme court of the United States in the contest over the offices of governor and lieutenant-governor. Ex-Governor Bradley and other attorneys for Taylor will go to Washington to present the writ and ask that the case be placed on the docket of the supreme court.

The unexpected seldom happens more than once.

THE PLACE FOR A POOR MAN.

A Harvested Clear and Money Ahead in Two Years.

Alameda, N. W. T., Canada, Dec. 22, 1899.

Mr. B. Davies, Canadian Government Agent, St. Paul, Minn.—Dear Sir: As I promised you about two years ago that at some future time I would let you know what I thought of western Canada and the chances of a poor man making a start and supporting a family at the same time, so will write a few facts concerning my own experience the past twenty-one months; and what I have done, any able-bodied man can do, provided he will work.

I left Traverse country March 20, 1898; landed in Alameda at noon the 21st with \$3.55 in my pocket, a stranger and among strangers, and when my family came in October, 1898, my wife had nearly \$10, or barely enough to pay freight on her stove, sewing-machine and clothes and beds. I commenced work March 28; also made an effort for homestead same day (the man I started work for loaning me \$15 to pay entrance fee), and I have earned or at least received \$478.10 in wages since then and have been idle at least two months of the twenty-one since I came. The homestead I took had twelve acres broke by a former occupant. I paid \$20 to have it replowed in July, '98, and the seed wheat for it cost me \$2.25. I let it to a neighbor for one-half in elevator, clear of all expense except the seed, and this fall I received \$70.10 for my part of the crops off the twelve acres, so my total receipts the past twenty-one months have been \$548.10, and my expenses, besides living for self and family, have been as follows:

Entrance fee (\$5 being paid for cancellation)	15.00
Summer following 12 acres	20.00
Seed for same	8.25
Cost of house, besides my own labor on same	75.85
20 acres of breaking and double-discing same	60.00

My half of wheat	\$179.10
Net expense on homestead	109.00

We moved on our homestead July 10, 1899, have thirty-two acres in good shape for crops in 1900. My wife joins with me in sending best wishes to you and yours.

You can truly say to any poor man who pays a big rent to get a farm (somebody else's land) or works for wages to support a family, that I have personally tried both in Minnesota and tried hard to make a success of it, but found to my sorrow that after working hard a poor living was all I could get out of it, and after nearly two years of western Canadian life I will say that I am very thankful to you for helping me to decide to try in Canada. Yours respectfully,

W. H. KINKADE.

She who faint would guide must learn to follow.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars reward for anyone who can cure a case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O. We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by him. West & Texas, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.; Waldring, Kinnear & Marvin, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75c per bottle. Sold by all druggists. Hall's Family Pills are the best.

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MASON, FENWICK & CO., Patent Lawyers, Washington, D. C.

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Worth \$4 to \$6 compared with other makes.

Endorsed by over 1,000,000 wearers. The genuine have W. L. Douglas's name and price stamped on bottom. Take no substitutes. Claimed to be as good. Your dealer should keep them—if not, we will send a pair on receipt of price and age, extra for carriage. State kind of leather, size, and width, plain or cap toe. Cat. free. W. L. DOUGLAS SHOE CO., Brockton, Mass.

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THE EUREKA CO., Dept. H., Rock Falls, Ill.



THE PERPETUAL PROMISE.

All through the lily perfumed air
The bells of Easter chime
With pardon for our sin sick souls,
The seven and seventeenth time.

Hasten while bells of promise peal,
While surplined cherubs sing,
Lay on the altars of our Lord
Contrition's offering.

The rare pale flowers of love, of faith,
O Christ, the crucified,
Will show 'twas not in vain for us
A loving Savior died.

If any earthly friend for us
In jeopardy had stood,
Ah, would we have to plead and beg
For our poor gratitude?

And must the King of Heaven sue—
Or suffered he in vain,
Upon Calvary's cruel cross,
With all a mortal's pain?

Oh, lay sin's heavy burden down;
He'll bear the cross and send a peace
The world can never give!
POLLY PRY.

MARGARET'S NEW LIFE.

AN EASTER STORY.

The old gray house was filled with sounds of hurrying to and fro, of confusion and sobs and moaning cries, but Margaret knew nothing of it all. The girl had slipped away from every care and was out in the fields delighting in the first faint flush of dawn and the pure air on her cheek. It had been a long while since Margaret had been out of doors.

There was such joy in every step that she could not stop with the fields, but kept on down the road until she



OUR CHILD IS GIVEN BACK.

came to the village where the bells were ringing with gladness for Easter morning, and the children were carrying flowers to church. Margaret entered softly and took her old place in the dim corner, facing the window pictured with the story of Mary in the garden. How good it seemed to be there!

The altar cloth was glistening white, the dim aisles were sweet with the perfume of lilies that filled the chancel, a few silent worshippers knelt at their prayers, and Margaret bowed her own head with thoughts as pure and sweet with gratitude as the breath of the flowers.

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Ah, would we have to plead and beg
For our poor gratitude?

And must the King of Heaven sue—
Or suffered he in vain,
Upon Calvary's cruel cross,
With all a mortal's pain?

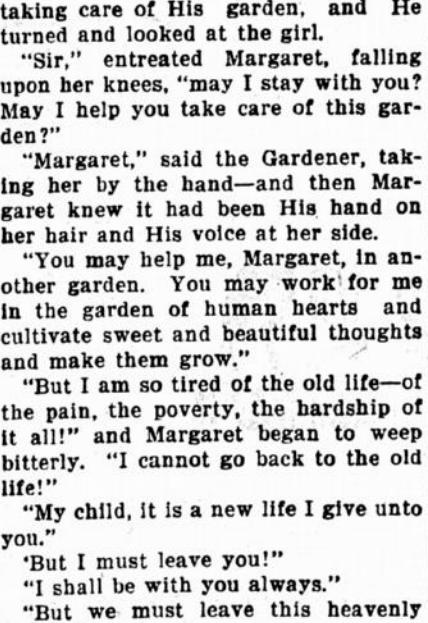
Oh, lay sin's heavy burden down;
He'll bear the cross and send a peace
The world can never give!
POLLY PRY.

MARGARET'S NEW LIFE.

AN EASTER STORY.

The old gray house was filled with sounds of hurrying to and fro, of confusion and sobs and moaning cries, but Margaret knew nothing of it all. The girl had slipped away from every care and was out in the fields delighting in the first faint flush of dawn and the pure air on her cheek. It had been a long while since Margaret had been out of doors.

There was such joy in every step that she could not stop with the fields, but kept on down the road until she



OUR CHILD IS GIVEN BACK.

came to the village where the bells were ringing with gladness for Easter morning, and the children were carrying flowers to church. Margaret entered softly and took her old place in the dim corner, facing the window pictured with the story of Mary in the garden. How good it seemed to be there!

The altar cloth was glistening white, the dim aisles were sweet with the perfume of lilies that filled the chancel, a few silent worshippers knelt at their prayers, and Margaret bowed her own head with thoughts as pure and sweet with gratitude as the breath of the flowers.

THE PERPETUAL PROMISE.

All through the lily perfumed air
The bells of Easter chime
With pardon for our sin sick souls,
The seven and seventeenth time.

Hasten while bells of promise peal,
While surplined cherubs sing,
Lay on the altars of our Lord
Contrition's offering.

The rare pale flowers of love, of faith,
O Christ, the crucified,
Will show 'twas not in vain for us
A loving Savior died.

If any earthly friend for us
In jeopardy had stood,
Ah, would we have to plead and beg
For our poor gratitude?

And must the King of Heaven sue—
Or suffered he in vain,
Upon Calvary's cruel cross,
With all a mortal's pain?

Oh, lay sin's heavy burden down;
He'll bear the cross and send a peace
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Rob Cleverdale's Adventure.

By Seward W. Hopkins.

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CHAPTER IX.—(Continued.)

The unloading began at once, and Captain Elvin took from the hand of Torrevo the tally Rob had made in Brazil.

He looked at it with a keen scrutiny, then his sharp eyes searched Torrevo's face. But he said nothing then.

Rob was compelled by Torrevo to do his part in the unloading the same as before, but this time Torrevo did not beat him. Somewhere, deep down in that outlaw's heart, there was a tender spot, and Rob had found it.

When the cargo was all safely stowed away in the cave, the very dampness of which made Rob shudder at the memory of his former experience, Captain Elvin called Torrevo one side.

"Who wrote this?" he asked, thrusting the paper under Torrevo's nose.

"Why?" asked Torrevo, to gain time. He did not know what was coming.

"Because I want to know," answered Elvin. "This is not your writing. There is not one of your gang that can write like this. Who did it?"

"My nephew," said Torrevo, holding himself up proudly, as if to let Elvin see that there were educated people in his family, and he was proud of the fact. "When we loaded at Rio I was ill. I could not take the tally, and I set my nephew at it. He did it very well, as you see."

"Very well, indeed. And what is the name of this nephew of yours?"

"Ricardo Torrevo—the same as my own."

"M. M. He does not look like you. Where did he get his light complexion?"

"From his mother, Senor Captain. She was an American lady."

"M. M. And how does he stand? Is he with us? Can he be trusted?"

"With our lives. That boy is true as steel. Oh, you need not fear him."

think you are in danger, come here at once. I shall remain here with the schooner for some time, till I know that all is safe. Of course, I won't tell Elvin that. But you will find me here, if you need to escape in a hurry."

Rob thanked the peculiar captain of the "Black Cat," and with the few things he had on board, most of which Torrevo had given him, he rejoined Elvin.

CHAPTER X.

The Englishman saw that the rock was securely placed at the opening of the cave, and then ordered Rob to follow him. He rode off towards the interior, and paid no further attention to the young fellow trudging behind him.

They traveled in this way for several miles, and at last came to an old estate on the plain. There was a stone house, one-story, with many windows and wide porticos. Elvin turned into the avenue that led from the rough and little traveled road, and dismounted at the door of this house. There was little about the place that indicated it to be occupied. The land was not cultivated. There were men about the stables, and one came forward and took the Englishman's horse. The captain then strode in at an open door.

Rob found the place comfortably furnished, but there was nothing about it, even with its interior comfort, that betokened the presence of a family. In fact, this out-of-the-way place was simply the headquarters of Ricardo Elvin and the gang of conspirators of which he was the leader.

They passed into a large room, and the Englishman called for supper. This was soon spread, and Rob ate heartily, for he was hungry after his long and hurried tramp. He was also excessively weary, and the captain noticed this.



THEY TRAVELED SEVERAL MILES.

captain. I would not take him on the "Black Cat" if I did not trust him.

"How much does he know—about our plans, I mean?"

"All that I know. I am not in the secret correspondence, captain."

"No—you drink too much. But, if this nephew can be trusted, I can make good use of him."

Torrevo stared.

"Good use, captain?"

"Yes; bring him here."

Rob still wore the Spanish outfit, as Torrevo had ordered him to do. In fact, his own clothes had been thrown away at sea. That much danger of recognition had been done away with.

"Ricardo," said Torrevo, when Rob had answered his call, "Capt. Elvin speaks well of your work."

"Where did you learn to write?" asked Elvin.

"At school in New York," replied Rob, unthinkingly.

"Is so," said Torrevo, quickly. "His mother spent most of her time there, and Ricardo went to the American schools."

Elvin nodded.

"You come with me, Ricardo," he said. "I need a penman like you."

Rob's heart beat faster, and Torrevo stood aghast. If Elvin took Rob away from him, what might not happen? By a word the young American might let out the secret, and then it would be all up with him and Torrevo.

"Get whatever you have on board," said Elvin, "and come along."

Torrevo and Rob went back to the schooner.

"What's the matter?" he asked. "Are you played out?"

"Yes, captain," said Rob. "I walked fast after your horse."

"Well, go rest yourself. Tomorrow you will have plenty of work."

The plan of the house was commodious, even though it was but one story high. Rob was shown to a comfortable room, in which was a bed and other necessities, and even luxuries, of a bedroom. This room opened off from a larger one, which seemed to be a sort of library or office. There were other rooms like Rob's, all arranged on two sides of a great hall. Three only opened from the office.

Rob was not slow in obeying the captain, and after bathing his aching limbs with cool water he went to bed. He was weary enough to sleep, notwithstanding the new dangers that confronted him. And he did fall asleep and remained in a doze for several hours. He awoke some time in the night, hearing voices outside in the office. The light of the moon came in through the one window of his room, and Rob was enabled to see. He lay there without trying to listen, but suddenly became aware that a voice he knew was speaking. It was Lemuel Starnes.

"Yes," Starnes was saying, "it was a lucky thing for me I got rid of that American cub when I did. Why, if he had ever reached old Horton, it would have been all up with me. And just as I am getting on so well, too. I have gained the old man's confidence, and am well on to that of the girl's. It would be a fine thing, after I work up my case, ingratiate myself with Horton and marry Elsie, to have the old fool leave his wealth to that young cub and leave me out in the cold. No, no. If I win any, I must win all. Some day old Horton will die, and then we shall control the wealth of South America. It was a most fortunate thing that I heard of his coming. It enabled me to meet him at Rio and chuck him overboard."

"What did Horton say about it?" asked Elvin.

"Oh, he was stricken with grief. But that will wear off. Elsie, the little fool, is crying yet. And she never saw the

sub. Well, I'll take that out of her."

"Are you sure no one suspected you?"

Starnes laughed harshly. "Suspect me? Why, I was the most grief-stricken of the lot. When I reported the thing to the captain of the steamer I could scarcely control myself for weeping. And I've been assuaging Elsie's grief and comforting the old man ever since."

"When you are his son-in-law you can do it better."

"Oh! worlds better."

Both laughed.

Rob lay quietly listening to this diabolical conversation. It made the mystery clear to him at last. Starnes was trying to win the hand of his cousin Elsie, to get David Horton's fortune. And he wanted it all. That was the reason he threw Rob overboard—to get him out of the way and leave the path clear for his own plots and plans. Rob clenched his fists and shook with rage at this shameless story. Then fear overcame the rage, and he trembled with apprehension. Truly, he was in a bad fix now. In the very house with his enemy. Oh! if Starnes would only leave before morning.

"What about the letters?" asked Starnes, after a few moments of silence, in which Rob could distinguish the clinking of glasses.

"I suppose you came to write them," answered Elvin.

"Yes."

"Well, I have done better than that. It seems that Torrevo had a nephew with him who was educated in New York. He wrote the tally of the last cargo, and did it so well that I brought him here to write the letters. The plans are ripe now, and we must hurry."

"True enough. But was it safe to bring a stranger into it?"

"He is only a boy. And at any rate it was safer than for you to write them. You must not be known in the thing at all. There is always the possibility of failure, and if the revolution does not succeed, then you will have Horton's money to fall back on. You must not be known even as my son. I would advise you not to come here again, unless something important brings you."

"Just as you say. Had I better stay tonight?"

"No. Get back before daylight, and no questions will be asked. Don't run any risks. The stake you are playing for is worth all the caution you can use. Horton must be worth twenty millions."

"Forty, if a cent. And it will all be mine some day, and a lovely bride in the bargain."

"Well, be careful. I will have the notices sent out in cipher tomorrow, and by the following day the first steps will be taken to overthrow this hateful government."

"Hateful! I should say so."

Rob could now hear the preparations for departure, and soon a horse passed his window. Lemuel bade his father goodnight and rode away.

"I'll show them how to write letters tomorrow," said Rob to himself, as he clenched his fists again. "Perhaps Mr. Lemuel Elvin Starnes won't come out so big as he thinks he will. Oh! wasn't it lucky that Torrevo made me write that tally! Now I can save my uncle and Elsie from the worst villain that ever lived."

It looked so easy to Rob. But there were difficulties of which he was entirely ignorant—difficulties that would blanch his cheek and make his heart almost stop beating when he learned them.

But at least his resolution was good, and proved the nobility of his soul.

(To be continued.)

A STRANGE ROMANCE.

That Connects New York of To-Day With Egypt of 3,000 Years Ago.

A strange romance of history, connecting one of the oldest of lands and civilizations with the youngest of great nations and the most advanced system of government, finds its setting in New York. Three thousand years ago Egypt was one day thrown into a state of excitement by the birth, at the imperial palace, of a princess of the royal line. Not alone was there rejoicing at the advent into the world of a future queen, but the father of the infant, the great Thothmes III., caused to be begun the hewing of an immense obelisk out of solid rock to commemorate the event. Years went by and the maiden blossomed into beautiful womanhood, while the obelisk was being worked upon by hundreds of skilled toilers. When it was at last finished and set up before the royal palace at Heliopolis she spent days in watching the strange hieroglyphics being cut upon it. Nearly all that we know of the history of the world has occurred since then, and yet today, after a lapse of thirty centuries, the body of that Egyptian princess, perfectly preserved, lies in state in the museum in Central Park, and not 200 feet away stands the hoary obelisk as if keeping guard over her remains. Thousands of miles from their former home, these reminders of the glory of dynasties now but a half-forgotten tradition of the remote past are strangely reunited. The obelisk is generally known as "Cleopatra's needle," while the mummy of the princess, whose name was Nefereyt, rests on a sarcophagus in the museum.

Not in His Line.

"So your neck pains you?" said the physician. "Yes, terribly," wailed the patient. "Sorry, sir, but I can't help you. I'm not a specialist in rubber."

—Detroit Free Press.

It is said that worry kills more people than work—probably because more people worry than work.

ICE HILL PARTIES.

Another Winter Amusement in the Camp. The variation from the ordinary form of "ice hill" is to be found in the Russian "ice hills." The rigors of winter in a northern Europe practically compel the inhabitants of that region to find some form of amusement with which to while away the dreary hours of those ice-bound months. Hence, "ice hill parties" are now a national institution throughout the czar's dominions, and cheery functions they are, too. The "ice hill" itself is prepared as follows: They erect a high wooden scaffolding saving a rather steep slope from the top to the ground, and it is then covered with huge symmetrically shaped blocks of ice placed side by side and constantly watered until they become one solid smooth mass. This artificial slide is terminated by a long, narrow plain of ice, just broad enough to allow of three sledges passing each other and of sufficient length to enable a sledge to run by its own impetus to the foot of the next hill. The hills and runs are usually bordered by fir trees, which are thickly hung with colored lights at night. On the day of the party the guests are conveyed to their host's house in special sleighs, and there supplied with rugs, furs and warm drinks, the better to fortify them against the intense cold. They then proceed to the ice hills and seat themselves by twos in the long, narrow iron sleds, which are rendered exceedingly comfortable by reason of the quantity of cushions spread over them. Arriving at the end of the descent each man chooses a different partner for the return run, and then is the competition among the men, each of them striving to secure the belle of the party as his companion. A good dinner is always provided by the host, and the post-prandial sport by artificial light is often the most enjoyable and certainly the most picturesque portion of the whole entertainment.

MRS. ADAIR'S APPEAL.

Mrs. Cornelia Adair, who is now in this country in the interests of the hospital ship Maine, which it may be remembered was provided by American women in England for the nursing of wounded British soldiers in the Boer war, is herself an American, being a daughter of the late Gen. Wadsworth, of Genesee, N. Y., who fell at the battle of the Wilderness. The idea of fitting out a hospital ship originated with a Mrs. Blow, an American, and she, with Lady Randolph Churchill, formed a committee of American women in London to carry it out. The sum of \$155,000 was raised in a short time. At this juncture B. N. Baker, of Baltimore, Md., president of the Atlantic Transport company, offered the steamship Maine and its crew to the committee, to be used as a hospital ship as long as the war lasted. This gift represented an outlay of between \$15,000 and \$20,000 a month. To equip the vessel the committee expended \$125,000, and as it costs some \$15,000 a month to keep the ship in service, Mrs. Adair, who in the absence of Lady Randolph Churchill, is the head of the committee, comes here to interest Americans in the work. Mrs. Adair is well known in the fashionable society of New York and Newport. Her first husband was a Mr. Ritchie, of Boston. In 1867 she married John Adair, who was one of the great land magnates of Ireland and high sheriff of the County Donegal. She is very wealthy in her own right. Mrs. Adair, in an appeal to the Irish in this country, mentions the fact that years ago, when famine was raging in Ireland, her father chartered a ship,



MRS. CORNELIA ADAIR.

filled it with corn from his lands at Genesee and sent it across the Atlantic to help the starving peasantry.

Disease in the Dutch Navy. Uncle Sam's sailors in Philippine wars seem to have been particularly fortunate in escaping from the most part of the diseases which prey upon sailors of her navies in tropical waters. In a marine service in Holland in 1897 ere were admitted to the hospitals 304 malarial cases in an average length of 50,167. The record for that year was unusual, the average for the preceding years having been only 1,000. In 1897 cholera caused 161 admissions to the hospitals, with 106 deaths among the Europeans.

Unexplored Regions of the Earth. Throughout the entire world there are about 20,000,000 square miles of unexplored territory. In Africa there are 300,000 square miles; Arctic regions, 300,000; Antarctic regions, 53,000,000; Africa, 2,000,000; Australia, 2,000,000; Asia, 200,000, and various islands, 3,000.

Announcemet Cards.

Please announce my name as a candidate for the office of county clerk subject to the decision of the republican county convention.

John C. Tate.

Please announce my name as a candidate for county auditor subject to republican county convention.

Fred A. Cope.

Please announce my name as a candidate for Justice of Peace of Des Moines Township, subject to the decision of the republican county convention.

John L. Thompson.

TO-MORROW.

The Twentieth Century, we hear of it people talk, write, read, preach, pray and warn us of its appalling dangers and enshrine us with its glittering promises, the dawn of this much discussed century, is almost here, what is it to be? None of us know, it is clear however, that it is to be a marvelous hundred years the greatest this old world has ever known. The Nineteenth Century has been every way wonderful, what invention have been perfected, these we know have changed the face of civilization. The turning of the water-wheel the snort of the locomotives, the click of the telegraph, the flash of the electric-light what have they not done? The era of invention have not come to an end. It will from now on project itself with admiral vigor into the new century, but that new era will be marked chiefly by the triumph of moral forces, it will dawn in midst of us, as it is said, "Great thinking predicts great doing" all great reforms begin in sober reflection. There is nothing more striking in modern life than the vast multiplication of studious men, social, industrial, political and moral questions are being studied as never before, we are told that we in a period of trusts and great combines, on the other hand in the superior fact that everywhere men are thinking on the subjects of justice and injustice of press social institutions and on the true right and liberties of man. In our midst the scholars who are all aglow with these moral problems and the victory being to the strongest these scholars will shape the conditions of the future, and thinking of the scholar today make a policy for to-morrow.

SIMON TERRY.
Boone, Ia.

Subscribe for the Bystander.

MUCHAKINOCK NEWS.

The Thompson coal mine leased by Perkins & Son, who have had it in charge about five years, was rented to the Powell Bros. this first of last January for a period of three months. Their time expired April 1st, and now Perkins & Son have full charge of the mine again and are contemplating on doing business all summer.

Mr. Alice Massey, who kept the Muchakinock Bakery and Restaurant, left last Monday for Ottumwa where she expects to make her home. Mrs. Massey sold out to Mrs. A. Perkins who taken the Bakery and Restaurant in charge immediately. Mrs. Perkins will also serve ice cream in due season Cedar Grove Lodge No. 18, Masons and Court, had their annual sermon preached Sunday afternoon by the Rev. J. A. Bingaman who preached an able sermon. The Lodge formed in line in front of Harris' Hall at 3:00 p. m., accompanied by the M. C. Band of 26 pieces, and marched to the Union Valley Baptist church where the sermon was preached. After the order had gone through their regular performance the band gave a selection, after which Rev. J. A. Bingaman, pastor of the U. V. B. church, was introduced and read a part of the scripture; the choir sang a selection, and Rev. Williamson, pastor of the A. M. E. church, offered prayer. After the sermon a collection was taken for the benefit of lodge and church. The lodge again formed in line and marched to their hall headed by the M. C. band.

Mrs. J. A. Bingaman and two children are here visiting at this writing, the guest of Mrs. C. R. Foster.

Rev. Jones of Centerville filled the pulpit of Rev. J. A. Bingaman Sunday evening and delivered an able sermon. After the regular collection of the church was taken a special collection was taken for Rev. Jones which was very liberally given.

Mrs. Abram Hurt and family arrived last week from Yale Kansas to locate here permanently.

Mrs. R. L. Hale spent Sunday at the new mine across the river, and says it is a very nice place.

The Brooks' Orchestra played April the 10th for a ball given by the Independent Order of Odd Fellows here.

ALBIA NEWS.

Elder Jason Bundy was present at the Quarterly meeting held here on Sunday. Mr. Andy Jeffers and Cisco Jeffers of Hamilton attended Quarterly meeting in Albia.

Mrs. Mason and daughter Mrs. Ambros Morris and Mrs. Jack Taylor and Mrs. Taylor passed through Albia on last Monday on their way to Knoxville to attend the funeral of her son Mr. Creed Mason.

Mr. Hillie Carter of Cleveland spent a few hours in Albia on last Tuesday visiting among his friends.

Subscribe for the Bystander.

CEDAR RAPIDS BUDGETARIAN.

Spring has come at last. The Seward board met on the 10th to arrange for an entertainment to be given in the near future.

The large Easter hours will render some excellent music at the A. M. E. church Sunday, before and attend. The Sunday School also present a nice programme in the afternoon.

Rev. Bass preached an excellent sermon to the Silver Leaf Court on Palm Sunday. April 4th was Mrs. W. H. Raspberry's birthday and in remembrance of the fact the members of the Industrial Circle of which she is a member planned a surprise on her which was successfully carried out all the members were present and a most enjoyable time was had until 4:30 when lunch was served by Mesdames S. V. Holley and Geo. Tyler.

Mr. and Mrs. M. A. Pierce entertained the Industrial Circle and Silver Leaf Court on the 7th inst in honor of their 30th. Wedding Anniversary. The hostess was assisted in serving by Mrs. Emery. Those present report an excellent time. The teacher's meeting was held last Thursday evening with Mrs. Della Marshall.

Rev. Bass expects to attend the General Conference next month and while there he will also visit his family in Toledo Ohio.

Mrs. Geo. H. Wade anticipates a visit from her brother Wm. Johnson of Chicago sometime next month.

Again we say when you have any news that you desire to see or have in the Bystander please hand it in to the Agent at 1022 S. 7th street not later than Tuesdays of each week and stop complaining about not having certain news in. The Agent cannot always know everything going on without some information from others, and remember that anything happening after Tuesdays will not be in the paper, the same week.

In almost every neighborhood there is some one whose life has been saved by Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, or who has been cured of chronic diarrhoea by the use of that medicine. Such persons, make a point of telling of it whenever opportunity offers, hoping that it may be the means of saving other lives. For sale by all Druggists.

FRASER.

Died—On April the 8th at 4:00 A. M. Mr. C. C. Jinken of heart failure and was buried Monday, the Rev. J. Underwood officiating. Mr. Jinkens was a member of the Baptist church and also a member of the K. P. Lodge. He was 44 years old, and leaves a wife and one child. Mrs. Jinken was visiting her sister Mrs. Barefield in Saylor when she received notice of the death of her husband.

Mrs. Eliza Bell returned to her home in Des Moines last Wednesday.

Mr. J. Barefield and son Charlie of Saylor were called to Fraser by the death of her brother-in-law Mr. Jinkens, Mr. Walter Johnson of Saylor also attended the funeral.

Mr. Lee Garret and C. Grimmert were in Saylor Sunday and returned Monday.

Mrs. C. Thomas is visiting her brother Mr. A. Morris of the Mercy Hospital Des Moines.

Mrs. A. Ames' baby and sister Miss Ada Roey left Wednesday for Colorado, to join her husband Mr. S. Ames.

Mr. McGregory of Saylor was in the city last week but returned Wednesday taking with him his family.

Mr. S. Mitchell and Mr. J. Holt left last week for Saylor where Mr. Holt will join his wife.

Rev. E. Roey left Friday for Ft. Madison to help carry on the revival meetings, he returned Monday to attend the funeral of Mr. Jinkens, but arrived to late.

Messrs Webb and Sheldon are on the sick list.

SHANK BROS.,

Funeral Directors
517 Mulberry St.

Telephones 686, 688 and 689.

DES MOINES, IOWA.

REMARKABLE CURE

OF RHEUMATISM.

KENNA, Jackson Co. W. Va. About three years ago my wife had an attack of rheumatism which confined her to her bed for over a month and rendered her unable to walk a step without assistance, her limbs being swollen to double their normal size. Mr. S. Maddox insisted on my using Chamberlain's Pain Balm. I purchased a fifty-cent bottle and used it according to the directions and the next morning she walked to breakfast without assistance in any manner, and she has not had a similar attack since—A. B. PARSONS. For sale by all Druggists.

If troubled with rheumatism, give Chamberlain's Pain Balm a trial. It will not cost you a cent if it does no good. One application will relieve the pain. It also cures sprains and bruises in one-third the time required by any other treatment. Cuts, burns, frost-bites, quinsy, pains in the side and chest, glandular and other swellings are quickly cured by applying it. Every bottle warranted. Price 25 and 50 cts. For sale by all Druggists.

Easter Millinery Opening Continued all next week,

No description can do justice the vast collection of beautiful and stylish trimmed hats that we are showing. The display is brilliant and of rare merit. You'll find styles here that mirror the thoughts of the best milliners of Europe and America.

We have created pretty and dainty cooners in stylish and becoming millinery, made of the best material, for as little money as possible, and the numerous sales at our opening this week show that the shoppers appreciate these facts.

SUSIE BRADLEY,

703 LOCUST STREET.

BLOTCKY BROS.

327-333 EAST FIFTH STREET.

Extraordinary Easter Offerings

Ladies' Silk Waists

A beautiful Satin Waist, made up in the very latest of style, of good Quality Satin, you see the same in the large stores at \$4.98 on bargain days—Our price is only.....\$3.98
Ladies' Silk Waists in plain and fancy plaid, also a line of Black Japan Waists—some of them are in value up to \$4.00—Your choice this week.....\$3.25

Waist Silks

See value Japan Silk in all the new shades and colors.....39c
This week only.....89c
The very latest Fancy Striped Waist Silk, a good new line to select from. You see them at our competitors' at 98c on Bargain days. Our price.....69c
This sale.....

Lace Curtains

Extra good Nottingham curtains
Per pair.....48c

Full length Nottingham curtains in very pretty patterns, \$1.00, 75c—.....69c
and.....
Good 3/4 yd long Curtains in Brussels and Irish effects, \$1.75 value—.....\$1.25
for.....
\$3.00 value Point D'Esprit and Gigue effects in the newest and handsome designs, full 3/4 yards long, extra good width, buttonhole stitched edges, large assortment to select from—.....\$1.98
This sale.....
\$1.50 value Ladies' Dongola Kid Dress Shoes—made good and solid throughout—have patent tips and latest heels and toes—per pair.....89c
only.....
\$2.50 value Ladies' Very Dressy Shoes—have silk vesting, kid vamps and fancy heel facing—latest up-to-date style—choice only.....\$1.48
\$3.00 value hand welt Vici Kid extra dress Shoes—as handsome as any \$3.50 Shoes—have solid stock tips and fancy foxing—all sizes—only.....\$1.98

The Affairs of Europe

are faithfully portrayed in the original and exclusive cable dispatches which THE CHICAGO RECORD prints daily from the leading capitals of the old world. This magnificent special service is in process of being greatly extended so as to include every important city in Europe; and it is supplemented by the full regular cable service of The Associated Press.

The Chicago Record, alone of all American newspapers outside New York city, now prints original and exclusive cable dispatches daily from the leading capitals of Europe.

SAYING SWEET THINGS

at the table is easy when you are praising the delicious cakes with deserts, ice cream, or for supper or luncheon, made from our SNOW-DRIFT pastry flour and FALCON flour. The richest, daintiest and lightest cakes of all kinds are made from these flours. Ask your grocer for them; if they do not have them they will procure them for you.

Made and guaranteed by SHANK BROS. & MOTT CO.

Des Moines, Iowa.



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NOTICE OF EXPIRATION OF RIGHT OF REDEMPTION FROM TAX SALE.

To John Q. Thompson:

You are hereby notified that the following described real estate, situated in Polk county, Iowa, to-wit: Lot 14, block 3, Fairview addition, now included in and forming a part of the city of Des Moines, Iowa, was sold for taxes of 1893 on the 4th day of December, 1894 to J. S. Coskery. That the certificate of purchase thereof has been assigned to and is now owned by B. F. Loose, and that the right of redemption will expire and a treasurer's deed for said real estate will be made unless redemption from such sale be made within ninety days from the date of completed service of this notice. You will govern yourself accordingly.

Dated the 12th day of March, A. D. 1900.

B. F. LOOSE.

By Ezra D. Marshall, attorney.

NOTICE OF EXPIRATION OF RIGHT OF REDEMPTION FROM TAX SALE.

To J. P. Baumgardner:

You are hereby notified that the following described real estate, situated in Polk county, Iowa, to-wit: Lot 11, Ozone Ridge, now included in and forming a part of the city of Des Moines, Iowa, was sold for taxes of 1895, on the 9th day of December, 1896, to George G. Wright; that he assigned the same to D. T. Patton, trustee. That the certificate of purchase thereof has been assigned to and is now owned by B. F. Loose, and that the right of redemption will expire, and a treasurer's deed for said real estate will be made unless redemption from such sale be made within ninety days from the date of completed service of this notice. You will govern yourself accordingly.

Dated November 23, A. D. 1899.

B. F. LOOSE.

By Ezra D. Marshall, attorney.

NOTICE OF EXPIRATION OF RIGHT OF REDEMPTION FROM TAX SALE.

To J. P. Baumgardner:

You are hereby notified that the following described real estate, situated in Polk county, Iowa, to-wit: Lot 12, Ozone Ridge, now included in and forming a part of the city of Des Moines, Iowa, was sold for taxes of 1895, on the 9th day of December, 1896, to George G. Wright, who assigned the same to D. T. Patton, trustee. That the certificate of purchase thereof has been assigned to and is now owned by B. F. Loose, and that the right of redemption will expire, and a treasurer's deed for said real estate will be made unless redemption from such sale be made within ninety days from the date of completed service of this notice. You will govern yourself accordingly.

Dated the 23d day of November, A. D. 1899.

B. F. LOOSE.

By Ezra D. Marshall, attorney.

NOTICE OF EXPIRATION OF RIGHT OF REDEMPTION FROM TAX SALE.

To J. R. Sheeley:

You are hereby notified that the following described real estate, situated in Polk county, Iowa, to-wit: Lot 15, block 4, Foundry addition, now included in and forming part of the city of Des Moines, Iowa, was sold for taxes of 1893, on the 4th day of December, 1894, to W. G. Hamlin, who assigned same to J. S. Coskery. That the certificate of purchase is now owned by B. F. Loose, and that the right of redemption will expire, and a treasurer's deed for said real estate will be made unless redemption from such sale be made within ninety days from the date of completed service of this notice. You will govern yourself accordingly.

Dated this 23d day of November,

A. D. 1899.

B. F. LOOSE.

By Ezra D. Marshall, attorney.

Venice has had three international art exhibitions since 1895, and all of them have been successful. The last one, which closed on Nov. 13, occasioned the sale of \$70,000 worth of paintings, 19 per cent of which went into the pockets of non-Italian artists.

SEND ONE DOLLAR

Get this ad. out and send to us and we will send you this **HIGH GRADE A CME 600-LB. PLATFORM SCALE** by freight, C. O. D., subject to examination. You can examine it at your freight depot and if found perfectly satisfactory, exactly as represented, and equal to scales that retail at \$55.00, pay the railroad agent our special price, \$27.50, less the \$1.00, or \$26.50 and freight charges. The shipping weight is 155 lbs. and the freight will average 75c for each 100 miles and we guarantee safe delivery. **THIS SCALE** is made of heavy iron plates, and is guaranteed to last a lifetime. Will weigh 600 lbs. by using all weights furnished. Brass beam weighs 50 lbs., has Stevens' Brass Sliding Pivots. Platform is 142 1/2 inches, resting on adjustable cast-iron bearings, has Denton steel pivots, most sensitive, accurate and durable scale made. Mounted on four large wheels, they are nicely painted and ornamented and beautifully finished throughout. Every farmer will save twice the cost in one season by weighing the grain he sells and buys. **ORDER AT ONCE** before the price is advanced. Catalogue of scales free for the asking. Address: Sears, Roebuck & Co., Inc., Chicago, Ill. (Sears, Roebuck & Co. are thoroughly reliable.—Editor.)

OPPORTUNITIES FOR BUSINESS

At towns on the new lines of the Chicago & North-Western Railway are summarized in a pamphlet that may be obtained upon application to Agents of the C. & N. W. R'y., or the General Passenger and Ticket Agent, 23 Fifth Ave., Chicago, Ill.

MASON'S, Bonnets and Hats.

A number of millionaires in England is not so great as one might believe. According to the report of the income-tax officials there are in England seventy-one persons with an annual income of \$250,000 over 1,100 draw \$50,000 annually, and only about 10,000 have an income of \$10,000.

NEW IOWA LAWS

MANY IMPORTANT CHANGES MADE

General Resume of Work of the Retiring Twenty-eighth General Assembly.

With the adjournment of the Twenty-eighth general assembly many new laws are left upon the statute books of Iowa. The number cannot be exactly ascertained at this writing, as the enrolling clerks of the two houses are still at work, but there will be between two and three hundred of them. Most important of the new laws are the ones relating to taxation, including the insurance taxation measure, the law applying the unit mileage system of taxation to express companies, and to others providing for the taxation of telegraph and telephone corporations as the railroads of the state are now taxed. Then there is the revision of the building and loan laws, including the measure restricting these associations as they have never before been restricted in Iowa.

Next to these in importance are the appropriation measures, the largest in years, because of the healthy condition of the state treasury and the large demands made. As nearly as can be estimated the amount of all extraordinary appropriations will exceed somewhat the sum of \$1,000,000. Of course the biggest items are the board of control appropriations, which aggregate \$764,174.33 and those for the educational institutions amounting to \$410,800. It is believed that the special appropriations can be met by a levy of 2.5 mills, exclusive of the levy of one-tenth of a mill for the State University of Agriculture and Mechanical Arts.

Among the important measures passed is the T. H. Jones resolution providing for biennial elections in Iowa which will go to the people next fall at the general election. The hunters' license law, the new law relating to the unit mileage measure, the two pardons granted, and the establishment of a reformatory for women are among the miscellaneous items of state-wide interest. The NEWS prints a synopsis of the new laws this evening. Those containing publication clauses are already laws. The others will go into effect in July.

Building and Loan Bill.

S. F. 211—Recodifies the building and loan laws of the state. This bill provides that no building and loan association shall issue fully paid stock or guaranty stock. If these associations, or any of them, are in stock out of them, they must retire it by January 1, 1901. All expenditures and expenses of these associations must in the future be taken out of the funds, and premiums earned, the expenses in no case to exceed 2 per cent per annum on \$100,000, nor more than 2 1/2 per cent on sums between \$100,000 and \$500,000, and not more than 2 1/2 per cent upon amounts between \$500,000 and \$1,000,000. In no case shall such expenses in one year exceed \$12,500. The new law also provides a very small fine for delinquencies. Withdrawing members shall receive all dues paid in unless there has been a loss, when it will be necessary for them to sue. In such cases as other members do. By a vote of three-fourths of the directors of any association, non-paying members may be compelled to withdraw by being paid back value. One of the most important provisions is the limit of 8 per cent which is placed on the interest rate which can be collected by these associations in the future. Associations of this kind may consolidate by a three-fourths vote, or may go into liquidation by a vote of a majority of the directors. Any association which is not a member of the Iowa Building and Loan Association cannot be forced upon, the attorney general must be applied to, and he will appoint a receiver. In both cases the action must be approved by the court. All associations must change their articles to conform to this law by July 15, 1900.

Insurance Taxation Bill.

S. F. 252—Ways and means committee bill—Provides new law for the taxation of Iowa insurance companies. The bill leaves the one per cent tax of gross receipts of these companies as it is provided for under the old laws governing them. Aside from this a local tax is imposed on all companies, except corporations organized with capital stock, fidelity mutuals, and fraternal beneficiary associations, or organizations for pecuniary profit. For the purpose of the local assessment these companies are to furnish the district assessors on or before January 16 of each year, a statement which must be a duplicate of the statement required by law to be made annually by the auditor of state, viz., a detailed statement of all its property and assets and the amount of each item, including surplus, guaranty, and reserve fund and the amount of each. And all this property is to be assessed as the property of private individuals under section 1305 of the code. In taxing the monies and credits of every insurance corporation, except county mutuals and fraternal beneficiary associations, or organizations for pecuniary profit, the debtors' liabilities are to be deducted as provided for in section 1311 of the code, but in ascertaining the indebtedness or liability of any such corporation, a debt shall be deemed to exist on account of its liability on policies, certificates or other contracts of insurance issued by the company in question, equal to the amount of the surplus or other funds accumulated by such corporation pursuant to law, its contracts of insurance or its articles of incorporation for the purpose of fulfilling its policies, certificates or other contracts of insurance, and which can be used for no other purpose. All companies paying to the state treasurer by May 1, 1900, the amount which they have been compelled to pay the treasurer had this act been in force prior to that date, will have its annual certificate renewed. The local tax, which may have been assessed against the companies before this law, will be in effect to be corrected to meet the demands of the new law. On presentation of the receipt from the state treasurer that the one per cent tax is paid. Any company failing to do this is not relieved of any local or municipal tax heretofore levied. Publication clause.

State Department of Agriculture.

S. F. 165—Creates a state department of agriculture, under which is to be grouped the local agricultural societies that receive aid from the state, the weather and crop service, the dairy commission and the state veterinary department. The department is to be managed by a board called the State Board of Agriculture, consisting of a president, vice president, secretary and treasurer, and one director for each congressional district, in addition to the governor, president of the college of agriculture, dairy commissioner and state veterinarian. The board may hold state fairs, and state farmers' institutes in connection with the annual convention in which delegates from each department under the department are entitled to representation. It is to have supervision over all kinds of agricultural interests, investigate all subjects connected therewith, and reports of contagious diseases among domestic animals, destruction of insects and diseases affecting vegetation. The Iowa agricultural experiment station is to co-operate with the department. It is to elect a secretary who receives an annual salary of \$1,500. A year book is to be gotten out by the department. It is to be an elaborate affair, and contain much valuable information pertaining to the agricultural interests of the state. An annual appropriation of \$2,000 is made for the department. \$1,000 to be used for insurance on the state fair grounds which are to be under the new department. State Library Commission.

S. F. 2—Creates a library commis-

sion to promote the establishment and efficiency of free public libraries in Iowa, and to further the work of the state traveling library. The governor is to appoint four persons to serve on the commission, two of whom must be women, who with the state librarian, superintendent of public instruction and president of the State University are to give advice and counsel to all free libraries and public school libraries, and to all committees who may wish to establish them, and it may send its members to aid in organizing libraries and co-operate with the trustees of the state library in developing the traveling library. All free and public school libraries are to report to the commission, and it is to furnish the secretary of state information for publication in the Iowa official register. The commission is to have a secretary with a salary to be decided upon by the members, and its office is to be with the state librarian. Members of the commission receive only traveling and incidental expenses in prosecuting the work. The secretary is to be chosen outside the membership, and his salary is limited to \$2,000 annually. The sum of \$2,000 per annum is appropriated for carrying on the work of the commission.

Iowa Medical Students.

S. F. 43—Provides for a committee from the board of medical examiners to visit all the recognized medical schools of the state and examine graduates for admission to practice. Heretofore examinations have been held in Des Moines before the examining board, and the fee for admission from \$20 to \$10. Publication clause.

Soldiers' Pension Money.

H. F. 252—Provides that pension money shall not be withheld from inmates of Iowa Soldiers' Home in the future, except on two conditions. In case any member is twice convicted of crime or of a breach of rules of the home, he is required to deposit his pension money with the commandant, who is to send half to any dependent relatives, and dispose of the remainder as the pensioner dictates, approved by the state board of control. When the depositor is discharged from the home the money he has deposited is to be paid to him after thirty days. Any inmate of the home having wife or minor children shall deposit half of his pension to go to them. Publication clause.

Hunters' License Law.

H. F. 132—Hunters' license law. It requires all persons not residents of Iowa who desire to kill game birds, or any of them, in this state, to procure a license from the county auditor, for which they shall pay ten dollars to the treasurer and fifty cents to the auditor. Having obtained such license they may hunt in the county, and shall receive certificates during the open season for not more than one year, the county auditor having power to revoke the certificate for good cause. Persons having this license may take from the state not to exceed 25 game birds or animals killed by them, and they must be carried openly for inspection. Penalty for violating this law is a fine of not less than \$25, nor more than \$100, or imprisonment in the county jail not more than thirty days. Fines and license money to be credited by treasurer to fund to be known as "game protection fund" to be used in enforcing the law. Publication clause.

Consolidation of the Libraries.

S. F. 218—Consolidates the miscellaneous part of the state library with the historical department after January 1, 1900, under the state librarian, the historical department to be under the curator, and the law library under an assistant. Salaries are fixed at \$1,000 for the librarian, \$1,200 for the curator, and \$1,200 for the assistant. Council is authorized to procure furniture and fixtures and pay for same. The sum of \$1,000 is appropriated for the historical department, and \$2,500 for the law, each annually. Publication clause.

Election Laws Changed.

H. F. 8—Provides that the polls at state elections shall be kept open until 7 p. m. The old law provided that they close at 6 p. m. Publication clause.

H. F. 201—Authorizes the use of voting machines in Iowa.

H. F. 291—Provides that the writing of a cross opposite a blank space on the ballot without writing in the name, date, or the writing of the name without the cross opposite it, or any marking in the squares below the circle shall not invalidate the ballot of the voter.

H. F. 348—Provides for registration of voters at all city or special elections, so that no voter coming in at the last general election may vote.

Some New Penalties.

S. F. 90—Makes train robbery, or attempt at it, punishable by imprisonment for from ten years up to life. Publication clause.

S. F. 88—Brings injury for posts for electric lights or electric railways within the purview of the statute prohibiting malicious mischief to public conveniences.

S. F. 25—Makes the use of blasphemous or obscene language a misdemeanor, and of indictable offense as under the present law.

S. F. 194—Makes the passenger boat inspection law applicable to motor boats, and gives the state power as well as steam. Publication clause.

H. F. 183—Brings the violation of laws governing steamboats under the public highway within the jurisdiction of the justices of the peace. This reduces the penalty, but it is believed will insure better enforcement of the law.

H. F. 9—Places steamboat owners under the same regulations as hotel and inn keepers now are. Publication clause.

H. F. 136—Prohibits "panoriums" or other cleaning works where gasoline or other explosives are used for cleaning purposes, in any building used as a residence. Publication clause.

Pertaining to Cities.

H. F. 56—Gives Des Moines park commissioners control of the Des Moines river, bed and banks between the city works and the upper limits of Union park. The board is authorized to use its funds in improving and beautifying the banks for use and pleasure of the citizens, and all in the river banks and otherwise improve and preserve them, construct a low dam, bridges, landings, bath houses, etc. It has exclusive use of the water held between the two dams when the lower one is constructed, and may prohibit the taking of water by riparian owners. The city of Des Moines is authorized to aid the park commissioners in all its general funds. Publication clause.

S. F. 123—Empowers cities and towns to suppress, restrain and prohibit gambling houses, and may punish gamblers, restrain or prohibit gambling games or devices; may authorize the destruction of gambling devices, and may punish gamblers. The new law goes a step farther. Publication clause.

S. F. 124—Provides for the maintenance of a two-mill tax for the purchase of ground and erection of library buildings, applicable to all cities and towns. The two-mill tax has been levied by cities of the second-class and towns, and the improvement tax of three mills to cities of the first-class of 25,000 population or more.

S. F. 83—Requires that assessment for building permanent sidewalks be certified to the county auditor for the purpose of levying a tax thereon. It further provides that in cities under special charter the clerk shall certify the assessment to the city collector or treasurer.

H. F. 9—Gives cities of 20,000 or over the power to elect park commissioners and pay them \$100 a year. Present law provides this privilege to cities of 10,000 or over. Bill in the interest of Clinton, which has little less than 25,000 population. Publication clause.

H. F. 6—Authorizes an increase of the

tax levied for park purposes in cities of the first-class from two to three mills annually, and grants to boards of supervisors the right to levy an additional tax of not more than one mill. The bill was introduced in the interests of Des Moines parks.

S. F. 67—Amends the code in relation to the powers of library trustees. Extending the use of free public libraries in cities and towns to residents of rural districts.

S. F. 40—Grants cities and towns the right to sell heat from electric light plants and gas works.

S. F. 131—Makes minimum rate of interest which waterworks funds may draw 3 per cent. Money held in trust for the purchase of waterworks must not draw less than 4 per cent interest. The bill applies to cities under special charter.

H. F. 374—Makes a slight change in the limitation governing the revocation of permits in cities under special charters.

S. F. 341—Provides for the election of assessors in new towns by the council in certain cases.

S. F. 254—Authorizes cities to levy sewer taxes in one sewer district for maintenance of sewer system, instead of making entire city support one system, as now.

S. F. 140—Authorizes cities to build a drainage system of sewerage, instead of providing the cost does not exceed 40 per cent per linear foot.

S. F. 38—Limits indebtedness of cities to one and one-fourth the actual value of the property returned by the last assessment list.

S. F. 115—Provides that special assessments in cities shall not exceed the benefits accruing to abutting property, and in no case shall exceed 25 per cent of the value of the property.

S. F. 116—Provides that city councils sitting as boards of registration shall be paid out of the city instead of the county funds.

S. F. 138—Requires the keeping of personal delinquent taxes in a separate record.

Some of the Appropriations.

S. F. 12—Appropriates \$3500 to pay additional employees of the Twenty-eighth general assembly. Publication clause.

S. F. 10—Appropriates \$2,000 for the support of the State Historical society of Iowa for next biennial period.

S. F. 73—Appropriates \$2,500 for the purchase of 30 railroad commissioners' official maps to be distributed by members of the general assembly and the railroad commissioners.

S. F. 102—Provides for a commission of thirty-five to locate position of Iowa regiments in the siege of Vicksburg, and appropriate \$2,500 for expenses. It is to report to the governor by the 15th of January, 1902.

S. F. 155—Appropriates \$1,600 to pay state freight on exhibits to Iowa state fairs.

S. F. 161—Appropriates \$500 to defray the expenses of the inauguration ceremony of the governor.

H. F. 101—Authorizes the state auditor to issue a warrant for \$25 to Mrs. Mary E. McCully, widow of Hon. H. M. McCully, for her services as secretary of the Marion county in the Twenty-seventh general assembly. The money is the balance due him as member of the assembly.

S. F. 18—Appropriates \$1,400 for the supreme court contingent expenses. Publication clause.

S. F. 205—Appropriates \$2,455.53 for the Industrial Home for the Blind at Knoxville. Publication clause.

H. F. 76—Reimburses Jones county in the sum of \$1,000 for expenses incurred in prosecution of escaped criminals.

S. F. 201—Appropriates \$1,000 for the first education fund at Clinton, and the deaf, dumb and blind ward of the state.

H. F. 106—Appropriates \$50,000 to locate and remove to Iowa soldiers on the battlefield of Shiloh. Publication clause.

S. F. 235—Appropriates \$2,000 for the completion of the classification of the state library. Publication clause.

H. F. 82—Provides that national guardsmen of the state shall be paid \$100 a month, and that the state shall pay the cost of their transportation to and from the state.

H. F. 406—Appropriates \$764,174.33 for the support of the thirteen state institutions under the state board of control.

S. F. 100—Appropriates \$10,000 for the support of the three educational institutions in Iowa.

S. F. 201—Appropriates \$15,000 for fish and game.

S. F. 47—Appropriates \$2,000 for the completion of the state historical building.

S. F. 60—Appropriates \$5,000 for the erection of a monument to Sergeant Charles Floyd.

S. F. 45—Appropriates \$2,100 for returning the remains of the state board of control.

S. F. 238—Appropriates \$500 to reimburse Judge John P. Oliver for costs incurred in the state in contesting the will of the late Baxter Whiting, who left a bequest to the Soldiers' Orphans' Home at Davenport.

S. F. 201—Appropriates \$10,000 for the return of the Fifty-first Iowa to Council Bluffs from San Francisco.

S. F. 128—Appropriates \$10,000 for Benedict Home, Des Moines.

S. F. 306—Increases the per capita support fund at Mitchellville from \$10 to \$12, and appropriates \$300 for services of a chaplain.

H. F. 34—Appropriates \$1,600 to the estate of William Parks, uninherited and escheated, and to be paid in the state treasury. Publication clause.

S. F. 292—Increases the support of the state historical department \$4,000.

S. F. 346—Provides that the state shall pay the expenses of a commission appointed by the governor to look up needed repairs and improvements for the capitol building, and report to the governor by the first of next December.

Changes in School Laws.

S. F. 109—Gives school corporations of more than 5,000 population the right to fix the number of voting precincts at any school election. Limit was formerly five. In the interest of Des Moines school election. Publication clause.

H. F. 7—Enables school corporations to accept of a bequest of the estate of Ottumwa, which wanted to accept a library from Andrew Carnegie. Publication clause.

S. F. 136—Requires treasurer of school townships and rural districts to withhold annually from school apportionment from five to fifteen cents for each child of the township or district, to be used for the purpose of a commission to look up needed repairs and improvements for the capitol building, and report to the governor by the first of next December.

H. F. 133—Provides that unless otherwise ordered by the board of education the school superintendent shall have charge of school text-books and their distribution among the depositors selected by the board, and shall render an account thereof to the board.

S. F. 116—Makes petition of one-third of school directors sufficient to secure an order for an election on the question of text-books in county or outside of cities and towns. The present law makes petition signed by one-half directors necessary.

S. F. 136—Gives counties authority to loan the permanent school fund in sums of \$3,000 at no less a rate than five per cent, and at not more than three per cent interest, and give the counties 1 per cent for handling it. New law allows them one-half per cent. Publication clause.

H. F. 107—Authorizes sub-directors to employ teachers for the schools in his district.

S. F. 310—Authorizes boards of directors to call special meetings of the electors of school districts, with full powers. At present, this can only be done by the board of directors.

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amissions without the presence of the board, or to appoint some one with authority to do the same.

S. F. 271—Authorizes school corporations to accept of a bequest of the estate of Ottumwa, which wanted to accept a library from Andrew Carnegie. Publication clause.

H. F. 204—Authorizes secretary of school corporations to call special elections when boards are reduced below a quorum by resignation or otherwise.

Iowa Educational Institutions.

S. F. 10—Extends the levy of a special tax of one-tenth of a mill for the support of the State University for another five years.

H. F. 42—Levies a tax of one-tenth of a mill for the support of the State College of Agriculture and Mechanic Arts.

S. F. 6—Provides that the endowment funds of the State Agricultural college may be loaned at as low a rate of interest as the board of trustees of the college deem advisable. The limit was formerly 6 per cent, and the funds lay idle because of the high rate of interest.

S. F. 11—Gives the State University authority to erect any sort of a college building on a lot originally purchased for the erection of an observatory.

S. F. 304—Gives the Waterloo and Cedar Falls Electric Railway company authority to cross the street car line over the state normal school grounds to accommodate the school. Publication clause.

Legal Problems Determined.

H. F. 52—Amends the law in regard to the testimony of witnesses for the state so that notice of intention to introduce witnesses other than those whose testimony may be served on defendant's attorney if defendant is not in the county. Law now requires same to be served on defendant.

S. F. 276—Requires officer selling realty on execution in a county other than that in which judgment is rendered to make return to district court of both counties.

S. F. 128—Provides that appeals from courts in cases of contested elections shall be heard and determined by the court instead of by a jury. Publication clause.

S. F. 2—Removes an ambiguity as to the right of sales on execution for failure to give which notice sheriff or constable is liable to penalty.

S. F. 2—Relates to communications in professional confidence. Law now treats as confidential all communications in confidence to stenographers or confidential clerks of a court. This bill limits the law to such communications from attorneys, physicians or surgeons. Publication clause.

S. F. 2—Repeals the requirement that grand juries shall attach all minutes and exhibits to indictments. Publication clause.

S. F. 225—Requires non-resident attorneys trying cases to appoint some local attorney where the suit is pending upon whom notice can be served, the same as on the foreign attorney.

H. F. 129—Amends the law relating to redemption by providing that all redemptions made under said law after the 1st of July shall be made in the county where the sale is had.

S. F. 158—Requires guardians, administrators to deposit trust funds with the clerk of the district court, when the residence of a ward is unknown.

S. F. 273—Gives the right of appeal from judgments rendered in district courts upon proper showing. Publication clause.

[TO BE CONCLUDED NEXT WEEK.]

LITERARY NOTES.

In McClure's Magazine for April Walter Wellman will describe, from his own recent experience, the novelties and hardships of house-building, house-keeping and general domestic life and daily work up under the shadow of the north pole.

Outing, which has passed into the hands of a strong company of enthusiastic sportsmen, headed by Casper Whitney, comes to us in April in a handsome new cover. It is a number like the burgeoning spring, bursting with new life and the promise of a bountiful harvest. The number is illustrated by the pencil and brush of Ernest Seton Thompson, Arthur Heming, James L. Weston, Oliver Nugent, E. W. Sandys, and others.

Prof. John Trowbridge, of Harvard University, contributes an interesting article, entitled "Latest Developments With the X-Rays," to the April number of Appleton's Popular Science Monthly. A number of curious illustrations accompany the text.

The author of "Bandanna Ballads," in the April Ladies' Home Journal, is one of the newest singers of negro folklore. She is Miss Howard Weeden, and her ballads have elicited the highest praise of Joel Chandler Harris. She illustrates her own writings with pictures that are as felicitous, faithful and convincing as her verse.

"The Great Steel Makers of Pittsburgh and the Frick-Carnegie Suit" is the subject of an illustrated article in the April Review of Reviews, by Julius Moritz. The article describes the wonderful development of the steel and coke industries of which Pittsburgh is the center.

From the "Talks With Napoleon," in the April number of the Century, it appears that the emperor was so fully resolved to make his home in America, in the event of defeat at Waterloo, that he had built drawn upon this country for whatever sums he chose to take.

He told Dr. O'Meara that he had "spent sixteen millions of ready money" of his own before the battle. "I have probably as much money as I shall ever want," he said to St. Helena, "but I do not know exactly where it is."

Speaking of "The Black Wolf's Breed," the successful novel by Harris Dickson, the New York Times says: "Apparently 'When Knighthood Was in Flower' is not the only literary prize that has recently been captured by the Bowen-Merrill Company. Harris Dickson's new historical romance, 'The Black Wolf's Breed,' published only a few weeks ago by this house, is now in its fifteenth thousand. This is a fascinating tale of old and new France in the reign of Louis XIV." The Bowen-Merrill Co., Indianapolis.

Both the January and February St. Nicholas are out of print, the large sale of the two numbers being attributed to the popularity of the new departments, "Nature and Science" and "The St. Nicholas League." Outdoor study and scientific investigation are aided and encouraged in both of these departments, and the youthful readers of the magazine have shown a prompt and hearty appreciation of the opportunities thus thrown open to them.

In the April Atlantic, George F. Parker, United States consul at Birmingham, England, treats "The Consular Service of the United States," the nature of the service; consular duties and opportunities; the president's station to the service, and its neglect by congress and the state department in all a not especially flattering or cheerful showing of our foreign representations.

Young men who went out on a lark came home in a patrol wagon.

A Liverpool physician has discovered the bacillus of pinkie in horses.

NEWS IN GENERAL

PRESIDENT MAY DRAFT ROOSEVELT

McKinley Wants the New Yorker on National Ticket With Him.

WASHINGTON, April 12.—Theodore Roosevelt is in danger of being drafted into the service of the national republican party as a candidate for vice-president on the ticket with President McKinley. Governor Roosevelt is not willing to take this nomination and has made his wish known in an unmistakable manner. He says he wants to be re-elected as governor of New York. But President McKinley wants Roosevelt on the ticket and is inclined to insist that the governor yield his political preferences for the good of the party at large. There was discussion of this matter at the cabinet meeting yesterday, and as Senator Hanna has just returned from New York, where he had a conference with ex-Secretary Bliss, it was understood he had reported Mr. Bliss unwilling to take the vice-presidential nomination and advising that Governor Roosevelt be pressed into service. It cannot be said with truth that the question is irrevocably decided, but present appearances are that President McKinley will personally urge Governor Roosevelt to take the second place on the ticket and almost refuse to accept declination for an answer. Either this or the Philadelphia convention will be given the tip to go ahead and nominate Roosevelt, despite the governor's declaration of unwillingness. Those who advocate this course say Governor Roosevelt is too good a party man to refuse to respond to such a call, and that he will accept and take the stump.

COL. PLUMER WOUNDED.

Many Officers Injured in a Hard Fight in the Environs of Mafeking.

GABERONES, April 3.—Saturday's fight in the environs of Mafeking was conducted on Col. Plumer's side under great difficulties, being in the proximity of the Boer laager, whence reinforcements could be promptly sent to the burghers, and there was little cover available for the British when the fight began, the plain being but sparsely wooded, and the railroad embankment, the chief protection, being only two feet high. The men behaved gallantly and officers were exceptionally conspicuous in the affair. With the exception of a few rounds fired by the British Maxim gun at Ramathlabama, the fire on both sides was entirely by rifles. Half of the British officers were more or less seriously wounded. Colonel Plumer's wound was in his right arm. His horse was shot under him. Colonel Bodle and Capt. Rolt were wounded. Colonel Plumer's orderly is missing. Captain Fred Creve was shot dead while covering the retreat of others. Captain MacLaren was severely wounded and Lieutenant Milligan, the famous Yorkshire cricketer, fatally, while tenaciously holding an assigned position.

LIONS LED BY ASSES.

London Leader Thinks This is the Case at Bloemfontein.

LONDON, April 11.—The Leader says: "Reports from Boer as well as from British sources are to the effect that our losses near the Bloemfontein railway are truly lamentable. They show distinctly a lack of care and leading. In the face of surprises we seemed utterly without resources and relied only on pluck. That is a safe card in play, but a costly one. 'Lions led by asses' was the old description of the British army, but we thought we had learned something of late years in commissioned ranks. What light does this war throw upon that possibility?"

Union Workmen Turned Away.

CHICAGO, April 19.—Union workmen were turned away yesterday from the new Marshall Field building, where they had done all the work thus far, and 150 non-union men were put in their places. This action was interpreted as meaning that the united building contractors have secured sufficient high-class non-union workmen to carry on big contracts, and that union men hereafter will be given no opportunity until they consent to do so under the contractors' rules or withdraw from the building trades council. During the day work was carried on rapidly and without friction.

Boers Enter Protest.

LONDON, April 12.—It is learned that the Boer governments have formally notified Portugal that they consider the shipping of British troops and munitions of war to Rhodesia, by

The Sarsaparilla that's used by Chinese and Hindu; in the bushes of Australia and the wilds of South America; the Sarsaparilla that braces British and Boer. and gives strength to French and German, Russian and Turk,—

That's AYER'S

The Sarsaparilla that has more than twenty pages of doctors' indorsements, extending over nearly sixty years, embracing every known disease which arises from impure blood; that's made on honor and made to cure.—

That's AYER'S

The Sarsaparilla that's made of carefully selected drugs, the best and purest and most expensive from the world over; that's made of a sarsaparilla root costing more than ten times as much as that which enters into the composition of any other Sarsaparilla,—

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The Sarsaparilla manufactured by modern methods evolved from half a century of practical experience; that's made so carefully that every bottle is put up as if it were an individual prescription, and to whose laboratory any physician, any druggist, any pharmacist is cordially invited and welcomed,—

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Ayer's Sarsaparilla brings exhilaration to the tired body and hope to all who are exhausted, depressed, discouraged. It removes all impurities from the blood, impurities which irritate the brain and nerves, and cause countless aches and pains. You can afford to trust a Sarsaparilla that has been trusted for over half a century,—

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DON'T PAY THREE PROFITS

If you are going to pay for a cure why not pay the least you can for the best? Get all you can in material and workmanship—pay as little as you can for handling and extras. You save the jobber's commission and the retailer's profit when you buy direct from the factory. You pay the cost of making with one moderate profit added. We are not agents, but manufacturers of bugles, carriages, surreys, phaetons, wagons, harness. Everything guaranteed. With our illustrated catalogue you can order easily and safely. If what you want is sent it back and we will pay the freight both ways. First, get the catalogue and we will send it to you. DES MOINES, IOWA.

DIPHTHERIA

A Terrible Scourge to Humanity

No other disease is so deadly in its effect on the human system as DIPHTHERIA. It often baffles the skill of physicians and carries off our loved ones in spite of them. Several years ago a world-famous Physician gave to suffering humanity A SURE CURE FOR THIS DREAD DISEASE. In 15 years' practice he never lost a single case. This wonderful remedy is called MUCO-SOLVENT and we guarantee it to cure all cases of Diphtheria, Scarlet Fever, Croup, Whooping Cough, Catarrh, Sore Throat, Measles, &c., &c., or refund the money. Read what those who have used it say of MUCO-SOLVENT:

We buried two of our children from Diphtheria, before we heard of MUCO-SOLVENT. Then our five-year-old child was attacked with malignant diphtheria. We used MUCO-SOLVENT and the result was a perfect recovery. My wife used MUCO-SOLVENT as a preventive to herself and nursing baby during the epidemic, with perfect success. AUGUST RABE, Polar, Wis.

I have used many remedies for my catarrh without avail, but after having used several bottles of your MUCO-SOLVENT I can assure for the first time in thirty-five years. MRS. M. H. MOORE, Neenah, Wis.

Since the disease robbed me of my wife and daughter, I take especial interest in MUCO-SOLVENT, which cures diphtheria. I have many times inconvenienced myself by going to infected districts to recommend its use. I know of hundreds of cases where it succeeded, but not one where it failed. Under my personal observation it successfully withstood the severest test on record in that shockingly fatal epidemic at Polar, Wis. Whole families of children were being wiped out. Those in charge had given up, disheartened. I induced the use of MUCO-SOLVENT, after which fatalities ceased. Everybody used MUCO-SOLVENT as a preventive. The epidemic was quickly stamped out. What it did there it can do everywhere and for everybody. D. G. FHEEMAN, Representative of Thos. G. Plant Co., Lynn, Mass.

MUCO-SOLVENT is sold at \$1.00 a bottle, but in order to introduce it in every home we will, for the next 60 days, send a trial bottle, postpaid to any address for 25c. We will also send our elegant book, "CHATS WITH MOTHERS," with hundreds of testimonials including those of 51 prominent ministers who have used it. Sit down now and write us today. It costs you nothing. Every woman should read it.

WE WANT GOOD AGENTS EVERYWHERE. Address, MUCO-SOLVENT COMPANY, 356 Dearborn Street, CHICAGO, ILL.

ALABASTINE

WHAT ALABASTINE IS
Alabastine is the original and only durable wall coating on the market. It is entirely different from all kalsomine preparations. Alabastine is made ready for use in white or fourteen beautiful tints by the addition of cold water. It is put up in dry powdered form. In packages, properly labeled, with full directions on every package. It takes the place of scaling kalsomines, wall paper and paint for walls. Alabastine can be used on plaster, brick, wood or canvas, and a child can brush it on.

WHAT "KALSMINES" ARE
Kalsomines are cheap and temporary preparations, manufactured from whitening, chalks, clays, etc. They are stuck on the walls with decaying animal glue. Alabastine is not a kalsomine. It is a rock-base cement, which sets, and it hardens with age. It can be re-coated and re-decorated without having to wash and scrape off its old coats. Alabastine is utilized to a great extent in hospitals, as it prevents the accumulation of dirt and the congregating of disease germs, being disinfectant in its nature.

CHURCHES AND SCHOOL-HOUSES.
The interior walls of churches, school-houses and all public halls should never be coated with anything but the durable and pure Alabastine. So evident has this fact become, that hundreds of tons are used annually for this work. The genuine Alabastine does not rub or scale off. It is clearly during the long period of its usefulness. Every owner of a building should use it. Ask your paint dealer or druggist for card of tints, and write for free copy of our interesting booklet to Alabastine Co., Grand Rapids, Mich.

REJECT THE "JUST AS GOOD."
The dealer who tells you that he can sell you the "same thing" as Alabastine or "something just as good," either is not posted or is trying to deceive you. In offering something he has bought cheap and is trying to sell on Alabastine's demands, he may not realize the danger to himself as well as to you. Beware of all new substitutes. Dealers risk a suit for damages by selling and consumers by using an infringement. Alabastine Co. own the right to make and sell wall coatings adapted to mix with cold water.

STORYETTES.

The Cosmopolitan Club, of London, is housed in Watts's old studio, on the walls of which is a fresco of a nude woman. It was a standing joke of Stirling-Maxwell's to say to any inquirer into the subject of the picture: "You have no doubt heard of Watts's hymns: this is one of his hers."

Ex-Speaker Thomas B. Reed, while in Washington recently, rode up to the capitol in an F street car. "What do you think of the Porto Rico tariff muddle?" asked the man who sat next to him. "I refuse to be quoted," answered Mr. Reed. "I have a reputation for piety and chaste language to preserve."

Sir Robert Peel was once going through a picture collection with a friend where there was a portrait of a prominent Englishman who was famous for saving sharp things. "How wonderfully like!" said the friend; "you can see the quiver on his lips." "Yes," replied Sir Robert, "and the arrows coming out of it."

They are telling a story in Chicago about an advance agent for the Thomas Orchestra who recently went to New Orleans to book dates for concerts. He was told that it would be well for him first to talk the matter over with a wealthy musician who is a leader in the musical circles of the city. So he called at her residence, and a ring brought out an old negro, who took the caller's card, on which was printed the legend, "Representing the Thomas Orchestra." Presently a young woman came to the door holding the card in her hand. She did not seem to understand the object of the call. The agent attempted to explain, but was cut short by the young woman, who said: "I don't think we want any music to-day."

In the midst of one of General Forrest's campaigns a captured federal chaplain was brought to his headquarters. The man showed the deepest anxiety and depression, for stories of General Forrest's severity were rife in the union camp. A little later supper was announced, and Forrest, to the chaplain's surprise, invited him to share it; but his surprise grew to amazement when the general turned to him reverently and said: "Parson, will you please say the blessing?" The next morning Forrest courteously gave him an escort through the confederate lines, for he wished no non-combatants for prisoners, and bade him good-bye with the remark: "Parson, I would keep you here to preach for me if you weren't needed so much more by the sinners on the other side."

Goat Captures a Wolf.
The widow Sigalard's goat has St. Vitus' dance, but the widow doesn't mind that, although if she lost the goat one of her slender holds on life would be gone. A while ago the widow was gathering salad greens in the fields near the village of Chez-Tablot, in the French commune of St. Cloud, where she lives. The goat, which is a fine, large animal, was grazing not far off, when a wolf sprang at it, and in some peculiar manner was caught between the goat's horns and could move neither one way nor the other. Both animals tried to pull away from each other, but in vain. The widow called a neighbor, who held the wolf's hind-quarters, while the widow stabbed it in the side until it was dead. Now, although the goat has St. Vitus' dance since the exploit, the widow doesn't care much, for she received a bounty of 100 francs for killing a wolf.

A doctor in Breslau has been experimenting with hens, and he gave forty of them goat by feeding them on horse-flesh without fat. Then he partially relieved them of the goat's palps by the administration of powdered eggshells.

A popular remedy for the bite of a mad dog at the beginning of the 19th century was for the victim to take an ounce of the pulverized jawbone of the dog that had bitten him. After the administration of this remedy the animal was never known to bite any one.

In San Rafael, Cal., it is illegal to shoot game with a repeating or magazine shotgun.

Last year the mines of Montana yielded copper to the value of \$40,000,000.

In museums the use of formalin as a preservative for specimens is increasing.

Beware the fury of the patient man.

Try Grain-o! Try Grain-o!
Ask your grocer to-day to show you a package of GRAIN-O, the new food drink that takes the place of coffee. The children may drink it without injury as well as the adult. All who try it, like it. GRAIN-O has that rich smell of Mocha or Java, but it is made from pure grains, and the most delicate stomach receives it without distress. One-fourth the price of coffee. 15c. and 25c. per package. Sold by all grocers.

Mr. T. Carson, of Brownsville, Tex., has been mayor of that town for twenty-one years.

NEARLY FORTY LIVES LOST.

Dam in Colorado River at Austin, Texas, Gives Way.
AUSTIN, TEXAS, April 8.—This city was last night in pitch darkness with a raging river one mile wide and swollen far beyond its natural banks, roaring and surging through all the lower part of the town, having spread destruction and death in its wake. In addition to the vast loss of property interests, it is calculated that between thirty and forty lives have been sacrificed and the reports coming in from the tributary country do not tend to improve matters. The flood is not unlike the disastrous Johnstown flood some years ago in that a raging river, already swollen far beyond its capacity, bore too heavily upon an immense dam spanning the river here, breaking it and letting loose a reservoir of water thirty miles long, half a mile wide and sixty feet deep, to aid in carrying destruction down the valley of the Colorado river. The great dam in the Colorado river gave way at noon yesterday from the enormous pressure of water and debris and with a roar and crash swept the valley below the city, wrecking the immense light and power plant and drowning eight workmen. Following is a list of the known dead, including those killed in the power house: Frank Rineet, Frank Kinney, Walter Flower, Walter Johnson, Alfred Johnson, Frank Fitzgerald, Walter Blossman, Joseph Newman, Dick Morris, John Proes, Charles Burchard, six negroes. It is believed that a hundred houses were washed away and that later reports will bring a lengthy list of fatalities.

SIXTY BOERS CAPTURED.

Methuen Reports the Capture of a General and a Body of Boers.
LONDON, April 7.—The war office received the following dispatch from Roberts at Bloemfontein, dated the 5th:

Methuen telegraphs from Boshof (in Orange Free State, a little northeast of Kimberley), as follows: "Surrounded General Villebois Mareuil and a body of Boers to-day. None of them escaped. Villebois and seven Boers were killed, eight wounded and fifty taken prisoners."

General Villebois Mareuil was chief of staff of the Boer army. He was about fifty years old and is said to have been responsible for many of the Boer successes in Natal and later in Cape Colony and the southern part of the Orange Free State. It is said he entered the Boer service merely because it was his trade. He went through a number of campaigns in the French army.

LONDON, April 7.—The Daily Telegraph has the following from Boshof, dated Thursday:

"Lord Methuen's Mafeking relief force was concentrated here to-day. The Boers are in force a few miles distant on the Vaal river. This town is practically deserted, all the men being with the commando under Commandant Duplessis, who controls the district. Lord Methuen commanded in a spirited little action nine miles to the southwest, where he surrounded seventy Boers on a kopje. Not a man escaped. We took fifty-four prisoners, sixty horses and a quantity of baggage. General De Villebois was killed during the action. A Boer hoisted a white flag and then fired immediately after, killing a British officer. The murderer was instantly shot."

MILES WOULD ALSO ACCEPT.

Willing to be the Democratic Nominee for President.

NEW YORK, April 9.—The World says: "Gen. Nelson A. Miles is willing to be the democratic nominee for president. He has so stated to his friends and ten days ago he visited William C. Whitney to talk with him about the possibility of his being nominated. Mr. Whitney told the general that all of the leading gold democrats were as much opposed to the nomination of Mr. Bryan now as when he was named four years ago, but he did not commit himself to the support of the general. He merely took the matter under advisement and said he would consult with his friends."

CALL CHINA TO ACCOUNT.

Ministers of the Four Great Powers Present Demands.

LONDON, April 9.—A special dispatch from Shanghai announces that the American, British, German and French ministers have sent a joint note to the Chinese foreign office demanding the total suppression of the Society of Boxers within two months and announcing that otherwise the powers mentioned will land troops and march into the interior, northern provinces, Shan Tung and Chi Li, in order to secure the safety of foreigners. According to the same dispatch the American, Italian and French legations are now provided with naval guards from the large gathering of war ships at Taku.

Six Hundred Were Captured.

LONDON, April 9.—Lord Roberts reports to the war office as follows:

BLOEMFONTEIN, April 6.—The casualties at Reddersburg were: Officers killed, Captain F. G. Casson and Lieut. C. R. Barclay, both of the Northumberland; wounded 2; captured 8; non-commissioned officers and men killed, 8; wounded 33; the rest were captured. Our strength was 167 mounted infantry and 421 infantry. The enemy was said to be 3,200 strong with five guns.

Boer Prisoners Escape.

CAPE TOWN, April 9.—A determined attempt to escape was made by the Boer prisoners at Simonstown and fourteen of them succeeded in getting away. In the confusion one of the prisoners was killed and another was wounded. One man was recaptured, but about fourteen are missing. Sentries have been placed at different parts of the town and the station is under military supervision.

Cecil Rhodes in England.

SOUTHAMPTON, April 7.—Cecil Rhodes, who sailed from Cape Town March 21, arrived here yesterday.

A MOTHER'S STORY.

Tells About Her Daughter's Illness and How She was Relieved—Two Letters to Mrs. Pinkham.

"MRS. PINKHAM:—I write to tell you about my daughter. She is nineteen years old and is flowing all the time, and has been for about three months. The doctor does her but very little good, if any. I thought I would try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, but I want your advice before beginning its use. I have become very much alarmed about her, as she is getting so weak."—MRS. MATILDA A. CAMP, Manchester Mill, Macon, Ga. May 21, 1899.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—It affords me great pleasure to tell you of the benefit my daughter has received from the use of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. After beginning the use of your medicine she began to mend rapidly and is now able to be at her work. Her menses are regular and almost painless. I feel very thankful to you and expect to always keep your Vegetable Compound in my house. It is the best medicine I ever knew. You have my permission to publish this letter if you wish, it may be the means of doing others good."—MRS. MATILDA A. CAMP, Manchester Mill, Macon, Ga., September 18, 1899.

DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY. gives quick relief and cures worst cases. Book of testimonials sent 10 days' treatment FREE. DR. H. B. GREEN, 208 E. 7th St., St. Louis, Mo.

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Is a department of Saturday's DAILY NEWS. It is the favorite children's paper of Iowa. The NEWS JUNIOR gives as prizes each week two large, handsome framed pictures as prizes for English composition. One of these pictures goes to Des Moines and one outside of Des Moines, and they are hung in the school rooms of the winners, with cards bearing the names of the winners. Handsome buttons are presented to the successful writers. The NEWS JUNIOR is alone worth the price of the paper. The NEWS JUNIOR topics are used in hundreds of Iowa schools.

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CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.
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We ask your special attention Saturday to the beautiful Millinery, Cloaks, Suits, Fine Shoes, Gloves, Neckwear, late arrivals of Persian striped zephyrys, plain and fancy stripedingham, English Oxfords and Scotch Madras cloths in that peerless wash goods section--A superb collection of newest grenadine silk-and-linen striped novelties in the silk section--A line of fine furniture--rugs, draperies, mattings and linoleums on the fourth floor.--Unrivalled in every particular.

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