

IOWA STATE BYSTANDER.

VOL. 7.

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No. 4.

IOWA STATE BYSTANDER.

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OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE AFRO-AMERICAN PROTECTIVE ASSOCIATION OF IOWA.

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J. L. THOMPSON, EDITOR.

J. H. SHEPARD, MANAGER.

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Communications must be written on one side of the paper only and be of interest to the public. "Brevity is the soul of wit," remember.
We will not return rejected manuscript, unless accompanied by postage stamps.

IOWA'S LEADING COLORED PAPER.

CITY NEWS.

Miss C. a Smith is some better this week.

Mrs. Breckenridge is much improved at this writing.

Neatly furnished rooms for rent at Mrs. Clarks, 805 Cherry street. 4-2t

George and Fred Stanton returned home from Chicago this week.

Miss Myrtle Claughton is taking vocal lessons of Prof. G. A. Preston.

Mrs. Susan White who has been quite sick for the past few months is improving a little this week.

Colored Jeweler at 316 West Third street; will buy old gold or exchange for new.

Quite a number of people went out to Saylor mine to attend the entertainment given there the 4th.

Messrs Martin and White of Garden Grove spent the 4th in the Capital City, the former visiting his wife.

Attend the Midland Chautauqua this summer which will begin next Tuesday. It will be interesting and instructive.

William G. Buckner spent the 4th in Oskaloosa visiting old friends and relatives, returning home Thursday morning.

A good programme will be given Sunday afternoon at 3:30 o'clock at the A. M. E. S. S. by Mr. H. Gould's S. S. class.

Quite a number of Des Moinesites will attend the Grand Lodge in Ottumwa, which convenes in that city July 10, 11 and 12.

The Old Settlers will have their annual picnic on or about the first of August. A good time is anticipated. All are requested to bring baskets.

Robert Woods and his mother, Mrs. Mrs. Matilda Thomas returned to our city last week from Washington, D. C., where they had gone to make their future home, but the charms of a western life was more attractive to them.

Mrs. Dunn, and little niece of Hamilton, Mo., who has been visiting with her son several weeks, returned home Thursday. She called on the Bystander office. Alice Morton accompanied her home.

The reception to be tendered the newly elected Bishop Abram Grant Monday evening, the 10, at the A. M. E. church, under the auspices of the Christian Endeavor Society, will be very interesting. Refreshments will be served. The programme was printed in our last week's issue.

Joseph Burton, a well known citizen of Red Oak, was a visitor in our city last week, en route from Perry, where he has been working at his trade, a mortar mixer. His skill commands good wages.

Messrs. Lee Blagburn and Burt Williams, two of our leading young men, left our city last Saturday to seek a city where they can secure better wages. We are sorry too loose such worthy young men, yet we wish them success where ever they go.

J. L. Thompson, who has been away in the interest of the BYSTANDER returned Tuesday after spending a day in Alkany, Mo., and a day on his father's farm in Decatur City, in company with Prof. Hamm of Lineville, Iowa. Prof. Hamm had two of his high bred running horses with him.

J. H. Nixon, Jeweler, No. 316 West Third street. Tunes Pianos and repairs Organs.

Dr. and Mrs. J. W. Lawther have gone to Hot Springs, South Dakota for the doctor's health. The doctor has been suffering for a long time.

Miss Zella Davis was invited to a 5 o'clock dinner Thursday at the beautiful home of Mr. and Mrs. Rawson, (white) in the Oaks. She accepted and was the only colored person present.

Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Richardson entertained at their pleasant country home in Clive, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Shepard, Misses Annas Logan, Eldora Thompson, Messrs B. J. Shepard and John L. Thompson.

DIED—At her home, 1337 E. Lyon street, July 3 at 10 o'clock p. m., Mrs. Salina Vance, of paralysis. She was about 61 years of age and an old citizen in Des Moines, and a member of Burn's M. E. church. The funeral services were held Friday. She leaves a husband, Henry Vance, and several distant relatives to mourn her loss.

Next week there will be more strange colored people in our city than any other week this year. It is the annual meeting of the Odd Fellows, and in addition to the regular delegates there will be a large excursion from Muchakinock, Oskaloosa and Evans. Fully 200 excursionists are expected from Mahaska county, and Keokuk is expected to send an excursion. All the excursionist will arrive here July 11 and depart the 12.

When in Muchakinock, Iowa, stop at MRS. ADDIE JOHN-SON'S RESTAURANT for good meals or short orders; also Ice Cream. Prompt attention given to all orders.

DR. J. M. WILSON,
HEALER OF ALL DISEASES.
Office Hours from 3 p. m. to 6 p. m.
MORGAN HOUSE, DES MOINES, IOWA.

The Odd Fellows of our city are making preparations to entertain the 19th annual state meeting of the Odd Fellows. The programme is as follows: Tuesday, opening session. Address of Welcome by his excellency, Mayor J. J. Hartenbower; On Behalf of the Delegates, W. D. Parker, D. G. S., of Davenport; Response by H. S. Clay of Des Moines. Wednesday is the continued session. Thursday is the main day; at 10 o'clock the special excursion from Muchakinock, carrying their lodge No. 2209. The most venerable Patriarches, numbering 100 and the famous Muchakinock band of 31 pieces. Promptly at 2 o'clock p. m., a magnificent street parade through the principal streets of the city, headed by the finest colored band in the west. The day will conclude with installation of the District Grand officers. A trolley ear party in the evening, also a banquet and promenade at Woodman's hall on 6th and Locust streets; short talk on Odd Fellowship by Geo. H. Woodson of Muchakinock, M. V. P., S. L. Tigge, D. G. M., of Burlington and J. B. Rush of Des Moines. W. R. Fraizer chairman of committee.

Mrs. Jefferson and little Chester Woods left last week for Davenport to visit friends.

Mrs. Mason and daughter Iona arrived in our city last week to visit with relatives, Mrs. D. Boamer and Mr. Geo. Mason.

John L. Thompson will not speak at Essex, Iowa, as formally announced, but will deliver an oration in Bloomfield, Ia., August 8th, at a celebration.

Dr. A. M. Molock preached at the A. M. E. Church last Sunday evening.

You assume no risk when you buy Chamberlain's Colic Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. All Druggists will refund your money if you are not satisfied after using it. It is everywhere admitted to be the most successful remedy for Bowel complaints and the only one that never fails. It is pleasant and reliable.

We want you to subscribe for the IOWA STATE BYSTANDER.

Very Low Excursion Rates to Denver, Colorado Springs and Pueblo Via Chicago, Union Pacific and North-Western Line, on June 19, 20, July 3, 9, 17 and August 1, 9 and 21, good returning until October 31, also very low rates on same dates to Glenwood Springs, Salt Lake City, Ogden, Deadwood and Hot Springs. Quickest time. Best service. Apply to agents Chicago & North-Western R'y.

Editor's Observations.

AMONG OUR FRIENDS.

On being delayed in Mahaska county, we spent Sunday in Muchakinock, Iowa. The first thing Sunday morning to surprise the colored man is to hear the church bell tolling the hour of service from the colored brick church. Then to see them coming to church in their buggies and well kept teams. Some with rubber-tired, beautiful buggies, will forever register the impression on everybody, even our enemies, that the colored race is climbing and climbing rapidly. The two churches, the Baptist and Methodist are in a flourishing condition. Rev. Bingham has charge of the former, and Rev. Williamson, the latter. Sunday school at 9 o'clock. The Sunday Chicago dailies find ready sale each Sunday, here, and many other things that one might mention.

Their band, with about 150 excursionists are making great preparations to spend two days in Des Moines, July 12-13, the Odd Fellows annual meeting. Monday morning found us in Coal Palace City. Here fully one thousand and colored people are nestled away, some working in various places, but a large number find employment in Merrill & Co.'s packing house. Mr. Joseph Hopkins, who recently married the young daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Hamilton, is one of the assistant book-keepers, he having worked there many years. Mr. Z. Taylor, one of the wealthiest men of color, still drives his express wagon. Z. Dodd, James Johnson, Jas. Hamilton, Wm. Bailey, Wells Fowler, H. Weeks, Mr. Owens and many others we do not now remember, owns nice homes, and are doing well in their line of work. Mr. Carpenter and J. H. Weeks, and Jeff Thomas, own their own tonsorial shops; the former a beautiful first-class shop. J. T. Harris is still employed to work in the post office. Mr. Henry King, one of the pioneer and successful farmers, owns a farm and is highly respected in his neighborhood, having lived there over a quarter of century. His example convinces us that if more of our people would become agriculturists they would be better respected and more influential in the financial world.

Ottumwa has a goodly number of young people, and their secret societies are in good condition. Mrs. Gilbert is still conducting the Bee Hive restaurant, with a good patronage. Miss Burnice Davis, the only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Walter Davis, is one of the finest pianists in Ottumwa, and at the young age of sixteen, she is constantly busy filling engagements. Is employed this summer at the Orphean. She will pen the Ottumwa Musings for the Bystander. Tuesday found us enroute to Mt. Pleasant, but spent a few hours in Fairfield. Only a few colored people are here. Mr. B. J. Fuller is a successful business man, owning a first-class barber-shop; also does Sam Sykes. They both have beautiful residences in the best part of town. Mr. Hutchins owns a feed stable, and we understand is doing well. Mr. Moss, Stevens and Jas. Deli are substantial citizens. In Mt. Pleasant we were there so short a time and it was raining, so we could not get a good report. Mount Pleasant holds the banner in Iowa. She is sending out efficient and more graduates of color than any other city in Iowa. There were four to finish the high school course. Mr. S. McCracken, and J. H. Mosely, are operating tonsorial shops. The former is building a new house on his other lot, which, when completed will be a beauty. In Burlington the people are doing very well, except the young men and they seem as they do in most all other cities to be loitering around and idling away

their time on the streets.

In Keokuk society has been astir, as the A. M. E. S. S. convention and "Knights of Tabor" has just held their annual state meeting. It is a well known fact that the Gate City has more secret societies than any other town in Iowa. Among the colored people there are over thirty societies, and perhaps more wealth among the colored people there than any other city. Nearly all the citizens own their homes, and they are beautiful homes; some are brick, some fashionable frames, etc. It would take too much space this time to give a detail report of Keokuk.

CEDAR RAPIDS BUDGETARIAN.

Several of our people enjoyed a picnic at Bever park last Thursday. They were conveyed to and from the park in tarryal. A most delightful time was had by all present, about fifty in all. Much credit should be given Mrs. Ben Hawkins, the projecture of the picnic, as she saw that everything went off first class.

At a meeting of the Sunday School Board last Thursday evening Mesdames Ben Hawkins and Mattie Wade tendered their resignation as teachers and officers of the school.

Quarterly meeting at the A. M. E. church was well attended last Sunday. Elder Bundy was present and assisted the pastor.

Don't forget the grand rally at the A. M. E. church the last Sunday in July. Rev. Bass is using every available effort to make it a success, and he should have the assistance of all the members and friends in so doing.

Mr. Wood is quite sick at his home on Tenth avenue.

Mrs. Freeman, who has been here attending her sick sister, Mrs. Forester for the past two months, leaves this week for her home in Quincy, Ill. Mrs. Freeman has made many friends during her stay in the "Rapids" who are sorry to have her leave, and we hope she will come again.

Mrs. W. H. Lavell is somewhat indisposed at this writing, having contracted a severe cold at the picnic.

Why not subscribe for the Bystander and be up-to-date? It gives the news of our people in general throughout the state, besides other interesting newspaper matter. Now stop borrowing the paper and be an independent subscriber.

The infant of Mr. and Mrs. Forester of Oak Hill is quite ill at this writing.

O. B. Claire is meeting with success in his ice cream parlor and confectionery stand. We are proud of it, therefore if you want to keep cool just try a dish of his ice cream.

Rev. Bundy was entertained by Mrs. Henry Brown during his stay in our city. He left here Sunday night for his home in Chicago.

What is the matter with Muchakinock, is she dead or sleeping? Wake up and tell us the news.

DAVENPORT REPORT.

Mrs. F. J. Baker, one of the delegates to the Iowa Baptist S. S. convention, which was held in Des Moines last month, has returned home and reports a very pleasant time.

Mrs. Chas. Jefferson and her little grandson, Chester Woods, of Des Moines are in the city, the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Baker of 1720 Iowa street. Mrs. Jefferson has many friends here, as she so royally entertained the Davenport delegates while in Des Moines last month.

The choir of the A. M. E. church will run a trolley party to Black Hawk watch tower July 11th, to raise money to finish paying for their new organ. Let everybody go and help them out.

Hiram Lodge, No. 19 A. F. & A. M., had their annual sermon preached last Sunday at the Bethel A. M. E. Church, by Rev. Thomas of Rock Island, Ill. who preached a very instructive sermon. P. M. James Bimery had charge of the service. P. M. Jessie Hall of Rock Island, also lectured to the younger Masons. Quite a crowd was present.

Mrs. J. Terry Hammonds of Lebanon, Ill., arrived in the city last Saturday evening. She is the guest of her sister Mrs. H. M. Hughes of 723 1/2 Harrison Street.

Owing to the fact that the officers of the Sabbath School were out of the city during June, Children's Day was postponed, and will be observed July 8th at 3:00 P. M. Everyone is welcome.

The officers of the Eureka Lodge, G. U. O. of F for this quarter are as follows: N. G., James Thomas; V. G., M. B. Anderson; P. N. G., H. McGaw; N. E. J. T. Mabry; P. N. F., Wm. Harris.

The members of the Third Baptist Church have divided themselves into clubs to raise money for the remodeling of the church.

ALBIA NEWS.

Mr. and Mrs. Butler spent Friday in Oskaloosa.

Miss Heneratta Jones is spending two weeks' visit in "Mucky."

Mr. Roy Grayson spent a day in Oskaloosa.

Mr. Britton Thomas and family contemplate on making Albia their future home.

Quite a number of Hocking people were in town to the funeral Sunday.

Quite a number of Coalfield people were seen on our streets Saturday.

The Odd Fellows are making preparation for a big time on the 4th of July their anniversary.

Miss Josie Meadows is spending a part of the week in "Mucky."

Mr. Burt Jones is visiting in "Mucky" this week.

MUSCATINE NEWS.

Mrs. Maggie Pearson who has been quite sick for a couple of weeks is improving.

Miss Mabel Hill and Mrs. Bright after a pleasant visit with Rev. and Mrs. Gordon returned to their home in Davenport Friday.

Mr. Wesley White of Burlington is visiting his brother, F. E. White for a few days.

Mrs. Simons has moved here from Burlington. She was accompanied by her daughter Mrs. Thomas.

Mr. Richard Murphy has returned to the city.

The colored people will hold a picnic at Hershey's pasture the 4th.

The Sabbath School rendered a programme Sunday which was very interesting.

Mrs. Clarke of Knoxville is visiting her cousin Mrs. Gordon.

Those who have not paid their subscription please do so this week.

DUBUQUE NEWS.

Mr. and Mrs. Brooks of East Dubuque are on the sick list.

Miss Gertrude Lewis left last week for Davenport where she will remain for some time.

Mr. and Mrs. Mills entertained a few of their friends last Friday evening at their home on west 8th St.

Mr. J. M. Logan, the tonsorialist has removed his shop to 5th St.

Mr. Dave Lewis of Cedar Rapids spent the 4th in our city visiting relatives.

Mr. Norton of Galena is visiting Mrs. Aaron.

There are a few strangers in the city, but their names have not been learned.

Master George Allen, who has been ill, is not improved at this writing.

Mr. I. Jones and son is laid up with the chicken-pox.

The society, United Efforts, raised a neat little sum at their sociable for the benefit of Rev. Johnson.

BURLINGTON, IOWA.

(Special to the BYSTANDER.)

Rev. Higgins preached an able sermon both morning and evening.

Mr. Brown, the Grand Master, of Marshalltown was in our city looking after the Masonic lodge.

The A. M. E. picnic at Crispo park was enjoyed by every one.

Miss Mary Brown returned from the S. S. convention very ill and was not able to make her report. She is better at this writing.

Mr. Jean Williams was called home Saturday by the death of his father.

Mr. and Mrs. Wilford of Jacksonville, Florida has moved to Burlington.

Mr. Wisley White leaves for Muscatine to-morrow morning to spend the Fourth with his brother, Mr. Ford White.

Miss Unice Wilson left for Muscatine last Tuesday and returned Saturday on steamer W. J. Young Jr.

Mr. Perry Greenup was taken to the Mercy hospital yesterday.

The Stewardess board will give a concert Thursday evening.

Mr. J. L. Thompson of Des Moines, the editor of the Bystander, was in the city last week on business. Call again Mr. Thompson.

Mr. Leonard Harris returned from Davenport last week, looking after his girl.

Mrs. Lizzie Palmer, the Grand Matron, was in our city a few days ago.

Burlington will entertain the Grand Court next season.

Mrs. Kenney spent a few days in the country.

Mrs. A. L. Drew arrived from Keokuk and received the grand honor of the tabernacles of the state.

KEOKUK NOTES.

The newly elected officers of Union Lodge, A. F. and A. M., were installed Monday evening, June 24th, at Gibson's opera house, by the grand master I. W. Brown, of Marshalltown.

A large number of excursionists came

up to our city from Quincy last Wednesday. They spent about three hours here viewing the various attractions and visiting friends.

The officers for the ensuing year of the U. B. F. and S. M. T. orders were publicly installed at their hall, Thursday evening.

Miss Ada Smith is home from Saint Joe for a short visit with relatives and friends.

Mrs. Trent, Misses Trent and Lee left Thursday for their home in Saint Joe, after a pleasant visit with relatives and friends.

Mrs. M. W. Bland has gone to Saint Paul to stay indefinitely. Little Frances Reeder accompanied her.

Mr. J. L. Thompson was a business visitor in our city, Friday. He added several new names to the Bystander's subscription list.

Messrs. Wm. Wilkerson and John Turner have gone to Des Moines.

Miss Ida Godfrey departed for Mount Pleasant, Tuesday, after a short visit with her aunt, Mrs. Beckley. She was accompanied by her grandmother, Mrs. Fiddler.

Miss Carrie Smith who has been teaching the past two years in Columbia, Mo., is home for a short visit.

Miss Ella Draine has been attending Teacher's institute in St. Charles, Mo., the past two weeks.

Mrs. Henrietta Buckley will serve ice cream and cake at her home, on the afternoon and evening of the Fourth for the benefit of the A. M. E. church.

The Odd Fellows contemplate carrying an excursion to Des Moines, next week.

The A. M. E. Sunday school will have their annual picnic, July 19th, at Rand Park.

Sunday quarterly meeting at the A. M. E. church.

Report your news items to the correspondent, Miss Benthon, so they will appear in Iowa's leading colored paper.

Rev. Reeves Normal class is progressing nicely. The special work on the last lesson by Mesdames Woodward and Bannister, and Miss Ware, was especially interesting.

Rt. Rev. Bishop Grant will visit the A. M. E. church the 17th of this month.

IOWA CITY BRIEFLETS.

Miss Lucy Bland, of Cedar Rapids, came in Saturday, for a two week's visit to the Mason home.

Rev. E. D. Wilson, of Rock Island, Ill., was in the city, Thursday.

Mr. H. D. Short attended Forepaugh-Sells' circus, Wednesday, at Rock Island, Ill.

Mrs. Carrie Moore, formerly of Davenport, will spend the fourth with friend(s) in this city.

Mr. Milton Thompson was in Cedar Rapids, Thursday, seeing the races.

Prof. McNeil, the celebrated(?) debater, and Mr. Gilbert Baily, of Tennessee, debated a woman's rights question at Sharon Center, Thursday evening to a very large audience. It is needless to say the "Prof." won.

Some say we do not get all of the news yet; they never tell us when any comes or goes, or anything happens. We would be obliged if those who have news, they would like published would write it on a slip of paper and send or hand to Maggie Mason, 914 Iowa Ave.

INDIANOLA NEWS.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Scott, Mrs. Kay and sons, Willie and Davie, spent the Fourth in Knoxville.

Miss Louise Irwin has been spending a few days with her grand parents.

Prof. G. W. Carver, a former student of Simpson and a graduate of Ames, and who has been doing fine work in our college in Tuskegee, Alabama, has been spending a few days in our city. He is looking for a competent teacher to help him in his work.

Miss Zelma Howell, who recently left for Chicago, writes that she is well pleased with the city and her visit with her sister and relatives.

Mrs. Wm. Carter spent Monday in Des Moines.

Little Allie Bolden has been quite ill but is rapidly improving.

Mrs. Harvey Partum has been spending a few days here.

Rev. Irwin is making arrangements for holding a camp meeting here.

Miss Mattie Flummer, who has been studying music in Oberlin, Ohio, for the last two years, is greatly pleased with the teachers of the conservatory, and anticipates staying another year before returning home.

VERY LOW RATES TO CHARLESTON, S. C.

Via the North-Western Line. Excursion tickets will be sold, on account of Annual Meeting N. E. A., to be held at Charleston, July 7-13. For dates of sale, limits of tickets, etc., apply to agents Chicago & North-Western R'y.

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Iowa State Bystander.

BY BYSTANDER PUB. CO.

DES MOINES, IOWA.

Garner Vacancy.

According to the London Chronicle there is now a garter vacant, and if a plebeian decided on whom it should be bestowed there is not a doubt but that K. G. would be placed after the name of the field marshal commanding in south Africa, who most certainly merits the distinction quite as much as Lord Elgin, on whom it was so properly conferred by Lord Salisbury. In the last two centuries the garter has been only three given for military services—to Marlborough, Wellington and Lord Annesley—and, strange to say, no naval commander appears to have had it; not even Nelson.

King of Robbers.

Antonio Bellacoria, the notorious Corsican professional robber, who died a few days ago at Ajaccio from a paralytic stroke, had enjoyed for more than forty years the admiration of his fellow countrymen. It is only two years since he voluntarily presented himself before a Corsican court for trial. The forms of law were duly observed, but the jury unanimously acquitted him. When President Carnot visited Corsica Bellacoria was solemnly presented to him as "the king of the mountains."

Red Cross Founder Poor.

Dr. Henri Dunant, who did so much to humanize war, is living almost penniless in the hospice of Heiden in Appenzell, Switzerland. He was instrumental in founding the Red Cross society by a literary work called "Un Souvenir de Solferino," in which he described vividly the sufferings of the wounded and aroused the conscience of Europe. The Geneva convention of 1864 resulted, and the neutrality of hospital and ambulance service was established.

French Daintiness.

A French woman makes her toilet at night as carefully as if she were going to a reception. Instead of to bed. Whether she be old or young, a well-bred daughter of France brushes and arranges her hair, cleans her teeth, rinses her mouth with some pleasant antiseptic wash, dons a beribboned and lace-trimmed night dress and prepares herself for sleep with the care and deliberation of a girl attiring herself for her first ball.

Legality of 8-Hour Day.

A statute making it unlawful to work more than eight hours per day in mines or smelters is held, in re Morgan (Col.), 47 L. R. A. 52, to be in violation of constitutional guarantees of liberty, and the right to acquire, possess, and protect property, notwithstanding a decision of the supreme court of the United States holding that the federal constitution was not violated by such a statute.

Japanese Love of Nature.

The Japanese is a born lover of nature. Whatever he produces, from the most painstaking work of art to the simplest household utensil, is after natural models. In the representation of figures and scenes the Japanese display a perception which is astonishing. With a couple of strokes of the brush they reproduce what they see with a truth to life which is almost incredible.

School Gardens in Europe.

In kitchen gardens the Swedes aim especially to promote agriculture, while the French seek to advance the culture of fruit, vegetables and flowers. The school gardens in the country places of Switzerland are intended to give theoretical training in the growth of the most useful and important plants and to promote a love for horticulture and rural embellishments.

Eyes of the House-Flly.

The common house fly is said to be provided with 16,000 eyes; that is to say, his two compound eyes have each 8,000 facets. By this singular arrangement he is enabled to see in every direction, and to elude with great skill and success the many dangers that threaten his daily existence.

Famines of Modern Times.

The worst famines of modern times were the famine in Ireland in 1846-47, in which 1,000,000 people perished; the Indian famine of 1866, which claimed 1,450,000 victims; the Indian famine of 1877, in which 500,000 people perished; and the great famine in China in 1878, in which 9,500,000 died.

Improved Electric Lamp.

An improved electric lamp has a pencil of refractory material suspended inside the bulb and surrounding the wires, the passage of the current through the latter heating the pencil and causing it to glow with a white light.

Sold Below Cost.

The late Professor O. C. Marsh's collection of water colors, which he left to Yale university, has been sold for about \$500. It is reported that it cost \$10,000.

Enterprising Jap Tea Dealers.

The Japanese tea merchants are contemplating establishing tea houses, after the Japanese style, in the large cities of the United States.

THE NEWS IN IOWA

Oliver H. McKinney, a farmer residing seven miles north of Hedrick, and J. W. Benson, of Eldon, were killed by a Burlington & Western passenger train at Hedrick. They were in a farm wagon and were returning to Mr. McKinney's home after having transacted some business at Hedrick.

N. J. Leytem, mayor of Cascade, died suddenly a few days ago. He had taken a prominent part in the celebration of the Fourth, and, returning home, became ill and died while the doctor was writing a prescription. He was sixty-five years old and had resided in Cascade fifty years.

Chas. Hartford of Boone, has been brought home on a stretcher, the result of a serious accident at Mason City. Hartford has been working as a brakeman on the northern division of the C. & N. W. While riding on a pilot near Mason City he fell off and was dragged about fifty feet. One foot was badly crushed, especially the heel.

A jail breaking was prevented at the county jail at Sioux City by the discovery of a set of burglars tools under the tin ceiling of the "bum cell" by Jailer Anderson. It is thought the tools were smuggled into the jail by a woman, and that they were intended for W. E. Bush and Thomas Beck, who are being held to await the action of the grand jury on the charge of robbery.

The shocking death of the little daughter of Mr. and Mrs. L. J. Stoner occurred by drowning in a lard can at Fort Dodge a few days ago. The little one was playing about the kitchen and somehow fell over backwards into a lard can containing water. The mother heard the struggles of the child and rushed to the rescue, but too late to save the child's life. Although its head remained under water for but a few seconds, the time was sufficient to produce strangulation.

At Denison a few days ago Mrs. J. B. Romans, wife of a prominent Democratic politician, was very seriously burned by gasoline. Her clothing was entirely burned off of her and from her knees to her eyebrows she is badly scorched. It is feared that the accident will prove fatal. The accident was caused by the careless handling of gasoline by a child. An open dish filled with gasoline caught fire in the child's hand. Mrs. Romans told her to throw it away, and in her fright the child threw the burning fluid all over Mrs. Romans, who in an instant was a mass of flames.

A fight on "Smoky Row" at Ottumwa may yet result in murder. Jim Todd, alias Jim Burton, colored, who did the shooting, is under arrest and will be held to await the outcome of his victim's injuries. The man who was shot is known as William Riley. He is white and is a stranger in Ottumwa. He became engaged in a quarrel with his assailant over a quarter. Without any provocation other than a few hot words, the colored man pulled his revolver and fired at close range. The ball entered Riley's left side, passing into the lung. The physicians have been unable to locate the bullet, and are inclined to believe that Riley's statement that he spit it up is true. It is thought that Riley will recover.

A skin grafting operation has just been done at the Samaritan hospital at Sioux City, which is remarkable in that as a result the sores of forty years on a woman's leg have been cured and constant pain of that long standing relieved. The operation was performed by Dr. Van Buren Knott on Mrs. Mary J. Holbrook, a woman of little means. When Mrs. Holbrook was a baby of less than one year of age, she was the victim of an accident, in which her left leg was horribly burned. Since that day the leg has been covered with sores, which many doctors had pronounced incurable. She has not known what it is to be without pain for a day. The skin which was used on her sore leg was taken off her right leg.

Homer Robb, alias Homer Chase, is locked up at Sioux City on the charge of conspiracy to rob and murder. His arrest is the result of an investigation which the police have been conducting since the Sunday of the big excursion into Sioux City, June 10. On that day Chris Schroeder, a tailor in the employ of Barrett Bros., at Dunlap, was taken by two strangers onto a sand bar in the Missouri river at a point north of the city. Schroeder was intoxicated. There the strangers stripped him of his clothes and robbed him of \$40. They carried away his clothing and left the unconscious man to the mercy of the waters. He awoke the next morning, reached shore and managed to find his way to a farm house, where he got some clothes. Robb denies his guilt.

Fred Mayne, a young man of Council Bluffs, was drowned recently at Lake Manawa by the capsizing of a small skiff in which he and seven others were being brought to shore from a steamer that had grounded in the middle of the lake. The other seven, one being a young woman, were rescued with difficulty.

Milton Kelley, of Benton, while digging a well on the farm of John Bonafield, near that place, was accidentally killed by the bucket slipping away from the tender and falling some twenty feet, striking him.

JONES CASE IS TAKEN UP

Investigation of Charges Made by Treasurer Merriott.

DES MOINES, July 3.—Jesse Miller has filed with the governor his report concerning the conduct of the office of the clerk of the supreme court. The commission was made because of charges by Treasurer Merriott that fees belonging to the state were not turned into the state treasury. Mr. Miller states he had free access to all the books in the clerk's office and that amounts received from all classes of fees are easily ascertainable therefrom. He finds that all but the following classes were turned into the treasury:

Money received for copies of supreme court decisions furnished West Publishing Co. of St. Paul.

Money received for copies furnished attorneys.

A portion of the money received for certificates of admission of attorneys to the bar.

Money received for making examinations of judgment docket as to judgments.

Money received for making transcripts of cases appealed to the supreme court of the United States.

The report states that copies were furnished the West Publishing Co. at 25 cents a page and that the amount received by the clerk from January, 1895, to January, 1900, was \$3,196.66.

The copies were furnished during the April term, 1900, by special contract with Miss Fannie Jones, the arrangements being made by Chief Justice Granger.

An investigation of how the present custom originated shows that ever since 1879 the West Publishing Co.'s business has been a personal matter with the clerk. The supreme court in 1885 over-ruled an application from Blank Bros., law book publishers of New York, asking that the West Publishing Co. be denied the right to make copies of the opinions.

\$1,249.45 has been received by Mr. Jones for copies furnished attorneys. It is found that former clerks turned these fees over to the state.

From January, 1895, to the present time 813 students have been admitted to the bar and the clerk has accounted for \$405.50 of the fees. A small number paid no fee but it is believed they belonged to the class admitted on motion and of whom none was required; \$49.70 was received by the clerk for examinations as to whether there were judgments against certain persons.

The report goes into a lengthy statement regarding the affairs of the office but is not sensational in character. The business with the West Publishing Co., is that of which most has been said and in it Mr. Jones is backed by the precedent of his office. The report resolves the matter into a question of law as to whether the clerk can make personal contracts and the chief justice of the supreme court evidently believes he can.

The governor has not yet decided what action he will take.

LIQUOR CACHED IN THE SAND.

The Ministers of Boone Make an Important Discovery.

BOONE, July 6.—Raiders consisting of six Boone ministers, under the leadership of Rev. Mr. Wilcox and accompanied by Deputy Sheriff Holmes, went down the river to near the new Northwestern bridge, where they made a big "catch" of intoxicants. The ministers went dressed in overalls and prepared for business. Two loads of the stuff were hauled up town and stored in the courthouse. After returning to the river fresh tracks were found, and upon digging in the sand several cases and kegs of beer were found. The party then went to a small tumble-down sort of a house. In a hole under the floor several more cases were found. These, with the plunder, were sent to the courthouse, where they now lie in state. The claim is that the liquor was sold in violation of the law.

At Ottumwa a few days ago Judge Eichelberger rendered his decision in the case brought by some Ottumwa citizens through Messrs. Cornell and Leach by which they sought to restrain the city council and city officials from accepting the library proposition as adopted, on the ground that the election was illegal because women voted unconstitutionally. The opinion holds that women had no right to vote in the library election because although the statute gives them that right the constitution does not recognize as voters any except male adult citizens. This election, Judge Eichelberger thinks, was an "election authorized by law," and therefore recognized by the constitution. As women are not recognized by the constitution as electors, they had, therefore, no right to vote in this election.

Col. W. B. Humphrey has announced that the Fifty-second regiment encampment will be held at Perry and July 18-25 have been set as the dates. Adjutant General Hyers has left the matter with Col. Humphrey.

The July number of McClure's Magazine contains several notable features; among them a story by Rudyard Kipling, articles on W. J. Bryan, on Railways in China, and on our diplomatic relations with Great Britain.

Whereas a short time ago it was feared that the large plant of the Sioux City Starch company had shut down for good, it looks now as if the plant surely would be reopened and that several important improvements and enlargements will be made, and that the number of employees will be considerably increased.

VON KETTELER IS DEAD

Report of Murder of German Minister Officially Confirmed.

SHANGHAI, July 3.—The British consul at Che Foo telegraphs that Baron von Ketteler, German minister at Peking, was murdered by native troops June 18. Three legations—those of Britain, France and Germany—were still undestroyed June 23. The German minister was attacked while proceeding to the tsung-li-yamen, where he died. The American consul here states that Yung Lu telegraphed June 26 that the other ministers were safe that morning but the situation was desperate and he doubted whether the ministers could hold out twenty-four hours longer, as he and the empress could not longer give protection.

WASHINGTON, July 3.—The navy department has received the following from Admiral Kempf, undated:

"Che Foo.—A runner from Peking reports the legations besieged; provisions nearly exhausted and the situation desperate. The German minister was murdered by Chinese soldiers. The American and Italian legations were burned. Twenty thousand Chinese soldiers are inside and 30,000 outside of Peking, and 3,000 are reported bound for Tien Tsin. Still fighting at Tien Tsin. Communication with Tien Tsin by rail and river is insecure."

THREE HUNDRED MISSING

Latest Reports Reveal Extent of the Hoboken Horror.

NEW YORK, July 3.—Sixty-seven bodies of victims of the Hoboken fire have been recovered. Each hour that passes witnesses additional recoveries of bodies, seared, maimed and burned beyond all semblance of humanity. And the half has not yet been told, as all the bodies brought to the surface yesterday were caught on grappling hooks. The list of missing is still placed at but few below the 300 mark, and when the bodies begin floating to the surface the gruesomeness of the situation will be realized. The bodies recovered up to 11 o'clock last night include forty-one now in O'Donnell's undertaking establishment and some in Hoboken; ten in Hoffman's in the same city; twelve in the morgue in New York, and four deckhands of the Saale, which were recovered too late to be brought to either city. Of these, thirty-seven have been either positively or partially identified, most of them, so far as has been discovered, being victims from the steamship Saale.

THE GRONDING OF THE OREGON

Indications Are That the Vessel Is Badly Damaged.

WASHINGTON, July 2.—The navy department received a cablegram from Captain Wilde, of the Oregon, dated Che Foo, confirming the report that his ship is aground fifty miles from Taku. The Iris and another relief ship are now with the Oregon. Capt. Wilde says that there is much water in the forward compartment, with a hole in the side of the vessel and small holes through the bottom. Pinnacle rock, where the Oregon is aground, is about 25 feet high, encircled by a shoal, and should not be approached nearer than three cables. There is a strong current always prevalent in the vicinity, and this fact, together with the dense fog which prevailed at the time, greatly enhanced the danger in navigating the Oregon. The officials of the navy hydrographer's office say there is a great rise and fall of tide and it is possible the Oregon will be lifted off in this way. It is probable that she can be saved if the weather does not become rough. Unfortunately this is the season of storms in Chinese waters.

POWERS TO SEND 80,000 MEN.

An Agreement Reported for Maintenance of Status Quo.

PARIS, July 1.—A representative of the Associated Press was informed that as a result of negotiations between the powers, an agreement has been arrived at which provides for the maintenance of the status quo, as regards spheres of influence and commercial agreements, and also respecting the nature of the guarantees and compensations which will be demanded from China. According to the understanding, the international army of occupation will consist of 80,000 men. Russia and Japan will provide 12,000 each, Great Britain will provide 10,000 men, France 8,000 and Germany, America and the other powers 5,000 each. The Russian army corps in Siberia, which has just been mobilized, will only cross the Chinese frontier in the event of the crisis becoming aggravated.

INDIAN UPRISING IS THREATENED.

Joe Thousand Redskins Ready to Start on Warpath.

MINNEAPOLIS, June 30.—A Times special from Rat Portage, Ontario, says: There is a threatened uprising of Indians on the Rainy river, Ontario. One thousand Indians are gathered at the mouth of Rainy river. Leech lake Indians are said to be among them, meeting them to murder and pillage the settlers, who are sending out their women and children. One hundred and fifty reached Rat Portage on the Kelnora. The Indians are gathering at Rainy lake, the largest and most secret gathering ever known. Indian agents say they know of no grievance. Great alarm is felt by the settlers.

NOT MOVING ON PEKING.

Contrary to General Belief, the Allies Are Not Advancing.

LONDON, July 4.—Mr. Broderick, under secretary of state for foreign affairs, states that the allies are not advancing to the relief of Peking—this despite the message the imprisoned legations got through, dated nine days ago and saying: "The situation is desperate. Hasten relief." No reason or the delay was given. The British public is preparing for news of a frightful tragedy—no less than the laughing of all the foreigners in

EMPEROR SUICIDED.

Prince Tuan Compels Him and the Empress to Take Poison.

SHANGHAI, July 6.—Emperor Kwang Su committed suicide by taking opium under compulsion of Prince Tuan on June 19. The empress dowager also took poison but was still alive though reported insane from the effects of the drug. The above has been reported to the German consular staff.

LONDON, July 6.—A dispatch received from Shanghai dated July 4 announced that the British legation at Peking with 1,600 refugees, was still safe when the message was sent.

PARIS, July 6.—The French consul at Che Foo telegraphs that a Chinaman who left Peking June 25 reports that all the ministers and residents were then assembled at the British legation, and the German, French and Japanese legations were guarded by their own detachments. The other legations, the custom house and missions had been burned. The foreign troops had lost six men killed and six wounded, including the commander of the British detachment.

LONDON, July 6.—The oft repeated story of the massacre of all the whites in Peking is being retold with a circumstantiality that almost convinces those who have hitherto refused to credit the sickening tales. The only hopeful feature of the evil news is the fact that it comes from Chinese sources at Shanghai, but it is realized that even if the tragedy has not yet been enacted, it cannot long be delayed unless help comes from unknown sources. Even the holding of Tien Tsin against the overwhelming horde, now seems to be a very remote possibility, while the safety of the other treaty ports is seriously threatened.

GERMANY AS A SEA POWER.

Emperor William Makes Some Emphatic Declarations.

BERLIN, July 6.—At a banquet at Wilhelmshaven of the officers of a club subsequent to the launching of the warship Wittelsbach, Emperor William in response to a toast proposed by Prince Rupprecht of Bavaria, "To the head of the German navy," made some emphatic declarations upon the subject of Germany as a sea power, asserting that the ocean was indispensable to Germany's greatness and that it had been demonstrated that no great decision could ever again be reached in respect to the sea without consulting with Germany and the German emperor. "German people," said he, "did not conquer and shed blood thirty years ago in order to be thrust aside when great foreign problems are being settled. If that happens, then the position of the German empire as a world power would be at an end. I am not inclined to allow matters to reach such a pass. It is the emperor's duty and highest privilege to employ suitable and even the sharpest methods to prevent it."

TERRIBLE GASOLINE EXPLOSION.

Seven Persons Dead and Two More Will Die—Many Hurt.

PARKERSBURG, W. Va., July 5.—The most horrible calamity that this city ever witnessed occurred at 7 a. m. Five men were blown to atoms, and one other so badly injured that he soon died, and two more are expected to die at any minute. The yards of the Ohio river railroad are spotted with pieces of torn flesh and sprayed with blood that was wiped up by the burning oil. The scene is a veritable charred spot, and descriptive powers failed to give any adequate conception and impression of its horrors. A car tank containing 6,000 gallons of oil was on the yard track for shipment. Train No. 26 was pulling a train of fast freight south bound. The engine looked and saw that the main track was open and came slowly to ward the yards. The switch was open and the train ran into the side track, colliding with the tank car. The collision caused a hole to be bored in the top part of the tank, and the oil ignited, causing a terrific explosion.

PREPARE FOR PROLONGED WAR.

Extensive Preparations Are Being Made in South Africa.

LONDON, June 30.—Outside of minor conflicts in the Orange River colony showing continued Boer activity in Senekal district, telegrams from South Africa merely indicate preparations for final operations and a tedious prolonged war. A Capetown dispatch reports an attempt by Boers to blow up the artillery barracks and magazine at Pretoria. An artilleryman who frustrated the attempt by withdrawing a lighted fuse, was killed by a Boer, whom the soldiers afterwards attempted to lynch. British authorities are deporting large numbers of Hollanders to Holland to be dealt with by their own government for not observing the state of neutrality declared by the Netherlands. Capetown reports that Kruger is still at Machadodorp, "afraid to move for fear the bridges are undermined."

SLAUGHTER ORDERED BY TUAN.

Power Behind the Throne Is So Far Disobeyed by Viceroy.

WASHINGTON, July 3.—The administration is advised from Shanghai that dispatches received there from various sources indicate that Prince Tuan, father of the Chinese heir apparent, seems to be absolutely in control at Peking, and that his attitude is the worst possible and most hostile to foreigners. It is even said that he issued an edict as far back as the 20th of June ordering all of the viceroys to attack the foreigners in their respective provinces—an order which has so far not been obeyed.

APPALLING CATASTROPHE

Scores of Lives Lost in Costly Dock Fire at Hoboken, N. J.

NEW YORK, July 1.—Almost \$10,000,000 worth of property was destroyed, many lives were lost, many persons were injured and at least 1,500 lives were imperiled by a fire that started among cotton bales under Pier 3 of the North German Lloyd Steamship Company, in Hoboken, N. J., at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon. In less than fifteen minutes the flames covered an area a quarter of a mile in length, extending outward from the actual shore line to the bulkheads, from 600 to 1,000 feet away, and had caught four great ocean liners and a dozen or more smaller harbor craft in its grasp.

Stories in regard to the loss of life are conflicting, the number being variously estimated at from fifty to 200. Up to midnight ten bodies had been recovered, but they were all burned and blackened so that identification was impossible. The hospitals in New York, Hoboken and Jersey City are crowded with the injured.

The flames started so suddenly and gained such headway that the people on the piers and on the numerous vessels docked were unable to reach the street. There were great gangs of workmen on the piers, and these, together with a number of people who were at the docks on business and visiting the ships, scattered in all directions. As all means of exit were cut off by the flames, they were forced to jump overboard, and it is believed a great number of people were drowned.

At the docks of the North German Lloyd were the Saale, a single screw passenger steamship of 4,965 gross tons; the Bremen, a twin-screw passenger and freight steamship of 10,528 tons, and the Main, a twin-screw freight and passenger steamship of 10,200 gross tons. They all caught fire and were burned to the water's edge. The Kaiser Wilhelm Der Grosse, which had just come in, was the only one of the big vessels at the dock that escaped, and it was slightly scorched. Then by a shift in the wind the flames were sent in the direction of the dock of the Hamburg-American line, at which the steamship Phenicia was docked. The flames got a good hold on the Phenicia and she was towed out into mid-stream ablaze, and was badly damaged, but not destroyed.

Men working in the holds of the steamships were shut in by walls of flame and it was impossible to reach them. It probably never will be known how many men perished in the ships, as the flames were so fierce they would leave but few if any remnants of the human body.

The loss of the North German Lloyd docks alone is placed at \$2,000,000. The value of the great quantity of cotton, oil and various other merchandise on the docks has not been estimated at this time. The loss to North German Lloyd Steamship Company alone will probably come close to \$10,000,000.

URGE SPEEDY SETTLEMENT.

British Columbians Think Alaskan Boundary Dispute Should End.

LONDON, June 30.—British Columbia has sent representatives to London to warn the imperial government that the unsettled Alaskan boundary question is still pregnant with danger. Robert Ward of the British Columbia board of trade in Victoria, who has come to urge the necessity for action at the congress of chambers of commerce of the British empire, now in session here, said to a correspondent:

"The temporary agreement between the United States and Great Britain is wholly unsatisfactory to British subjects, on the ground that it is a source of constant irritation. While we believe that all points of difference are capable of adjustment by arbitration, the temporizing policy which seems to recommend itself to the home government is fraught with serious possibilities. The gold fields and the extension of the British trade which is certain to follow in its wake make an early final settlement of the matter of the most vital importance."

OFFERS TO MAKE REPARATION.

Chinese Minister's Message on Murder of Von Ketteler.

BERLIN, July 6.—The Chinese ambassador at Berlin has expressed the regret of his government at the murder of Baron Von Ketteler in a telegram to the emperor. He adds that the Chinese government will make full reparation. The German press, in discussing the fact that the situation in China is steadily getting worse, expresses the opinion that Germany should confine itself to a joint action with the other powers and not sacrifice more German blood than is absolutely necessary. The Kreuz Zeitung says:

"Under no circumstances should Germany take part in a conflict of the powers on account of the Chinese question if such a misfortune cannot be avoided. Our position is armed neutrality, resting on Kiau Chou and Shan Tung."

Americans Take the Prize.

PARIS, June 30.—The greatest surprise in exposition circles since the fair opened came when it was announced that the American silk exhibit will be awarded the gold medal over the French exhibit. This announcement of the triumph of the silk manufacturers of the United States, who competed with the French weavers in the home of the silk industry, gives an uncomfortable shock to Paris.

Boas in Orange River Colony. LONDON, June 30.—Active Boer guerrilla operations are reported from half a dozen points in Orange river colony.

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IS IT RIGHT

For an Editor to Recommend Patent Medicines?

From Sylvan Valley News, Brevard, N. C.—It may be a question whether the editor of a newspaper has the right to publicly recommend any of the various proprietary medicines which flood the market, yet as a preventive of suffering we feel it a duty to say a good word for Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. We have known and used this medicine in our family for twenty years and have always found it reliable. In many cases a dose of this remedy would save hours of suffering while a physician is awaited. We do not believe in depending implicitly on any medicine for a cure, but we do believe that if a bottle of Chamberlain's Diarrhoea Remedy were kept on hand and administered at the inception of an attack much suffering might be avoided and in very many cases the presence of a physician would not be required. At least this has been our experience during the past twenty years. For sale by all Druggists.

"We have sold many different cough remedies, but none has given better satisfaction than Chamberlain's," says Mr. Charles Holzhauser, Druggist, Newark, N. J. "It is perfectly safe and can be relied upon in all cases of coughs, colds or hoarseness. Sold by all Druggists."

REDUCED RATES TO

MILWAUKEE, WIS.

Via the North-Western Line, on account of Annual Meeting L. A. W., etc., to be held at Milwaukee 10 to 15 For dates of sale, etc., apply to agents Chicago & North-Western R'y.

ACUTE SENSES OF THE SAVAGE

Scientific View of Their Alleged Superiority to Civilized Men.

In his last lecture on the "Senses of Primitive Man" W. H. R. Rivers discussed the acuteness of hearing in savages. In this respect none of the Torres Straits natives were superior to one of the Europeans composing the expedition, while the majority were inferior. No great weight, however, could be attached to the observations, because all the people were divers—an occupation that certainly damaged the ears to some extent. To investigate their range of hearing a Galton's whistle was used, and it was shown that they could hear very high notes. Their sense of smell was tested by means of a series of tubes containing solutions, of varying strength, of odorous substances like valerian and camphor, and the results, while not altogether satisfactory, tended to show they had no marked superiority in this respect over the members of the expedition. With regard to taste it was very difficult to get information, as the natives, naturally enough, did not like strange objects being put into their mouths. One fact, however, was noticed, which was interesting when it was remembered that sweet and bitter were probably our most definite sensations and that was the complete absence of any word for bitter. For the sense of temperature the data were very scanty, but it was found that the natives had points on their skin specially sensitive to cold exactly as was the case with Europeans. As to touch, when tested to see how close the points of a pair of compasses must be put on the skin before they ceased to be felt as two, their sensitiveness was in general better than Europeans, but there was always the doubt whether they were really able to bear pain with more fortitude. However, the conclusion that the Murray Islanders were distinctly less sensitive than the Europeans in the expedition was supported not only by their subjective statements, but also by object tests depending on the conditions of the blood pressure. In the discrimination of weight it was curious that these natives, who had no abstract idea of weight and no word to express it, and who, moreover, could have had no practice, were more accurate than a practiced European. Finally Dr. Rivers, while commenting on the defective knowledge of some of the senses he had treated and on the absence of comparative data, concluded that in general the sense organs of the savage were not markedly superior to those of the normal of average European, and that the recorded instances of apparent extraordinary acuteness were to be explained by his habits of observation and specialized knowledge.

Selling American Frogs Abroad.
One man connected with the Philadelphia zoo has crossed the Atlantic fifty times in charge of animals. He has sold many huge American frogs at \$2.50 each to owners of German estates to be used for "decorative purposes" in the ponds and lakes. The basso profundo of our bullfrogs is highly valued abroad.

Widows Do Not Remarry.
In China it is the rule of good society that widows do not remarry. They are not forbidden to do so, but they are thought more highly of if they don't. In order to encourage them the government, when they have passed the age of 50, and have not remarried, confers on them a tablet containing a eulogy of their virtues.

Raising the Hat an Ancient Salutation.
When a knight of old entered a company of ladies he removed his helmet to indicate that he considered himself among friends, and that there was no need to protect himself. This practice has survived in the custom of raising the hat when saluting a lady. —June Ladies' Home Journal.

Prince Rupert's Dislike.
Prince Rupert, the heir to the throne of Bavaria, dislikes the attentions of the White Rose league of England, which, because it recognizes the claims of the Stuarts to the British throne, persists, much to his disgust, in styling him "the rightful prince of Wales."

Britain's New Halfpenny Stamp.
Great Britain has issued a new halfpenny stamp, green in color; a new bi-colored postage and revenue stamp will also be issued about midsummer, when the stock of the present single colored green stamp will be exhausted.

Bent on Revenge.
Indianapolis Journal: "The Dwigges are queer people." "What's the matter now?" "Well, somebody in the neighborhood broke their lawn mower last summer, and they are round taking up a collection to buy a new one."

Sultan Said to Have Yielded to Czar.
London, March 22.—It is announced that the sultan has yielded "in all essential particulars" to the Russian demands respecting railway concessions in Asia Minor.

Nine Nuns Receive White Veil.
Dubuque, Iowa, March 22.—Nine young women, six of whom are from Chicago, received the white veil and were admitted to the mother house of the Sisters of Charity Tuesday.

Victoria's Eyesight Foes.
The London Chronicle states that Queen Victoria's eyesight is becoming a matter of grave concern to those about her. Even the blue spectacles, with which Dublin and London are alike familiar, are failing of their old effect. All dispatches and all letters, except the most private, are read to her majesty, who now writes little more than her signature with her own hand. A famous foreign eye doctor has been lately consulted, but without any encouraging result.

Not All Ring Devotees.
While the Queensberry family is generally associated with prize fighting and personal eccentricities, there are members of it who have achieved distinction in other lines. One is the Hon. John Douglas, C. M. G., who has just published in Brisbane an interesting history of Thursday Island, the sentry guarding the northern approach to Australia, where he has been government resident for the last 15 years.

New Material in Paper-Making.
It has been demonstrated that paper can be manufactured in the south at a handsome profit—the mill at Pensacola, Fla., which has been in successful operation for some months, proves the fact beyond question. This mill is using pitch pine for pulp-making. Recent experiments have shown the availability of wild cane, which grows in vast quantities throughout the southern states, for this purpose.

A Queer Advertisement.
In an English contemporary is the following advertisement of a shooting school: "Forty acres in extent. Gun fitting a specialty. Instructions in the art of shooting. Patent try guns and targets. Most realistic coverts. Practice given at driven birds, high pheasants, etc. Any number of sportsmen can be accommodated. Experienced gun fitters and instructors always in attendance."

Seven Pines.
On May 31, 1862, a severe but indecisive battle was fought between the union and confederate forces, under the command of Gen. McClellan and Gen. Johnston respectively, in a locality a few miles from Richmond, Va., on the Williamsburg road. Seven large pines were located there, and the locality derived its name from the pines.

The Sjabbok Described.
The sjabbok, which is frequently mentioned in dispatches from South Africa, is a long whip, made from rhinoceros hide, and polished till it looks almost like amber. It is very tough and durable, and is used by the Boers upon animals and natives, and also for the chastisement of criminals. The crack of the sjabbok sounds like a pistol shot.

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YOUNG AND OLD ALIKE

Feel Their POWER WANING and they NEED



To consult skillful Specialists like Drs. Fellows & Fellows, that the strength, vigor and power of manhood may be restored to them.

SPERMATORRHOEA Is a diseased condition of the sexual organs of the male, where they are so weak as to permit of a relaxation of the muscles, ducts and fibers, as to allow a leakage of seminal fluid. This loss saps the vitality, undermines the constitution and wrecks the general health. Nine men out of every ten suffers in this way.

VARICOCELE Is an enlargement of the veins of the scrotum, it is very painful and if permitted to enlarge, will gradually grow worse, and finally rob a man of his power.

IMPOTENCY This condition which renders a man useless, as his power is now gone, may be removed by so strengthening the entire sexual organism as to fully restore the desired vigor.

PRIVATE DISEASE All secret, nervous, chronic, infectious and private diseases of men, whether acute or sub-acute, speedily and permanently cured. Everything confidential. Consultation and examination free. Write or call to-day. Home Treatment sent by mail or express.

Drs. Fellows & Fellows
DES MOINES IOWA,
413-415 Walnut St.

BURLINGTON ROUTE EXCURSIONS
EXCURSION TICKETS VIA THE Burlington Route. Reservations for sleeping car berths should be made early with ticket agents.

NATIONAL ENCAMPMENT G. A. R. Chicago. Tickets on sale August 25, 26, 27, 28 and 29.

REPUBLICAN NATIONAL CONVENTION, Philadelphia, Pa. Tickets on sale June 14, 15 and 16.

PROHIBITION NATIONAL CONVENTION, Chicago, Ill. Tickets on sale June 25, 26 and 27.

ANNUAL MEETING, NATIONAL Education association, Charleston, S. C.

ANNUAL INTERNATIONAL CONVENTION, Baptist Young People's Union of America, Cincinnati, Ohio. Tickets on sale July 10, 11, 12 and 13.

BIENNIAL CONCLAVE KNIGHTS of Pythias, Detroit, Mich. Tickets on sale August 25, 26, 27 and 28.

ANNUAL CONVENTION, YOUNG People's Christian Union of the United Presbyterian church of North America, Denver, Colo. Tickets on sale July 23 and 24.

SUMMER EXCURSIONS TO COLORADO, Utah, Black Hills, Yellow Stone Park and many other points in the North, West and Northwest. Special rates on certain dates.

NEW TRAIN TO CALIFORNIA, Daily Pullman Sleeper, Chicago to San Francisco, and weekly tourist sleeper, Chicago to Los Angeles, via the attractive Denver and Rio Grande Route, with its magnificent Colorado scenery.

HOME SEEKERS' EXCURSION tickets on sale on the first and third Tuesdays of June, July and August.

For particulars call upon
F. L. GANNAWAY,
City Passenger Agt., 400 Locust St.
Des Moines, Iowa.

WANTED SEVERAL PERSONS FOR DIS tinct Office Managers in this state to represent me in their own and surrounding counties. Willing to pay yearly \$600, payable weekly. Desirable employment with unusual possibilities. References exchanged. Enclose self addressed stamped envelope. S. A. Park 330 Caxton Building Chicago

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BEFORE AFTER

DES MOINES PASSENGER TRAINS

C. R. I. & P., GOING EAST.	
ARRIVE.	DEPART.
9:30 p. m. Chicago Limited	9:35 p. m.
4:30 p. m. Day Express & Mail	4:45 p. m.
12:40 p. m. Night Express	12:55 p. m.
12:40 p. m. Day Express	1:00 p. m.
11:40 a. m. Hawkeye Limited	7:50 a. m.
C. R. I. & P., GOING WEST.	
8:30 a. m. Denver Limited	8:35 a. m.
9:30 a. m. Limited Express	9:40 a. m.
12:40 p. m. Day Express	12:50 p. m.
3:55 a. m. Rocky Mountain Limited	4:00 a. m.
11:40 a. m. Fast Mail	11:45 a. m.
C. R. I. & P. TO KEOKUK.	
11:55 a. m. Eldon	6:35 p. m.
3:50 p. m. Keokuk	7:10 a. m.
DES MOINES & FORT DODGE.	
6:30 p. m. Ruthven Mail & Express	12:10 p. m.
10:45 a. m. Tara and Fort Dodge	4:45 p. m.
8:30 p. m. Minn. and St. Paul	9:00 p. m.
6:40 a. m. St. Paul and Minn. Flyer	8:50 a. m.
INDIANOLA & WINTHROP BRANCH.	
11:30 a. m. Mail	4:40 p. m.
6:40 p. m. Winterset Accommodation	8:45 a. m.
7:05 p. m. Indianola Express	8:40 a. m.
CHICAGO GREAT WESTERN-NORTH.	
8:15 p. m. Chicago and St. Paul Lim.	8:30 p. m.
12:25 a. m. Chicago Special	11:00 a. m.
12:25 a. m. Twin Cities Special	12:30 a. m.
CHICAGO GREAT WESTERN-SOUTH.	
6:50 a. m. Kansas City Limited	7:00 a. m.
11:30 a. m. Day Express	11:40 a. m.
7:50 p. m. Night Express	8:45 p. m.
CHICAGO BURLINGTON & QUINCY.	
12:15 p. m. Albia and Burlington Passenger	9:05 p. m.
7:00 p. m. Albia Accommodation	5:45 a. m.
KEOKUK & WESTERN.	
10:05 a. m. Mail and Express	2:20 p. m.
6:55 p. m. Mail and Express	8:25 a. m.
CHICAGO & NORTH WESTERN.	
6:15 p. m. Sioux City N. & W.	9:00 a. m.
1:10 p. m. Colorado Special	11:40 p. m.
11:30 a. m. Chicago Limited	9:00 p. m.
1:05 a. m. Dakota Limited	2:00 a. m.
7:55 p. m. Chicago Express	7:00 a. m.
7:40 a. m. Chicago Night Express	9:00 p. m.
7:55 p. m. Chicago Special	11:00 a. m.
11:30 a. m. "Fast Mail"	9:00 a. m.
C. M. & ST. P.-FONDA LINE.	
11:05 a. m. Fonda Express	4:30 p. m.
5:45 p. m. Fonda and Sioux City Lim.	9:35 a. m.
C. M. & ST. P.-BOONE LINE.	
11:30 a. m. Boone Mail and Express	3:40 p. m.
7:25 p. m. Mail and Express	8:00 a. m.
4:50 a. m. Chicago Limited	11:15 a. m.
*Daily. *Daily.	
All other trains daily except Sunday	

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GUARANTEED 10 YEARS.

Cut this ad. out and send to us and we will send you this **ONE DOLLAR** **ACME** **600-lb. PLATFORM** scale by freight, C. O. D., subject to examination; you can examine it at your freight depot and if found perfectly satisfactory exactly as represented, and equal to scales that retail at \$20.00, pay the balance of \$1.00. Price, \$7.75, less the \$1.00, or \$6.75 and freight charges. The shipping weight is 135 lbs. and the freight will average 75c for each 100 miles and we guarantee safe delivery. **216 ACME** for farm, store or warehouse use. **Best PLATFORM SCALE MADE.** Guaranteed 10 years and will last a lifetime. Will weigh 600 lbs. by using all weights furnished. Brass beam weighs 50 lbs., has "Steeve" brand steel fulcrum. Platform is 16x25 inches, resting on adjustable chills. Bearings, has Denton steel pivots, most sensitive, accurate and durable scale made, mounted on four large wheels; they are nicely painted and ornamented and beautifully finished. The scale is so constructed that it will save twice the cost in one season by weighing the grain he sells and buys. **ORDER AT ONCE** before the price is advanced. Catalogue of scales free for the asking. Address, **Sears, Roebuck & Co. (Inc.)**, Chicago, Ill. (Sears, Roebuck & Co. are thoroughly reliable.—Editor.)

OZONO!

King of Hair Dressings.

WHAT IS OZONO?

A preparation prepared solely and distinctly to improve the condition of the hair of the negro race. Not a worthless, offensive, obnoxious, greasy mass of injurious nostrums, but a delicately perfumed unguent, beautiful to look upon; made to adorn the lady, polish the gentleman, benefit youth, and gladden old age. OZONO straightens knotty, nappy, kinky, refractory hair. OZONO does this alone. No hot irons are necessary; no plastering down with grease. OZONO individually straightens, without any outside assistance. It will cause the hair to come back on bald spots. It will restore gray hair to its natural color. It will cause the hair to grow long and straight, soft and fine, and beautiful as an April morn. It will cure all itching, burning, running, humilitating Scalp Diseases, Dandruff, Tetter, Scurf, and Eczema. Itch cannot live after OZONO has been applied. It is as pure as the dew-drop, beautiful as the morn, and harmless as the rippling water in the babbling brook. Cleanliness is next to Godliness; filth is a crime. If your hair is short and harsh and kinky; if your scalp is covered with scurf and dandruff, or itch, or eczema, it is doubtless your fault alone. If your little ones' heads are a mass of crusty, scaly, flaky scurf, teeming with germs and microbes, that are invisible to the naked eye, but which are sapping the life from the hair and destroying it forever, and you allow this state to go on, it is a crime. It is your place to stop this—a duty you owe to yourself, to your child, to your Maker. OZONO is your remedy. OZONO will positively and permanently remove all the diseases, and straighten and beautify the hair, making it silky and glossy and black as the raven's wing. OZONO, as compared with other hair remedies, stands as high as the mountain peak, fair as the lily, and glorious as the sun. OZONO is King. The price is 50c. a box. It requires about four boxes to complete the treatment.

OUR GRAND OFFER.

Write to us at once, enclosing the small sum of ONE DOLLAR, and we will immediately forward to you four large boxes of OZONO. We will also send you one large bottle of **ELECTRIC SKIN REFINER**, which makes rough skin soft and brightens the blackest skin, making it several shades lighter. Now, there is much fraud practiced with face bleaches. Understand, we do not advertise this bleach to make one white. God alone can accomplish this, and it would be miraculous. Unpitt your faith from frauds. We assert that our Refiner will soften rough skin and brighten black skin, but it can do no more. Take our advice; don't fool with any bleach that is advertised to make you white; it is more apt to poison you. We will also include one fancy jar of **ELECTRIC SKIN FOOD**, which is a sure remedy for all Skin Eruptions, Pimples, Black Heads, Liver Spots, and all Skin Diseases. It will remove Wrinkles, Scars, Facial Blemishes, and will positively take out Small-Pox Pits. This is saying a great deal, but it is true. It makes the old look young and the young look younger. And, lastly, to prove our liberality, we will add a one-pint package of **ANTI-ODOR**. This remedy removes all smells and odors arising from the human body. Its uses are too numerous to mention. Full directions go with all goods. This grand aggregation is worth \$3.50. Send \$1.00, mention the name of this paper, and you will get the goods at once. We ship all orders same day goods are received.

We wish to state that we are a thoroughly reliable firm, having many thousand dollars in our business. We refer to the editor of this paper, or to any business house in Richmond. Our remedies and our business is founded on the altar of truth. Write your name and address plainly.

BOSTON CHEMICAL CO.,
411 N. Twenty-Third Street, RICHMOND, VA.

DEATH OF MR. LUSTER WINSTON OF EVANS, IOWA.

Fred Luster Winston was born in the year of 1807, in Louisiana county, Virginia; came to Iowa 17 years ago, and followed coal mining as his occupation. He was married to Miss Ella Bates, the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. L. A. Bates, October 31, 1807. He professed a hope in Christ Feb. 17, 1897 at Pekay, Ia., at which place he was baptised into the Baptist faith the first Sunday in May, 1897, and came to Keb the same month to work in the mines. Here his activeness in religious work placed him in the confidence of the christian workers of his faith to that extent that he was duly elected and ordained to the deaconship of the Mt. Gilliad Baptist church; he also served as superintendent of the S. S. of that church for two years and assistant superintendent until Monday June 25, at 5:55 p. m., at which time he departed this life very suddenly and surprising to all who knew him. As a companion he was most devoted, and an excellent provider for home comforts. As a christian he was a light in his home, in his church and in the community. His funeral was conducted by Rev. D. J. Tate, pastor of the G. B. church, Wednesday June 27, at 10:00 a. m., and the remains were interred at Forest cemetery, Oskaloosa, Iowa.

DOCTOR YOURSELF.

"Genova" Tablets are mailed and guaranteed by Kidd Drug Company Elgin, Ill., to cure all forms of diseases of Urinary organs, and system, Bladder, etc., including Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Whites, Lucorrhoea, unnatural discharges, irritations and ulcerations of the urinary organs and mucous membranes never gives stricture, harmless and painless. An internal remedy with injections combined; only one in the world. Sent per mail on receipt of price, \$3 per package or 2 for \$5. Don't fool with cheap substitutes. Retail and wholesale of Harbut & McArthur, Des Moines, Ia.

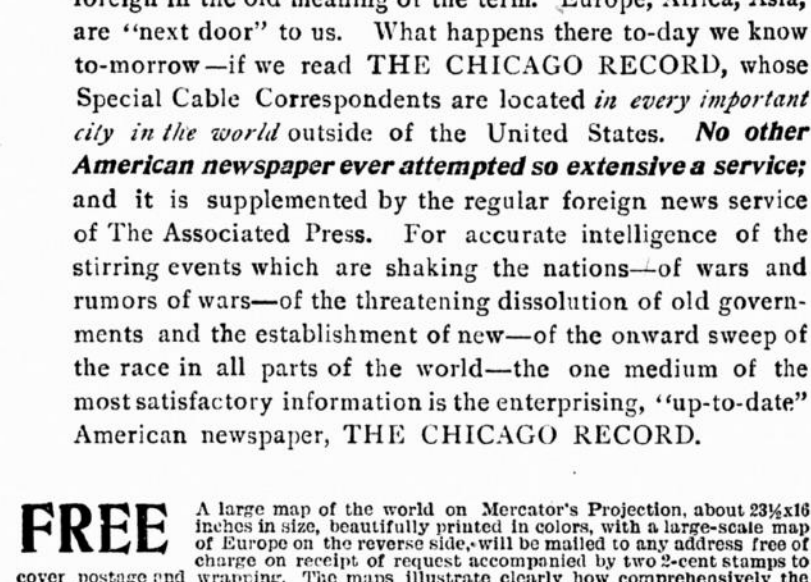
VERY LOW RATES TO CINCINNATI OHIO.

Via the North-Western Line. Excursion tickets will be sold July 10 to 12, inclusive, final return limit August 10, on account of Annual Meeting B. Y. P. U. Apply to agents Chicago & North-Western R'y.

TIME AND SPACE

are practically annihilated by the ocean cables and land telegraph systems which now belt the circumference of Old Earth in so many different directions. "Foreign parts" are no longer foreign in the old meaning of the term. Europe, Africa, Asia, are "next door" to us. What happens there to-day we know to-morrow—if we read THE CHICAGO RECORD, whose Special Cable Correspondents are located in every important city in the world outside of the United States. No other American newspaper ever attempted so extensive a service; and it is supplemented by the regular foreign news service of The Associated Press. For accurate intelligence of the stirring events which are shaking the nations—of wars and rumors of wars—of the threatening dissolution of old governments and the establishment of new—the onward sweep of the race in all parts of the world—the one medium of the most satisfactory information is the enterprising, "up-to-date" American newspaper, THE CHICAGO RECORD.

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A large map of the world on Mercator's Projection, about 23x16 inches in size, beautifully printed in colors, with a large-scale map of Europe on the reverse side, will be mailed to any address free of charge on receipt of request accompanied by two 2-cent stamps to cover postage and wrapping. The maps illustrate clearly how comprehensively the special cable service of THE CHICAGO RECORD covers the entire civilized world. Address THE CHICAGO RECORD, 181 Madison Street, Chicago.



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KNOWS THAT MUNGER'S LAUNDRY is the best in the city. Try them and be decided.

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TRUSSES, 65c, \$1.25 AND UP

We are selling the very best Trusses made at FACTORY PRICES, and the only one GUARANTEED TO FIT YOU PERFECTLY. We have a large stock of our 25 Year Old Trusses, made of the best material, and we will send you one on trial, and if you are not satisfied, we will return your money. We will also send you a Truss on trial, and if you are not satisfied, we will return your money. We will also send you a Truss on trial, and if you are not satisfied, we will return your money.

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Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free of charge. We inventors are strictly confidential. Communications are handled by our Patent Attorneys. Send free. Oldest agency for securing patents. Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice, without charge.

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A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, \$3 a year, four months, \$1. Sold by all newsdealers.

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SEND MONEY
Cut this out and send to us, state your weight and height also number of inches around body at waist and neck, and we will send you a Truss on trial, and if you are not satisfied, we will return your money. We will also send you a Truss on trial, and if you are not satisfied, we will return your money.

SECRET ORDERS.
North Star Lodge, No. 2, A. F. A. M.—Meets Third Thursday in each month at Masonic Hall—East Second and Walnut. J. F. Higgins, W. M.; G. H. Clegg, Secy.

MERRICK'S
PURE NON-ALCOHOLIC
FLAVORING POWDERS

are pure and economical. Scientifically compounded from the Pure Fruit Juices. They retain their delicate aroma, which is easily lost in alcohol or liquid flavors. Free from alcohol and all poisonous ingredients.

DELICATE, DAINTY, DELICIOUS.
ONCE TRIED, ALWAYS USED.

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G. G. MERRICK & CO.
32-38 Clark St., CHICAGO, ILL.

WANTED SEVERAL PERSONS FOR DIS
represent me in their own and surrounding counties. Willing to pay yearly \$600, payable weekly. Desirable employment with unusual opportunities. References enclosed. Enclose self-addressed stamped envelope. S. A. Park, 320 Carlton Building, Chicago.

\$19.75
SEND ONE DOLLAR
Cut this out and send to us, state your weight and height also number of inches around body at waist and neck, and we will send you a Truss on trial, and if you are not satisfied, we will return your money.

ORDER NOW. DON'T WAIT FOR SNOW.
Write for Free Catalogue—\$1.75 to \$2.75. SEARS, ROEBUCK & CO. (Inc.), Chicago.

An Epidemic of Diarrhoea.
Mr. A. Sanders, writing from Cocoa Grove, Fla., says there has been quite an epidemic of diarrhoea there. He had a severe attack and was cured by four doses of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. He says he also recommended it to others and they say it is the best medicine they ever used. For sale by all Druggists.

THE DOCTORS EXTEND THEIR TIME.

Owing to the vast number Who Have Been Unable to see the British Doctors, these Eminent Gentlemen Have Extended the Time for Giving Their Services Free for three Months to all Who call Before July 28th.

Owing to the large number of invalids who have called upon the British Doctors at the office room, 204 and 205 Marquardt Block, and who have been unable to see them, these eminent gentlemen have, by request, consented to continue giving their services free for three months to all invalids who call upon them before July 28th.

These services will consist not only of consultation, examination and advice, but also of all minor surgical operations.

The object in pursuing this course is to become rapidly and personally acquainted with the sick and afflicted, and under no consideration whatever will any charges be made for any services rendered for three months, to all who call before July 28th.

The doctors treat all forms of disease and deformities, and guarantee a cure in every case they undertake. At the first interview a thorough examination is made; and, if incurable you are frankly and kindly told so, also advised against spending your money for useless treatment.

Dr. J. Boyd, the chief consulting surgeon of the institute, is in personal charge.

OFFICE HOURS: 9:00 a. m. to 8:00 p. m. No Sunday Hours.

SPECIAL NOTICE—If you cannot call, send stamp for question blank for home treatment.

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BE PROMPT



Get your Gas Range now, so that you will not have to wait long for the necessary connections.

Last year during the "rush" some orders were unavoidably delayed. This year's business is trebling that of last year's. So take time by the forelock.

YOUR MONEY BACK
if the Gas Rang purchased of us works unsatisfactorily and you return it within 30 days.

Capital City Gas Light Company,
413--415 Locust Street.

THOUGHTS OF LONELY HOURS.
As I sat all alone,
Thinking of the future and home,
No happier hours could there be.
I sigh with a groan,
And my heart sadly mourned
For the loved ones I oft want to see.

My first thought was mother,
For there is no other,
That I know is so kind and so true.
She still waits for me,
Her dear boy to see.
And tells me our friends are quite few.

We may roam the wide world,
And oft times find a girl,
We'd give our hand to be wed,
Again think of home,
From where you roam,
And think of what dear mother said:
She says my dear boy,
Select your joy,
The girl that you love, and loves you.

She also has said,
You had better be dead,
If you marry a girl who don't love you.
And now for the man,
On sea and on land;
A girl should be careful to see,
And know her loved one,
For love is no fun,
Out of ten men there husbands may be.

The subject is with you,
Wives and husbands are few.
Don't love unless it is true,
For thousands of souls
Are now stiff and cold,
For the fault is with one of the two.

H. J. PIERCE.

IMPORTANT TO COLORED MEN AND WOMEN.

After a careful consideration and consultation with prominent colored people throughout the country it has been decided to organize what will be known as a National Negro Business League. The need of an organization that will bring the colored people who are engaged in business together for consultation, and to secure information and inspiration from each other has long been felt. Out of this National organization, it is expected, will grow Local Business Leagues that will tend to improve the Negro as a business factor.

Boston has been selected as the place of meeting because of its historic importance, its cool summer climate, and general favorable conditions. The date of the meeting will be Thursday and Friday, August 23 and 24. Then too, nearly all the steamship lines and railroads have reduced their rates to Boston at that time to one fare for the round trip for the entire summer.

Every individual engaged in business will be entitled to membership, but as far as possible the colored people in all the cities and towns of the country should take steps at once to organize Local Business Leagues, where no such organizations already exist, and should see that these organizations send one or more delegates to represent them.

It is very important that every line of business that any Negro man or woman is engaged in be represented. This meeting will present a great opportunity for us to show the world what progress we have made in business lines since our freedom.

This organization is not in opposition to any other now in existence but is expected to do a distinct work that no other organization, now in existence, can do as well.

Another circular giving further information as to program and other details of the meeting will be issued within a few weeks. All persons, whether men or women, interested in the movement are invited to correspond with,

Yours very truly,
Booker T. Washington,
Tuskegee, Alabama.

NERVOUS WEAKNESS CURED.

VIRTUMA is a French treatment for both sexes that is positively guaranteed to cure IMPTENCY vitality and vigor, restoring the desires, ambitions and aspirations of youth and health, fitting for success and happiness in business; professional, social and married life. \$3 a package or 3 for \$8. Ask your druggist, but refuse cheap substitutes. Sent anywhere prepaid on receipt of price and guaranteed by the Kidd Drug Company, Elgin, Illinois.

Retail and wholesale by Hurlbut & McArthur, Des Moines, Ia.

MT. PLEASANT NEWS.

Mrs. Logan and children have returned from a visit with mother in Laclede Mo. Rev. Miller occupied the pulpit at the Second Baptist Church, the latter part of last week.

Miss Agnes Mason returned home last week from Evanston, Illinois. She accompanied by little Helen Thomas of Chicago, and little Charles Anderson of Evanston.

Mrs. Robert Anderson's children have the whooping cough.

Miss Fannie Robinson who has been very sick is better.

Mrs. Chas. Fitzgerald has returned from Mchakino, Iowa, where she was called on account of the death of her aunt, Mrs. Reuben Jones.

Mrs. Rhinehart has returned from a visit to Keokuk.

Mrs. Alfred Mason, accompanied by her daughter, Ione, left for Des Moines last Friday to visit Mrs. Mason's children, Mrs. David Bommer and Mr. Geo. Mason.

The Misses Lyda and Nora Bartlett have returned from a very pleasant trip to Keokuk.

Our Bystander Agent was a caller last week looking over the accounts of the year.

Mr. James Johnson of Ottumwa was a business visitor in our city last Saturday afternoon.

Mr. Robt. Anderson had another one of his attacks last Friday night. He is better now.

Mr. and Mrs. Fay Martin of Burlington were up one day last week. They were accompanied back by Mrs. Martin's sister, Miss Gertrude Reed.

Miss Ida Goffrey is home from Kansas City after an absence of nine months.

Mrs. J. A. Carter left last Tuesday for a few days visit with her son, Hilly, in Cleveland, Iowa, and with Mrs. Davis and family in Albia, Iowa.

Mrs. Ida Hackley of Ottumwa is visiting with her mother, Mrs. M. Fidler.

Mr. James Bartlett has returned from a trip to Chicago.

BURLINGTON BRIEFLETS.

Bishop B. W. Arnett and son B. W. Arnett, Jr., and Charles Smith, the Bishop's secretary, sailed July 2d for London, England, to attend the Christian Endeavor convention.

Mrs. J. C. Carter returned Wednesday after a pleasant visit with friends in Chicago.

Mrs. Simmons left on Thursday morning to make her home in Muscatine, Iowa, with her son Willie Schackelford.

July 5th a grand rally entertainment was given by the Stewardess. A good program was rendered.

On July 12th a moonlight picnic will be given by the C. C. at the residence Mr. John L. Brooks, of Gertrude street, for the benefit of the pastor of Saint John's A. M. E. church. They say they will have spring chickens in abundance and all the friends and members are invited to come out and take supper with them.

Mr. Thomas Wall visited his sister in Mt. Pleasant, this week, and since his return home he has been quite lame. He let a cake of ice fall on his foot.

Mrs. Ellen Morris is visiting relatives in Keokuk. She is one of the faithful members of St. John's A. M. E. church, and her absence is felt in the community and especially at church.

Mrs. Annie Burkhardt, of Lincoln, Nebraska, is in the city visiting her mother, Mrs. John Jones, who has been very sick, but is now able to be out again.

The Cook County Marching club arrived in the city Monday night, and spent a couple of hours en route to Kansas City, Mo., to the democratic national convention.

Miss Eunice Wilson is in Muscatine, visiting friends, and we learn her health is much improved.

Mr. Wesley White left Tuesday morning for Muscatine to spend the 4th.

Quarterly meeting at St. John's A. M. E. church, July 15th, at which time the former pastor, Rev. T. Reeves of Keokuk, will assist. This is the last quarterly meeting of this conference year.

J. L. Thompson, editor of the Iowa State Bystander was in the city circulating among his friends, and soliciting subscription and collecting old bills.

Rev. Jas. Higgins, will leave Saturday to assist Rev. Reeves in his quarterly meeting.

Miss Mary Brown has been quite sick since her return from Keokuk to the Sunday School convention, but at this writing is improving.

Mr. Perry Greenup is quite sick at the Mercy Hospital.

Mr. Leonard Harris is in the city again circulating among his friends, after an absence of several weeks in Davenport.

VERY LOW RATES TO TEXAS,

VIA M. K. & T. RY.
FROM KANSAS CITY.

Low rate excursion tickets and one way tickets will be sold by the M. K. & T. from Kansas City, July 7th, 8th and 9th to Texas. The excursion on rates to the more important points will be:

Denison, Sherman, Round Trip
Gainesville, Wichita Falls, \$10.00
Dallas, Ft. Worth, \$12.00
Waco, \$13.00
Temple, Belton, Taylor, \$14.00
Houston, Galveston, \$15.00

Tickets good until July 30th returning. Good for ten days going and stop over in Texas.

One-way ticket will be sold same dates at \$2.00 less than the above.

This opportunity does not come of ten.
JAMES BARKER.
General Passenger & Ticket Agent.

LADIES DON'T WORRY.

"Dr. Le Dues Genuine French Female Regulator" is positively guaranteed and mailed by Kidd Drug Co., Elgin, Ill., to remove and relieve Monthly Stoppages, Female irregularities, Suppressed Menstruation, obstructions and suppressions, from whatever cause, or send free medicine until cured if guaranteed lot does not relieve. Sent on receipt of price, \$2 a package or 3 for \$5.00. Retail and wholesale of Hurlbut & McArthur, Des Moines.

Have you ever used
DAVIS' MECHANICS SOAP?

UNQUESTIONABLY
"The Greatest Dirt Killer."
20c. a Box of 3 Cakes.

If not kept by your dealer, send us his name.

Send 10c. for large full-sized cake.

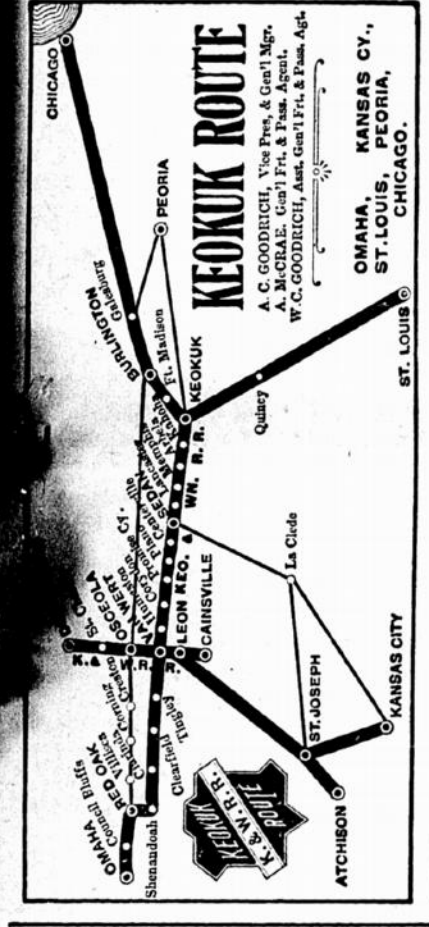
Its greatest friends are
Mechanics,
Machinists,
Painters,
Farmers,
Miners,
and those having dirty work to do. It not only removes dirt and stains quickly, but it also invigorates the skin.

Excellent in Workshop, in Kitchen, For Toilet.

Agents wanted in every locality.

E. M. DAVIS SOAP CO., Makers, CHICAGO.

WANTED—SEVERAL BRIGHT AND honest persons to represent us as Managers in this and close by counties. Salary \$900 year and expenses. Straight, bona-fide, no more, no less salary. Position permanent. References, any bank in any town. It is mainly office work conducted at home. Reference. Enclose self-addressed stamped envelope THE DOMINION COMPANY, Dept. 3, Chicago.



MONTROSE BICYCLE SENT FREE
on approval to your address WITHOUT A CENT IN ADVANCE. SEND US YOUR ORDER, state whether you wish lady's or man's wheels, and we will send you a bicycle on trial, and if you are not satisfied, we will return your money. We will also send you a bicycle on trial, and if you are not satisfied, we will return your money.

FREE
We will send you a bicycle on trial, and if you are not satisfied, we will return your money. We will also send you a bicycle on trial, and if you are not satisfied, we will return your money.

CHEAP WHEELS.
We do not manufacture the cheap department, but supply houses and sell at high grade. We furnish them, however, at \$5 to \$7.50. We do not guarantee nor recommend them. BEFORE ORDERING a bicycle of any one, no matter how or how cheap, write to us and we will send you a bicycle on trial, and if you are not satisfied, we will return your money.

UNABLE TO BUY
We will send you a bicycle on trial, and if you are not satisfied, we will return your money. We will also send you a bicycle on trial, and if you are not satisfied, we will return your money.

SEND YOUR ORDER
We will send you a bicycle on trial, and if you are not satisfied, we will return your money. We will also send you a bicycle on trial, and if you are not satisfied, we will return your money.

J. L. MEAD CYCLE COMPANY, Chicago, Ill.

SEND-NO MONEY
WITH YOUR ORDER, send this ad. and we will send you a bicycle on trial, and if you are not satisfied, we will return your money. We will also send you a bicycle on trial, and if you are not satisfied, we will return your money.

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS
We will send you a bicycle on trial, and if you are not satisfied, we will return your money. We will also send you a bicycle on trial, and if you are not satisfied, we will return your money.

THE BURDICK

SOLID QUARTER SAWED OAK DROP SEWING MACHINE

Jephthah's Daughter:

A Story of Patriarchal Times.

By JULIA MAGRUDER...

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(CHAPTER XI.—(Continued.)

And when Namarah and her maidens reached the house of Jephthah, behold it was hung with mourning, and though the doors were wide, there was neither friend nor servant to be seen. So Namarah entered silently, and took her way toward the apartment of her father Jephthah; and as she came unto his door, she turned and spake unto the maidens, bidding them stay without in the hall while she went in alone.

And as she thrust open the door and came into the presence of her father Jephthah, behold he to was dressed in mourning garments, and he leaned upon the breast of the young man Adina, who was also clad in sackcloth; and the faces of both men were white as the faces of the dead; and Adina had grown gaunt and hollow-cheeked and lost his ruddy color, while her father Jephthah was as one grown old before his time.

And Namarah spake no word, but shutting close the door behind her, she went and put her arms about the neck of her father, but her eyes she gave unto her lover.

Her head had fallen backward, and her white face rose from out its solemn mourning draperies as a fair flower springing out of earth; and her eyes, made large and luminous through fastings and vigils, seemed as the very windows of her spirit; and in their depth Adina read a love unspeakable, unquenchable and not to be surpassed. He understood her tender thought in clasping first her father before her touch sought his, for it was by reason of her father that this blow was come upon them, and she felt he had great need of comfort and the assurance of her deep, unchanged affection; but in that long, deep look into her lover's eyes, she gave him her whole self. For a moment they rested in that look, quiet and calm as the deeps of ocean, and then the maiden spake:

"I pray thee leave me now, Adina," she said, softly, as the voice of Jephthah's father broke into great sobs while she smoothed his snow-white hair, and stilled him as a mother might her babe. "I would be with him alone, that my courage fail not; for he hath more need of comfort than either thou or I. Return to me an hour after moonrise in the garden."

And Adina bowed his head and went, with never so much as a touch of her hand to feed the mighty hunger of his love, howbeit that look in her eyes which rested on him still, even as he left her presence, was as a draught divine wherewith the thirst of his soul might be quenched.

CHAPTER XII.

Even before the coming of the time appointed, just as the moon was coming up behind the distant horizon, Adina made his silent way into the garden of Jephthah's house, and stood and waited. The hour of moonrise was just what it had been two months before, on the night of their parting here, and in his ears were the same sounds of the babbling brook and of the doves in their house near by. Up and down the young man paced, his thumbs thrust into the belt wherewith his white tunic was held in place, and his whole body tense and strained with the mightiness of his hardly mastered excitement. A light glimmered in the room of Jephthah, and on this he kept his gaze, until presently it became in a moment softly shaded, as if to screen the eyes of one who slept. Namarah, indeed, had soothed her father into a gentle slumber, and when it was known unto her that he slept she stepped forth into the garden.

She had even refreshed her from her journey and clothed herself in snow-white garments, perfumed with myrrh and frankincense, in which she moved softly down the garden walks to meet him whom her soul did love. The grasses of summer bent beneath the soft pressure of her feet, and the vines divided themselves at the light touches of her hands. The trees above her were as the wall of her temple of love, and the moon pierced through to light it. Adina stood and waited in the spot made sacred to them by the early dawnings, as well as by the fruition of their love; and as the maiden, fair and white as if made of the rays of the moonlight, moved softly toward him, he stretched out his two arms. She came to them with full gladness and assurance, as one of her white doves, after long wandering, cometh home.

And Adina spake no word; only he drew her to him, as though he would never lose her again. As she rested so, feeling against her heart the full throb of his, while that close clasp tightened and his breath came quick, it seemed to her a moment of such rapture that the thought of her heart came forth in words, as she said, on the breath of a low-drawn sigh:

"I would that I could die even now!"

And Adina answered:

"And I with thee, that our souls together might return to God who gave them."

"It is most sure," said Namarah, earnestly. "It may not be such as we would choose or look for; but He hath heard that prayer of mine and thine

each time our hearts have breathed it, and the answer doth somewhere await us."

She spake these words in solemn whisperings, more tender than the cooing of doves, more murmurous than the rippling of the brook.

No eye saw the parting, when at last Adina wrenched his heart away from hers. They two were alone in the silence with God. Even the dove came not near them tonight, but remained apart and alone, as if it had knowledge of all and forbore to come between the beating of their hearts and the communion of their souls.

At the rising of the sun next morning, the altar was made ready in the heart of a deep wood, and by it stood a priest resplendent in the robes of his office. The wood was in readiness, and the fire prepared, nor was the offering for the sacrifice wanting. She stood, a pure virgin, clad in stainless white, and on her left, the young man Adina, and the face of the maiden Namarah was calm and peaceful, and her eyes trustful and quiet as the eyes of children when they know their parents are close by. And her face, for all its paleness, was more beautiful to look upon than ever it had been before, for the light that shone upon it was not wholly that cast by the rising sun, but, as it were, a light from within her soul. And Adina's face was radiant, too, so that it seemed as if one light illumined them from within, even as the same sun from without. And Namarah's voice, as she spake, was tranquil and assured.

"Make ready thy fire, O priest of God," Namarah said, "for all is ready." And she turned and kissed her father Jephthah full tenderly. Then, speaking once more unto the priest, she said:

"I pray thee, while that the fire is kindling, suffer us to kneel and say one prayer—I and the young man Adina."

And they knelt together, both in virgin white, their hands clasped close and their faces raised to heaven, and the prayer of their hearts, even as the fire blazed and crackled, and the knife gleamed sharp and threatening near by, was that the God in whom they trusted would deliver them in His own time and way.

And they knelt so long in silence that the priest, who wished not to interrupt their prayers, was fain at last to speak to them, lest the sacred fires should burn too low. But there came no answer to his words, and when he turned and looked into their faces, that

wondrous light was gone from them; for their spirits had fled together, and the glare of sunshine upon them revealed that they were even the faces of the dead.

And it was even so that God delivered them. This was His time and place, and He had chosen His own way. And that the vow which Jephthah had vowed might be accomplished, the body of the maiden Namarah was laid upon the altar and with it the body of the young man Adina, a burnt offering unto the Lord.

And as the fires upon the altar began to sink, an object that seemed to fall straight from out the sky dropped down and fell into the flames; and lo! it was the body of a snow-white dove, which had been even dead before it touched the fire upon the altar.

(The End.)

MASCULINE CHARACTERISTICS.

Begin to Show Themselves at an Early Age.

The masculine characteristics, as well as the feminine, begin to show themselves at an early age. There are a small boy and girl in the city who, in conversation the other day, showed this very notably, says the New York Times. They are particularly bright children, a little son and daughter of clever parents, who talk to the children very much as they would to older people. So when in talking together the other day something was mentioned which they did not understand, the children immediately began to discuss the pros and cons. The little girl is seven and the boy a couple of years younger. The former has a habit while she is dressing of talking to herself. "Arm, go in," she will say, as she puts on one garment, and "Foot, go in," as she puts on another. The small boy had noticed this, and spoke to her about it. "Why do you say, 'Foot, go in,' and 'Arm, go in'?" he inquired. "Why don't you say, 'Me go in'?" "Why, it isn't 'me' that goes in," replied the small girl, "it is just my arm or my foot. What is 'me,' anyway?" The small boy thought earnestly for a moment. "Why, 'me,' is your head and stomach," he finally answered. "No," said the small girl, "I think 'me' is your head and heart." Which proves positively that even in early years the ego of the man is his stomach and that of the woman her heart.

His Letter to the Judge.

"Will you please, sub, lemme know," wrote a colored prisoner to the judge, "des w'en my case'll come up fer conviction? I been in jail, sub, 'bout eight months ez de crow fly, en I hez a sorter restless feelin' er wantin' ter know des w'en my conviction'll come off. I writes dis, sub, kaze I feels it in my jints dat de spring season is comin' on, en hit come ter me dat you might go fishin' en fergit de time fer my conviction. Do, ef you please, sub, keep me in min', en do by me ez you 'spects ter be did by."—Atlanta Constitution.

Polite Chinamen consider it a breach of etiquette to wear spectacles in company.

ON THE VELDT

A South African Love Story

In the kitchen of a Boer farm at Harrismith two brothers, Paul and Hendrick Hoopstad, sat in earnest conversation.

"Will you come, Hendrick?" "I cannot leave, Paul; there is English in our veins, and, besides, to join the commando against the British would be taking up arms against the woman I love."

"The woman we love, Hendrick, for God knows that I think of her every minute of my life. You and I have been all in all to each other ever since we were born; but this mutual love for Nancy Martin seems likely to divide us. Even supposing we put our chances to the test, if I win her you will hate me, and if you were successful my thoughts would turn to you in anger. Let us then take our rifles, join the commando, and for the time forget her, and perhaps when the war is over one of us may gain by death what the other could not give in life."

"I will not fight against the English, Paul."

"Think well, Hendrick. Nancy Martin has been in England for the last four years—is it not possible that she may have an English lover?"

"We are being enticed and threatened into a foolhardy war by those who have their own ends to serve. I will take my rifle and fight, but it will be with the English."

"Then, Hendrick, we must part, though we part in all affection. God bless you, my brother, and the woman we love."

"Farewell, Paul, and God grant that we may not meet on the battlefield."

Paul turned his horse toward Newcastle, while Hendrick rode in the opposite direction, with the intention of making his way to John Martin's farm, which lay on the banks of the Caladon river, between Basutol and Natal.

Hendrick Hoopstad's love for Nancy, the only daughter of John Martin, of the Caladon farm, was the one thought that engrossed his mind. He loved her, and was willing to lay down his life for her without thought of re-

ward. It might be as John had suggested, that Nancy had an English lover; well, time would show, and whatever happened he would always strive to be worthy of her, and be willing to serve her in any way in his power.

In about three hours he had sighted John Martin's farm. Down the hill Hendrick let the reins drop on his horse's neck and proceeded at a walking pace. It was a calm, still evening, and the horse's hoofs made no sound on the soft sand.

Reaching the orchard the sound of voices fell upon his ear, and almost mechanically he stopped his horse and listened. It was the voice of Nancy he heard. And standing in his stirrups he looked over the brush growth. Yes, Paul was right; she was standing beneath the shade of a spreading tree, a tall man, dressed in the British khaki uniform, held her in his arms, her head upon his shoulder and her lips upturned to his.

"The time was so long, Dick, I thought you would never come."

"Did you, darling? Well, I have come at last, though I could wish a more peaceful time for visiting my beautiful sweetheart. But when this war is over I will make you my wife."

"My love for you, Dick, can never change. Since I left you it has lived on the memory of those sweet hours of delirious happiness when we used to sit together in the sunshine and plan the joyful future—when we two shall be always together."

The man on the horse heard the words that pierced his heart like the stab of a dagger. For some moments he sat like a statue, his face grim and set, and his eyes staring into blankness. The steed moved forward of its own accord and wandered on for upwards of an hour, while its rider sat wrestling with himself. Then, with a sigh and a sob that almost choked him he gathered up the reins and once more turned towards John Martin's farm.

(To be continued.)

INDIA'S FREE COINAGE

ABOLISHED IN FAVOR OF THE GOLD STANDARD.

Folley Carried Out Under Unfavorable Conditions, But the Country Is Swamped with Gold and Currency Has Increased—Effect of the Change Beneficial.

Consul General R. F. Pattison, who is at Calcutta, has reported as follows to the state department regarding the course taken by the government of India in the past seven years on the question of the free coinage of silver: In 1893 the mints of India, that had previously been open to the free coinage of silver, were closed, except to such coinage as was required by the government to supply the currency for the business of the country; and since that time the exchange value of the rupee has fluctuated greatly, although it has been the policy of the government to establish its fixed value at 1s. 4d. (32 cents), which it has now practically accomplished.

Strong objections were made to stereotyping the rupee at 1s. 4d., on the ground that the normal value of trade required a rupee at a lower sterling value. It was further urged that a rupee appreciated to 1s. 4d. would check exports, and especially would exercise an evil influence on the opium trade with China—a silver currency country.

The policy of the government has been carried out under the most adverse conditions, the plague covering many districts, and the failure of rains last year causing a distressing and disastrous famine in large areas; besides, the cotton spinning and weaving industry has been in a more or less critical condition the past year. In spite of these conditions, the total value of trade during the ten months ending December 31, compared with preceding years, has been, in round numbers:

	Imports.	Exports.	Total trade.
1897-1898	\$24,500,000	\$29,500,000	\$54,000,000
1898-1899	\$22,000,000	\$25,000,000	\$47,000,000
1899-1900	\$21,000,000	\$24,500,000	\$45,500,000

It was in its effect on the export trade that the enhancement of the value of the rupee was chiefly dreaded; but the figures do not justify the fears expressed, although there has been a serious decline in the export of wheat and of rice, owing—as regards the latter especially, which would otherwise have been exported—to its being required for the famine districts of India.

But the statistics for opium do not support the allegation that the enhancement of the rupee and the fall in the exchange of China on India would check the opium trade. The demand has been brisker, and the average price higher the past year.

The measure passed the 15th of last September to make gold a legal tender in India was the outcome of the Indian currency committee's report, but the government was subjected to considerable pressure to defer action when the report appeared. It was contended in making the sovereign legal tender, gold would be hoarded and would fall to reach the government depositories, so that its gradual accumulation would be arrested, and the government would be driven into borrowing for its stock of gold; but the measure was passed, and the result is known. Instead of gold ceasing to reach the government depositories, they have been nearly swamped with it, and the difficulty has arisen from its plethora—not from its scarcity.

The amount of currency reserve on April 1, 1899, was about \$10,000,000, and on March 7, 1900, it was about \$35,000,000. The amount that had accumulated in London was about \$4,500,000, making an aggregate of about \$39,500,000.

In a country like India, where it has been the custom of the native population to hoard silver, it will take longer to adjust itself to a gold standard; but it will be seen that the government is accumulating gold, and it is gradually going into circulation, now being a legal tender.

By the action of the government, India has become a gold standard, and will gradually become a gold currency country, as the exchange value of the rupee is now fixed at the rate of fifteen rupees to the sovereign (\$4.86), or, in other words, rupees are interchangeable at that rate at the government depositories, and, with normal conditions of trade, that rate will probably be maintained.

India, which has been such a vast reservoir for silver, now being out of the list of silver standard countries, must have an important influence in deciding the fiscal policy of other countries, for her absorption of such ceased, though the rupee will continue to be the currency for the smaller transactions, its exchange value being fixed by the government.

The Origin of Trusts.

Centuries ago, when the individual found that his business was growing too large for him to handle, he took a partner. They formed a trust in a small degree. Fifty years ago, the partnership form of business began to give way to the small corporation, as business men found that a corporation afforded better facilities and protection to their business. More recently corporations grew in size until we have experienced the very large corporations called trusts. In nearly every case these are neither more nor less than partnerships, the only difference being in extent and degree. The increase in the world's volume of business has compelled the growth from the original partnerships to large corporations.

THE SOUTH AND SHIPPING.

National Aid for Its Restoration to the Seas.

The rapid growth of manufacturing in the South, and its beneficial effect upon other industries, are arousing in the minds of the people new thoughts and hopes for the future of their great section of the Union. One of the most reliable authorities on Southern progress and development is R. H. Edmonds, the well-known Baltimore publisher, who keeps in constant personal touch with the up-to-date sentiment of the leading manufacturers, bankers, and influential men of the South. It is his repeated declaration and as a result of his own observations that the

SOUTHERN BUSINESS MEN are almost a unit in favor of national aid in the re-establishment of our ships upon the seas. He finds the sentiment among men representative of Southern industrial and commercial progress quite at variance with that disclosed by their representatives and senators in congress. The latter seem to represent a theoretical opposition to the utilization of modern methods for the advancement of industrial prosperity that has kept back Southern development for fully a generation. In the foreign trade of the United States, as conducted between Southern and foreign ports, one of the

RAREST SIGHTS IS THE AMERICAN FLAG

floating from the sterns of the ships conducting that trade. That the demand has grown in the South for national legislation for the upbuilding of our merchant marine seems to Mr. Edmonds to be logical. He sees in the realization of the growing hopes of his people in this respect much of permanent benefit to the section he represents. He has made an especial study of ante-bellum sentiment on the subject of American maritime development, and was surprised to find that, as far back as

SIXTY YEARS AGO

the sentiment in favor of safeguarding and promoting our merchant marine commended the thoughtful attention of the most advanced of Southern statesmen and business men. In an address before the Cotton Spinners' association at Charlotte, North Carolina, recently, Mr. Edmonds stated that in 1845 John C. Calhoun presided at a convention in Memphis at which the subject was discussed. In 1851 a report was made at a Virginia convention in favor of facilitating the mails through the establishment of steamship lines running between Hampton Roads and European ports. Another convention in Memphis held in 1853 favored

GOVERNMENT ENCOURAGEMENT AND PROTECTION

in the establishment of steamship lines between Southern and European ports. The Charleston convention of 1854 urged congress to encourage the establishment of mail steamships, even to the extent of granting state bounties in the form of rebates to shippers employing American vessels. In 1856 Louisiana's legislature passed an act paying \$5 per ton bounty on all ships exceeding 100 tons burden built in the state. A report made to the legislature of Alabama as far back as 1838 showed that her citizens contributed \$1,800,000 a year to get their cotton to Europe, and contained the query: "If this amount must be paid, why should it not be paid to our own citizens?" No wonder a score of years later Alabama's legislature passed an act granting a bounty of \$4 per ton on all steamers built within that state.

AT CHARLESTON IN 1839

Robert Y. Hayne discussed the subject before a commercial convention held in that city, in which he said that southern and southwestern states were producing nearly three-quarters of the domestic exports of the Union, although importing not to exceed one-tenth of the foreign merchandise entering the United States, and that foreign commerce was "causing cities of other states to flourish while Southern cities were falling into decay." Lieutenant M. F. Maury, famous for his invaluable aids to mariners upon the oceans, was impressed with the

IMMENSE BENEFITS SOUTHERN STATES

would derive from the establishment of steamship lines between Southern and European ports. For many years he urged the investment of Southern capital in such lines, showing the great and growing power her rich foreign commerce was giving to New York, and deploring the fact that the South was missing its opportunities to share therein. He saw for Norfolk, Virginia, possibilities of development which have never been realized, but which it seems possible are likely of fulfillment through the growing scarcity of European coal and the inevitable dependence of the world in the future for the greater part of its coal supplies upon the United States. In OUR TRADE WITH OTHER AMERICAN REPUBLICS

Maury saw advantages even greater than those possible through our commercial intercourse with Europe, and he was never done urging upon the people of the South the wisdom of generously encouraging American maritime development through the establishment of steamship lines to the West Indies, Central and South America. He advocated a ship canal across the American isthmus and predicted enormously beneficial results to our trade and shipping to follow.

Away back in 1858 the assembly of Virginia incorporated a

\$50,000,000 STEAMSHIP LINE under the name of the Atlantic Steam Ferry company, but which failed to carry out its designs because of the

sectional differences between the North and South. The scheme involved immediate construction of four ships of the Great Eastern class, to regular run between Southern and European ports. Their great value as auxiliaries to our military resources were then clearly pointed out, as well as their usefulness as nurseries for American seamen who would be ready to respond to their country's call if needed. No wonder, in these circumstances, Mr. Edmonds in his speech made it very clear that the revival of our foreign-going shipping is

NOT A SECTIONAL OR PARTISAN QUESTION.

but is a purely industrial, commercial and auxiliary naval question. He said: "Originating, as the South is already doing, about \$400,000,000 worth of foreign exports a year, shipped almost exclusively in vessels that fly the British, German, and other foreign flags, the South may well be deeply concerned in the upbuilding of a merchant marine, because of the magnitude of its present export trade." This trade he expected would rapidly multiply, and he predicted a cotton crop in the not distant future of 100,000,000 bales.

IT IS NOT SURPRISING TO FIND THAT BOTH OF THE GREAT POLITICAL PARTIES

are now vying with each other in their espousal of an American merchant marine. That the representative men in both parties have formally and finally rejected the suggestion of "free ships"—which means the purchase of British instead of American built ships for our maritime needs—may be taken as an indication of both the conservatism and progressiveness which augurs well for early effective and permanent legislation in behalf of our too long neglected shipping upon the seas. It is this unanimity of sentiment converging upon a demand for legislation that will have become so insistent and imperative as to compel such legislation at the next session of congress.

FOREIGN TRADE.

That of Last Year Just Ending Larger Than Any Other on Record.

The foreign commerce of the United States in the fiscal year which ends with this month will by far exceed that of any preceding year. Its exports surpass those of any earlier year by more than \$150,000,000, and its exports of manufactures will exceed those of any preceding year by more than \$75,000,000. Its imports, owing to the demands of the manufacturers of the country for foreign raw material for use in their industries will also be large. Raw silk, manufactured fibers, crude rubber, hides and skins, pig tin for use in tin plate establishments, cabinet woods, and the finer grades of cotton and the coarser grades of wool all show a large increase.

It is in the export side, however, that the year makes its greatest record. The total exports for the eleven months of the year amount to \$1,214,534, and should the June figures prove as large as those of May, would bring the total up to \$1,400,000, or \$175,000,000 greater than the banner year 1899.

Montana's Prosperity.

Montana has not been behind hand in securing its share of prosperity under the present administration, as the following exhibit of its bank deposits and depositors shows:

Bank Deposits.		July 15, 1899.	June 30, 1899.
Banks.	National	\$3,212,053	\$6,427,340
	State and private	851,377	2,333,489
Total		\$4,063,430	\$8,760,829

Depositors.		July 15, 1899.	June 30, 1899.
Banks.	National	5,705	9,028
	State and private	1,568	4,193
Total		7,273	13,221

Average Deposit.		July 15, 1899.	June 30, 1899.
Banks.	National	\$683	\$712
	State and private	515	567

Where Was He?

The Democrats would have the country believe that it is the Lord and not the Republican party to whom the country is indebted for the good times at present enjoyed. If such is the case where was He during the last administration? If He will not interest himself in the welfare of the country when there is a Democrat in the White house, the people must see to it that a Republican be elected.

Idaho Farm Products.

Idaho fruit sold at the Chicago market in 1896 for just enough money to pay the freight. This year it has been sold at \$1.00 per crate of twenty-five pounds, the freight being \$1.00 per 100 pounds. Hay sold in Idaho at \$2.50 per ton in 1896. This year it has sold at \$5 per ton. Hogs sold there for 3 cents per pound in 1896. Within the last few months similar hogs have sold for 4½ cents per pound.

The Sugar We Buy.

During the last ten years we have bought from foreign countries an average of 777,131 tons of sugar each year. Most of this has come from countries that buy little from us.

Down on Grover.

The Democratic party, as now constituted, denounces and discredits the only man it has been able to elect to the presidency since the war of the rebellion.

Factory Products Selling.

American manufactured goods to the value of \$40,000,000 were shipped to foreign countries last April. That is a record breaker.

Iowa State Bystander.

BY BYSTANDER PUBL. CO.

DES MOINES, IOWA.

FRIDAY, JULY 6.

THE NEGRO OF THE NINETEENTH CENTURY.

Special to Bystander.

Dear Editor: I beg leave of you to allow me space in your valuable paper to speak a few words in regard to my race, which has for the last forty years been striving to reach the topmost round in the ladder of prosperity.

The first fact that I wish to speak of is that as the time goes by, instead of the awful hatred and discrimination between the black and white races decreasing, it seems to constantly increase. Some may wonder and ask why? It is because we stand today upon the dividing line of the antebellum day's of the '60's and the privileges that we have so nobly and bravely won for ourselves, during the last thirty-five years. It makes me feel so proud when I think of this age in which I live. There are no clouds overhead and no convulsions under foot, and oh! how reverently we return thanks to the Almighty Lord for the past for with confident and hopeful promises we shall march upon sure ground toward the future, and notice my friends how the simple fact of our progression the last few years have almost paralyzed the imagination of our white adversaries, or as history calls them our more favored brethren, and how we are now contemplating the vast accumulations of the coming centuries with awe and pride. Our population has grown from about two to nine millions and we are still moving onward and upward. Since the year of 1865 count, the intelligent and renowned men and women of our race and of whose fathers and forefathers never hesitated to think of the new ideas we have taken up. Compare the few little log cabins of 35 years ago to the handsome mansions of today, and the exhaustless reservoirs of our progress and wealth. We are opening institutions every day for the poor and needy classes of our people and moreover our institutions furnish the full equipment of shield and spear for the battle of freedom, and absolute protection against the many opponents presenting themselves to us every hand. The trouble is that today we need at the head of this government men with the spirit of Abraham Lincoln did he allow the curse of slavery to continue in its wretched way. No! he remembered that the rights of God as well as the will of men had to be recognized and this government is fastly perishing for men of his nature and spirit today.

Does the constitution of the United States or the laws of God say that because the negro has a black face that he must be burned alive or lynched by a low, ill bred white man without a just recognition of the law being administered upon him—no! It says that the rights of all men shall be preserved and protected by the government regardless to race or color, but, who is to blame? Does the blame lay upon the poor laboring class of people, both white and black. I think not, the stain is placed over the heads of the officials of this government whom the good, honest people of the country, put their trust in believing them to be true to their oaths and capable of handling the laws which are placed in their hands. Ah! my friends, do you agree with me when I say that the negro has a perfect right to chastise and rebuke the white man for his treatment to our fellow citizens as well as the law allows them to take it into their hands; We must stop it. Afro-Americans, it is your intention to allow the humiliation of our unprotected kinsmen to go on and say nothing, if so we had better beg for the hardships of the fifties and sixties to take place again for then the negro did have some protection from the slave holder if there was no law to protect him. Weigh the subject and decide whether you would be better off living in servitude and some protection from the master than to live under the name of being in a free country and none at all, administered upon you, and the worst of all, my friends, is the fact that she unmerciful humiliation instead of decreasing, is becoming to be a great spark in some of our southern states where the white man can so easily black himself to the mock of a negro and commit the most horrible crimes ever read of in the annals of history, and when the punishment comes in all probability, some poor innocent black is either burned alive or lynched by a set of people supposed to be civilized and living in a civilized century, and above all are honoring themselves as law-abiding citizens. Ask yourself what is civilization. What does it mean? Surely the civilization that Webster defines does not mean the act of becoming experts in the line of turning alive of human mortals—still it seems that way. And right here I must say emphatically that they are not worthy of being mentioned in a civil manner, but should be regarded as all other savages and not half so good as the Philippino negro whom their superior brethren speak of as

heathens. I say to the whole sixty million (60,000,000) of the caucasian race when you look at the heathenism your own color is carrying on and see what it amounts to in the sight of other nations probably you will be able to judge for yourselves whether you are capable of enlightening a set of people who from appearances are more cultured in the way of civilization than your beautiful southern gentlemen. Then I turn to my subject the negro once more and say when we engage in the solemn study, of the history of our race, and the progress from our cradle in Africa to the limits of American civilization you behold us flying from from high to higher stages of the civil as well as religious thralldom, over mountains and seas, seeking rest and finding none but still pursuing the flying bow of promise to the glittering hills where it spans in hesperian climes. It can be quoted as the poet says: "Westward the course of empire takes its way, The first four acts already past. A fifth shall close the drama with the day, Times noblest offspring is the last."

(Continued in our next)

Cheap Excursion Rates to Colorado.

On June 19, 20, July 3, 9 & 17, and August 1, 7 & 21, tickets from Chicago and points east of Missouri River, and on June 19, 21, July 3, 7, 8, 9, 10, 17, 18, and August 2, 7, & 21, from Missouri River points, to Denver, Colorado Springs, Manitou Pueblo, Salt Lake City and Ogden, Utah, and return, will be sold by the

GREAT ROCK ISLAND ROUTE

—At rate of—

One Regular Fare Plus \$2.00 for Round Trip.

Return Limit October 31, 1900

SPECIAL TRAINS
ONE NIGHT OUT TO COLORADO will leave Chicago at 4:45 p. m. for excursions of June 20, July 9, and 17, and August 1st. Tickets also good on regular trains.

ONLY DIRECT LINE TO COLORADO SPRINGS AND MANITOU

Take advantage of these cheap rates and spend your vacation in Colorado. Sleeping Car Reservations may be made now for any of the excursions. Write for full information and the beautiful book "COLORADO THE MAGNIFICENT"—sent free.

JOHN SEBASTIAN, G. P. A., Chicago

Subscribe for the Bystander.

ORIGINAL NOTICE

In the District Court, of the State of Iowa, in and for Polk county, September term, A. D. 1900.

Huebsch Bros. vs. J. M. Muggley, also known as J. M. Muckley, A. L. Muggley, also known as A. L. Muckley. To J. M. Muggley, also known as J. M. Muckley, and A. L. Muggley, also known as A. L. Muckley: You are hereby notified that the petition of the plaintiff in the above entitled cause is now on file in the office of the Clerk of the District Court of the State of Iowa, in and for Polk county, claiming of you the sum of Two Hundred Seventy-eight and 16/100 dollars, as money justly due from you, and interest thereon at 6 per cent from the 9th day of October, A. D. 1899, upon your one joint and several promissory note executed and delivered to the above plaintiff for the sum of \$310.00, bearing date October 10th, 1899, and due together with six per cent per annum, on December 1st, 1899, plaintiffs alleging that said note is still the property of these plaintiffs, past due and unpaid except the sum of \$31.84, heretofore paid and credited on said note. Also alleging that you and each of you are nonresidents of the State of Iowa, and asking for a writ of attachment issue against your lands, tenements, goods, rights, interests and credits. For further particulars see petition.

And that unless you appear thereto and defend before noon of the second day of the September term, A. D., 1900 of the said Court, which will commence at Des Moines, Iowa, on the 8th day of September, A. D., 1900, default will be entered against you and judgment entered thereon.

DUDLEY & COFFIN,
Attorneys for plaintiffs.

\$2.75 BOX RAIN COAT

A BOX RAIN COAT, \$2.75. SEND NO MONEY. This coat is out of the hands of the manufacturer and is being sold at a special price of \$2.75. It is a full length, double breasted, waterproof rain coat, with a high collar, and a buttoned placket. It is made of a heavy, durable material, and is guaranteed to keep you dry in any weather. It is a real bargain at \$2.75. Write for the full particulars and the name of the nearest dealer. SEARS, ROEBUCK & CO., CHICAGO.

CAMPAIGN WORK.

Arrangements for Thorough Organization of Republican Forces.

Workers and Voters Will Be Provided with Every Facility for Informing Themselves.

An Irresistible Force at Work in the State to Insure Republican Victory.

Governor Roosevelt and Other Eminent Speakers from Other States Will Aid.

Rough Rider Clubs to Be a Feature of the Campaign in Many Communities.

Des Moines, Ia., July 2.—Chairman Weaver, of the republican committee, has opened the state headquarters in Des Moines and commenced the work of the campaign in earnest. The first important step was the preparation and sending out of the poll book for use in making the preliminary canvass of the state, which shall give to the campaign committee in the state, county, township and school districts accurate information upon which to base their future efforts. This campaign poll book is by far the best that has ever been prepared in Iowa. It combines the best features that have been in vogue in this and other states. The purpose of this record is to know as soon as possible the present inclination of all voters in the state, whether they are republicans, democrats, prohibitionists, middle-of-the-road populists, gold democrats, social democrats or populists, or whether they are doubtful. The record will also give the occupation of the voter under three heads, whether he is a farmer, business man or laborer, and will include his nationality, if he is German-American, Irish-American or Scandinavian, and will tell whether or not he is a soldier. Space is also given for remarks concerning individual voters. This record is to be made in ink and kept by the local worker for use during the campaign. A copy of this list is to be sent to the county chairman for reference, and as a guide in the distribution of literature during the campaign. This work must be completed so that the county chairmen can send their reports to the chairman of the state committee not later than the 4th day of September. The county chairmen will of course report only the aggregate numbers. This is the most important work of the presidential campaign, and Chairman Weaver urges that it be done with great care.

The importance of perfecting a thorough organization in every township and school district is as great to every locality as it is to the state central committee, and it is indispensable to the best results in the state and in each locality. The attention given by the state committee to any county or part of a county depends upon the standing of the locality with the state committee. If it is well organized and has a live committee, the state committee will see that speakers and literature and all such things are supplied to the fullest extent that they can be used. On the other hand, if there is no local committee, or if the local committee does not answer the letters of the state committee and furnish the information requested, the state committee will conclude that something is wrong, and will not know what to do to help that community out. The state committee exists for the purpose of assisting the various localities in the state to do their best, but the state organization is powerless unless it is advised by a live local committee.

Chairman Weaver has made early arrangements to secure plenty of the best literature for the information of speakers and voters. It is urged that lists of names to whom literature should be sent shall be forwarded to the state committee as soon as possible. A literary bureau has been established at headquarters in charge of men who have had years of experience in this work, and all the channels for reaching the people with complete, accurate and plain information upon all public issues will be used. This paper has made arrangements to secure a special political news service from Des Moines, which will give the latest information throughout the campaign, and may be relied upon at all times as strictly authentic. No unsupported assertions will be made through these columns. Every republican worker and every voter may depend upon statements herein made as being absolutely reliable.

The republican national committee has suggested the early opening of campaign headquarters in all the states, so that the preliminary work of organization and the distribution of reliable literature be done before the heat of the campaign is upon us. The formal opening of the national campaign will not occur until some time in August, or about the first of September, but a great deal of good work will be done before that time, especially the dissemination of information among the people.

Scores of young men of ability, energy and enthusiasm have volunteered to Chairman Weaver to assist in the campaign. Their services will be em-

ployed with telling effect throughout the state. These, in addition to the army of trained campaigners, with which Iowa is better supplied than any other western state, will prove an irresistible force, leading the republican party to victory in November.

One of the chief inspirations of republican effort in Iowa is the desire to maintain the standing the state has acquired in Washington. No state in the union is ahead of Iowa in its influence in the national government. This proud position has been attained by the loyal support given to such men as Senators Allison and Gear, Speaker Henderson and Congressmen Dooliver, Cousins, Hepburn, Hull and Lacey. They have commanded for the state the respect and admiration of the nation, and in the executive branch of the government, as well as in the congress, the voice of Iowa is heard throughout the land, speaking with authority. The continuance of the republican party in power in the nation and the maintenance of the good record of Iowa means that the benefits of this condition of affairs shall continue to be showered upon the state. Politicians, and, in fact, all who appreciate the value of this prominence in national affairs, are inspired to their best efforts to maintain the standing of the state. All of the congressmen have been renominated without opposition, and will enter the campaign prepared to exert their best efforts for the party in the state and in the nation.

Iowa speakers will be heavily drafted for work in other and less fortunate states. It will be even difficult to secure the services of speakers of national reputation for the reason that they are needed in other states. To meet this emergency, Chairman Weaver has taken the precaution to secure early promises of some of the best campaigners in the nation, some of whom are most desired in every quarter of the country. Among these are Gov. Theodore Roosevelt, vice presidential candidate, who will spend some time in Iowa during the campaign and will make several speeches; Senator Albert J. Beveridge, the brilliant young orator of Indiana, who is the recognized authority on the Philippine question; Senator Spooner, of Wisconsin; Congressman Landis, of Indiana, and numerous others of equally high standing. With these eminent speakers and with the arrangements for the best class of literature, this campaign of education is already well started. It now remains for the local workers to do their part.

The democrats promise to make a lively fight in some of the congressional districts, notably the Second, Sixth and Eighth, and possibly the First districts. In the Second district it is reported that Henry Vollmer, mayor of Davenport, is to be the candidate, and in the Eighth district the democrats are likely to nominate Senator Claude Porter, of Centerville. While there is no likelihood that the democrats can win in any Iowa district, it is not the year for republicans to indulge in carelessness in regard to any congressional district. The next congress will be republican, but not by a large majority, and it behooves every republican in every congressional district to leave nothing undone to promote the election of the republican nominee for congress. The fate of the party in the nation depends upon the results in the congressional districts, for the democrats have much more hope of carrying the lower house of congress than they have of electing a president this year.

One of the most popular and inspiring features of this campaign will be the Rough Rider clubs that will be organized all over the state. This will be an attractive and delightful novelty that will appeal especially to the young men in the country who are provided with fine horses. The Rough Rider uniforms will soon be on the market at a very small price, and the republican state committee will supply a simple form of organization, so that it will be very easy to organize a Rough Rider club in any community. "What would be more inspiring," asked Chairman Weaver, "than the sight of a band of hearty young republicans clad in Rough Rider uniforms and mounted on good horses, led by some popular man in the neighborhood who has a taste and talent for military affairs?" These clubs will be the most conspicuous figures in political parades, and it will not be long until the state will be full of them. One is being organized in Des Moines, and will be commanded by Col. John C. Loper, who led the Fifty-first Iowa volunteers on its campaign through the Philippines. In a short time the details of this feature of the campaign, inspired by the nomination of Teddy Roosevelt, the celebrated Rough Rider colonel, for vice president, will be worked out at state headquarters, and announcement will be made in this paper of the best way to go to it to organize a Rough Rider club. When Col. Roosevelt makes his tour during the campaign these clubs will appear with thousands of members to do him honor. Chairman Weaver's idea is that a Rough Rider club will be organized in every precinct. Precinct clubs will consist of at least 25 men, mounted, if possible, and many of them will have 50 or more members. These precinct or township clubs will be united in a big county organization, so that when important county meetings are held they may all be brought together and form a regiment. Then when there is to be a great district rally, the counties can send enough men from each regiment to form an army, and they can be organized into brigades and divisions, and these enthusiastic young soldiers will sweep everything before them in the opinion of those who have originated this scheme. Mr. Weaver has received general approval for the plan and expects great things from it.



SEND US ONE DOLLAR.

Cut this ad. out and send it with \$1.00, and we will send you this NEW IMPROVED PARLOR ORGAN, by freight C. O. D., subject to examination. You can examine it at your nearest freight depot, and if you find it exactly as represented, the greatest value you ever saw and far better than organs advertised by others at more money, pay the freight and we will send you the organ. OUR PRICE \$35.00, less the \$1.00 deposit, or \$34.00 and freight charges. THE PARLOR ORGAN is one of the most DURABLE AND SWEETEST TONED instruments ever made. From the illustration above, which is engraved direct from a photograph, you can form some idea of its beautiful appearance. Made from solid quarter sawn oak or walnut as desired, perfect in every detail, full panel body, beautiful mahogany design panels and many other handsome decorations and ornate make the VERY LATEST STYLE. THE PARLOR ORGAN is 6 feet high, 42 inches long, 23 inches wide and weighs 350 pounds. Contains 3 octaves, 11 stops, as follows: Diapason, Principal, Celestina, Melodia, Crescendo, Bass Coupler, Tremolo Coupler, Diapason Forte and Vox Humana; 3 Octave Couplers, 1 Tone Swell, 1 Grand Organ Swell, 4 Sets of Reeds, 1 Set of 12 Rich Bellows Smooth Quality Reeds, 1 Set of 24 Pure Sweet Melodia Reeds, 1 Set of 24 Diapason Reeds, 1 Set of 24 Vox Humana Reeds, 1 Set of 24 Rich Bellows Smooth Quality Reeds. THE PARLOR ORGAN action consists of the Celebrated Knott Reeds, which are only used in the highest grade instruments; fitted with Hammond Couplers and Vox Humana. Also best Dulcetto Reeds, leather, etc. Bellows of the best rubber cloth, 3 ply bellows stock and finest leather in valves. THE PARLOR ORGAN is furnished with a little leveled plate, French mirror, nickel plated pedal frame, and every modern improvement. We furnish a handsome organ stool and the best organ instruction book published.

GUARANTEED 25 YEARS. With every PARLOR ORGAN we issue a written binding 25-year guarantee, by the terms and conditions of which if any part gives out we will repair it free of charge. Try it one month and we will refund your money if you are not perfectly satisfied. 500 of these organs will be sold at \$35.00. ORDER AT ONCE. DON'T DELAY.

OUR RELIABILITY IS ESTABLISHED if you have not dealt with us ask your neighbor about us, write the publisher of this paper, or Metropolitan National Bank, or Corn Nat. Bank, of Chicago; or German Exchange Bank, New York; or any railroad or express company in Chicago. We have a capital of over \$100,000.00, occupy entire one of the largest business blocks in Chicago, and employ nearly 2,000 people in our own building. WE SELL ORGANS AT \$25.00 and up; PIANOS, \$115.00 and up; also everything in musical instruments at lowest wholesale prices. Write for Free special organ, piano and musical instrument catalogue. Address, (Sears, Roebuck & Co. are thoroughly reliable—advice.) SEARS, ROEBUCK & CO. (Inc.), Fulton, Des Moines and Wayman Bldg., CHICAGO, ILL.

A RECORD BREAKER describes our flour in a word. It's the best that can be produced from the top grade of wheat. Our brand and popularity are running mates that are never out of harness. Their FALCON Flour is a candidate, for bread, it's elected by a large majority, because its use leads to new possibilities in baking. Made and guaranteed by SHANNON & MOTT Co., DES MOINES, IOWA.



EXCURSION TICKETS...

One Fare for the Round Trip Plus \$2.

JUNE 5	Tickets will be sold on these days to NEBRASKA, Kansas, Denver and other Colorado points, Utah, Montana, the Black Hills, and other localities, and will be good for twenty-one days.	JUNE 20	Sickets will be sold on these days to Denver, Colorado Springs, Glenwood Springs, Utah, the Black Hills and Wyoming, and will be good until October 31.
JUNE 19		JULY 9	
JULY 3		JULY 17	
JULY 17		AUG. 1	
AUG. 7			
AUG. 21			

On other days during the summer round-trip tickets will be on sale to tourist points. The rate for these tickets will be slightly higher than the above and they will be good until October 31.

See F. L. GANNAWAY, City Passenger Agent, for Particulars. CITY OFFICE 400 Locust St. Des Moines, Iowa.

THE WEEKLY INTER OCEAN

LARGEST CIRCULATION OF ALL POLITICAL PAPERS IN THE WEST

Always American—Always Republican

THE WEEKLY INTER OCEAN SUPPLIES ALL THE NEWS AND BEST CURRENT LITERATURE

Every Column is Bright, Clean and Packed with News

The Literature of its columns is equal to that of the best magazines. It is interesting to the children as well as the parents.

THE INTER OCEAN is a WESTERN NEWSPAPER, and while it brings to the family THE NEWS OF THE WORLD and gives its readers the best and latest discussions of all questions of the day, it is in full sympathy with the ideas and aspirations of Western people and discusses literature and politics from the Western standpoint.

—PRICE ONE DOLLAR PER YEAR—\$1.00

THE DAILY AND SUNDAY EDITIONS OF THE INTER OCEAN ARE THE BEST EVER SEEN IN THE WEST. THE INTER OCEAN'S NEWS IS EXCLUSIVE. Price of Daily by mail \$4.00 per year. Price of Sunday by mail \$2.00 per year. Daily and Sunday by mail \$6.00 per year.

SEND ONE DOLLAR

Cut this ad. out and send it with \$1.00, and we will send you this NEW IMPROVED 1900 MODEL ACME JEWEL BICYCLE, by express C. O. D., subject to examination. You can examine it at your nearest freight depot, and if you find it exactly as represented, the greatest value you ever saw and far better than bicycles advertised by others at more money, pay the freight and we will send you the bicycle. OUR PRICE \$25.00, less the \$1.00 deposit, or \$24.00 and freight charges. The ACME JEWEL BICYCLE is 28 inches high, 24 inches long, 23 inches wide and weighs 350 pounds. Contains 3 octaves, 11 stops, as follows: Diapason, Principal, Celestina, Melodia, Crescendo, Bass Coupler, Tremolo Coupler, Diapason Forte and Vox Humana; 3 Octave Couplers, 1 Tone Swell, 1 Grand Organ Swell, 4 Sets of Reeds, 1 Set of 12 Rich Bellows Smooth Quality Reeds, 1 Set of 24 Pure Sweet Melodia Reeds, 1 Set of 24 Diapason Reeds, 1 Set of 24 Vox Humana Reeds, 1 Set of 24 Rich Bellows Smooth Quality Reeds. THE PARLOR ORGAN action consists of the Celebrated Knott Reeds, which are only used in the highest grade instruments; fitted with Hammond Couplers and Vox Humana. Also best Dulcetto Reeds, leather, etc. Bellows of the best rubber cloth, 3 ply bellows stock and finest leather in valves. THE PARLOR ORGAN is furnished with a little leveled plate, French mirror, nickel plated pedal frame, and every modern improvement. We furnish a handsome organ stool and the best organ instruction book published.

bicycles at \$2.00, \$2.50, \$3.00, \$3.50, \$4.00, \$4.50, \$5.00, \$5.50, \$6.00, \$6.50, \$7.00, \$7.50, \$8.00, \$8.50, \$9.00, \$9.50, \$10.00, \$10.50, \$11.00, \$11.50, \$12.00, \$12.50, \$13.00, \$13.50, \$14.00, \$14.50, \$15.00, \$15.50, \$16.00, \$16.50, \$17.00, \$17.50, \$18.00, \$18.50, \$19.00, \$19.50, \$20.00, \$20.50, \$21.00, \$21.50, \$22.00, \$22.50, \$23.00, \$23.50, \$24.00, \$24.50, \$25.00, \$25.50, \$26.00, \$26.50, \$27.00, \$27.50, \$28.00, \$28.50, \$29.00, \$29.50, \$30.00, \$30.50, \$31.00, \$31.50, \$32.00, \$32.50, \$33.00, \$33.50, \$34.00, \$34.50, \$35.00, \$35.50, \$36.00, \$36.50, \$37.00, \$37.50, \$38.00, \$38.50, \$39.00, \$39.50, \$40.00, \$40.50, \$41.00, \$41.50, \$42.00, \$42.50, \$43.00, \$43.50, \$44.00, \$44.50, \$45.00, \$45.50, \$46.00, \$46.50, \$47.00, \$47.50, \$48.00, \$48.50, \$49.00, \$49.50, \$50.00, \$50.50, \$51.00, \$51.50, \$52.00, \$52.50, \$53.00, \$53.50, \$54.00, \$54.50, \$55.00, \$55.50, \$56.00, \$56.50, \$57.00, 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