

State Capital Historical room
IOWA STATE BYSTANDER.

VOL. 7.

DES MOINES, IOWA, FRIDAY, OCTOBER 26, 1900.

No. 19.

IOWA STATE BYSTANDER.

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY BY THE BYSTANDER PUBLISHING COMPANY, FIFTH AND LOCUST, ROOM 222 MARQUETTE BLOCK, IOWA PHONE 299.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE AFRICAN-AMERICAN PROTECTIVE ASSOCIATION OF IOWA.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE MOST WORSHIPFUL UNITED GRAND LODGE OF IOWA, A. F. & A. M.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

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Six months .75
Three months .50
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J. L. THOMPSON, EDITOR.

J. H. SHEPARD, MANAGER.

Send money by post, money order, money express or draft, to the IOWA STATE BYSTANDER Publishing Company.

Communications must be written on one side of the paper only and be of interest to the public. "Brevity is the soul of wit," remember.

We will not return rejected manuscript, unless accompanied by postage stamps.

IOWA'S LEADING COLORED PAPER.

CITY NEWS

Registration Board is now in session.

Midway Coal, 212 W. 7th street, both phones.

Read the Glasgow Woolen Mills Co. Ad. on the first page.

A hay rack party will be given Halloween night.

Mrs. A. Day of Carbondale was on the sick list last week.

Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Kush spent last Wednesday evening at Carbondale.

Miss Bessie Stewart left last Wednesday afternoon for a brief visit at Boone.

Mrs. Lizzie Palmer who has been suffering with tonsillitis the past week is improving.

WRITE The African Monarchs of America. They have something to tell you. Sioux City, Ia.

Our job department motto is prompt service, good work and low prices. A trial will convince you.

Mr. Thomas Allen of Ottumwa, who is visiting friends here, called at the Bystander office Wednesday.

Mrs. Fred Branch of 1012 Crocker street, who has been suffering with the typhoid fever for some time is improving.

Mrs. Wilson Hughes of 2014 Center street who has been confined to her room for the past few days is improving.

Wm. Coalson made a trip to Muehachinoek, Albia and Ottumwa Tuesday to work up the rally to be held here Thursday.

The Christian Endeavor subject for Sunday is, "Do not Worry," Matt. 6: 25-34. Let every member come out, as it is consecration meeting.

From present indications one of the largest crowds that has ever attended a political meeting will be present next Thursday evening to hear Judge Straker and Hon. J. Frank Wheaton.

Mrs. F. G. Goggins and Mrs. H. Brown will give a concert at Webster's on the 13th prox, for the benefit of the Corinthian Baptist church. The programmes were printed at the Bystander.

A new club has been organized. It is called the Blue Ribbon Club and has for its membership young men and women. Miss Fannie Walker is the President. They meet every two weeks.

There will be a meeting of the Afro-American Council Monday, Oct. 29, 9 p. m. at the Masonic hall, 405 Court Avenue. Ladies especially invited. Topic for discussion, "Best Methods to Promote Business Enterprises."

C. B. Woods, Chairman.

Mr. James Hamilton of Ottumwa, who has been visiting his son-in-law, Messrs. H. S. Clay, P. Alexander and Smith the past week, departed last Tuesday night for his home. He was accompanied by little Harry and Jerry Clay who will spend the winter at his home.

Mr. W. P. Lewis has the only cigar store in the city that is owned and managed by a colored man. So when you want a good smoke go and see him. He deserves your patronage. See his Ad. on another page.

J. H. Nixon, Jeweler, No. 316 West Third street. Tunes Pianos and repairs Organs.

SECRET Fraternal Beneficiary lodge for the colored people only. African Monarchs of America, Sioux City, Ia.

If you take your meals down in town why not patronize the colored restaurants? You will find the Elite at 314 W. Third, the Silver Moon at 330 W. Third and Mrs. Hall 304 W. Walnut. They all serve good meals and are deserving of your trade.

If you are going to give an entertainment or serve dinner Thanksgiving you will need tickets and dodgers. Come to the Bystander office, our samples and prices will suit you.

We thank the kind hearted friends of Oskaloosa who assisted us so nobly with their willing hands and christian hearts at the death of our dear beloved mother.

Mrs. B. J. HOLMES
Mrs. JOHN PHILLIPS
Mrs. JOSIE McDONALD

WE WANT colored organizers for the best thing on earth for colored people. African Monarchs of America, Sioux City, Ia.

THE ELITE Restaurant, 314 W. Third street. Best 15c meal in the city. A trial will convince you. E. G. McAFEE Prop.

Messrs. C. S. Stewart and A. J. Stewart received the sad intelligence of their brother Scott Stewart of Chicago. He was quite well known here as he was a former resident of Des Moines. His death resulted from an operation which was performed two weeks ago. He leaves besides his two brothers a sister, Mrs. Anna Taylor of St. Joseph, Mo.

Are you going to entertain? If so you will need invitations, call and see our samples, our prices are the lowest.

When in Muehachinoek, Iowa, stop at **MRS. ADDIE JOHNSON'S RESTAURANT** for good meals or short orders; also Ice Cream. Prompt attention given to all orders.

When you cannot sleep for coughing, it is hardly necessary that any one should tell you that you need a few doses of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy to allay the irritation of the throat, and make sleep possible. It is good. Try it. For sale by all Druggists.

WHAT SOCIETY AND CHURCH PEOPLE ARE DOING.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Coalson entertained Mr. T. E. Barton at dinner Sunday.

Rev. L. J. Phillips, pastor of the A. M. E. church, will preach a special sermon to the children and their parents at 10:30 a. m. Sunday.

Miss Bertha Curtley of 1716 Maple street, entertained about fifteen of her friends at 6 o'clock dinner Sunday. The menu contained all the delicacies of the season. Miss Jennie Murray assisted the hostess in receiving and serving.

It is said that some of our society young men are making preparation to give one of the swellest entertainments that has ever been attempted in the city the latter part of November.

The Annie Murray society met at the home of Mrs. Strawther the 12 inst, and most of the members paid their financial obligations. Mrs. C. S. Stewart is the newly elected President; Mrs. H. H. Lewis, Vice President; Miss Josephine Rivers, Secretary; Mrs. H. McCraven, Treasurer. A vote of thanks was tendered Mrs. H. H. Lewis for the efficient manner in which she conducted the meetings during the absence of the President. The club will meet with Mrs. J. Jones, 1608 Des Moines street, Nov. 2. The members will kindly take notice.

Mrs. William Coalson, assisted by Mrs. Walter Birney, entertained at cards Friday evening, complimentary to the visiting guests—Messdames Brown, Hudlin, Lacour and Howard of Chicago. Four tables were surrounded for progressive Whist. The prizes, a beautiful candelabra and a silver napkin ring were received by Messdames James Woods and Frank Blagburn. The parlors were beautifully decorated with roses and carnations. Refreshments were served in the dining room by Misses Maud Williams and Bessie Stewart. The table decorations were American beauty roses and ferns.

WAITER'S COLUMN.

Mrs. Ben Mitchell remains quite sick at her home on Seventh street.

Mr. Jesse Reed of the Rock Island is spending his vacation in Davenport.

Mr. Jimmie Robinson of Boone is again down with rheumatism.

Mr. Scott Laglin of the Rock Island took charge of the kitchen at the Hotel Iowa last Monday to serve dinner only, the head cook being sick.

Scott is one of the best cooks on the road, consequently the guests of the hotel noticed the sudden change and were well pleased.

Liss Washington left Monday to take charge of the Butler House kitchen at Boone, Iowa.

We have heard nothing as yet from anyone in regard to a waiters' reading room. Mr. Doug. Miller of the Savery says: "I think it is all right and like it. I believe my boys will enjoy it if it can be started."

Mr. George Wilson says: "I think it a good idea and am satisfied it will be a place frequented by the waiters of the city. The waiters of Des Moines are above the average and would appreciate anything like that if properly conducted. Push it."

Don't forget to register Saturday, if you have not, as it will be your last chance.

The waiters' union (white) here seems to be cutting quite a figure among themselves, but the colored men are saying nothing but keeping their eyes on them. In union there is strength, so we as waiters must learn to be united.

Several waiters of the Savery are getting ready to join the Masonic lodge. A good thing boys.

Mr. Powell, who recently ran a restaurant on Third street, is now waiting table, Capt. McAfee having bought his place of business. We were pleased to see so many waiters out to the political meeting last Monday night. We are desirous of seeing all out in a body Thursday night to hear Judge Strater of Detroit.

people. There is a fine kindergarten reading room, employment bureau, physical culture department, printing department, cooking and sewing school, Mother's meetings and there will be a Girl's Friendly, and at the head of affairs is Dr. R. C. Ransom, a man who is an earnest student of the science of sociology and who seems of all most suited to do this work. Rev. R. R. Wright, Jr., who graduated from the University of Chicago this year, is the assistant pastor.

Mrs. Emma S. Ransom, superintendent of the Women's work of the Institutional Church has proven herself a woman of fine executive ability. Quinn chapel has launched a kindergarten with Mrs. Carey as superintendent.

St. Mary's has a pastor, Rev. T. A. Wilson of New Orleans.

St. John's under the pastorate of Rev. Tillman is in a prosperous condition. The church has been beautifully cleaned since conference.

Bishop Grant will preach at St. John's Sunday, October 28, at 3 p. m.

Rev. Higgins, one of the most efficient and earnest workers of the Iowa conference, at present pastor in charge at Burlington, Iowa, attended the Institutional opening and preached at St. John's October 21.

The current issue of the District Sunday School News contains a short story written by Katherine D. Tillman, entitled "Rachel Finn's Best Side."

Mrs. G. C. Booth has gone east to visit her daughters.

Dr. Anna J. Cooper is one of the women physicians who are succeeding finely in medical practice.

Mrs. Fannie Barrier Williams had an interesting article in Sunday's Times-Herald.

KATHERINE D. TILLMAN.

CLINTON.

Mrs. F. E. McNeil is entertaining her cousin, Mrs. Brown of Chicago.

Messdames Baxter and Jackson of Rockford have returned home after

the malarial fever.

Mr. Wesley White is busy playing for the campaign.

Please subscribe for the Bystander as a race paper.

It is our good fortune to be permitted to run the cut of Mr. T. W. Stepp, the only colored artist in the United States, who travels, solicits, makes and delivers his own pictures this year. He has made 1,300 pictures since last January and his work is first class. He takes a picture from a small camera or a snap shot and works them up to a life size picture. Mr. Stepp was born in McHenry

county, Illinois, in 1865, and his early life was spent on a farm. In 1889 he went to Chicago, where he secured work. From his childhood he showed ability and love for art and at 11 years of age he drew a picture of playmates at school that astonished all who saw it, and from that time on he was regarded as an artist of

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MUSCATINE NEWS.

Rev. Gordon left for Chicago Saturday to be absent three or four days.

The social given Wednesday evening at the church was a success financially.

Miss Daisy Lee entertained her friends Tuesday evening in honor of her birthday anniversary. Games and music were the features of the evening. Light refreshments were served. A pleasant time is reported by all present.

Mr. William Schackelford is able to resume his duties at the "New Panatorium."

Dr. and Mrs. P. Twombly entertained a few of their friends at dinner Monday.

Mrs. Robt. Thompson is a new subscriber for the Bystander.

Miss Florence White entertained her friends Tuesday evening, the occasion being her birthday anniversary. The evening was spent in social conversation and music. Refreshments were served and at a late the guests departed voting the evening a most enjoyable one.

Miss Alice Maxie left for Davenport Tuesday morning.

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Weekly Excursion Sleepers leave Kansas City via the M. K. and T. Ry. every Saturday at 9:05 P. M. for San Antonio, Los Angeles and San Francisco. First Sleeper leaves Kansas City, Nov. 3rd.

BURLINGTON.

Rev. Higgins left for Chicago to attend the church trial of Rev. R. Knight.

Rev. Smith filled the pulpit both Sunday morning and evening and preached two good sermons.

Rev. Hunt went to Fort Madison to look after missionary work.

Mr. and Mrs. G. A. Pleasant leave for Chicago Wednesday to make their future home.

Mrs. G. A. Brown is very ill with

the malarial fever.

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WORLD'S LARGEST TAILORS
55 Stores in America. 16 Stores in Europe.

Suits and Overcoats to Order

No More \$15 No Less

FROM MILLS TO MAN DIRECT.

710 Walnut Street, Des Moines, Ia.

Open Evenings until 9 o'clock.

OBITUARY.

Mr. Richard Stewart, an old and highly respected citizen, met with a serious accident last week while riding in a wagon. He lost his balance and fell out, seriously injuring him. He was taken to Mercy hospital and died last Wednesday from the effects of the injury. He was an old soldier and a member of Crocker post of the G. A. R., which society took charge of the funeral, and his body was laid to rest in Woodland cemetery under the direction of his brother comrades Thursday afternoon. He leaves two daughters, Mrs. Cox and Miss Stewart, and a sister, with a host of friends to mourn his loss. Rev. S. Miller of Mt. Pleasant conducted the funeral. The Commander of Crocker Post is Mr. H. C. Bachrodt. The pall bearers were M. T. Scandlan, J. H. Merrill, T. E. Barton, J. W. Estey, N. G. Curry and Robert Bruce.

PRAIRIE STATE NOTES.

It has been so long since we have written to you, we expect the Editor has taken our name from the correspondent list. We have been here in "Egypt" since the 18th of August, when I say we I mean my book and myself. When we left Iowa City it was almost between showers and until we arrived at St. Louis it looked as if they had had heavy rains. After we had crossed the "Great Father of Waters" the Mississippi river, it looked as if there had been no rain since spring. The vegetation was parched and dusty. We thought the heat of an Iowa summer was something terrible, but it is nothing when you compare it with a summer here. In East St. Louis we also noticed the difference in the people. It was there that they begin to notice the noses of the white passengers turn up when a colored person entered the car. It was not long before we could see the reason why. At a station four very nice looking colored people got on the train, two men and two women they had scarcely seated themselves before they began to sing "Ooon Songs" and crack rough jokes. They all swore occasionally. From, I think, the third station from East St. Louis until I got to Grantsburg, which was my railroad destination, there seemed to be from 6 to 15 colored and I did not see but 8 in the lot who seemed to be lady or gentleman like. From Grantsburg we traveled by stage to Golconda which is a distance of 18 miles.

We noticed the farms then. They do not look like our Iowa farms. A very few of them had frame houses. The houses were one and two room log cabins or huts. Those who had frame houses did not seem to have more than three or four rooms. Perhaps some have never seen a log cabin. I will try and tell you what they are like. I suppose you know upon what plan they are built. The inside of the big room seem to be 20 by 20 feet with two doors one directly opposite the other. They have no windows some of them have a hole in one side about 24 by 24 inches, there are opened in the summer for air and are closed in the winter. When it is cold to leave the door open the light is received from the fireplaces or lamps, the lamps are usually chimney less. The colored people are very good, it is said in some localities they are very bad but where I am they are good and as kind as can be. Next time I will tell you about the scenery if this is not devoured by the office cat or does not find its way to the waste basket.

Marguerite E. Mason.

LADIES DON'T WORRY.

"Dr. Le Dues Gennine French Female Regulator" is positively guaranteed and mailed by Kidd Drug Co., Elgin, Ill., to remove and relieve pathological Monthly Stoppages, Female irregularities, Suppressed Menstruation, obstructions and suppressions, from whatever course, or send free medicine until cured if guaranteed lot does not relieve. Sent on receipt of price. \$2 a package or \$3 for \$5.00 Retail and wholesale of Hurbit & McArthur, Des Moines. Full line of rubber goods; name what you want.

HELP THE GALVESTON RELIEF.

Come and be made happy yourself. The mutual Perfecting Association, 312 West Seventh street, will give 25 per cent of all orders for piano tuning and perfecting musical instruments, for 30 days. Address manager, 312 West Seventh street.

(Mention Iowa State Bystander.)

For sprains, swellings and lameness there is nothing so good as Chamberlain's Pain Balm. Try it. For sale by all Druggists.

Iowa State Bystander.

BY BYSTANDER PUB. CO.

DES MOINES, IOWA.

There is only one place where gold rusts, and that is in the heart.

He who drinks to drown his despair is trying to extinguish a fire with fuel.

We are apt to condemn in others what we practice ourselves without scruple.

There are times when a charitable heart can do more good than a charitable hand.

Life is like a mirror. It reflects the face you bring to it. Look out lovingly upon the world, and the world will look lovingly in upon you.

There is a time when you may say nothing and a time when you may say something; but there never is a time when you should say all things.

The dowager empress has decided upon an imposing funeral for Baron von Ketteler. There are people who would be glad to do as much for her highness.

The gentleman who is to be mayor of Atlanta belongs to the old school of Southern chivalry. Besides he doesn't make a continuous performance of his thirst.

An immense dockyard is to be constructed at Antwerp to cope with the exigencies of the rapidly increasing shipping trade of that port. When completed it will cover no less than sixty-seven acres. The scheme has received the financial support of several of the most prominent shipping owners in Germany.

The Houston Post says that a strange feature of the Galveston calamity is the absolute disappearance of the natural scavenger of the country—the buzzard—just when he is most needed. Not one is to be seen anywhere, though it would be natural to suppose that the bodies of so many dead animals and human beings would attract thousands of buzzards from distant parts.

Paris' latest innovation in street lighting is oil lamps. They are not the sort of lamps used a hundred years ago when the cry was "aristocrats a la lanterne," but enormous structures that give out 1,000 candle power each. They have been set up on the river side of the Tuilleries gardens and light up the gardens and the opposite bank of the Seine as far as the new Gare d'Orleans.

A life-size statue of Apollo, which by its style is supposed to date from the fifth century, B. C., has just been found near Athens. It is said to be in an excellent state of preservation. The find is an important one, for the figure is larger and finer in workmanship than the statue which is treasured in the Munich museum, and it has many claims to a place in the first rank of antique sculpture.

An educational society in Manila has sent three Filipino youths in Ann Arbor for an American education. They have already learned to like apples and pumpkin pies, but do not approve of the irregular method in which our nouns are pluralized. The youngest of the three, who is eleven years of age, says he wants to see the snow and ice, of which he has heard so much. In these respects the Philippine youths are not unlike other boys.

Nearly twenty years ago congress passed a special act giving an 800-pound cannon to a Grand Army post at Attleboro, Mass., and the piece was mounted on the top of a tall granite shaft as a soldiers' monument. Recently a gang of thieves carted the cannon away in broad daylight, and parts of it have just been recovered from a junk dealer who innocently purchased the same. Most of the metal has been melted up and run into various kinds of castings.

On every side the Alps send down rivers, leaping from the rocks, and in the lower lands, especially on the Italian side, spreading out into beautiful blue lakes. Recently the stored-up energy of these Alpine streams has been brought under control, in many instances, for the production of electric power. The river Adda at Paderno already furnishes 13,000 horse-power, and works are now under way on the river Ticino, below its point of issue from Lake Maggiore, which will, it is expected, furnish 12,000 effective horse-power to be distributed among a string of manufacturing towns reaching down into the plain of Lombardy. It was originally intended to send this power to Milan, but all of it has been eagerly seized by the intervening smaller towns. The Alps are yet rich in unused energy of this kind.

David R. Hosterman of Springfield, O. and Miss Mary Herpst of Oil City, Pa. have just been married. Forty-four years ago Miss Herpst was a girl, living at Shippenville, Pa., and Mr. Hosterman was a school teacher. The young couple became engaged. There was a quarrel, and they separated. He married, but death a few years ago left him a widow. Last spring Mr. Hosterman wrote to Postmaster McKim, enquiring about the Herpst family. The letter was turned over to Miss Herpst, who replied, and the old attachment was renewed.

THE NEWS IN IOWA

NEW COLLEGE PRESIDENT.

Dr. Adams, of Kalamazoo, Made President of Des Moines College. Muscatine, Oct. 23.—The board of the Des Moines college held a meeting here, the following being present: Wm. Atkinson, Des Moines; H. A. Heath, Keokuk; F. W. Parsons, Marshalltown; A. Abernathy, Osage; J. A. Earl, Waterloo; W. M. Walker, Des Moines; Henry Jayne, Muscatine; F. W. Bateson, Denison; H. L. Stetson, Des Moines; L. D. Leland, Boone; W. S. Goodell, Des Moines; Arthur Fowler, Muscatine; E. P. Bartlett, Des Moines. The board extends the presidency of the college to Rev. George B. Adams, D. D., of Kalamazoo, Mich. When asked whether he would accept the invitation to the presidency, Dr. Adams said: "Yes, I shall accept the honor extended to me, and will probably take up my new duties about the first of January."

Kalamazoo, Mich., Oct. 25.—Rev. George B. Adams, the new president of the Des Moines college, Iowa, has served for some time as pastor of the First Baptist church of this city, whose pulpit he leaves to enter upon his wider sphere of activity as an educator.

Dr. Adams won an enviable popularity during his pastorate of the First church here. His thorough appreciation of the desirable points of a Christian clergyman is very keen. His dignity and generosity, his charity and equanimity endeared him to all classes of the people, and his learning won from them their unstinted admiration.

Rev. Mr. Adams is in all respects capable of administering the work of the office to which he has been called. He is a graduate of Colgate university, New York, where he won degrees in the arts and in other branches of learning. He will formally announce his acceptance of the presidency of Des Moines at the Iowa State Baptist convention this week, where he will preach the convention sermon.

MAX DEFEAT COUSINS.

Technicality May Throw Out Marshall County Vote.

Marshalltown, Oct. 24.—Political complications have developed in Marshall county that may defeat Congressman Cousins for re-election in the Fifth district. The republicans last fall elected Dr. Lierle as coroner. He failed to qualify before the first Monday in January, as required by the code. The board of supervisors passed resolutions on the 5th of January that hold-overs must qualify by the 10th. Lierle complied on the 11th. The democrats claim that by virtue of the statutes and the board's action, a vacancy was created in that office, which must be filled at the coming election. They have filed papers nominating Dr. Brady, but the republicans failed to file nomination papers for that office. The county auditor refuses to place Brady's name on the ballot, and the democrats have served notice that they will challenge any republican ballot presented, alleging it to be illegal, but will permit democrats to vote unchallenged. If this action is sustained by the courts, Congressman Cousins will probably be defeated, as the other counties in the district, with the exception of Marshall and Linn, are close.

SWINDLERS ARRESTED.

Council Bluffs, Oct. 24.—Thomas I. Senter, living six miles north of Memphis, Mo., was brought here in custody of Sheriff Davis of Scotland county, Missouri, and Deputy Sheriff Baker of this city, to answer to a charge of obtaining \$645 from the real estate firm of Lougee & Lougee, on October 14, 1898, on a fraudulent land mortgage. His alleged partner, P. C. Bonner, is under arrest at Fairfield, Iowa. The two are alleged to have successfully operated in this state for the last two years, victimizing banks and real estate dealers on bogus land deals. When he turned the trick here, Senter gave the name of James L. Palmer, and he also is said to be known to the Pinkertons, who worked up the case, as George N. Conway. Senter was indicted by the grand jury here in November, 1898, but it was not until last week that he was run down near Memphis, where he had resided on a farm for the last seven years. Senter has been positively identified by both members of the firm of Lougee & Lougee as the man who victimized them. It is alleged that he and his partner forged the name of Theodore Cowitz of Oklahoma to a deed to 120 acres in this county, on which they borrowed \$645 from Lougee & Lougee. The man under arrest at Fairfield has been identified as John N. Edwards, who left Memphis twenty-three years ago.

GIVEN AN EGG SHOWER.

Iowa City, Oct. 26.—The annual freshman class party of the State University of Iowa took place, and the event called for a "scrap" between the freshman and sophomore classes. The sophomores captured the freshman president and toast-master of the party and carried him off to the country in the afternoon, but he was recaptured by his classmates and brought to the hall in triumph. The freshmen treated the crowd of sophomores to a shower of eggs thrown from the windows of the hall into the crowd below.

FIRE AT MUSCATINE.

Muscatine, Oct. 22.—The Muscatine Oat Meal company, manufacturers of Friends Oats, sustained a fire loss of about \$20,000, with insurance of \$10,000. The warehouses, with some stock and material, were consumed by fire supposed to have been ignited by tramps.

SHOT THROUGH THE STOMACH.

Iowa City, Oct. 20.—C. W. A. Hill, a prominent grocery man of this city, accidentally shot himself in the stomach while cleaning a gun. The ball passed through him and he died in three hours.

FARMER ROBBED.

Permitted Two Men to Ride and They Got His Money.

Charles City, Oct. 5.—Oscar Squires, a farmer who lives six miles from this city, was robbed of \$150, while returning to his home from this place. Squires had been to the city with a load of hogs, which he had sold for \$150, and drawing the money from the bank he placed it in his hip pocket and started for home. When scarcely out of the city two men wearing overalls and presenting all the appearances of laborers, accosted him, and asked if they might have a ride. Their story was that they were going into the country to get a job husking corn. Having received permission to ride with the farmer, one took his seat at the side, while the other stood behind the two men. Both men were very talkative and kept the unsuspecting farmer busy with the conversation until at a sharp turn in the road they signified their intention of going the other direction and left the man, who drove on to his home. It was not till he reached his place that he discovered the money was missing. The back of his coat and his pocket had been cut with a knife and all the contents of his pocket taken. It is believed that the crooks saw the farmer come from the bank and laid for him. Squires is a young man just starting out in his farming and his loss, though it is small, was a severe one to him.

WEBSTER CITY WINS.

Mrs. Freda Oppenheimer Is Elected Grand Matron of O. E. S.

Des Moines, Oct. 26.—As a reward of merit and as a result of the withdrawal of Mrs. Mary B. Rathbun, who served as worthy matron for the past two years, and who declined re-election, the officers of the Grand Chapter of the Order of the Eastern Star were advanced in office. Mrs. Freda Oppenheimer of Webster City, formerly associate grand matron, was elected worthy grand matron, without any opposition. The officers selected are as follows: Worthy grand matron, Mrs. Freda Oppenheimer, Webster City; worthy grand patron, A. J. Small, Des Moines; associate grand matron, Mrs. Jane Weber, Cherokee; associate grand patron, Dr. J. C. W. Cox, Washington; grand secretary, Mrs. Maria Jackson, Council Bluffs. The next convention, which will be the twenty-fourth annual convention, will be held in Sioux City, the fourth week in October.

NORTHWEST IOWA SCARED.

An Epidemic of Smallpox Is Threatened in That Section.

Sioux City, Oct. 23.—An epidemic of smallpox is threatened in northwest Iowa. About twenty cases have made their appearance in various places and such little attention has been paid to the state quarantine regulations that a wide spreading of the disease is expected. At Moorhead, Iowa, there are now eight suspicious cases and at George, Iowa, there are two or three; at Decatur, Neb., there are half a dozen well developed cases. Most of the Iowa cases can be traced to Decatur, Neb., where there has been almost no restriction. Steps have been taken to establish vigorous quarantine in the Iowa towns, but it is feared that many people have already been exposed. Sioux City is preparing to protect itself.

JANITOR STRIKES IN RICH.

Cedar Rapids, Oct. 26.—Reginald Andrews, a young Englishman who recently came to this country, and who has been employed for the past few months as janitor at the Home for Aged Women in this city, has just received word that he is heir to \$50,000 left to him by his uncle, who died a short time ago in England. A few months ago Mr. Andrews saved the lives of the inmates of the home by a most daring act, and one which won for him a splendid gold medal, suitably engraved.

MUNICIPAL GAS FOR CLINTON.

Clinton, Oct. 26.—A step in the direction of the establishment of a municipal gas plant was taken by the residents of this town in the defeat of the proposition to extend for 25 years the franchise of the Clinton Gas Light and Coke company. The question was submitted to a vote and the opponents of the extension won by a majority of 500. The fight has been waged with much bitterness by both sides.

RAISED A PROFITABLE POTATO CROP.

Cedar Falls, Oct. 23.—W. T. Owings, living near this city, is the champion potato raiser in this section of the country. He has just harvested the crop from fourteen acres of ground and measured it up at 3,000 bushels. At the present market price of 35 cents he will receive \$1,050 for his labor. He pays \$4 per acre as rent on the ground.

INCENDIARY BOUND OVER.

Waterloo, Oct. 24.—Fred Evans of La Porte City has been bound over to the Butler county grand jury on the charge of stealing a team of horses from a farmer near Clarksville. It is asserted that he set fire to the barn to cover up his tracks, and that he will have to answer to the charge of arson also.

GRANDY CENTER HAS A FIRE.

Grundy Center, Oct. 23.—Fire occurred in the bowling alley adjoining Laybourn's dry goods and grocery store with small damage to the alley. The principal loss was to Laybourn & Co. on building and stock by water and smoke, amounting to \$4,500; insured.

DEEMER FOR CHANCELLOR.

Iowa City, Oct. 23.—The most promising candidates to succeed Chancellor McClain as the head of the law department are Judge H. E. Deemer, Attorney General Remley and Judge Wade. The sentiment here seems to be crystallizing in favor of Judge Deemer, and many knowing ones assert that Judge Deemer and Enlin McClain will change places—one from the bench to the law school, the other from the law school to the supreme bench.

It might be a good thing to send general humidity out to China.

NEWS IN GENERAL

DEFAULTER FOR LARGE SUM.

Note Teller of a New York Bank Gets Away With \$700,000.

New York, Oct. 24.—Charles L. Alford, Jr., note teller of the First National bank of this city, is a fugitive from justice and a defaulter to the extent of \$700,000. The announcement of the defalcation, which was made yesterday afternoon created the utmost excitement in the financial circles of the city, but the well known ability of the bank and its high standing had a quieting effect. This statement was as follows: "The note teller, who has been in the employ of the First National bank for many years, is a defaulter to a large amount. His operations have continued for a considerable period, and have been carefully concealed through a manipulation of his balance book. The discovery was made a few days after the completion of an examination of the bank by United States officials. Periodical examinations have been made by several distinct corporations of examiners representing the comptroller's department, by expert accountants and the bank has also had frequent independent examinations, neither of which has developed any irregularity. "The aggregate of the false entries, amounted to \$700,000 and were charged on the books of the bank out of the reserve fund without diminishing the surplus and profits of the bank, as represented in its last published statement."

It is said that the shortage will be materially reduced by a substantial sum, of which there is a fair prospect of recovery.

JOHN SHERMAN'S FUNERAL.

Services Over the Remains at the Home in Washington.

Washington, Oct. 25.—In the capital of the nation, where his life work has been accomplished, there gathered yesterday representatives of every government department and representatives of many foreign powers to pay homage to the memory of John Sherman. The funeral services were held at the Sherman home on K street. The massive black casket rested on a black draped catafalque in the parlor. The air was heavy with the scent of flowers that had come from all quarters as a final testimonial of affection and respect. From the white house conservatories there was sent a heavy wreath of white roses and orchids. Lord Pauncefote sent a heavy wreath of white roses. The services at the house were simple. They began at 1 o'clock, conducted by Rev. Alexander Mackay-Smith, pastor of St. John's Episcopal church. A quartet of St. John's choir sang the hymn, "Rock of Ages." The Rev. Mr. Mackay-Smith read the simple but impressive funeral service of the Episcopal church, after which the choir softly sang the hymn, "Peace, Perfect Peace." There was no funeral address, and after a brief prayer, the choir chanted the anthem, "Lord, Let Me Know My End and Number of My Days." The casket was carried from the house, where a detachment of the Fifth cavalry escorted it to the depot. The funeral party left for Mansfield on a special train over the Pennsylvania railroad.

SPAIN CONFRONTED BY CRISIS.

Elevation of "Butcher" Weyler Followed by the Resignation of the Cabinet. Madrid, Oct. 23.—Spain is facing a crisis again. General Weyler is the cause of it. The cabinet resigned en masse as a protest against the appointment of the "butcher" as captain general of Madrid. To make the affair all the more serious, the queen regent later received Don Azarraga and requested him to become responsible for the formation of a new ministry. Azarraga is known to be a strong supporter of Weyler, and throughout all the latter's bloody career in Cuba was one of his staunchest supporters. The fact that the queen regent has invited one of Weyler's closest friends to form a cabinet which is to take the place of the one which has shown its disapproval of Weyler in so marked a manner is especially significant. It is thoroughly understood throughout Spain that Weyler has cost the nation her colonies and her pride. To him alone Spain looks when placing the responsibility for the loss of Cuba, Porto Rico and the Philippines. Weyler, by his inhuman and atrocious treatment of the Cubans, is the man who is held up to scorn throughout the country whenever the war with the United States and its disastrous ending is recalled. Consequently, when it was announced that he had been appointed to the very high post of captain general of Madrid there was a tremendous amount of feeling shown everywhere. At first people seemed surprised at such a mark of distinction being shown to the former governor general of Cuba. Then anger came, and tonight there is no sign that it will subside. The queen regent has fanned the flame by so promptly accepting the resignation of the Silvela ministry and then at once asking a man who is thoroughly committed to Weylerism to organize a new cabinet.

Paul Blanchot, who had charge of the Paris Matin's trans-Saharan expedition, died at Dakar, Senegal, of yellow fever just as he was about to embark for France after having successfully accomplished his mission. He was only 30 years old.

LIEUT. HENNESSEY KILLED.

Simla, Oct. 25.—Lieutenant Hennessey and forty-five Sikhs were killed in the brush by Mahaud raiders at Janola.

CHICAGO LABOR TROUBLE ENDED.

Chicago, Oct. 24.—By the signing of a three-years' agreement with the structural iron workers the labor troubles in Chicago, so far as they affect the construction of the new postoffice building here, have been settled. Work is to begin on the big structure at once with a large force of men.

NO MENACE IS INVOLVED.

Count De Quadt Says Germany Has No ulterior Motives.

Washington, Oct. 25.—In view of the widespread comment that the Anglo-German alliance campaign in China was open to the possible construction of an implied or indirect menace or threat against some other power interested in the Chinese question, the attention of Count de Quadt, the German charge d'affaires, was called to this point. Count de Quadt said that he was able to give categorical and very positive statement, on the highest authority, that the agreement involved no menace whatever to any power concerned in China. He said this applied to all the parties which had taken a hand in Chinese affairs. Count de Quadt stated with equal positiveness that there was no foundation for reports of further or additional features to the agreement beyond those transmitted to the various governments and made public. He said that document covered the entire transaction. The response of the United States to the Anglo-German agreement is still held in abeyance.

A dispatch from Peking says: "A preliminary convention between China and the combined powers has been proposed by Prince Ching and Li Hung Chang. It is as follows: "Article 1. Lying siege to the legations of foreign ministers is a high offense against international law. No country can possibly tolerate such a thing. China acknowledges her great fault in this respect and promises that it will never occur again.

"Art. 2. China admits her liability to pay an indemnity for the various losses sustained on this occasion, and the powers will each appoint officials to examine and present all claims for a final consultation and settlement.

"Art. 3. As to future trade and general international relations, each power should designate how the matters are to be dealt with, whether the old treaties should continue or new conventions should be made, slightly modifying the old treaties, or negotiating new ones. Either of these plans may be adopted and when China has approved them further special regulations can be made in each case as required.

"Art. 4. This convention will be made with China with the combined powers to cover the general principles, which apply alike to all. This settlement reached, the foreign ministers will remove the seals they caused to be placed in various parts of the tsung-li-yamen and attend to business as usual. And further, each power should arrange its own special affairs with China, so that separate treaties may be settled in due order. When the various items of indemnity are all arranged properly, or an understanding has been reached about them, the powers will successively withdraw their troops.

"Art. 5. The troops sent to China by the powers are for the protection of the ministers and no other purpose, so when the negotiations begin for treaties of peace each power should first declare an armistice."

SHERMAN LAID TO REST.

Final Rites Over the Remains at Mansfield, Ohio.

Mansfield, Ohio, Oct. 26.—From Grace Episcopal church, where as a youth he worshipped, John Sherman was buried yesterday. Up the aisle which through the long years he trod as a vestryman, the remains were carried to the chancel, where they rested from shortly before 11 until nearly 3 o'clock, when they were removed with simple ceremony to the last resting place in the Sherman family vault in the cemetery here.

Every business house in the city was draped in mourning, the streets were thronged with thousands, including delegations from Washington and Cleveland, and nearby cities and towns. The train bearing the distinguished dead arrived at 10:15. Awaiting were Mayor Brown of the citizens committee, a squad of police, a company of Ohio National Guards and forty-eight members of Sherman's brigade.

The procession formed with President McKinley in the place of honor. The body was carried by eight poles, escorted by honorary pallbearers. At the conclusion of the funeral train proceeded to the cemetery, where a ceremony of the simplest character was held. The feature of the day was the attendance at the funeral of three men who were delegates to the convention at Shelby, which mentioned John Sherman for congress in 1854. An hour after the body had been taken to the church Senator Hanna and Henry T. Hedges arrived from Chicago, and were driven to Congressman Kerr's residence, there, with the president, taking luncheon. The senator and president held a consultation until the party went to the church for formal services.

PIQUART GETS DAMAGES.

Paris, Oct. 26.—Colonel Piquart's suit for libel against Le Jour, arising from the celebrated Dreyfus polemics, was decided in his favor. The court condemned the manager of the paper, Monsieur Pouch, to pay a fine of 2,000 francs, and Mm. Pousien and Galli, the writers of the articles, were sentenced to six months' imprisonment and a month's imprisonment, respectively. All three were sentenced today to pay 30,000 francs damage.

CAME DOWN FOUR HUNDRED STRONG.

Hazleton, Pa., Oct. 20.—About 800 strikers made a descent on the No. 4 Jedd' mines of Markle & Co. at Oakdale yesterday morning and claim they shut the colliery up, but Markle says the miners are still working. The march was well planned and kept strictly secret. There was a force of deputy sheriffs on duty, but they kept in the background. No one was seriously hurt. One man going to work was set upon by the strikers and beaten and others were menaced. After marching up and down the road at 7:30 the marchers dispersed to their homes.

JOHN SHERMAN DEAD.

Aged Statesman Passes Away at His Home in Washington.

Washington, Oct. 23.—Hon. John Sherman, who for a period of forty years occupied a prominent place in legislative and administrative branches of public affairs in the United States, died here at 6:45 o'clock yesterday morning, from brain exhaustion. Death came to the aged sufferer peacefully after thirty-six hours of nearly complete unconsciousness. During the last fifteen minutes of his life he was all the time unconscious and passed away while in this condition.

A number of relatives and friends assembled in Washington, in response to summons, were at the bedside when the end came. The most devoted of them was Mrs. McCallum, adopted daughter of the secretary, and Mrs. Sherman, who remained constantly at his bedside during the last hours. The number included Tecumseh Sherman, Charles M. Sherman, Miss Lizzie Sherman, Mrs. Jas. McCallum, adopted daughter, who has been the late secretary's constant attendant, and her husband.

Secretary Sherman's death occurred in a handsome home on K street, which he erected eight years ago. Some weeks ago the secretary deeded this valuable property to Mrs. McCallum. Conservative estimates of the secretary's wealth places it at a million dollars, most of which is believed to consist of Washington real estate securities, and the old family home at Mansfield. Mr. Sherman has not been in robust health for one year. In March, 1899, while on a pleasure trip to the West Indies, he suffered a severe attack of pneumonia, which almost proved fatal. He was brought to this city, where he became strong enough to visit home. The death of Mrs. Sherman was a severe blow to the secretary, from which he never fully recovered. He returned to Washington in September, much broken in health and spirits, and for a time was able to move about in the open air, but for the past three weeks he has been confined to his bed. His general debility, aggravated by an irritating cough, hastened the end.

The president yesterday issued the following proclamation:

"To the People of the United States: In the fullness of years and honors, John Sherman, lately your secretary of state, has passed away. Few among our citizens have risen to a greater or more deserved eminence in the national councils than he. The story of his public life and services is, as it were, the history of the country for a half century. In congress he was ranked among the foremost in the house, and later in the senate. He was twice member of the executive cabinet, first as secretary of the treasury, afterwards as secretary of state. When in congress during the dark hours of our civil war, or as director of our country's finances during the period of rehabilitation, or as a trustful counselor in the framing of the laws for over forty years, his exponent of its foreign policy, his course was ever marked by devotion to the best interests of his beloved land, and by able and conscientious effort to uphold its dignity and honor. His countrymen will long reverently remember him and see in him the type of patriotism, uprightness and zeal that go to the moulding and strengthening of the nation.

"In a fitting expression of the sense of bereavement that afflicts the republic, I direct that on the day of the funeral the executive offices of the United States display the national flag at half mast and that the representatives of the United States in foreign countries shall pay in like manner appropriate tribute to the illustrious dead for a period of ten days.

"Done at the city of Washington this 23rd day of October, 1899.

"William McKinley, President.

"John Hay, Secretary."

LIBBY'S FOOD PRODUCTS LEAD.

The Grand Prix d'Honneur and two gold medals have been awarded by the International Jury of Awards at the Paris Exposition, to Libby, McNeill & Libby, of Chicago, for the purity, excellence and superiority of their canned foods. Here in America, the "Libby" Brand has always been recognized a typical of the highest standard of excellence attained in the preservation of meats, and it is a noticeable fact that the products of Libby, McNeill & Libby have received the highest awards at every Exposition held in the United States during the past two decades. This firm issues a book "How to Make Good Things to Eat," which will be mailed free on request. Drop a postal to Libby, McNeill & Libby, Chicago, Ill., for it.

DANISH WEST INDIES OFFER.

Copenhagen, Oct. 24.—C. Brun, Danish minister at Washington, who has been in Copenhagen for some time, leaves here within a few days for the United States. He will be the bearer of an offer to the American government, from Denmark, to sell the Danish West Indies for \$7,000,000.

Self-interest is more likely to warp a man's judgment than anything else. If you want advice consult disinterested parties.

YOUTSEY IS GUILTY.

Georgetown, Ky., Oct. 22.—"We, the jury, find defendant guilty, and fix the punishment at life imprisonment." This is the verdict returned in the case of Henry B. Youtsey charged with being one of the principals in the murder of William Goebel. It was learned from the jurymen that no ballot was taken Friday night Saturday morning the vote was unanimous and declared Youtsey guilty but the jury was somewhat divided on the degree of punishment, and finally agreed on life sentence.

The Only Way

A Fascinating Romance
by Alan Adair...

CHAPTER VI.

Another room in an obscure part of London; but this room was, though scrupulously neat and tidy, it was even adorned with a few flowers, some colored prints hung upon the walls. A woman and a child were sitting together in the one large chair of the room possessed. The woman, still young, and astonishingly beautiful; the child, one of those curly-haired children, with blue eyes, who have sprung from parents of different nations. The woman's face we have seen before. Now the alteration in it, and one it was did not affect her beauty, was a sadness, except when she spoke of the child, and then her whole face changed.

"It is such a great city," she was saying—"such a great city. I did not know it would be so difficult to find any one. I thought that when once I got to England it would all be well, and now I have been in England more than a year, and I have not seen him, and yet I am so longing to see him once again, and to show him our boy. Oh, how happy he will be! How happy we both shall be! These weary years will be as naught, and I shall forget everything once I feel his arms round me again!"

There was a step on the stairs. Veronica listened. She had grown more womanly in these last four years, and she looked more thoughtful. Sorrow, the great master, had taught her many things. Now she did not look unhappy, but eager and anxious. She evidently recognized the footsteps on the stairs, and it did not bring her any pleasure. She was shrinking to the chair with the child when the door opened to her call "Come in!" and Hutchinson entered. "Good afternoon," she said, but showed no pleasure at the sight of him. "How did you find me out?"

"How? It is always easy to find any one when you have a mind to, and when you have any sense in your head!" He scanned Veronica's face as he spoke, and noticed that she flushed slightly. "I saw you go into a music shop, and I followed you some other day, and I made a note of the road and the number, and here I am."

"What do you want of me?" asked Veronica, her lips set in a stern line. "My dear girl"—Hutchinson spoke softly—"my dear girl, why could you not have confided in your father? It would have saved you a great deal of trouble."

"You are not my father," said Veronica quietly, "you told me so yourself."

"Why quarrel about an expression? I am the man who brought you up, Veronica, why did you not tell me that you had married Alan Mackenzie and that this is his child?"

Veronica gave a great start. She knew why she had not mentioned Alan's name to him. She knew of the hatred that Hutchinson had for him, and even now she did not know what to say. "How do you know?" she asked at last. "Who told you?"

"He told me himself," said the man, watching the agitation that Veronica betrayed. "I should not have known unless."

"When did he tell you?" she asked, her lips almost refusing to utter a word.

"About two months ago," Veronica sprang up. "He is here, in London. Two months ago! Oh, take me to him! Let me see him at once! Why did you not tell me before?"

"How could I?" the man said dryly. "I tell you you should have had more confidence. I did not know you were his wife."

"How was he looking?" cried Veronica. "Oh, my darling, my darling! Did he speak of me two months ago? I think we shall die of happiness when we come together again!"

"No doubt," said Hutchinson. "Does he know of the boy?"

before he began his work of destruction; now he had to make sure of Veronica. He would have infinitely have preferred a woman who would have blustered, and have sworn that she would have her rights; but Veronica was the sort of woman who would shrink away and be lost to the world rather than hurt the man she loved. He had shrewdness enough to see that the girl would say that it was the only way to act, and that she would sacrifice both the child and herself; therefore it was imperatively necessary that she should know nothing of Alan's marriage, of his love for another woman. That must come to her as a surprise. She must be led to expect that Alan was longing for her, and would be overjoyed to see her again; then would be his, Hutchinson's, opportunity. He knew men so well that he fancied they must be all alike. Alan would not give up Joyce—he felt sure of that; then he must be made to pay for his silence. He must feel that he, Hutchinson, could hold the sword over his head, that he could let it fall at any moment. He had rubbed his hands at the publicity of the marriage. Alan Mackenzie would never give up his beautiful wife. Veronica would have to be paid off. Joyce would not be Alan's lawful wife. It was going to be a life of misery for the young man, and at the end there would be Hutchinson's dagger for his heart. But the whole thing needed careful handling, and Hutchinson felt that he was the man undoubtedly who could handle it carefully. Even if at the end Veronica refused, as was possible, to come forward and make Alan unhappy, nevertheless he would have to pay for his silence.

"He lives in a nice little house in the country," Hutchinson said at last. "I will give you the address. You had better go by train. Have you any money?"

"Yes," said Veronica. "I was paid for my lessons yesterday. I must write to her when I have seen Alan again. He may not wish me to go on giving lessons." But all the time she spoke her face was transfigured. The feeling that soon her weary time of probation would be over was strong within her. She looked with pride at the beautiful boy, whom she still held in her arms. "Will not his father be proud of him?" she asked, longing for a little human sympathy. "He is handsome, is he not?"

"Oh, yes, he's a good-looking child, although I am no judge," said the man. In his head he was revolving plans. "I would not go straight up to the house if I were you," he said. "The servants might not understand it. You wait for him at the lodge gates."

"Very well," said Veronica, docile as always. She could not guess that Hutchinson's one fear was lest she should meet Joyce and so spoil his whole plan. He had looked into Joyce's face as she was walking with Alan one day, and he could see innocence and purity written upon it. Joyce was not the woman to consent to the paying off of the first wife.

And so it was decided that Veronica should go down to Summerhay and await the coming of Alan. It was a lovely day in early July, when she went down, with that precious possession, her boy, hugged close to her heart. The sun was shining and the sky blue, the corn was waving in the fields; and it was under the shade of a leafy tree that Veronica awaited the coming of the man she loved. Hutchinson had discovered what train he usually came by. It was so important that Veronica should see him alone!

And at there quietly straining her ears for the sound of his footsteps. It took her back to her girlish days at La Paz, when she had often watched for him as she was doing now. Truly there had been no years of separation from him, and no boy beside her. As the time drew nearer the strain grew almost too intense. She put her hand over her heart so as to stop its wild beating, and the rich color that generally flooded her cheeks left her, and she was pale. And suddenly she heard footsteps in the field that was before her—many footsteps, which she had not heard for four years, but which she knew at once. Then a figure vaulted over the stile and Alan stood before her.

She tottered to her feet, holding out the child. He looked at her wildly and gave a great cry, as if body and soul were being rent asunder. "Veronica! O God! O God!"

He fell backwards against the stile, covering his face with his hands, as if to shut out the sight of a great horror. She stood trembling before him, pushing her child in front of her, as if she wanted to obliterate herself and to obtrude the child; but he stood there, shaking and shivering, moaning at intervals. "Veronica! O God! O God!"

It was she who spoke first; he could not find words, or anything but the piteous moan, and her voice was touching in exquisite joy. "Yes, Alan, it is I, saved from the sea, my dearest. And here—here is our child. Are you not pleased? Tell me you are pleased, for I have longed so to see your dear face again! I have longed so to hear your voice I cannot believe it has come at last!"

She came quite near to him, ad-

vancing as she spoke. It seemed as if she were longing for him to uncover his face, to take her into his arms.

"Alan," she cried, "oh, my darling, are you not glad to see me?" There was still no doubt in her mind. She thought that the joy of seeing her had been too great, and that he was trying to recover from the shock. She had no doubt, poor soul, at all. He loved her, therefore, her coming to him must be an inexpressible joy.

Then Alan uncovered his haggard face. "Glad? No! It has ruined my life!" he cried brutally. But for the moment he could think of nothing but Joyce—his Joyce, with whom life had begun so joyfully, and whose heart he must now break, as his own had been broken. "I wish I were dead!" he said, with a sob.

"Alan!" The anguish in her voice, matched his. "Is that what you have to say to me, your wife, the mother of your child, who has undergone all hardships, and who has just lived on because you were in the world? Oh, Alan, if you do not want me, I had better go."

She turned, walking unsteadily, holding her child's hand tightly. And then a great temptation assailed Alan Mackenzie. The temptation to let her go, to let her be lost to him, to say nothing to Joyce; but to go on as if the day's work had never been done. And then he saw in a flash what his life would be. How every moment of happiness with Joyce would have its corresponding moment of bitterness when he was alone; how he must live a double life, always on the brink of detection. Not worse, perhaps, than the life parted from Joyce; but that he would be an honest man, and not a traitor. He put his temptation away from him, thanking God that he could do so, knowing that Joyce would not love a man who was dishonest. So before Veronica had staggered a dozen steps away he called to her hoarsely to come back. She turned at once obedient as always, and for a moment he hated himself for his brutality to so gentle a woman. Her tears were falling down the beautiful face she looked up at him with the old look of faithful love, still pushing the child towards him.

"Yes," she said, questioning him, "what is it, Alan?"

"I am married," he said, crudely and hoarsely, thinking it best to tell her at once. "I thought you were dead. I heard nothing from you since I left you; it is four years ago. They told me all on board were drowned, and I could hear nothing of you. What wonder then I thought you were dead? And so I married, Veronica—I am married now!"

And then for a long time there was silence between them.

(To be continued.)

BAPTISMAL VACARIES.

Names from South Africa Are Given to Unfortunate Youngsters.

One of the results of the war in South Africa is an outbreak of curious names. Luckless infants born at or about the time of great events are being christened after the events themselves, as well as after the more prominent individuals concerned. Rodney Buller Thompson was used a few days ago, and Dundee, Glencoe and Elands-laagte have all been given. At the Cape, among the many curiosities are Talana Elands Smith, Belmontina Grasspana Modderivvo Brown and Penn Symons White Robinson. A Boer named Troskie, residing in the Craddock district in Cape Colony, had his son baptized Immanuel Kruger Steyn Triomphus. The mania appears to have taken South Wales in a very acute form. A few days ago Modder River Jones, John Redvers Buller Thomas, Harry White Redvers Joseph, Harold Baden Mafeking Powell, and Ezekiel Methuen Macdonald Baden Powell Williams were the names given to helpless infants by patriotic parents in Neath. At Pontypridd there are poor babes called Richard Colenso Scott, Oliver Colenso Williams, Kimberley Clifford, Charles Redvers James, and Baden-Powell Williams; and at Mountain Ash, Victor Colenso Warren, Warren Sandford, Macdonald Claremont, Methuen Phillips, John Stanley Methuen Williams, and Baden-Powell Price. Mr. Shandy, father of the famous Tristram, it will be remembered, believed there was something fateful in a name. The world seems to have been blessed with a sufficient number of individuals of opinions similar to this, else how can one account for such names as Peter the Great Wright and William the Conqueror Wright (twins), King David Haydon, John Bunyan Parsonage, King George Westgate, Martin Luther Upright, General George Washington Jones, Lord Nelson Putman, Empress Eugenie Aldridge, and John Robinson Crusoe Heaton? The parents, no doubt, had a pious hope that the children so named would grow to be worthy of the great persons whose names had been appropriated. The hope has not been realized, for none of these individuals seem ever to have set the Thames on fire. And perhaps it is rather well for humanity that there are no second editions of these "kings of men." But even quiet times have their remarkable names. Lyulph Ydwallo Odin Nestor Egbert Lyonel Toedmag Hug Erchenwys Saxon Eas Cromwell Orem Nevill Dysart Plantagenet is still living in Wales—perhaps because he never attempts to use all his own name.—London Leader.

Barton county is one of the principal wheat growing sections in Kansas. Its crop will probably reach 5,000,000 bushels, and it has a population of only 13,000.

AFTER APE-LIKE MAN.

GEORGE W. VANDERBILT'S EXPEDITION TO JAVA.

Huge Question in the Balance—If the Pithecanthropus Is Discovered the Relief of Millions of Christians Is Likely to Be Affected.

(Special Letter.)

George W. Vanderbilt, in order to do something of consequence for the human race, and incidentally to prove that the moneyed class is not wholly indifferent to the advancement of science, will search Java for the missing link. The young master of Biltmore manor house has selected a brilliant Yale student, Mr. David J. Walters, to lead an expedition to settle, so far as human research may do so, the most important problem that now confronts the biologists of the world—namely: Does the actual species of ape-like men that the logic of biology demonstrates to have lived at a remote period of the earth's history still exist?

Ernest Haeckel, the distinguished professor at the University of Jena, maintains that this soulless, voiceless, five-fingered, tailless creature is still extant amid the jungles and tangled forests of Northeastern Java, and he last spring announced his intention to set out in quest of this only link yet missing to complete the wonderful chain in the theory of man's descent, beginning with the monera, or organisms without organs; advancing to the ameba, thence by seven stages to the skull-less vertebrates.

The specimen of the Pithecanthropus, or ape-like men, that Mr. Vanderbilt hopes to find marks the twenty-first stage of advancement from the single-celled monera or protoplasmic germ. It is the one link that must be found, alive or in the fossil state, to completely demonstrate the new, wonderful and startling philosophy of human existence that eliminates a God, and to clinch what must be admitted to be the most brilliant product of the human brain—the theory of development. Whether it be called Darwinism or Haeckelism is of little importance. The doctrine of evolution owes its own development to several stages, but to Lamarck, Goethe, Huxley and Darwin in particular. It has divided the Christian church, it has made a warfare of science, and has commanded more serious thought by the brightest minds than any theme of the nineteenth century. Upon the result of the hunt may depend the faith of 230,000,000 Christian people who cling to the beliefs of their ancestors.

Mr. Vanderbilt is a believer, and has never wavered in his acceptance of the Adamite theory of creation. But he wants the truth. He is like the editor of a newspaper in quest of facts. He



APE-LIKE MEN.

has adopted the practical and natural method of doing what Professor Haeckel wants done. He has sent out a party himself. Mr. David J. Walters has sailed from San Francisco for Japan, where a special steamer will be hired and properly equipped for this expedition to the island of Java. It is hoped to render the projected voyage of Professor Haeckel unnecessary. Mr. Vanderbilt expects to find the Pithecanthropus at once if he be where Doctor Haeckel believes him. If the ape-like man is not in Java Mr. Vanderbilt's agent will search the forests and the swampy savannas until he is convinced of that fact. The Pithecanthropus must be found or dismissed from the field of contemporaneous existence.

Man began to be a foreshadowed possibility when the primary form of ape appeared. Our semi-ape ancestors, if Darwin and Haeckel be right, possessed only a faint resemblance to the still living short-footed apes. The tertiary period probably produced them. They "originated" perhaps out of marsupials, or pouched animals (of which the kangaroo remains). Then came the tailed apes, but the narrowest species is all that interests the student of man. The tailed apes "originated" out of semi-apes by the transformation of the jaw and the changing of their claws into nails. Most nearly akin to man are the large tailless, narrow-nosed apes, the orang of Asia and the chimpanzee of West Africa. They originated during the miocene period in all likelihood and developed by the loss of their tails, and partial loss of their hairy covering and by the excessive developments of that part of the brain just above the facial portion of the skull.

But toward none of these does the present search tend. Mr. Vanderbilt seeks the ape who has ceased to be an ape and has become a man! He directed Mr. Walters to bring back as many live specimens as possible. To kill such an animal would be murder. Mr. Walters is instructed to seek the

speechless primeval man—a type far anterior to the Stone age.

It is a splendid dream for a man of wealth, and, if successful, must put the mint mark or the brand of bass metal upon Darwinism forever.

WHAT BECAME OF THE GUNS?

Mystery Surrounds the Disappearance of Cannon in South Africa.

Now that the war in South Africa is nearly over it would be interesting to know what became of those celebrated "long toms" and other big siege guns which made life in the besieged cities of Ladysmith, Kimberley and Mafeking so uncomfortable for a while. These guns seem to have fallen off the earth. While the Boers were in command of the railways of the region it would have been easy enough for them to have spirited the guns away, but in the close of the fights the British fell upon the retreating farmers with an energy which cut them off from the railways near the besieged cities that had been so harassed by the guns. Now, where are the guns? It is morally certain that all the big siege guns which kept people awake nights at Kimberley, Mafeking and Ladysmith were not carried to where the remnants of the Boer army are fighting. Neither at Paardeberg, Ladysmith, Kimberley nor Mafeking was one of these celebrated guns captured. What has become of them is one of the problems which Lord Roberts is trying to find out. It is not at all probable that the Boers had a heavier gun in their siege trains than a five-inch piece. That is the caliber of an ordinary siege gun. That they did have guns of that caliber or nearly that seems certain from the accounts received during the war of the artillery duels between the British naval "four-point seven" guns and the big siege guns of the Boers. The "fitting" of these heavy guns seems almost inexplicable. The British believe that the Boers have hidden them away somewhere in the vast territory which has been fought over and are looking for them assiduously, but so far without success. Though the guns of the Creusot pattern are lighter, it is said, in proportion to their caliber that the older type they cannot be of much less weight and in the old type the wheels of a siege carriage alone weighed over 330 pounds. Then there is all the paraphernalia which goes with a siege gun, all weighing heavily. To cause the disappearance of all this heavy material so that no trace of it can be found is a marvelous piece of work. For a while "Oom" Paul persuaded his followers that miracles were being worked for the benefit of the Boers, but the British never believed in a special dispensation for Mr. Kruger until they realized that they could not find the big siege guns. The manner in which they were spirited away was marvelous. If anyone should see a Boer walking about with a siege train a suitable reward will be paid by General Roberts, provided the Boer will tell how he did it.

Des Moines, October 26, 1904. Reports of an alarming nature, telling of the existence of twenty-five to thirty cases of smallpox in Monona county, have reached the office of the state board of health. The cases are reported from Center and Jordan townships in that county and from the town of Moorehead. It is reported proper disinfection is not being enforced. Dr. Kennedy of the state board of health has written to Dr. Condit of Sioux City and requested him to look after the matter.

The supreme court has sustained the decision of Judge Stevenson of the Polk county district court in the case of A. F. Bissell, administrator of the estate of Frank S. Law, deceased, appellant, vs. Frank Starvinger. The case was one in which the administrator alleged by reason of sales of real estate made by Starvinger to Easy, when the latter was intoxicated and habitually drunk, the Law estate was damaged in the sum of \$5,900. For this sum judgment was asked against Starvinger, who owned and operated a saloon in Des Moines. The defendant demurred to the petition on various grounds. One of these was that the estate had not been damaged as the evidence introduced showed the plaintiff to have been a habitual drunkard and incapable of earning money. The demurrer was sustained and judgment was rendered against the plaintiff, dismissing the action and for costs. The plaintiff appealed, but the supreme court fully upholds the trial court's decision.

The members of the board of control have returned to the city after a visit to all the state institutions in northern Iowa. Judge Robinson and John Connie of the board left on the tour of inspection October 11, and later were joined by Judge Kime. The board expects in a short time to formulate the rules governing county hospitals, it having inspected the different county institutions in the past several months.

The typhoid fever epidemic at the state hospital at Independence is greater than has been generally known. There have been over two hundred cases since it recently broke out there, and it has resulted in twenty deaths. There is also a great deal of sickness at the Soldiers' home at Marshalltown. Over seventy inmates of the home are now in the hospital. No epidemic prevails there, but the general health is not good.

The supreme court handed down an opinion in the Bonaparte dam case adverse to the state. The supreme court holds that when the state transferred the Bonaparte dam by grant it did not abrogate its right to exercise thereafter a police power; that no constitutional right of defendant Byron F. Meek is involved, and on every other point sustains the contentions of the state except that it is held the decision of a justice of the peace to the effect defendants had a contract right to maintain the dam without a fishway, and being unappealed from, the judgment is final, for there is no showing that defendants have lost that right since the formal trial, and upon this single point the supreme court's decision against the state is based.

P. H. Skinner has been agreed upon by State Treasurer, Herriott and Auditor Merriam as the expert to examine the various offices. At the last meeting of the executive council the treasurer and auditor were named as a committee to select some person to make the examination. Their selection is subject to the approval of the council. If Mr. Skinner makes the examination he will be empowered to select his assistant, subject to the council's approval. For some days past W. S. Richards, pardon clerk under Governor Shaw, has been engaged in an examination of the records and accounts in the office of Auditor Merriam. This examination is entirely distinct from the one ordered by the executive council. It is within the power of the governor to direct such examinations to be made at any time.

Chairman Estabrook of the Marshall county republican committee, Auditor Hargrave and Coroner Elerie were in the city consulting with Attorney General Remley and Chairman Weaver in regard to the attempt on the part of the democrats to ingratiate the coming election in Marshall county unless the name of the democratic nominee for coroner is placed upon the ticket. Attorney General Remley looked the case over carefully, and after thoroughly investigating the subject, took the ground that the republicans need not be alarmed over the threats made. He gave the following opinion: "First—Under the showing there is no vacancy in the office of coroner in Marshall county. "Second—If there was a vacancy and the auditor should refuse to place the name of the democratic nominee upon the ticket, the remedy would be by mandamus proceedings. "Third—The ticket goes out without the name of the democratic nominee upon it, it is still a valid ticket, for the law does not contemplate the disfranchisement of the voters. "Fourth—The right to challenge a voter depends solely upon the qualifications of the voter to vote, not on what may or may not be on the ballot."

SATISFIED WITH THE MOVE.

Washington, Oct. 22.—The state department here has not yet been advised officially of the terms of the alliance reported from London to have been reached between Germany and England to maintain territorial integrity of China and to keep ports open. While the move gives general satisfaction here, the officials say that it probably is a misnomer to call it an alliance. What probably has happened they say has been a re-affirmation of the principles already agreed upon, not only between England and Germany, but between all of the great

Bathub Growing Smaller.

The change in the size of the bathtub is one of the recent phenomena of New York's growth. This valuable and cherished adjunct to civilization dwindles daily in size, and as the demand for bathtub grows daily more imperative in New York, there seems a probability that it will some day reach the proportions suited to a hall bedroom.—New York Sun.

NOTES FROM THE CAPITAL

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OUR TICKET.

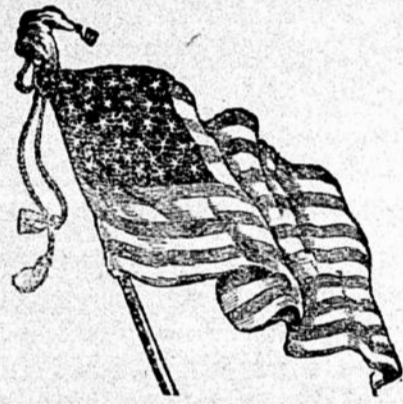


STATE TICKET.

Electors-at-large John M. Baldwin of Council Bluffs and Ole O. Roe of Des Moines.
 District electors:
 First district—E. V. Tucker of Louise
 Second district—A. L. Bartholomew of Jackson.
 Third district—L. B. Raymond of Franklin.
 Fourth district—C. H. McMiller of Cerro Gordo.
 Fifth district—H. H. Rood of Linn.
 Sixth district—S. H. Harper of Wapello.
 Seventh district—C. Rynsbarger of Marion.
 Eighth district—Marion F. Stookey of Decatur.
 Ninth district—P. L. Seever of Guthrie.
 Tenth district—Thomas Way of Crawford.
 Eleventh district—George E. Bowers of Sioux.
 Secretary of state—W. B. Martin of Adair.
 Treasurer of state—G. S. Gilbertson of Winnebago.
 Auditor of state—F. F. Meriam of Delaware.
 Attorney general—C. W. Mullan of Black Hawk.
 Supreme judge—Emlin McClain of Johnson.
 Railroad commissioner—D. J. Palmer of Washington.

COUNTY TICKET.

Auditor—Fred Cope.
 Clerk—John C. Tate.
 Recorder—John Cook.
 Attorney—John McLennan.



A GREAT RALLY.

It will be the Largest Political Demonstration ever held in Iowa by the Colored People.

The first and only colored republican rally of the campaign in Iowa will be held here Thursday, Nov. 1. It will be an afternoon and evening meeting. Hon. J. Frank Wheaton, a member of the legislature in Minnesota, will speak, also Attorney Geo. H. Woodson of Muchakinock and Mr. D. W. Anderson of Keokuk in the afternoon and Judge D. Augustus Straker of Detroit, Mich., who is a candidate this year for his third term on the commissioners bench; M. L. A. Wiles of Muchakinock who is now employed at Washington, D. C., will speak at night. The famous Muchakinock Cornet Band will be here and perhaps a large marching club from Mahaska county. The Colfax Roosevelt marching club that went to Waterloo may attend also the McKinley and Roosevelt club of Saylor mine, over 100 strong, will be here.

The colored citizens of Des Moines are sparing no pains in assisting to entertain the speakers and crowds, as the railroads have promised to give special rates. The colored people met at the Masonic hall last Monday evening to make arrangements for the meeting. There were nearly forty present. Thomas E. Barton was elected president, and John L. Thompson secretary of the meeting and the following committees were selected:
 Executive—J. H. Shepard, W. H. Bumbard, Wm. Fletcher, J. Frank Blagburn, W. R. Fraizer, Jefferson Logan and A. J. Vaughn.
 Finance—William Coalsen, Harrison Gould, H. E. Jacobs, J. H. Weeks and C. B. Woods.
 Entertainment—R. N. Hyde, J. L. Thompson, J. H. Mixon, E. T. Banks, N. E. Morton, W. R. Fraizer, and J. E. Hill of Marquetteville.
 Arrangement and Decorating—H. H. Lewis, J. E. Bush, C. R. Bradford, J.

M. Ruff, E. W. Thompson, L. Miller and S. Wilson.
 Captain—E. G. McAfee, W. H. Haggard and James Garrison Saylorville.
 Music—N. E. Morton, I. E. Williamson, M. Powell E. M. Hendrix Saylorville, and John Wingo.

Gov. Roosevelt Explains

From Chicago Daily News
 Governor Theodore Roosevelt explained for the first time yesterday to a reporter to the Daily News his reported antipathy to the colored soldier. In Scribner's Magazine for April, 1899, there appeared an article by Mr. Roosevelt, which the Democrats asserted reflected upon

occasion to say so in many articles and speeches. The Rough Riders were in a bad position when the Ninth and Tenth Cavalry came rushing up the hill carrying everything before them.
 "The colored soldier has the faculty of coming to the front when he is needed most. In the civil war he came 400,000 strong and I believe he saved the Union. He has done excellent work in all the Indian campaigns and while I was in the West I had a number of opportunities of witnessing his wonderful work. He saved a massacre of the Seventh in 1890.
 "At San Juan hill the colored



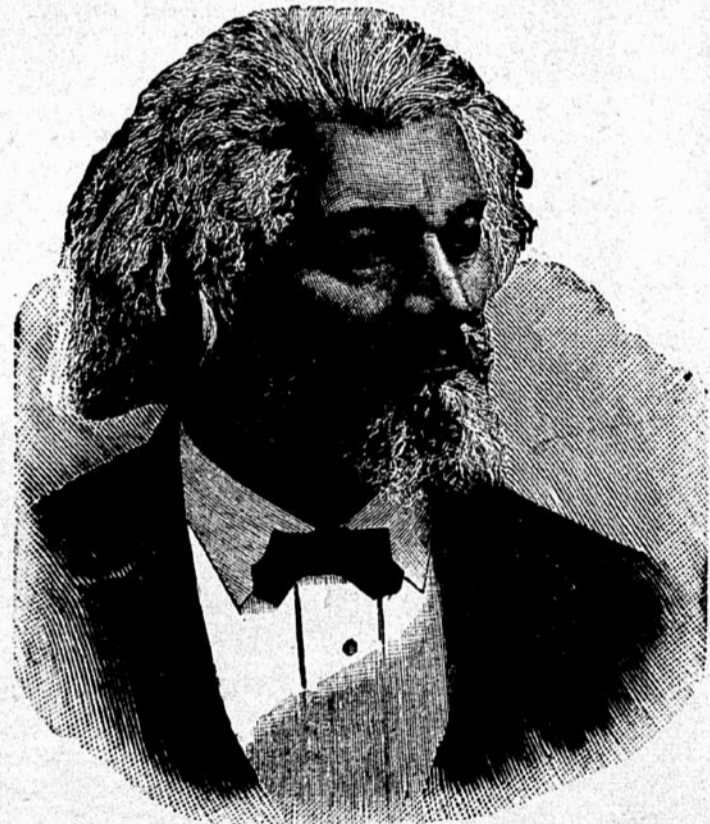
BOOKER T. WASHINGTON.
 Some papers are claiming that Booker T. Washington is a Democrat. This is not true. Mr. Washington, in a speech in Washington, D. C., said: "I am not a politician, but I am a Republican." President McKinley and Mr. Washington are close friends.

the bravery of the colored soldier. This article has been used as a campaign document and has been widely circulated among the colored people of this country. "The Democrats have attempted to make a mountain out of a mole hill," said Governor Roosevelt. In the article referred to I made mention of an incident that happened at San Juan hill.

"I had orders to hold a certain position and was supported by the Tenth Cavalry (colored). The position was uncertain and we needed every man available to make the stand. Two or three of the colored soldiers started to the rear in search of water, as ordered by their captain. I rebuked the captain for lessening our force and commanded the men

soldiers rendered an object lesson to all of the soldiers assembled there. They sung and fought and pushed the laggard troopers up the hill and the great victory at that point was theirs as much if not more than any of the soldiers there.
 "The colored man can vote for whom he pleases. He can follow the dictates of his own conscience. That is why he has the franchise, to exercise it, and use it for his best advantage and the advantage of the country, which he has served so honorably with his sword, but I take great pleasure in saying that he is a first class fighting man."

RACE PROBLEM IN HAWAII.
 The race problem has become the



"The Republican Party is the Ship, all else the Sea."—Frederick Douglass.

to remain. The statement I made after that, so near as I can remember, was, 'I have orders to hold this hill and intend to do it. I will shoot any man that gives up this position.'
 "This is the whole story in a nutshell, an the efforts of the Democrats to make political capital out of the simple incident shows what small campaigning methods they are capable of using.
 "My position with the colored people is too well known for these political tricksters to undermine it. I would be the last man in the world to say anything against the colored soldier because I know of his bravery and character. He saved my life at Santiago and I have had

paramount issue in the Hawaiian politics. The whites compose one party while the blacks compose the other. The colored people outnumber the whites by five to one. Will the whites permit the colored race to dominate?
 In the organization of the republic of Hawaii the natives were excluded from the franchise by a property qualification. The white men who were in power pleaded with congress to continue this exclusion by incorporating it into the laws of the island government, but congress refused. The only requirement made by congress is the ability to read and write. Nearly all the natives can fill this requirement.
 (Continued on page 8.)

MAKE THINGS HUM

Meeting in Every Precinct During the Next Two Weeks.

Local Speakers Must Be Brought Into Service in Every County.

Iowa Speakers Called Into Other States Where They Are More Needed Than in Iowa.

Republican State Committee Is Hard Pressed for Speakers and Calls Out Local Talent.

Get Out the Vote.
 Des Moines, Oct. 20.—The republicans of Iowa were never left so much to their own resources in any campaign as they are now. The national committee considers Iowa about the surest republican state in the nation and will not only do nothing for the state but insists that the republicans of Iowa shall contribute out of their strength to assist in other states. Every speaker who could possibly be induced to go has been campaigning in other states. The result is that the Iowa campaign must be made with home talent.

Hard to Get Speakers.
 "I wish every local committeeman in the state and all the precinct workers, as well as the county chairmen, could see the extreme difficulty that confronts us in furnishing speakers," said Chairman Weaver, of the republican state committee. "We have demands every day for many more meetings than it is possible for us to supply with speakers from the force at our command. Iowa is full of first-class speakers and we have tried to get ready for this emergency by organizing as many as possible by districts, so that the county chairmen in each district would have a good list to draw upon. Mr. Dawson, the manager of the speakers' bureau, has been very successful in getting a good list for every district, but these are not sufficient to supply the needs of all the counties.

Iowa Helping Other States.
 "Iowa has contributed more speakers to go to other states under the direction of the republican national committee than any other western state. Scores of our best speakers have been drafted by the national committee and are doing effective work all over the country from Ohio to Wyoming. This has greatly reduced the supply of speakers from which we could draw for meetings in Iowa. It has resulted in bringing out many new speakers who will be of great value to us in the future.

Local Speakers Now Much Needed.
 "What we must do now is to get every man in every county that can make a speech and set him to work to stir the people up so they will not forget to vote. We must have meetings in every precinct between now and election day. Nearly all the counties are carrying on effective school-house campaigns, and this is the thing to do. In every county there are at least a dozen men who can make a good speech and they must be brought into service by the county chairmen and the local committees and set to work. There never was a year before when it was so hard for the state committee to supply speakers, because so many have gone out of the state where they are more needed. But we must not let this produce inactivity at home and reduce our majority. We want to keep our credit good by giving a bigger majority than ever before, and we can do it if every man will take his share of the responsibility and help see that the full vote is polled.
 Danger of Neglect.
 "Neglect between now and election day, failure to have meetings to keep up the interest, and carelessness and forgetfulness on election day will give republicans some bitter regrets after election. We must 'make things hum' from now until the night of the 6th of November."

COMES OUT BOLDLY.
 Bryan Reiterates His Purpose to Insist Upon Free Silver at 16 to 1.

Ann Arbor, Mich., Oct. 11.—William J. Bryan spoke here to-day and the university students who were present at the meeting in large numbers assailed him with questions so numerous and pointed that he was finally compelled to answer one who asked him: "How about free silver?" In replying Mr. Bryan repeated:
 "We are in favor of the free coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1 without waiting for the aid or consent of any other nation on earth."
 Many of the supporters of Bryan have been trying to get away from this thing and have claimed that it was not an issue and that the democratic party was really not very much for free silver. The declaration of Mr. Bryan settles the question beyond further dispute if there were any need of any further statement than that contained in the platform.

A TIMELY APPEAL.

From the Eleventh New York Assembly District Colored Republican Club.

Remember, colored men of New York, that Tammany Hall, upon her bonded knees, begs our votes. Just this one time more, only this one time, and if they win they will never ask us again. Why not again? With Tammany Hall's cabinet at Washington, consisting of Boss Croker, ex-Governor Altgeld of Illinois (the man who as governor of the state ordered the troops to shoot any black man or set of black men who dared attempt to enter that state to work in a coal mine), with this man and Ben Tillman in the cabinet and a Democratic nigger hating congress, why, as a matter of course the fourteenth and fifteenth amendments will be wiped from the constitution of the United States. The negro will no longer have the right to vote, and Mr. Tillman's pet scheme will have been consummated. That sainted martyr, Abraham Lincoln, will have lived and died for nothing, and colored voters of the country are requested to help make all this possible. We ask the pertinent question, negro men, What are you going to do about it?

Colored Pastor Warns His Race.
 The Rev. W. H. Newby, pastor of the African Methodist Episcopal Zion church of Yonkers, N. Y., delivered a political sermon on Sunday last to his congregation. The church was crowded. Mr. Newby said in part:
 "We as a colored race have much at stake. A great question to be solved by this election is, What shall be done with the negro in the south? He has been butchered because of his politics, his increasing wealth and his intelligence in those Democratic states and cities where the Democrats are in full power. The signs of the times tell us that if the next congress is Democratic, with Mr. Bryan in the presidential chair, not only will the negroes be shot down, but they will be driven from their homes and business in the south to wander in a strange land. Vote the Republican ticket without scratching a name."

POLITICAL REVIEW OF THE WEEK.

The antislavery agitators were rotten egged, stoned, clubbed and mobbed both by bullies in broadcloth and bullies in rags. Free speech was denied to every man and woman of that period who dared to attempt to register a protest against the infamy of human slavery. The intolerance and cowardice of the defenders of slavery and all its concomitant evils and iniquities were no wiser in their day and generation than the bullies in broadcloth and the bullies in rags of this generation who have adopted the same method to stifle the voice of the people's representatives in a campaign having for one of its objects the conservation of the rights and liberties of all the people. The mob spirit which has manifested itself in the present campaign and the mob spirit of the antebellum period differ in no material feature. The same vindictive and mendacious impulse that moved the antislavery mobs to intimidate, harass and grossly insult public speakers who declaimed against the evils of human slavery is the same spirit which has manifested itself in the present campaign against those who are known to be against the methods and policies of the Democratic party. The mob spirit of the antebellum period was born of Democratic arrogance; the mob spirit of 1900 proceeds from the same source. It is the Democratic policy to meet argument with the bludgeon, the bowie knife and the shotgun. Its history is a history of bloodshed, murder and lawlessness. It struck down Charles Sumner; it dragged William Lloyd Garrison through the streets of Boston with a halter around his neck; it destroyed the printing office of Lovejoy at Alton, and it assassinated Abraham Lincoln at Washington. But the principles for which these men stood and fought triumphed as gloriously as those for which their exemplars now stand and are fighting with a courage born of faith in the righteousness of their cause. The insults to Governor Roosevelt, Chairman Hanna and others will redouble the efforts of Republicans everywhere to defeat and humiliate the arrogant policy of the intolerant Democracy to crush out free speech.
 The persistency with which Governor Roosevelt has been pursued and insulted during his tour through the west is proof "strong as holy writ" that these attacks upon him are the result of premeditation.
 Whether the plot originated with the Democratic national committee or with the state committees of the states in which he has spoken is immaterial. It is a Democratic plot, and the people will hold the Democratic thugs who are responsible for it to a strict accountability at the polls.
 The barefaced philosophy of Ananias is breaking out in spots on the Democratic side of this campaign, and it is pursuing Governor Roosevelt with a malignity and devilishness as venomous as it is cowardly and disgraceful. The Democratic press and individuals in the Democratic party profess great interest in the negro troops who fought with Colonel Roosevelt at Santiago de Cuba, and they affect to be considerably horrified because of a certain statement alleged to have been made by Colonel Roosevelt touching the valor of the men of the Ninth and Tenth cavalry, a statement which, if he did make it, he afterward retracted in a manly way and in these words: "I have seen my mistake. I find these men to be far different from what I supposed them to be."
 JOHN E. BAUCE.

BISHOP HOOD'S VIEWS.

Let All Colored Citizens Consider Well His Able Arguments.

When I was set apart to the office of bishop, the then senior bishop, J. J. Ellinton, took me aside and told me that it would not be well for me to continue to take an active part in politics. I have tried to follow his advice, but have had sometimes the experience of which Bishop Moore once complained. Some one said that he as a bishop ought not to meddle with politics.
 The bishop said the trouble was that politics would not let him alone. When politics quothed him, he would quoth both with and without politics. In this year of grace politics seems to have much to do with the bishops. Several have found it necessary to deny the statement that they have become Democrats. So far as I know no public statement to that effect has been made respecting myself. But as I have traveled, attending to my episcopal duties, I have learned that a report has been circulated that Bishop Hood has turned Democrat. And I have found my people much excited over it. I do not blame them for the feeling manifested, for the negro who forsakes the interest of his people at this time deserves their contempt. They are not ignorant respecting political conditions, as some profess to think. They understand the situation and know how to vote. Neither are they indifferent, as some would make believe. It is true that large numbers in some sections failed to vote, but it was not the result of indifference, but because they were not permitted to register. There never has been a time in which they were more anxious to vote, and if they had been permitted to do so ninety-nine out of every hundred would have voted against the amendment.
 The multitudes which are now leaving North Carolina, many of them at a great sacrifice of property, is an indisputable evidence of the widespread discontent. The Democratic party is responsible for every enactment for the oppression of the negro, from the passage of the fugitive slave law, the sum of all villainies, enacted about 50 years ago, down to the latest act of disfranchisement here in North Carolina. It has also opposed in the national congress every measure proposed in the interest of the negro race. With this record in view how any self respecting negro can be an honest Democrat is a mystery beyond my comprehension. No Democrat in North Carolina who knows me would believe me sincere if I pretended it. I should lose their respect as well as my own. Besides this I do my own thinking, and there is no important plank in the Democratic platform to which I could honestly subscribe. I believe in protection to American industries. The tendency of the Democratic doctrine is toward free trade, to which I am unalterably opposed. I believe in a dollar worth 100 cents. The tendency of the Democratic policy is toward a dollar worth only about 47 cents. I know they claim that by legislation they can make 47 cents' worth of silver equal to 100 cents, but I do not care for a metal dollar which needs that kind of help to make it go. I want the standard of value to rest upon a dollar which stands upon its own merit. The gold dollar is such and therefore is the universal standard of values. I believe in expansion, which was once a Democratic doctrine when an outlet for the extension of slavery was desired, but even in that a falling from grace is now witnessed. I might mention other points of difference, but think this sufficient to show that I could not be an honest Democrat even if I had a grievance against the opposite party, which I have not.
 I do not care to deal in personalities hence I need not say much about either candidates. But I may remark that I have seen nothing to change my very high opinion of President McKinley. He has certainly done as well by the people as any president we have ever had, and much better than some who have been held in higher esteem by leaders of the negro race. In my opinion, he has done more for the material development of the nation than any president we have had since the foundation of the government. It may be said that he has had better opportunity than any. Admitting that, it still remains that he has been fully equal to his great opportunity. Even his opponents praise his Chinese policy. But how could he have had a hand in that important matter if he had settled out of the Philippine Islands, as some claim he should have done? I think it must be admitted that the delegations of the powers of the world at Peking owe their salvation to the wisdom of McKinley. Without the base of operation he laid in the east he would have been powerless and could only have viewed with horror a fearful tragedy at a great distance. This nation enjoys a respect among the nations it has never enjoyed before. If a great international war is averted at this time, the credit will be due to McKinley more than to any other man on earth. And it seems to me that all who have any interest in the nation's credit, welfare or destiny must support him now.
 The great battle between Christianity and heathenism seems to be approaching, and the Christian powers will do well to be careful in the selection of their standard bearers. The negro question will dwindle into insignificance inside of a hundred years. The negro will be called for by and by to stand with his white brother in the contest which is to open the way for Christian civilization in all lands. Then
 "We shall know each other better
 When the mists have rolled away."
 J. W. HOOD, D. D., LL. D.
 Fayetteville, N. C.

OZONO

IS KING OF ALL HAIR TONICS




BE WARNED. By honest methods and is to-day the only genuine, and possessing the confidence of the colored excited the cupid of the unprincipled, who, to get injurious to the hair and skin, and dangerous to health and life. Be warned; don't send your money to get only in return a mass of lard and tallow and animal fats, that injure your hair and cause it to fall out, destroy its growth, and cause you to become bald. Deal with a legitimate firm, who will treat you fairly and give you value for your money. We do solemnly swear that our remedies are true to all we claim for them; that they do not contain any animal fat or injurious drugs, and we will return the money for every case of dissatisfaction. We refer to Metropolitan Bank, Richmond, Va., or to the editor of this paper. The word OZONO and the cuts shown in this advertisement are registered as our trade-mark in U. S. Patent Office. Any infringement will be promptly prosecuted.

OZONO positively straightens Knobby, Knappy, Kinky, Stubborn, Harsh, Refractory Hair. No injurious hot irons are necessary to produce this effect. OZONO does the work alone, and the uses do not have to be kept up after the hair becomes straight, and washing the hair hastens the treatment, doing it good in every way. Cures Dandruff, Baldness, and all itching, humbling, Scald Diseases; causes the hair to grow long and straight, soft, fine, and beautiful as an April morning. Price, 50c a box; 4 boxes does the work. OZONO cannot fail. Read our grand offer: Cut out this advertisement and send to us with \$1.00, and we will send you immediately four boxes of OZONO; one bottle of ELECTRICAL SKIN REFINER, which makes rough skin soft and brightens up black skin several shades; also one bottle of SKIN FOOD, which removes Wrinkles, Freckles, Moth Patches, Tan, Liver Spots, Small-Pox Pits, Birthmarks, &c. It makes the aged look young, and the young look younger. We will also, to show our liberality, include a package of ANTI-ODOR, which removes all smells and odors arising from the human body—such as feet, arm-pits, &c.; cures Sore Throat and Mouth, Womb Diseases, Sore and Frosted Feet, &c. This grand combination, worth \$3.50, we will send you on receipt of One Dollar, to introduce honest goods. Parties sending us \$3.00 will receive four lots. Register your letters.

AGENTS WANTED.

BOSTON CHEMICAL COMPANY,

310 E. BROAD ST. RICHMOND, VA.

BE CURED.

DR. J. M. WILSON, Natural Healer

Positively cures all Mental and Nervous trouble, restores Eyesight and Hearing; cures Lung, Heart, Liver, Stomach and Kidney trouble; Rheumatism, St. Vitus Dance, Paralysis, Aches, Pains and swelling. Disease of every form cured.

Office Hours from 3 p. m. to 6 p. m. City calls made. Iowa Telephone 506.

All mail promptly answered.

MORGAN HOUSE, Des Moines Iowa.

SEND ONE DOLLAR

BICYCLES



At \$1.75 is by far the greatest bargain ever offered at this price. It is a new 1900 model, with the latest improvements, and is guaranteed to last for years. It is a real bicycle, and is not a cheap imitation. It is a real bicycle, and is not a cheap imitation. It is a real bicycle, and is not a cheap imitation.

SEARS, ROEBUCK & CO., Chicago, Ill.

CALIFORNIA.

Broad Vestibuled
First-Class Sleepers
DAILY—
Between Chicago and San Francisco

WITHOUT CHANGE OF CARS.

Great Rock Island Route

Leave Chicago on Big 5 at 10:00 p. m. All the best scenery of the Rocky Mountains and the Sierra Nevada by daylight in both directions.

These cars are carried on the limited trains of the Great Rock Island Route, Denver and Rio Grande (Scenic Route), Rio Grande Western and Southern Pacific.

Dining Car Service Through
Buffet Library Cars.

JOHN SEBASTIAN, G. P. A.,
Chicago.

CHURCH ANNOUNCEMENT.

The Corinthian Baptist Church—situated on 11th St., between Crocker and School Sts. Preaching at 11 a. m., Sunday School at 12 o'clock. Preaching at 7 p. m.

St. Paul A. M. E.—Corner of Second and Center Streets. Preaching at 10:30 a. m.; Sunday School at 9 o'clock; Epworth League at 7 p. m.; Preaching at 8 p. m. L. J. Phillips, pastor.

First African Baptist Church—Corner School and Fourth streets. Rev. F. Lomax pastor. Preaching 10:30 a. m.; Sunday school 9:30 p. m. Mr. M. E. Houston, Superintendent; Young People's meeting 7 p. m.; preaching 8:00 p. m.

Barn's M. E.—East Second and Des Moines street. Sunday services, preaching at 11:00 a. m. and 4 p. m. Sunday School at 12:30. Prayer and class meeting, Wednesday 8 p. m. All are welcome. Rev. C. W. Holmes, pastor. 200 Des Moines street.

Mount Nebo Baptist Church—E. Second street, between Lucas and Grand avenue—Sunday service, preaching at 11 a. m.; Sunday School 12:30 p. m.; Superintendent, Rose Johnson. Preaching at 8 p. m. Rev. J. H. Bell, pastor.

SECRET ORDERS.

North Star Lodge, No. 2, A. F. A. M.—Meets First Thursday in each month at Masonic Hall—Fourth and Court avenue. J. H. Shepherd, W. M.; J. L. Thompson, secretary.

King Solomon Commandery, No. 6—Meets Second and Fourth Thursday in each month at Masonic hall. Fred Jackson, M. C.; G. H. Clegg, Rec.

Charity Lodge, No. 2122, G. U. O. of O. F.—Meets First, Second and Third Tuesday each month at Odd Fellows hall on West Sixth and Walnut streets. D. Burns, N. G.; F. Brown, P. S.

Yacolt Court, No. 3—Meets Second Monday in each month at Masonic hall. Mrs. J. H. Wood, matron; Mrs. Fred Jackson, Secy.

Yacolt Lodge, No. 4—Meets First Thursday in each month at Masonic hall. Mrs. Susan Wood, M. W.; Mrs. Flora Majors, Secy.

Order of Honor of the World No. 1—Meets every Monday evening at 8 p. m. Mrs. E. A. Wood, Proctor. Mrs. Rose Johnson, Secretary.

What We Sell And How We Sell It.

THIS STORE SELLS EVERYTHING FOR THE HOME—Furniture, Carpets, Dishes, Pictures, Lamps, Curtains, Draperies, Stoves and Kitchen Utensils.

We can take an empty house and turn it into the most comfortable of homes within almost no time.

Everything we sell is good—guaranteed. Our prices are the lowest in the Northwest and you can meet our bill on the easy payment plan.

CHASE & WEST

EASY PAYMENTS.

NOTICE OF EXPIRATION OF RIGHT OF REDEMPTION.

To L. H. Crane and J. Brosnan: You are hereby notified, that the following described real estate, situated in Polk County, Iowa, to-wit: Lot Twenty-three (23) in Forest Glen, an addition now included in and forming a part of the City of Des Moines, Iowa, was sold for the taxes of 1896 on the eighth day of December, 1897 to C. C. Hartley; that the certificate of sale thereof has been assigned to and is now owned and held by Daniel T. Patton, and the right of redemption will expire, and a Treasurer's Deed for said land will be made unless redemption from such sale be made within ninety days from the date of completed service of this notice. You will govern yourself accordingly.

Dated this 6th day of October, A. D. 1900.

DANIEL T. PATTON,
By Geo. Harnagel, his agent.

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Dated the 29th day of September, A. D. 1900.

E. G. ZELHOFER,
By Geo. Harnagel, his agent.

SHANK BROS.,

Funeral Directors


517 Mulberry St.
Telephones 686, 688 and 689.
DES MOINES, IOWA.

It Happened in a Drug Store.

"One day last winter a lady came to my store and asked for a brand of cough medicine that I did not have in stock," says Mr. C. R. Grandin, the popular druggist of Ontario, N. Y. "She was disappointed and wanted to know what cough preparation I could recommend. I said to her that I could freely recommend Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and that she could take a bottle of the remedy and after giving it a fair trial if she did not find it worth the money to bring back the bottle and I would refund the price paid. In the course of a day or two the lady came back in company with a friend in need of a cough medicine and advised her to buy a bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. I consider that a very good recommendation for the remedy." It is for sale by all Druggists.

YOUNG AND OLD ALIKE

Feel Their POWER WANING and they NEED



To consult skillful Specialists like Drs. Fellows & Fellows, that the strength, vigor and power of manhood may be restored to them.

SPERMATORRHOEA is a diseased condition of the sexual organs of the male, where they are so weak as to permit of a relaxation of the muscles, ducts and fibers, as to allow a leakage of seminal fluid. This loss saps the vitality, undermines the constitution and wrecks the general health. Nine men out of every ten suffers in this way.

VARICOCELE is an enlargement of the veins of the scrotum, it is very painful and if permitted to enlarge, will gradually grow worse, and finally rob a man of his power.

IMPOTENCY This condition which renders a man useless, as his power is now gone, may be removed by so strengthening the entire sexual organism as to fully restore the desired vigor.

PRIVATE DISEASE All secret, nervous, chronic, infectious and private diseases of men, whether acute or sub-acute, speedily and permanently cured. Everything confidential. Consultation and examination free. Write or call to day. Home Treatment sent by mail or express.

JOHN SEBASTIAN, G. P. A. CHICAGO

DRS. FELLOWS & FELLOWS

DES MOINES IOWA,
413-415 Walnut St.,

WEDDING.

Boone, Oct. 22.—This morning at 9 o'clock Samuel Johnson and Miss Eva Heywood were united in marriage at the residence of the bride's parents, 714 Green street, Rev. J. B. Harris of the Methodist church performing the ceremony. Only relatives of the bride and groom were present. Mr. and Mrs. Johnson are at home to their friends at 616 Harrison street.

THE MIRACULOUS CURES

Have Already been Effectuated by the British Doctors at Rooms 204 & 205 Marquardt Blk. They are giving their Service Free for three Months to all Invalids who call Before Nov. 15th.

Owing to the large number of invalids who have called upon the British Doctors at the office room, 204 and 205 Marquardt Block, and who have been unable to see them, these eminent gentlemen have, by request, consented to continue giving their services free for three months to all invalids who call upon them before November 15th. These services will consist not only of consultation, examination and advice, but also of all minor surgical operations.

The object in pursuing this course is to become rapidly and personally acquainted with the sick and afflicted, and under no consideration whatever will any charges be made for any services rendered for three months, medicine excepted, to all who call before November 15th.

The doctors treat all forms of disease and deformities, and guarantee a cure in every case they undertake. At the first interview a thorough examination is made; and, if incurable you are frankly and kindly told so, also advised against spending your money for useless treatment.

Male and female weakness, catarrhal deafness; also cancer without pain or cutting; all skin diseases, rupture and all diseases of the rectum are positively cured by their treatment.

Dr. J. Boyd, the chief consulting surgeon of the institute, is in personal charge.

OFFICE HOURS: 9:00 a. m. to 8:00 p. m. No Sunday Hours.

SPECIAL NOTICE—If you cannot call, send stamp for question blank for home treatment

IF YOU WANT

a good smoke or play a game of pool, why not go where you can get the best cigars and tobacco in the city for the money.

318 West Third Street....

YOUR TRADE IS SOLICITED.

W. P. LEWIS, Proprietor.

EVERYBODY KNOWS THAT MUNGER'S LAUNDRY is the best in the city. Try them and be decided.

220 THIRD ST.
PHONE 679.

CALIFORNIA

First-Class Sleepers Daily between
CHICAGO and SAN FRANCISCO
Without Change

are carried on the limited trains of the GREAT ROCK ISLAND ROUTE

D. & R. C.—R. G. W.—Sou. Pac.
Best Scenery of the Rockies and Sierra Nevada

By Daylight in Both Directions.

Best Dining Car service Buffet Library Cars. Send for "Chicago to California," describing the journey through.

Low Rate PERSONALLY CONDUCTED TOURIST EXCURSIONS

To San Francisco and Los Angeles. Leave Chicago Thursdays via Senic Route. Leave Chicago Tuesdays via Southern Route. Improved Tourist Cars—Fast Trains. Write for itinerary and "Tourist Dictionary."

JOHN SEBASTIAN, G. P. A. CHICAGO
Subscribe for the Bystander.

NOTICE OF EXPIRATION OF RIGHT OF REDEMPTION.

To E. Oaks: You are hereby notified, that the following described real estate, situated in Polk County, Iowa, to-wit: Lot Eighteen (18) in Block One (1) of Glendale, being included in and forming a part of the City of Des Moines, Iowa, was sold for the taxes of 1896 on the sixth day of December 1897 to W. H. Boyer; that the certificate of sale thereof has been assigned to and is now owned and held by Daniel T. Patton, and that the right of redemption will expire, and a Treasurer's Deed for said land will be made unless redemption from such sale be made within ninety days from the date of completed service of this notice. You will govern yourself accordingly.

Dated this 20th day of October, A. D. 1900.

Daniel T. Patton,
By Geo. Harnagel, his agent.

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Daniel T. Patton,
By Geo. Harnagel, his agent.

MARSHALLTOWN ITEMS.

Mr. Thomas Cobbs has moved from his old home to South 7th Ave.

Emanuel Jackson is working as night janitor at the Iowa Central General Office.

Mrs. Carrie Suter who has been visiting with her daughters and son has returned to Mason City.

Mr. J. L. Wallace of Chicago was in the city a few days attending to business.

Every one should subscribe for the Bystander.

Eureka Lodge number 20 A. F. A. M. meets every 2nd and 4th Tuesdays in the month. visitors are welcome.

Prof. Arnold is kept very busy looking after his singing classes throughout the state of Iowa.

The Glucose is starting up again and has hired all of their help back including many colored men at good wages.

We have quite a number of strangers in our city and if they wish to work there is plenty of it and no excuse to be idle.

Eureka Lodge number 20 A. F. A. M. are preparing to give a grand anniversary ball in the near future. Every one should be prepared to attend and have a royal time.

Rev. Elliston has returned to the city after some months throughout the state.

Mrs. Patton is visiting her mother in Missouri.

The grand Republican rally in our city was a success and none of the marching clubs looked finer than the colored Rough Riders in their uniform.

It is spoken of on every hand about the interest the colored voters of Marshalltown are displaying in this campaign.

ALBIA NEWS.

Miss Eliza Brown of Clarinda is visiting at Miss Mable Parkers this week.

Misses Henrietta Jones, Nettie Hill, Messrs. J. Poston and Reese Underwood went over to new Muchakineok Sunday.

Lawyer Woodson spoke in Hocking on Friday evening.

The Iowa conference of the A. M. E. church is fast approaching a firm financial basis. This fact could be seen from the reports of the last session, which was held in Minneapolis, Minn., last month (September). While it is true that the dollar money report this year was not as large as it was last year, yet there was a strong and hopeful tone in all of the reports, and the faithful work of the 60 ministers and 7,000 members of the conference during the past year of the conference's history is beginning to show a rock-bottom success.

Presiding Elder Bundy read in his report that there were only some churches of the inter St. Paul district under mortgage. The Chicago district having in it some of the largest churches of our connection, could not report so favorably, yet P. E. Gaines could report most all the smaller churches of that district clear of debt, and those on the larger ones growing smaller year by year. Judging from these signs it does seem to me that it would not be fair from a true prediction to say that by the end of this decade there will not be a single church of all the Iowa conference of the A. M. E. church in debt.

God is blessing us, brothers and sisters, and let us be thankful. And now that God is prospering our Zion the first thing we should do would be to redeem the lost credit of each local church in its respective community, pay up all of its little unpaid debts and put it on a good credit basis at home. Now listen to me, one who thinks he knows whereof he speaks and who dares to say to you what he is going to say for your encouragement and comfort. Our church is growing in material wealth. Now, this is not for self-aggrandizement, but as I see it that we as a church might be more efficient in helping to do missionary work and forward the Master's Kingdom.

T. REEVES,
Keokuk, Iowa.

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By Geo. Harnagel, his agent.

NOTICE OF EXPIRATION OF RIGHT OF REDEMPTION.

To R. O. Gray and J. Brosnan: You are hereby notified, that the following described real estate, situated in Polk County, Iowa, to-wit: Lot Three hundred and thirty-one (331) in Forest Glen, being included in and forming a part of the City of Des Moines, Iowa, was sold for the taxes of 1896 on the eighth day of December, 1897 to E. G. Zellhoefer; that said E. G. Zellhoefer is still the owner and holder of the certificate of purchase issued in pursuance of said sale, and that the right of redemption will expire, and a Treasurer's Deed for said land will be made unless redemption from such sale be made within ninety days from the date of completed service of this notice. You will govern yourself accordingly.

Dated the 29th day of September, A. D. 1900.

E. G. ZELHOFER,
By Geo. Harnagel, his agent.

OUR TICKET.

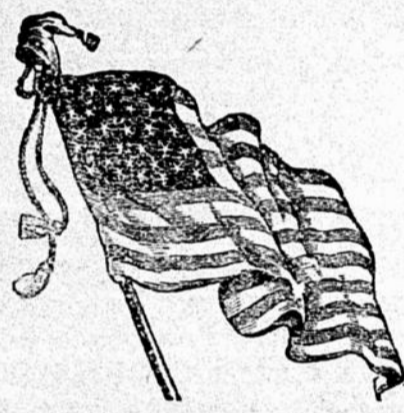


STATE TICKET.

Electors-at-large John M. Baldwin of Council Bluffs and Ole O. Roe of Des Moines.
 District electors:
 First district—E. V. Tucker of Louise
 Second district—A. L. Bartholomew of Jackson.
 Third district—L. B. Raymond of Franklin.
 Fourth district—C. H. McMiller of Cerro Gordo.
 Fifth district—H. H. Rood of Linn.
 Sixth district—S. H. Harper of Wapello.
 Seventh district—C. Rynsbarger of Marion.
 Eighth district—Marion F. Stookey of Decatur.
 Ninth district—P. L. Seever of Guthrie.
 Tenth district—Thomas Way of Crawford.
 Eleventh district—George E. Bowers of Sioux.
 Secretary of state—W. B. Martin of Adair.
 Treasurer of state—G. S. Gilbertson of Winnebago.
 Auditor of state—F. F. Meriam of Delaware.
 Attorney general—C. W. Mullan of Black Hawk.
 Supreme Judge—Emlin McClain of Johnson.
 Railroad commissioner—D. J. Palmer of Washington.

COUNTY TICKET.

Auditor—Fred Cope.
 Clerk—John C. Tate.
 Recorder—John Cook.
 Attorney—John McLennan.



A GREAT RALLY.

It will be the Largest Political Demonstration ever held in Iowa by the Colored People.

The first and only colored republican rally of the campaign in Iowa will be held here Thursday, Nov. 1. It will be an afternoon and evening meeting. Hon. J. Frank Wheaton, a member of the legislature in Minnesota, will speak, also Attorney Geo. H. Woodson of Muchakinock and Mr. D. W. Anderson of Keokuk in the afternoon and Judge D. Augustus Straker of Detroit, Mich., who is a candidate this year for his third term on the commissioner's bench; M. L. A. Wiles of Muchakinock who is now employed at Washington, D. C., will speak at night. The famous Muchakinock Cornet Band will be here and perhaps a large marching club from Mahaska county. The Colfax Roosevelt marching club that went to Waterloo may attend also the McKinley and Roosevelt club of Saylor mine, over 100 strong, will be here.

The colored citizens of Des Moines are sparing no pains in assisting to entertain the speakers and crowds, as the railroads have promised to give special rates. The colored people met at the Masonic hall last Monday evening to make arrangements for the meeting. There were nearly forty present. Thomas E. Barton was elected president, and John L. Thompson secretary of the meeting and the following committees were selected:
 Executive—J. H. Shepard, W. H. Humbard, Wm. Fletcher, J. Frank Blagburn, W. R. Fraizer, Jefferson Logan and A. J. Vaughn.
 Finance—William Coalson, Harrison Gould, H. E. Jacobs, J. H. Weeks and C. B. Woods.
 Entertainment—R. N. Hyde, J. L. Thompson, J. H. Mixon, E. T. Banks, N. E. Morton, W. R. Fraizer, and J. E. Hill of Marquitsville.
 Arrangement and Decorating—H. H. Lewis, J. B. Bush, C. R. Bradford, J.

M. Ruff, E. W. Thompson, L. Miller and S. Wilson.
 Captain—E. G. McAfee, W. H. Haggard and James Garrison Saylorville.
 Music—N. E. Morton, I. E. Williamson, M. Powell E. M. Hendrix Saylorville, and John Wingo.

Gov. Roosevelt Explains

From Chicago Daily News
 Governor Theodore Roosevelt explained for the first time yesterday to a reporter to the Daily News his reported antipathy to the colored soldier. In Scribner's Magazine for April, 1899, there appeared an article by Mr. Roosevelt, which the Democrats asserted reflected upon

occasion to say so in many articles and speeches. The Rough Riders were in a bad position when the Ninth and Tenth Cavalry came rushing up the hill carrying everything before them.
 "The colored soldier has the faculty of coming to the front when he is needed most. In the civil war he came 400,000 strong and I believe he saved the Union. He has done excellent work in all the Indian campaigns and while I was in the West I had a number of opportunities of witnessing his wonderful work. He saved a massacre of the Seventh in 1890.
 "At San Juan hill the colored



BOOKER T. WASHINGTON.
 Some papers are claiming that Booker T. Washington is a Democrat. This is not true. Mr. Washington, in a speech in Washington, D. C., said: "I am not a politician, but I am a Republican." President McKinley and Mr. Washington are close friends.

the bravery of the colored soldier. This article has been used as a campaign document and has been widely circulated among the colored people of this country. "The Democrats have attempted to make a mountain out of a mole hill," said Governor Roosevelt. In the article referred to I made mention of an incident that happened at San Juan hill.

"I had orders to hold a certain position and was supported by the Tenth Cavalry (colored). The position was uncertain and we needed every man available to make the stand. Two or three of the colored soldiers started to the rear in search of water, as ordered by their captain. I rebuked the captain for lessening our force and commanded the men

soldiers rendered an object lesson to all of the soldiers assembled there. They sung and fought and pushed the laggard troopers up the hill and the great victory at that point was theirs as much if not more than any of the soldiers there.
 "The colored man can vote for whom he pleases. He can follow the dictates of his own conscience. That is why he has the franchise, to exercise it, and use it for his best advantage and the advantage of the country, which he has served so honorably with his sword, but I take great pleasure in saying that he is a first class fighting man."

RACE PROBLEM IN HAWAII.
 The race problem has become the



"The Republican Party is the Ship, all else the Sea."—Frederick Douglass.

to remain. The statement I made after that, so near as I can remember was, 'I have orders to hold this hill and intend to do it. I will shoot any man that gives up this position.'
 "This is the whole story in a nutshell, and the efforts of the Democrats to make political capital out of the simple incident shows what small campaigning methods they are capable of using.
 "My position with the colored people is too well known for these political tricksters to undermine it. I would be the last man in the world to say anything against the colored soldier because I know of his bravery and character. He saved my life at Santiago and I have had

paramount issue in the Hawaiian politics. The whites compose one party while the blacks compose the other. The colored people outnumber the whites by five to one. Will the whites permit the colored race to dominate?
 In the organization of the republic of Hawaii the natives were excluded from the franchise by a property qualification. The white men who were in power pleaded with congress to continue this exclusion by incorporating it into the laws of the island government, but congress refused. The only requirement made by congress is the ability to read and write. Nearly all the natives can fill this requirement.

(Continued on page 8.)

MAKE THINGS HUM

Meeting in Every Precinct During the Next Two Weeks.

Local Speakers Must Be Brought Into Service in Every County.

Iowa Speakers Called Into Other States Where They Are More Needed Than in Iowa.

Republican State Committee Is Hard Pressed for Speakers and Calls Out Local Talent.

Get Out the Vote.
 Des Moines, Oct. 20.—The republicans of Iowa were never left so much to their own resources in any campaign as they are now. The national committee considers Iowa about the surest republican state in the nation and will not only do nothing for the state but insists that the republicans of Iowa shall contribute out of their strength to assist in other states. Every speaker who could possibly be induced to go has been campaigning in other states. The result is that the Iowa campaign must be made with home talent.

Hard to Get Speakers.
 "I wish every local committeeman in the state and all the precinct workers, as well as the county chairmen, could see the extreme difficulty that confronts us in furnishing speakers," said Chairman Weaver, of the republican state committee. "We have demands every day for many more meetings than it is possible for us to supply with speakers from the force at our command. Iowa is full of first-class speakers and we have tried to get ready for this emergency by organizing as many as possible by districts, so that the county chairmen in each district would have a good list to draw upon. Mr. Dawson, the manager of the speakers' bureau, has been very successful in getting a good list for every district, but these are not sufficient to supply the needs of all the counties.

Iowa Helping Other States.
 "Iowa has contributed more speakers to go to other states under the direction of the republican national committee than any other western state. Scores of our best speakers have been drafted by the national committee and are doing effective work all over the country from Ohio to Wyoming. This has greatly reduced the supply of speakers from which we could draw for meetings in Iowa. It has resulted in bringing out many new speakers who will be of great value to us in the future.

Local Speakers Now Much Needed.
 "What we must do now is to get every man in every county that can make a speech and set him to work to stir the people up so they will not forget to vote. We must have meetings in every precinct between now and election day. Nearly all the counties are carrying on effective school-house campaigns, and this is the thing to do. In every county there are at least a dozen men who can make a good speech and they must be brought into service by the county chairmen and the local committees and set to work. There never was a year before when it was so hard for the state committee to supply speakers, because so many have gone out of the state where they are more needed. But we must not let this produce inactivity at home and reduce our majority. We want to keep our credit good by giving a bigger majority than ever before, and we can do it if every man will take his share of the responsibility and help see that the full vote is polled.

Danger of Neglect.
 "Neglect between now and election day, failure to have meetings to keep up the interest, and carelessness and forgetfulness on election day will give republicans some bitter regrets after election. We must 'make things hum' from now until the night of the 6th of November."

COMES OUT BOLDLY.
 Bryan Reiterates His Purpose to Insist Upon Free Silver at 16 to 1.

Ann Arbor, Mich., Oct. 11.—William J. Bryan spoke here to-day and the university students who were present at the meeting in large numbers assailed him with questions so numerous and pointed that he was finally compelled to answer one who asked him: "How about free silver?" In replying Mr. Bryan repeated:
 "We are in favor of the free coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1 without waiting for the aid or consent of any other nation on earth."
 Many of the supporters of Bryan have been trying to get away from this thing and have claimed that it was not an issue and that the democratic party was really not very much for free silver. The declaration of Mr. Bryan settles the question beyond further dispute if there were any need of any further statement than that contained in the platform.

A TIMELY APPEAL.

From the Eleventh New York Assembly District Colored Republican Club.

Remember, colored men of New York, that Tammany Hall, upon her bended knees, begs our votes. Just this one time more, only this one time, and if they win they will never ask us again. Why not again? With Tammany Hall's cabinet at Washington, consisting of Boss Croker, ex-Governor Altgeld of Illinois (the man who as governor of the state ordered the troops to shoot any black man or set of black men who dared attempt to enter that state to work in a coal mine), with this man and Ben Tillman in the cabinet and a Democratic nigger hating congress, why, as a matter of course the fourteenth and fifteenth amendments will be wiped from the constitution of the United States. The negro will no longer have the right to vote, and Mr. Tillman's pet scheme will have been consummated. That sainted martyr, Abraham Lincoln, will have lived and died for nothing, and colored voters of the country are requested to help make all this possible. We ask the pertinent question, negro men, what are you going to do about it?

Colored Pastor Warns His Race.
 The Rev. W. H. Newby, pastor of the African Methodist Episcopal Zion church of Yonkers, N. Y., delivered a political sermon on Sunday last to his congregation. The church was crowded. Mr. Newby said in part:
 "We as a colored race have much at stake. A great question to be solved by this election is, what shall be done with the negro in the south? He has been butchered because of his politics, his increasing wealth and his intelligence in those Democratic states and cities where the Democrats are in full power. The signs of the times tell us that if the next congress is Democratic, with Mr. Bryan in the presidential chair, not only will the negroes be shot down, but they will be driven from their homes and business in the south to wander in a strange land. Vote the Republican ticket without scratching a name."

POLITICAL REVIEW OF THE WEEK.

The antislavery agitators were rotten egged, stoned, clubbed and mobbed both by bullies in broadcloth and bullies in rags. Free speech was denied to every man and woman of that period who dared to attempt to register a protest against the infamy of human slavery. The intolerance and cowardice of the defenders of slavery and all its concomitant evils and iniquities were no wiser in their day and generation than the bullies in broadcloth and the bullies in rags of this generation who have adopted the same method to stifle the voice of the people's representatives in a campaign having for one of its objects the conservation of the rights and liberties of all the people. The mob spirit which has manifested itself in the present campaign and the mob spirit of the antebellum period differ in no material feature. The same vindictive and mendacious impulse that moved the antislavery mobs to intimidate, harass and grossly insult public speakers who declaimed against the evils of human slavery is the same spirit which has manifested itself in the present campaign against those who are known to be against the methods and policies of the Democratic party. The mob spirit of the antebellum period was born of Democratic arrogance; the mob spirit of 1900 proceeds from the same source. It is the Democratic policy to meet argument with the bludgeon, the bowie knife and the shotgun. Its history is a history of bloodshed, murder and lawlessness. It struck down Charles Sumner; it dragged William Lloyd Garrison through the streets of Boston with a halter around his neck; it destroyed the printing office of Lovejoy at Alton, and it assassinated Abraham Lincoln at Washington. But the principles for which these men stood and fought triumphed as gloriously as those for which their exemplars now stand and are fighting with a courage born of faith in the righteousness of their cause. The insults to Governor Roosevelt, Chairman Hanna and others will redouble the efforts of Republicans everywhere to defeat and humiliate the arrogant policy of the intolerant Democracy to crush out free speech.

The persistence with which Governor Roosevelt has been pursued and insulted during his tour through the west is proof "strong as holy writ" that these attacks upon him are the result of premeditation.
 Whether the plot originated with the Democratic national committee or with the state committees of the states in which he has spoken is immaterial. It is a Democratic plot, and the people will hold the Democratic thugs who are responsible for it to a strict accountability at the polls.
 The barefaced philosophy of Ananias is breaking out in spots on the Democratic side of this campaign, and it is pursuing Governor Roosevelt with a malignity and devilishness as venomous as it is cowardly and disgraceful. The Democratic press and individuals in the Democratic party profess great interest in the negro troops who fought with Colonel Roosevelt at Santiago de Cuba, and they affect to be considerably horrified because of a certain statement alleged to have been made by Colonel Roosevelt touching the valor of the men of the Ninth and Tenth cavalry, a statement which, if he did make it, he afterward retracted in a manly way and in these words: "I have seen my mistake. I find these men to be far different from what I supposed them to be."
 JOHN E. BRUCE.

BISHOP HOOD'S VIEWS.

Let All Colored Citizens Consider Well His Able Arguments.

When I was set apart to the office of bishop, the then senior bishop, J. J. Ellinton, took me aside and told me that it would not be well for me to continue to take an active part in politics. I have tried to follow his advice, but have had sometimes the experience of which Bishop Moore once complained. Some one said that he as a bishop ought not to meddle with politics.

The bishop said the trouble was that politics would not let him alone. When politics quit bothering him, he would quit bothering with politics. In this year of grace politics seems to have much to do with the bishops. Several have found it necessary to deny the statement that they have become Democrats. So far as I know no public statement to that effect has been made respecting myself. But as I have traveled, attending to my episcopal duties, I have learned that a report has been circulated that Bishop Hood has turned Democrat. And I have found my people much excited over it. I do not blame them for the feeling manifested, for the negro who forsakes the interest of his people at this time deserves their contempt. They are not ignorant respecting political conditions, as some profess to think. They understand the situation and know how to vote. Neither are they indifferent, as some would make believe. It is true that large numbers in some sections failed to vote, but it was not the result of indifference, but because they were not permitted to register. There never has been a time in which they were more anxious to vote, and if they had been permitted to do so ninety-nine out of every hundred would have voted against the amendment.

The multitudes which are now leaving North Carolina, many of them at a great sacrifice of property, is an indisputable evidence of the widespread discontent. The Democratic party is responsible for every enactment for the oppression of the negro, from the passage of the fugitive slave law, the sum of all villainies, enacted about 50 years ago, down to the latest act of disfranchisement here in North Carolina. It has also opposed in the national congress every measure proposed in the interest of the negro race. With this record in view how any self respecting negro can be an honest Democrat is a mystery beyond my comprehension. No Democrat in North Carolina who knows me would believe me sincere if I pretended it. I should lose their respect as well as my own. Besides this I do my own thinking, and there is no important plank in the Democratic platform to which I could honestly subscribe. I believe in protection to American industries. The tendency of the Democratic doctrine is toward free trade, to which I am unalterably opposed. I believe in a dollar worth 100 cents. The tendency of the Democratic policy is toward a dollar worth only about 47 cents. I know they claim that by legislation they can make 47 cents' worth of silver equal to 100 cents, but I do not care for a metal dollar which needs that kind of help to make it go. I want the standard of value to rest upon a dollar which stands upon its own merit. The gold dollar is such and therefore is the universal standard of values. I believe in expansion, which was once a Democratic doctrine when an outlet for the extension of slavery was desired, but even in that a falling from grace is now witnessed. I might mention other points of difference, but think this sufficient to show that I could not be an honest Democrat even if I had a grievance against the opposite party, which I have not.

I do not care to denigrate personalities, hence I need not say much about the candidates. But I may remark that I have seen nothing to change my very high opinion of President McKinley. He has certainly done as well by my people as any president we have ever had, and much better than some who have been held in higher esteem by leaders of the negro race. In my opinion, he has done more for the material development of the nation than any president we have had since the foundation of the government. Perhaps it may be said that he has had better opportunity than any. Admitted that, it still remains that he being fully equal to his great opportunity. Even his opponents praise Chinese policy. But how could he have had a hand in that important matter if he had scuttled out of the Philippine Islands, as some claim he should have done? I think it must be admitted that the delegations of the powers of the world at Peking owe their salvation to the wisdom of McKinley. Without the base of operation he had in the east he would have been powerless and could only have viewed with horror a fearful tragedy at a great distance. This nation enjoys a respect among the nations it has never enjoyed before. If a great international war is averted at this time, the credit will be due to McKinley more than to any other man on earth. And it seems to me that all who have any interest in the nation's credit, welfare or destiny must support him now.

The great battle between Christianity and heathenism seems to be approaching, and the Christian powers will do well to be careful in the selection of their standard bearers. The negro question will dwindle into insignificance inside of a hundred years. The negro will be called for by and by to stand with his white brother in the contest which is to open the way for Christian civilization in all lands. Then
 "We shall know each other better when the mists have rolled away."
 J. W. HOOD, D. D., LL. D., Fayetteville, N. C.

CHINA FACES ULTIMATUM.

Foreign Powers Preparing a Set of Demands.

NO REPLY MADE TO EARL LI.

Count Quadt Denies a Secret Meaning to Recent Agreement with Great Britain—Treaty Not a Menace—Tuan's Letter Found.

London, Oct. 26.—A special to the Times from Peking says: "No answer has as yet been sent to Li Hung Chang and Prince Ching, but it is understood that the foreign ministers will draw up on jointly the terms required by them as a basis for settlement and will present them in the form of an ultimatum. Otherwise negotiations will be indefinitely protracted. Telegrams dated Oct. 12, received from the emperor, sent from Tung Kuan, on the Yellow river, give no indication that the court contemplates returning to Peking, as has been currently reported. On the contrary, the court is entirely under the domination of General Tung-fu-Siang and his Kansu soldiery, whose interest is that the court should remain at Singanfu, in Shensi. The Russian minister returned today. The Russo-Chinese bank is also under orders to reopen at Peking."

Admiral Seymour at Shanghai. A Times special from Shanghai says: "Admiral Seymour arrived here tonight for Port Arthur. Communication with Peking is extremely bad, letters being delayed six weeks. All attempts to resume trade at Tientsin are paralyzed by the difficulties of lighterage at Taku."

Says Treaty Is Not a Menace. Washington, D. C., Oct. 26.—In view of the widespread comment that the Anglo-German alliance concerning China was open to the possible construction of an implied or indirect menace or threat against some other power interested in the Chinese question, the attention of Count de Quadt, the German charge d'affaires, today was called to this point. Count de Quadt said that he was able to give a categorical and positive statement, on the highest authority, that the agreement involved no menace whatever to any power concerned in China.

Find Tuan's Letter. London, Oct. 26.—A dispatch from Tientsin, dated Oct. 22, says Major General Campbell, commanding the British section of the Paoing-Fu expedition, arrived at Pafang on Oct. 17. The British captured fifty Chinese imperial soldiers, but they were afterwards released. Pafang had been occupied for two weeks before the arrival of the British by 1,500 imperial troops, 1,000 of whom marched southward on the arrival of the British. A letter from Prince Tuan was found at Menahhsien, which ordered the Chinese to exterminate the expedition among the marshes near that place. Tuan further offered to supply the Chinese with arms from the government arsenals in order to accomplish this purpose.

Danish Antilles Protest. St. Thomas, Oct. 26.—Intense adverse feeling has been excited here by the renewal of the report that Denmark intends to sell the Danish Antilles to the United States. A meeting of the colonial council has been convened at St. Croix for the purpose of making a formal protest. The newspapers discuss the question, declaring in bold type, "We do not wish to be sold." There is no desire, much less enthusiasm, among the population to belong to the United States.

Wire Company Cuts Wages. Worcester, Mass., Oct. 26.—Notices posted by the American Steel and Wire company announce a reduction of 7 1/2 per cent in the wages paid to hundreds of its workmen in this city. The cut down goes into effect on Nov. 1. The notice was issued, it is said, from the Chicago office of the company. A general cut-down of wages is predicted to affect the thousands of workmen employed by the trust. The average daily wages of the men is less than \$1.50.

Bolivian Minister Arrives. Washington, Oct. 25.—Bolivia is again represented in Washington by a minister plenipotentiary. Secretary Hay has presented to the president in that capacity Senor Ferrando E. Guachalla, formerly minister for foreign affairs for Bolivia, who has just arrived in Washington. For the first time in a good many years Peru and Bolivia are represented in the diplomatic body here.

Boy Hunter Accidentally Killed. Carbondale, Ill., Oct. 26.—George Mulcaster, aged 17, was shot and killed by Arthur Anderson, aged 16, by the accidental discharge of a gun while the boys were out hunting. Anderson was attempting to climb over a fence with his gun cocked when it caught and was discharged, killing Mulcaster, who was fifteen feet in front. Both boys resided at Murphysboro.

Student Veterans Organize. Berkeley, Cal., Oct. 25.—The students of the University of California who served in the Spanish and Philippine wars have formed an organization intended to be the nucleus of a national association of student veterans. A committee has been appointed to confer with eastern colleges and endeavor to secure their co-operation.

TELL OF THEIR AWFUL CRIME.

Accomplices of Rich Merchant Make Confession.

New York, Oct. 25.—According to the information of the police, information which comes presumably from W. C. McAllister's accomplices, it was he who led in the crime of Thursday night, in which Jennie Bosscheiter lost her life. He it was, it is said, who drugged the girl's drink in the saloon, where the quartet were last seen with her, and he it was who led in the maltreatment of the victim as she lay unconscious and dying on the ground.

Campbell, the police are informed, did make some protest when the girl was dragged from the carriage to the roadside and refrained from joining his companions in the culminating feature of the crime. Campbell's friends hope that his non-participation in the actual felony may save his life. McAllister is still unyielding. He is the only one of the four who has refused to confess.

The details of the crime, as drawn out in confessions of Death, Kerr and Campbell, were so atrocious that even the callous detectives who listened to them were hardly able to maintain their outward appearance of indifference.

They smashed her head so as to impart the impression that she was killed by leaping from a vehicle in a runaway.

It was pitiful, the end of this poor, misguided girl. For two years she had been hounded by men in Paterson, many prominent in social and church circles. They were attracted by her pretty face and figure. They followed her day and night, they plied her with drink and took her to places where she imagined she was having a "good time." She was confident, easily led, and her death was the natural sequence of the life she was leading.

The fact that she was but seventeen years old, inexperienced in the ways of the world and of such slight quality of mind as to lead her to believe what she heard, made her an easy victim of the fiends who gave her poison in her liquor.

All but McAllister have confessed, He protests his innocence.

WILL HELP GUATEMALA.

Northern Railway, When Completed, Is Sure to Attract Shippers.

Washington, Oct. 25.—The recent successful negotiations for the completion of the Northern Railway of Guatemala have had a stimulating effect on the people of that republic, according to a report from Consul General McNally to the state department. The completion of the railway, he says, will effect direct communication between the Atlantic and the Pacific, and no doubt will attract shippers in the direction of New Orleans and the gulf. Heretofore, while there has been considerable import trade on the Pacific side, that on the Atlantic side has suffered, transportation being an impossibility owing to the lack of railroad facilities from El Rancho to the city of Guatemala, a distance of sixty miles.

Iron Cage in Courtroom.

Cleveland, Oct. 25.—An iron cage will be built in the criminal court room for Edward Ruthven, the negro who will be placed on trial there next Monday for the murder of Patrolman Shipp. Ruthven is a desperate man. At the time Shipp was killed he escaped from a score of policemen who were pursuing him. He openly declares that he will shoot Sergeant of Detectives Doran at the first opportunity. The cage will be provided to prevent a tigrish outbreak on his part in the court room.

To Test Idaho Permit System.

Boise, Idaho, Oct. 25.—An action has been begun in the United States court to determine the constitutionality of the permit system established by the state government in connection with the Coeur d'Alene riots of 1899. The case is brought by James C. Duffy of Butte, against Gov. Frank Steunenburg and State Auditor Bartlett Sinclair. He asks for \$2,500 damages. The court is asked to restrain the authorities from enforcing the system.

Pat Rice Takes Laudanum.

San Rafael, Cal., Oct. 26.—Patrick Rice, formerly one of the most famous of American racehorse trainers, has committed suicide near this city by taking laudanum. Despondency is the supposed cause. Rice was the trainer of the celebrated horse Ten Broeck. He also had the care of several other famous thoroughbreds and was one of the first horsemen to go to England with an American racing stable.

Pope Said to Be Very Feeble.

Rome, Oct. 26.—It is persistently rumored that the pope is in a very feeble condition and spent yesterday in bed. Dr. Lapponi, his medical attendant, however, denies that there is anything serious the matter and says that he hopes his holiness may be able to grant an audience to the Irish pilgrims.

Illinois Pioneer Is Dead.

Joliet, Ill., Oct. 25.—Horatio N. Marsh, a Will county citizen for sixty-five years, is dead, aged 88 years. He lived in one house for fifty years. The decedent was the first agent of the Rock Island road here, was postmaster and held other public offices. He was a veteran newspaper man, historian and scholar.

Big Order for Field Stoves.

Strasbourg, Oct. 26.—The Iron works at Merzweiler, Alsace, are working overtime on a government order for 2,000 field heating stoves, for the use of the German troops in China.

TWO COLORED MEN HANGED.

New Reasons Given for Lynching Negroes.

POOR SHOOTING THE CAUSE.

Curious Excuse Made for the Latest Hanging-Bee in Georgia—Negroes Shot at a Rabbit, Hit a House and Scared a Farmer's Daughter.

Macon, Ga., Oct. 25.—Bad marksmanship on the part of negroes, if it occurs in the neighborhood of a white man's house, has been added to the list of crimes for which the penalty is death by lynching. A double murder, for this reason, is the latest disgraceful blot on Georgia. Last Monday two negroes were hanging around Liberty Hall, in Pike county. While near a farmhouse they fired, so they say, at a rabbit. Some of the birdshot entered the building and scared the farmer's daughter, who was alone at the time. When the farmer returned he found the girl in a hysterical condition.

It was soon decided that the men, James Guer and James Callaway, had with malice aforethought used the house as a target, hoping, so it was alleged, to kill the farmer. A posse was speedily organized, and, in the language of the man who tells the story, "soon ran the miscreants to earth."

The negroes pleaded for their lives, declaring that they had no intention of hurting any one; that they aimed at a rabbit when some the birdshot hit the house.

But the white men knew better, and resolved to give the negroes of Georgia an object lesson in the value of good marksmanship. So they took the two cowering wretches into the woods, placed them on horses, tied ropes around their necks, and fastened the other ends to the limbs of trees. The horses were then driven away and the rebuke to poor shooting was complete.

REPORT OF PHILIPPINE TRADE.

Imports for Nine Months \$16,751,800, Exports \$14,634,236.

Washington, D. C., Oct. 26.—The division of customs and insular affairs of the war department has made public a general statement covering the trade of the Philippine islands for the first nine months of the fiscal year ended June 30 last. The statement shows that the total of merchandise, gold and silver, imported during this period was \$16,751,800 and exported \$14,634,236. A marked decrease in imports from China is set forth. A similar falling off is noted in the imports from Spain. The exportation of Manila hemp was valued at \$8,106,340, of which the greater part went to the United Kingdom. The United States stands next in the list of countries taking this article. Raw sugar was exported from the islands to the value of \$1,815,148; tobacco and its manufactures, \$1,522,071, and copra, \$607,005. Of a total importation of \$4,015,049 worth of cotton and its manufactures the share from the United States was only \$15,134.

Elected by Bankers.

Rockford, Ill., Oct. 26.—Resolutions to the effect that the bankruptcy law had outlived its usefulness and should be repealed were introduced by E. D. Durham of Chicago at the closing session of the Illinois bankers' convention. Several delegates spoke favoring the action on the ground that under the law just debts have been allowed to go unpaid. The matter was finally left in the hands of the executive committee to report upon at the next session. The principal business of the afternoon was the election of officers. The following ticket, as reported by the nominating committee, was elected: President, Philip Mitchell, Rock Island; vice president, William W. McCoy, Peoria; secretary, Frank P. Judson, Chicago; treasurer, A. B. Hoblit, Bloomington.

Crowds Hear Roosevelt.

Utica, N. Y., Oct. 26.—Governor Roosevelt's third day of campaigning in New York state embraced several features not heretofore marked in his reception at other places. At nearly every place at which he stopped en route there were huge crowds of people. In this city at night, instead of speechmaking, the day's work ended with a review of an immense demonstration. This was entirely agreeable to Governor Roosevelt, who, during the day, had made nine speeches, some of them extremely long ones, while traveling through three counties—Chenango, Madison and Oneida.

Clara Barton Is Very Ill.

Galveston, Tex., Oct. 26.—Clara Barton is dangerously ill at her apartments at the Tremont hotel. Ever since her arrival in Galveston six weeks ago to provide and direct the Red Cross relief for the storm sufferers she has been in ill health and has frequently been compelled to remain indoors. In the past two days her indisposition has assumed a serious phase. Dr. Dillinger, her physician, says Miss Barton is suffering from nervous prostration superinduced by overwork.

Baron Von Richthofen Liked.

Berlin, Oct. 26.—Baron von Richthofen's appointment as minister of foreign affairs in succession to Count von Bulow, the new imperial chancellor, has been hailed with satisfaction of the entire diplomatic corps.

ENGLAND MAY APOLOGIZE

For the Insult Offered by Psyche's Captain.

Washington, Oct. 24.—The state, treasury and war department officials are awaiting the official account of the exploit of the British cruiser Psyche, which entered New York harbor, failed to salute, ignored quarantine and pilot laws and took away a British subject.

Pending official reports the officials will not discuss the matter except in an apologetic tone. They say that the press reports are conflicting, as some reports allege that the Psyche had official permission to pass the quarantine station.

The failure to salute is another matter. In 1862 Capt. Evans went into Valparaiso and the forts did not salute. Captain Evans, commanding the Yorktown, notified the Chilean government that, if it did not salute, he would see that it did. The Chilean forts saluted.

Captain Sigbee recalled the incident of Rear Admiral Schley, who ran past the quarantine at Sewell's point up to Norfolk. The government promptly called for explanations, which were made.

MONEY SCARCE IN SWEDEN.

Commercial Interests Are Suffering—Financial Crisis Imminent.

London, Oct. 25.—A dispatch to the Daily Mail from Stockholm, Sweden, says: "The extraordinary scarcity of money, which has been growing more acute for a month, is so seriously affecting commercial circles as to threaten a crisis. The balance of foreign trade continues against Sweden, and the repeated contraction of gold loans abroad fails to palliate the situation. Industries are daily launched, but adequate capital is not available and the newspapers are filled with appeals from manufacturers in desperate straits for money."

"Rural people attracted by the industrial activity are flocking to the towns and, consequently, the demand for houses is so great that rents have advanced 20 to 30 per cent. The civil servants have already been granted 20 per cent increase in pay to meet the hard times and it is expected employers generally will have to follow suit."

DAILY MARKET REPORT.

Chicago Board of Trade.				
	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Wheat—				
Oct. . . . .	.72	.72 1/2	.71 1/2	.71 1/2
Nov. . . . .	.72 1/2	.72 1/2	.71 1/2	.71 1/2
Dec. . . . .	.73 1/2	.73 1/2	.72	.72 1/2
Corn—				
Oct. . . . .	.39 1/2	.39 1/2	.38	.38
Nov. . . . .	.37	.37 1/2	.37	.37
Dec. . . . .	.35 1/2	.35 1/2	.35	.35
May . . . . .	.36 1/2	.36 1/2	.35 1/2	.36
Oats—				
Oct. . . . .	.21 1/2	.21 1/2	.21 1/2	.21 1/2
Nov. . . . .	.21 1/2	.21 1/2	.21 1/2	.21 1/2
Dec. . . . .	.21 1/2	.21 1/2	.21 1/2	.21 1/2
May . . . . .	.23 1/2	.23 1/2	.23 1/2	.23 1/2
Pork—				
Oct.	14.00	14.00	14.00	14.00
Nov.	10.50	10.60	10.30	10.30
Jan.	11.00	11.10	10.95	10.97 1/2
Lard—				
Oct.	6.80	6.87 1/2	6.80	6.82 1/2
Nov.	6.65	6.67 1/2	6.60	6.62 1/2
Jan.	6.52 1/2	6.55	6.47 1/2	6.50
S. Ribs—				
Oct.	6.50	6.55	6.45	6.45
Nov.	6.12 1/2	6.12 1/2	6.10	6.10
Jan.	5.82 1/2	5.87 1/2	5.80	5.82 1/2

Sheriff Rescues a Girl.

St. Louis, Oct. 25.—Miss Lizzie Murray, of St. Louis, went out to Clayton to lodge a complaint with the sheriff. After she had started back home on the tracks of the St. Louis, Kansas City and Colorado railroad the sheriff was informed that she had heart disease and had fainted just before meeting him. He followed the woman, and half a mile from Clayton found her lying in a faint across the rails. Sheriff Kerch just succeeded in removing the unconscious woman from her perilous position as a westbound train thundered by.

Deserts the French Shore.

New York, Oct. 25.—The queen did not pay her customary visit to the south of France last winter, and the shopkeepers of the French Riviera suffered financially in consequence, says the London correspondent of the Tribune.

They will not be pleased, therefore, to know that her majesty proposes to desert the French for the Italian Mediterranean shore in the forthcoming season.

Is Killed by a Sentinel.

New York, Oct. 26.—John Sollenon, a young Swede, was shot and killed by one of the sentinels on guard duty at Fort Hancock, Sandy Hook. The Swede was walking along the beach near the fort, and was mistaken for a private who had escaped from the fort. The Swede was challenged by the sentinel the second time, but refused to halt, and was shot down.

Seal Catch Was Light.

Victoria, B. C., Oct. 25.—During the season just closed thirty-four sealing schooners took 16,000 skins in Bering Sea, which is 8,000 less than taken by twenty-five schooners last year. The spring schooners took 16,517 skins on the coast, bringing the total for the season up to 32,517. Only fifty-five branded seals were killed in Bering Sea.

Leaves Money to Servants.

London, Oct. 25.—Gen. Lord Kerr made the following bequests in his will: One hundred dollars for a crossing sweeper, \$7,500 for his valet, \$2,500 for his housekeeper, \$1,250 for his housemaid, and \$2,500 for the widow of his late groom.

DISASTER AT INDIAN HEAD.

Explosion May Have Destroyed Proving Grounds.

FULL DETAILS HARD TO GET.

Shocks and Flashes of Light Distinctly Felt and Seen for a Radius of Twenty Miles—Lives of Officers and Men Endangered.

Washington, D. C., Oct. 26.—An explosion occurred at the Indian Head proving grounds. A flash of light, visible some distance, accompanied the explosion, which was followed by a fire. The explosion shook the windows of houses in Alexandria, nineteen miles from Indian Head.

There is no direct communication with the proving grounds by which details can be had. The grounds are twenty-five miles down the Potomac river from Washington, and many of the big guns and much of the armor for the battleships are tested there.

It is believed the powder mills and other buildings were destroyed. The first shock was felt over a radius of twenty miles. A number of other explosions followed at recurrent intervals, illuminating the surrounding country and the opposite bank of the river.

At Quantico, eleven miles below Indian Head, one explosion after another was heard and bricks were shaken from chimneys. Forts Hunt and Washington, eleven miles north of Indian Head, were shaken by the explosion.

The tug Triton left the navy yards soon after the explosion for the proving ground. There are several officers and a number of enlisted men and workmen at the place.

Hosts Gather at Feast.

Chicago, Oct. 26.—Three thousand and sixty men—eating their dinner together in one room, at the same time; millionaire merchants, who helped clerks and mechanics sitting next to them to portions of turkey and slices of ginger bread; everybody dining off plates of American tin and making no remarks about the dishes; finally, a string of Republican speeches, winding up with one by Senator Marcus A. Hanna—such was the great prosperity dinner which the Marquette club served last night in the new Coliseum.

Root Speaks at Canton.

Canton, O., Oct. 26.—With Secretary of War Root as the speaker, Canton had a most remarkable political demonstration. It was unthought of until late in the afternoon, and with only about three hours to make arrangements and to advertise, a crowd assembled that packed the tabernacle to its capacity of 2,500 people. The secretary and Mrs. Root are house guests of the McKinleys, expecting to remain here several days.

Miners' Decision Today.

Hazleton, Pa., Oct. 26.—President Mitchell of the United Mine Workers will issue a statement this afternoon which it is believed will mark practically the end of the strike. The officers of the union were in session here all day considering a settlement on the terms that have now been offered by companies producing 75 per cent of the anthracite output.

Small Town Is Wiped Out.

Minneapolis, Minn., Oct. 26.—The entire business part of Minnekahta was burned today, including the postoffice, the Farmers' elevator and several loaded cars. The tracks of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul road were blocked with debris. The estimated damage is \$75,000. There was no loss of life so far as could be learned.

Bryan Gives Answer.

Wilmington, Del., Oct. 26.—In this city Col. Bryan answered five questions propounded to him by J. P. Fields, a Republican attorney who had been selected for the purpose by the Republican committee of New Castle county. He made formal reply to the questions as to his policy in the Philippines and federal finances.

Corbett Again in Disgrace.

New York, Oct. 26.—At a meeting of the Sportsman's Fund of America, a benevolent organization for providing for sick and needy athletes, it was resolved to "expel President James J. Corbett for non-payment of dues, non-attendance at duties, and false statements about the Sportsman's Fund."

Sultan's Palace Is Alarmed.

London, Oct. 26.—"Great uneasiness was created in palace circles," says the Constantinople correspondent of the Daily Mail, "by a report that an American squadron was approaching, and the censor was instructed to prohibit the press from mentioning the subject."

Wreck of the Maine to Rise.

Washington, D. C., Oct. 26.—Secretary of the Navy Long has given his consent to the removal of the battleship Maine from Havana harbor. Immediately upon the return of Gen. Wood to Havana he will make arrangements for the raising of the wreck.

Marries a Lover She Jilted.

La Porte, Ind., Oct. 26.—Mrs. Alta M. Edwards, who was granted a divorce in the circuit court, was married this afternoon to Charles W. Kline, a wealthy farmer of Lake county, Illinois, who is said to have courted her before her marriage with Edwards.

STORIETTES.

The grand duke of Mecklenburg was one day gambling at the Doberan tables, and was betting on the same numbers as a rich master-potter, who stood next to him. Both having lost their money, the grand duke inquired: "Well, potter, what shall we do now?" "Oh," replied the master-potter, "your highness will screw up the taxes and I shall make pots!"

Justin McCarthy and some friends were talking once about a member of the house of commons. A lady who was one of the company said it was a pity for the sake of his personal appearance that he had such very large ears. "Yes," said T. P. O'Connor, the brilliant parliamentary and platform orator, "and the worst of it is that while they are too large for ears, they are too small for wigs."

A party of Americans were sitting on the upper deck of a Rhine steamer boat, enjoying the charming scenery. One was reading aloud from a guide book about the various castles as they came into view. Just as the boat was passing one of the finest old buildings, a woman in the party exclaimed to her companions: "Why, that old castle is inhabited. See, there are blinds at the windows." "No," said a man standing by her side, "those are the shades of their ancestors."

While the late General Palmer was military governor of Kentucky, a disturbance occurred in a small town in the interior, and it was necessary for him to go there at once. There was no train, no carriage, no buggy to be got; the only vehicle available was a big, gilded circus chariot left by some stranded show company. He didn't like it, but there was nothing else to do, so he got in. The general cut a great dash as he drove through a small town. People turned out in droves to see him pass. When he left the town behind and reached the plantations, the negroes saw him and stared with open mouths. They followed at a respectful distance, until presently they were joined by an old white-haired preacher, who, on seeing General Palmer in his magnificent chariot, raised his eyes and his arms on high, and in a voice that stirred all within hearing, cried: "Bress de Lord, de day of judgment am come, an' dis gemman am de Angel Gabriel hisself. Brethren, down on yo' knees an' pray, fo' yo' hour am hyar!"

The actor who strikes you for a loan doesn't always make a hit.

Homeseekers' Excursion Tickets.

To nearly all points in the United States on sale at all ticket offices of the Chicago Great Western Ry. on the first and third Tuesdays of October, November and December, at the very low homeseeker's rate of one fare plus \$2 for the round trip. Tickets good to return within 21 days from date of sale. Persons contemplating a trip will save money by calling on any Great Western agent and obtaining detail information regarding the homeseeker's rates, or addressing F. H. Lord, G. P. & T. A., 113 Adams St., Chicago.

A girl never feels that she is a belle until she has several rings.

PROGRESS OF AN OLD FRIEND.

It may be interesting to its friends to know of the tremendous gain in popularity and usefulness of one of the oldest aids to the weaker sex, the fly in the wheel sewing machine, which has been in use fifty years since the first Wheeler & Wilson sewing machine was made, and during that time the business of the company has steadily grown, until now their machines are used by the millions and are known in every civilized country in the world. In cities there are a large number of women who earn their living entirely by sewing. These workers find that they can do more work on the No. 9, and therefore earn more money than with other makes. This advantage is accounted for because of the rapid sewing and easy running qualities of the No. 9, it being able to sew about three yards while the ordinary shuttle machine sews two. The Wheeler & Wilson Co. have been the most progressive in adapting new and labor saving devices to their family sewing machines, and they are now endeavoring to introduce ball bearings and having the only lock stitch machine without a shuttle. Their machine to-day is claimed to be without a peer for simplicity, reliability, "competition," a handsome half-ton engraving which is attracting considerable attention, is being mailed free to any one writing for it to the Wheeler & Wilson Mfg. Co., Chicago, Ill.

It might be a good thing to send general humidity out to China.

There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease, and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven Catarrh to be a constitutional disease, and that the only rational treatment, Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure. It is taken internally in doses from 10 drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials. Address F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio. Sold by Druggists, 75c. Hall's Family Pills are the best.

The oyster has no use for a folding bed.

My Dear Mr. Editor: The Passenger Department of the Missouri, Kansas & Texas Railway begs leave to present to you under separate cover, by mail, a little souvenir, gotten up to remind our friends that our fast train, the "Katy Flyer," is still a flyer between St. Louis and the Gulf of Mexico. Best up-to-date equipment, and short hours to and from the cities of St. Louis, Kansas City, Hannibal, Sedalia, Ft. Scott, Nevada, Parsons, Denison, Dallas, Ft. Worth, Waco, Houston, Galveston and San Antonio.

Should our friend, the Editor, feel disposed to make mention of the souvenir in his paper, (a unique pen-knife), he will please say that the cost of the souvenir prevents its general free distribution. We shall, however, send a souvenir to any of our readers on receipt of twenty-five cents, being less than its cost. Very truly, James Barlier, G. P. & T. A., St. Louis, Mo.

The mosquito is always ready to present a bill for damages.

RACE ECHOES.

There are 18,267 Afro-Americans in the public service.

Black men, before you vote the Democratic ticket, remember that the people who burn your brothers at the stake in the south are Democrats.

The Democrats of the south say that the Afro-American is unfit to travel in first-class cars and they have passed laws providing special "Jim Crow" cars for his accommodation. No Republican legislature has ever passed a separate car law.

There are 2,517 Afro-Americans on the pay-rolls in the District of Columbia.

Bishop Turner says that he cares nothing for Bryan's financial policy because the money is all made and handled by the white people. That may have been true once upon a time, but under the McKinley administration the Afro-Americans have handled \$28,000,000 in payment for their services as office holders. The Afro-American planters of the south have also handled their share of the \$50,000,000 paid for cotton produced in that section.

The 34 Afro-Americans who are employed in the Savannah (Ga.) postoffice draw salaries amounting to \$34,940 per annum.

The Meharry Medical College has an enrollment of over 225 this year being the largest in the history of the college.

It is said that three-fourth of the population of Wilcox, Texas are colored and all of the principal places of business are owned and operated by them. Mrs. Amand Brooks has charge of the postoffice.

Mr. H. H. Lewis, head coach of the Harvard foot ball team, is a colored man. When he was a member of the Harvard team he played center and it was conceded that he had no equal. Mr. Lewis graduated from the law department of Harvard in 1897 and all the spare time he has is devoted to coaching the team of his alma mater. It was Lewis who invented the formation that broke up Penn's famous guard back play.

The Apollo Musical club of Chicago, which has a membership of nearly 1,000 and one of the largest musical organizations in the West, will render "Hiwataha Wedding Feast," during their series of concerts that they will give at the auditorium in Chicago this season. It will be remembered that Coleridge Taylor is the author and this will be the first time that it has been rendered in full in Chicago.

J. D. D. Rivers, editor of the Colorado Statesman, is one of the Republican nominees for the legislature of Colorado.

There are five colored men employed as guards at the penitentiary in Kansas.

NERVOUS WEAKNESS CURED. VIRTUMA is a French treatment for both sexes that is positively guaranteed to cure IMPOTENCY vitality and vigor, restoring the desires, ambitions and aspirations of youth and health, fitting for success and happiness in business, professional, social and married life. \$2 a package or 3 for \$5. Ask your druggist, but receive these cheap substitutes. Sent anywhere, who served in Drug Company, Elgin, Ill. Full line national association what you want. A committee has to confer with eastern endeavor to secure their

RACE PROBLEM IN HAWAII.

(Continued from page 4)

One Robert Wilcox is the leader of the natives and he is rapidly organizing them into a compact political party with the avowed object of controlling the local legislative body. The federal offices of course cannot be captured, but the natives can control the legislative branch of the government, which carries with it many important minor appointments.

We trust that Mr. Wilcox will be successful in his undertaking and that he will form such a strong political organization that will enable him to control law making power that country, and prove to the whites that they are capable of making their own laws.

DOCTOR YOURSELF.

"Gonova" Tablets are mailed and guaranteed by Kidd Drug Company Elgin, Ill., to cure all forms of diseases of Urinary organs, and system, Bladder, etc., including Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Whites, Leucorrhoea, unnatural discharges, irritations and ulcerations of the urinary organs and mucous membranes never gives stricture, harmless and painless. An internal remedy with injections combined; only one in the world. Sent per mail on receipt of price, \$3 per package or 2 for \$5. Don't fool with cheap substitutes. Retail and wholesale of Harbut & McArthur, Des Moines, Ia. Full line of rubber goods; name what you want.

Money to Loan by the Enterprise Investment Co.

on personal, chattel and other securities. Everything private. Loans can be renewed upon payment of extension. Easy payments, monthly or weekly. I. E. WILLIAMSON, Business Manager, 18-30 211 4th, street, Des Moines.

NOTICE OF EXPIRATION OF RIGHT OF REDEMPTION.

To Mary A. See and J. Brosnan: You are hereby notified, that the following described real estate, situated in Polk County, Iowa, to-wit: Lot Four hundred and eighty-two (482) in Forest Glen, an addition now included in and forming a part of the city of Des Moines, Iowa, was sold for the taxes of 1896 on the eighth day of December 1897 to Daniel T. Patton, that said Daniel T. Patton is still the owner and holder of the certificate of purchase issued in pursuance of said sale, and that the right of redemption will expire, and a Treasurer's Deed for said land will be made unless redemption from such sale be made within ninety days from the date of completed service of this notice. You will govern yourself accordingly. Dated this 6th day of October, A. D. 1900. Daniel T. Patton. By Geo. Harnagel, his agent.

NOTICE OF EXPIRATION OF RIGHT OF REDEMPTION.

To Charles Ashley: You are hereby notified, that the following described real estate, situated in Polk County, Iowa, to-wit: Lot Five (5) of Burnham's addition to the City of Des Moines, Iowa, was sold for the taxes of 1896 on the sixth day of December 1897 to Daniel T. Patton; that said Daniel T. Patton is still the owner and holder of the certificate of purchase issued in pursuance of said sale, and that the right of redemption will expire, and a Treasurer's Deed for said land will be made unless redemption from such sale be made within ninety days from the date of completed service of this notice. You will govern yourself accordingly. Dated this 15th day of October, A. D. 1900. Daniel T. Patton. By Geo. Harnagel, his agent.

NOTICE OF EXPIRATION OF RIGHT OF REDEMPTION.

To John Leonard: You are hereby notified, that the following described real estate, situated in Polk County, Iowa, to-wit: Lot Thirteen (13) in Block Fifty-four (54) of Stewart's addition to the City of Des Moines, Iowa, was sold for the taxes of 1896 on the seventh day of December 1897 to E. G. Zellehoeffer; that said E. G. Zellehoeffer is still the owner and holder of the certificate of purchase issued in pursuance of said sale, and that the right of redemption will expire, and a Treasurer's Deed for said land will be made unless redemption from such sale be made within ninety days from the date of completed service of this notice. You will govern yourself accordingly. Dated this 19th day of September, A. D. 1900. E. G. Zellehoeffer. By Geo. Harnagel, his agent.

NOTICE OF EXPIRATION OF RIGHT OF REDEMPTION.

To W. E. Johnson and W. H. Shepherd: You are hereby notified, that the following described real estate, situated in Polk County, Iowa, to-wit: North 30 feet of South 114 feet of Lot Four (4) of the official Plat of the Southwest Quarter of the Northeast Quarter of Section 4, Township 78 North, Range 24 West 5th P. M. Iowa, now included in and forming a part of the City of Des Moines, Iowa, was sold for the taxes of 1896 on the 18th day of December 1897 to T. S. Howard; that the certificate of sale thereof has been assigned to and is now owned and held by Daniel T. Patton, and the right of redemption will expire, and a Treasurer's Deed for said land will be made unless redemption from such sale be made within ninety days from the date of completed service of this notice. You will govern yourself accordingly. Dated this 15th day of October, A. D. 1900. Daniel T. Patton. By Geo. Harnagel, his agent.

We want you to subscribe for the IOWA STATE BYSTANDER.

SAW THE DIFFERENCE

Story of Farmer Who Thought He Was Being Robbed.

Found He Was Getting \$110 More and Paying Out Only \$10 More Than He Was in 1896.

Des Moines, Oct. 22.—The other day a farmer went to a dealer in vehicles in a small town in Iowa to buy a buggy. The dealer asked him \$65 for the one he wanted.

"Look here," said the farmer, "what do you mean by trying to rob me this way? Four years ago you sold a buggy just like this one to a neighbor of mine for \$35. Now you want to gouge me out of \$10 more. This is just what I said would happen if McKinley was elected and the gold standard was put into effect. The trusts are putting prices up and we farmers have to suffer for it."

"Well, now, don't get excited," replied the dealer, "and I'll tell you what I'll do. I'll sell you that buggy on the same terms that I sold one to your neighbor four years ago. You bring me 550 bushels of corn—that is what it took to buy the buggy then at 10 cents a bushel—and you may have this buggy and that wagon over there, which sells for \$68, and that plow, worth \$18, and I'll give you \$10 cash besides. Still I'll be ahead of you."

The farmer saw the point and made no complaint about paying \$65 for the buggy. New corn is selling for 36 and 38 cents a bushel. The crop is the largest the state has ever known. In 1896 the average price was 14 cents a bushel. In many parts of the state it was much lower. In Nebraska the regular price was 10 cents then and 30 cents is the present price. These things have confirmed the farmers of Iowa and Nebraska in their support of the republican party and its policies of sound money and protection.

The farmers say they are willing to divide up with the workingman and the manufacturer in this ratio and keep it up indefinitely. The farmer got \$110 more for his produce and paid only \$10 more for his buggy. In other words what he had to sell brought him three times as much as in 1896, but what he had to buy cost him only 18 per cent. more than in 1896. The farmers of Iowa and Nebraska understand that this is due to the fact that conditions are made favorable for manufacturing and all kinds of business where people are employed and can afford to buy the best products of the farm.

CLEVELAND SAYS NO!

Refuses to Support Bryan, Denounces His Wild Schemes and Shows Their Dangers.

Louisville, Ky., Oct. 12.—Ex-President Grover Cleveland has written a letter to John S. Green, of this city, as follows:

"Buzard's Bay, Oct. 7, 1900.—John S. Green, Esq. Dear Sir: I have received your letter, including a copy of my letter to the business men of Chicago. I had not seen it in a long time, but it seems to me I could not state the case better at this time if I should try. I have not changed my opinion as therein expressed in the least. Yours truly,

"GROVER CLEVELAND."

In the letter referred to, which was dated Washington, April 13, 1895, President Cleveland said: "It ought not to be difficult to convince the wage earner that if there were benefits arising from a degenerated currency they would reach him least of all and last of all. In an unhealthy stimulation of prices an increased cost of all the needs of his home must surely be his portion, while he is at the same time vexed with vanishing visions of increased wages and an easier lot. The pages of history and experience are full of this lesson.

"If reckless discontent and wild experiment should sweep our currency from its safe support, the most defenseless of all who suffer in that time of distress and national discredit will be the poor, as they reckon the loss in their scanty support, and the laborer or workingman as he sees the money he has received from his toil shrink and shrivel in his hand when he tenders it for the necessities of the humble home.

Schemes Are Cloaked. "I will not believe that if our people are afforded an opportunity for intelligent second thought they will sanction schemes that however cloaked, mean disaster and confusion, nor that they will consent by undermining the foundation of safe currency to endanger the beneficent character and purposes of their government."

Every effort has been made by the Bryanites to induce Mr. Cleveland and ex-Secretary John G. Carlisle to support Bryan. Both have refused. They are both supporting McKinley.

PLENTY OF MONEY.

Another of Bryan's False Prophecies Shown Up—Money Everywhere.

Mr. Bryan told you, didn't he, that unless we had free coinage of silver at 16 to 1 there would be less and less money in circulation every year? We haven't had free silver. We defeated Mr. Bryan. He was absolutely wrong about the circulation. Here are the official figures of the treasury department:

Table with 4 columns: Year (1896, 1897, 1898, 1899), Circulation per capita of money in U. S., Amount of money per capita in U. S., and another column with values 21.10, 22.49, 24.71, 25.00.

We have a single gold basis to our currency to-day. Yet not only is there more money in the United States in proportion to the population than there was four years ago, but there is more money actually passing from hand to hand among the people than ever before.

Is a man so ignorant of finance fit to guard your savings?

NOTICE TO REDEEM FROM TAX SALE.

State of Iowa, Polk County, ss: To Danl. Quinlivan; Danl. Quenlivan: You are hereby notified that on the 8th day of December, A. D. 1896 the following described real estate, situated in Polk county, Iowa, was sold for the taxes for the year 1895 which real estate is described as follows, to-wit: Lot One hundred and one (101) Cottage Addition to, and now forming a part of the city of Des Moines, Polk county, Iowa.

That the same was, at such sale, purchased by W. G. Hamlin and a certificate issued to him by the Treasurer of Polk county, Iowa, and by the said Hamlin the certificate was duly assigned to J. S. Coskery and by him duly assigned to J. H. Phillips, and he is now the owner and holder of said certificate, and the right of redemption will expire, and a Treasurer's Deed for said property will be made, unless redemption from such sale be made within ninety days from the date of completed service hereof. J. H. PHILLIPS, Lawful holder and owner of said certificate.

NOTICE TO REDEEM FROM TAX SALE.

State of Iowa, Polk County, ss: To Claus A. Carlson Do. Clans A. Carlson: You are hereby notified that on the 8th day of December, A. D. 1896, the following described real estate, situated in Polk county, Iowa, was sold for taxes for the year 1895, which real estate is described as follows, to-wit: Lot Six (6) Cottage Addition to, and now forming a part of the city of Des Moines, Polk county, Iowa.

That the same was, at such sale, purchased by Guy Hunter and a certificate issued to him by the Treasurer of Polk county, Iowa, and by the said Hunter the certificate was duly assigned to J. H. Phillips, and he is now the owner and holder of said certificate, and the right of redemption will expire, and a Treasurer's Deed for said property will be made, unless redemption from such sale be made within ninety days from the date of completed service hereof. J. H. PHILLIPS, Lawful holder and owner of said certificate.

NOTICE TO REDEEM FROM TAX SALE.

State of Iowa, Polk County, ss: To Claus A. Carlson Do. Clans A. Carlson: You are hereby notified that on the 8th day of December, A. D. 1896, the following described real estate, situated in Polk county, Iowa, was sold for taxes for the year 1895, which real estate is described as follows, to-wit: Lot Five (5) Cottage Addition to, and now forming a part of the city of Des Moines, Polk county, Iowa.

That the same was, at such sale, purchased by J. H. Phillips and a certificate issued to him by the Treasurer of Polk county, Iowa, and he is now the owner and holder of said certificate, and the right of redemption will expire, and a Treasurer's Deed for said property will be made, unless redemption from such sale be made within ninety days from the date of completed service hereof. J. H. PHILLIPS, Lawful holder and owner of said certificate.

NOTICE TO REDEEM FROM TAX SALE.

State of Iowa, Polk County, ss: To Claus A. Carlson; Clans A. Carlson: You are hereby notified that on the 8th day of December, A. D. 1896, the following described real estate, situated in Polk county, Iowa, was sold for taxes for the year 1895, which real estate is described as follows, to-wit: Lot Four (4) Cottage Addition to, and now forming a part of the city of Des Moines, Polk county, Iowa.

That the same was, at such sale, purchased by J. H. Phillips and a certificate issued to him by the Treasurer of Polk county, Iowa, and he is now the owner and holder of said certificate, and the right of redemption will expire, and a Treasurer's Deed for said property will be made, unless redemption from such sale be made within ninety days from the date of completed service hereof. J. H. PHILLIPS, Lawful holder and owner of said certificate.

NOTICE OF EXPIRATION OF RIGHT OF REDEMPTION.

To A Larson, Benjamin Hutchinson and C. C. Calkins:

You and each of you are hereby notified that the following described real estate, situated in Polk County, Iowa, to-wit: Lot Thirty-two (32) in Block Ten (10) of Larison Place, now included in and forming a part of the City of Des Moines, Iowa, was sold for the taxes of 1896 on the seventh day of December 1897 to Daniel T. Patton; that said Daniel T. Patton is still the owner and holder of the certificate of purchase issued in pursuance of said sale, and that the right of redemption will expire, and a Treasurer's Deed for said land will be made unless redemption from such sale be made within ninety days from the date of completed service of this notice. You will govern yourself accordingly. Dated this 12th day of October, A. D. 1900. DANIEL T. PATTON. By Geo. Harnagel, his agent.

NOTICE OF EXPIRATION OF RIGHT OF REDEMPTION.

To A. Larison, Benjamin Hutchinson and C. C. Calkins:

You and each of you are hereby notified that the following described real estate, situated in Polk County, Iowa, to-wit: Lot Thirty-one (31) in Block Ten (10) of Larison Place, now included in and forming a part of the City of Des Moines, Iowa, was sold for the taxes of 1896 on the seventh day of December 1897 to Daniel T. Patton; that said Daniel T. Patton is still the owner and holder of the certificate of purchase issued in pursuance of said sale, and that the right of redemption will expire, and a Treasurer's Deed for said land will be made unless redemption from such sale be made within ninety days from the date of completed service of this notice. You will govern yourself accordingly. Dated this 12th day of October, A. D. 1900. DANIEL T. PATTON. By Geo. Harnagel, his agent.

A MATTER OF CAPACITY. It is self-evident that the mill which makes the most flour can make it most cheaply—the administration expenses are less. Under careful management it should also make the best. Hence the reasonableness of our claim the FALCON FLOUR is the best and yet is sold for no less than inferior brands. Ever try it? Ask your grocer for Falcon. Made and guaranteed by SHANNON & MOTT Co. DES MOINES, IOWA.

HOMESEEKERS' EXCURSIONS Burlington Route. Aug. 21, Sept. 4, Sept. 18, Oct. 2, Oct. 16, Nov. 6, Nov. 20. These are the days on which you can buy very cheap excursion tickets to NEBRASKA and other points in the West, including Denver, Colorado Springs, Pueblo, Leadville and Glenwood Springs, Colo., Deadwood and Hot Springs, So. Dak. Ask C. B. & Q. ticket agent for particulars. Go and look for a New Home in Nebraska, a prosperous country, where a farm can be bought for one year's rent of an eastern farm.

Oh, Ladies! Stop and consider. Do you know that my celebrated Imperial Whittier will positively brighten black skin, making it almost white. Malatto or light skin persons can bleach the skin entirely white. One bottle is all that is required to complete the treatment, and the use does not have to be kept up. My Imperial Whittier cannot fail. It is harmless in every respect, and it will pay \$100 to any one proving to the contrary. The effect is seen at once. By the use of improved machinery I have managed to make it at a price within the reach of all. I have been selling it at 50c a bottle. Recently I reduced it to 25c, but now, to introduce it at once I will send a bottle, prepaid, to any one who will send me 50c. Remember, I guarantee every bottle, and I will send back the money if you are not satisfied in every way. Don't delay, but send 50c at once to: HILL & CA., FREDERICKT. 411 E. Twenty-Third Street, DETROIT, MICH.

THE WEEKLY INTER OCEAN. LARGEST CIRCULATION OF ALL POLITICAL PAPERS IN THE WEST. Always American—Always Republican. THE WEEKLY INTER OCEAN SUPPLIES ALL THE NEWS AND BEST CURRENT LITERATURE. Every Column is Bright, Clean and Packed with News. The Literature of its columns is equal to that of the best magazines. It is interesting to the children as well as the parents. THE INTER OCEAN is a WESTERN NEWSPAPER, and while it brings to the family THE NEWS OF THE WORLD and gives its readers the best and ablest discussions of all questions of the day, it is in full sympathy with the ideas and aspirations of Western people and discusses literature and politics from the Western standpoint. \$1.00—PRICE ONE DOLLAR PER YEAR—\$1.00. THE DAILY AND SUNDAY EDITIONS OF THE INTER OCEAN ARE THE BEST EVER SEEN IN THE WEST. THE INTER OCEAN'S NEWS IS EXCLUSIVE. Price of Daily by mail \$4.00 per year. Price of Sunday by mail \$2.00 per year. Daily and Sunday by mail \$6.00 per year.

FOUND AT LAST! The Magnetic Comb. POSITIVELY and permanently straightens Knotty, Nappy, Kinky Hair. Electricity is life. This Comb, in connection with ELECTRICAL HAIR RESTORATIVE, the great hair grower, causes the hair to grow long and straight. This great electrical invention, by its marvellous magnetic power, gives new life to the hair, causing it to grow long and straight. The effect is seen at once. The hair commences to grow straight as soon as the use of the Comb is commenced. Look at the BUG. This is a hair germ parasite. They are invisible to the naked eye, but under the rays of a powerful microscope the above picture is what they look like. Hundreds and thousands of these germs burrow at the roots of the hair, destroying the life of the hair, and causing it to fall out; also causes all forms of Scalp Diseases. If you have dandruff or any scalp disease; if your hair is thin and short and harsh and brittle; bald or thin on the top or on the temples, or if your hair is falling out, it is caused by this germ. THE MAGNETIC COMB, together with ELECTRICAL HAIR RESTORATIVE, destroys these, thus enabling the hair to grow long and straight, soft, silky, and beautiful. Two boxes of the great hair grower, ELECTRICAL HAIR RESTORATIVE, are sent with each Comb. Price, \$5.00, and mailed to any address, prepaid, on receipt of price. The Comb positively requires no heating. NOTICE: TO QUICKLY introduce this great invention, we have decided to give every reader of this paper this opportunity. Cut out this advertisement and mail to us with ONE DOLLAR, and we will mail you at once, prepaid, THE MAGNETIC COMB and two boxes of ELECTRICAL HAIR RESTORATIVE. Make all Money and Express Orders payable to R. GATH-RIGHT, President. Register your letters—it protects you. Address all orders to: MAGNETIC COMB COMPANY, The Comb is positively harmless. Box 5, Station B, Richmond, Va. OUR GUARANTEE. TAKE NOTICE—There being so many evil-minded, skeptical persons, who deny every honest article as a humbug, we take the following method of repudiating all such evil minded slanderers, by absolutely guaranteeing that we will refund the money for every case of dissatisfaction. This is a reputable paper, and would take no advertisement from a dishonest firm.