

IOWA STATE BYSTANDER.

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IOWA STATE BYSTANDER.

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J. H. SHEPARD, MANAGER.

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Communications must be written on one side of the paper only and be of interest to the public. "Brevity is the soul of wit," remember.
We will not return rejected manuscript, unless accompanied by postage stamps.

CITY NEWS

President's message on page 6.

BELL BROS.—dealers in coal—308 Grand avenue.

Miss Ruth Lewis was among those on the sick list last week.

Maek Bradley and J. B. Shears spent Thanksgiving in Oskaloosa.

Mr. Wm. Tomlin is quite sick at his home, Tenth and Scott streets, this week.

Mr. A. J. Vaughn remains about the same. Some days he is better and others worse.

Thanksgiving day was generally observed at the different churches with a good attendance.

Attorneys Woodson and Brown spent a few days of last week in the Capital City on business.

The social for the benefit of the Trustees, at the home of Mrs. Henry Soward, was well attended last evening.

J. H. Mixon, Jeweler, No. 312 West Third street, tunes Pianos and repairs Organs.

Mrs. H. E. Jacobs has been quite sick for the past week, but is improving at this writing.

Mrs. Wm. Jones of Montezuma, who has been visiting her parents in this city, returned home this week.

Mr. B. J. Holmes, who has been at the Methodist hospital for six weeks, is improving and will soon be able to return to his home.

Mrs. Martha James left Thursday for Chicago to visit with her niece, Mrs. Minnie Hill, until after the holidays.

There will be a grand concert given at the Corinthian Baptist church Dec. 12, under the auspices of G. Frederick Stanton. A grand program will be rendered.

The Progressive literary society of the Corinthian Baptist church meets every Thursday at 8:00 p. m.

Mrs. HENRY BROWN, Pres.
Miss IDA BLAKEY, Sec.

Lawyer H. R. Wright spent Sunday and Monday at his old home in Marshalltown on business, also visiting parents and relatives.

When in Oskaloosa, Iowa, stop at Mr. Peter Williams, No. 216 North A street, for good meals and room.

Attorney S. Joe Brown, attorney Geo. H. Woodson and Rev. McDaniel, president of the Ambidexter Institute, Springfield, Ill., and Mrs. Brown were guests of Mrs. F. G. Goggins, 222 Arthur street last Thursday.

Leo Welker of Colfax was in the city last Thursday. He received injuries several weeks ago which prevented him from playing both halves in the foot ball game between Drake and Grinnell last Thursday.

The Messrs. Wm. Fox and Claude Harris gave a party in honor of Miss Lizzie Miller's birthday last Thursday evening, at the home of Mrs. Wm. Buckner. It was intended as a surprise on Miss Miller, but in some way she was informed what was going to be done. As Mr. and Mrs. Buckner are such good entertainers it is useless to say that every one enjoyed themselves.

G. Frederick Stanton after being detained from work for two weeks, on account of illness, will resume work next week.

Mesdames Harris, Rivers and Shepard served refreshments at the conclusion of the literary program last Tuesday evening. They made a neat sum for the Trustees.

Mrs. S. D. Miller, who has been very ill for the past fortnight, is improving nicely and her friends are very hopeful of her recovery.

Joseph Hamilton, a member of the East Side Fire Department, was badly hurt last Thursday evening at the National Starch Works' fire and was carried home in the ambulance.

Mrs. A. M. Rivers received a letter from her daughter Josie in Ft. Riley, Kansas. She is not pleased with that part of the state and says that they may look for her at any time. Josie thinks that there is no state like Iowa.

Sunday is rally day in St. Paul's A. M. E. Sunday School. They will endeavor to raise their part of the money then. There will be no school on the 15th, as the church will hold their services in an effort to raise \$1000. Bishop Grant, one of the ablest men of the conference, will be present and preach.

The Eureka social club will deviate from the course usually followed by social clubs. In the future the first meeting of the month will be devoted to business and quotations, the second music, the third to authors and their works and the fourth to social melange.

The Ladies Sewing Circle of the Corinthian Baptist church served meals all day Thanksgiving. The program rendered by the Sunday School children in the evening was a success. The net proceeds for the day and evening were \$32.26. They extend thanks to their many friends for their kind patronage.

Mrs. E. J. BUTTS, Pres.
Mrs. HENRY BROWN, Sec.

J. L. Thompson is out of the city in the interest of the paper. He will visit Ottumwa, Fairfield, Burlington, Keokuk and Albany, Mo., as usual, where he will meet Mrs. Thompson. They will leave Albany Monday for Decatur City to visit the home of his father and will return to Des Moines Tuesday.

Bishop Grant is in the city today, the guest of Rev. and Mrs. Graves. He will leave for Buxton tomorrow to dedicate their church Sunday next. From there he goes to Indianola to dedicate a church, and will return to this city in time to assist Rev. Graves with the rally.

Burn's M. E. Sunday School gave Mrs. Lucy Carvington a pleasant surprise party Dec. 2, in honor of her thirty-second birthday. A nice program was rendered; prayer by the pastor, music by the Harding sisters. A paper was read by Miss Holmes on behalf of the Sunday School. Mrs. Carvington responded in a few befitting words, after which refreshments were served and all left feeling happy.

Rev. G. H. McDaniel, president of Ambidexter Institute, Springfield, Ill., is in our city working in the interest of the Institute, and is very anxious that our young boys and girls should attend this school. This Institute is similar to that of the Booker T. Washington Institute at Tuskegee, Ala., and teaches 35 trades. The reverend is stopping at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Brown, 1022 Crocker street.

The announcement the Saylor literary club was coming to the city to debate with the St. Paul literary club on the question, "Resolved that the Negro is responsible for his present condition," drew quite a large crowd last Tuesday evening. The society was a little slow in getting down to business. The debaters drew out several good points, while some talked on matters a little foreign to the subject. The judges gave their decision in favor of the boys from Saylor.

Cheap Rates Again to the West.

On Oct. 15th, Nov. 19th and Dec. 17th 1901, the Northern Pacific will sell Home-seekers excursion tickets to points reached via its line, at one fare plus \$2.00 for the round trip. For further information regarding rates write G. D. Rogers, D. P. A., N. P. R., No. 403 Locust St., Des Moines, Ia., or address Chas. F. Fee, G. P. & T. A., N. P. R., St. Paul, Minn.

R. N. Hyde and John Wilkinson had a splendid time hunting last Tuesday about 20 miles north of the city. They got quite a number of quails.

H. B. S. READING CIRCLE.

A very pleasant and profitable meeting of the H. B. S. R. C. was held yesterday at the residence of Mrs. L. Denny. The president, Mrs. R. A. Wilburn, appointed Mesdame L. R. Palmer, J. P. Hamilton and A. G. Edwards on committee to arrange the eleventh anniversary of the Circle, which will be an elaborate affair. Owing to the absence of Mesdames H. Gould and E. T. Banks the papers of the afternoon were not read. The Oracle commenting on the debate at the literary last Tuesday night; the Negro politicians of Des Moines; the loyalty of Mr. R. N. Hyde to his race; the faithfulness and popularity of Mr. Wm. Coalson, the Governor's messenger; the A. M. E. church rally and other live subjects were highly appreciated by the members of the Circle. The hostess served an excellent lunch, assisted by Mrs. Ewing. The election of officers will be held next Thursday at the home of Mrs. H. Gould. Mesdames Warricks and Jackson will have charge of the program.

WERE SURPRISED.

A very pleasant surprise party was given on the Rev. Graves and wife last Monday evening, by the members and friends of his church. It was planned and arranged by Miss Bell, Mrs. Cravens and other members of the party. The reverend and wife had not the least suspicion of the movement. The Trustees detained the pastor at the board meeting and some of the ladies took Mrs. Graves to the home of a friend to spend the early part of the evening, and when Rev. and Mrs. Graves returned to their home they found the house crowded with friends and the dining-room table laden with flour, canned fruit and groceries of every description. These tokens of friendship were presented by one of Trustees, to which the reverend replied as only a surprised and happy man can. He assured them that he appreciated their efforts in showing their regards for him, and that they had made an impression that he could not forget. All enjoyed themselves for the passerby could have heard the happy voices mingled with music as it floated upon the air. Rev. and Mrs. Graves are fast winding the friendship of the entire membership by their faithful work since coming here.

BISHOP GRANT IN IOWA.

Bishop A. Grant, while touring the state in the interest of his work, dropped into Des Moines Friday, the guest of Rev. Horace S. Graves, remaining in the city until Saturday. He goes from there to Buxton, where he will dedicate the church Sunday. The bishop will return to the city some time next week, after dedicating a church at Indianola, and will be at the St. Paul's church Sunday week in the grand rally.

Presiding Elder Malone will also be here on that Sunday and other preachers of the state to assist in the rally to raise \$1,200.

The bishop was in Burlington, Mt. Pleasant and Ottumwa this week, where in each place hundreds of people heard him speak or preach. The bishop is just from his extensive southern trip, and during this trip he stopped in Washington, D. C., and had a long interview with the new president. He and the Booker T. Washington episode created the greatest newspaper sensation of anything in the land for many months. Bishop Grant is no doubt the most versed man on the negro problem and other questions relative to the race than any other American today. Every president since Grant has had private talks with him on the questions affecting his race and one of them offered him the most coveted and honored position in the nation, but the good bishop refused, feeling that he could better serve his church and race as a bishop of the church that had honored him.

Among the many large churches in the bishop's district there are none in which he has more interest than St. Paul's of Des Moines. The good bishop thinks that the fine class of colored people of St. Paul's and Des Moines ought to have a more modern house of worship, one at least large enough to accommodate the large membership and following who flock there each Sunday unable to be seated. To this end the present pastor, Rev. Horace S. Graves, was sent and instructed to work. On rally Sunday the bishop and visiting brethren will preach in the church at 10:30 and 3 o'clock, and 7:30 the services will be held in the Y. M. C. A., where it is hoped the public will honor the bishop with their presence.

Japan's Exports and Imports.

In 1898 Japan's export and import trade amounted altogether to 26,246,345 yen, or silver dollars. In 1899 it reached the figure of 435,883,820 yen.

Fifty-seventh Congress Opened.

Last Monday the American Congress opened with most all the members present and an overflowing crowd of visitors. This session promises to be interesting and lively, as there will be many bills of importance introduced. Among them are the reciprocity, Nicaragua Canal, Ship Subsidy, Babcock, Anti-Anarchist and a bill to cut down the present representation of the south, in those states where they have disfranchised the Negro. Already the active Republicans have prepared a resolution and are going to make a hard fight for its passage.

Representative Moody of Massachusetts introduced a resolution to determine whether Louisiana's representation should be reduced, on account of the disfranchisement of a portion of the vote of the state. Mr. Moody's action is in line with the determined effort of a number of Republicans of prominence in the house to bring the long agitation of the subject of the overrepresentation of the southern states to a definite issue, and if possible to secure action at this session to remedy the evils complained of.

Louisiana has been selected as the state against which the test is to be made, for the reason the delegation appearing is the first congressional delegation to be elected under the new disfranchisement laws and constitutions of the southern states. It was at first proposed to challenge the Louisiana delegation at the bar of the House when the members appeared to be sworn in, and to have them stand aside until the subject was investigated. After consideration, however, Mr. Moody thought it better to reach the question by a resolution calling for a committee of eleven members to investigate the matter and report its findings and recommendation.

"This I believe to be the most direct manner to reach the end in view," said Mr. Moody. "The house is the final judge of the qualifications of its own members, and there is no appeal from its decision. That is an additional reason for greater deliberation and care in passing upon the rights of members to their seats. This is a question that strikes at the foundation of a republican form of government. It is certainly worthy of as much consideration as questions of foreign policy and trade expansion."

Several other members have similar resolutions and bills ready, and there is a strong feeling among the more radical Republican members in favor of reducing the representation of southern states which by constitutional amendments have disfranchised Negro voters.

On account of Mr. Moody's close relations with President Roosevelt it has been thought the President was supporting this movement. As a matter of fact, the President has not been consulted, but the question will be laid before him in a day or two. Last winter Mr. McKinley's influence prevented the forcing of the issue. The advocates of the movement are now willing to submit to the judgment of President Roosevelt. They believe he will be with them.

Since Congress has convened Senator Wellington's anxiety will increase as to what the senate will do with him. He should be expelled. No man can say what said and be loyal to the government of the United States.

One of the great drawbacks to prosperity is the democrat cannot understand it.

Since Ex-Senator Hill has buried the hatchet the firm name should be Croker, Hill, Bryan & Tillman.

News came to our office last week that Theodore W. Jones, one of the most successful business men of Chicago, had a bad fire, burning his entire building with a large number of carriages and horses. The loss is estimated at \$75,000, but was fully insured.

Our good Bishop Abraham Grant, Prof. Booker T. Washington and Paul Laurence Dunbar, the three leading lights of our race, are to visit Des Moines very soon; although each at different times. Each of these men have achieved great success in their various callings and has made the world better by their lives—one as a minister, one as a teacher and the other as a poet. We wish that our race had more such men. Let each of us tender them our presence when they come.

WAS IT AN HONEST VERDICT.

The first of this week the jury at Pioche, Nev., returned a verdict of assault and battery against seven persons accused of participation in the recent hanging of a Negro named Ellis, at Fay, Nev.

Think of twelve jury-men that would render such a verdict when it was proven beyond a doubt that these men were part of the mob that did the hanging.

Judge Talbot, in his charge to the jury, instructed them to either return a verdict of guilty of assault with intent to kill or one of acquittal.

When the verdict was read in court the judge scored the jury for returning such a verdict. The men will be sentenced Monday.

VEGETARIAN THANKSGIVING DINNER.

The editor and wife took Thanksgiving dinner at the Iowa Sanitarium, by special invitation of Miss Ora Brown. The dinner as well as all other meals are served without the use of meats or lard, therefore it was unique as also are their sect in religion; they are seven day adventist. While the Iowa Sanitarium is well-known throughout Iowa and the West—little did we know of this magnificent building with modern equipments, yet doing away with all the frivolities and whims of modern society that are hurtful to human body—to abstain from the use of corsets, pads tight fitting shoes, as well as all meats. Dr. J. D. Shively is superintendent and his wife, Mrs. Eva Shively matron who entertained us, are young people, natives of Iowa and are very intelligent and courteous to meet. While the doctor and wife are constantly busy, yet they made our brief stay very pleasant indeed. About 1:30 o'clock the bell announced that dinner was ready. Seated at our table were Doctor and Mrs. Shively, Miss Young, a teacher in the Sanitarium, Mr. Ware (colored) a baker in the sanitarium. The menu consisted of tomato cream soup, vegetable turkey with dressing, stuffed potatoes, celery, sliced beets, mock chicken sandwiches, oranges, grapes, jelled cranberries, pumpkin pie, fermented bread, zwieback, sterilized milk, cereal coffee, granose, granola.

In a brief space we could not give our readers a very good description of this beautiful, handsome four-story structure of modern type, in every respect, every room has good light and plenty of ventilation. It is one of the best regulated and most complete institutions for the treatment of all chronic diseases.

Buildings with modern improvements and perfect sewerage, steam heated, electric light, elevator. Perfect ventilation, well equipped bath rooms. Baths of every description, including the Electric Light bath the latest novelty in an illuminative bath. Massage and Manual Swedish Movements are administered by trained manipulators.

Scientifically classified dietary. Well arranged operating room and surgical ward. Laboratory of Hygiene for bacteriological, chemical and microscopical investigation. Two physicians, well trained, with large experience from the Battle Creek Sanitarium, (Battle Creek, Michigan.)

The colored people of Pine Bluff, Ark., have organized a law and order league—something that should be done every where.

There is no reason why Agui-naldo should come to this country to talk to Congress. Tillman and Bryan can say all he wants said if they had a chance.

HOW TO CURE COUGH.

Mr. R. Gray who lives near Amenia, Dutchess county, N. Y., says: "Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is the best medicine I have ever used. It is a fine children's remedy for cough and never fails to cure." When given as soon as the child becomes hoarse, or even after the coughy cough has developed, it will prevent the attack. This should be borne in mind and a bottle of the Cough Remedy kept at hand ready for instant use as these symptoms appear. For sale by all Druggists.

DR. A. G. EDWARDS.

Physician and Surgeon.

IOWA PHONE 1081 MUTUAL PHONE 490
(Office) Miles' Drug Store

OFFICE HOURS: 9 to 10 a. m.
2 to 4 p. m.
7 to 9 p. m.

Over 764 West Ninth Street.

A Fatherland Joke.

Charles F. Saacke returned from Germany on the Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse with the following Fatherland joke, upon which he was not required to pay duty. The translation is his own: "What is the difference between the Lord Almighty and Kaiser William?" "The Lord Almighty knows everything; the Kaiser knows better."

A Harmless Powder.

Oatmeal mixed with water makes a most soothing face wash, as well as softening and whitening the skin. It should, however, be sparingly used by those with large pores, which it is apt to clog. Fine oatmeal, or oatmeal flour, forms a very good face powder, and is, of course, absolutely free from the harmful ingredients of many expensive powders.

Paul Du Challu's Explorations.

Perhaps the only living explorer who is equally familiar with the dark places of equatorial Africa and the "land of the midnight sun" is Paul Du Challu. The mysterious fascination of the "dark continent" lured him from an east African counting-house when he was quite a young man, and he was away four years, returning with a live gorilla as a trophy. Then he went far north, and his fascination of manner and kindness of heart won him hundreds of friends.

Dog Parted the Fencers.

A friend, accompanied by his collier, recently called on M. Prevost at the artist's studio in Paris. After an hour's chat the men decided to fence a while. Scarcely had the bout begun when the dog, thinking his master attacked, flew at his host, knocking him down and out in short order. The fencing-mast was all that saved the artist from an even worse injury, for the indignant collier was pulled from his victim with the greatest difficulty.

Iowa State Bystander.

By BYSTANDER PUBL. CO.

DES MOINES, IOWA

NOTES FROM THE CAPITAL

Governor Shaw is in receipt of a letter from ex-Governor Francis, president of the Louisiana Purchase exposition, suggesting that December 20 be observed as Louisiana Purchase Flag day. This is the anniversary of the actual transfer of title by France to the United States. Governor Shaw is in hearty sympathy with the movement, and requests that the American flag be displayed from all public buildings, state, county and municipal, in honor of this historic event, which has proven to be of such value to the world as well as to the nation.

In the forthcoming biennial report of the state superintendent of public instruction there will be an emphatic endorsement of the present system of free text books, which has been adopted in a number of counties in Iowa. The state superintendent, while acknowledging that there has been some criticism of the methods employed in some counties by the firms seeking to secure the adoption of the law, says the practical workings of the law have been satisfactory. As an argument against any change in the present law, the superintendent cites the fact that during the present year between forty and fifty counties have adopted or adopted a uniform series of books for a period of five years, and any changes in the law would greatly embarrass these communities.

On recommendation of the city physician, Dr. N. C. Schiltz, the city council has taken action looking to the ordering of general vaccination in the city. A communication of Dr. Schiltz was referred to the city solicitor with instructions to prepare a communication addressed to the local board of instruction and to prepare another communication addressed to employers of labor in the city, and especially to proprietors of large stores and factories.

Governor Shaw has offered a reward of \$150 for the apprehension of the slayer of Samuel Crafton, the colored preacher found dead in a corn field near Ireton the middle of last October.

An appeal case which will test the features of the Iowa code which was designed to circumvent the original package theory of the courts with regard to interstate commerce, will come on for admission at the next term of the Iowa supreme court. In the Iowa code it was sought to prevent the sending into the state of liquor in original packages by making it a crime to solicit orders for liquor to be shipped into the state. On behalf of this feature of the law it is claimed that the solicitation of orders is an act entirely within the state and entirely separate from the act of making the sale and shipment in another state. A number of cases have been tried in the district courts involving the construction of this law, some decided one way and some another, but a test case has been made of one from Jefferson county in which one Hanaphy was fined for taking orders for an Illinois liquor house. Judge Eichelberger decided that the law is constitutional, and the convicted person appeals. The papers have just been finished in the case. The default relies on the well known principle of non-interference with interstate commerce. The supreme court has not passed on the question as applied to this statute. The case is of great importance as involving one feature of the Iowa prohibitory liquor law.

State Auditor Merriam in his forthcoming biennial report makes a recommendation for the establishment of an insurance department. This recommendation is one of the most important features of the report. An insurance commissioner, with powers similar to those conferred on like officers in other states, is recommended, in view of the fact that the auditor's office as now constituted is overburdened.

The collection of Chinese arms of warfare presented by Major E. H. Conger to Kinsman post of this city recently, has been removed to the state historical department. Kinsman post has loaned the collection to the state museum, with the intention of donating it permanently to the state.

QUEEN FORGIVES HENRY.

Efforts to gloss over trouble in Holland's royal family. Amsterdam, Dec. 6.—In view of allaying public indignation and excitement semi-official intimations have been circulated to the effect that Queen Wilhelmina has forgiven her husband, Prince Henry of the Netherlands, the suggestion being that the public ought to follow suit. Since Prince Henry returned to Het Loo the queen and he have been dining together and gradually resuming normal relations. Yesterday they walked together and afterward drove in the castle park. The relations between Prince Henry and the members of the court are however, very strained. The former cordiality has been replaced by an attitude of frigid politeness on the part of the prince consort, and apparently the gentlemen of the court are equally indisposed to gloss over recent occurrences.

Cabinet Is Satisfied.

Washington, Dec. 4.—The cabinet meeting yesterday was principally consumed in a discussion of the insular decisions handed down yesterday by the supreme court. On the whole, it is believed, the views of the majority of the court were quite satisfactory to the administration. It was pointed out that the ultimate results of the decisions are in a measure speculative at present with the exception that the customs duties collected in this country on goods shipped from the Philippines since the ratification of the Paris treaty, will have to be refunded.

THE NEWS IN IOWA

TWO ROBBERS MUST DIE.

Found Guilty of the Murder of Marshal Leslie of Greenville. Storm Lake, Dec. 6.—A sure vengeance was meted out late yesterday afternoon to Albert Phillips and Lewis Brooks, the two bank robbers who killed John Sunblad while escaping from their Greenville bank raid. After a day's deliberation the jury in their cases declared them guilty of murder in the first degree and condemned both of them to death by hanging.

Neither Phillips nor Brooks manifested as much excitement over the verdict when it was announced as the hundreds of spectators who had crowded into the court room. They were unmoved and merely looked significantly at each other as they sat together in the prison box. They will probably be taken to the Anamosa prison to await their penalty as soon as sentence is passed.

These two men raided the Greenville bank about three weeks ago. They were discovered near Albert City soon after and a running fight followed, in which Sunblad and a constable were badly wounded, both dying later. Brooks is a white man and Phillips a negro. Neither has given any clue to his identity.

STARCH WORKS BURNED.

Fire Almost Wholly Destroyed the Big Plant at Des Moines.

Des Moines, Dec. 6.—Fire destroyed the National Starch Works in Southeast Des Moines last night, entailing a loss of \$250,000. The fire broke out at 5:45 p. m., and at midnight had destroyed the main building, composed of a main factory, four stories in height, and all of the machinery. A part of the one-story room was saved.

At 1 o'clock this morning the fire broke out again, ruined the engine house with its 500-horse power engine, skipped the boiler house, and destroyed the steep house in the rear of the main plant. The boiler house, the elevator, the corn cribs and the old Sleeper starch plant, west of the burned structure, are all of Lee property left to the National Starch Company of its magnificent establishment. The plant was fully insured. Probably \$300,000 was carried on the main establishment and elevator; probably \$50,000 additional on the old plant and adjacent structures.

Fireman Warren Taylor and Joseph Hamilton were injured by falling walls during the fire. Chief Burton, who rowed, escaped death in a vat of soft starch.

Smallpox Scare at State House.

Des Moines, Dec. 5.—Miss Lillian Pederson, who lives at 1498 Maple street, has been taken ill with the smallpox and is quarantined. Her sister, Miss Laura, is one of the stenographers in the state board of control and undoubtedly has been exposed to the infection and in danger of taking the smallpox. As soon as this was discovered there was consternation in the office of the board of control and elsewhere in the state capitol, and Dr. Kennedy, secretary of the state board of health, was called on to vaccinate all who had not before been vaccinated in the rooms of the state board of control. Every fumigated and every precaution taken to prevent any spread of the disease from that source. It is confidently believed that no danger exists of a spread elsewhere in the state house.

Fallor Murder Trial Is On.

Newton, Dec. 6.—In the district court a motion was filed by the attorneys for Chas. Tyler, charged with the murder of Dr. B. M. Fallor, to have the indictment set aside for error in admitting to the grand jury room persons who should not have been present during the investigation. The motion has not as yet been passed upon by the court, but trial was set for Monday, Dec. 16th, and the trial will probably take a week. Tyler is still in the Ft. Madison penitentiary for safe keeping, but will be brought here for appearance at trial some time next week.

Guilty Couple Court Death.

Hampton, Dec. 6.—Geo. Flethouse of this place, and Mrs. F. H. Griffith of Waterloo, attempted suicide in an apartment at the Hotel Rube by taking morphine. Physicians were hastily summoned, and after several hours of hard work the lives of the young couple were saved. Young Flethouse is the son of J. A. Flethouse, of a wealthy grain firm. Little is known of Mrs. Griffith, but it is reported that she is the wife of a traveling man, whose headquarters are Waterloo.

Jenks Given Five Years.

Davenport, Dec. 6.—E. S. Jenks, a contractor, pleaded guilty to the charge of forging a relative's name at Mount Pleasant, and was sentenced to the penitentiary at Ft. Madison for five years. On account of the high social position of his family here and at Mount Pleasant, considerable interest attaches to the case. Jenks went away and was lost to the authorities for a month, and returned voluntarily.

Boy Dragged to Death.

Avoca, Dec. 3.—Freddie, a 10-year-old twin son of Winfield Scott, was dragged to death by a pony yesterday. He was found in a corn field near home with the pony standing by him. The pony's halter was tied to his left arm. No one saw the accident.

Guilty of Manslaughter.

Clinton, Dec. 6.—The jury in the case of Anna Crawford, charged with the murder of "Jenks" Dillon in the first degree, brought in a verdict of manslaughter this morning.

In traveling the road to wealth keep on the right side.

Street Car Company Pays \$2,000.

Waterloo, Nov. 30.—The heirs of Frank Kerr, who was killed here several weeks ago by a street car, settled with the street car company for \$2,000. Kerr was struck by the car while driving across the track late at night. He was instantly killed and his body badly mangled. The street car company was held liable for the accident on account of the car running faster than the regulation speed.

There are three varieties of dog which never bark. They are the Australian dingy, the Egyptian shepherd dog and the lion-headed dog of Thibet.

ASK QUARTER OF MILLION

Capitol Improvement Commission Makes Its Report.

Iowa City, Dec. 4.—A highly important report has been sent from Iowa City to Governor Shaw. The report recommends an appropriation of almost a quarter of a million dollars for repairing and beautifying of the capitol at Des Moines. It was written by the three commissioners, empowered by the act of the Twenty-eighth general assembly to pursue investigation as to the repairs and improvements needed upon the interior and exterior of the capitol building and the property of the state connected therewith. The members of the commission are, Hon. Peter A. Dey, of Iowa City, who for about sixteen years was connected with the building of the capitol; H. S. Josselyn of Cedar Rapids, an architect who has a state reputation, and Charles A. Cumming, the head of the art school at Des Moines. To use the exact figures, the commissioners recommend the appropriation, in all, of \$232,950 for the purpose noted above.

They state in their report the following: "We have aimed to make the estimate large enough to cover any and all contingencies, and while in the aggregate the amount is large we feel confident that it will be money well expended."

The estimate referred to in the quotation just noted are as follows: Corridors, halls and rotunda—Six mosaics in the arcade, \$10,000; painting in large panel, \$10,000; walls, lobbies, arches, etc., around the grand stairway and corridors, \$15,000; rotundas and walls, \$25,000; pictorial objects for semi-circular spaces, \$8,000; painting and decorating library, basement, etc., \$10,000; total, \$78,000.

Elevators, \$8,500; electric lighting, dynamo, etc., \$50,100; burglar alarm, telephone system, etc., \$2,500; roof repairs, \$13,250; furniture, \$4,000; repairs of walls, \$7,000; painting and regilding main domes, \$14,900; heating, ventilation and plumbing, \$27,300; boiler house repairs, etc., \$3,300; fire proof ware house for documents, \$14,000; contingencies and supervision, \$10,000; grand total, \$252,950.

The commissioners declare that "during the fifteen years that passed since the building went out of the control of the capitol, the building has little had been done in the way of thorough and radical repair, and we reached the conclusion that a much larger expenditure of money was needed than had been anticipated to place the capitol building in a state of perfect repair."

SHOT BY SOCIETY YOUNG LADY.

Miss Margaret Kuntze of Hastings Shoots R. L. Wilson.

Hastings, Dec. 5.—Hastings was stirred to its limit by the report that R. L. Wilson, the night operator at the Burlington station, had been shot by Miss Margaret Kuntze, one of the best known and most popular young ladies of the town. It seems that Wilson had left a bowling alley to go to work when Miss Kuntze stepped from an alley near her mother's home and shot him in the back with a 32 calibre revolver. The heavy overcoat worn by Wilson saved his life, for the shot took effect in the back of his shoulder, and had it been but a few inches lower would have resulted fatally. No cause is known for the shooting. Wilson's father came and took the young man to his home at Thayer. Wilson is not seriously injured.

BURLINGTON FIRE BUGS.

Insurance Companies Hasten to Cancel Their Risks. Burlington, Dec. 5.—The four mysterious fires at the big Farmer wood working mills north of the city have so alarmed the local and foreign insurance agents that nearly all of the risks have been cancelled. The fires occurred Friday and Saturday morning last, and were in various parts of the buildings. The circumstances point unquestionably to incendiarism. There was a total of \$77,000 insurance on the plant, over \$50,000 of which was placed by Burlington agents, the remainder being chiefly through Chicago insurance brokers. The loss by the recent fires will amount to about 10 per cent. The mills are among the largest on the Mississippi river.

Child Killed His Brother.

Boone, Dec. 5.—Word reached this city of a fatal accident that occurred near Mackay. Little Andrew Ahrens the 5-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Ahrens, shot and instantly killed his brother Eddie. Eddie was but one year older than his brother, and the two boys had been sent by their mother on some errand to the home of her sister-in-law, Mrs. Mart Ahrens. The lads arrived at the house, and after delivering their message, Andrew, while looking around the room, saw a rifle standing behind the door and took it up and raised it to his shoulder as if to shoot. His aunt saw him and cried out for him to put it down, but before she had finished the little fellow had pulled the trigger. The ball entered the neck of his brother, passing through the body, killing him instantly.

Farmer Seriously Hurt.

Waterloo, Dec. 6.—John Moore, a prosperous farmer of Eagle township, is lying seriously injured at his home, the result of an accident while grinding feed for cattle. The long pole used to propel the grinder broke and the end struck the unfortunate man in the back of the head, inflicting what is feared will be a fatal wound.

Juror Baw Out Gas.

Des Moines, Nov. 30.—Charles Meinkey of Pontanelle, a juror in the Ballett mining case now on trial in the United States district court, was found dead in his room in the Graefc house. It was evident that he blew out the gas before retiring and was asphyxiated. His death will not interfere with the trial, and the case will proceed with eleven jurors today. Meinkey was a farmer and was estimated to be worth \$50,000.

A revolving carbine used in the Swiss army fires forty-eight shots in twenty-four seconds, and will kill at 2,000 yards.

NEWS IN GENERAL

PANACEA FOR PANICS.

Secretary Gage Submits a Plan in His Annual Report.

Washington, Dec. 5.—Secretary of the Treasury Gage yesterday submitted his annual report to the speaker of the house of representatives. It is notable for the fact that he recommends the repeal of all war taxes, an important change in the banking system and the payment of ship bounties.

Concerning the latter he shows that while the exports from America are increasing and the commerce expanding, but a small fraction is carried in American vessels and that in many cases large investments of American capital are made in vessels flying foreign flags because of the favors shown shipping by other countries. The secretary urges that bounties be immediately offered for American vessels and suggests that the best means of applying it would be in the way of big mail contracts.

Concerning the reduction of revenue, the secretary says the receipts are in excess of disbursements at an increasing rate and that at least \$50,000,000 annually could be easily dispensed with. As a first step, he advocates the repeal of the remainder of the war taxes entirely.

On the subject of banking, he says that while our system is an admirable one during prosperous times, it has been demonstrated a miserable failure in times of financial distress. He says the panic of 1893 could have been averted by a proper system. A large central bank with multiplied branches is suggested by him as the ideal arrangement but he admits this would never meet with popular approval. As the next best and a very acceptable substitute, he recommends that the principle of federation be applied to banks, with one general system of officers or managers at the head. He explains that this would prevent panics.

The secretary shows that the government finances were never before in such excellent condition nor so large a surplus in the treasury. The gold reserve has been maintained and he says the gold standard must be preserved. He advocates more paper money as a necessity to increased population.

BRITISH ON THE MESSAGE.

The London Papers Generally Give It Their Approval.

London, Dec. 4.—The London daily papers this morning, looking at President Roosevelt's message from the point of view of its literary power and the wealth of weighty matters discussed, regard it as one of the most characteristic and remarkable messages ever sent to congress. At the same time the papers recognize its conservative and business-like moderation and that no attempt has been made, as the Morning Post remarks, "to strike an attitude or carry his listeners away."

On the whole, however, the newspapers are skeptical of any great outcome from the president's efforts in the direction of reform of the trusts, anti-anarchism or reciprocity, the idea being that the senate will eventually step in and prevent any great changes in the existing system.

Most of the papers remark upon the tone of exultation adopted by President Roosevelt in dealing with the canal question, but they do not show the slightest disposition to cavil thereat.

HUSBAND OF WILHELMINA IN DUEL.

Is Said That He Intended the Queen and Resented Interference.

Amsterdam, Dec. 5.—In spite of official denials, investigations show there is substantial foundation for the story of a duel having been fought between Prince Henry of the Netherlands, husband of Queen Wilhelmina, and Major Van Tets, the queen's aide de camp.

It appears that at a dinner at Het Loo, her majesty was hurt by some inattention on the part of the prince and spoke to him sharply. Prince Henry retorted offensively, whereupon Major Van Tets made a remark regarding the impropriety of the prince consort's conduct. A quarrel followed between the aide de camp and the prince, who had been drinking freely, and a duel with swords was fought after dinner. Van Tets was wounded. He has since been removed to Utrecht to be operated upon.

The same incident gave rise to another duel between Prince Henry and a gentleman of the court. The latter was slightly wounded.

CHAFFEE ADOPTS EXTREMES.

Ports in Laguna and Batangas Provinces Are Closed.

Manila, Dec. 6.—General Chaffee has issued orders for the closing of all ports in the Laguna and Batangas provinces. The quartermasters there will cease paying rents to the Filipinos for the buildings used for military purposes, as it is known that a large proportion of the money finds its way to the insurgents in the shape of contribution and General Chaffee intends that no more government funds shall find their way into the hands of the enemy. The reason for closing the ports is that too many supplies are found to be getting into the possession of the insurgents.

General Chaffee intends giving General Bell, commanding the troops in Batangas province, every assistance he may require to subdue the insurrection.

Governor Taft is improving rapidly and now expects to return to the United States on the government transport Grant, which sails before Christmas.

Taft Gets Leave of Absence.

Washington, Nov. 30.—The secretary of war has issued orders and sent them to Manila ordering Governor Taft home on leave of absence, so he can recuperate and regain his health and strength. Governor Taft is to leave for the United States on the first transport available. While in this country Governor Taft will be called to Washington to give the committee of congress information concerning necessary legislation for the islands.

Late returns sometimes indicate the bride was best man at the wedding.

HOAR PRESENTS A BILL.

Stringent Measures to Protect the Life of the President.

Washington, Dec. 5.—Senator Hoar has introduced a bill for the protection of the president, which provides as follows:

"That any person who shall within the limits of the United States or any place subject to the jurisdiction thereof, willfully kill or cause the death of the president of the United States or any officer thereof, or who shall willfully kill or cause the death of the ruler, or chief magistrate, of any foreign country, shall be punished with death.

"That any person who shall within the limits of the United States or any place subject to the jurisdiction thereof, make an attempt on the life of the president of the United States, or any officer thereof; or who shall make an attempt on the life of the ruler, or chief magistrate, of any foreign country, shall be punished with death.

"That any person who shall within the limits of the United States or any place subject to the jurisdiction thereof, advise the killing of the president of the United States, or any officer thereof, or shall conspire to accomplish the same; or who shall advise or counsel the killing of the ruler, or the chief magistrate, of any foreign country, or who shall conspire to accomplish the same, shall be punished by imprisonment not exceeding twenty years.

"That any person who has conspired as aforesaid may be indicted and convicted separately although the other party or parties to the conspiracy are not indicted or convicted.

"That any person who shall willfully and knowingly aid in the escape from punishment of any person guilty of either of the acts mentioned in the foregoing sections shall be deemed an accomplice after the fact, and shall be punished as if a principal, although the other party or parties to said offense shall not be indicted or convicted."

CHECK TO PROSECUTION.

Further Delay in the Trial of the Neely Postal Fraud Case.

Washington, Dec. 6.—The prosecution in the case of Charles Neely, charged with postal frauds in Cuba, has met with a check which may cause delay in the trial of this case. It appears that the prosecution is of necessity relying largely upon letters setting out testimony taken in the United States. Such depositions may be used according to the Spanish practice. But the question has been raised and has been discussed by the cabinet if such a proceeding is lawful under the statute by means of which the extradition of Neely to Cuba was secured. The extradition laws are held by Neely's friends and counsel to demand for the accused the opportunity to be confronted with witnesses against himself, or have full opportunity to cross-examine on depositions, as he should have under the American legal practices. To admit this point would be to greatly endanger the success of the prosecution, in the opinion of the officials here, but so far no decision has been reached.

AGAINST ADMIRAL SCHLEY.

Court of Inquiry Said to Have Decided He Was in Error.

New York, Dec. 6.—A special to the Press from Washington says: Rear Admiral Schley has been found at fault on five counts by the court of inquiry. This comes from a person who is in a position to learn the opinion of the three admirals on the difficult specifications of the precept. It is understood, however, that the court finds Schley:

"First—For the delay of the Flying Squadron off Cienfuegos.

"Second—For misrepresentation of the reasons for returning to Key West to coal.

"Third—For disobedience of orders in making the retrograde movement.

"Fourth—For failure to destroy the Colon.

"Fifth—For conduct unbecoming an officer and gentleman in the Schley-Hodgson controversy."

It is impossible for the Associated Press to confirm the report of the press' statements in regard to the finding of the Schley court tonight.

Bulgaria's Reply Is Impudent.

New York, Dec. 4.—The Bulgarian government's reply to United States Diplomatic Agent Dickinson's note has just been made public by the Austro-Hungarian foreign ministry at Vienna, says the Vienna correspondent of the World.

It was written by Mr. Daniff, minister of foreign affairs and concludes with the following words: "I am surprised that you have come to the conclusion that the United States will hold Bulgaria responsible for Miss Stone's death. I must regard it as certain that the using of violence by the brigands can only be laid to your delay."

"The Bulgarian government declines all responsibility."

In Vienna this answer is considered most impudent, and the hope is expressed that the United States will hold Bulgaria responsible for Miss Stone's safety.

Boys Accused of Forgery.

Clinton, Dec. 3.—Two young boys, aged 13 and 15, living west of Low Moor, were arrested, charged with attempting to pass forged checks. They offered the checks to William Porter and tried to pass others upon prominent farmers. One was offered to Chas. Wenzel and the forgery was detected. It is claimed the boys drew up the checks and made them look like originals of the signatures used.

Numbers of men like to lean on other men.

Governor of Oklahoma to Be Ousted.

Washington, Nov. 30.—The major portion of the last cabinet meeting before the convening of congress was devoted to going over some recess appointments which will be sent to congress next week. Considerable time was spent upon the question of reappointing Governor Jenkins of Oklahoma. Charges were made against Governor Jenkins regarding his connection with a cattle company organized in the territory and the president gave him a hearing last Monday. It was decided not to reappoint him.

Mourning hides a multitude of other feelings.

CONGRESS.

Washington, Dec. 2.—Senator Ulrich and Millard of Nebraska, son of Montana and Kittridge of South Dakota were sworn in as senators. After the usual resolutions of the appointment of a committee to notify the president that the senate was in session a recess of thirty minutes was taken. Senators Hale of Maine and Morgan of Alabama were appointed as the senate committee to wait on the president. At 1 o'clock the senate reassembled. Mr. Gamble announced the death of the late Senator Kyle, and the senate adjourned.

House.—The organization of the house was accomplished according to time-honored precedents. Speaker Henderson was sworn in by General Bingham, "the father of the house," and after delivering a very graceful speech in recognition of the honor bestowed upon him, he in turn administered the oath to the members elect. The usual committees were appointed to inform the president and the senate that the house was organized and ready to do business.

A committee of three, consisting of Messrs. Payne, Bingham and Richardson, was appointed to join a similar committee of the senate and wait upon the president and inform him that congress was ready to receive any communication he might wish to make; the rules of the last house were adopted, after a slight ray, then the biennial seat drawing occurred. Several thousand bills were introduced in the house, covering nearly every phase of public affairs that has attracted the attention of the country. They include Pacific cable, oleomargarine, amending the tariff law, to repeal the bankruptcy law for a reciprocity commission, admission of states, establishing a department of commerce, amending the immigration laws, etc.

Washington, Dec. 3.—Senate.—The senate today received the president's message. Careful attention was given to the reading of the message by all senators. On motion of Foraker the following resolution was adopted:

"That a committee of eleven senators be appointed on the part of the senate to join such committee as shall be appointed on the part of the house to consider and report by what token of respect and affection it may be proper for the congress of the United States to express the deep sensibility of the nation over the tragic death of the late President McKinley and so much of the message of the president as relates to that deplorable event be referred to such committee."

As a further mark of respect to the memory of the late president, the senate, on motion of Mr. Foraker, at 2:28 adjourned.

House.—The speaker announced the appointment of the committee of rules as follows: Mr. Henderson of Iowa, Mr. Dalzell of Pennsylvania, Mr. Grosvenor of Ohio, Mr. Richardson of Tennessee and Mr. Underwood of Alabama. The president's message was received and read. Ordinarily, presidential messages at the opening of a congress are listened to in perfunctory fashion, but today throughout the reading the keen interest was manifested. A resolution similar to that adopted by the senate was adopted by the house and the house, as a further mark of respect for the late president, adjourned.

Washington, Dec. 4.—Senate.—Senator Barrows today introduced a bill to "provide for the exclusion and deportation of anarchists." Vest offered a resolution proposing an inquiry by the common judiciary as to the powers of congress to deal with anarchy, to suppress the teachings of anarchy and to provide for a penal colony for convicted anarchists. Harbo brought reintroduced his irrigation bill of the last session with various amendments. In executive session the Hay-Poncefort treaty was received and referred to the committee on foreign relations.

Washington, Dec. 5.—Senate.—Senator McComas of Maryland, made an extended and carefully prepared speech in the senate today with respect to some brief remarks by Mr. Hoar of Massachusetts, on the difficulty in the way of dealing with anarchist assassins. The senate passed a bill extending the life of the industrial commission until February 15 next, to complete the work it now has in hand.

NOT ONE LIFE WAS SAVED.

British Ship Nelson Turns Turtle in a Gale Off Coast of Oregon.

Astoria, Ore., Dec. 5.—The big fatooosh, which has just returned to port, reports that the British ship Nelson, Captain Perriam, turned turtle and went to the bottom with her entire crew of twenty-eight men. The Nelson left Astoria November 25. Monday night she was back at the river's mouth and yesterday was reported to have shifted her cargo. She had a bad list to starboard and could go on only one tack. That afternoon the tug 'Tatoosh' went off and picked up the Nelson, passing a hawser. The tug started off shore with the ship, owing to the gale. It was the intention of Captain Bailey of the Tatoosh to remain with the ship during the night. The gale that raged Tuesday night was too severe for the vessel to withstand and she broke loose from the tug and then turned turtle, sinking at once. In the darkness it was impossible for the tug to render any assistance to the members of the crew who were not carried down, and all perished.

Port Townsend, Wash., Dec. 4.—According to advices from Alaska, the Canadian government still retains a faint hope that Skaguay is a city of Canada and that some Canadian authorities insist that in the all plain customs from Skaguay shall not appear as Skaguay, Alaska, but as plain Skaguay, with the word American omitted, by which action Americans interpret to mean that Canada does not propose to recognize American ownership of the place.

Another move is on foot in Alaska to secure a regular territorial form of government, including a delegate to congress.

STRICT LAWS ON ANARCHY URGED

Senator Hoar Proposes Death Penalty for Attack on Any Official.

McCOMAS HAS A PLAN TOO.

Wants Chinese Exclusion Act Extended and New Rules on Immigration—Proposed Cable to Hawaii—Measures in Upper House.

Washington, Dec. 6.—Senator Hoar introduced a bill for the protection of a president. It provides, "that any person who shall within the limits of the United States or any place subject to the jurisdiction thereof willfully kill or attempt to kill the president of the United States, or any officer thereof, or any person who shall cause the death of the ruler or chief magistrate of any foreign country, shall be punished with death." An attempt to kill any of the officers named is also punishable by death. Any person who shall advise the killing of the president of the United States or any of the other officers already named shall be punished by imprisonment not exceeding twenty years. Any person who shall willfully and knowingly aid the escape from punishment of any person guilty of either of the acts mentioned shall be deemed an accomplice in the fact and punished as if a principal, although the other party or parties to said offense shall not be indicted or convicted.

To Punish Would-Be Assassins.

Senator McComas presented to the senate a resolution declaring that Congress has power and should by law provide that a person who willfully kills or attempts to kill the president or vice-president or both, or any officer upon whom the powers and duties of president may devolve, shall be punished with death, the federal courts to have jurisdiction of such offenses; also for the exclusion and detention of alien anarchists.

Exclusion Law for Anarchists.

Senator Burrows introduced a bill to provide for the exclusion and detention of alien anarchists.

Provides for Agents Abroad.

Provision is made for the appointment of twelve immigration agents at a salary of \$2,500 each to make investigations in foreign countries concerning intended immigrants. The bill provides that "the fact that an alien has declared his intention to become a citizen of the United States shall constitute no bar to proceedings against him under this act."

May Extend Chinese Act.

Senator Lodge introduced a bill providing for the removal of the ten years' limitation on the Chinese exclusion act, thus leaving the provisions of the Geary act in force. Similar bills were presented by Senators Mitchell, Fairbanks, Stewart, and Penrose. Senator Mitchell's also applies to the exclusion of Japanese and Filipinos and their descendants, as well as to the descendants of Chinese.

Senator Lodge also reintroduced his migration bill providing for an additional test for the admission of immigrants. The writing test is removed, but the new bill requires only that an immigrant shall be required to be able to read.

Other Measures Before Senate

Other bills were introduced by Senators as follows: Nelson and McComas, a bill for the establishment of a department of commerce.

Dolliver, to repeal the bankruptcy law.

Perkins, for the laying of a cable to Hawaii and the Philippines.

Burrows, providing for a constitutional amendment for election of United States senators by the people here state legislatures fail to elect; so a constitutional amendment changing the day for the inauguration of the president of the United States from March 4 to the last Thursday in April.

GAGE'S ANNUAL REPORT.

Treasury Reform Is Recommended to the Attention of Congress.

Washington, Dec. 5.—Secretary Lyman J. Gage of the treasury department has submitted to congress his annual report.

The revenues of the government from all sources (by warrants) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1901, were \$9,316,530.92.

The expenditures for the same period were \$6,215,588,546.54, showing a surplus of \$77,717,984.38.

Compared with 1900 the receipts increased \$29,721,099.74, and the expenditures but \$22,253,561.44.

The revenues for the current fiscal year are estimated as follows, on the basis of existing laws: Customs, \$250,000,000; internal revenue, \$282,000,000; miscellaneous sources, \$48,000,000; postal service, \$116,633,042; total estimated revenues, \$686,633,042.

The expenditures are estimated at \$88,633,042, which will leave an additional surplus of \$100,000,000. For 1903 the estimated receipts are \$712,020,000 and expenditures \$688,848,318.47, leaving a still further surplus of \$23,171,681.53.

The treasury is shown to have had an available cash balance of \$171,017,108.89 Nov. 15, 1901.

Relative to the circulation per capita the report says: "While the circulation

per capita was \$26.50 on July 1, 1900, and \$28.52 on Oct. 1, 1901, gold certificates more and more entered into the field of large denominations and were used almost exclusively in the payment of customs duties and in the settlements at the clearing house in New York. The United States notes are undergoing a change into the denomination of \$10 as larger ones are redeemed, while the silver certificates are taking the place of \$1, \$2 and \$5 notes.

"Two features are marked in the currency—first, the growing use of gold, and second, the constant addition to the small denominations of paper. The gold, including certificates, in circulation, which was 33.8 per cent of the total circulation on July 1, 1897, was 39.5 per cent on July 1, 1900, 40.2 per cent on July 1, 1901, and 40.8 per cent on Oct. 1, 1901. The average denomination of notes and certificates issued by the treasury, which was \$6.34 in the fiscal year 1900, fell to \$4.46 in 1901."

Relative to the mint service the report says: "The coinage of the mints during the fiscal year amounted to 176,999,132 pieces, of a value of \$136,340,781.58. Of this, \$99,065,715 was gold, \$24,298,850 was silver dollars, \$10,966,648.50 was subsidiary silver, and \$2,009,568.08 minor coin. There were also coined at the Philadelphia mint 225,000 gold pieces, of the value of \$349,014.42, for the government of Costa Rica."

FEARS UNITED STATES.

Dr. Paache of Germany Warns Reichstag Against "American Peril."

Berlin, Dec. 6.—During the course of the tariff debate in the reichstag today Dr. Paache of Halle university sounded the strongest warning concerning the "American peril" which has yet been uttered. Dr. Paache visited the United States in 1899 to study the social and industrial conditions there. During his address the speaker laid before the house masses of figures which set forth the expansion of American manufactures and of American foreign commerce in recent years and the enormous accumulation of wealth in the United States. He accompanied his statistics by a philosophical analysis supporting the idea that Germany's most dangerous and most immediate trade enemy was the United States. Dr. Paache said: "Peculiarly grave dangers threaten us from America; against these we must put ourselves in a state of defense."

Warship in Collision.

Harwich, Dec. 6.—The Great Eastern railway's continental steamship Cambridge collided with the torpedo-boat destroyer Salmon. The Cambridge, which was on her way to Holland, ran into a fleet of destroyers, of which the Salmon was the last. Before the Salmon could avoid the steamship the bows of the Cambridge crashed into her. The crew of the destroyer clambered on board the Cambridge. The roll was called, and it was found that four of the crew of the destroyer were missing. Two of these, however, were subsequently discovered. The Salmon was towed into the harbor. Her side was stove in, her decks ripped up, and her guns scattered.

Ten Miners Injured by Explosion.

Springfield, Ill., Dec. 6.—Ten men who narrowly escaped instant death in an explosion in a coal mine here tonight were frightfully burned about the face and hands. The accident occurred at the mine of the Lincoln Park Coal Mining company. Ten others who had not got out when the explosion took place escaped injury. The injured men all reside within half a mile of the scene of the accident, and as soon as they could be taken out were carried to their homes. The accident was due to a dust explosion caused by the firing of a heavy blast 600 feet from the mouth of the mine.

Admits He Robbed Bank.

New York, Dec. 6.—George Zollin-hoffer, the Williamsburg Savings bank teller, withdrew his plea of not guilty and pleaded guilty to grand larceny in the second degree before Judge Aspinwall in Brooklyn. The indictment in this case charged him with stealing \$400. He was remanded for sentence. The extreme penalty is five years' imprisonment. Zollin-hoffer has confessed that he and an employe of the bank, who died several months ago, robbed the institution of more than \$60,000.

Killed While Making Peace.

Omaha, Neb., Dec. 6.—It was developed at the coroner's investigation of the death of Najeb Saidy during a riot in the Syrian colony Saturday, that Saidy was killed while acting the role of a peacemaker. He had been in this country but two weeks, and was trying to make peace between two factions who were fighting over who should have a certain young Syrian girl for a wife. Bardawel, whom several witnesses said they saw stabbing, is still at large.

Bozenah Knocks Out Sanchez.

Cincinnati, O., Dec. 6.—Eugene Bozenah of Covington, Ky., knocked out Emil Sanchez of Buffalo in the seventh round before the Abbey Athletic club here.

Crown Prince to Visit America.

Berlin, Dec. 5.—Emperor William has decided to permit the Crown Prince to make a trip around the world. He will visit a number of American cities.

Supreme court decision will make it necessary to enact laws establishing a civil government in the Philippines and provide tariff laws for the colonies.

Trouble expected in the Cuban elections, as all members of the Central Canvassing board are candidates for office.

KILLS MEN WHO SEEK TO MOB HIM

New York Man Resists Midnight Attack Made at His Virginia Home.

SHOOTS IN SELF DEFENSE.

Members of Attacking Party Try to Break Into His House to Avenger Insult to a Young Girl—A Historic Locality.

Washington, D. C., Dec. 6.—Four men were shot in Westmoreland county, Va., last night by Herbert Marx of New York, in an attack made upon him at his country residence. Marx had been accused by a young girl of having insulted her, and the men who were shot were members of a party that had gone to his place to avenge the alleged crime. One of the men was killed outright, another died at the Emergency Hospital in this city; a third, also at the Emergency Hospital, is not expected to live until morning, and the fourth man, who is missing, is believed to have been fatally wounded. Marx surrendered to the authorities this morning. A coroner's jury exonerated him from criminal responsibility and he left at once for New York to escape threatened mob violence. Herbert Marx has lived on the Westmoreland estate for several months.

Tragedy in Historic Mansion.

The estate is situated two and one-half miles from Oak Grove, five miles from Colonial Beach, sixty-eight miles down the Potomac from Washington. It is called Cedar Hill, and was purchased by the elder Marx from the famous Wirt family, to which it had belonged for generations. The house is a fine old colonial mansion, and here young Marx took up his residence early last summer. He said he had come away from New York on account of his health, which he hoped to regain in Westmoreland county.

The girl had told her mother that Marx had insulted her.

The mother went to W. P. Taylor, a nephew of her husband, and related the girl's story. Taylor with a number of friends went to Cedar Hill and attempted to break in. The tragedy was the result. The men who went with Taylor were William Schefflin, a son of the sheriff of King George county; George Thompson, a blacksmith; I. Q. Stiff, son of a merchant, and another man named Douglass. When they arrived at Cedar Hill Marx was alone in the house. Taylor, who carried a rifle, demanded entrance, but getting no answer an attempt was made to break open the front door. Schefflin made an attempt to get in a side window. Marx fired through the window apparently with a revolver, and Schefflin fell, shot through the abdomen. Marx then opened the front door and grappled with Stiff, who in the struggle was shot through the neck. Then Marx started to run, and as he did so Taylor, confronting him, raised his Winchester. Before he could fire Marx shot him through the heart.

The dead body of Taylor and the wounded forms of Stiff and Schefflin were taken to Oak Grove. Thompson could not be found, but it is thought he was shot and walked away to die in some obscure place.

Hear of Strange Deaths.

Joliet, Ill., Dec. 5.—News of two fatalities involving the loss of their respective brothers has reached Mr. and Mrs. Charles A. Eury of 603 North Nicholson street, this city. The two accidents occurred in widely separated states and almost at the same time last week. Mr. Eury's brother was killed in Chillicothe, O., and the brother of Mrs. Eury met death somewhere in Montana.

Opposed by Russell Harrison.

Washington, D. C., Dec. 5.—The Indiana movement to add Mrs. Harrison's name to the resolution giving Mrs. McKinley a pension of \$5,000 is being opposed by Major Russell B. Harrison. Senator Fairbanks has been asked to introduce a bill for Mrs. Harrison, but has not decided to do so.

New Combination Given Up.

New York, Dec. 5.—Negotiations looking to the formation of a big steel plate combination have been declared off. The proposed combine was to have a capital of \$25,000,000 to \$50,000,000, and was being organized in the interests of the United States Steel corporation.

Takes Wayland's Place.

New Haven, Conn., Dec. 5.—Theodore Salisbury Woolsey, professor of international law, has been appointed temporary dean of the Yale Law school because of the serious illness of Professor Francis Wayland, who has been head of that department of Yale nearly a quarter of a century.

American Force Embarks.

Washington, D. C., Dec. 5.—The navy department today received the following cablegram from Captain Perry, commanding the battleship Iowa, dated Panama, Dec. 4: "I have re-embarked all of our force from the isthmus, perfect security of transit being effectually restored."

Fire Destroys Indiana Mill.

Terre Haute, Ind., Dec. 5.—Jenkes hominy mill, with a capacity of 1,000 bushels per day, and two cottages adjoining, were burned. The loss is \$50,000; insurance, \$25,000. Two firemen were badly injured.

NOT FOREIGN TERRITORY

Supreme Court So Decides Regarding Philippines.

Washington, Dec. 3.—The United States supreme court rendered a decision in the case of Emil J. Pepke vs. the United States. This is the case known as the "Fourteen Diamond Rings Case," and involves the constitutionality of the imposition of customs duties upon merchandise brought into the United States from the Philippine islands after the exchange of the peace treaty with Spain. The opinion was handed down by Chief Justice Fuller.

The opinion was adverse to the claims of the government on the ground that the Philippine islands were at the time the rings were brought in, American territory.

Ceasing to be foreign territory, they became domestic territory, he said. The decision of the De Lima Porto Rican cases was cited at length and it was held that the resolution adopted by congress concerning the Philippines were not sufficient to change the situation.

The chief justice concluded his opinion by reversing the decision of the court below. Justice Brown read an opinion concurring in the result, but differing from the conclusions drawn on minor parts.

Justices Gray, Shiras, White and McKenna dissented.

The case is one of the two important cases left undecided by the court at its last term when it decided a number of cases involving the customs relations of the United States with its insular possessions. The cases decided at that time bore entirely upon the relations of the country with Porto Rico and this was the only case of a large number which were then argued and considered which involved the relations of the United States with the Philippines.

The other case involves the right to impose duties on articles exported from the United States to Porto Rico. Much interest has been manifested in this Philippine case because of the probability of legislation relating to the Philippines at the approaching session of congress. The record shows that Pepke, who was the respondent in the court below, was a soldier in the army of the United States in the island of Luzon; that while there and after the ratification of the peace treaty he purchased the fourteen diamond rings which are involved in the case. He afterward brought these rings, while still in the service of the United States, aboard the United States vessel transporting the regiment to San Francisco, where he was mustered out. Later he came with the rings to Chicago, where the rings were seized by the custom officer under the claim that the Philippine islands were foreign territory and merchandise brought from those islands to the United States was subject to customs duties which were not paid by Pepke. Pepke set up the claim that the imposition of duties on merchandise under the circumstances was contrary to the constitution of the United States and in violation of his rights as a citizen.

The case came to the supreme court from the district court of the United States for the northern division of Illinois. In that court the facts set up in Pepke's plea were admitted by demurrer filed by the United States and that court sustained the demurrer, overruling the plea and entering judgment against the merchandise thus seized, and directing that it be sold in accordance with the law and from this decision the present writ of error was prosecuted.

In his opinion in the Philippine case Chief Justice Fuller said that the Philippine islands ceased to be foreign as soon as the Paris treaty of peace was signed and the resolutions to which he referred as being ineffective and not binding was the resolution adopted by the senate soon after the ratification of the treaty.

PORTO RICO CASE DECIDED.

Government Wins Second Dooley Case and Can Collect Duty.

Washington, Dec. 3.—The United States supreme court yesterday decided the second of the Dooley cases, involving the constitutionality of the law of April 12, providing for the collection of duty on articles shipped from the United States into Porto Rico. The decision was rendered by Justice Brewer. The government is sustained in the second Dooley case. In the Dooley case Justice Brown's opinion held that Porto Rico is not foreign territory, the goods shipped to Porto Rico are not exports, but whether exports or imports the wide range of congress in the matter of taxation was sufficient for a contingency and it was explicitly provided in the Foraker act that the Porto Rico legislature should change the character of the act. It was held that the Foraker act was merely legislation in the interests of Porto Rico. The Foraker act was sustained on the grounds laid down in the Downes case, another of the insular cases decided at the last term. The decision of the lower court was affirmed. Justice Brown explicitly said that the opinion was not to be construed as a justification of export duties.

Judge White concurred in the result, but rendered another decision. This case grows out of the imposition of tariff duties on goods shipped from New York to Porto Rico, May 1, 1900, to October 23 of the same year.

Governor of Oklahoma to be Ousted.

Washington, Nov. 30.—The major portion of the last cabinet meeting before the convening of congress was devoted to going over some recess appointments which will be sent to congress next week. Considerable time was spent upon the question of re-appointing Governor Jenkins of Oklahoma. Charges were made against Governor Jenkins regarding his connection with a cattle company organized in the territory and the president gave him a hearing last Monday. It was decided not to reappoint him.

Mourning hides a multitude of other feelings.

In some parts of England bedbugs are politely referred to as "Norfolk Howards." The reason is thus explained: Some years ago a stylish young man became disgusted with his name, which was John Bugg, and he changed it to Norfolk Howard.

In some of the hotels in Sweden women are entertained at less cost than men, because, as a rule, they do not eat so much. A man and wife are charged as one and one-half persons if they occupy the same room. A husband and wife may travel as one and one-half persons by railway.

A farmer in La Crosse, Wis., is in luck. John Waluma, the lucky individual, recently found in a sack of wheat, gold, notes and securities to the value of \$2,500. Two years ago his father died, and the son had been looking for this treasure for months after the old gentleman's death.

A French scientist claims to have discovered that laziness in mankind is caused by bacteria. Now he is experimenting with drugs which he hopes will kill the microbes of laziness, and permit the man to become industrious and energetic, and eager to earn a good living. We fear there are many people who are so fond of idleness that they will never willingly let the innocent little microbes be harmed.

Professor Syle, of the State university, cannot tolerate snobbishness on the part of his scholars, and any such offense is sure to call forth some keen, sarcastic comment. The other day, while calling the roll of one of his classes, he came upon the card of a Miss Greene. He paused and expressed his disapproval of the final e in her name by saying: "G-r-e-e-n-e, does that spell Green or Greenie?" Miss Greene promptly replied: "S-y-l-l-e, does that spell Syle or Sillie?"

A Clergyman's Discovery.

Fredericksburg, Ind., Dec. 2.—According to the positive declaration of Rev. E. P. Stevens of this place, that gentleman has found a remedy for all diseases of the kidneys and urinary organs. For years he suffered severely with these complaints, incontinence of the urine, making life a burden to him, but he never ceased experimenting in the hope that some day he would discover a remedy. After many failures he has at last succeeded and is today perfectly cured and a well man, and explains that his recovery is due to the use of Dodd's Kidney Pills. This remedy has been successfully applied to many cases of Lame Back, Rheumatism, Bright's Disease, Diabetes and other Kidney Diseases and there seems to be no case of the kind that Dodd's Kidney Pills will not cure. This is the only remedy that has ever cured Bright's Disease.

The nightingale is no more interested than the midnight cat to the man who wants to sleep.

Don'ts for Women.

Don't keep the match box in a closet.
Don't fold unlaundered curtains.
Don't cool tomatoes in the ice box.
Don't buy "cheap" lines as they are the dearest.
Don't use "cheap" soap in the laundry as it costs the most.
Don't use a starch that will produce that harsh crackling effect, but go to your grocer and order Defiance Starch, 16 ounce package for 10 cents. Made by Magnetic Starch Co., Omaha, Neb.

A wife who is a good cook makes a cheerful husband.

DANDRUFF CAUSED BY A GERM.

A New Discovery That Kills the Germ and Prevents Baldness.

Pretty nearly all the hair preparations for dandruff have some merit in allaying itching of the scalp, and in being a fairly good dressing for the hair, but there is only one that recognizes what causes dandruff, falling hair and baldness, and that destroys the cause, a little germ, and that is Newbro's Herpicide. This germ eats its way into the scalp, down to the hair root, where it saps that vitality, causing dandruff as it digs up the scalp into little white scales. Unless it is destroyed there's no permanent stopping of falling hair and cure of dandruff and baldness. Newbro's Herpicide kills the germ. Destroy the cause, you remove the effect."

A young man in love can never see any good in his rival.

Brooklyn, N. Y., Dec. 2.—Garfield Headache Powders are sold here in large quantities. This shows that people realize the value of a remedy at once effective and harmless. The Powders are of undoubted value in curing headaches of any kind and in building up the nervous system. Investigate every grade of remedies offered for the cure of headaches and the Garfield Headache Powders will be found to hold first place. Write the Garfield Tea Co. for samples.

These not paying their debts should adopt "Never give up" as their motto.

I am sure Piso's Cure for Consumption saved my life three years ago.—Mrs. Thos. Toblins, Maple Street, Norwich, N. Y., Feb. 17, 1900.

Since January 1, 118 lives have been lost by accident in the Swiss Alps—a larger number than in any similar period in the past.

INSIST ON GETTING IT.

Some grocers say they don't keep Defiance Starch. This is because they have a stock on hand of other brands containing only 12 oz. in a package, which they won't be able to sell first, because Defiance contains 16 oz. for the same money. Do you want 16 oz. instead of 12 oz. for same money? Then buy Defiance Starch. Requires no cooking.

If a man is a genius his neighbors all say he is crazy.

Hamlin's Wizard Oil Co. send song book free. Your druggist sells the oil and it stops pain.

Adam was the one and only man created free and equal.

Ask your grocer for DEFIANCE STARCH, the only 16 oz. package for 10 cents. All other 10-cent starch contains only 12 oz. Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded.

Many a hard chain is made up of soft swags.

WHAT A LEADING AGRICULTURIST SAYS OF WESTERN CANADA.

Prof. Thomas Shaw of Minnesota University Gives an Unbiased Opinion.

In a letter to "The Farmer," St. Paul, dated Sept. 1st, 1901, Prof. Thomas Shaw of the Minnesota State University has the following to say, after having made a trip through Western Canada: "The capabilities of the immense area known as Western Canada are but little understood on this side of the line. Our people are apt to look upon it as a region of frost and snow, a country in which but a small portion of the land relatively will ever be tillable, because of the rigors of the climate. True, the climate is cold in winter, but Western Canada has, nevertheless, just that sort of climate which makes it the most reliable wheat producing country in all the continent.

An Immense Area.

Western Canada is not only an immense area, but the same description will apply to those portions of the country that are capable of being successfully tilled or grazed. Nearly all of the prairie Province of Manitoba can be brought under cultivation, although probably not one-third of its surface has been laid open by the plow. Assiniboia to the west is a grain and stock country. Saskatchewan to the north of Assiniboia has high adaptation for the same. This also may be said of Alberta to the west. Here lies what may be termed a grain-growing and stock producing empire, the resources of which have been but little drawn upon comparatively, viewed from the standpoint of the agriculturist. When it is called to mind that even in the Peace River country in Athabasca, and several hundreds of miles north of the Canadian boundary, wheat was grown which won a premium at the World's Fair in 1893, the capabilities of this country in wheat production loom up more brightly than even the brilliant northern lights of the land that lies toward the pole.

Adapted to Stock and Grain Production.

The region under consideration is, however, mainly adapted to growing grain and grazing stock. Much of it is adapted to growing both grain and stock, but certain areas, especially towards the mountains, are only adapted to ranching, except where irrigation will yet be introduced. This, of course, can be done successfully along the many streams that flow down from the Rockies and water the country towards the east and north. The adaptation of the country for wheat production is of a high character. The cool nights that usually characterize the ripening season are eminently favorable to the filling of the grain, and to the securing of a plump berry, and consequently large yields. The crop this year is a magnificent one. In Manitoba and the territories it should certainly give an average of more than 20 bushels per acre. But should the yield be not more than 20 bushels, the crop will be a most handsome one, owing to the large area sown to wheat. Many farmers only grow grain. But those who do succeed as well in growing oats and barley as in growing wheat, hence these foods for stock should always be abundant. Some grow cattle mainly, and others combine the two. The last named, of course, is doubtless the safest of the three during a long course of years, that is to say, where much farming is practicable.

Quality of the Live Stock.

It was a pleasurable surprise to note the high quality of the stock. The average of quality in cattle is higher than the average of cattle in our state, unless in the dairy classes. This opinion is not reached rashly or without ample opportunity for investigation. I spent three long days in the show ring at Winnipeg making the awards in the beef classes. I question if any of our states, single handed, could make such a showing in cattle. It was my privilege to make the awards at several shows and at all of their fairs were evidences that much attention is given to the improvement of the stock. I noted carefully the character of the herds that grazed along the railroad and everywhere the high average of the quality of the stock was in evidence.

Reasons for Quality in Stock.

The quality of the grass is good. Many of the settlers came from Ontario and had been schooled as to the value of good stock before going west. The railroads and the government have taken a deep interest in making it less difficult and costly to the farmers to secure good males.

Those who are anxious of changing their residence should bear in mind that the lands in Western Canada are many of them free and others reasonably cheap.

Information will gladly be given by any agent of the Canadian government, whose advertisement appears elsewhere.

Some men first pay women compliments, afterwards alimony.

ARE YOUR CLOTHES FADED?

Use Russ Bleaching Blue and make them white as a. Use. At all good grocers.

Numbers of men like to lean on other men.

Mother Gray's Sweet Powders for Children

Successfully used by Mother Gray, nurse in the Children's Home in New York. Cure Feverishness, Bad Stomach, Teething Disorders, move and regulate the Bowels and Destroy Worms. Over 30,000 testimonials. At all druggists, 25c. Sample FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

The world is never cold to the warm-hearted.

Don't Trifle With Rheumatism. Use MATT J. JOHNSON'S OINT. Cures quickly, safely and permanently.

In traveling the road to wealth, keep to the right side.

EVERYBODY

KNOW THAT MUNGERS LAUNDRY is the best in the city. Try them and be decided.
Maine Office 211-915 NINTH St
Branch Office 504 MULBERRY St.
PHONE 579.

SHANK BROS.,

Funeral Directors
517 Mulberry St.
Telephones 686, 688 and 689.
DES MOINES, IOWA

Counting Years in Japan.
Mr. B. Mayehatake, a young Japanese who has been studying in Chicago, gives an explanation of the method by which time is reckoned in the chrysanthemum land. The Japanese year begins on our January 1, but instead of counting from the birth of Christ a reckoning is made from the reign of Japan's first emperor, Zimu. Our 1901 is the year 2561 in Japan. When a new ruler mounts the throne a distinctive name is given to his reign and a sort of petty calendar is kept of the years of his government, just as we keep track of the age of our republic, writing in legal documents: "Year of our Lord 1901, and of the independence of the United States the 125th." The name for the present mikado's rule, which began thirty-three years ago, is Meiji. This word is pronounced May-see, and means "peaceful government." Therefore, the current year in Japan is Meiji 34 as well as Zimu 2561.

We want you to subscribe for the IOWA STATE BYSTANDER.

An Old Lady's Mistake.
Cardinal Gibbons was formerly a frequent visitor to Cape May and usually took long walks morning and afternoon by the seashore. He always wore his cardinal's skull cap of scarlet silk, of which an inch or so showed below the rim of his silk hat. One afternoon while he was on the board walk an old lady stopped him and said: "Excuse me, sir, but the lining of your hat has slipped down in the back." The cardinal thanked her gravely, but as soon as she left laughed heartily at her mistake.

Ingenuity.
The following ingenious mode of crossing a river was once displayed by a kamir, who had for some time stood watching the vain attempts of a party of soldiers to cross the stream at a time when to ford it was attended by considerable danger. After smiling at their efforts with that sardonic expression remarkable among those savages, he quietly raised a heavy stone, placed it on his head and then walked, with perfect ease, through the torrent to the opposite side.

Sober Second Thought.
Tom—"Was it hard to tell Miss Autumnal you loved her?"
Jack—"Not half so hard as it was to explain matters after I got sober."—Chicago News.

If we could only look at our own troubles as philosophically, as we do at those of others, happiness would be ours.

Caused by a Cow's Tail.
Lock Haven (Penn.) Spe. Philadelphia Inquirer: Mrs. Joseph Ross, of Pleasant Gap, met with a most peculiar accident. When she went into the barnyard to do the milking, a cow switched its tail, which caught in the handle of the milk bucket. The hook on the bucket handle caught in the palm of Mrs. Ross's hand. Then the heifer started to run, dragging Mrs. Ross about the barnyard until she was seriously if not fatally injured, the hook at last releasing her after tearing completely through the hand from the fleshy base of the thumb diagonally across to the little finger.

Grave Filling Device.
A device for use in constructing graves, the invention of Henry D. Cameron, of Burlington, Iowa, is designed to fill the grave with earth after the coffin has been lowered, and to conceal as far as possible the actual throwing of the dirt upon the coffin, the most trying termination of the grave ceremony to the bereaved mourners. It consists of a receptacle, with detachable sides and bottom, and a gate in the latter so arranged as to be capable of being opened to allow the contents to fall. The front is a flexible curtain, extending from the top to the gate, and designed to prevent the earth within from being seen. This receptacle is filled with earth previous to the ceremony and carried to a convenient point. When all is over and the grave is to be filled, the receptacle is placed over it, and the gates opened, thus gently closing the last sad scene in a much more fitting manner than the seemingly cold-headed return of the earth with a spade.

First Bricks in North America.
The first bricks made on North American soil were manufactured by the colonists of Virginia in 1612. They were used in building the church at Jamestown and the residences of the governor and the more important citizens. A portion of Jamestown church is still standing, and the bricks of which it was built are in good preservation and appear to have been well made.

One Fare Plus \$2.00 for the Round Trip
Is the rate the Northern Pacific will make to western points reached via its line, on account of Home-seekers excursions. Selling dates will be Oct. 15, Nov. 5 and 19 and Dec. 3 and 17. For further information write G. D. Rogers D. P. A., N. P. R., No. 503 Locust St., Des Moines, Ia., or address Chas. S. Fee, G. P. & T. A., N. P. R., St. Paul, Minn.

Among the tens of thousands who have used Chamberlain's Cough Remedy for colds and la grippe during the past few years, to our knowledge, not a single case has resulted in pneumonia. Thos. Whitfield & Co., 240 Wabash avenue, Chicago, one of the most prominent retail druggists in that city, in speaking of this, says: "We recommend Chamberlain's Cough Remedy for la grippe in many cases, as it not only gives prompt and complete recovery, but also counteracts any tendency of la grippe to result in pneumonia." For sale by all Druggists.

DANISH PROVERBS.

Even crumbs are bread.
Opportunity makes the thief.
Faint praise is akin to abuse.
Short flax makes long thread.
Power often goes before talent.
Death does not blow a trumpet.
Gray hairs are death's blossoms.
Praise a fair day, in the evening.
Alone in counsel, alone in sorrow.
A short cut is often a wrong one.
New comers are always welcome.
Every bird needs its own feathers.
Let every bird sing its own note.
Trust everybody, but thyself most.
We must suffer much, or die young.
Every man thinks his copper is gold.
Every wind is against a leaky ship.
Unwilling service earns no thanks.
A woman's first counsel is the best.
He that courts injury will obtain it.
He who flees proves himself guilty.
Do not wade when you see no bottom.
It is bad to lean against a falling wall.
Better the child cry than the mother sigh.
We must sow even after a bad harvest.
An ill-tempered dog has a scarred nose.
Never let fools see half finished work.
Even he gets on who is drawn by oxen.
Big words seldom go with good deeds.
It is folly to fear what one cannot avoid.
He is easy to lure who is ready to follow.
Little sorrows are loud, great ones silent.
Riches are often abused, but never refused.
Every fool thinks he is clever enough.
Under white ashes lie often glowing embers.
A thankless man never does a thankful deed.
It is the raised stick that makes the dog obey.
It is hard to pay for bread that has been eaten.

WISE AND OTHERWISE.

Love and philosophy are sworn enemies.
Old age commands respect—except in poultry and jakes.
Some men are in advance of their age, but women are always a few years behind it.
The failure of a bank may not upset the depositor, but he is apt to lose his balance.
You have to give some men a sound thrashing before you can command their respect.
No matter how erect a general may be he is apt to learn more or less on his staff.
The girl who used muckilage to keep her hair in curl has been much stuck-up ever since.
Perhaps some people talk to themselves because they find it impossible to interest any one else.
In order to retain her youth and popularity all a girl has to do is acquire a fortune and remain single.
The average man does just as many queer things when he isn't in love as when he is, but they are less conspicuous.
What a merry old place the earth would be if it were to lose its atmosphere. All bodies would then lose their gravity.
Says a rural editor: "We trust our subscribers will pardon us for appearing a day late this week. Our wife borrowed our scissors to cut our son's hair."
Britains Degenerating Physically.
According to Arnold White, an English critic, the inhabitants of the British Isles are degenerating physically. He bases his conclusions on the results of recruiting for the Boer war. In the Manchester district alone 8,000 out of 11,000 men who offered themselves for military service were certified unfit to endure a soldier's life.
Sultan Doctors Himself.
The Sultan of Turkey is devoted to the study of chemistry and has given a good deal of time to the study of medicine, a study which he first took up because of fears that his life was in danger from poison. He now doctors his own ailments so long as they are not of a serious nature.

PRILLS OF FASHION.

Variations in children's gowns blossom out from time to time, even though they are very slight, and small girls rival their mothers in their ambition to keep up to date.
Soft wool materials make up very prettily in this way. In figured French flannel the collar may be made of the same and trimmed with rows of narrow braid or velvet ribbon. Skirts of the small gowns are usually plain, but the older girls have some sort of trimming, either tucks, stitched bands, ruffles or velvet folds, stitched on.
The long-waisted mode, in which the waist line rounds down low in front, is conspicuously evident among the gowns for girls over 10 years of age, and the small gowns for dainty little girls of 6 imitate this fashion as much as possible by having the long waist all around. Gulmpe dresses, which never seem to go out of style, are suitable for all ages, from 6 to the more mature years of middle age.
Bolero jackets are very popular in the kingdom of small costumes, and the attempt to produce the effect of stolec ends is seen in one little gown, where narrow lace revers are carried down the entire length of the front, as shown in the illustration. Another pretty effect is made by two box plaits in front, one at either side from the yoke to the hem, and two in the back, giving a long effect to the waist, which is defined with a narrow velvet belt ending in small velvet rosettes at either side of the front on the plaits. The skirt gathers on to the waist between the plaits, which apparently are a continuation of those in the waist. A sailor collar of lace covers the shoulders in the back and opens in front over a ruche of tucked white silk or batiste.
Thin gowns of point d'esprit for party wear are variously trimmed with ruffles, ruffles, lace insertion and rows of colored satin ribbon. A pretty feature of the small girl's costume is the coat and hat to match.—New York Sun.

ORIGINAL NOTICE.

In the District Court of the State of Iowa, in and for Polk county:
Birdie Gay
vs
John Gay } January Term, A. D. 1901.
To John Gay: You are hereby notified that on or before the 15th day of December, A. D. 1901, there will be a petition on file in the Clerk's office of the district court, in and for Polk County, Iowa, claiming of you a divorce from the bonds of matrimony that is now existing between you and plaintiff, on the grounds of desertion without a cause, and such other relief as may be just and equitable, and unless you appear and make defense thereto, on or before noon of the 7th day of January, A. D. 1902, which is the second day of the said January of 1902 term of court, which is held at the court house at Des Moines, Polk county, Iowa, default will be rendered against you and decree rendered thereon as prayed for in the petition, dated this 21 day of November, A. D. 1901.
J. B. ROSE,
Attorney for plaintiff.

NOTICE OF EXPIRATION.

To Estin Week:
You are hereby notified that the following described real estate, situated in Polk county, Iowa, to-wit: Lot Thirteen (13) Block B, Des Moines Co's addition to town of Polk City, Iowa, was sold for the taxes of 1895, 1896, 1897 on the Fifth day of December 1898 to J. L. Sands. That the certificate of sale thereof has been assigned to and is now owned and held by J. W. Higgins, and that the right of redemption will expire, and a Treasurer's Deed for said land will be made unless redemption from such sale be made within ninety days from the date of completed service of this notice. You will govern yourself accordingly.
Dated 22nd day of November, A. D. 1901.
J. W. RIGGLES,
Owner of certificate.

Swiss Rifle Union.

The Swiss Rifle Union has no less than 4,000 sections spread all over the country, with a total of 120,000 members, says a Lucerne correspondent. Every fourth year this union organizes a grand rifle meeting, at which prizes are given.

Sherry in the Coffee.

A little sherry and also coffee added to chocolate very much improves the drink. A tablespoonful of sherry and four of clear, strong coffee to six cupfuls of chocolate is about the right proportion. Both should be added after the chocolate is taken from the fire.

Police Need Language Drill.

At the suggestion of a Chicago justice of the peace a school is to be opened in that city in which policemen will be taught elementary grammar, so that they can express themselves more clearly on the witness stand.

Baltimore's City Bacteriologist.

Dr. William Lloyd Stokes, bacteriologist of the city of Baltimore, has been elected a member of the faculty of the College of Physicians and Surgeons in that city, and has been given the chair of pathology.

World's Largest Apple Orchard.

Ex-Gov. Morrill of Kansas owns what is said to be the largest apple orchard in the world. When work now in progress has been completed, the orchard will contain 64,000 trees.

Elijah and "Dr." Dowle Compared.
"I am Elijah," says "Dr." Dowle. One difference that suggests itself is that whereas Elijah was fed by the ravens, Dowle is fed by the gulls.—New York Herald.

Seeley-Howe-LeVan Co.,

2 Great December Drives

Short Jackets

500 ladies' short jackets worth in a regular way \$12.00 and \$15.00. 90 on sale Saturday to all while they last, Choice

\$2.98.

Walking Skirts

200 Ladies' Walking Skirts, of good material, regular price \$5.00 to \$7.00. Go on sale Saturday—while they last, Choice

\$2.98.

You Can't Afford to Miss This Sale.

The Busy Dry Goods—Corner 6th and Walnut.

MUSCATINE NEWS.

Mr. Joe Johnson of Burlington, who has been visiting his mother Mrs. Malone and recuperating in health, returned home Monday morning.
Mrs. Peter Townley and daughter Miss Alice Phoenix are visiting friends and relatives in Chicago.
Mr. Arthur Manley was pleasantly surprised last Monday evening—the occasion being his birthday. Games and music were the features of the evening. Light refreshments were served and all report a pleasant evening.
Mrs. G. W. Pearson of Rock Island spent Thanksgiving with relatives and friends, returning home Monday morning.
The Hodrons club gave a fine entertainment Thanksgiving at the A. M. E. church. A splendid program was rendered. The young ladies served refreshments.
Mrs. S. Loyd and daughter are visiting in Rock Island.
The Dunbar club is rehearsing twice a week for the drama to be rendered January 1, 1902.
Mrs. F. E. White entertained at dinner Sunday Mrs. Ousley and daughter and Mr. Wm. Brooks.
Mr. Edward Grooms is visiting in Chicago.
Mrs. R. C. Ousley entertained at 5 o'clock tea Tuesday evening: Messrs White and Davis, Mesdames Grooms, White and Watson, Misses Boyd and White.
The Dunbar club will give an entertainment Wednesday evening. The debate: "Resolved that a man will go farther for a dollar than a woman." Affirmative Wm. Shackelford and A. SaaBrooks; Negative Barnes and Seay.
All delinquent subscribers, please pay up before 1902.

ALBIA NOTES.

Rev. Ed. G. Jackson was a business visitor in Cleveland two days of this week. The Masons served supper in their hall Thanksgiving evening. Quite a large crowd turned out.
W. T. Swain's Nashville Students showed in the opera house here Wednesday evening. It was an excellent show. Messrs J. Vaughn, Reese Underwood, W. Taylor, P. Reed and Mrs. Underwood of Hilton were in town this week.
Rev. M. T. Gordon of Ottumwa assisted Rev. Jackson with his first quarterly meeting in Albia.
A surprise party was tendered Mr. and Mrs. Ben Grayson at their home Saturday evening. It was their 20th anniversary, and their many friends came to remind them. Music and conversation were the principal features of the evening. After serving refreshments a toast was made by Rev. Ed G. Jackson.
Mrs. Maggie Gordon of Hilton spent Sunday in Albia with her sister Mrs. Allie Boman.
Mr. Burt Jones and Mrs. Reese Underwood spent Thanksgiving in Oskaloosa.
Mrs. Ada Reed returned Friday evening from a three weeks' visit with her sister, Mrs. Martin in Garden Grove.

MARSHALLTOWN ITEMS.

Lawyer H. R. Wright of Des Moines spent Sunday and Monday in the city on business and visiting his parents and relatives.
Mr. and Mrs. I. L. Brown entertained at dinner Sunday Mr. and Mrs. Frank Miller of this city and Mr. and Mrs. Young of Mason City.
Mr. and Mrs. R. J. Wright held a family reunion at their home, 411 N 2nd avenue, in honor of their son, attorney H. R. Wright and their niece Miss Mattie Walker, who are guest of the city. All the members of both families were present and a very enjoyable evening spent.
Miss Mattie Walker of Butte, Montana, who has been visiting relatives and friends, leaves Tuesday evening for New City where she will spend the winter.
Miss Jessie Walker will accompany her sister as far as Chicago where she will visit friends.
The social under the auspices of the B. Y. P. U. Thanksgiving evening was a grand success.
There will be an organization of the Ministerial and Deacons' Union at the First Baptist church the 6, 7 and 8.

STORYETTES.

It is said that the Indians gave the first eastern immigrants who reached California the name of "Wo-hah," formed from "whoa-haw," the sound they heard the drivers produce when they shouted to their oxen.
When Oliver Goldsmith was one day asked regarding James Boswell, "Who is this Scotch cur at Johnson's heels?" the author of "The Good-Natured Man" characteristically responded: "You are too severe. He is not a cur, he is only a bur. Tom Davies fang him at Johnson in sport and he has the faculty of sticking."
One day in a London tobacconist's shop, Sandow, the strong man, was handed some change, and in the middle of it he saw something that looked like a bad shilling. He pushed it back across the counter. "I think that one is bad," he said. "Nonsense," said the shop keeper, with an incredulous air. He took up the shilling and tried it in the little brass coin-tester that was screwed to the side of the counter. Then he tendered it again. "It's quite good," he said, "I can't bend it." Sandow smiled and took it between his finger and thumb. "You can't bend it! May I try?" he asked. "Certainly," said the man, with a grin. The strong man pressed the tip of his forefinger toward the tip of his thumb, and the spurious coin bent like tissue paper. "Well," said the tobacconist, dumfounded, "it looks like a wrong 'un after all. Perhaps you will accept another?" And Sandow did.
President Porfirio Diaz of Mexico gained national prominence and won his spurs at the battle of Puebla, where the liberal forces made a gallant but ineffectual stand against the French who had invaded Mexico for the purpose of erecting a throne for Maximilian. Notwithstanding that the Mexican forces were defeated, their defense against superior numbers was so gallant that the anniversary of the battle of the 5th of May became a national holiday in Mexico. A brusque American once asked the President: "Why do you Mexicans celebrate a defeat, when you know that the French finally took Puebla?" President Diaz, with a twinkle in his eye, replied: "Perhaps we imitated the Americans even to the extent of celebrating our defeats, for I have been told that the British defeated the colonists at Bunker Hill, and yet you built a monument to commemorate the event."

SERMONETTES ON M'KINLEY.

The President's home was ideal, and his loyalty as a disciple of Jesus Christ was notable. Rev. D. McLeod, Presbyterian, Washington, D. C.
The heroic spectacle of that Christian deathbed is an example for all time of how a Christian man may meet the issues of life and death.—Rev. C. J. Young, Puritan, New York City.
Above all, McKinley was a Christian, exemplifying in his daily life the sublime power and excellency of the principles of Christianity.—Rev. Dr. Chapman, Methodist, Washington, D. C.
The simple truth is this, anarchy is atheism. It is the denial of any overruling Providence and the refusal to recognize any God whose will is law.—Rev. Dr. Huntington, Episcopalian, New York City.
President McKinley is dead, but he lives in the lives and in the hearts of all decent people as a man who was true to his God, his country and his manhood.—Rev. C. L. Twing, Episcopalian, Brooklyn, N. Y.
The doctrine that humanity could exist, that order and civilization could be maintained without law and order, as the disciples of anarchy assert, is one of the rabid notions.—Rev. Dr. Drachman, Rabbi, New York City.
There is a national grief, and there must needs be a national lesson. What is this horde which finds a harbor among us, and who, to further their own principles and ideas, strike at the innocent and lay them low? They are a class with diseased minds, on evil bent.—Rev. R. M. Kemp, Episcopalian, New York City.

BILLPOSTING IN FRANCE.

The landlord, usufructuary or tenant in chief, has always the right to oppose any posting on his house and he can take down all posters placarded without his permission.
All placarding, done knowingly, of posters which do not contain the names, profession and address of the author and printer is punished by imprisonment of from six days to six months. This punishment is reduced to a fine if the printer's name be disclosed.
If the contents of a poster incite to crime or misdemeanors, if they be contrary to morality, the distributors, printers or authors will be punished with a fine of from 16 to 500 francs, imprisonment from one to twelve months and the confiscation of the posters.
No private individual may placard posters on public monuments or on places destined to receive official posters—penalty 100 francs. Posting is not allowed on walls of buildings bearing the legend "Stick no bills."—Chicago Chronicle.

IN A NUTSHELL.

The demand for electrical ventilators in India is ahead of the supply.
Electrical apparatus used in mining in this country is estimated to be worth about \$100,000,000.
Paving experiments are to be made in Havana with vitrified bricks, granite squares and sandstone blocks.—Philadelphia Record.

Thrown from His Car and Killed.
The following is a most interesting and, in one respect, pathetic tale:—
Mr. J. Pope, 42 Ferrar Road, Strat- ham, England, said:
"Yes, poor chap, he is gone, dead— horse bolted, thrown off his seat on his cab he was driving and killed— poor chap, and a good sort, too, mate. It was him, you see, who gave me the half-bottle of St. Jacobs Oil that made a new man of me. 'Twas like this: me and Bowman were great friends. Some gentleman had given him a bottle of St. Jacobs Oil which had done him a lot of good; he only used half the bottle, and remembering that I had been a martyr to rheumatism and sciatica for years, that I had literally tried everything, had doctors, and all without benefit, I became dis- couraged, and looked upon it that there was no help for me. Well," said Pope, "You may not believe me, for it is a miracle, but before I had used the contents of the half-bottle of St. Jacobs Oil which poor Bowman gave me, I was a well man. There it is, you see, after years of pain, after using remedies, oils, embrocations, horse liniments, and spent money on doctors without getting any better, I was completely cured in a few days. I bought another bottle, thinking the pain might come back, but it did not, so I gave the bottle away to a friend who had a lame back. I can't speak too highly of this wonderful pain- killer."

Some men can bear the stern realities of life better than the fancy frills.

Winstow's Soothing Syrup.
For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

Never grow weary of doing your full duty in life.

THE BEST LAUNDRY WORK
is done by the use of Russ Bleaching Blue. All grocers. 10c. Get the genuine.

A hypocrite, like the letter P, is first in pity and last in help.

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES are as easy to use as soap. No muss or failures. 10c per package. Sold by druggists.

Never ask a favor unless you are willing to grant one.

CALIFORNIA TRAVEL.
The railroads are making ready for an unusually large travel to California during the winter.

Notice has been given by the Chi- cago, Burlington & Quincy R. R. that they will run three "personally con- ducted" excursions to the coast every week. Two from Chicago and one from St. Louis.

The route they have selected is through Colorado and Utah because of the magnificent mountain scenery. These through car parties make it easy nowadays to get to California and the expense is nothing like what it used to be.

Singing in sorrow is the sign of God's saints.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, I. S. S.
LUCAS COUNTY,
Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State of Ohio, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every false statement that cannot be cured by the use of Hall's Catarrh Cure.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1904.
A. W. GLEASON,
Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by Druggists, 75c. Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Experience may cost in ideals, but it gives us knowledge.

Are You Using Allen's Foot-Ease? It is the only cure for Swollen, Smarting, Burning, Sweating Feet, Corns and Bunions. Ask for Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder to be shaken into the shoes. At all druggists and shoe stores. 25c. Sample sent FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

When it comes to drawing conveyances, lawyers are almost as good as satankeys.

I Have a Good Well Improved Farm for sale in Douglas County, Kan- sas, for \$30.00 per acre. A. V. Sharpe, Lawrence, Kansas.

MINNESOTA FARM LANDS. Write for our New Price List. HILDRETH & WATERMAN, Elk River, Minn.

DRPSY NEW DISCOVERY, gives cases. Drop of testimonials and 10 DAY treatment FREE. DR. R. H. CRICK'S SONS, Box 8, Atlanta, Ga.

Are You Moving West? You can save money on shipments of house- hold goods, wares and merchandise of all kinds for points in California, Oregon, Washington and Colorado. Write for rates to the BLUE LINE TRANSFER CO. (INCORPORATED)

DES MOINES, IOWA.
WOMEN! SUFFERERS!
Write to-day, for ONE CENT and PER DAY you cure yourself, at home, of Leucorrhoea, Ulceration, Displacement, Tumors and all female weaknesses. Address nearest Supply Office below. Partic- ulars free for stamped envelope.
Utova Supply Office, Des Moines, Iowa, Ella N. Van Fossen, Mgr.
Marshalltown, Ia., Mrs. G. P. Ward, Mgr.
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Box 94, Mabel, Minn., Utova Supply Office.
Box 32, Ithaca, N. Y., Utova Supply Office.
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Box 32, Westchester, Ia.
More Ladies needed in unassigned territory to manage office/s at home. Good pay. Send stamped envelope to Utova Co. Main offices, South Bend, Ind.

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"Best in the World"
and NOT BUILT
BY A TRUST.
Catalogue Sent Free on Application.
JEWETT TYPEWRITER CO.,
Home Office and Factory,
618 LOCUST ST., DES MOINES, IOWA.

PISSO'S CURE FOR
CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.
Best Cough Syrup, Tastes Good, Use
in time.
CONSUMPTION

..The Filibusters of Venezuela.

Or the Trials of a Spanish Girl.

By SEWARD W. HOPKINS.

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CHAPTER XVIII.—(Continued.)

"Who are you?" he asked in Eng- lish. As no reply came he repeated the question in Spanish.
"Don't shoot, señor!" came a voice in Spanish. "I am only a poor Carib."
"Advance, poor Carib, and give the countersign," said Lord Chugmough; whereas William, who did not under- stand Spanish, lunged forward to have a good look at the intruder.
Suddenly both he and his master were startled at hearing a low, sweet voice, as of a frightened child, cry:
"Save me! Oh, save me!"
"Bless my soul!" said Lord Chug- mough. "It's a girl!"
"Ha young lady, me lord," said Wil- liam.

Lord Chugmough strode forward and took the yielding form from the arms of the cringing Carib.
"Who is she?" he asked. "Why is she here?"
"Alas, señor," was the reply, "the river has risen, and I fear the land will be flooded, and I brought the senorita here for shelter. She has been very ill, señor, and in my care, and I must give her some medicine at once."
"Ah! You are a doctor, then?" said Lord Chugmough, looking down upon the beautiful upturned face of the girl he held in his arms.

"Yes," replied the Carib. "I am Namampa, the herb-doctor."
"Oh!" said Lord Chugmough, as if he knew all about it. "William, take the panther and deer skins and pre- pare a bed for this young lady. She is ill. She—pon my word—she has fainted."

"No, no! I am ill—weak!" mur- mured the girl. "That man is an en- emy. He—"
"Fear nothing," said Lord Chug- mough, in English. "He cannot harm you. Will you tell me your name, senorita?"
"My name is Lola Garza," she whis- pered. And then, in truth, she fainted.

"She is ill," said the old Carib. "I will give her her medicine, and when the storm has ceased I will take her away again."
Lord Chugmough tenderly laid the slight form down on the skins that William had spread, and then placed his hand on Namampa's arm with a grip that made the old Carib writhe with pain.

"Not till I know where you are tak- ing her," he said. "And, mind, if your medicine doesn't bring her round fair and square, I'll riddle you with lead."

CHAPTER XIX.

The Flood.

The great storm had an influence upon all the characters of this history, and to this influence some of the stir- ring events which follow may be at- tributed.
It placed a great barrier between the royalists on the south and the repub- licans on the north side of the swollen Orinoco, and delayed the departure of Philip of Aragon toward the capital.
But to no one did it bring such dis- tress and danger, change of plan and disaster, as to the two young Ameri- cans and the wife and daughter of General Salvarez, who had up to that time been secure in their underground retreat.

The first day of the storm they were content to wait quietly in their ap- parently safe shelter, fearing nothing.
But on the second day, when the roar of the rushing waters reached their ears, they began to feel anxious, not only for themselves but for Sal- varez, for they did not know how far he had got on his journey.

On the third day their anxiety for themselves became so great that nearly everything else was driven from their minds. Toward night, on this third day, the Coroni so far overflooded its banks as to send a rushing, roaring stream into the secret passage.

"We are lost!" cried Dona Maria, when the water began pouring in and spreading out over the floor of the caverns. "Once before there was a storm like this, and the caverns be- came filled with water."
"Is there any possibility of escape?" asked Tempest.

Jacinta looked dubiously from one to the other.
"The fatboat!" cried Dona Maria, suddenly. "If we could but reach it. It is strong—it can outlive the storm. It is not far from the entrance to the secret passage, if it has not been car- ried away. Nothing could upset it!"
"The very thing!" said Medworth. "Remember, Jack, the large boat at the wharf just above? We have seen it often enough."
"Good!" said Tempest. "We ought to be able to go to it, even if we had to swim."

"Come on," said Medworth, now thoroughly alert and alive to the dan- gers and possibilities of the situation.
He darted toward the entrance with Tempest splashing along close behind him, leaving Dona Maria and Jacinta huddled together, fearing, hoping, silently watching and trusting their brave companions.

The stream of water that poured in through the entrance was about a foot deep, and the roar of the storm and torrent about them was deafening.
There was no need for caution. The night was dark, and so fierce was the storm that no sentry was outside of the castle or the soldiers' quarters.

Medworth took his knife from his pocket and severed the rope.

With a mighty rush the boat swung down stream and across it, bringing up with a crash against the opposite bank, a short distance below the se- cret passage.

"Hurray!" shouted Tempest. "If we can wind up forty feet of rope we can bring it to the entrance."
They entered the deck-house and found that with only one mooring the boat moved against the stream as easily as across the current. Ten min- utes of hard work brought them to the mouth of the caverns.

Without hesitating, Medworth leaped off and made his way to the hole.

"Dona Maria!" he shouted. "Jacin- ta! Come! We have the boat and are waiting for you."

The voice of Dona Maria answered him, and soon the wife and daughter of Salvarez were at the entrance.

"Can you get out?" asked Medworth, extending his hand to assist them.

"With your assistance," replied Dona Maria, as, half by her own exertions and half by Medworth's help, she scrambled out of the hole. Jacinta fol- lowed her.

To reach the boat, which could not be brought nearer than twelve feet to the mouth of the passage, they were forced to flounder through from one to four feet of water, the depth increas- ing as they drew nearer the boat, and Medworth found himself unable to keep both women on their feet.

"Come and help me, Jack," he called.

Tempest leaped from the boat and splashed through the water to Ar- thur's side.

"Dona Maria, your hand," he yelled. The wife of Salvarez put her hand in his, and he led her to the boat, Arthur following with Jacinta.

"Now up," said Tempest. "A hand here, Medworth."

Between them they assisted Dona Maria aboard the fatboat and then lifted Jacinta out of the water and placed her by her mother's side.

Just then a terrific gust of wind lashed the water into increased fury; the strain on the rope was doubled, and it snapped. The boat was hurled away down the Coroni, leaving Tem- pest standing in the darkness, up to his waist in the rushing waters.

CHAPTER XX.

Tempest's Flight.

"Here's a pretty mess I'm in," said Tempest, when he had realized the full extent of the disaster that had come upon him. "The water rising rapidly, ground almost covered and the rain coming down harder than ever, and the fatboat, our last and only hope, gone and left me. What am I to do, I'd like to know."

He raised his voice to its full vol- ume and shouted Medworth's name, but had he possessed twice the lung power he could not have made himself heard on the boat that was being rapidly borne away in the darkness.

He scrambled back to the highest point of land along the river, the top of the sloping side that led down to the water's edge when the river was at its proper level, and here, just above the flood that was rising to meet him, he stood a moment to collect his scat- tered senses. If he wished to live, it was plain that he must think quickly and to some purpose, and to act as quickly. His first thought was to re- turn to the secret passage. It sudden- ly occurred to him that he had no weapon. But in great emergencies, when Tempest was obliged to think quickly, he acquitted himself credit- ably. It was so in this instance, as it had been in many others all over the world.

"First," he muttered to himself, "I will make His Royal Nibs a visit and see if I can borrow a gun. Then I'll borrow a horse and get away to a higher country, for, if I am not much mistaken, this part will be entirely under water in twenty hours more."

Upon reaching this conclusion he did not hesitate, but plunged through the increasing depth of water that was pouring in through the entrance to the caverns, and floundered through the swash toward the lantern that still hung high up where the water would not reach it for a few hours at least. He hurried up the stone steps to the sliding panel.

Putting his ear to this, he heard voices. At first they were low and in- distinct, and Tempest could not hear the words. But a heavy footstep sounded, and then he heard the well- known voice of Gomez.
"By all the saints!" he exclaimed. "This is a wet kingdom of yours, Philip."
"Is the water still rising?" asked the Spaniard.

"Yes," replied Gomez. "Reports have come in from the surrounding country that are truly disturbing. The Caribs at the head of the Coroni are moving up into the mountains. The llanos between here and the Orinoco are becoming completely submerged. Cattle by the thousand are being drowned, and those that have not yet be overwhelmed are huddling together on the high points, and if the storm keeps on forty-eight hours more they will be taken too."
"Is this castle in any danger?"
"No, Francisco tells me that once before they had a storm nearly as bad as this, and the land was covered with

water for miles around, yet this cas- tle, and Francisco's own house, both being built on high ground, escaped."
"Is there any danger of starvation— hunger among the troops, I mean?"
"Of course, if the storm continues many weeks, or even one week, I fear there would be; but I hope it will not come to that. The waters subside quickly after the storm ceases."
"But the Orinoco?"
"Ah, that is a serious matter. I fear it will be a good many days before we can cross the great river. The waters may subside here, but the Orinoco will be a raging torrent for days to come. I fear the ships that were on the river when the storm began are by now swept out to sea."
"Then the Turtle, with the remain- der of our rifles and ammunition, is gone."
"I fear so, but she may outride the storm and return."
"Let us hope so, at least," said Philip. "But I seem to see only dis- aster and failure before us."
After a few more words they left the council room together. Tempest lis- tened carefully to the receding foot- steps and waited even after they had died away, to learn if any one had been left.

Hearing nothing, he cautiously slid back the panel and peered inside the room.

Finding no one there, he stealthily crept inside and glanced hastily around for a weapon.

"No gun!" he muttered. "Not even a pistol."
Then he chanced to look down at the table.

There, lying upon a map that had been stained by dripping blood, was the knife that had been taken from the dead sentinel.

"Ah, the knife!" said Tempest. "Well, if this is all, it must be made to do."

Hastily seizing it, he crept again through the aperture, closed the panel carefully and went down into the underground passage and out in the terrible torrent.

Above the storm he heard a shrill scream as of a horse in mortal terror, and blindly following the sound as well as he was able to locate it, he soon found himself at the stables.

The stables upon which he had come were not the well-kept stables where the family horses of Salvarez were kept, but the sheds of the artillery and cavalry beasts. They consisted of lit- tle more than a long, peaked roof with outreaching eaves, supported by strong posts. Under this roof the horses stood tied in rows.

Tempest plunged in among them and holding the lantern to light his way, severed the leather halters with quick strokes of his knife, and set the horses, one after another, free.

This took him some time, and his arm was weary when he had finished.

When there was but one horse left, he flung himself upon its back, and, cutting the halter, clung to its mane, giving it perfect liberty to go where it would.

And with an abiding faith in the sa- gacity of the beasts he had liberated, Tempest clung tenaciously to his position and was borne swiftly over the marshy, storm-beaten ground.

(To be continued.)

GREATEST FRENCH DRAMATIST.

Sardon's Romantic Marriage and His Row with Sarah Bernhardt.

Mlle. Sardon, daughter of the dram- atist and academician, was married recently at St. Augustin, Paris, to Comte Robert de Fiers, a member of an old French family and a dramatist and critic. The President sent his son, M. Paul Loubet, to express his good wishes. M. Victorien Sardou was himself married under the most ro- mantic circumstances. As a young man he worked and starved in a gar- ret, and disappointment preyed upon his nerves till he fell ill. A young actress, Mlle. de Brecourt, took com- passion upon him, nursed him back to health, and introduced his work to the famous actress, Dejazet, through whom he was first acted. Sardou fell in love with and married his benefac- tress, whose death, ten years later, was the one great sorrow of his life. Sardou has made more money than any other dramatist, and he is prob- ably the only man who ever gave Sarah Bernhardt a shaking. The in- cident occurred at a rehearsal, and at a period when the divine Sarah was less eminent than she is now. They differed as to the way in which a pas- sage should be declaimed, and Sardou, losing his temper, seized the actress by the shoulder, and gave her a shak- ing. She retorted by slapping his face and afterward challenged him to a duel!—London Star.

Done, But Wouldn't Stop.

Sir William Long tells a story of an old Scotch lady who could not abide long sermons. She was hobbling out of kirk one Sunday, when a coachman, who was waiting for his people, asked her: "Is the minister dune wi' his ser- mon?" "He was dune lange syne," said the old lady, impatiently, "but he winna stop!"

Present to Contemporary King.

It is noted in the annals of Charle- magne as a great occurrence, that he sent a contemporary king a present of two silken gowns as the most valuable gift he could confer.

"I have played a desperate game and I have lost," remarked the stage villain just before his final disappearance. "But you are a darn sight better off than we are," murmured a tired look- ing man in the front row; "we paid money to get in."

Notary Angelo Alviti, of Alatri, in Sardinia, age 100, has just married a 26-year-old wife. He has a great-grandchild descended from one of his previous marriages. His mother knit- ted a pair of silk stockings for Pope Pius IX. when she was 105 years old.

A Louisville preacher recently made the assertion that "home life is safer in the dominions of the ameer of Afghanistan than it is in Kentucky. There are more murders in Louisville with 200,000 people than there are in London with 7,000,000. There are more murders in Kentucky with its 2,000,000 people than in Great Britain with a population of 40,000,000. Finally, there are more murders in the United States than in the whole of Europe, with Italy and Turkey left out and Russia included."

PIANOS FOR CHRISTMAS.

No gift can be more appropriate and acceptable at the season of joy and cheer than a fine, high-grade piano. And no piano is finer or of a higher grade than the "WONDER- FUL" A. B. CHASE PIANO, manufac- tured in Norwalk, Ohio, and recom- mended by the highest authorities, musical and otherwise, from Presi- dent McKinley down.

You can obtain one of these "won- derful" pianos direct from the fac- tory, "on trial," on most liberal terms, by addressing the manufactur- ers at Norwalk, Ohio, or their state representative, Nathan Ford, 1620 Sixth avenue, Des Moines, Iowa, en- closing this notice.

Youth strews flowers before beauty, old age throws itself.

To Cure a Cold in One Day. Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund money if it fails to cure. 25c.

Time lost in mending nets is saved in catching fish.

Oil in Texas Gulf Coast lands, any size tracts. Ten dollars up. Raise any crop. Cheap R. R. rates. Write for information. W. S. Swilley, Houston, Texas.

Long sermons may sometimes be termed clerical errors.

A NOTED PHYSICIAN

Makes an Important Statement of Interest to All Women.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—The honest, intelligent physician is above the 'School.' Whatever is best in each case should be used, no matter to what school a physician belongs. I, as a teacher of conscience, can only pre-

scribe the best, and as I know and have proven that there is nothing in Materia Medica which equals Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound in severe cases of female disorders, I unhesitatingly prescribe it, and have never yet been sorry. I know of nothing better for ovarian troubles and for falling of the womb or ulcerations; it absolutely restores the affected parts to their normal condition quicker and better than anything else. I have known it to cure barrenness in women, who to-day are happy mothers of children, and while the medical pro- fession looks down upon 'patents,' I have learned, instead, to look-up to the healing potion, by whatever name it be known. If my fellow physicians dare tell the truth, hundreds of them would voice my sentiments."—DR. WANATA, Lansing, Mich.

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No charge for ex- amination and opin- ion. No bogus "guarantees" or "refund schemes." Unequalled. Health book, etc. free. R. S. & A. B. LAUREY, Patent Attorneys, Washington, D. C.

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Wonderful wheat crop for 1901 now the talk of the Commercial World is by no means phenom- enal. The Province of Manitoba and districts of Assiniboia, Saskatch- ewan and Alberta are the most wonderful grain producing countries in the world. In stock raising they also hold the highest position. Thousands of Americans are annually making their home, and they succeed as they never did before. Write at once for the tide and secure a farm and home in Western Canada. Low rates and special privileges to homeseekers and settlers. The handsome forty-page Atlas of Western Canada sent free to all applicants. Apply for rates, etc., to F. Pedley, Superintendent Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or to N. Bartholomew, 309 Fifth St., Des Moines, Iowa.

Big Bargain In Railway Travel

Only one fare plus \$2 for a round-trip ticket to Kansas, Colorado, Oklahoma, Texas, New Mexico, Arizona, Salt Lake City, November 5 and 19, December 3 and 17. Tourist sleepers and chair cars. Irrigated lands, cattle ranches, mines, oil wells and orchards. The place to get a home or make profitable investments.

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Diamond "C" Soap

BEAUTIFUL PREMIUMS FOR THE WRAPPERS. PREMIUM LIST MAILED FREE. SEND FOR IT.

AN HONEST, PURE TALLOW SOAP. THE CUDAHY PACKING COMPANY, SOUTH OMAHA, NEB.

Has No Equal.

DEFIANCE

TRADE MARK

STARCH 16oz.

REQUIRES NO COOKING PREPARED FOR LAUNDRY PURPOSES ONLY

MANUFACTURED BY MAGNETIC STARCH MFG CO OMAHA, NEB.

You can't help being satisfied with Defiance Starch. It has all the qualities you want, there is more of it than you ever got before, and it will do more with less labor. It needs no cooking, simply mix with cold water. 16 ounce package for 10c.

Don't forget it—a better qual- ity and one-third more of it.

Iowa State Bystander.

By BYSTANDER PUB. CO.

DES MOINES, IOWA

FRIDAY, DECEMBER 6.

CLINTON.

The friends of Mrs. P. P. Taylor are glad to see her able to be out again after her protracted illness.

The annual concert which took place on Thanksgiving at Bethel church was not patronized as liberally as on former occasions owing to the several entertainments which took place that evening. A good audience was in attendance and apparently were well pleased, the numbers being heartily enjoyed.

Bethel choir gave a sacred concert Sunday night which was well attended.

Mrs. M. O. Culberson is reported slightly improved at this writing. Bethel choir was one of the attractions at St. Patrick's fair one evening last week, furnishing some very pleasing music.

Mrs. Helms of Prophetstown, Ill., visited with Mr. and Mrs. Dodson last week.

Mrs. J. T. Culberson is reported on the sick list.

Mrs. Rush of Keokuk is the guest of her daughter, Mrs. T. J. Culberson.

KEOKUK.

The home of Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Benthan has again been made sad by the death of their second and only daughter, Miss Sadie A. The peaceful young lady Wednesday afternoon, November 27, at 1:35 o'clock. She had been a sufferer from lung trouble since early spring of the present year, but was not taken to her bed until about six weeks ago.

She bravely withstood the approaching time that her sweet life should slip away to the God that gave. Here, indeed, was a beautiful type of the young Christian. As one of the friends wrote, she was "the very embodiment of goodness."

Miss Benthan was one of the noble young women not of the state itself, and the good she has done is everlasting. In her school days she did not follow but led her classmates. In company with one of the city's prominent young business men the writer was told of the unstinted assistance Miss Benthan had given him in his Latin translations and how classical and well balanced was her rendition of Virgil's finest similes.

Like all gifted young ladies, Miss Benthan was ambitious, and this, coupled with her excellent ladyship, led her to a field of duty in the school room and in the third year of her unbounded success she contracted a cold which eventually led to her early death. She was a member of the "class of '93 and graduated with "honorable mention," a most difficult thing to obtain in the high school of Keokuk. The high esteem in which she was held was evidenced by the numerous floral offerings from the city's representative and wealthy citizens. She was the first member of her class to die, and a beautiful bunch of roses was her classmates' token of sympathy. The funeral was held from the A. M. E. church, of which she was a devout member, Saturday at 2:30 p. m.

Dr. Francis J. Peterson delivered an eloquent and fitting discourse in which he beautifully exemplified that far-reaching truth—"He is able to keep that which is committed to His care."

KEOKUK NOTES.

The Seventh Street Baptist church is progressing nicely under their new pastor, Rev. Bingham.

On November 24 the church gave a rally. Receipts, \$65.

Rev. Bingham preached an excellent sermon Sunday morning which was followed by baptizing.

The Young People's Baptist Union was conducted by Mr. Ackles of the Christian church.

The church served dinner on Thanksgiving which was well attended by the members.

The Sunday school gave a social on Monday evening at the home of Miss Mattie Owens.

The young men gave delightful party at Eighth Street hall Tuesday evening. The young ladies were very profuse with their expressions of gratitude.

Mrs. Tom Beckner of Summitville made a flying trip to St. Joseph to spend Thanksgiving with her brother and sister, Margaret and Paul Owens, and will return to Keokuk on Friday, and will return to Keokuk will meet her where her husband will accompany her home.

Miss G. Perry of Des Moines is in the city and will be home with her sister, Miss Bingham.

Miss Ethel Jackson of Ft. Madison is being entertained at the home of Caroline Fry.

Little Blanche Kelly of Burlington visited in the city last week.

Mr. Thompson of Quincy spent Sunday in the city, the guest of Miss Clara Lowe.

Those girls would be willing to "hush" if Mr. K. J. Hamilton would "hurry" the photographs a little.

Mrs. William Alden is very sick with typhoid pneumonia at her home, 1607 Morgan street.

SIoux CITY.

Mr. and Mrs. Grant and family, who have been sick for the past three weeks, are slowly improving. The sympathy of the community is extended them.

Rev. Speese, of the A. M. E. church, gave a beautiful discourse Sunday evening on "Infidelity." All who were present were much benefited and went home feeling they could live more faithful lives to society, themselves and to God.

Sioux City is enthused over the announcement that Bishop Grant will be with them the 17th and 18th of December.

Thanksgiving dinner at both Baptist and Methodist churches was a marked success. The Methodists clearing about \$40.

Too much praise cannot be given Mrs. R. H. Early and her co-workers for their faithfulness in serving the Thanksgiving dinner at the A. M. E. church.

Thanksgiving Mr. and Mrs. J. Washington entertained at their home Mr. and Mrs. Sutton.

Mr. and Mrs. Baker entertained Rev. and Mrs. Speese Sunday at their home.

The Malone Chapel literary is proving to be quite a success under the presidency of Mr. P. Brown.

The Sioux City friends of Mr. and Mrs. Darr welcome them in their midst and hearty congratulations are extended to them in their newly married life.

The Baptist people feel much benefited by the revival effort held by Rev. Jeffries of Lincoln, Neb.

Little Myrtle Downing is on the sick list. The family have the sympathy of all.

OSCEOLA BUDGETARIAN.

The Thanksgiving dinner and supper served at the A. M. E. church was a decided success, the ladies clearing \$21. Good for Osceola.

Miss Dell Bryant was on the sick list last week but at this writing is better.

Miss Anna Williams is compelled to remain absent from school a few days this week owing to illness.

The King's Daughters and Sons met Monday at the parsonage. The society now numbers fifteen.

The Sons entertained the Daughters with a debate Monday evening, subject, "Resolved, That a Horse is more Beneficial than a Cow." The negative won the debate. The society was honored by the presence of Mr. John Walker of Des Moines.

Mrs. Jane Winston and Lizzie Thomas of Ottumwa and Lucas respectively are visiting in our city at the home of their father, Mr. P. Lankford.

Mr. John Walker of Des Moines is in the city on business.

Mrs. John Bryant returned a few days ago from a pleasant visit in Des Moines with her son Charles.

The King's Daughters and Sons are arranging to serve refreshments at the church Christmas eve.

Sunday the 8th will be quarterly meeting at the A. M. E. church.

Rev. Wade went to Clinton Tuesday.

will soon commence revival meeting at the church.

Mr. and Mrs. Elmer Edwards are housekeeping on Temple street, where they will be pleased to meet their friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Jo Williams entertained at dinner Tuesday Mesdames Jane Winston, Lizzie Thomas, Misses Octavia and Matilda Lankford and Mr. John Walker.

Rev. Wade is still in the picture business. He has several orders on hand to enlarge. He was down to Cleveland canvassing this week.

BURLINGTON SAYINGS.

The citizens of Burlington had many things for which to be thankful and showed it by their attendance at services on last Thursday.

Miss Casie Glenn left for her home at Murphysboro, Ill., Tuesday on account of the serious illness of her mother.

Mr. Eugene Williams is another so-called victim of smallpox and was removed to the pest house Saturday.

On Monday evening Mr. H. Hedge of Monmouth, Ill., and Miss Mamie Miner of this city were united in marriage by the Rev. J. W. Smith.

Mr. and Mrs. P. Johnson entertained Wednesday at the hospitable home at a very delightful dinner, complimentary to Mr. and Mrs. John Carter, and Miss P. Norton, who intend making their future home in New York.

The invited guests were Mr. and Mrs. Allen, Mr. and Mrs. King, Mrs. Morris, Mr. and Mrs. Ivy, Mrs. Edmund and Mrs. R. Brooks and daughters.

All Druggists guarantee every bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and will refund the money to anyone who is not satisfied after using two-thirds of the contents. This is the best remedy in the world for la grippe, coughs, colds, croup and whooping cough and is pleasant and safe to take. It prevents any tendency of a cold to result in pneumonia.

No Fashion; Many Styles.

As if to prove conclusively the infinite number of ways in which a comparatively simple thing may be done, note the various fashions in which men hold their cigars in their mouths. Every man seems to work out his own way of smoking a cigar, evolving it slowly from the first time, when he placed it carefully in the middle of his mouth and blew the smoke out as if he were whistling. There is no accepted conventional standard; no fashion, but many styles.—New York Post.

Where Sedan Chairs Survive.

Will it be believed that the Sedan chair still exists in a bustling town not far from Paris—in Orleans? In this pretty city, says a Paris newspaper, especially on Sundays at the hour of mass, the classic Sedan chair, as it was known to the gallants of the Eighteenth century, is borne through the streets by robust carriers, its occupants being aged people and invalids, to whom the jolting of a carriage is intensely disagreeable.

Cocoanuts at Their Best.

Before the shell of the cocoanut becomes thick and hard and while the meat is soft and about the consistency of clabber, many of the nuts are gathered and sold upon the street corners of South American cities and in the drink shops. The nuts are cut open with a machete. The milk proves a most refreshing drink, while the meat is eaten with a spoon, or more often with a silver cut from the shell.

The Imitation "Reuben."

The imitation "Reuben," clad in a linen duster and carrying a carpet-bag, no longer fools the people in New York streets. Time was when such a man, if he had a guileless expression, and concealed his advertising dodge long enough, could collect a crowd anywhere; nowadays, people who are much in the streets have become too "wise."—New York Press.

Coffee a Barometer.

Drop a lump of sugar in a cup of hot coffee, watch the bubbles rise without disturbing the coffee. If they collect in the middle the weather will be fair. If they adhere to the cup, forming a ring, rain will fall. If they separate, floating in unfixed position, it is a sure sign of changeable weather. Picnickers, watch your cup of coffee in the morning.

Kind to the Negroes.

R. B. Weddington, a Union county, North Carolina, farmer who died recently, lived in the kindest relations with the negroes, and in his will he gave three tracts of land to three of his faithful colored servants, leaving money to others. The remainder of his estate, amounting to 1,600 acres, he bequeathed to the Methodist church.

Gain of Some Cities.

In the ten years between 1890 and 1900, Passaic, N. J., gained 113 per cent in population; Butte, Mont., 184; Superior, Wis., 160; Newcastle, Pa., 185; Seattle, Wash., 88; Waterbury, Conn., 60; St. Joseph, Mo., 96; East St. Louis, Ill.; 95; Jacksonville, Fla., 65, and South Omaha, Neb., 222 per cent.

Self-Supporting Students.

It is worth noting in these days that in the graduating class at the University of Vermont this year was a young woman who supported herself doing housework through the entire four years' course, and a young man who supported himself by working at his trade of stone-cutter.

Britain's Population and Ours.

Forty-one and one-half millions of people are now crowded into the United Kingdom. A similar density of population in the United States would mean a total population in this country, excluding the dependencies, of about one billion thirty-six millions.

Objected to Being in Novel.

Dan Godfrey, the famous British band-leader, has recently obtained damages for libel from a publisher and a woman author for putting him into a novel, also an injunction against the further publication of the book.

Human Nature Exemplified.

An Atchison father who has a lazy worthless son sent him adrift on Saturday at noon, saying he never wanted to see him again. The young man's mother carried on in a pitiful way, but the father was inexorable, the young man must get out and shift for himself. The young man went away sad and made his father ashamed of himself. His mother said he was a noble boy, and swooned. That night at 6 o'clock the kitchen door opened softly, and the young man came carrying a small armful of wood. Whistling he went to the door, and with his usual customed appetite. The father said nothing, but the mother wept on her son with unusual care, as though he had returned with the fortune he had talked about at noon.—Atchison Globe.

British Coal Fields.

South Wales raises more coal than any other part of Great Britain, nearly 29,000,000 tons a year. Twenty-seven millions come from Midland colliers and 26,000,000 from York and Lincolnshire.

Odd Advertising in Chicago.

The following advertisement appears in a Chicago paper: "Young men having a large circle of friends exerting their influence can obtain their fall clothes free of charge. Address, etc."

Demand for Meerschaum Pipes.

Among retail dealers, it is said that the demand for meerschaum pipes and holders has greatly decreased in the last few years. French briar has supplanted it in popularity.

Cheaper Than Ever

TO COLORADO AND UTAH

Daily to Sept. 10th, 1901.

VIA THE

GREAT

ROCK ISLAND

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ROUND TRIP RATES

FROM

Chicago to Denver, Colorado Springs and Pueblo

\$25.00 Aug. 1 to 10 \$31.50 July 10 to 31

Similar reduced Rates on same dates to other Colorado and Utah Tourist Points.

Rates from other points on Rock Island

Route proportionately lower on same dates of sale.

Return Limit October 31, 1901

The Superb New Train

Rocky Mountain Limited

Leaves Chicago daily at 1:00 p. m., arriving Denver 4:45 p. m., Colorado Springs (Montrose) 4:30 p. m. next day.

ONLY ONE NIGHT OUT

See your Agent for details and Colorado literature or address

JOHN SEBASTIAN, G. P. A., CHICAGO.

Proposed Highway for Bicycles.

A perfect highway from New York to San Francisco, in as near a straight line as it is possible to make it, with a width of 120 feet, for the use of automobiles and bicycles, as well as for the use of the farmer, is a thing that the Automobile club of America will try to bring about. The subject was seriously discussed at a banquet, in honor of members of the National Highway Commission, at the Waldorf-Astoria in New York, when plans were made and the route announced. Besides a direct path from New York to San Francisco, passing through Chicago, St. Louis, Kansas City, Omaha and Ogden, the club wants a highway along each coast. Congress will be asked to appropriate one-third of the expense, and the states, counties, townships and cities en route will be asked to pay the rest; the owners of property benefited to donate the right-of-way. The club and highway commission have on their list of membership the names of some of the foremost men of America.

CARRIER PIGEONS.

Their Use on Land and Sea is Steadily Increasing.

Here is a new word for you, columbophilism. It means raising and training messenger pigeons. Within the last few years this industry has grown wonderfully. The governments of Belgium, Germany, France and the United States are training these birds to serve as messengers from army stations. The United States makes use of them more especially from ships. Nearly every one of our big ships carries a coop of homing pigeons, as they are called, which are released as occasion demands, and almost without exception the birds go with unerring swiftness to their home on shore, carrying a tiny tube fastened to one leg, which contains a message written on the thinnest of paper. They can be depended upon to go a hundred miles at a speed of fifty miles an hour when they are three years old. Special attention has recently been paid in France to the use of carrier pigeons by the cavalry. The bird is placed in a wicker tube lined with hair to deaden the effect of the jolting. Three such tubes can be carried in a basket, which is attached to the rider's shoulders in the same way as a knapsack. The bird's feet are drawn up and its wings are folded when it is placed in the tube, and a light form of folding cage is carried, in which the birds can rest and eat during a halt. Twelve men are sent every year from the French cavalry ranks to attend a course of instruction in the treatment and handling of pigeons at the military pigeon station at Vaugirard. The sense that guides the pigeon back to its home is as much a mystery now as it ever was. When set at liberty, it immediately rises in the air in a spiral, higher and higher, as if getting its bearings, then away it goes in the right direction. A nightfall the bird goes into camp near water, and early next morning resumes the journey.—Little Chronicle.

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Through first-class and Tourist Sleeping Cars to points in California and Oregon every day in the year.

PERSONALLY CONDUCTED EXCURSIONS

Every Thursday

Lowest Rates, Shortest Time on the Road, Finest Scenery.

Only route by which you can leave home any day in the week and travel in tourist cars on fast trains all the way. For descriptive pamphlets and full information inquire of nearest

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"I know that through its columns 'Review of Reviews,' and appreciate its views have been presented to me that I could not otherwise have it (because all earnest and thoughtful men, no matter how widely their ideas diverge, are given free utterance in its columns)."—Theodore Roosevelt

EX-PRESIDENT
"I consider it a very valuable addition to my library."—Grover Cleveland

"It is a publication of very great value. I have sometimes found there very important matter indeed which I should not otherwise have discovered."—George F. Hoar, U. S. Senator, Massachusetts

"I am a constant reader of the 'Review of Reviews,' and appreciate its views have been presented to me that I could not otherwise have it (because all earnest and thoughtful men, no matter how widely their ideas diverge, are given free utterance in its columns)."—Theodore Roosevelt

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SEMINAL WEAKNESS AND SEXUAL DEBILITY, producing losses, pimples and blotches on the face, rushes of blood to the head, pains in back, forgetfulness, bashfulness, aversion to society, loss of sexual power, loss of manhood, cured for life. We cure above diseases and make you fit for marriage.

VARICOCELE radically and permanently cured by our method in from five to fifteen days. We are an absolutely vigorous and healthy condition.

WE CURE for life. Skin Diseases, Blood Poison, Swellings, Ulcers, Sores, Gonorrhoea and also acute blains. Gleet and all Private Diseases cured or money refunded. 84-page book sent free. **STRICTURE** cured by our method. Don't let this affliction run along. Our 30 years' experience once in its successful treatment is a guarantee to you that we are able to handle your case in person or by mail. All medicines sent well packed and free from tax.

DRS. FELLOWS & FELLOWS, Des Moines, Iowa.
Corner 4th and Walnut Sts., over Iowa National Bank.

New Fancy in Rings.

A change from the multitude of jeweled rings that everybody wears is the fancy for plain, broad gold ones, innocent of stones or tooling, with a date in simple square figures. One woman who does not consider sentiment old-fashioned wears three, the first with the year of her engagement, the second with the year of her marriage and the third with that of the birth of her younger son.

Dairies of New York. Outside of the business of supplying New York with city milk, the farmers of New York state have an investment of \$48,450,000 in cows, and a corresponding amount in dairy farms and fixtures—an amount not less than \$150,000,000.

What a Girl Did. A girl named Ackerman, aged 14, daughter of an English laborer, has just completed her education. She has never missed being present since the school was opened, and in completing her 3,451 attendances is said to have walked 6,000 miles. She has passed every standard successfully and in the three subjects on first grade drawing obtained "excellent" prizes in free-hand and model, as also in the three stages of the specific subjects, literature, domestic economy and animal physiology, and in one stage in physical geography. She has also obtained 26 other prizes for good attendance, sculpture, knitting etc.

A WONDERFUL FACE BLEACH. A PEACH-LIKE complexion obtained if used as directed. Will turn the skin of a black or brown person four or five shades lighter, and a mulatto person perfectly white. In forty-eight hours shade or two will be noticeable. It does not turn the skin in spots, but bleaches out white, the skin remaining beautiful without continuing use. Will remove wrinkles, freckles, dark spots, pimples or bumps or black heads, making the skin very soft and smooth. Small tin, 50c. Large tin, 1.00. When you get the color you wish, stop using the preparation.

THE HAIR STRAIGHTENER. It keeps in every one dollar box is enough to make anyone's hair grow long and straight, and keeps it from falling out. Highly perfumed and makes the hair soft and easy to comb. Many of our customers say one of our dollar boxes worth ten dollars, yet we sell it for one dollar a box. THE NO-SHELL, thrown in free.

Any person sending us one dollar in a letter or Post Office money order, express money order, registered letter, we will send it through the mail postage prepaid; or if you want it sent C. O. D., it will come by express, 25c. extra.

In any case where it fails to do what we claim, we will return the money or send a box free of charge. Packed so that no one will know contents except receiver.

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