

# IOWA STATE BYSTANDER.

VOL. XIV, No. 43.

DES MOINES IOWA, FRIDAY, MARCH 27, 1908.

Price Five Cents

## CITY NEWS.

*N. B.* If you have relatives or friends visit in the city or going to make a visit, please inform us; we solicit all your local news.—Ed.

Vote for Eugene Waterbury for mayor next Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Gus Watkins attended the Bloteky wedding Sunday at 6 p. m.

Mr. Frank Hughes of Chicago was called here by the death of his father.

Mr. E. T. Banks is at the Methodist hospital where he will soon undergo an operation.

Miss Zoe Richardson has accepted a position as stenographer for the Iowa Implement house.

Mr. R. Robinson, a student of Highland Park College, who has been quite sick for the past week, is better.

Mr. Paul Jones of the C. R. & P. Ry. spent Thursday in the city the guest of Miss Lulu Jackson.

Mrs. D. Calwell left for Kansas City Thursday on business to be gone several days.

North Star Lodge No. 3, Knights of Pythias, conferred the rank of Knight on twelve candidates last Monday night.

Sir L. W. Williams, G. C., was in the city Wednesday last setting up a Court of Calanthe. He was the guest of Sir A. L. Smith.

The Intellectual Improvement club met last Friday with Mrs. J. H. Brown and concluded the study of history. The clubs meet today with Mrs. H. H. Lewis and will take up Whittier.

Mrs. W. M. Martin who recently lost her husband, left Tuesday morning for Cedar Rapids to visit with her husband's folks for a few weeks. She expects to return to Des Moines to make her future home.

Mrs. J. Hamilton of East Des Moines was the hostess of the H. B. S. R. C. Mrs. L. V. Denny was previous hostess. English literature will be taken up for the present time; remainder of the program is each in its own way.

The Corinthian Baptist Sewing Circle met in its regular meeting at the home of Mrs. Blakey, 1021 Scott. The meeting was opened with reading and prayer by chaplain, after which business was transacted. The club adjourned to meet next Friday afternoon at the home of Mrs. Fords, 808 11th street.

Mrs. G. H. Brown and daughter of Omaha, Neb., left last Friday afternoon after spending nearly three weeks in our city with her sister, Mrs. W. M. Martin and friends. Mrs. Brown lived here at one time and therefore she met a host of friends who made it very pleasant for her.

### Corinthian Church Announcements.

Services Sunday March 29, 1908. 10:30 a. m. Pastor's subject; "The Grief of the Holy Spirit." 12 m. Sunday School.

6:30 p. m. The King's Men. Address by Mr. Moore.

7:30 p. m. Pastor's subject; "The Stewards of the Mysteries." The addresses delivered last Sunday by Miss Josephine Straghen were listened to by large congregations. Miss Straghen is from British Guiana and her talks upon the customs of her country are intensely interesting. She presents the subject of world-wide missions in a way that is charming and convincing.

The entertainment managed by Mrs. A. L. Smith was a splendid success. Those who bought tickets and came to the dinner and met a disappointment are requested to notify the pastor. T. L. Griffith, Pastor.

### Resolutions of Condolence.

Whereas it has pleased the Alwise God, to call from labor to reward Mr. Wilson Hughes, the venerable father-in-law of our esteemed critic Mrs. H. W. Hughes,

Be it Resolved, That we the members of the Intellectual Improvement Club extend to the bereaved family our deepest sympathy in this their hour of bereavement, and commend them to Him who hath promised to comfort the comfortless.

Be it further Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be sent to the family, a copy spread upon the minutes, a copy sent to the Iowa State Bystander and one to the Iowa Colored Woman. Signed on behalf of the club

Mrs. Chas. Cousin  
Mrs. J. H. Brown  
Mrs. S. Joe Brown  
Committee.

FISH FRY will be given at Union Congregational church, Friday, April 3d by the choir, E. Tracy Blagburn, director.

Regular monthly meeting of the officers and directors of the Negro Republican club of Polk county, at 507 Mulberry st., Tuesday evening, March 31, at 8 o'clock. By order of J. Emanuel, Chairman; J. C. Williams, Sec.

At the meeting of the Negro Republican club last Thursday evening, resolutions were adopted deploring the endorsement of Secretary Taft by the Republican State Convention held in this city last week.



The above cut is one of Des Moines best firemen, Fred Jackson, who has been a member of the fire department 24 years. He is Des Moines first colored fireman and was appointed by Alderman Drady 25 years ago, first serving as assistant driver and later as regular driver for 14 years, during which time only one accident occurred. He was always first to arrive at a fire in his district and sometimes first when called to other districts.

Mr. Jackson's record as a fireman stands second to none. We have two other colored firemen, Messrs. Alex. Wilburn and Joseph Hamilton. At one time when Mr. Henry Taylor was on the department they had a colored company. It has been promised that they shall have a station to themselves. Chief Burnett thinks it best, and it has been talked of by some of the best men of the city, colored and white.

### Card of Thanks.

Mrs. Wilson Hughes and family wish to extend their heartfelt thanks to the many friends who so kindly assisted during the illness and death of Mr. Wilson Hughes.

We wish to thank our friend for the kindness and sympathy toward my husband during his illness and death, and for the beautiful flowers.

Mrs. A. L. Richardson,  
Mrs. H. H. Davis,  
Mrs. Chas. Richardson,  
Miss Zoe Richardson,  
Elmer Richardson.

## Stop, Read This!

I have lived near Pierre, South Dakota 24 years and you can rely on what I say in regard to Dakota land; having large tracts of land for sale from \$13 to \$30 per acre.

One 640 acre tract—all fenced, 3 wells; 2 miles from Pierre at \$28.50 per acre.

For particulars call at 1012 2nd St  
N. E. BLAIR City

At a meeting of colored voters at the home of C. B. Brown in Highland Park last night Mr. Waterbury was endorsed for mayor. Among the speakers were John L. Thompson, J. B. Rush, and J. L. Lucas. There will be another meeting at the same place, Saturday evening. All voters requested to attend.

### "ALPHA"

"FAMA SEMPER VIVAT."

At 3 o'clock on last Sunday afternoon at the home of the president, Elbert R. Hall, 130 East Locust St., the Alpha club met and celebrated their first birthday. At that time the eight young men composing the membership of the organization were served with a French repast. After partaking of the bounteous feast the members repaired to the parlor, which was decorated with the club colors, white and blue. A large photograph of the club being in evidence—where the following subjects were listened to:

"Is a Club Beneficial or Detrimental?" J. Edward Stone.

"Home Life—Duties and Responsibilities." J. Mason Hall.

"Religious Responsibilities as Viewed by an Alpha." D. Thornton Graves.

"Duties of a Club member—an Alpha." W. Jay Howard.

"Moral and Financial Progress and Retrogression of Young Men."—H. Jesse Graves.

Should Club Relationship be Encouraged? G. Seymour Logan.

"Intellectual and Physical Progress and Retrogression of Young Men." O. Lafayette Glass.

"Retrospective and Prospective View of Our Club." E. Reginald Hall.

Mr. Eugene W. Waterbury, candidate for Mayor at the coming election was present and made an extended address extolling the club for the grand start it has made, complimenting them for the noble aims and high aspirations, and expressing the hope that it might be his pleasure to participate with this body of young men in celebrating many more anniversary events.

The club members being personal friends of Mr. Waterbury unanimously adopted a resolution to support his candidacy at the coming election.

At a late hour the club adjourned to meet on the evening of the 26th inst. at the home of Mr. Oscar Glass, 728 Ninth street, when officers for the ensuing year will be elected.

## EDITORIALS.

### A Word to the Voter.

This is the last time that we can speak to our readers before the city election will be held, is next Monday and every man should be so advised as to the men who are the best equipped and best qualified to serve on the commission. First there are two candidates for mayor, Eugene Waterbury and A. J. Mathes. The former is an active successful business man; is Alderman-at-large. He is a republican in politics. The latter is a democrat in politics. He is the present police Judge, an elderly like gentleman; on the conservative order, while Mr. Waterbury is a young man man, ambitious and progressive and trained in the Roosevelt type. He is a man of strong conviction and not afraid to express them; and indeed the very kind of a man needed to inaugurate the new city plan. Those nominated for commissioners are John McVicar, entirely competent; John Hamery, who is an aggressive young man, who would make a good member; Charles Schramm, our present efficient city assessor who has stood by and for the people; B. S. Walker is a successful business man, and would make an ideal commissioner; Chas. Worth is a successful business man; Wesley Ash is a young man with ambition; Prof. Hanna is a man who has succeeded in life; Mr. Brenton, the other candidate, is present Alderman-at-large, and we consider him the most unfit man for said place, because of his unfaithful promises made two years ago to vote for a colored man and then voted against him. Colored people cannot hope for anything from his hand. Read and consider this article.

We should make Cedar Hill to the Negro people what Mount Vernon is to the white race. Prominent members of our race have already contributed or pledged a considerable proportion of the amount needed to make up the desired sum. The time has now come for us to appeal to the masses of the people. Let every member of our race contribute his mite. We call particularly upon the churches and the secret orders, the Sunday schools and all other organizations that have not responded to take up a collection in small amounts and forward to me personally at Tuskegee Institute, Alabama, or to the officers of the Douglass Memorial Fund Association at Washington, with the names of the givers as far as possible and practicable.

(Signed)  
Booker T. Washington,  
Tuskegee Institute, Ala., March 20, '08

The "Normal News," a monthly magazine, published at the State Normal School, Cortland, N. Y., contains an article by Rev. A. L. DeMond, of Buxton, giving a review of his twenty years of work in the south. In an editorial note the News says of Rev. DeMond: "As a teacher, orator and pastor, he has earned the reputation of being a zealous, conscientious and progressive leader of men. While a student in the Cortland Normal School, his brave struggle for an education made him many friends in whose homes he was welcomed, and whose aid and sympathy made his task the brighter and easier, a fact which he remembers and appreciates."

### The Douglass Memorial Fund Association.

An association, known as the Fredrick Douglass Memorial and Historical Association, has been formed to effect this purpose. I have been asked by the officers of the Memorial Association to assist in securing the comparatively small sum of money amounting to some \$5,400 and interest necessary to clear off the mortgage on the property and to secure the property for all time to the Association and the Negro people of the United States.

The following letter, written to me by the officers of the Fredrick Douglass Memorial and Historical Association, will make the situation clear: Washington, D. C., December 17, 1906. Dear Mr. Washington:

There is an encumbrance of fifty-four hundred dollars (\$5,400), bearing 6 per cent interest, payable semi-annually against the Douglass property. This property consists of about fourteen acres in the heart of Anacostia, on a hill giving a beautiful view of the Potomac River and city for several miles. It is the opinion of experts that when the Government completes the new bridge and the reclamation of the flats, this property will be worth at least \$5,000 an acre. Its actual worth is now \$1,500 an acre. It is exempt from taxes by the act of Congress incorporating the Fredrick Douglass Memorial and Historical Association. The Association needs at least \$5,400 to lift the mortgage. In the course of time about nine acres of property could be cut up into building lots and sold, and with the proceeds of such sale Cedar Hill could be endowed with ample funds to meet the wants of the Douglass Memorial Association in perpetuity.

(Signed)  
Archibald H. Grimke, President.  
Whitfield McKinly, Secretary.  
Francis J. Grimke, Secretary.

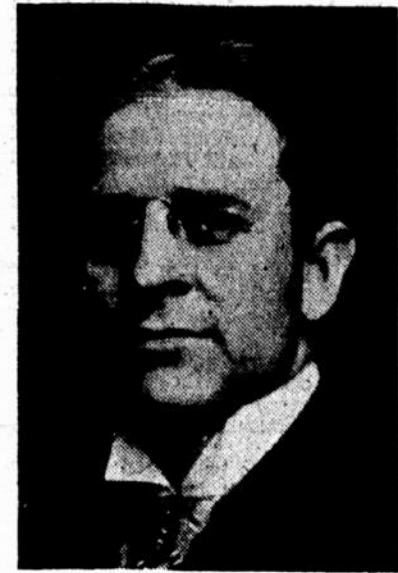
Fredrick Douglass, to whom the Negro people owe, for the part he took in securing our freedom, more than any other man of our race, died in Washington, D. C., February 20, 1895. We do well to honor him as a representative of our race. So long as the memory of what he was and what he did remains, each one of us will stand and count for more in the eyes of the world than we would if he had not lived. Not merely by his work as an agitator and a statesman but by his life and character he has raised every member of our race somewhat in the respect of the world. We do well, I repeat, to honor him who honored and honors us.

We should make Cedar Hill to the Negro people what Mount Vernon is to the white race. Prominent members of our race have already contributed or pledged a considerable proportion of the amount needed to make up the desired sum. The time has now come for us to appeal to the masses of the people. Let every member of our race contribute his mite. We call particularly upon the churches and the secret orders, the Sunday schools and all other organizations that have not responded to take up a collection in small amounts and forward to me personally at Tuskegee Institute, Alabama, or to the officers of the Douglass Memorial Fund Association at Washington, with the names of the givers as far as possible and practicable.

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Booker T. Washington,  
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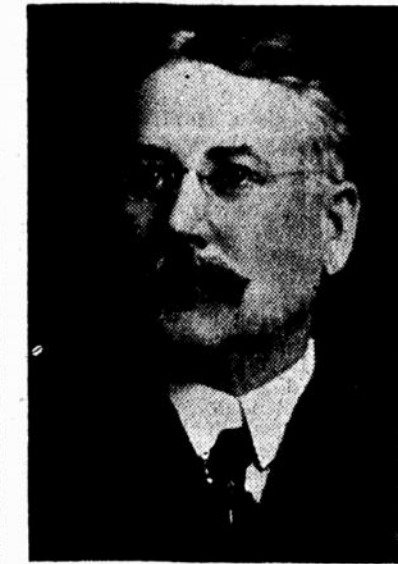
The "Normal News," a monthly magazine, published at the State Normal School, Cortland, N. Y., contains an article by Rev. A. L. DeMond, of Buxton, giving a review of his twenty years of work in the south. In an editorial note the News says of Rev. DeMond: "As a teacher, orator and pastor, he has earned the reputation of being a zealous, conscientious and progressive leader of men. While a student in the Cortland Normal School, his brave struggle for an education made him many friends in whose homes he was welcomed, and whose aid and sympathy made his task the brighter and easier, a fact which he remembers and appreciates."

able and sure relief fund for the special benefit of the widows and needy in her ranks, and Missouri seems to be in the lead in this particular department; of course no system of relief has been tried sufficiently long enough to be practical. The condition of their treasury total collected during last year was \$17,226.85; total amount paid out \$15,800.60; leaving balance in treasury \$1,426.25. Amount loaned to Masonic Home \$2,000.00. Amount unclaimed fund \$300.00. This is an excellent showing for the Masons of Missouri.



FOR MAYOR.  
EUGENE WATERBURY.

We are pleased to present to our readers, Mr. Waterbury, a true republican who is a candidate for Mayor of Des Moines. He is one of the strong successful young men of our city and has made a success out of his own business; beginning with nothing, he now has a successful business, so if he could succeed at his business he would be a safe man to trust. He is a friend of the worthy and honest colored men, and will, if elected treat all classes fair. The Bystander can honestly and earnestly say he is the man to vote for and we hope that he may be elected Monday.



CHARLES S. WORTH.

The above cut is one of our East Side citizens, Mr. Charles S. Worth who is a candidate under the new plan for commissioner. Mr. Charles S. Worth is one of the most successful business men of the East Side and by his honesty, integrity and fair dealings has gained the good will of all his fellow men. He has had twenty years of business experience, a graduate of the East Side schools and at present is the secretary of the Bloomfield Coal Co., which company at the present time is giving employment to a large number of colored men and those colored people who are in his employ speak in the highest terms of him. I assure you that if you will give him your support at the coming election that he will give all parties a square deal.

## OBITUARY.

### A Respected Citizen at Rest.

We are sorry to announce that death has summoned Mr. William Hughes, who has been a patient sufferer for more than a year. He died last Thursday night at his home on 21st and Center St. He was one of the old and highly respected citizen, a christian gentleman, having been a member of church for many years and a faithful member of the Union Congregational church. He was born in Virginia in 1827; married in 1868; came to Des Moines about forty years ago. He has reared an honorable family and lived to see all of them married. He leaves a kind loving dutiful wife, four children, namely: Mrs. Wm. Coalson, Mrs. W. H. Birney, Mr. Harry W. Hughes, of this city, and Mr. Frank B. Hughes, of Chicago, Ill., and a host of sorrowing friends to mourn his loss. The funeral sermon was held from home Sunday at 2 o'clock, conducted by Rev. H. W. Porter. A quartette composed of Prof. G. I. Holt, E. H. Huston, Mrs. J. T. Blagburn and Mrs. D. Miller furnished the music; pallbearers was J. H. Shepard, Jeff Logan, Geo. H. Cleggett, John Walker, Chas. Richardson and E. T. Banks. Many flowers bedecked the casket which spoke of his esteem. The Bystander extends their profound sorrow to the bereaved family.

Death claimed Mr. George Strothers last Tuesday. He had been sick for many months, but took worse several weeks ago. He was born in Virginia in 1840, came to Iowa in 1882. He leaves to mourn his death a wife, five sons, William, Joseph, Moses, Joshua, Daniel, and a brother, John W. Strothers, all of whom are well known here. Mr. Strothers was highly respected by those who knew him. The funeral service will be held today at the A. M. E. church, conducted by Rev. F. L. Griffith.

He was a christian man with a tender heart, full of compassion, patient in suffering, continually singing hymns and praising the Lord. The tears and prayers we now remember well, While thy poor soul strives hard with hosts of hell. But tears are past and prayers are turned to praise, And thy pure soul in future endless days; Shall count in joy the jewels thou hast won, And brought to God thro Jesus Christ, His Son.

### Straws that Tell for Taft.

Since the Iowa State Bystander several weeks ago announced her preference for Hon. William H. Taft for the Presidency, and since it was certain that Ohio would not present her other beloved son, Senator Foraker, there has been a gradual tendency among leaders of our race to select Mr. Taft as their choice, notwithstanding the vigorous appeal by the Bishops of the Methodist church to oppose Taft, he won out last week at our Iowa State Republican convention.

### Trillows Greenhouse

(Successors to Lambert)  
Nineteenth and Woodland Sts.  
CUT FLOWERS, FUNERAL  
DESIGNS AND PLANTS.  
Iowa Phone 344 Mu val 414

tion of the six colored delegates there was no expression of disapproval of the Secretary's nomination. In the Missouri State Republican convention they sent four colored alternates pledged to support Taft. They were Hon. Nelson C. Crews of Kansas City, Dr. J. A. R. Crossland, St. Joseph; Hon. Joseph Francis, St. Louis; and Rev. Philipps of Sedalia, Mo. The Kansas Alternate-at-large, Hon. Tecumsa Vernon is a strong Taft man. Last Monday Rev. H. W. Porter of our city endorsed Taft, by an article in the Register and Leader, also Rev. J. C. Reid, of Sioux City, Iowa, and the editor of the Buxton Gazette and the Chicago Conservator, and many others that I could mention, but this suffices to show which way the leaders are thinking.

### NEGRO ORPHANAGE.

A Plan To Make a Home and Industrial School Combined—Will Open About May 1.

Mason City, Iowa—Special. A plan is on foot here among the Negro residents and others of the race in this state to provide an orphan's home for Negro children between the ages of 1 and 16 years. The promoter of the plan is W. L. Jones, a farmer living north of the city, who offers 200 acres of land and a sixteen room house as a starter for the proposition.

Mr. Jones is a Negro who has made his mark in the world, first as an oyster fisher in Chesapeake bay and later as a barber, and later still as a farmer.

The plan is to have the children sent here to be given an education, including industrial training on the farm and in the various shops which may be erected. Mr. Jones is to have charge of the institution as its superintendent and his wife as matron. The treasurer of the project is S. S. Stratton, another Negro farmer. The plan is to open the home about May 1.

### A DIFFERENT OPINION.

(Special to Bystander.)

In your issue of March 20, 1908, you publish a communication from Mr. Alonzo Drain of Keokuk, which, while it is addressed to "The Douglass Society, St. Joseph, Mo.", it presumes to severely criticize and to even ridicule both the Douglass society and the Des Moines Negro Lyceum for being so foolish as to engage in public debate in this city, on Feb. 28, 1908, on the question: "Resolved that the Fifteenth Amendment to the Constitution of the U. S. should be Repealed."

Mr. Drain bases the authority to write this criticism on the Young Men's Lecture club of Keokuk, with the authority of which officer I am not familiar; but as a member, not only of the Negro Lyceum, but also of the team that participated in said debate, I beg of you to permit me just a word in reply to Mr. Drain's criticism. In the first place I have to say that I have before now heard it strenuously argued by those who were not blessed with a very liberal education that the declarations of the Holy Bible were too sacred to be discussed by the ordinary layman; with which position I have but little, but never before did I ever have it even hinted to me by a man with even with a High school education, as I understand Mr. Drain has that any article or amendments to the Constitution of the United States was either too sacred or to profound for public discussion.

He says that "the public discussion of such a question by our people stamps us before the world as being in a state of doubt concerning the justness of the Fifteenth Amendment. Surely no one who knows anything whatever of the methods and purposes of public debate would make such a suggestion.

The object of forensic discussion is not and never has been considered as being to convince anybody, not even the judges, of the personal convictions of the debaters; but rather, to cause the participants to become more enlightened upon both sides; to give them an opportunity to exercise their power of speech, and to display their readiness in the art of reasoning; and finally, to enlighten their audiences upon both sides of a subject in order that they may the better understand which side of the question they believe to be right and why?

I had taken a my Master's Degree upon original research in and scholastic dissertation upon, the Thirteenth, Fourteenth and Fifteenth Amendments to the Constitution of the United States. (Continued on Page 4, column 3.)

## Our 10 Days Introductory Sale

Commencing Saturday, March 28.

### Will Please You

We have this special list to offer:

- 1 Box of Self Shining Stove Polish.....15c
- 1 Bottle of Magic Clothes Cleaner.....25c
- 1 Choice 16x20 Art Picture.....25c

The whole lot for 10 days goes for only 25 cents

1010 CENTER ST THE VARIETY CO. 1010 CENTER ST

We received the annual report from our friend and brother, Mr. W. W. Fields of Cameron, Mo., Relief Secretary of the Masonic Relief association for the State of Missouri and its jurisdiction. It is a very succinct and interesting report, especially to Masons throughout the Middle West for all of our Grand Lodges are now trying to arrive at a safe, equi-

You can get excellent Spring Suits of the usual Younker quality as low as \$9.75 to \$25.00.

# YOUNKER BROS.

A man could feel that he couldn't afford even to smoke if the doctor recommended it.

A satisfactory thing about having your wife for a partner at cards is you can blame all your poor hands on her.

In the Vienna mint the leaden walls of a reservoir containing sulphuric acid, although one and one and three-quarters of an inch in thickness, were eaten through by an insect. The leaden gaspise in a case in the same city was also damaged in like manner. The injury was caused by a rare species of wasp which seems to like lead as a diet.

A woman can love a man because she thinks he loves her.

When a girl will show a lot of enthusiasm for a man he isn't the one. Washington Herald.

The crooked railroad in the world is being built in California, says the Los Angeles Express. It is this Mr. Harriman's undertaking or that of some ambitious rival?

Justice Oliver Wendell Holmes of the United States supreme court has bought the handsome Marshall estate Beverly Farms, Massachusetts which his famous father used to occupy.

**Romans in Scotland.**

Recent discoveries in the neighborhood of Edinburgh and as far north as the confines of Perth and Inverness shires are exciting among Scotchmen an unprecedented interest in the Roman occupation. Accumulating evidence that it took a far more solid hold than is currently supposed has stimulated the exertions of the Scotch antiquaries and resulted in an appeal for funds to which public generosity is not slow in responding. Interest is truly and stimulated by what may truly be called the Roman museum, now open to inspection in the rooms of the antiquaries, on the ground floor of the national portrait gallery in Edinburgh. There may be seen the surprisingly rich bronze helmet and the remarkably beautiful iron tiling helmet, or mask, recently unearthed at Newstead, being within a mile of Melrose Abbey. If the trips of tourists were not such cut-and-dried affairs, visitors to Abbotsford, Dryburgh and Melrose might easily include in their program the Roman camp and Roman baths which James Curle has there brought to light. The bath is now in process of excavation. Besides the helmets, Mr. Curle has found vases in bronze, helmets, swords and axes, which, along with plentiful shards of Samian and other ware, suggest that Newstead was a very solid and firmly rooted outpost.

**Black Bear a Thief.**

The black bear of the north is a roving animal, continually shifting from one place to another at all seasons except the few months in which he curls up and lies dormant like the woodchuck. The bear seems instinctively to know where to go to find blackberries, beech nuts, succulent roots and other food in which it delights. The bear roots up the ground under beech trees, much as a hog would, in search for beech nuts.

The bear discovers where the chipmunks and squirrels have stored nuts in the ground for the winter supply and robs their storehouse. We are told that bears break into the pigpens of pioneers, carrying off pigs. I have never known of such attacks, but I have known them to attack beehives with impunity for the honey which they relish.

I have heard of bears attracted to telegraph poles by the humming of the wires, thinking that they were in the vicinity of a beehive.—Forest and Stream.

**Some Costly Funerals.**

Some foreign papers have been discussing the cost of the recent funeral of King Carlos and the crown prince of Portugal, incidentally recalling the reported outlay on other royal obsequies. Tit-Bits says that no modern ruler has been buried at the cost of Alexander the Great, at whose funeral \$5,000,000 was spent, part of the money going toward providing a solid gold coffin for the dead ruler. Emperor William of Germany was buried at a cost of \$125,000, and the last rites of Grand Duke Nicholas used up about \$200,000. At the funeral of President Carnot \$30,000 was spent on flowers alone. When the duke of Wellington was laid to rest in 1852, \$350,000 was spent, giving him what has been described as the most splendid funeral of the nineteenth century.

**Wiser.**

"He's been in Paris for a year, I believe. He must be very wealthy."

"Well, he used to have more money than he knew what to do with."

"You mean he isn't as wealthy as he was?"

"Oh, no; I mean he has been in Paris long enough to acquire more knowledge."

**Documentary Evidence.**

Her Mother—I should rather you would not go sailing with that young man, Clara; I don't believe he knows a thing about a sailboat.

Clara—Oh, but he does, mamma; he showed me a letter of recommendation from a New York firm he used to work for, and they speak very highly of his salesmanship.—The Circle.

**DES MOINES DIRECTORY.**

**Ask Your Milliner For**

**Hem's**

**Merry Widow Salar \$4.25.** CORRECT Write us if unable to secure it. N. Stern & Son, Wholesale Milliners, Des Moines.

**Panhandle Lands!**

Go with us to Dalhart, Texas. We run excursions the 1st and 3rd Tuesdays of each month. We own or control 400,000 acres of land near Dalhart. We buy wholesale tracts and sell at retail. Give Lowest Prices, Season, Terms and Low Rate of Interest. Write for our "Textbook," Royal Land Co., 201-2-3 Commercial Bldg., Des Moines, Ia. Agents wanted.

**KODAKS SUPPLIES.** Largest stock in Iowa and the West. Professional Photographers. Special attention to out-of-town customers. Send for Price List and sample of work. See Kodak Photo Materials Co., Des Moines, Ia.

**GROWING CROPS PROTECTED**

From damage by hail storms. Farmers Mutual Hail Insurance Association. Write for particulars. A very good guarantee. W. A. Rutledge, Sec'y, Des Moines, Iowa.

## Iowa State Bystander

Bystander Pub. Co.  
DES MOINES, IOWA

**Recalls Dreyfus Case.**

Another French officer has been convicted of attempting to sell secrets to a foreign power and has been condemned to life imprisonment in a fortress and, of course, to be degraded from his rank in the navy. This recalls the case of Capt. Dreyfus, largely because it is different. There has always been a strong suspicion that the Dreyfus affair was a "put up job" so far as the accusations against that unfortunate man were concerned. Certainly no conclusive proof that he was guilty of treasonable acts was ever submitted, while the wicked conduct of some of his accusers was amply demonstrated. In the latest instance the accused person has made full confession, or at least is officially reported to have done so, after being "caught with the goods." But even with the strong testimony against him, remarks the Troy (N. Y.) Times, he was not humiliated as was Dreyfus, who for various reasons was the victim of peculiarly venomous persecution, though dilatory justice was finally done.

A new piece of machinery for the assimilation of immigrants is the night-school in labor camps. Like so many other useful agencies of the day, it has been carried to successful development by a woman, who has organized such schools among the unskilled laborers whom contractors employ. In most of the camps where these schools have been established, about one-third of the men usually attend. Instruction in English, which is the bait, has been given in a most unusual way. Instead of learning from primers that "this is a cat," the adult pupils learn from special text-books that "this is a pick," and discover the importance of understanding and knowing how to say, "Get out of the way," "Listen," "Here comes the train," and "Do you want a job?" Not the least interesting of the effects which these schools have had is the transforming of disorderly and dangerous camps into quiet and peaceful communities.

The decision of the supreme court of the United States, that the law owes a larger degree of protection to women than to men, both in common justice and in regard to the welfare of the race, will be received with various sentiments. Some of the advocates of the feminine cause generally will commend it; the more strenuous advocates of equal rights may resent it as a concession to the inferiority of women as the weaker sex. Those directly concerned, however—the laboring class of women—will gladly welcome the protection this gallantry of the government declares they shall have; and, as a matter of fact, if somebody has to suffer in consequence of the decision, it is better to suffer in theory than in practice; so those who resent the implied weakness of women will have to bear the weight of the decision as best they may.

A man in New York carelessly tossed away in his home the cigar he had been smoking. The still-lit end fell into an open can of varnish, with a resulting explosion, endangering many lives and \$500 loss to the careless smoker. Of late the lighted cigar or cigarette end is figuring out of all proportion as the cause of fires, some of them fatal, all more or less expensive. But still, the ends are being thrown away carelessly every day, and it is owing only to Providence that such fires are not more frequent than they are.

The American Machinist says smokelessness can be obtained by perfect combustion, "and approximately perfect combustion can be obtained by proper boiler and furnace design and arrangement." This is not new information, but is very well understood by engineers and builders, yet the newest buildings, erected in other respects according to the most modern ideas, neglect to provide these proper arrangements. At least the heavy smoke issuing from their chimneys would indicate as much.

A New York interviewer, describing a meeting with a certain successful actress, says: "When she shakes hands one feels instinctively that she has accomplished something in the world." As there is nothing in an actresses' trade to produce callouses on her palms or to make her horny-handed, the reader is left to wonder at the keenness of the interviewer's instinct.

A Chicago woman went into hysterics and called for the police because she had been attacked by a "hugger," and later it was discovered that instead of a bold, bad man, a bear had embraced her. This must have been disappointing enough to bring on another attack of hysterics.

A Washington physician declares that "dying is a most delicious sensation," but probably no one will be interested enough to come back and dispute him.

The Detroit man who spent \$4,500 on his wedding trip didn't lose any time in disproving the statement that two can live as cheaply as one.

Mark Twain has just enough financial trouble to keep him from being tempted to abandon literary activity and rest on his income.

Anna Gould is still paying some of the count's debts. It is mighty hard to jar an impunctuous count loose from his meal ticket.

# IOWA STATE NEWS

Events of Recent Occurrence Throughout the Commonwealth.

## THOMAS CASE AFFIRMED.

**Murderer of Mable Schofield Must Stay in Prison.**

Washington, D. C., March 24.—The case of Charles Thomas, under sentence for life in the Iowa penitentiary on the charge of murdering Mabel Schofield in Des Moines, which was notorious some years ago, practically was decided by the supreme court against Thomas by the dismissal of the case.

He brought the case to the supreme court on the plea that the Iowa statute giving the jury discretion in the matter of determining the degree of crime was a violation of the fourteenth amendment to the constitution of the United States in that it abridged his privileges.

Des Moines.—The decision of the supreme court ends the last hopes of Thomas for freedom from the penitentiary unless it be by pardon. His attorneys have fought hard for him, but without avail. They have now done everything that can possibly be done and still Thomas is within the prison walls of Ft. Madison, a prisoner for the rest of his life unless the legislature shall see fit to restore him to liberty.

The appeal to the United States supreme court was taken by Attorneys Mulvaney & Mulvaney, with the assistance of Judge C. Cole, upon the belief that it could show to the highest court in the land that the Iowa statute fixing the degree of crime in poison cases is unconstitutional.

The jury was instructed in the Thomas case that it must find the prisoner guilty of murder in the first degree or nothing. This instruction was based upon the section in the statute which says that the giving of poison to one's victim is in itself evidence of premeditation and therefore that the first degree can be found in such instances.

The Mulvaney and Judge Cole argued that this was in contravention of the fourteenth amendment to the United States constitution because it deprived Thomas of the right to say guilty of a lesser offense. This claim was made upon the showing that, admitting that Thomas gave Mabel Schofield chloral hydrate or knock-out drops, he did not secure control over her. Therefore, the charge could not be premeditated murder, they contended.

**COMPELS HER OWN ARREST.**

**Former Des Moines Woman in Scandal at Casakooa.**

Oskaloosa.—Mrs. Adela B. Davies, a music teacher formerly of Des Moines, has created a sensation here by compelling her own arrest on the charge of lewdness. The action was taken in consequence of charges that have been rumored about the streets for some time and which caused her retirement from the position of chorister of Central M. E. church.

Recently Constable George Andrews went to her apartment, armed with a warrant for Mrs. Davies and for "John Doe." The rooms were entered and it is alleged that there was a man there, but the warrants were not served and no record of the case made.

Mrs. Davies through her attorneys demanded of the officer by what right he visited her rooms and then compelled him to serve the warrant upon her. She then the attorney's office and gave bond for trial to occur on March 30.

Mrs. Davies protests innocence and it is said she proposes to push the case to the end. Liabilities for the charges will be fixed if possible, and it is said that several prominent people for defamation of character will follow the present proceedings.

**MACKOWN IS NOT GUILTY.**

**Jury Acquits Him of the Charge of Arson.**

Webster City.—George MacKown, accused of burning Webster City's magnificent felt shoe factory, and who, after a chase of four years, was apprehended in California last July, since which time he has been a prisoner in this city, is now a free man, the jury at Clarion having brought in a verdict of not guilty.

The case of the state on the arson charge was weak after MacKown had secured a verdict of acquittal upon the embezzlement charge, which crime constituted the state's chief motive for action.

The trial of MacKown at Clarion on the charge of burning to the ground the shoe factory, was the third ordeal he has passed through in the last five months and brought to a close his career as a prisoner in Hamilton county. It is hinted that perjury proceedings may now be started against MacKown at Fort Dodge, but the general belief is that Hamilton county will let MacKown alone and that MacKown will leave this city just as soon as possible.

**Beer Bottle May Cause Death.**

Atlantic.—E. W. Halleck of Stuart, employed as brakeman on the Rock Island road, badly cut his foot and came near bleeding to death before being brought here from Walnut where the accident happened. He was working in the yards at Walnut when he stepped on a piece of broken beer bottle and cut his foot. One of the main arteries of the foot was severed and the loss of blood was profuse.

## ATTEMPTS TO BURN HOME.

**George Davis, of Peasanton, Is Visited Many Times.**

Peasanton.—What promises to be one of the most sensational cases that ever came to light in this section of the state, was developed when an attempt was made to destroy the home of George L. Davis by fire.

A few weeks ago a school teacher boarding at Mr. Davis' had occasion to go to the woods and was surprised to find a man trying to hide behind some wood. She ran back to the house and informed the family, but they did not investigate. Nothing more was thought of the incident until a few nights later, when Mrs. Davis stepped out of the door and surprised a man in the act of trying to effect an entrance to the house. She started to give the alarm, but the man, drawing a shotgun, forced her to remain outside while he escaped. As it was dark Mrs. Davis could not positively recognize him, although they think it gave them a clue upon which to work.

About a week later Mr. and Mrs. Davis were returning home from a visit to a neighbor's when they were horrified to find their home in flames. They hurriedly summoned the neighbors and the fire was extinguished before any great damage was done. On the morning of the fire a large iron pan was found under the corner of the house where the fire had been kindled. The boards had been torn off, it is supposed, in the hope that the fire would catch between the walls.

**\$15,000 FIRE LOSS.**

**Entire Business Section of Avoca Barely Escapes Destruction.**

Avoca.—A serious fire occurred here and for a time it was feared, owing to the high wind, that the entire business section would go. The total loss will aggregate about \$15,000.

The fire started in the livery stable of W. C. Blust from a spark from an engine switching near by. A burning ember was blown through an open window into the upper floor of the opera house adjoining. The entire upper portion of the building was soon burned away and two firms located on the first floor suffered heavy damage from water. The fire was also communicated to the implement house of Charles H. Norton, across the street, which was on fire several times.

**HELD FOR PATRICIDE.**

**After Long Chase, W. Whitbeck Is Caught in Duluth.**

West Union.—Walter Whitbeck, wanted in connection with the recent brutal murder of his aged father, Ardo Whitbeck, on his farm north of here, was brought to West Union in the custody of Sheriff Culver. He was captured in Duluth just as he was about to make his departure for Canada.

When arrested young Whitbeck asked Sheriff Culver why he had been apprehended.

"To find out what you know about the murder of your father," the sheriff replied.

Thereupon Whitbeck relapsed into silence.

He has talked but little since then about the crime. He is naturally stolid and indifferent in his makeup and he kept his own counsel about the whole affair on the journey home, except once, when coming out of St. Paul.

**Missing Cashier's Home Burns.**

West Point.—The residence of Lawrence Smith, the missing cashier of the defunct West Point bank, caught fire and was badly damaged before the firemen, by heroic efforts, succeeded in putting out the blaze. The flames originated from an overheated furnace in the basement. The house was occupied by the brother of the missing banker, who merely slept in it at night. The insurance upon the property will cover the loss, which will not exceed \$1,000.

**Clothes Torn From Body.**

Muscata.—Edward Maxson, an employe of the Mississippi Box company, had every stitch of clothing torn from his body while at work in the factory. His trousers caught on the screw end of a shaft and he was whirled about until all his clothing had been ripped off. He was injured internally, but staggered up from the cellar, where he had been hurt. It is thought that he will recover. He is now at Hershey hospital.

**Ex-Slave Burns to Death.**

Leon.—Ben Johnson, an aged negro and an ex-slave, was burned to death in his home before he could be rescued by neighbors. Johnson lived alone in his cottage and it caught fire while he was asleep. When the fire was discovered, the house had been destroyed and Johnson was dead. He had lived in Leon for many years.

## DEMOCRATS O. K. IT

MINORITY UNANIMOUSLY INDORSES MESSAGE.

**WILLIAMS ISSUES STATEMENT**

Only Few Principles Are Taken Issue With—Remarkable Unbosoming of Political Party.

Washington, D. C., March 27.—Representatives John Sharp Williams of Mississippi, as leader of the minority in the house of representatives, last night issued to the press a written statement defining precisely the attitude of the democratic party in the house toward legislation urged by President Roosevelt in his messages to congress at the present session.

The statement describes what republican legislation the democrats will support, what they will oppose and what concessions they demand on the part of the majority as to the price of refraining from an organized filibuster throughout the remainder of the session. Mr. Williams opens his statement by saying: "Some things all he has to do is to deliver twenty or twenty-five republican house votes in favor of them. These, conjoined with the solid democratic votes, will put them through."

Mr. Williams notes the following measures as ones which will command virtually all the democratic vote within constitutional limits:

To compel publication of campaign contributions.

Prohibition of child labor in the District of Columbia and the territories.

An employers' liability law, drawn to conform to all recent decisions of the supreme court.

Federal liability to government employes.

A law to prohibit the issuance of injunctions without notice to the party enjoined.

Removal of the tariff on wood pulp and printing paper.

Imposition of a federal charge for every water power right granted on a navigable stream.

Those principles and measures urged by the president with which Mr. Williams, as minority leader, views issues are enumerated as follows:

The penalizing of the boycott.

The right of the attorney general to nominate receivers when common carriers are thrown into the hands of a receiver.

The modification of the Sherman anti-trust law so as to permit within limitation the maintenance of trusts and the making of trade agreements between combinations of capital.

The appointment of a commission to prepare data for a revision of the tariff.

Mr. Williams frankly states that he does not know whether a majority of the minority favors the creation of a permanent waterways commission.

**ILLINOIS FOR CANNON.**

**State Convention Gives Him Delegation for Chicago.**

Springfield, Ill., March 27.—The republicans of Illinois yesterday enthusiastically endorsed Joseph G. Cannon as a candidate for the presidency, declared in favor of the revision of the tariff and elected four delegates at large to the national convention. The men chosen are United States Senators Shelby M. Cullom, Halbert J. Hopkins, Gov. Charles S. Deneen and Mayor Fred A. Busse of Chicago.

The convention also indorsed the administration of Governor Deneen and that of other state officers. The candidacy of Governor Deneen to succeed himself was not mentioned. It being understood that only matters of national import were to come before the convention.

For the last two days it has been confidently asserted by the platform builders that the resolutions would favor tariff "adjustment" instead of "revision," it being the idea that "revision is generally accepted as meaning reduction, and "adjustment" might mean the raising of some schedules as well as lowering of others. In the last moment, however, Congressman Henry S. Boutell arrived from Washington. He had consulted with Speaker Cannon and other republican leaders, and the plank adopted was the result of the fact that Cannon men had things entirely their own way and there was not a whisper of opposition throughout the day.

All motions were passed unanimously and without argument, and the applause that greeted the reading of the plank indorsing the candidacy of the speaker was great and enthusiastic.

**AIM AT ROOSEVELT.**

Washington, D. C., March 27.—More shafts of sarcasm and invective were aimed at President Roosevelt in the house of representatives yesterday. In one of the most scathing arrangements of a public officer ever heard in that chamber, Mr. Beall of Texas charged the president with having been guilty of "a disgusting usurpation of power, not only toward the national legislature, but the judiciary as well."

Congress had, he said, abdicated to him its powers and the public felt the effect of his influence. God and the future alone knew, he declared, just what niche he was to occupy in the temple of his country.

The agricultural appropriation bill was considered for amendment, and when it was laid aside for the day there had been stricken out the provision for new weather stations in the states of Texas, Kansas, Virginia, Michigan, Vermont, Missouri and Indiana.

## DO YOU KNOW WHAT WHITE LEAD IS?

Its Chief Use and a Method of Determining Good from Bad Explained.

White Lead is the standard paint material all over the world. It is made by corroding metallic lead into a white powder, through exposing it to the fumes of weak acetic acid and carbonic acid gas; this powder is then ground and mixed with linseed oil, making a thick paste, in which form it is packed and sold for painting purposes. The painter thins it down to the proper consistency for application by the addition of more linseed oil.

The above refers, of course, to pure, genuine White Lead only. Adulterated and fake "White Lead," of which there are many brands on the market, is generally some sort of composition containing only a percentage of white lead; sometimes no White Lead at all; in such stuff, barytes or ground rock, and similar cheap substances are used to make bulk and imitate the appearance of pure White Lead.

There is, however, a positive test by which the purity or impurity of White Lead may be proved or exposed, before painting with it.

The blow-pipe flame will reduce pure white-lead to metallic lead. If a supposed white lead be thus tested and it only partially reduces to lead, leaving a residue, it is proof that something else was there besides white lead.

The National Lead Company guarantee all White Lead sold in packages bearing its "Dutch Boy Painter" trademark to prove absolutely pure under this blow-pipe test, and that you may make the test yourself in your own home, they will send free upon request a blow-pipe and everything else necessary to make the test, together with a valuable booklet on paint. Address, National Lead Company, Woodbridge Building, New York.

**Strenuous Method of Saving Life.**

Two officers who were hunting wolves on the Dry mountain in central Serbia lost their way in a fog. After wandering for 14 hours one of them lay down in the snow and speedily became unconscious. His comrade bound him with cords, placed him in a sitting position and then rolled him down the slope at terrific speed and reached the bottom safely, being found an hour later in an exhausted condition by a peasant. He is now in the hospital being treated for the lacerations he received in bumping over the rocks during his descent. His companion is unhurt.

**Origin of the Elevator.**

The elevator originated in Central Europe. The earliest mention of the elevator is made in a letter of Napoleon I. addressed to his wife, Archduchess Maria Louise. He writes to her that when in Schoenbrunn, then the summer residence of the Austrian emperor, near Vienna, he used the "cable volante" (flying chair) in that castle which had been constructed for Empress Maria Theresa. It consisted of a small, square room, sumptuously furnished with hangings of red silk and suspended by strong ropes with counter weights, so that it could be pulled up or let down with great ease in a shaft built for the purpose about 1760.

**Giving It the Acid Test.**

The clairvoyant was swaying back and forth under the severe strain of her mental connection with the realm of spirits.

"Now," she chanted, "call upon any soul you will and I will make it speak to you—yes, even visible to you." For she was up to date in the biz.

"Bring me," asked the masculine skeptic, "Brevity, the soul of Wit."

Right here the seance ended.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

**The Telephone Girl's Amendment.**

Said the business man with a grouch against the telephone central:

"One day I was calling a number and said, 'Get me on-four-hundred so-and-so.' The girl said, 'Fourteen-hundred so-and-so?' So the next time I called the number I thought I'd be forehanded."

"I said, 'Get me fourteen-hundred so-and-so.' And the girl asked, 'One-four-oh-oh so-and-so?'"

**Admitted That Much.**

"But," she persisted, "you can't deny it. A woman's life is made up of sacrifices."

"Of sacrifice sales, yes," replied the brute, her husband.

**The Price.**

"What does it cost you, Ferdinand, that handsome umbrella of yours?"

"Eternal vigilance, my boy."

**HAPPY OLD AGE**

**Most Likely to Follow Proper Eating.**

As old age advances, we require less food to replace waste, and food that will not overtax the digestive organs, while supplying true nourishment.

Such an ideal food is found in Grape-Nuts, made of whole wheat and barley by long baking and action of diastase in the barley which changes the starch into sugar.

The phosphates also, placed up under the bran-coat of the wheat, are included in Grape-Nuts, but left out of white flour. They are necessary to the building of brain and nerve cells.

"I have used Grape-Nuts," writes an Iowa man, "for 8 years and feel as good and am stronger than I was ten years ago. I am over 74 years old, and attend to my business every day."

"Among my customers I meet a man every day who is 92 years old and attributes his good health to the use of Grape-Nuts and Postum which he has used for the last 5 years. He mixes Grape-Nuts with Postum and says they go fine together."

"For many years before I began to eat Grape-Nuts, I could not say that I enjoyed life or knew what it was to be able to say 'I am well.' I suffered greatly with constipation, now my life is as regular as ever in my habits. Whenever I make extra effort I depend on Grape-Nuts food and it just fills the bill. I can think and write a great deal easier."

"There's a Reason." Name given by Postum Co., Batt. Creek, Mich. Read "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs.

## A REMARKABLE MAN.

Active and Bright, Though Almost a Centenarian.

Shepard Kollock, of 44 Wallace St., Red Bank, N. J., is a remarkable man at the age of 98. For 40 years he was a victim of kidney troubles and doctors said he would never be cured. "I was trying everything," says Mr. Kollock, "but my back was lame and weak, and every exertion sent a sharp twinge through me. I had to get up several times each night and the kidney secretions contained a heavy sediment. Recently I began using Doan's Kidney Pills, with fine results. They have given me entire relief." Sold by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

**SO RUDE OF HIM.**



"Why won't you see Herr Schmidt today, Erna?"

"O, mamma, I can't endure him any more! Only think, the last time he called he waved his handkerchief to me after leaving, and then—"

"Well, and then?"

"Then he sneezed into it!"

## DEEP CRACKS FROM ECZEMA

Could Lay Slate-Pencil in One—Hands in Dreadful State—Permanent Cure in Cuticura.

"I had eczema on my hands for about seven years and during that time I had used several so-called remedies, together with physicians' and druggists' prescriptions. The disease was so bad on my hands that I could lay a slate-pencil in one of the cracks and it would not touch the pencil. I kept using remedy after remedy, and while some gave partial relief, none relieved as much as did the first box of Cuticura Ointment. I made a purchase of Cuticura Soap and Ointment and my hands were perfectly cured after two boxes of Cuticura Soap were used. W. H. Dean, Newark, Del., Mar. 28, 1907."

**A New Excuse.**

"I suppose your husband is proud to contribute his share toward the support of our beautiful library?"

"Yes," answered the woman with the slightly acid expression; "only John was none too industrious in the first place and now he's tempted to put in most of his time reading novels and trying to get his money's worth."—Washington Star.

**He Wasn't Afraid.**

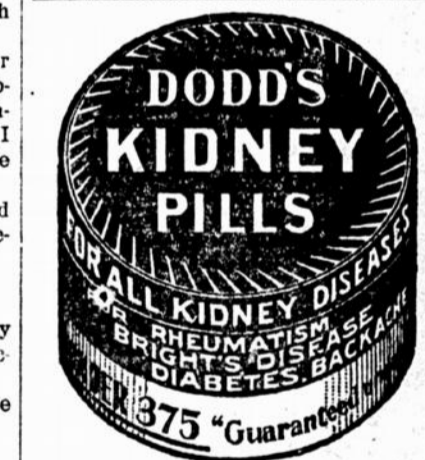
Mrs. Spenders—I wonder how you'd like it if I ever got 'new-womanish' and insisted upon wearing men's clothes?"

Mr. Spenders—Oh, I haven't any fear of your ever doing that. Men's clothes are never very expensive.—Catholic Standard and Times.

**Frozen Lambs.**

Bill—I see that of domestic animals, sheep come first as cold bursters. Sheep have lived for weeks buried in snow.

Jill—They've often been frozen out in Wall street, though.



## Paxtine TOILET ANTISEPTIC

Keeps the breath, teeth, mouth and body antiseptically clean and free from unhealthy germ-life and disagreeable odors, which water, soap and tooth preparations alone cannot do. A germicidal, disinfecting and deodorizing toilet requisite of exceptional excellence and economy. Invaluable for inflamed eyes, throat and nasal and uterine catarrh. At drug and toilet stores, 50 cents or by mail postpaid. Large Trial Sample

WITH "HEALTH AND TOILET" BOOK SENT FREE

THE PAXTONE TOILET CO., BOSTON, MASS.



FOR SALE Eighty acres best land twenty-triplicated, one and one-half miles from West Davenport, Iowa. Call on J. H. Miller and Milk Condenser. Motor cars state close place. Address P. O. Box 63, Denver, Colorado.

WHY THEY SLEEP IN CHURCH.

Hypnotism, Not Drowsiness, Declared to Be the Cause.

"Churchgoers don't sleep in church. They undergo a hypnotic trance. The soothing voices and mild music and monotonous recitative of a church service put forth powerful hypnotic influences, and that is why the pews resemble a railroad track in the abundance of their sleepers."

The speaker, a hypnotist, banged the table vehemently. "Don't laugh," he said. "It's true. Hypnotism, not drowsiness, is what makes you sleep in church. Through your auditory nerve sound waves are passed to your brain that are as effective as though a professional hypnotist had made them. Sound, you know, is the newest and best hypnotic."

"At first, in the church service, the periodicity of the wave alterations is short. There is a little speaking, then more music. And just when you are getting properly lulled the clergyman in a modulated, agreeable, soothing voice, speaks on and on and on—and you begin to nod. You are, hypnotically speaking, entranced. "The average church service is a scientifically correct hypnotic instrument. No wonder, then, it puts many of us to sleep."

It Cures While You Walk. Allen's Foot-Paste is a certain cure for hot, sweating, callous, and swollen, itching feet. Sold by all Druggists. Price 25c. Don't accept any substitute. Trial package FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

He surely is in want of another's patience who has none of his own—Lavater.

For Over Half a Century Brown's Bronchial Troches have been excelled as a cure for hoarseness, coughs and sore throat.

For His "Animated Nature." Goldsmith got \$4,500 for his "Animated Nature."

Garfield Tea—a simple and satisfactory cathartic. Composed of Herbs, it regulates liver and kidneys, overcomes constipation and brings Good Health.

It's easier for a woman to hold a strong man than her own tongue.

FILES CURED IN 6 TO 14 DAYS. PAIN DISAPPEARS IN 24 HOURS. Guaranteed. Address: 1100 Broadway, New York City.

It isn't idle curiosity that prompts a man to look for work.

160 Acres North Dakota Land Free. Will locate, if you buy the adjoining quarter. D. J. McMahon, Endicott Bld., St. Paul.

Success seldom comes to a man who isn't expecting it.

Syrup of Figs and Elixir of Senna acts gently yet promptly on the bowels, cleanses the system effectually, assists one in overcoming habitual constipation permanently. To get its beneficial effects buy the genuine. Manufactured by the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. SOLD BY LEADING DRUGGISTS—50¢ per BOTTLE.

Money Making Possibilities For the farmer, truck gardener, stockman and merchant there is never better than they are today in the Dakotas and Montana along the new line to the Pacific Coast. Mild climate; ample rainfall; productive soil; good crops; convenient markets; cheap fuel. More stores, hotels and other industries are needed in the growing new towns on the new line of the

Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway

Trains are now operated on this new line to Lombard, Montana—92 miles east of Butte—with connections for Moore, Lewistown, and other points in the Judith Basin. Daily service between St. Paul and Minneapolis and Miles City; daily except Sunday service beyond.

Send for free descriptive books and maps regarding this new country—they will interest you.

F. A. MILLER, General Passenger Agent, Chicago.

SICK HEADACHE Positively Cured by these Little Pills. CARTER'S LITTLE PILL. They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Bowel Complaint. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Headache, Stomach Pain, Costive Bowels, Biliousness, and all the ailments of the Bowels. TORPED LIVER. They regulate the Bowels. SMALL PILL. SMALL DOSE. SMALL PRICE. GENUINE MUST BEAR FAC-SIMILE SIGNATURE. REFUSE SUBSTITUTES.

DEMOCRATS AT CEDAR RAPIDS

GENERAL WEAVER IS LEFT OFF DELEGATION.

HE WILL RUN FOR GOVERNOR

Convention is for Bryan—State Chairman Announces Retirement.

Cedar Rapids.—Claude R. Porter of Centerville, Jerry B. Sullivan of Des Moines, and E. G. Dunn of Mason City were chosen as delegates at large on the first ballot by the democratic state convention, and C. F. Duncombe of Fort Dodge was chosen on the next ballot.

The platform indorses Bryan and instructs for him under the unit rule. Gen. J. B. Weaver and his friends made a hard fight to be delegates at large, but he was defeated. Later General Weaver gave out the following interview:

"The Hon. Claude R. Porter stated to me this evening that he would not enter the state democratic primaries as a candidate for governor as I had hoped he would do. This being the case, at the solicitation of friends, I have concluded to enter the primary myself for that office."

"During the day Chairman Miller of the state committee announced that he would not be a candidate to succeed himself.

Claude R. Porter, temporary chairman, delivered an address in which he made an urgent plea to the democrats of Iowa and of the nation to unite and reassert the great and undying principles of democracy. He declared that there was in the present situation greater promise of democratic success than in many years, and that there ought to be a harmonious fight under the democratic banner against republicanism.

While the convention was waiting for the report of the committee on resolutions, following the speech of Permanent Chairman Denison, there was a series of time filling speeches by Judge Wade, Congressman Dan Hamilton, Fred White, General Weaver and W. H. Whiting, the latter of whom proceeded to the election of delegates at large.

On the first ballot Claude R. Porter of Centerville, Jerry B. Sullivan of Des Moines, and E. G. Dunn of Mason City, were chosen.

On the second ballot for the election of the fourth delegate at large the candidates were John A. Craig of Lee county, Major Carr of Manchester, General Weaver, C. F. Duncombe, and W. H. Whiting, the latter of whom withdrew. Duncombe's vote was 616, and Weaver's 442.

As alternates, five men were chosen. They are: J. E. Craig, Keokuk; R. W. Gannon, Scott county; A. M. McCook, Butler; E. M. Carr, Delaware; J. E. Stanton, Marshall; S. P. Wadsworth, Pottawattamie.

Delegates.

District delegates were chosen as follows:

First district—J. P. Crulekshank, Lee; W. P. Lippincott, Van Buren.

Second district—E. M. Sharon, Davenport; A. Brandt, Jackson.

Third district—W. B. Higbee, Buchanan; H. C. Litzgert, Clark; Hawk, Howard; H. B. Dorsey, Mitchell.

Fourth district—John McCook, Howard; H. B. Dorsey, Mitchell.

Fifth district—(Double delegation.)—R. I. Williamson, Grundy; H. P. Fitzgerald, Tama; John W. Waley, Marshall; C. H. Patenburgh, Benton.

Sixth district—L. B. Rogers, Mahaska; Claud Meyer, Jasper.

Seventh district—John T. Mulvaney, Polk; P. J. O'Malley, Dallas.

Eighth district—J. J. Dunnegan, Page; E. J. Sankey, Decatur.

Ninth district—John Blake, Cass; W. C. Campbell, Shelby.

Tenth district—L. L. Caswell, Crawford; J. H. Menton, Boone.

Eleventh district—W. F. Hutton, Ida; C. C. Cannon, O'Brien.

Alternates.

First district—Frank J. Rilling, Des Moines; Edwin Knapp, Washington.

Second district—L. C. McIninger, Clinton; H. H. Bartlett, Muscatine.

Third district—C. C. Gethal, Hardin; J. P. Kenefick, Franklin.

Fourth district—C. W. Dillon, Worth; A. Bernaty, Winneshiek.

Fifth district—(Double delegation.)—J. A. Greene, Jones; Lewis Harris, Linn; J. C. Vance, M. J. Donnelly, Linn.

Sixth district—D. W. Bates, Monroe; J. H. Platt, Potosi.

Seventh district—A. W. Brady, Marion; N. W. Harris, Polk.

Eighth district—M. H. Wilson, Wayne; W. W. Perkins, Wayne.

Ninth district—J. W. Norris, Guthrie; William Dolk, Audubon.

Tenth district—F. W. Walchoz, Winnebago; L. C. Nanger, Humboldt.

Eleventh district—E. L. Crow, Monona; H. L. Pierce, Buena Vista.

The platform is understood to be the product of G. F. Rinehart of Des Moines, prepared after the Nebraska platform at the suggestion of Mr. Bryan himself.

The convention struck out the financial plank of the platform on the ground that it was not happily and properly expressed, and empowered the committee on resolutions to substitute a new plank.

The platform follows: "We, the representatives of the democracy of Iowa, in convention assembled hereby proclaim our faith in and adherence to the principles of democracy as pronounced by our party. Thomas Jefferson, defended so earnestly and effectively by Andrew Jackson and expounded so lucidly by the greatest living champion of democracy, William Jennings Bryan.

"We rejoice in the great moral awakening of the American people, the exposure of graft and political corruption and the manifest evidences of public sentiment that demands the punishment of the guilty, and we see therein ample evidence of the ability of the people to work out their own salvation and shape their own destiny. We recognize as the paralyzing cause of this campaign the infamous issue of Jefferson. 'Equal rights to all and special privileges to none,' and we declare that in the adoption and execution of the principles therein outlined lies the only path to civic righteousness.

"We believe that in the preservation of the reserved rights of the states to regulate and control internal rights of the state, lies the only security for popular government; and we are therefore, firm in the conviction that federal legislation should assist rather than retard or oppose, state legislation in providing remedies for public wrongs.

"We hold that foreign corporations doing business in competition with state corporations or individuals should be held amenable to the laws of the state in which they operate, and that in all controversies between the individual and the corporation due recognition should be given to the distinction between the natural person that God has made and the artificial person that man has made, to the end that the corporation shall not have any undue advantage over the individual.

"We rejoice in legislation for cheaper railroad fares, and we see in the abolition of the railroad pass one of the most happy auguries for just relations between the railroad corporations and the public.

"In the election of United States senators by free voters the people lies the most responsible avenue to national reforms, and until this result is accomplished the people cannot hope for the largest measure of public good.

"As before iterated and reiterated in our national platforms, we declare that a private monopoly is repulsive and intolerable and to the end that it may be abolished we favor the rigorous enforcement of the criminal law as well as the civil laws against trusts as monopolistic corporations, and trust magnates as individuals, and if the present laws are insufficient we demand the enactment of additional laws that will regulate and control every private monopoly.

"We charge to republican discrimination and favoritism the enormous development of the trust which has become the parent and custodian of giant monopolies that thrive by unjust extortions, both from those who produce the raw materials and those who consume the finished products, and we favor the immediate removal of all tariffs from goods sold in competition with trust made articles until a revenue basis has been reached by our tariff system.

"We condemn the deceit and duplicity of republican platform promises for tariff reform, that, like the willow, is always bent just beyond reach, promising a revision that has been defined by an Iowa republican platform to mean a lowering of schedules that are too high; and a raising of schedules that are too low; and the determination that tariff schedules must be revised by the tariff law, the beneficiaries of high tariff schedules the sole judges of whether or not they are too high or whether they are too low. For many years the promise has been made that the tariff would be revised after the next election. Since then several elections have occurred, and the republican party yet points to the next election in the future as the time for this will-o'-the-wisp to submit to capture.

"We believe that all public utilities should be conducted for the benefit of the whole people without discrimination or extortion, and we favor the enlargement of the powers of the national and state railroad commissions to the end that every individual shall have full protection; and to do this it is necessary to ascertain the present values of the railroads and prevent the present holders from robbery known as watered stock, insuring to the stockholders of the railroad a fair return on their investment and to the shipper a reasonable rate for the transportation of his products.

"The present financial stringency, occurring after twelve years of absolute republican supremacy, shows the incompetency or unwillingness of the leaders of the republican party to afford the people any relief further than to loan to the gamblers of Wall street the money of the people needed to handle the commerce of the country and market the crops of real things in which honest men deal. We favor the issue and control by the general government only of emergency currency in times of financial stress and strain, to be loaned upon adequate security, with the condition that the proceeds of the sale of such currency be used to pay the interest on the bonds issued to insure its retirement when the necessity for its issuance has passed. We condemn the attempt of the leaders of the republican party to pass the Aldrich bill or the Fowler bill as an attempt to take the constitutional prerogative of issuing money from the general government where it belongs and placing it in the hands of individuals or classes, where it does not belong, and where its exercise means renewed danger to popular liberty.

"We believe that in all contests between capital and labor arbitration is the best method of arriving at just conclusions as between the parties and at the same time it avoids in a great measure the demoralization to public business that results from prolonged strikes, which not only injure both employer and employe, but affect disastrously the innocent public which is in no wise responsible for the situation; and we condemn the abuse of the writ of injunction in labor disputes, believing that it should be granted only after a full and fair hearing trial to be had before some judge other than the one who issues the writ, and a jury trial to be had in every case except where the contempt alleged occurs in the presence of the court.

"We favor an eight-hour working day and an employers' liability law applicable alike to public and private employers, and we call the attention of labor to the fact that the democratic party was the first to declare for a department of labor at Washington; that democratic platforms have always recognized the rights of labor to its just reward, honest pay for honest work, but no platform of the democratic party ever promised a 'dollar good in Europe,' and then substituted a 'clearing house certificate,' nor a 'full dinner pail' that disappeared and left only the odor of the free soup house in its stead.

"We favor the protection of all foreigners residing in the United States under treaty, but we are opposed to the admission of Asiatic emigrants who can never be assimilated with our people, and whose presence raises a diplomatic controversy with oriental powers, and we demand stricter immigration laws to the end that no foreigner who believes in assassination as a means of reforming government can be permitted to land on our shores.

"We favor an amendment to our national constitution making an income tax part of our revenue system, that those who reap the benefits of government may share its burdens and we favor an inheritance tax to reach the swollen fortunes already in existence, recognizing that permanent measures should be taken to prevent the piling up of predatory wealth by removing the privilege and favoritism upon which it is based.

"We congratulate Oklahoma upon its auspicious entrance into the sisterhood of states, and we demand for

Arizona and New Mexico separate statehood, and for Porto Rico, a territorial form of government. We favor the reclamation of arid lands, the protection of the forests, yet retaining and the replanting of the denuded districts left a ruin by the rapacity of the lumber trust. We charge the tariff on lumber with the responsibility in a large measure for the destruction of our forests, and the high price of lumber and of printed paper has in the meantime extorted an enormous tax from every man who builds and every man who reads, thus making enterprise and intelligence pay a tribute to the greed of lumber barons, while a waste of stumpage is left as an inheritance to our children. We believe in improving waterways wherever possible to give the people the advantage of competing lines of transportation and hope for the speedy completion of the Panama canal.

"While we deprecate war, we believe in a general pension policy in justice to the surviving veterans, and because it also relieves the country of the necessity of maintaining a large standing army.

"We condemn the experiment in imperialism as an inexhaustible bludgeon which has been used to keep the expense, brought us weakness instead of strength, and laid the nation open to the charge of abandoning the fundamental doctrine of self government.

"We favor the immediate declaration of the national purpose to recognize the independence of the Philippine islands, as soon as a stable government can be established, such independence to be guaranteed as we now guarantee the independence of Cuba.

"We favor international arbitration in all disputes between nations where diplomacy fails and we are opposed to the employment of our navy in the collection of private debts.

"We favor honest and impartial inspection of public grain storage warehouses at market centers, such storage facilities to be free from political influence, railroad favoritism or monopolistic influence, subject to honest inspection and open competition that the interests of the producer, shipper and consumer may be protected.

"We approve of the enforcement of all laws tending toward the elimination of gambling in prices of grain or other farm products, but approve of those commercial organizations which promote only legal and equitable methods in the merchandising of all agricultural products.

"We believe that the restoration of confidence will do more to put money into circulation than any currency legislation that can possibly be enacted; therefore we favor the enactment of a law evolving some scheme absolutely guaranteeing bank deposits.

"Firmly believing in these principles, we declare that an administration should be chosen that will put them into effect, not under the whip and spur of public sentiment, but with the enthusiasm of earnest desire to do good, and to carry out the policy of this nation; therefore, we favor for president of the United States the man who, above all others, is the very embodiment of these principles, with the determination to adhere to them and the ability to administer them; and we hereby instruct the delegates present from Iowa in the national convention at Denver to vote as a unit on all questions coming before said convention, and to support the nomination of our president of the United States, first last and all the time that typical citizen, exalted patriot and incorruptible democrat, William Jennings Bryan."

Schoolmaster—Do you wish your son to learn the dead languages? Mr. Koffin—Certainly, as I shall require him to assist in my business as an undertaker.

How's This? We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by him. W. A. RAY, Wholesale Druggist, Toledo, O. HALL'S CATARRH CURE is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75 cents per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Asserted His Rights. John Hunter was a negro given to chastising his wife. "You, John," said a neighbor one day, "Susanna say, if you don't quit beatin' her she gwine to de Freedman bureau!" "She do, do she?" he replied, with scorn. "Now, lemme tell yer, want an' for all' Susanna am my wife! An' so long as she go 'bout her business I gwine left her 'tione. But w'en she git fer cuttin' up I gwine ter beat her, an' ther' ain't no bureau nor no sidebode nor no chist of drots what kin hol' me back!"

Important to Mothers. Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it bears the Signature of *W. D. Hoagland*. In Use For Over 30 Years. The Kind You Have Always Bought.

A Diplomat. "So you gave your husband a box of cigars?" "Yes," answered young Mrs. Torbins. "Did he appreciate them?" "Indeed he did. He values them so highly that he is smoking a pipe so as not to use them up too fast."

A Most Delicious Dessert is Coffee Jelly. Get a 10 cent package of Plymouth Rock Coffee Jelly Compound, add a pint of boiling water and serve with sugar and cream. The Jelly Compound is made from pure grain, coffee and gelatine—a delightful combination. If your grocer does not sell it, send us his name and 10 cents and we will mail you a box Plymouth Rock Gelatine Co., Boston, Mass.

Guess. He—I think that I have the pleasure of the next dance? She—You do. Now, what did she mean by that?—Harvard Lampoon.

Those Delicous Lemcn Pies. The kind that "make your mouth water" are easily made with our fusing and filling. The Jelly Compound is made from pure grain, coffee and gelatine—a delightful combination. If your grocer does not sell it, send us his name and 10 cents and we will mail you a box Plymouth Rock Gelatine Co., Boston, Mass.

What is contentment? The true philosophy of life and the principal ingredient in the cup of happiness.—Burton.

WHAT CAUSES HEADACHE. From October to May, Colds are the most frequent cause of the LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE removes cause. E. W. GROVES, box 206

Fancy prices please the seller more than the buyer.

WESTERN CANADA CROPS CANNOT BE CHECKED.

OATS YIELDED 90 BUSHEL TO THE ACRE.

The following letter written the Dominion Government Commissioner of Emigration speaks for itself. It proves the story of the Agents of the Government that on the free homesteads offered by the Government it is possible to become comfortably well off in a few years: Regina, Sask., 23rd Nov., 1907. Commissioner of Immigration, Winnipeg.

Dear Sir: It is with pleasure that I reply to your request. Some years ago I took up a homestead for myself and also one for my son. The half section which we own is situated between Rouleau and Drinkwater, adjoining the Moose Jaw creek, is a low level and heavy land. We put in 70 acres of wheat in stubble, which went 20 bushels to the acre, and 30 acres of summer fallow, which went 25 bushels to the acre. All the wheat we harvested this year is No. 1 hard. That means the best wheat that can be raised on the earth. We did not sell any wheat yet as we intend to keep one part for our own seed, and sell the other part to people who want first-class seed, for there is no doubt if you sow good wheat you will harvest good wheat.

We also threshed 9,000 bushels of first-class oats out of 160 acres. 80 acres has been fall plowing which yielded 90 bushels per acre, and 80 acres stubble, which went 30 bushels to the acre. These oats are the best kind that can be raised. We have shipped three car loads of them, and got 53 cents per bushel clear. All our grain was cut in the last week of the month of August before any frost could touch it.

Notwithstanding the fact that we have had a late spring, and that the weather conditions this year were very adverse and unfavorable, we will make more money out of our crop this year than last.

For myself I feel compelled to say that Western Canada crops cannot be checked, even by unusual conditions. I am, dear sir, Yours truly, (Signed) A. Kaltenbrunner.

A LITTLE KNOWLEDGE. "Firmly believing in these principles, we declare that an administration should be chosen that will put them into effect, not under the whip and spur of public sentiment, but with the enthusiasm of earnest desire to do good, and to carry out the policy of this nation; therefore, we favor for president of the United States the man who, above all others, is the very embodiment of these principles, with the determination to adhere to them and the ability to administer them; and we hereby instruct the delegates present from Iowa in the national convention at Denver to vote as a unit on all questions coming before said convention, and to support the nomination of our president of the United States, first last and all the time that typical citizen, exalted patriot and incorruptible democrat, William Jennings Bryan."

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PUBLIC LAND OPENING.

The opening of the large tract of irrigated Government land in the Big Horn Basin affords an opportunity to secure an irrigated farm to a delightful section of the country on easy payments. \$211 down secures 40 acres; \$421 down secures 80 acres; \$631 down secures 120 acres; \$841 down secures 160 acres. The settler has nine years in which to pay the balance. Final proof can be made and a patent secured by a residence of only thirty days. If this looks good to you, sit down right now, and write to the Irrigation Department, 405 Home Insurance Building, Chicago, for full information.



Just mere shadows of their former selves. Billon Dollar Grass. Most remarkable grass of the century. Good for three mowings annually. One Iowa farmer on 100 acres sold \$3,800.00 worth of seed and had 300 tons of hay besides. It is immense. Do try it. For 10c send this notice to the John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis., to pay postage, etc., and they will mail you the only original seed catalog published in America with samples of Billion Dollar Grass, Macaroni Wheat, the sly miller mixer, Sainfoin the dry soil luxuriator, Victoria Rape, the 20c a ton green feed producer, Silver King Barley yielding 173 bu. per acre, etc., etc.

And if you send 14c we will add a package of new farm seed never before seen by you. John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis. K. & W.

Transmitted Snake Bite. An extraordinary case of snake poisoning is reported from a country hospital in Victoria, N. S. W. An old man was showing in a comatose state and showing all the symptoms of having been bitten by a venomous snake. But on investigation it was found he had been bitten by a dog, which died almost immediately afterward from snake bite. Medical treatment was successful, and the man gradually recovered from the snake poison which the reptile had indirectly transmitted to him.

ONLY ONE "BROMO QUININE" That is LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE. Look for signature W. D. Hoagland on wrapper. Used the World over to Cure a Cold in One Day, 50c.

High aims form noble character and great objects bring out great minds.—T. W. Edwards.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

After calling a prisoner down the judge is apt to send him up.

W. U. N., DES MOINES, NO. 13, 1908.

I AM A MOTHER



How many American women in lonely homes to-day long for this blessing to come into their lives, and to be able to utter these words, but because of some organic derangement this happiness is denied them.

Every woman interested in this subject should know that preparation for healthy maternity is accomplished by the use of

LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S VEGETABLE COMPOUND Mrs. Maggie Gilmer, of West Union, S. C., writes to Mrs. Pinkham: "I was greatly run-down in health from a weakness peculiar to my sex, when Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound was recommended to me. It not only restored me to perfect health, but to my delight I am a mother."

Mrs. Josephine Hall, of Bardstow, Ky., writes: "I was a very great sufferer from female troubles, and my physician failed to help me. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound not only restored me to perfect health, but I am now a proud mother."

FACTS FOR SICK WOMEN. For thirty years Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made from roots and herbs, has been the standard remedy for female ills, and has positively cured thousands of women who have been troubled with displacements, inflammation, ulceration, fibroid tumors, irregularities, periodic pains, backache, that bearing-down feeling, flatulency, indigestion, dizziness or nervous prostration. Why don't you try it?

Mrs. Pinkham invites all sick women to write her for advice. She has guided thousands to health. Address, Lynn, Mass.

READERS of this paper desiring to buy any article advertised in its columns should insist upon having what they ask for, refusing all substitutes or imitations.

PATENTS Watson E. Coleman, Patent Attorney, Washington, D. C. After calling a prisoner down the judge is apt to send him up.

W. U. N., DES MOINES, NO. 13, 1908.

"OUCH" OH, MY BACK IT IS WONDERFUL HOW QUICKLY THE PAIN AND STIFFNESS GO WHEN YOU USE ST. JACOBS OIL THIS WELL-TRIED, OLD-TIME REMEDY FILLS THE BOTTLE 25c.—ALL DRUGGISTS.—50c. CONQUERS PAIN

W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES \$3.00 \$3.50 SHOES AT ALL PRICES, FOR EVERY MEMBER OF THE FAMILY. MEN, BOYS, WOMEN, MISSES AND CHILDREN. W. L. Douglas makes and sells more shoes than any other manufacturer in the world, because they hold their shape, fit better, wear longer, and are of greater value than any other shoes in the world to-day. W. L. Douglas \$4 and \$5 Gilt Edge Shoes Cannot Be Equalled At Any Price. Sold by the best shoe dealers everywhere. Shoes mailed from factory to any part of the world. Illustrated Catalog free to any address. W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

COLT DISTEMPER Can be handled very easily. The sick are cured, and all others in attendance on mother how "regain" health from having the disease by using SPON'S LOGIC DISTEMPER. Give on inside of the face on the blood and exterior of all forms of eruptions. Best remedy ever known for it. For more information, send for our "Logic" book. It is free. It is the only book of its kind. It is the only book of its kind. It is the only book of its kind. It is the only book of its kind. It is

