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THE BYSTANDER

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XXIII No. 5

DES MOINES, IOWA, FRIDAY, JULY 14, 1916.

Price Five Cents

Mr. Geo. Young left for Marshalltown on Tuesday evening.

Mrs. S. Dean was a business visitor in Des Moines on Sunday.

Wanted—First class barber at once. Address Bystander office.

Miss Magnolia Sears left for her home in Buxton on Monday.

L. W. Williams, the grand chancellor of the state, was in the city a few hours Monday.

Mrs. Pearl Saunders of Colorado Springs, Colo., arrived in the city for a two months' visit.

Mr. Joseph Jones, who was one of the cooks at Camp Dodge, returned to his home in Clarinda on Saturday.

The board administrative council will meet with Mrs. Arthur Wilson on Monday evening, July 17th.

Mrs. J. Smith of 511 Third street went to the Miners hospital Wednesday, July 14. She is in room 8.

Mr. Oscar Parks of Council Bluffs, Iowa, member of Twin City lodge, was a Bystander visitor Thursday.

Mr. Chas. Boy, who has been employed at the cement plant, met with a painful accident. He mashed his foot very badly.

Mrs. M. E. Hood of Kasapopol, Mich., who has been visiting Mrs. Martha Bass, left Wednesday night for her home.

Mrs. Lena Bates and family of Mason City, who spent over the 4th with her mother, Mrs. Anna Cabbell, 1122 West Second street, returned home Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Barbee wish to thank the many friends of Adolph and Carney, also of Des Moines, for their kindness and assistance through the death and grief of our beloved son, Benjamin.

Editor J. L. Thompson, G. M., H. E. Jacobs and J. H. Shepard left Monday noon to attend the annual communication of the Masonic lodge. They went overland, stopping over in Oskaloosa a few hours.

The Doers club met last Sunday at the A. M. E. church and made arrangements to take up a series of studies of boy characters of the Bible. First lesson will be of Samuel, after which there will be a debate between high school boys and non-high school boys, winners receiving \$5 in gold.

The Triple H club met Tuesday, July 11th, with Miss Martha Loeffler, at which time a very instructive demonstration was given by Miss Loeffler in brand and wheat bread making. The next meeting will be with Mrs. J. H. McDowell, 909 Eighth street, on Tuesday, July 18th.

Mrs. Gould, manager of the Jefferson cafe, entertained a few friends Sunday evening in honor of Mr. and Mrs. Shoecraft, who were leaving for Chicago. The former was in charge of the dining room at the Jefferson cafe. Their many friends were sorry to see them go.

Mrs. Albert Moss received a letter from a lost relative, Mrs. A. Woods of Marshall, Texas, stating that she would arrive in Des Moines some time next week. Mrs. Albert Moss and Mrs. Peter Bell are first cousins to Mrs. Woods. Relatives are overjoyed to hear this good news.

Miss Mayrie Bell was hostess to about twenty friends Sunday morning at a breakfast in honor of Miss Nelle Nettles of Madison, Ind. The table was spread upon the lawn and was beautifully decorated. A delicious repast was served, concluding with the taking of kodak pictures.

REMEMBER THE Palace Sweet Cafe UNDER NEW MANAGEMENT Is the best place to go for Good Home Cooking Everything First Class Red 1367 1012 Center Street Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Erickson, Props.

Constipation and Indigestion. I have used Chamberlain's Tablets and must say they are the best I have ever used for constipation and indigestion. My wife also used them for indigestion and they did her good," writes Eugene S. Knight, Wilmington, N. C. Chamberlain's Tablets are mild and gentle in their action. Give them a trial. You are certain to be pleased with the agreeable laxative effect which they produce. Obtainable everywhere.

Greenwood park was the scene of an early morning breakfast prepared by the "Hikers" on the 4th of July. Afterwards the party repaired to the home of Misses Edie and Beatie Maron, where a jolly time was had.

Nelle Nettles and Helen Dameron of Madison, Ind., were out of town guests.

A large number of young people called at the Hyde residence Sunday afternoon to call on Miss Nelle Nettles, and the following familiar faces of former Des Moines people were noticed: Clyde Glass of Boston, Alka Steele of New York and Miss Carrie Watson. The following rendered musical numbers: Mr. and Mrs. Brown, professional artists; Mr. Thurman, Nelle Nettles and Helen Dameron of Madison and Clyde Glass.

After a pleasant visit in our city, Miss Nelle Nettles of Madison, Ind., who has been visiting the Misses Gertrude and Adah Hyde, left Monday evening to visit in Indianapolis, en route home. A large delegation accompanied her to the train. She is a musician of much ability and was greatly entertained while here. Miss Nettles will enter Perdue college in the fall.

Misses Nelle Nettles and Alka Steele of New York were guests at the Mary Church Terrell club, which was entertained Monday evening by Mrs. Edith Strawthers. After a business session an elaborate course luncheon was served. Club adjourned to meet with Miss Tabitha Mash.

BREAKFAST. Miss Joburness Redmon was hostess at a breakfast Sunday morning out of compliment to the Misses Nelle Nettles and Helen Dameron of Madison, Ind. The table was spread on the lawn and covers were laid for twenty. Mr. Otho Smith assisted in serving. The taking of kodak pictures completed an enjoyable morning.

DANCING PARTY. Several young men of the city, headed by Mr. Otho Smith, entertained a number of young people at the Redmon home at a card and dancing party Tuesday evening. Music for the dancing was furnished by a player and Messrs. Harry Seymour and James Brown. Mr. and Mrs. Brown, professional artists of a high degree, introduced some new dances. Refreshments were served. Out of town guests were Mr. and Mrs. Brown, Mrs. Cleveland of St. Joseph, Mo., Helen Dameron of Madison, Ind., and Pearl Sanders.

BRILLIANT PARTY The Messrs. Robert Miles, G. W. Scott and James Windsor entertained about seventy of their friends at a large card and dancing party Wednesday evening at the home of Mr. Robert Miles. The lawn was brilliantly lighted with Japanese lanterns and tables were scattered throughout the home and the prizes for high score went to Miss Ida Davis and Mr. Richard Lawton. Others receiving prizes were Mesdames Louise Gray, Maude Woods, Misses Gertrude Hyde, Maydrew Robinson and Nelle Nettles. Music for the dancing was furnished by James Windsor, Nelle Nettles and Helen Dameron. The entertainers for the evening were Mr. and Mrs. Brown, clever artists, who gave vaudeville numbers. The punch bowl was presided over by Mr. Scott. At a late hour refreshments were served. The honored guests were Nelle Nettles and Helen Dameron of Madison, Ind., Carrie Watson and Adah Hyde, who have just returned to the city from teaching school, and Mr. and Mrs. Brown.

Twenty-five Cents is the Price of Peace. The terrible itching and smarting incident to certain skin diseases is almost instantly allayed by applying Chamberlain's Salve. Price, 25 cents. For sale by all dealers.

CARNEY. Benjamin Barbee, the youngest son of Mr. and Mrs. Barbee, was drowned on the 4th of July at Delphia, Ind. He was 15 years old. He was loved by all who knew him and a jewel in the family. He leaves a loving mother and father, two brothers, two sisters, two nephews and a host of friends to mourn his loss.

ALBIA NEWS. The number of visitors in Albia for the 4th of July was so many we cannot give their names, from Des Moines, Ottumwa, Buxton, Hiteman and Hocking. Mrs. Oscar Roper has returned from a visit to Des Moines. Mrs. Virginia Thomas is visiting in Des Moines. The Misses Davis of Ottumwa visited over Sunday at the B. T. Lewis home.

Mrs. Will Randolph of Hiteman was in Albia a day this week. Mr. John Thomas, Cornelius Miller and Mr. Malcolm Griffith run a lunch and ice cream stand on the square the 4th of July. Miss Letta Johnson has returned home again. Mrs. Chas. Carthon and children of Hiteman spent Sunday in Albia. Mr. and Mrs. Tom Williams and Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Smith of Albia visited Sunday in Buxton. The Mite Missionary society of the A. M. E. church were invited by M. E. church to come and hear the lecture by Dr. Stone of China. The lecture was very interesting. Misses Frances and Edith Thomas have quite a few friends visiting them this week.

GREAT ORGANIZER AND FINANCIER

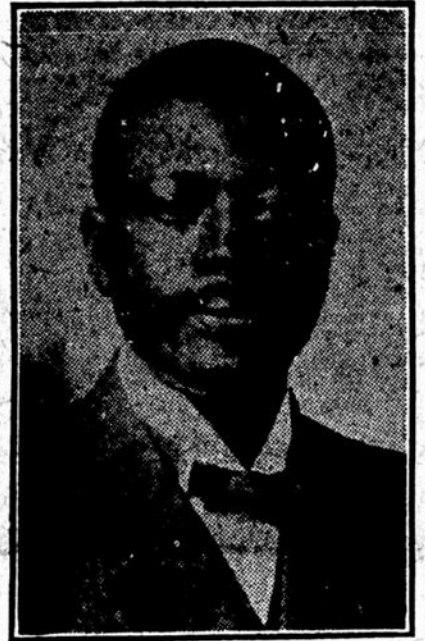
Notable Record of Dr. I. A. Thomas in the Ministry.

THRIFTY BAPTIST LEADER.

Constructive Work of a Former Georgia Minister at Second Baptist Church in Evanston, Ill.—Erects New Edifice, Adds New Members and Raises \$35,000 in Less Than Four Years.

Evanston, Ill.—Georgia has the distinction of furnishing to Illinois one of the most aggressive Baptist ministers in the state and a man who has won the hearts of the people and has accomplished much good. The Rev. I. A. Thomas, D. D., pastor of the Second Baptist church here, is one of the best known clergymen in this section of the country.

Dr. Thomas received his public school and college training at Atlanta and Macon, Ga. He attended the Central college at Macon and also the Moorehouse college in Atlanta, which is one of the largest and best known institutions in the south for the training of young men. At these two institutions he not only took the regular literary



REV. I. A. THOMAS, D. D.

course, but his theological training also, and then a postgraduate course at the University of Chicago.

It was Central City college that conferred on him the degree of master of arts. He was formerly an active figure in Georgia in the denominational work. For five years he was president of the state Baptist Young People's union. He was for some time professor of languages and higher mathematics in Central City college. He has been an active and successful pastor in Atlanta, Baxley and Macon, Ga. His last work in Georgia was at Central City college, which position he resigned to accept the pastorate of the Second Baptist church here in April, 1912.

When he took charge of the church Dr. Thomas found a small membership worshipping in a dilapidated frame building, with a seating capacity of 200. In his initial sermon he declared that the building would have to be come down and one more suitable to the needs of the people would have to be erected. Within a few months the building was torn down and the foundation laid for the present magnificent building, one of the finest in the state. Dr. Thomas drew the plans for the building, submitted them to the church for approval and later turned them over to an architect for perfection. He then superintended the erection of the church himself.

If there is such a thing as "the heart of a city" it is there where the Second Baptist church is located. It is at least in the most important part of the city, and the lot alone is valued at \$10,000. It is just one-half block from the Evanston postoffice. The church edifice is valued at \$40,000, and under the leadership of Dr. Thomas \$35,000 has been raised within three years and ten months.

Perhaps it would be of interest to know that in addition to erecting the most complete modern church in and around Chicago 300 members have been added to the church in Evanston. After working a year or two among the pastors and churches of the Bethlehem Baptist association, of which he was elected secretary the first year of his residence in this city, Dr. Thomas was elected to the moderatorship without a dissenting vote. This association includes some of the largest churches of Chicago and vicinity. The Second Baptist church held three notable rallies during 1915, with these results: April 25, \$2,000; Aug. 29, \$2,000, and Dec. 12, \$3,126.62. These amounts were devoted to the building fund. Special funds were raised for the building fund every month during the year. The receipts for 1915 were more than \$16,000.

This success is largely attributed to the splendid organization of the membership. The entire church is divided into eighteen auxiliaries. The ladies of the church are divided into eight circles, the men into four men's clubs, which make a splendid laymen's movement; the "teen" age girls into the Phyllis Wheatley Dramatic and Needlework circle. The Sunday school, the Woman's Missionary society, the B. Y. P. U. are also doing splendid work.

LOVING THANKS FILIPINOS.

Could Not Have Succeeded Without People's Aid, Says Bandmaster. Manila, P. I.—Major Walter H. Lovins, who recently retired as director of the Philippine Constabulary band, expresses his appreciation of the people of the island in the following terms: "To the People of Manila and the Philippine Islands:

"In severing my connection with the Constabulary band after fourteen years' service I would baffle my feelings if I failed to express my deep regret at this parting.

"It is no trifling incident for a man to sever the ties that bind him to a work to which he has devoted his heart and soul for so many years. And it is no trifling incident to part with friends, many of whom have supported me in my work from its very beginning. Indeed, whatever success I have achieved with the Constabulary band has been due as much to the loyal support of all classes of the people here as to any personal efforts of my own, for no man can do his best without the inspiration that comes from the aid and encouragement of his fellow men.

"It is a far cry back to that day in October, 1902, when the Constabulary band made its first public appearance in Manila. Even at that early day I had faith in its future, for I was aware of the latent musical genius of the Filipinos. But neither my own efforts nor the efforts of my men could have made the Constabulary band what it is today had it not been for the loyal support we have received from the general public.

"I shall always look back with pleasure to my cordial relations with the officials of the Philippine government and their generous co-operation during the years of my service here. I feel that I owe to them and to the people in general a debt of gratitude that can never be measured, because it has been through them that I have been enabled to realize the culminating ambition of my life.

"I am also deeply appreciative of the many courtesies which have been extended to me by the military authorities in the Philippines, and I take this occasion to mention the fact that when the organization of a constabulary band was still in the projective state it was the army that came forward and loaned us the instruments to begin our work.

"I have faith in the future of the Constabulary band. With its membership drawn from a race which possesses the essential traditions and temperament of musicians, with the experience gained by contact with great musical organizations abroad and with a competent director who is a thoroughly trained musician, there is no reason why the band should not progress in the future as it has progressed in the past.

"If one who has received as many favors from the public as I have may be permitted to ask a parting favor I would ask that my successor be given the same generous support that has been accorded me, to the end that he may have a fair opportunity to prove his fitness. Let the public remember that any discouragement coming to him in the early stages of his responsibility could easily spoil a career that might otherwise be successful.

"In leaving the Philippine Islands I do so with the feeling that the band will succeed and that I will return some day to this faraway country, not for service, but to visit the scene of my life work and to shake the hands of many old friends in Manila, to whom I shall always feel grateful.

"WALTER H. LOVING, Major, Philippine Constabulary, Retired."

YOUNG PEACE PROMOTERS.

Features of Social Service Work Conducted by the Urban League.

Sixty-two members of the Junior Park Protective league of the National League on Urban Conditions recently police headquarters in New York visited in response to an invitation tendered by Leroy Peterson of the committee on distress and unemployment. Acting Sergeant Shaw of the Police Training school had the men of the present class give a special exhibition, including jujitsu movements.

The boys were received during their visit by Inspector Cahalan, Sergeant Neuman of the Thirty-eighth precinct and Lieutenants Milhauser, Kenlon and Bass. They were especially delighted in having an audience with Chief Inspector Schmittberger, whose advice was very timely. The members of this league serve as volunteer aids of the city and act in co-operation with the various city departments.

Each Saturday the boys leave the office of the National Urban league, 2303 Seventh avenue, for an excursion to some point of interest in the city or vicinity. The founders of this organization are Mrs. Sophia M. Loebinger and Mrs. Harry W. Bell. The Manhattan divisions are in charge of Charles C. Allison, Jr.; A. Zucker and George Nelnerberg, and the Brooklyn divisions are in charge of James H. Hubert.

New York Methodists Show Method.

By a vote of 125 to 15 the New York conference of the Methodist Episcopal church, which closed its sessions at Peekskill, N. Y., on Monday, March 27, went on record as favoring the election of bishops of the Negro or any other race connected with the conference. The vote in favor of electing race bishops is said to be in a large measure due to the eloquent speech of the Rev. Dr. William E. Brooks, pastor of St. Mark's Methodist Episcopal church, New York city.

NEWLY ELECTED MASONIC GRAND OFFICERS

Grand Master. Atty. S. Joe Brown, Des Moines; Senior Grand Warden, M. Askew, Sioux City; Junior Grand Warden, W. H. Bailly, Buxton; Grand Treasurer, John D. Reeler, Mason City; Grand Secretary, W. W. Gross, Keokuk; Grand Custodian, A. G. Clark, Oskaloosa. Davenport 1917.

FAYETTE, MO.

(Special to Bystander.) We, the members of the Second Baptist church, called Rev. V. S. Cooper of Centerville, Iowa, to take charge of our church about five months ago and he had been hard at work getting us lined up or real church work. The first thing he did was to start a revival, which renewed our spiritual strength and added forty souls to our membership, making us nearly 300 strong. On last Sunday, July 9th, we had a grand rally and raised \$520.56, making a grand total for the five months of his pastorate of \$957.69. We have raised from the first Sunday in last February up to the first Sunday in July \$487.13. Rev. Cooper has proven himself to be a giant in the gospel and a financier of worth. We are proud of him and feel that he will be a valuable asset to the Baptist brotherhood in Missouri. Rev. Cooper is much thought of here by all, both saints and sinners love him because he preaches without fear, treats all alike and he is uncompromising with sin in any form. May God help him to enjoy good health so he may be able to preach long and bring more sinners to Christ.

CLARINDA, IOWA.

Our writer being out of town for a few days, you cannot expect to read much from Clarinda, but anyhow everyone get ready to attend the K. P. lodge. See hand bills for full particulars.

Leonard Nowling is the guest of Roscoe Johnson at Gravity this week.

Mrs. E. Wilkerson, who has been ill, is reported better at this writing.

Mrs. Henry Johnson and family of Gravity, also company from Chillicothe, Mo., were guests of Mrs. W. M. Headley's the 4th of July and enjoyed the bountiful dinner.

Mr. Eli Baldwin of Creston also spent the 4th here.

Mr. Richard Johnson of Gravity and family also spent the 4th with friends in Clarinda.

The pink tea given at Mr. and Mrs. Carl Looney's last Tuesday evening was quite a success.

Mr. Chas. Griffin returned to his home in Prittsburg, Mo., Friday morning.

Mr. L. W. Williams is out of town on business.

Mrs. Golda Hackley of Hiawatha, Kansas, is a guest of Mrs. E. B. Cook.

MARSHALLTOWN, IOWA.

(Special to the Bystander.)

Mr. and Mrs. Eugene Allen, who are visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Grant Jackson, are being royally entertained by Marshalltown people. Mrs. Allen is Davenport's well known musician and is a sister of Mrs. Grant Jackson.

On Tuesday, the 4th of July, Mr. and Mrs. Allen were the guests at a fishing party.

On Thursday, the 6th, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Flippings entertained at their lovely home in honor of the guests.

On Sunday, the 9th, Mr. and Mrs. Edward Roberson entertained them at dinner at one of Marshalltown's leading cafes.

On Monday Mr. and Mrs. George Jackson entertained in their honor at a prettily appointed dinner party.

CENTERVILLE NEWS.

Sunday was a very nice day. Services were well attended morning and evening.

On Tuesday, July 4th, quite a number who planned on having a picnic out in the woods were very unfortunate owing to the rainy weather. It was impossible to do so. But a few out of that number took their baskets to the church and there a dainty repast was served. Every one reported having an enjoyable time.

Mrs. John Hicks left for Minneapolis, Minn., where she will join her husband and children and make it their future home. Mrs. Mildred Mayfield accompanied Mrs. Hicks there and she will visit with them two weeks.

Mrs. Scott Richmond of Aurora, Ill., has returned to this city to stay for an indefinite time.

Mr. and Mrs. Omer O. Crittenden of Omaha, Neb., have been visiting since Wednesday, June 28th, at the home of his mother, Mrs. A. L. Crittenden.

Mrs. A. L. Crittenden, Mrs. Laura Bell and Mrs. S. H. Jones were hostesses to a number of women and their husbands Sunday afternoon, July 9, at the home of Mrs. S. H. Jones, in honor of Mr. and Mrs. Omer Crittenden. Refreshments were served and every one present reported having an enjoyable time.

Miss Josephine Starkey and Mr. Wm. Osley took quite a surprise on the people of Centerville when they returned from Des Moines, Iowa, on Saturday evening, where they had been married. Every one joins in wishing Mr. and Mrs. Osley a long life and a happy one. Mrs. Davenport remains poorly.

WASHINGTON, IOWA, NOTES.

Miss Maud Buckner of Keosauqua was the guest of her aunt, Mrs. Emma Black, the past week.

Samuel Hall, Jr., witnessed "The Birth of a Nation" in Muscatine last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Motts are expected next week for a visit at the Mrs. Mary Mott home.

Sunday afternoon at about 4 o'clock Lucile, the 5-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Rhodes met with a bad accident. Two of her brothers had just returned from town and drove into the barn lot, when Lucile jumped on the back of the buggy and in some way she got her already lame leg caught in the wheel and it was badly twisted and broken above the knee. She is getting along well at this writing and it is hoped that she will not be deprived of the use of that limb.

Frank Palmer was a visitor in Cedar Rapids a few days last week.

Word from Mrs. Leone Basfield Bray is to the effect that she has established a studio in Pueblo, Colorado, and is teaching voice and piano music. She was a student at Flak.

Cecil Ballow is again at work at the C. R. I. & P. chute.

Rev. Boyd is anxious that all get busy and help with the conference claims, so as to get through with them long before conference.

KEOKUK ITEMS.

Miss Verna H. Beaman is visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Nelson in Burlington, Iowa.

The Gate City Juvenile Tent will have a picnic and lawn social at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Freeman's at Messengerville.

Mr. and Mrs. Cole Lear of Canton, Mo., are the proud parents of a son. Mrs. Lear was formerly Miss Naomi Mills of this city.

The members of Bethel A. M. E. church were entertained in the church by the pastor and wife, Rev. and Mrs. Butler, on Monday evening of this week.

Mrs. P. Stewart and Miss Margaret Buckner have returned from Chicago, Ill., after a two weeks' visit with friends.

Mr. W. L. Majors and staff, Miss Arvilla Mischeaux and Clarence Hunter of St. Louis, Mo., spent the week end and Monday in this city. They were here in the interest of the Major Oxford college. Mr. Majors is making a three thousand mile trip in his touring car.

Mr. Wylie Taylor of Canton, Mo., will spend the summer in this city.

Mr. and Mrs. H. T. Craig are visiting Mrs. Craig's mother, Mrs. M. Clark in Ottumwa, Iowa.

Mr. W. W. Gross is attending the Masonic grand lodge, which is being held in Ottumwa, Iowa, this week.

SIoux CITY, IOWA.

Sunday, July 16, will be the 18th quarterly meeting of this conference year at Malone A. M. E. church. Presiding Elder Rev. S. B. Moore will be with us for the last time. We regret very much to lose Rev. Moore.

Rev. J. H. Garrison, pastor of Malone A. M. E. church, grand patron of Electa grand chapter, O. E. S. of Iowa, will leave July 24 to attend the Mite Missionary conference, which convenes in St. Paul, Minn.

Rev. Garrison will also visit Pride of the West chapter, No. 41, O. E. S., at Minneapolis, Minn.

There will be an entertainment Friday, July 14th, at Mt. Zion Baptist church.

The Ladies' Aid of Mt. Zion Baptist church will meet Thursday afternoon with Mrs. J. W. Patterson, 1619 Omaha street.

There was a basket meeting Sunday, July 9th, at Mt. Zion Baptist church. Rev. J. H. Garrison, pastor of Malone A. M. E. church, preached an excellent sermon for them.

Mr. Fred Baker, Mrs. J. W. Norris and Mrs. C. M. Harrison have returned from Yankton, S. D., and report a fine time.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Jewel of Holstein, Iowa, are here visiting friends. Mr. and Mrs. Jewel were formerly of Sioux City.

Sunbeam Household of Ruth will hold its installation Tuesday evening, July 11th. The following officers will be installed: Past Most Noble Governor Mrs. Hazel Garrison; Mrs. Fannie Green, most noble governor; Miss Arabell Dowdy, right noble governor; Mrs. A. M. Askew, noble governor. Miss Geraldine and Mr. Eugene Grant have returned to St. Paul, after visiting their parents, Mr. and Mrs. L. Grant.

WATERLOO, IOWA.

The death of Mr. Pearl Pettigrew occurred July 2nd at the home of his sister, Mrs. Carrie Bright, 906 Iowa street, and his funeral was held from Bess Chapel A. M. E. church Wednesday afternoon, July 5th, with Presiding Elder S. B. Moore preaching, and St. John's lodge, No. 35, to which he belonged, in charge. The floral gifts were beautiful and the lodge made a fine impression.

Rev. I. W. Bess left for Ottumwa, Iowa, to attend the grand lodge on Sunday night.

The fourth and last quarterly meeting of Bess Chapel A. M. E. church was held on July 6 and 7, with Presiding Elder S. B. Moore presiding. Good reports were read from all departments and a good meeting was had.

If persons don't want people to know they are going to get married they should not buy license.

Mrs. Sadie Hopkins and Mrs. Kitie Richardson left on Monday evening to visit their parents in Buxton, Iowa.

Mrs. G. B. Cheatham of Dubuque was in the city last week to attend the funeral of Mr. P. Pettigrew.

The Waterloo Music club will meet Friday night.

FORT MADISON NOTES.

Mr. Arthur Graves of Monmouth, Ill., was a Fort Madison visitor last week.

Misses Alice Buckner and Ethel Bland of Keokuk and Mr. E. Buckner of New Boston motored to Fort Madison the 4th of July in the Buckner car. While in the city they were guests at the Harper home.

Miss Iva Kebo, who has been visiting friends in the city, returned to her home in Keokuk, Iowa, last week.

The A. M. E. Sunday school picnic given last Thursday afternoon at Ivanhoe park was well attended and an enjoyable time was had by every one present.

The open air concert given by the Ladies' Helping Hand society of the Second Baptist church was a grand success in every respect.

Mrs. C. Payton and children of St. Paul, Minn., and Mr. J. Barquet of Oskaloosa, who have been visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. M. Payton for the past two weeks, left Tuesday morning for their homes.

Mr. C. McKinley and wife of Chicago, Ill., visited at the home of the former's mother, Mrs. E. Woods, one day last week.

Miss Helen Goodwin delightfully entertained a company of her friends at a lawn party Wednesday afternoon.

OSKALOOSA, IOWA.

The Wesley Chapel Aid society served luncheon at the home of their president, Mrs. E. Penney, Thursday evening. As yet no success financially.

Miss Rosa ... is a teacher in the Howard orphanage and industrial school, located at King's Park, Long Island, arrived home Sunday evening for a visit at the parental Mitchell home.

Mrs. Chas. Wilson and son, Cedric, departed Monday afternoon for her home in Ottumwa, accompanied by Mrs. Roscoe Jones of St. Paul, who will visit relatives and friends there.

Mrs. Nancy Tiffin remains about the same.

Walter Mitchell is taking several days' layoff.

Wesley Chapel Sunday school is improving spiritually, numerically and financially, under the leadership of Rev. and Mrs. Penney.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Poindexter arrived home Monday, after a week's visit with friends and relatives in Des Moines and Orabur.

Messrs. E. E. Jones, Robt. Franklin, Martin Stewart, W. M. and Doc Clark are attending the grand Masonic lodge in Ottumwa this week.

Mrs. James Wooten, who was taken suddenly ill while working at the Country Club on Tuesday afternoon, is much improved.

Messrs. John L. Thompson, G. W. M., editor of the Bystander; Shepard and Jacobs passed through the city Monday afternoon en route for Ottumwa, to be in attendance at the grand Masonic lodge, which convenes there Tuesday morning.

WANTED—Two good cooks; man and wife or two ladies. Reasonable rates reasonable at 907 1

FIELD ARTILLERY IN FIGHTING POSITION



This new and hitherto unpublished photograph shows Battery C of the Sixth Field artillery at General Pershing's camp, and gives a good idea of how the guns are in position.

AFRO-AMERICAN CULLINGS

There are those who would cite the lax, shiftless and indolent as typical of the Negro race, but if the same yardstick were applied other branches of the human family might have reason to complain bitterly. "Experience has shown that when given the opportunity for gainful employment under just and fair conditions, the Negro not only proves in every way his value as a workman, often most skilled, but, above all, there is cultivated in his mind and heart that now too rare feeling of deep interest and loyalty to his employer. When the southern Negro works for a corporation, he calls it 'my company,' and never has a bomb been found in his hand nor has he been branded as an anarchist. Under fair treatment his loyalty becomes deep and unchanging, and the sower of the seeds of discord finds little response to his beguiling or impassioned stories of greener fields to be had for the asking or taking. "A few years ago in his summer home in the East there passed away an eminent captain of industry who had spent forty years in the South building up a great commercial organization and community. Of master mind, yet with heart of a child, he had met and conquered many problems, all the while dealing with employees, both white and colored, so justly as to win their unflinching loyalty and even love. "When the news of his death was flashed back to that southern community deep sorrow prevailed, but it remained for one old colored man, who had grown gray in the service of that organization, to take a part of his savings, board a train, and make the thousand-mile journey to be present when his friend was returned to earth. As the cortege was preparing to move this old Negro mounted the funeral car, completed the journey, and remained with the family to the end to drop a last tear. This is but typical of the response of the southern Negro to the 'helping hand.' "In advance of the Negro's industrial progress has gone very naturally his moral and educational development, and the eagerness with which many are seizing every advantage offered by their institutions plainly foreshadows a still more wonderful development in all those attributes which go to make up citizens of whom we will have no reason to feel ashamed. "In the light of these conditions there is no reason to consider this southern Negro as one of the South's greatest industrial assets, and does it not behoove southern industry to deal with him so fairly, so honestly, so uprightly as to maintain unimpaired that loyalty and strong feeling of common interest found in the heart of this plain, straightforward workman?"

It would not do—the Southern people would not stand for an increase of "Nigger" soldiers, and there were enough of the old style of congressmen from the North—the "doughface" species—to prevent the addition of a clause to the bill for a considerable number of colored regiments and batteries. It was a mistake which the next congress should rectify without delay. Colored volunteers in the Civil war were exceptionally brave soldiers. They were often severely tested. The South began to recruit for colored regiments in 1865, and General Lee declared that one of the Confederacy's most serious mistakes was made by not enlisting negroes for their army early in the war. Several regiments of colored men were on duty in the Confederate army the last few months of the war. For nearly fifty years there have been four colored regiments in the United States army—two of cavalry, the Ninth and Tenth, and two of infantry, the Twenty-fourth and the Twenty-fifth. No troops in the army were in more battle, or acquitted themselves more creditably in the Spanish-American and Philippine wars than the four colored regiments. The colored man likes the service. He takes pride in it. He quickly conforms to the rules and regulations. He is as neat in person, uniform, equipment, as the white man. He almost never deserts. There often is much difficulty in keeping white regiments recruited up to the proper number. There never is a lack of recruits for the colored commands. There are no more obedient or better disciplined soldiers. White officers of the South like to be assigned to the colored regiments. They and their soldiers understand each other perfectly and get along harmoniously. There should be ten regiments of colored men in the regular army instead of four, and many regiments of them in the militia instead of the three or four.—Chicago Herald. Dr. Eben S. Johnson of Sioux City, Ia., was elected a missionary bishop at the Methodist convention held at Saratoga Springs, and will be assigned to Africa. Dr. Alexander P. Camphor, a Negro of Birmingham, Ala., was also elected a missionary bishop and will be assigned to Liberia, the African republic. A resolution indorsing woman suffrage was adopted with only half a dozen in opposition, following an earnest plea last night by William J. Bryan for votes for women. His assertion that the movement would greatly aid the temperance cause had an effect on the action of the conference. Government officials have estimated that 1,350,000 horse power in the form of gas alone is wasted every day by the old-fashioned coke ovens of the United States. An auxiliary control for automobiles invented by a New Yorker enables a person in the back seat of a car, by pressing a button, to stop it in an emergency. A Louisiana inventor's automatic fire alarm calls the nearest firemen, rings alarms both outside and inside a building where a fire starts and lights a red light on the outside. Partly mechanical and partly electrical is a Chicago inventor's alarm that fires five blank cartridges in succession if a burglar enters or tries to wander around a building. Along the Cornwall coast many miners earn a living by washing tin out of the sands, the sea shattering the metal-bearing rocks. An automobile coal wagon has been invented with four separate compartments, so well balanced that they can be dumped by hand. Iowa is the first state to officially establish a library of motion picture films of current events for the use of future historians. A new muffler to lessen the noise of a motor-boat exhaust permits the waste gases to expand considerably and cool before reaching the air. Chinese custom of burning small pieces of gold leaf on various anniversaries sacrifices several million dollars' worth of the metal annually. To assert in Oklahoma that an incurable disease can be cured makes a physician liable to the revocation of his license. Producers of aniline dyes in Japan have formed a trust to control the market. Rust is a compound of oxygen and iron that forms only in the presence of water. Paris has a plan to dam the River Rhone and obtain 800,000 horse power. There is a waterfall in New Zealand which is 1,504 feet high. The largest orange grove in the world is in Cuba. It covers 2,000 acres. Carbons for electrochemical purposes are being made from tar by a new Swedish process. Additional power is given a new gas engine by turning the exhaust into one of the flywheels, which is rotated to form a turbine. Indiana Eggs for Allies. Boonville, Ind.—Eggs laid by Indiana hens are now being served right on the firing line in northern France. Last week Houghland and Miller of this place shipped \$11,000 worth of eggs and butter to the allied armies. The eggs were all hard boiled before they began their long journey. Old Ox Shoe Found. Centraire, Kan.—An ox shoe has been unearthed in the J. P. Dorman garden. It had probably lain there for fifty years. Miss Dorman, who is a primary teacher, used the shoe to illustrate stories to the children of the early days in Kansas when people rode behind oxen instead of in automobiles. \$3,500 for Mule Kick. Pottsville, Pa.—The supreme court, in an opinion received here, approved of the award of \$3,500 to Joseph Klorosky for injuries received by the kick of a mule. The Kaska William Supply company was the defendant.

ANSWERING CALL TO JOIN COLORS

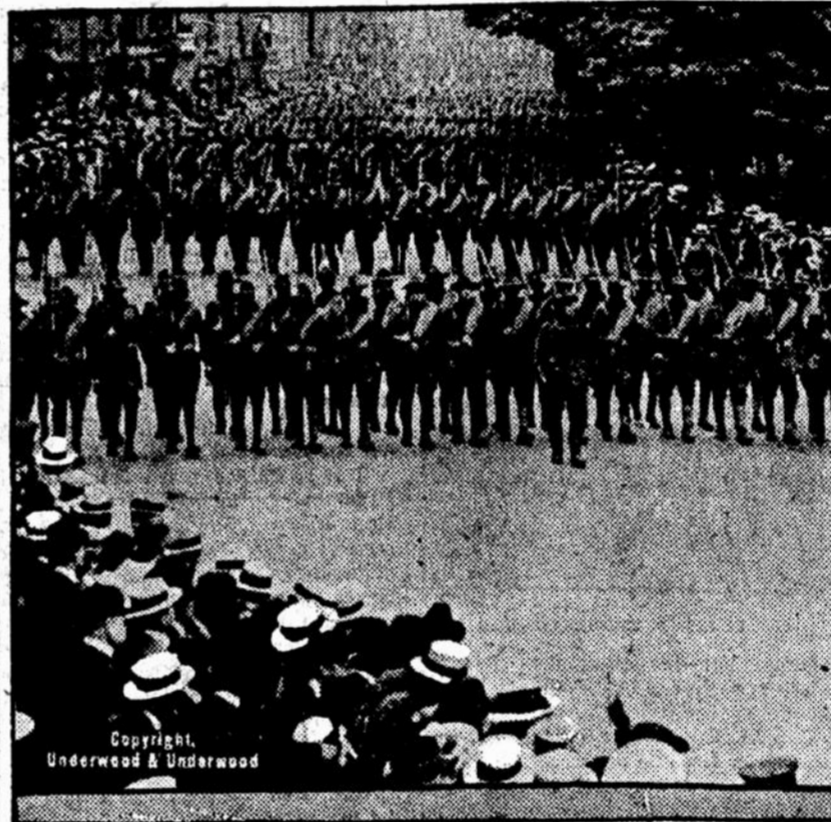
From Office and Workshop Men Respond to the President's Summons.

WAYS OF WAR ARE CHANGED

Assembling of Militia Businesslike Proceeding Showing Lessons of Efficiency Drawn From European War Are Not Unheeded.

Washington.—The call to the colors drew men from the filing case to the dog tent; from the card index life to living in the open. The mobilization was on. The troop trains moved; the streets were filled with marching regiments; the rumble of caissons was heard in the city parks; and horsemen clattered in orderly rows while guidons drooped in summer rain. The tocsin of the telephone had tinkled in the heart of the skyscraper; the telegraph had brought a citizen soldiery back from its journeys, from its business concerns, even from wedding trips, for General Funston had wired for militia to patrol the Rio Grande. This is no repeat of a fateful August nearly two years ago in lands across the seas, but the story of June, 1916, when preparedness became action and the military camps were peopled overnight by hosts in khaki and olive drab. The Plattsburg idea was translated into fact and the rooky changed from novice to one whose trade is war. Infantry, artillery, cavalry emerged from the offices and the stores. The grim armories which in ordinary days seem like deserted Norman strongholds having nothing in common with their surroundings became centers of a new and vital interest, where thousands of armed men were being gathered in efficient readiness. How it all brought, back those days of the Spanish-American war when the cry to "Remember the Maine" stirred a patriot people and men scented battle on land and sea! Ways of War Changed. They assembled to arm, not knowing at what time war might be declared upon Mexico and as eager to do their duty as they were against the forces of old Spain. The ways of war have greatly changed since this country last gave ear to martial strains. So it happened that every wagon or piece of artillery which passed through city or village streets or even along the broad highway was weighed and balanced in the scale of efficiency. These are days when every man and every woman is a student of the game of Mars. The newspapers and the magazines have maneuvers and battles and incidents from the great theaters of the eastern and the western fronts in Europe. War has shown its horrors in the moving-picture shows, and even actual battles have found their way to the screen. Military critics are everywhere. Martial Ideal Aroused. The Spanish-American war came with a rush; the mobilization of this June was the close of months of study of when and how and where. The martial ideal of a people was seen in the massing of troops, the moving of trains, the mustering of industrial resources. Everywhere men sprang to their new job of soldiering eager and alert. The veterans of the National Guard were the first recruits to respond, for after serving for seven years in days of peace many were glad enough to pursue the hope of active service. It was a businesslike proceeding, this assembling of the 50,000 or 60,000 of the militia for the border. First, the call to the armories and the selection of those who could go at once; then the packing up, the buckling together of canvas bags, the tightening of girths, the saddling of steeds commandeered from commerce; the methodical entraining, and then cheers and tears. The galleries of every armory were filled with the mothers, wives and sweethearts. Woman, when the warning of war comes, is both proud and sad. She weeps for the going of a man to fight and smiles within that

he wants to go. And so in the dim armories sat the women in their sorrow and their pride, watching the routine of preparation and peering closely for loved ones busied in the almost endless task of making ready. There are no Spartan mothers these days, but two years contemplation of efficiency has developed their spirit in American women, all seeing even in their anxiety. Britling With Bayonets. In cities like New York there was to be seen everywhere the sign of martial rule. Sentries patrolled in front of the armories and the state soldiers were instructed not to leave the buildings without passes. Once out in the streets they were walking signs of the swift change which had passed over the community, as they strode along with their cloth-cant canteens, their holsters and their tail belts. Newsboys followed in their wake calling the "Extras" and showing pages bristling with bayonets. What mobilization means is familiar to all, for the picture of the sudden gathering of the armed forces of Europe is even now fresh upon the public mind. The movement of the



Answering the Call.

throughout the country the business community and the employer generally have come to realize more and more the importance of having a citizenry trained to arms. Leaders in the world of commerce themselves have freely left their work to enroll under the national banner. The militia now has the support of the business communities and men are encouraged not only to enlist in it but are told that they will lose neither their chances of promotion nor their vacations by so doing. When the order for mobilization was given therefore, representatives of business men and corporations at once informed all employees called to the colors that their salaries would be paid in full during their time of service. With minds freed from financial worry the soldiers of the states may attend to their patriotic duties with the Stars and Stripes.

Mule Still a Factor. One of the developments of modern warfare is to cheat the army mule out of his occupation, and yet he thrives in the United States. He is still a factor in the American army despite

FLYING CHIEF IS A HERO

Lieutenant de Laage of American Aviation Squad Chases Germans by Sheer "Bluff."

Paris.—Lieutenant de Laage, who is second in command of the American aviation escadrille, is greatly admired by its members for his bravery. A short time ago an American aviator of the escadrille was attacked by two German aeroplanes. The lieutenant was in the air at the time, but his quick-frer was jammed and he could not fire; nevertheless he flew down on the Germans, trusting that his appearance on the scene and their ignorance of his inability to shoot would induce them to abandon their attack on the American. Both sheered off as soon as he got near. The Americans, like all French aviators flying a one-seater, fast, chasing machine, carry a disk which has 47 shots for their machine guns. Some carry two or three additional disks for reloading. German machines, usually carrying a pilot and a gunner, can use the bands used by quick-frers on land and so have about a thousand shots at their disposal.

\$1,500 DOG JUST ONE BITE

Mrs. Peter Ceder's Imported Griffon Killed at Westchester Show in New York.

White Plains, N. Y.—Three pounds of dog flesh, which, alive and together, were rated at \$500 a pound, furnished just one mouthful to a harlequin Great Dane weighing more than a hundred pounds. The two dogs met at the fourth annual show of the Westchester Kennel club. The small dog was a Brussels griffon named Ceder Bambino. Mrs. Peter Ceder of Sunnyside recently imported Ceder Bambino, which was regarded as the most typical of his breed ever brought to this country. Before the dog came here he had won many prizes in Belgium, and Mrs. Ceder had repeatedly refused to take \$1,000, holding out for \$1,500. The judging at the show had almost been completed when the tiny bit of dog aristocracy wandered near the Great Dane. There was a snap of the immense jaws of the big dog, and where there had been two dogs was only one and a corpse.

Periscope for Watchman.

San Bernardino, Cal.—No longer is the periscope used exclusively in the business of slaughter in the war zones, for the instrument, invented to aid in battle is now utilized by the Santa Fe to save lives. At the Third street grade crossing, a particularly hazardous point in the business district, the guardian of the crossing is now using a 20-foot periscope to watch for trains around a dangerous curve. The periscope extends over the roofs of buildings that obstruct the view.

The KITCHEN CABINET

If you can't get to be uncommon through going straight, you'll never get to do it through being crooked.—Dickens.

There is nothing little to the truly great in spirit.

SEASONABLE GOOD THINGS.

Cut thin slices from the center of a good ham, cover with sour milk and let stand over night. In the morning rinse well with water and broil. Cook very quickly, as long cooking toughens the ham, as does standing after it is cooked. Curry of Mutton or Lamb.—Brown a tablespoonful of minced onion and one teaspoonful of curry powder in two tablespoonfuls of butter, add a half-cupful of chopped mint and two cupfuls of chopped lamb; stir for a minute, then add two cupfuls of stock and cook until the sauce has thickened. Season and serve in a rice border.

Cherry Pie With Rose Leaves.—Line a deep pie dish with rice pastry. Fill with ripe stoned cherries, add a cupful of sugar and a tablespoonful of flour; spread over top the petals from two or three roses, cover with crust and bake. Serve cold the same day it is baked.

Every soldier who goes into camp these days must be inoculated against typhoid. The rookies undergo the treatment cheerfully and every guardsman recognizes its value.

So much for externals, having to do with the welfare of the citizen soldiers. The fact that they are to be well cared for during their period of training is an important factor in their efficiency. The greatest benefit to them, however, is the feeling that

the development of the self-propelled truck. The forage for animals and the hundreds of thousands of gallons of water required for their drink is in itself a large item of the camp budget.

Conditions have changed much since the Spanish-American war, when the laying of camps and the proper sanitation and drainage were often matters more of theory than of practice. The heavy mortality among American soldiers in the Spanish-American war, many of whom never got beyond the boundaries of their own country, brought home a lesson in hygiene never to be forgotten. Spanish bullets killed only a few; typhoid slew hosts.

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cupfuls of sugar and the whites of two eggs. Cook the sugar and water together ten minutes. Cool, add the lemon juice and freeze. When partly frozen stir in the beaten whites.

It is easy to do what is agreeable, to keep at the thing we like and be enthusiastic about; but it takes real grit to try to put the whole soul into that which is distasteful and against which our nature protests, but which we are compelled to do for the sake of others who would suffer if we did not do it.

There is nothing so cooling or so refreshing as a tinkling icy drink on a hot day. The root beers which may be so easily prepared and are very inexpensive are very good. A glass of ginger ale with a snappy ginger cookie is a delightful lunch, with which to refresh a warm visitor.

Strawberry Punch.—Boil together a pint each of sugar and water, then set it away to cool. Crush three quarts of ripe berries and add to them two quarts of water and let them stand in the icebox. After two hours, strain and squeeze through a cheesecloth. Add this sirup to the juice of two lemons. Fill a glass full of crushed ice; on top place two luscious berries sliced. Pour in the mixture and then prepare to enjoy it.

Pineapple.—Mix together two cupfuls of water, a cupful of sugar and the juice of three lemons and a can of shredded pineapple. Strain and pour over four cupfuls of chopped ice.

Duchess Punch.—This is delightful when entertaining. Take one cupful of pineapple (the grated), four cupfuls of sugar, three cupfuls of water, one cupful of strong tea, the juice of five lemons, the juice of six oranges, two cupfuls of strawberry juice, one cupful of maraschino cherries, a cluster of Delaware grapes and a few sprigs of mint. Boil the water, sugar and pineapple together for ten minutes. When cool add the other ingredients and five quarts of ice water.

Cherry Julep.—Cherry is a delicious fruit juice for summer drinks. Boil together for five minutes two cupfuls of sugar and four cupfuls of water; then add one cupful of lemon juice, three cupfuls of orange juice and three cupfuls of cherry juice. This will serve twelve punch glasses.

Mint Tea.—This is a good remedy for headache and if you like mint will enjoy this refreshing drink. Pour boiling water on a large bunch of mint, let stand ten minutes and while still hot pour over ice and serve with lemon and sugar. Garnish each glass with a sprig of fresh mint.

We must be careful on what we allow our minds to dwell. The soul is dyed by its thoughts.—Sir John Lubbock.

Polliteness and civility are the best capital ever invested in business.—P. T. Barnum.

One of the important things to remember in preparing a salad is to have a good dressing. If oil is used it is not economy to buy anything but the best, for poor oil will spoil the most delightful combination of foods. Oil should be kept cool and dark; the light has an action upon oil which is said to injure it. At any rate it is easy to give it the benefit of the

Swiss Salad.—Cut one medium sized, peeled cucumber into dice; add a cupful of cold cooked lamb, cut into cubes; add half a cupful of shredded lettuce, one-half cupful of cooked green peas, one teaspoonful of mint juice, salt, and pepper to season, and a cupful of mayonnaise dressing. Mix lightly together and serve on a bed of lettuce. Garnish with stuffed olives.

Chicken Salad.—Wash carefully, remove all the outside leaves and cut in quarters, two heads of lettuce. Four over four tablespoonfuls of olive oil, a tablespoonful of chopped onion, a teaspoonful of powdered sugar and two tablespoonfuls of vinegar; sprinkle with chopped parsley and serve well chilled, after seasoning to taste with pepper and salt.

Watercress Salad.—Wash and shake dry nice crisp cress. Put it into a salad bowl and slice over it thin slices of crisp cucumber. Pour over a French dressing, using a little tarragon vinegar and three drops of Worcestershire sauce; serve cold.

Spanish Onion Salad.—Slice peeled Spanish onions and sprinkle with chopped green pepper, chopped red pepper and two chopped olives. Serve with French dressing.

Value of Bees on the Farm. A complete farm should have a few stands of bees. They can supply the family with honey, and the surplus will return good profit. Twenty dollars a hive each year can be realized, when proper methods are used and good care given the "hired girls." Bees pay for themselves in insuring perfect pollination in the orchard. Every hive of bees is a nation unto itself. Every farmer would be a better farmer if he kept bees and profited by the lessons they teach.—American Farmer.

Use for Old Newspapers. Old newspapers are invaluable. After the garbage can has been emptied "line" the pan with two or three thicknesses of newspapers. The garbage man will empty papers and contents. Saves scrubbing the can and keeps it clean. Use the pan under the burners of gas stove with newspapers. There is no danger of the paper catching fire, and the paper catches the burned matches, grease, etc., and may be removed frequently without having to wash the pan.

DELICIOUS TIDBITS. Olives stuffed with caviar make a most tasty tidbit to serve as a garnish for roast duck. The best way is to use the olives already stuffed, removing the pepper or almond, or whatever it is stuffed with. This may be used in sandwiches. Fill the olives with caviar, being careful not to break them. Lemon Jelly With Apples.—This is a delicious dish to serve as an accompaniment to roast fowl. Cut good-flavored, firm apples in quarters or eighths and cook in hot sirup until tender; then place in a fancy dish and pour over a lemon jelly and set away to mold. When unmolded and chilled it makes a most attractive dish. College Sandwiches.—To those who have never tried these nourishing dainties, there is something to look forward to. Spread peanut butter on two half cakes of sweet chocolate and put together in the form of a sandwich. Lempliner Sauce.—This is an unusual sauce to use for a steamed pudding. Beat an egg and add brown sugar enough to make it of the consistency of hard sauce, then flavor with a few drops of lemon, pineapple and orange extract. Banana Whip.—Mash six ripe bananas with a cupful of granulated sugar, the juice of a lemon and a pint of whipped cream, with vanilla to taste. Mash the bananas, add the sugar and the lemon juice, put over the fire until the sugar is dissolved, but do not boil; add a fourth of a teaspoonful of vanilla and put aside to cool. When cold fold in the whipped cream, which has been sweetened with two teaspoonfuls of sugar and a few drops of vanilla. Beat together carefully and serve in sherbet cups garnished with chopped walnuts. Lemon Ice.—Take three pints of water, the juice of six lemons, three

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STRONG LEADERS IN MEXICAN ARMY

Long Era of Warfare Has Produced Several Highly Efficient Generals.

OBREGON AND ANGELES BEST

Angeles Said to Have Contributed Largely to Villa's Successes — Obregon "is a Highminded, Humane, Capable Leader."

San Antonio, Tex.—Were the Mexican army throughout as capable as some of its generals the United States would have no easy task in subduing its unruly neighbor.

It must be remembered that Mexico has had almost uninterrupted war of one kind or another for a period longer than the American Civil war.

While conscientious American army officers have been puzzling over maps and working out problems in military strategy and tactics, the Mexican generals have been actually leading large forces in the field and giving and receiving blows in the same territory where they now clash with Uncle Sam's Napoleons. This is an enormous advantage.

In addition, the Mexican military academy at Chapultepec, near Mexico City, which is similar to our West Point, has a high rating among institutions of this character. In the Mexican war of 1846-47 the Chapultepec cadets put up a desperate resistance to the American invaders on the grounds of their school. They were only overcome after nearly all had been killed or wounded.

So, while the Mexican forces are badly equipped and lack ammunition and food supplies, they will in many cases be as well led as the Americans. Mexico's two leading masters of war—leaving out the undoubted genius Francisco Villa—are Alvaro Obregon, "Pancho's" conqueror and present minister of war, and Felipe Angeles, former superintendent of Chapultepec.

Obregon has the best record. Of him more anon.

Angeles is the greatest artillery expert Mexico ever produced. Indeed, his ability is recognized by European military men.

At last reports Angeles was in the United States, but it is believed he will

LATEST PHOTO OF GENERAL PERSHING



New and hitherto unpublished photograph of General Pershing, commander of the American forces now in Mexico.

In the east: General Jacinto Trevino, commanding in Chihuahua; and Gen. P. Elias Calles, military governor of Sonora.

These are all war-seasoned veterans. General Calles has been friendly to Americans and has gained a rather high opinion along the border. He gave his word he would personally see that American refugees were not molested in their flight out of Mexico. He will probably try to lead his force through the mountains to attack the American expeditionary forces from the west.

It was General Calles who overthrew Moyerena, the Villa governor of Sonora. Calles is believed to have 15,000 men under his command.

Carranza himself may take the field, with the object of inspiring the Mexicans and showing he is with them heart and soul. He has no military ability, but has shown sense enough in previous campaigns not to interfere with the plans of Obregon and other experts.

Obregon is undoubtedly the man of the hour in Mexico. If he were not unswervingly loyal to Carranza he could seize the reins of government and become himself dictator. But he is as true to the bearded first chief as a good dog is to its master.

He is unlike most Mexicans, a big, breezy, youthful fellow—he is only thirty-nine—who reminds one more of an American westerner than of the sordid, dissolute, brutal type so often found in high places in the southern republic.

Like Villa, he is a man brought to the command of an army without regular military training and rising by the simple genius he possessed. He has been called the Cincinnatus of Mexico.

He comes of an old Sonora family and is wealthy. Mexico's troubles found him a peaceful farmer, known to but a few people in Sonora. He aided the revolution of Francisco Madero against Porfirio Diaz in many ways, but did not take the field.

Obregon's Fame Spreads.

When in the early months of Madero's term of office Pascual Orozco and his "reds" became a terror in the state of Chihuahua, Obregon collected a band of 400 Maya Indians and under the command of Victoriano Huerta, then a Madero general, went out to quell the rebellion. In the battle of Ojito, Obregon's men gained for themselves the title of "Invincibles." His fame spread, and so many came to join him that he rode home at the head of an army of 4,000.

He was made colonel in the Sonora state militia, and when Felix Diaz started the military uprising which resulted in the death of President Madero and the seating of Huerta, Obregon organized 600 Indians and routed the garrison at Nogales, which had gone over to Huerta.

Soon after this Governor Carranza of Coahuila was declared first chief of the Constitutional army and he made Obregon general of the army of the West, while Villa became general of the central army.

It was the activities of Obregon in the vicinity of Mexico City which forced Huerta to flee for his life. Obregon then occupied the capital with his troops.

Then came Villa's break with Carranza. Obregon was made Carranza's chief general, and organized the largest army Mexico had yet seen. His great triumph came at the battle of Celaya, where Villa was crushed and forced to flee.

In this battle Obregon was desperately wounded. His right arm was amputated a few days later. His robust constitution resulted in quick re-

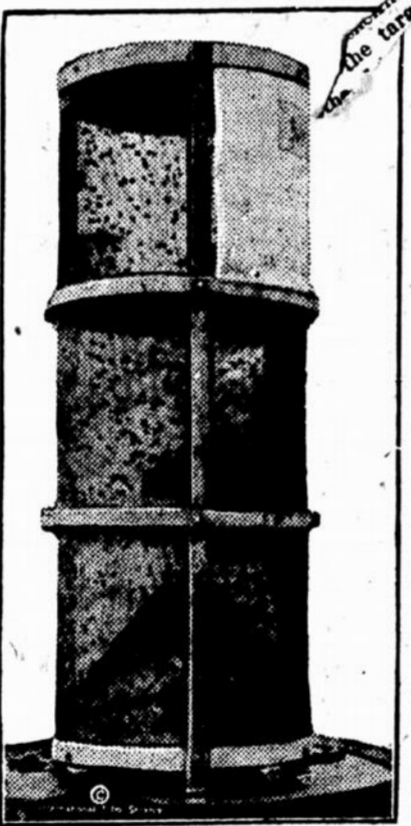
covery, and he was soon again directing the operations which reduced Villa to a flying bandit leader, at the head of only a handful of cutthroats.

Six feet tall, immaculately dressed, smiling and clean-cut, Obregon is a man well liked by all who come in contact with him. Mexico's troubles are due to having too few men like him.

Is Unhurt in Long Fall.

San Francisco.—Bryant J. O'Connor, a metal worker, fell seven stories to the pavement recently from a scaffold on a San Francisco office building, and surprised horrified spectators by rising and attempting to walk away. He was restrained and taken to an emergency hospital, where an examination showed that no bones were broken and that O'Connor's injuries were confined to minor bruises and scratches.

OFFICIAL FLY CATCHER



"Catch the fly" is the slogan of St. Louis. The pesky things that carry millions of germs at the end of their fine fuzzylike toes, or whatever you call 'em, are banned by the St. Louis authorities, and a price has been placed on the heads of the flies just as a price is placed on the heads of stray dogs.

While practically every city, town and hamlet boasts of its dog pound, St. Louis has taken the initiative and established a fly pound. The fly traps that are located in various parts of the city proved the center of attraction to the Democratic delegates who were in the Mound City to attend the national Democratic convention, and it is dollars to doughnuts, that when they get back home they are going to follow the example set by St. Louis and set fly traps in their own home towns. The trap is a huge imitation of the ordinary fly trap one often sees in butcher shops. At the bottom there is a conical opening, and under this opening one places a piece of meat or a piece of fat. The flies swarm by the thousands around the bait and fly up through the opening in the cone, into the trap from which there is no escape. The St. Louis traps are three-story affairs with plenty of light and air for the flies that like the free apartments into which they are invited.

FOR TRANSFUSION OF BLOOD

Argentine Surgeon Practicing in France Has Entirely New Method.

Paris.—La Revue describes a new method for transfusion of blood, an operation often necessary under conditions which do not always allow certain precautions to be taken. The method is due to Prof. Luis Agote, an Argentine surgeon, and successful experiments have been made

before the rector of the Sorbonne, the dean of the faculty of medicine, and several professors and doctors.

Blood is taken from the bend of the elbow of any subject willing to lend his aid and collected in a receptacle which contains a solution of neutral citrate of soda, prepared in the proportion of one gram of salt to 100 grams of blood. This mixture prevents the blood from coagulating without destroying its vital properties, and as the citrate is employed is innocuous to the organism it can be injected into

HOME WHICH HAS MANY ADVANTAGES

Two-Story Structure Always a Favorite With Builders in Every Locality.

ATTRACTIVE AND "LIVABLE"

Construction Offers Itself Especially to Distinctive Architectural Design, and Interior May Be Laid Out to the Best Possible Advantage.

By WILLIAM A. RADFORD.

Mr. William A. Radford will answer questions and give advice FREE OF COST on all subjects pertaining to the subject of building, for the readers of this paper. On account of his wide experience as Editor, Author and Manufacturer, he is, without doubt, the highest authority on all these subjects. Address all inquiries to William A. Radford, No. 1827 Prairie avenue, Chicago, Ill., and only enclose two-cent stamp for reply.

The typical construction for houses in our smaller cities throughout the country has been, for some time, a two-story structure with sleeping rooms on the upper floor. This practice is not without its advantages, since a great many people object very seriously to the inherent lack of privacy which is associated with homes of only one floor. There is also a feeling of safety from intrusion when a means is provided whereby the valuables of the household may be placed somewhere other than on the ground floor. It is usually possible to obtain a better arrangement of the bedrooms and bath by including these rooms in a group which will occupy an entire floor, and this allows the use of the entire floor for the living rooms, dining room and kitchen. This feature is of special importance during the winter

months, since it is possible thoroughly to air out the bedrooms without interfering with the heating of the other rooms.

Perhaps the most interesting feature of the entire design is the sun parlor leading from the kitchen and front parlor. This room, with its seven windows, will no doubt be the most used room in the house in all kinds of weather. By replacing the sash with screens during the summer months a room is provided which will furnish all the advantages of being out of doors, without the annoyance of insects. Since there is an entrance to the kitchen, this room provides a very pleasant breakfast porch, a feature which will be appreciated by all who have had the opportunity to take their morning meal in the open air.

The second floor contains three large bedrooms, a sewing room and bathroom. The hall makes all of these rooms independent of one another, and the cased opening off of it into the sewing room specializes this little room as the most attractive on this floor. A feature of special convenience is the large closet space allowed to each of the bedrooms.

Considered in its entirety this house design is one which offers a great many features not ordinarily found incorporated in one house, and to the family needing a house of this size, especially if they have located in one of our smaller cities, it suggests the possibility of a home of rare attraction.

An item of considerable importance in the selection of a house is the possibility of its fitting into the general scheme of the surrounding landscape. It is possible materially to spoil the appearance of an otherwise beautiful home by an improper selection of its surroundings. The house described here should be placed, preferably, on a rather wide lot with a moderate terrace in front. It will look well if set off against a background of trees and shrubs carefully placed at the rear and sides of the premises. The front porch will be set off to advantage by a bed of flowers set along the front and side. Thus surrounded by trees, shrubs, flowers and well-kept grass this home should be very attractive.



to form an effect which will attract more than passing attention anywhere. The number of possible color combinations between the shingles and stucco is practically unlimited.

Furthermore the easy slope of the roof, the exposed beams with their fancy carving, the lattice work and heavy brackets and beams above the upper windows, the massive stucco pillars on the porch, and the smaller columns in the front windows, all contribute to the general excellence of this exterior design. The unusual features give a distinction which cannot be overlooked. The entire structure is an example of the typical house designed with a little more than the typical attention to detail and with a determination to furnish sufficient room for the comfort and convenience of a fairly large-sized family.

By the use of a dense mix of concrete in the substructure of the house, or perhaps the use of some of the many waterproofing materials on the market, the basement of this house may be made very free from dampness, and with the generous grade windows and a suitable division into sections a basement may be formed which will prove its usefulness in a great variety of ways. Further, room

Making Calcium Bread. The importance of calcium in the human dietary is discussed in a recent article by O. Loew, who urges the desirability of supplying this element, when needed, as an ingredient in bread. The author states that only those adults who use milk and vegetables in abundance secure a sufficient amount of calcium, while those who eat much meat and get their carbohydrates in the form of bread, potatoes and beer do not.

The amount of calcium in the diet appears to be related to certain pathological conditions, such as arteriosclerosis. It is proposed to use in bread making calcium chloride and a commercial preparation called "calcifarin," made from rye flour and calcium chloride. The author thinks it more practical to add calcium to fine flour than to attempt to persuade the public to adopt whole-grain bread.

Couldn't Tell. "Would you say the world is better now than it was a century or two ago?" "I don't know. I wasn't here a century or two ago."

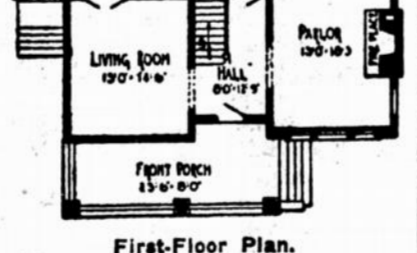
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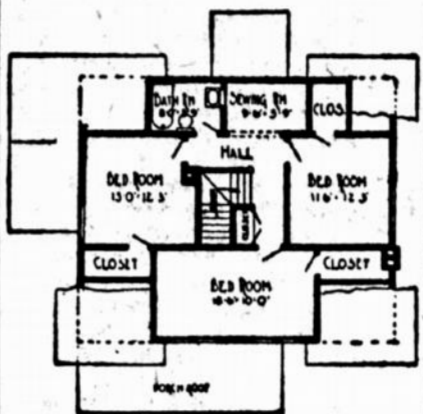
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First-Floor Plan.



Second-Floor Plan.

The HOME BEAUTIFUL

Flowers and Shrubs and Their Care and Cultivation



White House Orchids—This Building is Devoted to Prize Orchids for the President and Family.

TOO MUCH WATER KILLS PLANTS

By LIMA R. ROSE.

More plants in the window garden are killed every year by overwatering than in any other way. Some persons labor under the delusion that water must be applied daily, and the consequence is their plants are literally drowned out, unless they happen to have the best drainage.

Others go on the "little-and-often" plan—that is, they apply water in small quantities whenever they happen to think of it.

The result is the surface of the soil is kept moist and from this the water seeps it for granted that the soil beneath must be properly damp.

Nine times out of ten examination will show that an inch or two below the surface the soil is dry. Of course the roots of the plants cannot do their work under such conditions. The plant soon sickens and eventually dies and the owner wonders what caused the trouble.

Now, in watering plants several things have to be considered. First, the nature of the plant. Some like a good deal of water, others only a moderate amount.

Second, the soil. A clay or sandy soil dries out slowly, therefore it will not require as frequent or as large applications as a light porous soil from which moisture evaporates rapidly.

Third, location and exposure must be taken into consideration. Plants in the sun or a very warm place, will need a good deal more water than those in full or partial shade or a low temperature.

Fourth, the size of the pot must be reckoned with. The soil in a large pot will not dry out for two or three days, but the soil in a small pot will become quite dry every day.

Fifth, a dormant plant requires but little water. It is not in a condition to make use of much water and an oversupply of it will surely result in harm. When the plant begins to grow then increase the quantity and proportion to the development made.

All these things must receive due consideration by the amateur who would know how to care for his or her plants intelligently.

Study them. Experiment with them. In this way you soon become familiar with the individuality of each one and you will be able to give to each the care it needs.

We are often asked for some rules for watering plants. It is impossible to make any rule that can be followed strictly.

The only rule I have ever been able to give is this: When the surface of the soil looks dry, water. Use enough to thoroughly saturate all the soil in the pot.

You can tell about this by the escape of some at the bottom of the pot. Then wait until the dry look appears on the surface again and apply water as before.

But, as I have said, one will have to modify this rule to fit the conditions. It is a general rule, subject to such change as may appear necessary to the intelligent plant grower, who does not believe in treating all the plants exactly alike.

Give fertilizers to growing plants only. A plant standing still needs none and will be injured by the applications of the food if it is not in condition to make use of it.

POSSIBILITIES OF CACTI

The peculiar growth of cacti and its possibilities of form and richness of effect are all too little appreciated.

There are many different types of cacti, the leafy-stemmed variety, called phyllocactus, is one of the most popular, produces magnificent flowers and the plant is handsome during all the seasons.

One of this group, the Queen cactus, is often mistaken for the night-blooming cereus. The flowers are smaller, however, and the blossoms have a delightful odor. It blooms at night.

Then there is the hummingbird or lobster cactus which should be seen to be appreciated. The entire plant is covered with buds depending from the ends, which resembles the tiny bird in flight. The blossom is an exquisite combination of pink and white and blooms for weeks if not exposed to too much heat.

The cereus type is suitable for the hanging basket and is one of the best spring bloomers. It requires a sandy soil.

As soon as the tiny red blooms appear water freely and give the plant plenty of sunshine. Apply liquid manure once a week during the growing season, it is as beneficial to cacti as it is to geraniums.

If you have a growing cacti its peculiar form and wealth of bloom will be a subject of interest to you.—G. T. F.

WORK ON THE LAWN

How are the lawn and home grounds in general? Are they all that should make summer home life enjoyable and a pleasing sight to the passerby?

If the lawn is patchy and bare in spots, keep on seeding it the whole summer through; the seed will finally catch and fill up the bare places.

White clover is a fine lawn plant, but many find that it dies out after a few years. White clover, as all the clovers, is a biennial, completely dying after the second year. If the lawn is kept closely clipped, white clover seed should be sown each fall or spring to insure a permanent stand.

The same result may be secured by not mowing in the fall, allowing the plants to blossom and seed.

PLAN FOR BEAUTY

Plan for beauty, then work unceasingly for the plan.

Have grass and shrubbery in the back, rather than rubbish. Hardy azaleas are among our most brilliant, hardy shrubs.

All the spires, herbaceous or shrub, are beautiful and hardy. Let your kitchen window be a picture frame. Let the picture frame be green things growing.

Let the green things be something beside burdock, jimson weeds or cockle burrs.

Plant to screen the ugly views from the back door. Vines will do it. Get a root of the trumpet-creepers from the woods and plant it in the back yard.

Set a strong stake beside it, and keep the vine cut back until the "shrub" habit is formed. It is beautiful.

The trumpet-creepers will not spread unless you cut its roots. When you do you won't have to import any more.



Published every Friday by the By-stander Publishing Company, Des Moines, Iowa. Office in Chemical building, corner Seventh and Mulberry streets. Phone, 4401 899. Official paper of the M. W. U. Grand Lodge of Iowa, A. F. & A. M., and International Grand Congress of Heroes of Jericho of America, and Western Baptist Association.

Entered at the postoffice as second class matter.

Advertising rates for display ads, 25 cents per inch, for each insertion. Three to six months' contracts, 10 cents per inch. Local advertising 10 cents per line for each insertion, counting seven words to a line. For churches and secret societies where admission is charged, one-half of the above-mentioned rates. For professional, legal and announcement cards, yearly contracts, etc., terms are given on application. All advertising is to be paid in advance. We are prepared to do first class job work at reasonable prices. All of our work is guaranteed.

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PERSIAN CREAM Hair Grower

If a Beautiful Head of Hair is your pride, then use the Best Hair Grower, the Best Wonderful Discovery of the Century.

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The New Way of Treating the Scalp and Growing the Hair.

There is nothing like it on the market... It is a wonderful hair preparation on the market. When we say Magic we do not exaggerate, as you can see great results in the few treatments. We guarantee Magic Hair Grower to stop the hair at once from falling out and breaking off, making harsh, stubborn hair soft and silky. Magic Hair Grower grows hair on bald places of the head. If you use these preparations once you will never be without them. Magic Hair Grower and Straightening Oil are manufactured by Woodman South and Johnson. We also do scalp treatments.

MME JOHNSON AND SOUTH The most wonderful hair preparation on the market. Money refunded on all orders. Agents wanted. Write for particulars. We carry everything in the latest fashionable hair goods at the lowest prices. We make wavy, puff, transformation curls, coronet braids and combing made to order, matching all shades a specialty. Send samples of hair with all orders.

Biliousness and Stomach Trouble. "Two years ago I suffered from frequent attacks of stomach trouble and biliousness," writes Miss Emma Verbrake, Lima, Ohio. "I could eat very little food that agreed with me and I became so dizzy and sick at my stomach at times that I had to take hold of something to keep from falling. Seeing Chamberlain's Tablets advertised I decided to try them. I improved rapidly. Reasonable every-



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Why not grow your hair by using MME. M. Beard Hair Grower. It removes dandruff, stops itching of the scalp and makes it grow long, soft and beautiful. Price 50c a box. Send stamp for pamphlet.

MME. M. BEARD AGENTS WANTED 519 So 14th St. St. Joseph, Mo.

Relieves CATARRH of the BLADDER and all Discharges in 24 HOURS. SANTAL MIDY. Rev. Dr. MIDY.

WHAT YOU WANT IS "PORO" HAIR GROWER. THERES NOTHING "JUST AS GOOD". 3100 Pine St., Dept Q, St. Louis, Mo.

DR. PALMER'S SKIN WHITENER. 25c Postpaid. Whitens and Clears dark and brown skin. Bleaches sallow or dark complexion, causing it to grow whiter. Get the original. Dr. Palmer's Skin Whitener. Do not accept imitations. Sold by druggists or sent direct postpaid anywhere in the United States for 25c. Remember the name, Dr. Palmer's Skin Whitener. Made only by Jacobs' Pharmacy, Atlanta, Ga.

Magic Hair Grower and Straightening Oil. The most wonderful hair preparation on the market. Money refunded on all orders. Agents wanted. Write for particulars. We carry everything in the latest fashionable hair goods at the lowest prices. We make wavy, puff, transformation curls, coronet braids and combing made to order, matching all shades a specialty. Send samples of hair with all orders.

SCOTTISH RITE MASONS TO MEET IN INDIANAPOLIS

Supreme Council to Open With Divine Service Sunday, May 7. Indianapolis, Ind.-The thirty-sixth annual session of the supreme council of the Ancient and Accepted Scottish Rite Masons of the northern Masonic jurisdiction will be held in this city from Sunday, May 7, to 9, inclusive. This powerful organization embraces Masons who have taken the thirty-third degree, the highest degree in Masonry, and is the lawmaking body for the Scottish Rite in its jurisdiction. The organization has a large membership in each of the northern states.

The coming session will be the second to be held away from the regular meeting place in Philadelphia, and it was only in deference to the increasing and middle west that this city was selected as the seat of the convocation for 1916. Constantine consistory is planning to entertain the organization in the royal fashion that always characterizes the people of the Hoosier capital. The regular business session will be interspersed with many interesting and enjoyable social features, including a banquet.

On Sunday, May 7, at 8 p. m., a special divine service will be held at Bethel African Methodist Episcopal church, when the Rev. William H. Weaver, thirty-third degree, will deliver a sermon especially prepared for the occasion. The supreme council will attend the service, escorted by the Masonic bodies of Indianapolis. Monday, May 8, will mark the opening of the executive and business sessions, with conferring of degrees, continuing throughout the day. At night the banquet by the Constantine consistory will be held.

Tuesday the supreme council will hear reports and wind up the routine affairs of the convocation, and at the close the body will be treated to a birdseye view of the numerous points of historic interest about Indianapolis, with a glance at the beautiful homes and beauty spots of the city and a survey of the business and industrial development shown by both races.

On Wednesday, May 10, the members of the supreme council will visit Detroit, Mich., as the guests of the Wolverine consistory of that valley, a cordial invitation to make the journey having been accepted by the organization.

Many prominent men from various portions of the country will be in attendance, among whom are J. F. Rickards of Detroit, most puissant sovereign grand commander; William H. Miller of Philadelphia, grand secretary; Hon. W. F. Powell, former United States minister to Haiti; U. G. Fowell of Massachusetts, R. H. Weeks of Delaware, J. M. Morris of Minneapolis, Minn.; Richard E. Moore of Chicago and others.

Dr. Sumner A. Furnis, grand minister of state in the supreme council, one of the best known and most popular physicians and public spirited citizens in the Hoosier commonwealth, has active charge of the arrangements for the entertainment of the Scottish Rite visitors, which is in itself a guarantee that the work will be satisfactorily done.

Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy.

Every family without exception should keep this preparation at hand during the hot weather of the summer months. Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy is worth many times its cost when needed and is almost certain to be needed before the summer is over. It has no superior for the purposes for which it is intended. Buy it now. Obtainable everywhere.

Creole Hair Straightine. Especially for Men. Guaranteed to straighten and make the most stubborn hair straight and soft regardless of length. Call at 220 W. 3rd St. and see Henry Le Garde. 100 testimonials furnished in the city.

Taking Big Chances. It is a great risk to travel without a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, as this preparation cannot be obtained on the trains or steamships. Attacks of bowel complaint are often sudden and very severe, and everyone should be prepared for them. Obtainable everywhere. Look for the collector. Don't dodge him.

College Course in Political Science. The Columbia university has signed to give students a practical knowledge of the conduct of political affairs. That institution has asked the bureau of municipal research in New York to give the members of the class the benefit of the experience it has derived from the study of the affairs of that city, and the invitation has been accepted. The growing demand for the adoption of the scientific methods of city governments leads support to the view that colleges will be in demand in this department of the public service, hence the propriety and usefulness of a university course established on the lines indicated by the innovation at Columbia.

Mafians a Lax, Led. Sydney Brooks, writing to the Los Angeles Chronicle about Haiti, says the Haitians were the first people in the world to abolish slavery, and Mrs. C. A. Miller, writing in Leslie's Weekly, says of Haiti: "In that little republic covering about 10,000 square miles within five days' sail of New York, one can encounter more strange complications and a greater disregard for human life than in the remote countries of the east. Situated in the very heart of the West Indies, where civilization exists in a high degree, Haiti alone has kept her doors closed to progress. She became an independent state more than 100 years ago, and her rich lands were already under cultivation, but the lazy natives allowed the plantations to go to ruin, and her soils have grown up instead."

Farm Employment for Criminals. Gov. Harris of Ohio believes that criminals can be employed on a farm with advantage to themselves and the state. He proposes that prisoners in the penitentiary who are not confirmed criminals be transferred to the reformatory and put to work on the state farm. "It is the conditions of our cities that breed crime," says the governor. "Most of it can be traced to idleness and drink, and idleness is frequently the cause of drink. There is little drink in the country and practically no idleness. If the young men who had slipped over the bounds of a few years taught scientific farming he would come to like it and expunge the associates who carry him down when he returns to the city."

Milk an Intoxicant. New York City alone consumes an usual \$40,000,000 quarts of milk. We drink 2,000,000 quarts a day and this does not include mothers' milk for infants; just cows' milk—watered and unwatered, for both infants and adults. "Milk," says Emerson, "is readily made intoxicating in warm climates simply by agitation." He says that was quickly discovered. "He has placed in a skin and slung from the shoulder or over the back. It was agitated by the motion of the hunter, and fermentation was soon well under way. The skin was undoubtedly none too clean, some milk of the previous day being left in it, which would...

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Iowa Phone 778 Rates \$1 per day Automatic 3952 Tenth Avenue Hotel. 1 block from C. & N. W. Ry. All Rooms are Warm. Restaurant and Lunch Room. SPECIALTIES: Chop Suey Chili Con Carne Yeckeme Oysters in Season. Special attention given to Theatrical People Barber Shop in connection. F. F. JACKSON, PROP. OPEN DAY AND NIGHT Clinton, Iowa

When in Ft. Dodge go to Wright & Venable Cafe. 225 Central Avenue. Quick Meals and Prompt Service. Ft. Dodge, Iowa

HAVE YOU BEAUTIFUL HAIR? WE are the only Importers and Manufacturers of Real Colored People's Hair. Also Wavy Hair. We absolutely guarantee our hair to stand combing and washing and to retain its color and crimp. Wigs, Hair, Braids, Translations and Parts to suit or to order. All shades, also to difficult. Straightening Combs and Tinsel Articles. Send two-cent stamp for Price List. Mail Orders receive prompt attention. The Old Reliable Mrs. Baum's Hair Importers. 626 2nd Avenue 11-24-16 Between 8th and 10th Sts. NEW YORK CITY

Pure Cream Good Coffee Country Butter Choice Meats. HARRISON'S LUNCH "QUICK SERVICE". Special Bill of Fare. Open All Night. 222 State Street, Des Moines

LEAGUE DEPARTMENT

Organization Open at Nashville, Tenn. The organization of the National League of Urban Conditions among Negroes has been convinced of the need of a general agency for bettering the conditions of Negro institutions in the United States. In order to do this, the league has decided to open a general vocational bureau.

In announcing the opening of the bureau to George R. Haynes, one of the executive secretaries of the league, he said: "They like it." Keep a straight face, give the password, and be intimate with the collection basket and all your desire will be yours. There is no creature who can serve God and mammon and save his soul, but if you watch him long enough you will see him come from some place with the shekels. There is no question that the majority of church members and Christians are actuated by a high motive, and many of them will sit on the right hand and get well earned rewards. There would be little to live for, less to hope for if this faith were shaken, but the fact remains that there is many a minister and member that is wearing the church as a mighty loose and scant garment.

The presence of hypocrites never kept a well intentioned man out of the folds of the church; but their presence does occasion some speculation as to sanity and prudence of attempting to fool the people by using sacred means. Sincerity would at least prompt a man to refuse aid from men whose means of living they profess to despise. A minister cannot afford to claim high and lofty purpose when he denounces gamblers and then asks aid of them to carry on a sacred work. A man cannot be even interested in the work of the Master when he gives men the means to carry on the devil's program. Yet they will hide their faces when grace is sold and sigh when they hear of some iniquity in one which did not enter into their minds to do, not because of the unholiness of the proposition, but on account of the difference in taste. The sign of the dollar mark is mightier than the sign of the cross to many wealings and they imagine they are fooling the people—absolutely reckless of the great avenger. You may have known of a minister or a member of a flock who would swear away his rights to a crown in glory for a hundred pennies.

These things are for us to think about; they are for us to demand not only of ministers, but of friends and of those who are loud in ideas of how things ought be, but who are not so much concerned in deeds as in words. A man or woman ought to be mighty good before they cast bricks; most of us ought to be very humble when we look into our own hearts and memories. A reformer should be at least a consistent runner and not a person who is either blind or one-eyed trying to lead other blind folks out of the darkness. Entrance into the kingdom of heaven is going to be less a matter of words than a certificate of consistent running and sincerity of purpose dependent upon sincere unselfishness.

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Clean Up the Bowels and Keep Them Clean

There are many remedies to be had for constipation, but the difficulty is to procure one that acts without violence. A remedy that does not perform by force what should be accomplished by persuasion is Dr. Miles' Laxative Tablets. After using them, Mr. N. A. Waddell, 315 Washington St., Waco, Tex., says:

"Almost all my life I have been troubled with constipation, and have tried many remedies, all of which seemed to cause pain without giving much relief. I finally tried Dr. Miles' Laxative Tablets and found them excellent. Their action is pleasant and mild, and their chocolate taste makes them easy to take. I am more than glad to recommend them."

"Clean up the bowels and keep them clean," is the advice of all physicians, because they realize the danger resulting from habitual constipation. Do not delay too long, but begin proper curative measures. Dr. Miles' Laxative Tablets are a new remedy for this old complaint, and a great improvement over the cathartics you have been using in the past. They taste like candy and work like a charm. A trial will convince you. Dr. Miles' Laxative Tablets are sold by all druggists, at 25 cents a box containing 25 doses. If not found satisfactory after trial, return the box to your druggist and he will return your money. DR. MILES MEDICAL CO., Elkhart, Ind.

Boys or Girls Make Money

During vacation selling out Fine Quality Note. Many people use them for extra money. Easy work. Good pay. Send for sample outfit.

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Lightfoot for Delegate

Colored Republicans of Atlantic City, N. J. Demand Party Recognition. In speaking of the political situation at Atlantic City, N. J., the Public Ledger in a recent issue says:

A committee professing to act for the 2,000 Negro Republican voters of Atlantic City has made formal demands upon Republican district leaders for the selection of James A. Lightfoot, a Negro attorney, as a delegate to the Republican national convention. The declaration says: "There are 12,000 Negroes in Atlantic City who pay taxes upon more than \$1,000,000 worth of property and \$500,000 a year for rent, besides spending \$1,500,000 for food. We wish to call the attention of white Republicans to the fact that there is not an elective position, except magistrate, constable and treasurer, to which a Negro candidate has been elected."

The statement is cited stress also upon the fact that Negro voters have the balance of power in the Second congressional district and virtually threaten that the Negro vote will be diverted from regular candidates in the congressional election in May unless Lightfoot is made a delegate at the national convention primary.

Physical Training Work at Hampton

The physical directors at Hampton Institute, Miss Frances E. Weston and Charles H. Williams, recently conducted a symposium exhibition, which was as artistic and picturesque as it was creditable from the viewpoint of physical training, that makes sound, strong men and women. R. Nathaniel Dett, director of vocal music at the institute, served as vocal.

New Lodge of Odd Fellows Instituted. Valley lodge, No. 995, Grand United Order of Odd Fellows at Monesson, Pa., is the youngest lodge of the order in Pennsylvania. It was organized the last week in February and has a membership of 47. Officers from the lodge of the order assisted in setting up the new institution. Grand Lodge, Valley of Washington, has authorized and had taken an active part in the organization.

Madam M. Downs HAIR CULTURIST. (Graduate from College of St. Louis). 218 1/2 State Street, Des Moines