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The Best and only medium  
that reaches the colored  
people of the middle west.

# THE BYSTANDER

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XXIII No. 20

DES MOINES, IOWA, FRIDAY, OCTOBER 27, 1916.

Price Five Cents

### Vote for the republican candidates.

Mr. Jesse Clark was host of an opera party in honor of Mr. and Mrs. Mash during their visit in the city.

Mr. Albert Cage and Mr. George Beatty made a pleasant trip to Tulsa, Okla., last week. They expect to return and spend the winter.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Wilson entertained Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Mash of Spokane, Wash., on Monday evening, October 2.

Mr. and Mrs. Homer Langford entertained at a family dinner in honor of Mr. and Mrs. Mash.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Jackson entertained Saturday for Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Mash at the Elite at a dinner.

Mrs. Bertha Woodson of Kansas City is spending the week with her brother, Moses T. Frye, 1614 Penn avenue.

TO LET—Two furnished rooms, 815 28th street.

On Sunday Mrs. Walter Birney entertained in honor of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Mash at a 5 o'clock tea. All present report an enjoyable time.

Vote for W. M. Hammill, republican candidate for treasurer of Polk county. Four years' experience as first deputy under present occupant.

Tuesday of last week Mr. and Mrs. Wilburn entertained Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Mash and Mr. Geo. Kirtley, father of Mrs. Mash.

Major Johnson, son of Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Johnson of Chesterfield, who has been in the university hospital at Iowa City for some time, is improving.

During the week Mrs. Bettie Griffin entertained Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Mash at a five-course luncheon. Others present were Mr. Geo. Curtley, Mrs. Sheets and son.

The Eliza E. Peterson W. C. T. U. will meet with Mrs. Haden Green, 1210 Center, Thursday afternoon at 3 p. m. All members are urged to be present.

Mr. Carel Kirtley, nephew of Mrs. Mash entertained at his mother's mother's at a family dinner, including relatives of the family.

Mrs. Mabel Coyol of Waterloo is visiting in the city this week with her mother, Mrs. Esther Morton, and with friends.

Misses Susie and Tabitha Mash entertained at a 2 o'clock luncheon Sunday in honor of their cousins, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Mash of Spokane, Wash.

Mrs. E. D. Pemberton of Clarinda arrived in the city Friday for a short visit with Mrs. C. H. Irwin and Mr. Theo. Pemberton.

Mrs. Wm. Buckner entertained at her home at a 4 o'clock luncheon in honor of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Mash of Spokane, Wash.

Rev. J. Goines of Jefferson City, Mo., to whom a call was extended by the members of Corinthian Baptist church, preached Wednesday night and services will continue throughout the week. The public is invited to come and take part in the services.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Jones entertained during the week Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Mash, Mr. and Mrs. Woods and Mrs. Effie Watkins.

The Callan club met Oct. 25th with Mrs. Tillie Lee and daughter on 17th street, and was royally entertained. After the meeting a delightful repast was served. The meeting adjourned at 6 o'clock to meet Wednesday Nov. 8th with Mrs. Pyree, 753 W. 11th street. The lesson will be 3rd chapter of Ruth. A paper by Mrs. Hyde will be open for discussion. The lesson will be conducted by Mrs. W. A. Hammers. Mrs. M. A. Miles was added as a new member.

The South Side Crochet club will meet Thursday afternoon at the home of Mrs. William La Master and a dainty lunch will be served. President, Mrs. Sadie Blackburn; secretary, Mrs. Marvin Jennings.

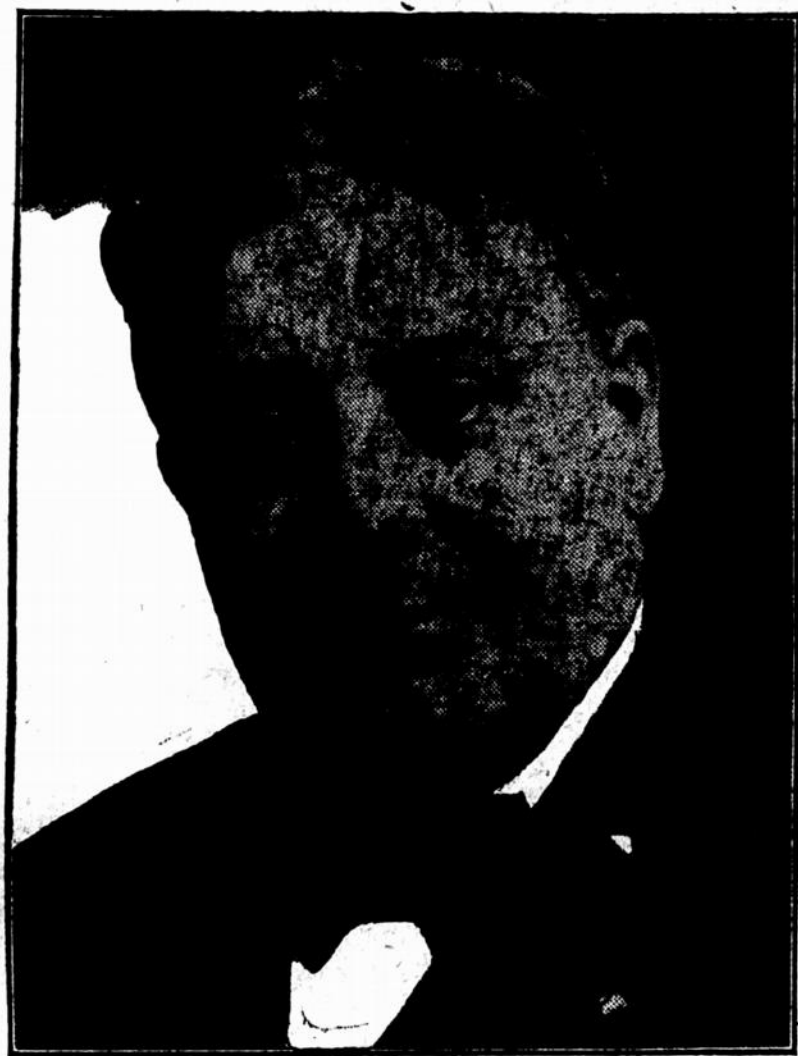
Mrs. Geo. Young on Friday evening of this week entertained Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Mash at a 6 o'clock dinner. Others present were Mrs. W. H. Birney, Mrs. M. Watkins, Mr. A. H. Williams of Buxton, Mr. Hutchison of Tuskegee, Attorney J. B. Morris of Washington, D. C., and Mrs. Lillian Neal.

REMEMBER THE  
**Palace Sweet Cafe**  
UNDER NEW MANAGEMENT  
The best place to go for Good Home Cooking  
Special Sunday Dinner  
25c and 35c.  
1012 Center Street  
Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Erickson, Proprs.

Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Fields entertained in honor of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Mash at cards in their home. A large crowd was present. All enjoyed the evening.

Howard Drew, the world's champion in athletics, will speak for the B. Y. P. U. Sunday, October 29th, at the Corinthian Baptist church from 6:30 to 7:30. All the young people of Des Moines are requested to be present. Also a paper will be given by Miss Mary Woods, "Religious Conditions of America." Quartette, Mymie, Sara, Willa and Cowred James.

The High School Girls' club met at the social center, 1058 Fifth street. The program consisted of the installation of officers. Osceola Jones, president; Meredith Hubbard, vice president; Edna Johnson, secretary; Georgia Williams, assistant secretary; Phyllis Jones, treasurer. A lecture was given by Mr. R. C. Simmons and some remarks were made by Mrs. A. J. McDowell and her sister. A letter was read from the ex-president, Miss Mildred I. Griffin. Meeting adjourned to meet next Sunday at social center.



**VOTE FOR  
W. L. HARDING  
Republican Candidate for Governor  
Election November 7th, 1916.**

Buxton, Iowa, Oct. 25, 1916:  
Hon. W. L. Harding, Next Governor of Iowa, Sioux City, Iowa.

My Dear Governor Harding: I beg to assure you that I have seen the circular or pamphlet purporting to have been gotten out against you by some "leading colored men" of Iowa, stating in substance that you are an enemy to the colored citizens of this state and that you framed and promoted and tried to have the objectionable "Secret Order Bill" of 1909 passed against your interest and therefore urging all colored voters of Iowa to vote against you and for a democrat to be the next governor of this state.

As the oldest colored member of the Iowa State Bar association and as a member of the legislative committee, charged with the duty of watching and trying to prevent hostile legislation against the colored citizens of Iowa, I have known you intimately for years, personally and officially, and I have at all times found you not only fair but friendly to the best interest of the colored citizens of this state. No one in a northern state, unacquainted with the artful, deceptive and misleading wordings and methods of southern democrats in their trained and skillful efforts to discriminate against colored people. But the word ever seen or guessed that there was anything wrong with the "Secret Order Bill." There was not a line, word or syllable on the face of the bill against colored people. But the wording of it was like the "Grandfather's Clause," the separate "Jim-Crow" car acts and segregation ordinances, framed to outlaw our secret societies and especially the "colored Elks."

This bill was a copy of the bill introduced and passed by the democrats of Georgia to destroy the organization of colored Elks in that state and it had that effect and ruined them there and caused all northern Elks of color to change or modify the name of their organization from "B. P. O. E." to "I. B. P. O. E."

Think then of the audacity of urging intelligent colored voters to support a democrat and oppose you because of this bill? I had read the Georgia bill and knew its history and purpose. And so when this bill appeared in our legislature, I was the very first man to detect its danger and start opposition

against it. As soon as you understood its purpose and nature you assured me through my representative, Hon. Thomas Hickenlooper, of Albia, Monroe county, Iowa, that the bill had been casually handed to you printed in due form by a constituent of yours with the request that you introduce it as a good measure to protect all secret societies from unworthy delinquents and imposters. And it reads:

"A bill for an act to protect benevolent, humane, fraternal or charitable corporations in the use of their names and emblems and providing penalties for the violation thereof."

I was engaged in the trial of a case at Albia at the time I received the copy of the bill and before I got your message I had written and telegraphed many ministers and members of our secret societies and had sent out quite a few letters. That same day I had phoned my law partner at Des Moines to take active charge of the campaign in the legislature against the bill and the next day I received notice from him that no further efforts would be made to pass the bill. You will thus see, my dear governor,

Wilson administration than they have ever known since the great civil war. The sectional and racial hatred fostered and multiplied by this administration has already set the American wheel of progress back a hundred years and God only knows what four more years of this nefarious rule would bring forth. Certainly no self-respecting colored citizen could wish for its continuance.

I again say that nothing could do more to give prestige to the national democratic administration than the election of a democratic governor in the great state of Iowa. God forbid that such a calamity should befall us. I am praying and working for your election, and I urge all loyal colored citizens to support you and the entire republican ticket. Very truly yours,  
Geo. H. Woodson.

### COMMITTEE COMPLETES PLANS FOR IOWA FEDERATION EXPOSITION.

Mrs. S. Joe Brown, general chairman of the Iowa Federation Exposition, that is to be put on in this city October 31st, beginning at 2 p. m., reports that Hon. Roscoe C. Simmons, the nephew of Dr. Washington, and Prof. W. L. Hutchinson, field agent for Tuskegee, who recently visited the city, were both highly elated over the plans of the committee and that donations have already been received

church. The marriage ceremony was conducted by Rev. Butler of Keokuk, assisted by Rev. J. J. Evans of Buxton. Miss Davis was a teacher and an accomplished lady. The wedding march was played by Miss Bertha Allen, and Miss Davis came in on the arm of her mother, Mrs. Arm, while the groom came in on the arm of Mr. Davis. The bride wore soft messaline silk with white trimmed in gilded braid.

We desire to extend our thanks to our friends for the assistance rendered in the hours of sickness and death of our deceased Maurice Foster.

We also extend our sincere thanks to those who sent floral offerings. We beg to remain with regrets, Mr. and Mrs. C. R. Foster and Mrs. Maurice Foster.

Rev. B. F. Woodard went to Des Moines on Wednesday to attend the State Baptist convention.

### MONMOUTH, ILL.

Mrs. Dan Skinner is visiting in Davenport with her sister this week.

Mrs. Dimple Taylor of Alton, Ill., is the guest of Rev. and Mrs. Thompson. The inquest of Mr. J. E. Berry of Galesburg, who was recently found dead near Cameron, was held here at the Turnbull morgue. Several relatives of Galesburg attended the inquest.

**VOTE FOR E. T. MEREDITH**  
Mr. Meredith is a big, clean man who stands for a square deal to all.



He does not approve of any such bill as the one Mr. Harding introduced when he was in the legislature, which would have prevented persons of the Afro-American race wearing the emblems of the best fraternal organizations. He is for a dry Iowa, believing that the saloon is a bad institution.

He has always employed union labor, and believes in the payment of fair wages, just laws for the protection of employes, and the right of labor to organize to protect himself. The better element of Iowa people are for him. His election would benefit the state. Elect Meredith Governor.

### THE WOMEN'S HUGHES SPECIAL.

The much heralded women's Hughes special train passed through Iowa this week and stopped Thursday night in our city and held a great rally at the Coliseum, also a special called meeting by the local branch of the N. A. A. C., held at the Union Congregational church, which was crowded to the doors. The meeting was presided over by the president of the local, Atty. S. Joe Brown, who introduced Miss Freeman of New York, the girl who went clear down to Texas to lynch the ground where that terrible lynching of that little colored boy took place, and it was that (white) lady who took the picture and wrote the story which appeared in the last month's Crisis and nearly all of our colored weeklies. Two other able white women spoke, but Miss Freeman was the most eloquent of them all. It was one of the finest appeals for true Negro manhood that you seldom hear from a white lady. She says that any Negro who would vote for Wilson is a traitor to his race.

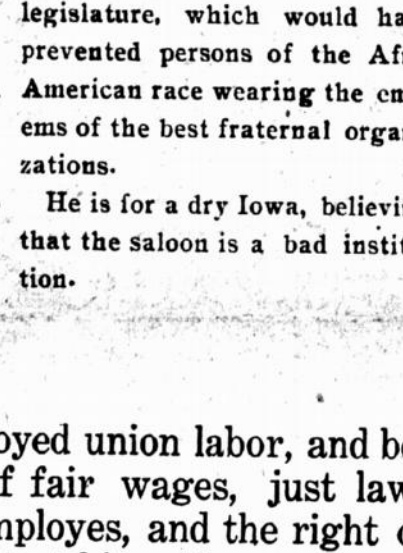
### BUXTON, IOWA.

The Hurst Comedy company played to a full house Monday night. It was a complete success and a company of rare musical talent. Every body was well pleased and hope to have them again next season. Mrs. Horn of Chicago, Ill., sister to Mrs. A. Jeffers, on restaurant lady, is visiting here this week. Many dinner parties have been given in honor of her.

Editor John L. Thompson, our popular and versatile writer of the Bystander, was in our city this week collecting. We like to read his Editor's Observations.

### WEAVER FOR REPRESENTATIVE.

The above cut is that of James B. Weaver, Jr., who is one of the regular republican candidates for the legislature from Polk county. He is one of the ablest lawyers, a true friend of the colored man and can always be depended upon to stand for justice and fair dealing for the race. He is the son of the late General Weaver.



JOHN F. GRIFFIN  
Republican Candidate for Sheriff.  
Vote for him.

### EDITOR'S OBSERVATIONS.

On leaving Quincy, Ill., we crossed the Father of Waters and entered the great state of Missouri. In many respects this commonwealth is one of the greatest and most unique states in ONE—Bystander—

the sisterhood of states. Her industries are so diversified that you could close her up to herself and she could clothe and feed her millions of people without aid from the outside of her own border. She raises hogs, cattle, horses, sheep, mules, chickens, turkeys, ducks and geese. She grows corn, oats, wheat, rye, potatoes, pumpkins, melons and nearly all known cereals. She has her own apples, peaches, grapes, plums, cherries, etc. She has rabbits, squirrels, opossums, coons, wolves, foxes, etc. She mines iron, coal, stone. She has her schools, colleges, universities, etc. She has her own manufactures, factories and work shops. She has her own commercial clubs and industrial clubs. She has her own mountains, lakes, rivers and great springs and health resorts. Hence I know of nothing else to say that she needs, for she has more good looking women and girls and young men than any state that I have yet seen, for it was here in Missouri that I got my wife. It was this state that my father and mother came from. It was in this state that ye editor delivered his first public oration on Emancipation day, when I was only 17 years old, and later taught my first public school in Holt county. Therefore I have a very warm feeling to the "show me" state. Our first stop was in Hannibal, which is one of Missouri's oldest towns. We did not stop here only a few hours, so we did not observe here. We next stopped in Paris, a town of about 2,000 people of which 400 are colored. The colored people have a nice new four-room brick building with two teachers, Prof. W. E. Donaldson, assisted by Miss Berry. Both are experienced and well qualified. Mrs. B. Lasley is a successful and highly respected citizen. Mr. Geo. Berry, Sr., owns valuable property and is one of the oldest and influential race men. Mrs. M. C. Crump is a highly respected citizen. Her only daughter is attending Lincoln Institute.

### DAVENPORT ITEMS.

The Hallow'een entertainment given by Mrs. Alberta Carter for the benefit of the A. M. E. church was largely attended, considering the inclement weather. A neat sum was realized. The revival meetings at the Third Baptist church are growing in interest. Guests of Mrs. Lota Green's rooming house last week were Mr. Chas. Gilbert of New York, Rev. Garrison of Galesburg, Ill.

Mr. Frank Wilson has been in St. Louis visiting his brother for several days.

The Willing Workers are rehearsing for a play to be given November 6th. The Violet Needle Workers club made their annual trip to Clinton last Wednesday and were most royally entertained by the Clinton club ladies.

Mrs. Lota Green left Sunday night for a month's visit in Chicago and Winona, Minn.

A large number of our people are taking advantage of the night school that is being held in the high school building.

Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Hale have moved from Ripley street to West Eleventh street.

Mr. Chas. Wilkerson is in the city at the home of his sister, Mrs. Chas. Shepard.

For Chapped Skin.  
Chapped skin, whether on the hands or face, may be cured in one night by applying Chamberlain's Salve. It is also unequalled for sore nipples, burns and sores. For sale by all dealers.

### OSKALOOSA, IOWA.

Miss Bertha Weeks was pleasantly surprised Saturday afternoon by a number of her little friends running in upon her. The occasion was her 13th birthday. A delightful afternoon was spent in games, after which ice cream and cake and candies were served the little ones by Mrs. Fannie Wilson and Cora Moore. At 6 o'clock they bade Bertha good bye, expressing themselves as having had a good time and wishing many happy returns of her birthday.

Mrs. Cora Franklin and daughter, Roberts, were guests in the home of Mrs. Luella Spicer of Ottumwa.

The Mothers' club met in regular session Thursday, October 12th, at the home of Mrs. Marguerite Brown. This week at the home of Mrs. Cora Jones.

Mrs. Mollie Stewart, who was called to Missouri by illness, has returned.

Mr. and Mrs. Eugene suffered loss by fire Saturday, also Mr. and Mrs. Paul Brown.



ST. PAUL BUDGETARIAN.  
Our city was visited by a severe snow storm on the 19th inst. and fully one inch of snow fell, which has not entirely gone yet.

Between 300 and 400 people greeted Harry T. Burleigh in a song recital at Pilgrim Baptist church on the 19th inst., despite the inclemency of the weather. Mr. Burleigh was suffering with a cold, which greatly affected his singing, much to the disappointment of his audience. He was compelled to cut short his program, but taking everything into consideration the program was very good.

Mr. R. Piermon underwent an operation at the city hospital last week for appendicitis and is resting easy at this writing.

Mrs. Irene Harris sang very beautifully at Pilgrim Baptist church Sunday of the garden.

A Pick out party in honor of Misses Nellie Cook and Grace Willis, who are sweet 18, at Union hall on the 27th of this month.

Mrs. Jos. Adams of Charles street was called to Winnepeg last week owing to the illness of her daughter, Dovie.

Quarterly meeting was observed at St. James A. M. E. church Sunday. P. E. Higgins was in charge. Rev. T. B. Stovall of Minneapolis preached at 3 o'clock. Rev. Bess of St. James, Minneapolis, was not present, which was very much out of the ordinary. We wonder why.

The next meeting of the Matinee Whist club will be held with Mrs. E. Hatton.

At a meeting of the Crispus Attucks Home advisory board last week the following officers were elected: President, Mr. Jno. Sellers; vice president, Mrs. Dora Adams; secretary, Mrs. Mattie R. Hicks; treasurer, Mr. Roy M. Knauff (white). The home will soon move to their new location on Collins street. A beautiful three-story building. We have at this time more inmates than we have ever had. About twenty-eight old people and children. Every race man and woman in the state should assist in the maintenance of this worthy institution.

Mrs. M. York, mother of Rev. Jas. M. Henderson, arrived last week to keep house for the pastor. His family will not move here for the present. St. James church is starting out nicely under his administration. Keep it up, brothers and sisters.

Mrs. R. B. Chapman is quite sick at her home on St. Anthony avenue.

Mrs. Geo. Duckett has returned from a visit to her mother and brother in Alberta, Canada.

Mrs. Tucker of Chicago is visiting her sister, Mrs. Geo. Hoage.

We just learned of the sudden death of Mr. I. Roberts of Minneapolis. He was a Mason of high standing.

OMAHA, NEB.  
Mr. Lincoln Connors died Wednesday, October 21, 1916, at his residence. He is survived by a wife, brother, sister. He was buried Friday afternoon.

Mr. Oscar Connors of Red Oak was in Omaha. He was to the funeral of Sunday evening and all were glad to his cousin.

Blind Boone played to a crowded house here.

### FT. MADISON NOTES.

Mrs. L. W. Route and three sons arrived in the city last Thursday evening.

Rev. D. W. Brown of Clarinda has purchased a home here.

Rev. D. W. Brown filled the pulpit at Bethel A. M. E. church Sunday evening.

Miss Fanny Johnson of Kansas City, Mo., is in the city for an indefinite stay.

### OSKALOOSA, IOWA.

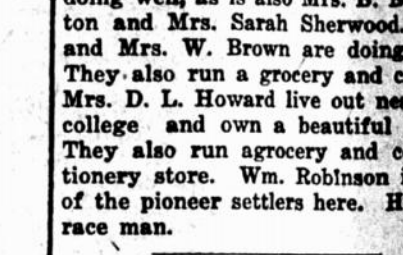
as its first president. He was succeeded by Dr. J. H. Garnett and this year Dr. Garnett is succeeded by Prof. Inman E. Page of the State Normal college of Langston, Okla., who formerly lived in this state, and was principal of Lincoln Institute. Prof. Page comes back to Missouri a true and seasoned educator, by virtue of his many years' experience as an educator he ought to make things hum around old Western college. He subscribed for The Bystander and we wish him much success here. Our old friend, Prof. Perkins, is still principal of the school. He has two assistants, Mr. John Adams is quite sick. He had a grocery store. He is still working at the court house as janitor. Mrs. Ida Ansell is one of the leading citizens. They own a nice home and other property. She has a son working in Quincy, Ill. John Neff is a house mover and indeed very successful. He owns valuable property and is well-to-do. They are related to Mr. Richard Windsor of Des Moines. Miss Carrie Henderson is still here and single yet. Mr. and Mrs. A. McElroy are other influential citizens, well liked. He owns a nice home. Mrs. Jane Oliver is doing well, as is also Mrs. B. B. Burton and Mrs. Sarah Sherwood. Mr. and Mrs. W. Brown are doing well. They also run a grocery and confectionery store. Wm. Robinson is one of the pioneer settlers here. He is a race man.

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AFRO-AMERICAN CULLINGS

In a communication to the New York Times, Charles W. Thomas, president of the Teachers' Association of the District of Columbia, makes the following remarks:

It is surprising to find the editorial columns of the Times, usually accurate, right and fair, making a vulnerable and flippant statement about such a social issue as is involved in "The Colored Migration to the North."

The facts are, in this migration, the colored men are not being misled as on some occasions, but they are, as students in southern schools, aiming to complete their education by working in the North under contract, personal teacher-foreman supervision, and medical attendance, and, as heads of families, they want better educational facilities for their children with greater security for their lives and their families.

The Times statement that the South knows how to manage the colored man better than the North is the same dangerous half-truth which delayed the abolition of slavery and increased the cost. It seems strange that men should be unwilling to believe in the efficiency of contact, sympathy, and co-operation to produce the true democracy which they claim to want, and thus to realize the intent of the fathers who aimed to found a home of justice, freedom, and opportunity for the oppressed of all the world, yet the colored man finds that unwillingness to prevail in some sections of this country, and in some social groups in all sections.

The fact that the colored man consents to leave a section to which he is already so well adapted and in which he is "the possessor of a near-monopoly of the labor franchise," shows his aspirations for the fullness of life and his willingness to pay the price. Already 800,000 of Virginia's native colored people can be found in other states in the Union.

The North will have no regrets for this new migration to the extent that it creates a new environment so that he may not separate opportunity and responsibility, and so that he may conduct himself in such a manner as to gain the respect of and live at peace with his white neighbors.

The Fifteenth regiment of infantry, New York National Guard, the first Negro regiment to be organized in the state, received its colors from Governor Whitman, and passed in review before him in front of the Union League club, at Fifth avenue and Thirty-ninth street. Thousands of Negroes lined the avenue above and below the club, and applauded the marching of the soldiers, the addresses of the governor and Col. William Hayward, the incidents of the ceremony of presenting the colors—and Bert Williams' impromptu equestrian act.

The first annual session of the National Negro Travelers' Protective association was held in the parlors of the Dunbar hotel, with C. E. Howard of Jacksonville, acting president, in the chair.

The session was very enthusiastic. The action of the temporary organization was adopted and committees were appointed as follows: Local membership, R. A. Blount, J. B. Long, Atlanta, and R. K. Tucker of Mississippi. On law, G. W. Powell, George E. Taylor, B. K. Tucker, J. B. Long and A. L. Green of Alabama.

An open meeting was held at First Congregational church and among the speakers were: Bishop Camphor, C. E. Howard, G. E. Taylor, and others.—Birmingham (Ala.) Age-Herald.

That the white man is "wearing himself out" and killing his own race off, and soon, if the Negro will only keep quiet, the colored race will have the world to itself, was the belief expressed by Rev. B. L. Carrothers in an address before the annual race conference at Mount Carmel Baptist church at Washington. He added,

New lines of Japanese steamships are to be established between Japan and South America ports in order to obviate the necessity of transshipping cargoes either at London or Marseilles. A new service employing five new ships of 7,500 tons each is to be begun between Japan and Brazil, and it is probable that another company will also enter the new field.

The wreck record of the Baltic sea is greater than that of any other part of the world.

A manufacturer in Indianapolis has discovered a method for making atropine from jimson weed.

During 1915, 85,914,520 barrels of cement, valued at \$73,888,820, were produced in this country.

A steel factory employing 2,500 hands, has been built at Hikoshima, Japan.

Flour, like to a planter, is a commodity of São Paulo, Brazil.

Williams, the darky comedian, is also Inspector of small arms in the regiment, with the rank of captain. He is on the staff of Colonel Hayward, the public service commissioner, who is commander of the regiment, and, as such, he was privileged to ride behind the colonel at the head of the marching men.

The regiment came down from its armory at One Hundred and Thirty-second street and Seventh avenue, to the Grand Central on the subway, and there formed in line, the staff officers mounting horses to lead the regiment west in Forty-second street. Bert's horse, a light gray charger, began to buck at the street the moment the captain-comedian got into the saddle.

Colonel Hayward gave the command to march. The band struck up "Onward, Christian Soldiers." The long column moved—and Williams' horse, ears straight back, tail out, and feet flying, dashed ahead. The rider was taken by surprise, but clung to his saddle and succeeded in stopping his charger as soon as the animal had put a satisfactory distance between himself and the band. The horse even consented to wait, though rather impatiently, at Fifth avenue until the regiment had caught up, and Bert was in his place when his line turned south in the avenue.

Colonel Hayward and his staff, as they turned into Fifth avenue, were applauded by thousands in front of the Union League club—and Captain Bert's temperamental mount once more abandoned the parade. Down the avenue the animal rushed, Bert staying in his seat, but apparently his self-confidence had been left with the regiment. He did not even notice that the runaway was dashing straight at four active motion picture cameras set to record the approach of the regiment, and eagerly putting on film everyone of the multitudinous movements and expressions registered by himself and the horse.

Two mounted policemen at Thirty-ninth street stopped the runaway and saved Bert—the whole action also occurring in the focus of the cameras. The policemen held the animal's bridle until he seemed quiet and then let go. The rescue accomplished, the applause broke out again, and Bert's horse made another dash. But a traffic policeman at the corner caught him at his fourth leap—and Bert didn't stay to continue his act any longer. He slid from his saddle to the ground and planted the well-known Williams feet on the pavement with more emphasis than he ever waved them over the footlights.

Governor Whitman, in presenting the colors to the regiment, spoke to the men on their duty as members of the National Guard. The regiment was authorized by recent legislation. Most of its staff officers are white men, but its line officers are Negroes.

With the Panama canal open and direct steamship lines between the Atlantic coast of the United States and Australasia, New Zealand should be a splendid field for American exports, and the steamship service is assured, for there are now agents of a strong American shipping company looking the field over with a view to establishing a regular monthly service both ways to begin with, and doubtless more will follow.

The government of Chile has authorized the erection of a technical industrial school.

however, that he hoped the white man would "wake up" before he reached this depth of destruction.

Rev. Milton Waldron urged that concerted efforts should be made to have the Negro race as a whole better its condition. He also insisted that colored persons should not regard themselves as a race apart, but rather as an integral part of the great human family.

Prof. C. M. Thomas, a teacher in the Miner Normal school, made a plea for race solidarity. Several of the speakers who followed him congratulated him upon his talk, including its discussion of problems and their solution.

A plan is being considered to create a nation-wide plan for the betterment of the colored race. H. Martin Williams, reading clerk of the house of representatives, is scheduled as one of the afternoon speakers.

A graphophone nearly eight feet high and correspondingly powerful, although only the usual records are used, has been built by a Tacoma musician for concert purposes in public parks.

"Let the Negro remember that the color line vanishes in the presence of real greatness." So says Rabbi Wise of New York city, speaking of the late Booker Washington. "Let the Negro ever bear in mind that while an entire race cannot seek protection under the shadow of one great name or ten great names, a race, like a man, must stand upon its own feet and not upon the shoulders of a single man."

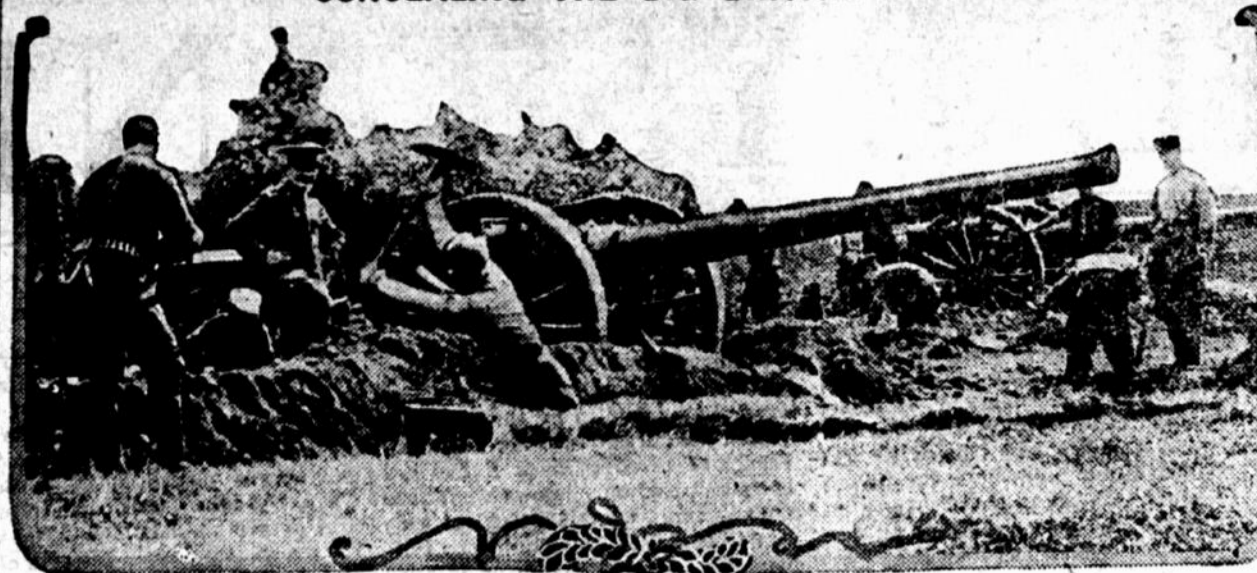
New fields of calcium borax have been discovered near Iquique, Chile.

French experiments have demonstrated that the best signals to be displayed from the ground to aviators in flight are Arabic numerals in white on black backgrounds.

The British government recently bought 1,000 tons of soy in Kansas City, which it will ship to some scenes of hostility by way of New Orleans.

English street railways are experimenting with a compound rail, the worn portions of which can be renewed without disturbing the rest.

CONCEALING THE BIG BRITISH GUNS



British big guns are hammering the Germans with the heaviest artillery fire in history. Photograph shows the trenchwork being thrown up in front of the gun to keep it hidden. Often the guns are covered with the surrounding verdure to make it harmonize with the background, disguising it perfectly.

BUILD A SUBWAY TO VERDUN FRONT

Tunnel, 45 Feet Underground, Leads to Within 300 Yards of Germans.

AMERICANS MAKE THE TRIP

New York Lawyer Narrowly Escapes Shots as He Views Trenches—Tunnel Cook Was Formerly Chef to an Ambassador.

Verdun.—Just west of here, in the forest of Argonne, there is a remarkable military tunnel, 45 feet underground, running right up to within 300 yards of the German trenches. It is one of the most hard-pressed points around Verdun, but through this tunnel reinforcements move forward without danger, relieving every two hours the men on the firing line.

There was a very American atmosphere about this tunnel when the writer visited it, for the curious fact developed that the two officers in command were American residents, one a stock raiser in Alberta, Canada, and the other a bank official of the Franco-American bank at Los Angeles, Cal. Both were born in France, and when the war broke out left their American businesses to come home and fight. And now they are in full charge of this underground highway, leading up to one of the most desperate positions along the front. They are so American that they speak English instead of French, and the commandant's headquarters—a little nest in the clay—has a big picture of Uncle Sam hanging on the wall.

Creeping through this tunnel toward the front line, the members of the visiting party knocked their steel casques on the roof, and plunged through water ankle deep. Paul D. Cravath, the New York lawyer, a man of large build, 6 feet 8 inches tall, was bent double in the struggle through the tunnel. Along the way they passed an electric plant, throbbing with energy, and pumping the fresh air which keeps the tunnel habitable. Farther on, in a large clay hole, a kitchen was in full operation, with soldiers eating bowls of noodles.

Chef to an Ambassador. "Let me introduce you to our chef," said the commandant, as a young soldier cook came forward. "He is now the cook for this tunnel—and he ought to be a good cook, for before the war he was chef to the French ambassador at Rome."

Emerging from the tunnel into the front line, the German trenches were plainly visible on the crest only 300 yards away. The intervening space was swept clear as though by a cyclone. Instead of the beautiful green of the forest, that was left at the other end of the tunnel, here the whole outlook was gray and desolate; the ground jagged and torn as by eccentric plows, not a vestige of grass or verdure, and the few gaunt trunks of trees stripped of their last leaf and looking like so many scarecrows.

"This has been a rather quiet day—only two mine explosions," said the commandant, "two men injured, one in the shoulder, the other in the leg. That is little, for often we have forty to sixty men killed or injured in these mine explosions, which go on continually as the Germans try to mine under our trenches and we try to mine under theirs."

Even beyond the front line French trenches the French soldiers had pushed their observation posts into the fire-swept dividing line, 300 yards wide. Some of these daring men could be seen almost up to the crest where the German line ran. They were crouched behind heaps of bowlders, rifles ready. "Those men are only ten yards from the Germans," said the commandant.

As he spoke, Mr. Cravath of New York, said: "I see a German; there he is on the crest; you can see his uniform with the round cap."

"And he sees you too," said the commandant. "You have been under fire," he added as he led Mr. Cravath and the others to a more secure position.

Americans Are Lucky. "It's good that German didn't fire," remarked Cravath. "It might have been an international incident. Think of it—killing an American visitor to the French trenches."

Coming back from the front-line

WISE DOG DODGES A TRAIN

Hound in Chase Across Bridge Hanged From Trestle While Quarry Is Killed.

ITALIAN FINDS LOCKJAW CURE

Professor Ingianni Invents Portable Bath for Hot Impassions.

GIVES SATISFACTORY RESULTS

After Few Days Treatment the Wound Begins to Heal, Suppuration Disappears, Swelling Subsides and Fever Ceases.

Headquarters of the Italian Army in the field.—Surgeon Major Professor Ingianni of the Italian medical corps, in charge of a field hospital, has applied on a large scale a special treatment for lockjaw which is giving most satisfactory results.

The antitoxin treatment of lockjaw is extensively used in the Italian army as a preventive and, thanks to it, the cases of tetanus have been greatly diminished.

Naturally in field hospitals local conditions are such that it is impossible to resort to prolonged antiseptic bathing of the wounded or infected part, and the most effective remedy consisted in amputation. But even early amputation often proved of no avail when the germs in the wound already had set free a lethal dose of their toxin.

Doctors Amputate Too Freely. Often for fear of infection surgeons in the field resort freely to amputation knowing full well that it would be impossible for them to keep the wound clean until it is completely healed.

Professor Ingianni instead is convinced that amputation should only be resorted to in extreme cases, as a doctor's first duty is to cure, not to cripple a man. Prolonged warm bath of the wound is an almost infallible remedy against lockjaw, and nothing prevents its being administered even in the field under ordinary conditions.

Antiseptic Solution Is Used. A warm antiseptic solution can be easily kept in it at the same temperature for five or six hours. As a rule a 3 per cent solution of hypochlorite is used or else corrosive sublimate in the proportion of one-half per 1,000. But permanganate of potassium, iodine or lead water also can be used to advantage. It has been found better to alternate the employment of these antiseptics.

The results of this treatment are wonderful. After a few days the wound begins to heal, suppuration disappears, swelling subsides and fever ceases. Recovery follows as a matter of course even in cases where amputation was considered the only remedy. The danger of lockjaw is entirely obviated.

SHOULD HELP HER HUSBAND

Court Decides Crime Is No Cause for Divorce—Defines Habitual Drunkard.

Des Moines, Ia.—The Iowa supreme court, in session here, has handed down several Solomonical decisions.

In one ruling, the court held that confession of a crime on the part of a husband does not constitute grounds for divorce proceedings.

"It will become a wife," said the court, "to prefer criminal charges against her husband. She took him for better or for worse, and she should try to redeem him."

In the same decision the court defined a habitual drunkard as "one who becomes even moderately intoxicated whenever the opportunity is presented."

Is Single Again.

Chicago.—Adolph Kausal, musician, is a single man again because his wife was so anxious to hold his love that she put love powders in his food and even his shoes. Kausal told Judge Thomson the powders ruined his stomach. He was given the divorce he asked.

Fortune and Fame in Pies.

Cleveland, O.—Baker have brought fortune and honor to Fred C. Elmer.

THE KITCHEN CABINET

A very sublime and grand thing is truth, in its way though, like other sublime and grand things, such as thunderstorms, and that we're not always over and above glad to see it—Dickens.

PALATABLE FOODS.

A nice, rich, steamed brown bread with raisins may be served with a rich pudding sauce, making an excellent dessert, and no one need be the wiser as to its being a makeshift in an emergency. If no raisins are steamed in the bread a few may

be steamed and sprinkled over each slice with a few chopped nuts.

Savory Beans.—A pint of kidney beans boiled until tender with a piece of salt pork or bacon, when done, will have a rich sauce. Add more water if necessary; add a fried onion and some chopped parsley to the beans. Season to taste and when serving add a tablespoonful each of oil and vinegar to further season them.

Roquefort Cheese Dressing.—Mix together half a teaspoonful of salt, a quarter of a teaspoonful of white pepper, six tablespoonfuls of olive oil, and when well mixed add three tablespoonfuls of vinegar or lemon juice. Beat all together until an emulsion is formed. Add to this an eighth of a pound of Roquefort cheese, crushed fine, and a little chopped pimento or tabasco sauce.

Boiled Fresh Tongue Sardellen Sauce.—Cook a fresh tongue in simmering water for three hours until it is tender. Skim it out and cut in quarter-inch slices, arrange on a platter and pour over it the following sauce: Melt two tablespoonfuls of butter and add two tablespoonfuls of flour; mix and cook, then add gradually two cupfuls of the liquor in which the tongue was boiled, six anchovies, cut fine, let boil a minute, season with salt and pepper and pour over the tongue.

Blitzkuchen.—Cream a cupful of butter, add a cupful of powdered sugar, and the grated rind of half a lemon, sift two teaspoonfuls of baking powder, a teaspoonful of salt and two cupfuls of flour together; add three-quarters of a cupful of milk, alternating with the flour, and the yolks of four eggs; beat well, fold in the whites and bake in a shallow pan; brush the top with egg, sprinkle with sugar and cinnamon and finely chopped almonds. Bake 20 minutes.

Among men who have any sound and sterling qualities there is nothing so contagious as pure openness of heart.

Speak with tact. Without it, better not to speak at all.

FOR BREAKFAST.

There are several things which enter into the right kind of a breakfast: first, the individual to be served, age, state of health, occupation, season and climate, as well as the supplies to be obtained.

The old standbys of bacon, toast, coffee, preceded by some sort of fruit is the breakfast of the average person. It is the meal which most housewives complain about the oftenest, being hard to give variety.

Grapes are one of the fruits most enjoyed in the fall and are a most wholesome fruit; apples, pears and peaches all have a wholesome acid, very beneficial to the digestion.

Plain boiled rice makes a welcome breakfast cereal; omelets of various kinds give a change from the everyday shell-cooked, poached or fried egg. A most appetizing method of serving eggs is to drop them into individual ramekins, cover with cream, dot with bits of butter and season with salt and pepper; place in the oven in a dish of hot water and bake until the eggs are set.

Where fresh mackerel is obtained, no more tasty dish can be offered than broiled mackerel or the fish baked in cream. Pigeon it in a dripping pan with a little water, skin side down, and place in the hot oven; when the water has evaporated pour over the fish a cupful of good cream; heat through and serve, adding the seasonings at the last, not to curdle the cream, although that need not entirely spoil the dish, but it does detract from its appearance.

Chops, liver and bacon, sausages of various kinds, are all meats used for breakfast. Only a small portion should be served, as it is much better for the health to eat meat but once a day and that at the heavy meal, or dinner.

Hot breads are liked for breakfast, and griddle cakes the year round never seem to lose their popularity. For the Sunday breakfast it is wise to have an entire change. As it is a meal of more leisure than every-day breakfasts, it may be a little more elaborate.

A fruit that is subacid is best to serve in the morning; a cereal with cream is given, though the practice of serving acid fruits and cereals with cream is quite general.

GATHERED FACTS

Of all colors, red is the most conspicuous at a distance.

Homing pigeons can travel 70 miles an hour.

There are no distilleries, breweries or public houses in Persia, and the only intoxicating beverage used is homemade wine.

APPETIZING DISHES.

Very pretty and useful little receptacles for holding ices may be made by using the sweet wafers held together at the ends with frosting to make boxlike dishes; fill with cream and serve.

Fig Preserve.—Wash ripe figs in soda water and drop the figs into boiling hot sirup, using six pounds of sugar to eight pounds of fruit; cook until the figs become clear, a half hour or longer. Flavor with a branch of lemon verbena, leaves of rose geranium and a small box of crystallized ginger. Seal with paraffin in small jars.

Delicious Muffins.—Beat well the yolks of two eggs. Into this stir one pint of flour in which three tablespoonfuls of baking powder have been mixed; then stir in gradually, one pint of water and the beaten whites of three eggs, and a pinch of salt. Bake in hot, well greased muffin pans 20 minutes.

Oyster Salad.—Heat a quart of small oysters until they are plump, then pour off the liquor, add the juice of a lemon and place on ice until well chilled. Before serving mix them with finely cut celery, a half cupful of nuts or more and a cupful of mayonnaise dressing; garnish with beets, tiny cucumbers or pimentos cut in fancy shapes.

Escaloped Eggs.—If the price of eggs keeps on going up this dish may be one we will enjoy looking at and hoping for when eggs are reasonable. Cook hard six eggs, by dropping them into three quarts of boiling water; cover closely, allow to stand near the heat, but not on it, for a half hour. Then remove them, lay in cold water, and take off the shells. Make a white sauce of a quarter of a cupful each of butter and flour cooked together; then add a pint of milk, cook until smooth and add one chopped green pepper and salt and pepper to season. Slice the eggs and put them into a buttered dish, a layer of white sauce and a layer of eggs; sprinkle with grated cheese, finish with a layer of white sauce and a thick covering of buttered crumbs. Bake until brown in a hot oven.

A college education is not a scheme to enable a man to live without work. Its purpose is to help him to work to advantage, to make every stroke count.—David Starr Jordan.

FOR THE HOME TABLE.

When serving a roast of beef the Yorkshire pudding or muffins will help out with the meat if it seems to be too small a roast for the number served.

Yorkshire Muffins.—Stir into two cupfuls of sifted flour a pinch of salt, three well-beaten eggs, and two cupfuls of milk; beating with an egg beater until the batter is full of bubbles. Half an hour before the roast is to be served, pour out a little of the drippings into a shallow pan containing hot-greased muffin rings and fill with the batter. Serve nicely browned as a border to the roast.

Royal Bouillon.—Take two and a half pounds of lean beef, finely chopped, cover with two quarts of water, allowing it to stand an hour, then bring to the simmering point and cook three hours, removing any scum that may arise. Now add one small onion, a carrot, one bay leaf, two cloves, four peppercorns, and two stalks of minced celery; simmer until the vegetables are tender. Strain into an earthenware bowl and let it cool. When ready to serve remove any fat, clear by stirring in the white of an egg, boil up, strain and serve at once.

Fish Pudding, Russian.—Take one and a half to two pounds of fresh mackerel, one and a half tablespoonfuls of butter, one cupful of cracker crumbs, three cupfuls of milk, six eggs, one grated onion, six peppercorns, and one tablespoonful of sour cream. Cut the fish lengthwise, wash it, take out the bones, removing the skin. Chop the meat fine, with half a tablespoonful of butter, put into a bowl the yolks of the eggs, with the salt needed, onion, peppercorns, cracker crumbs, a tablespoonful of butter and the sour cream. Beat well, add the fish, stir in the beaten whites and put into a buttered baking dish; cover and cook slowly for two hours. Serve with caper sauce.

Caper Sauce.—Cook together a tablespoonful each of butter and flour, add pepper, a cupful of milk, salt and two tablespoonfuls of capers. Cook slowly and serve hot.

Almond cakes may be prepared the same way, using six egg whites, a pound of sugar and a pound of almonds finely sliced.

Handkerchief for children has been invented that has a secure pocket for money in one corner.

Seacoast dwellers in one region in France claim to prevent sea-sickness by filling their ears with vaseline.

The motions of an automobile in running pump oil from a new device between the leaves of the car's springs.

Dr. Conrado Granel of Spain has recently been calling public attention to his experiments in securing a potassium compound from sea water. He calls his compound "marine potassium."

Neelie Maxwell

father of the nickel pie—once a prized lunch in itself. "I became so well known as the original pie baker that when I ran for State Senator I was easily elected," he says. "I was the first to see the possibilities of nickel pies and to make them go. From Dec. 10, 1877, when I opened my shop, pie went like wildfire. The kids were my best customers."

John Britt, age ninety-one, of Berkeley, R. I., walked the whole length of the preparedness parade in Providence.



