

Boost Pay and read The Bystander

# THE BYSTANDER

The Best advertising medium to reach colored people in the west

XXIV No. 35

DES MOINES, IOWA, FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 15, 1918.

Price Five Cents

### A DREAM.

I dreamt the world was made anew,  
The atmosphere was fresh as dew,  
The skies put forth a richer hue,  
The seas were painted a deeper blue.

The song of the birds was cheerful  
and gay,  
From house top to branches they play-  
fully hopped,  
As though they came most willingly  
to stay,  
And they were most gorgeously  
frocked.

The days were long, cheerful and  
bright,  
No thought of the morrow veiled the  
mind;  
The burden of existence seemed again  
as light,  
A peaceful day was no task to find.

Me ns wore off fighting for things un-  
seen,  
But used their talents for greater  
needs,  
Saw clogged in their own eyes the  
bean,  
And reaped great blessings from all  
good deeds.

All nations were at peace with their  
kin;  
The sword and gun were laid aside,  
And resolved never more to begin  
The strife of war and supremacy de-  
fied.

But alas! I awoke from my dreaming  
state  
Of perfect contentment and warless  
land,  
To gaze upon a world grasped by ill  
fate,  
The destiny of which concerns every  
man.

—Jonnie Johnson Shaw.

### "WITH THE COLORS."

Series No. 1.

By Gus Durdan, Des Moines, Iowa  
Son's Diary.

November 24th.

Jim Crow Cars.—Our party arrived  
in Cincinnati, Ohio, at 9 p. m. and left  
at 9:05 p. m. via the Chesapeake and  
Ohio railroad for Newport News, Va.  
I have heard much, both pro and con,  
concerning the Jim Crow cars, but the  
half has never been told. Close up  
behind the engine we occupied about  
a third of a standard railway coach;  
the other two-thirds was reserved as a  
smoking room for white men, upon  
the wall of which was a large yellow  
board, on which was placarded—Col-  
ored. This compartment would seat  
only twenty-two persons.

Leaving Covington, Ky., there were  
more than thirty persons in the sec-  
tion. These, it seemed to me, were  
crowded, as uncomfortable as pos-  
sible, into the Jim Crow.

All night long we were forced to re-  
main cramped in our seats. We could  
not stretch ourselves. We could not  
even turn our seats together and con-  
verse among ourselves.

12 m. November 25th.—Our section  
is rife with the sickening odor of  
strong tobacco, breaths foully laden  
with intoxicating liquors. The rough  
element is returning home from its  
all night carousal. There is no re-  
spect shown for the ten or twelve  
ladies who are in the car.

The porter has just passed through  
the car and yelled Ashland. God for-  
bid! About ten more ruffians have  
entered the compartment. A drunken  
woman is among them. She seems to  
be enamored of a tall ruffian, who  
would do justice to any penal institu-  
tion, and already is trying to start a  
quarrel with another woman.

Over in the seat across from me an

### NEGRO SOLDIER IN OUR WAR

(NEW BOOK)

Tells all about the war, it is fair to colored  
people; everyone buys a tremendous seller.  
Price only \$1.50; agents making \$3 to \$15 per  
day. Send 20 cents quick for agent's outfit.  
AUSTIN JERRENS CO. F Street, Washington, D. C.

### Reason Enthroned.

Because meats are so tasty they  
are consumed in great excess. This  
leads to stomach troubles, biliousness  
and constipation. Revise your diet,  
let reason and not a pampered ap-  
petite control, then take a few doses of  
Chamberlain's Tablets and you will  
soon be well again. Try it. For sale  
by all dealers.

Phone 600  
Red 6440 Eight St.

Roy E. Handy  
Funeral Director

ITALIAN METHOD OF  
EMBALMING

Des Moines, Iowa

### RICHEST NEGRO WOMAN TELLS OF ROMANTIC RISE FROM DIRE POVERTY

#### Dream Gave Her Secret of Fortune—Shows Pictures of Palatial Homes and Fleet of Luxurious Autos.

From laundress to queen of fi-  
nance in twelve years, the accom-  
plishment of her own genius and  
industry, and that under the handi-  
cap of race, was the remarkable  
story Mrs. C. J. Walker, a col-  
ored woman, told to her own peo-  
ple at the Frederick Douglass  
memorial meeting at the West  
High school auditorium last even-  
ing.

The romantic story of Mrs.  
Walker's dreams which revealed to  
her the secret formula for the  
Mme. Walker hair preparations,  
which proved to be the foundation  
of her fortune of \$1,000,000 and  
which by her business skill and  
shrewd investments in real estate  
continues to increase every year,  
gave her story all the fascination  
of a tale from Arabian Nights to  
the audience who listened to her  
in wonder and admiration, and  
with a manifest feeling of pride  
that a woman of their race had  
been able to accomplish so much  
in spite of almost insuperable ob-  
stacles.

#### Washed for Living.

Ten years ago Mary Walker was  
a St. Louis laundress, a widow  
with children dependent upon her.  
Hard work and care had begun to  
tell upon her to such an extent that  
she became interested in hair  
tonics and restorers, with a  
woman's instinctive desire to pre-  
serve her youthful appearance. So  
much did she think about these  
matters that she dreamed of facial  
preparations and hair restorers,  
until there came the wonderful  
dream that solved all her problems  
and pointed out the way to fabu-  
lous wealth which far exceeded her  
most flowery visions.

Going to Denver, Colo., she be-  
gan business in a very limited way.  
By judicious advertising and  
shrewd management the business  
grew with leaps and bounds until  
"Mme. Walker's goods" became the  
most popular hair preparations on  
the market.

Then followed investments in  
real estate, the enlargement of her  
business by the appointment of

elderly matron is fearfully crouching,  
as if afraid, lest she will be thrown  
in contact with the newcomers. My  
heart goes out in sympathy to her,  
for I, myself, am none too assured of  
safety.

I cannot understand these people.  
They are my people, but their ways  
are not my ways. Between us there  
is a wide chasm, bridged by educa-  
tion and a chance to live out one's  
life. The chasm seems to be filled  
with those who, in an attempt to pull  
their fellow creatures down, them-  
selves have fallen. Over those fallen  
ones others are daily marching to re-  
cognition and success.

The drunken female is on the ram-  
page again. I cannot call her a wo-  
man. She has defiled herself beyond  
the stage of womanhood. She is just  
of the female species. There her  
womanhood stops. She throws a search-  
ing glance at the elderly matron,  
throws back her head, and laughs as  
though pitying one who regards wo-  
manhood as sacred. She taunts the  
lady with language unfit for print.

Merciful heaven! The train has  
stopped at a station and one of our  
party has gone to get a lunch. The  
drunken female has taken the seat be-  
side me, which was left unoccupied by  
my comrade. I would give her my  
seat, but in the aisle there are noth-  
ing but ruffians, and I could not stand  
to be pushed and knocked about by  
them and to be near their foul breaths.  
(To be continued.)

### SIoux CITY, IOWA.

Mr. Fred Baker, who underwent an  
operation some time ago, is reported  
to be improving.

The Ladies' Aid of the A. M. E.  
church will meet this week with Mrs.  
N. Green.

Mrs. Frank Roberts and Mrs. Phal-  
bia Pemberton will give a linen show-  
er on Wednesday evening, February  
13th, complimentary to Mrs. Howard  
Hill, nee Miss Arabelle Dowdy.

Mrs. A. Morgan returned to her  
home in Yankton, S. D.

Those on the sick list this week are  
Mrs. H. Green, Miss Celia Mae Green,  
Phalbia Green and little Bertha Webb.

One of the most elaborate affairs of  
the season was a family dinner party  
given Sunday, February 10th, at the  
home of Mr. and Mrs. Mansfield  
Askew, in honor of Mr. and Mrs.  
Howard Hill. The three-course dinner  
was served on a prettily appointed  
table, which was centered with a large  
wedding cake, surrounded with flow-  
ers. Music and informalities made the  
afternoon a pleasant one. Besides  
the family, a few intimate friends of  
the young couple were present.

Mrs. E. R. Edwards has returned  
from Elgin, Ill., where she has been  
visiting.

agents all over the country. With  
accumulating wealth she began to  
become known among her people  
for her benevolence. She estab-  
lished and maintains six scholar-  
ships at Tuskegee, has adopted a  
homeless and crippled boy and is  
aiding many other young people of  
her race to obtain an education and  
get a start in the world.

#### Her Property in Pictures.

Stereopticon views of her business  
houses, palatial homes in three or  
four different cities and property  
rented to white people in high class  
neighborhoods were shown. An  
apartment house on Central park  
west, New York City, which nets  
her in rentals \$7,000 a year, a  
mansion at Irvington-on-the-Hud-  
son, a valuable home in Indianap-  
olis, a fine home given to her aged  
sister, the house in which she be-  
gan to manufacture her hair  
preparations and the homes into  
which the business has subsequent-  
ly developed, all were thrown upon  
the screen.

There was the room in which  
Washington had slept when she en-  
tertained him at Irvington-on-the-  
Hudson. Booker Washington, of  
course, the great benefactor of race.  
Among the things that she prizes  
there is the silver set which  
adorned the table when Washington  
was her guest. She will show you  
the very plates and the knives and  
forks and spoons—"all solid silver"  
—which Washington used when  
dining at her table.

#### Enjoys Auto Driving.

Six automobiles were thrown  
upon the screen. Cadillacs, Pack-  
ards, Stevens-Duryea, runabouts,  
and limousines—for she frankly ad-  
mits that she likes to drive down  
the fashionable boulevards of the  
great cities and see the white folks  
jump when she blows the horn.

Mrs. Walker, who had the distinc-  
tion of being the wealthiest Negro  
woman in the world, came to Des  
Moines in the interest of Frederick  
Douglass memorial fund.

The auditorium was crowded  
mostly with colored people and  
the proceeds of the lecture will  
go to the Douglass memorial com-  
mittee of which Mrs. S. Joe Brown  
of this city is chairman.

Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock  
Mrs. Walker will make an address  
at the army Y. M. C. A. at Park and  
Tenth streets and at 3 o'clock Sat-  
urday night she will speak at  
Bethel M. E. church, East Sixteenth  
and Fillmore streets.



### DES MOINES BOY MAKING GOOD

The above cut is that of our well  
known and well liked young man, Ru-  
fus B. Jackson, who has received more  
honors and faster than any other of  
the many Iowans that we have gone  
to this war. Rufus B. Jackson is the  
only son of our highly esteemed Mr.  
and Mrs. John Jackson. Mr. Jackson  
was sergeant of the 24th infantry and  
retired after thirty years' service and  
located in our city about ten years  
ago. His son, Rufus, graduated from  
East High school. He was the By-  
stander collector for one year. He  
then entered Iowa State college at  
Ames and is a junior in that great  
college. When he enlisted last June  
in the famous 8th Illinois regiment  
(colored) he was appointed sergeant  
in the hospital corps and last month  
was promoted to second lieutenant of  
the same regiment, officially now  
known as the 370th infantry, station-  
ed at Camp Logan, Texas. We hope  
that there is still greater things in  
store for this worthy young boy.

#### What to Give.

"Give to your enemies; forgiveness,  
to your opponent tolerance; to your  
friend your heart; to your child a good  
example; to your parents deference;  
and to everybody sunshine."—Selected.

### HEADQUARTERS FOR

### POULTRY-PET-BEE SUPPLIES

Write For Circular D.

The Farmers House of Poultry  
305 Grand Ave. Des Moines, Ia.



FREDERICK DOUGLASS  
Born about Feb. 17, 1817 Died Feb. 20, 1895

### CENTERVILLE ENEWS.

Sunday was a beautiful day and  
everybody seemed glad to see such  
nice weather, after being so cold. Ser-  
vices were well attended. Had five  
owners. Collections were good all day.

The Mission Circle met in its regu-  
lar business meeting Tuesday evening  
and elected Sister A. L. Crittenden as  
president. Sister M. J. Thompkins  
signed as president. The next meet-  
ing will be with Sister E. Hicks. Sis-  
ter M. Mayfield and Sister Hicks will  
entertain the Circle next Tuesday  
evening.

Mrs. Harold Brown of Clarinda is  
in the city, called here by the illness  
of her mother, Mrs. J. Saunders. Mrs.  
Saunders has been sick quite a while.

Sister C. G. Jones was on the sick  
list a few days last week. She seems  
much improved at this writing.

Mrs. J. L. Nash is able to be out  
again. We are glad to see Sister  
Nash up. She has been sick since No-  
vember.

Mrs. Walter Smith will entertain  
the B. Y. P. U. Thursday evening at a  
Valentine social.

Mr. and Mrs. E. F. Brown of Mys-  
tic visited in our city Saturday night.

The Court of Calanthes met in the  
regular business meeting Friday  
night. Mrs. Chas. Washington of Al-  
bia was here to install the officers  
and they report a lovely meeting. The  
officers are as follows: Mrs. Louis  
Baker, W. C.; Mrs. Julia Comley, W.  
J.; Mrs. S. Noah, R. D.; Mrs. M. May-  
field, M. O.; Mrs. Clara-Leek, R. of A.  
Mrs. M. Mayfield was elected dele-  
gate.

Mrs. Washington was the guest of  
Mrs. William Cobbs while in the city.

Mrs. Wm. Noah entertained at a 3-  
course dinner at 6 o'clock Friday  
evening in honor of Mrs. Chas. Wash-  
ington of Albia. Covers were laid for  
six.

Mrs. Wm. Cobbs entertained six  
ladies at breakfast last Saturday  
morning in honor of Mrs. Washington  
of Albia. She left on the 9:30 car  
for her home.

Mr. Lewis Hughes of Mystic, Iowa,  
was in the city Sunday.

Mr. Will Carter still remains poor-  
ly.

Mrs. Mary McDonald is reported  
very sick.

Mr. H. B. Marshall is some better.  
Mrs. John Hicks is working in the  
interest of the colored boys at Camp  
May. We join hands with her and  
do our part.

The Benevolent society was enter-  
tained by Bro. Robert Terrell, S. H.  
Jones and Mr. Theodore Jones at the  
home of Mrs. W. H. Cobbs on Monday  
evening. A large crowd attended and  
after general business was over, sup-  
per was served and aneat sum was  
realized.

### PARIS, MO.

Editor of Bystander: I thought I  
would let you hear from Paris.

We are having very pleasant weath-  
er now.

Last Wednesday Mrs. Inez John-  
son's funeral was held here. Quite a  
large crowd was out. R. R. Adkins  
attended the funeral.

Persons on the sick list: Mrs. Fan-  
nie Johnson, Mrs. Annie Bell Porter.  
Mr. Tom House returned home from  
Kansas City, where he attended his

### ALBIA NEWS.

Mr. and Mrs. Lou Morris and chil-  
dren of Fort Dodge are moving to Al-  
bia.

Mrs. Mary Harris visited in Buxton  
several days the past week.

The Sewing Circle met at the  
home of Mrs. Brown on Monday after-  
noon. After business a nice lunch  
was served by the hostess in two  
courses. Visitor present, Miss Tinks  
of Hiteman.

Miss Alberta Robinson was at her  
home in Hocking on Thursday.

The Independent Sewing Circle club  
and the Young Girls' club, under the  
management of Mrs. Chas. Washing-  
ton, invited the State Federation of  
Colored Women's club president, Mrs.  
Helen Downey, to lecture to them on  
Sunday, February 10th, in the after-  
noon. Mrs. Downey spoke to the  
elder ladies and in the evening the  
young people had a program in which  
she took part. Her little daughter,  
Miss Ethel Downey, accompanied her.  
She assisted with Master Bennie  
Grayson and Le Roy Grayson in tak-  
ing up a collection to the amount of  
\$7.00.

Mrs. G. A. Davis was at Hocking,  
No. 3, Saturday and a part of Sunday  
at the home of her daughter, Mrs.  
Bessie Grayson.

#### She Put the Tox in Ptomaine.

A seven-year-old Columbus girl  
came home from school and reported  
one of her classmates had hurt his toe  
and was unable to be at school. "It's  
very serious," she said, "and they are  
afraid he is going to have ptomaine  
poisoning."—Indianapolis News.

#### By Degrees.

A man would wonder at the mighty  
things which have been done by de-  
grees and gentle augmentations. Dil-  
gence and moderation are the best  
steps whereby to climb to any excel-  
lency.—Owen Feltham.

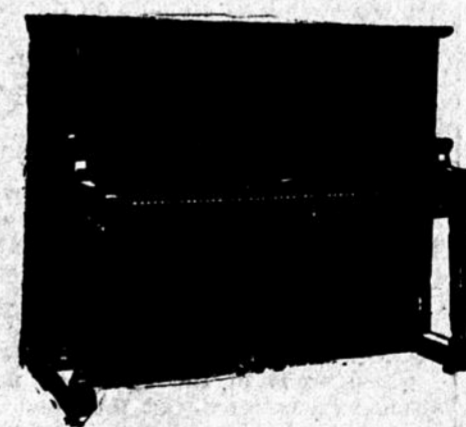
#### Where the Real Danger Lies.

A Boston physician has sounded the  
warning that there is more or less dan-  
ger in wearing clothes. There may be,  
but the most danger lies in the path  
of a man who attempts to trip mer-  
rily through this life clad in filtered  
sunshine and a two days' growth of  
whiskers.

#### Conservation of Worry.

"Does your husband worry about  
the grocery bill?" "No; he says  
there's no sense in both himself and  
the grocer worrying over the same  
mills."

## Plan Now To Benefit By This FEBRUARY SALE of Good Used Pianos



Terms as Low as

\$1.00 a Week

Jussell Piano \$125

Upright Piano in mahogany case  
and good tone, with full music  
board, very keys. Original  
price \$150. Taken in exchange.

February Sale Price \$125

\$300 Kohler & Campbell \$190

This well known Piano, in up-  
right walnut case and beautiful  
tone. A splendid home piano  
priced \$300 when new.  
February Sale Price \$190

\$325 Kohler & Campbell \$225

Large size Kohler & Campbell  
Piano in mahogany case. Re-  
turned from rental. In splendid  
condition. Regularly \$325, priced  
in the February  
Sale at \$225

\$295 Kohler & Campbell \$225

This instrument is only slightly  
used and will be guaranteed to  
the purchaser. Case of mahogany  
with ivory keys and brass har-  
ware. Regularly \$295,  
February Sale Price \$225

\$295 Kohler & Campbell \$250

Very lightly used, dull mahog-  
any Piano in pretty case. A  
splendid instrument, originally  
priced \$295, now offered at this  
February Sale  
Price \$250

\$350 Francis Bacon \$290

Large size Francis Bacon upright  
Piano in mahogany case with iv-  
ory keys. Has a beautiful tone.  
Originally \$350, priced  
in February Sale at \$290

\$450 Emerson Pianos \$298

Choice of mahogany and walnut  
case. Emerson Pianos, very  
lightly used and in excellent  
condition and tone. Regularly  
\$450, February Sale  
Price \$298

Open an Account with **DAVIDSON'S** Iowa Freight Paid  
LARGEST FURNITURE STORE  
612-414-416-418 - WALNUT-ST

THE BYSTANDER

BYSTANDER PUBLISHING CO., PUBLISHERS  
DES MOINES, IOWA

JOHN L. THOMPSON, EDITOR

FRIDAY, FEB. 15, 1918

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Entered at the postoffice as second class matter.  
Send money by postoffice order, money order, express or draft, to The Bystander Company.  
All subscriptions payable in advance.

Advertising rates for display ads, 25 cents per inch, for each insertion. Three to six months' contracts, 15 cents per inch. Local advertising, 10 cents per line for each insertion, counting seven words to a line. For church and society notices where admission is charged, one-half of the above-mentioned rates. For professional, legal and announcement cards, yearly contracts, etc., terms are given on application. All advertising is to be paid in advance.  
We are prepared to do first class job work at reasonable prices. All of our work is guaranteed.

Official paper of the M. W. U. Grand Chapter of Iowa, A. F. & A. M., and International Grand Congress of Heroines of Jericho of America, and Western Baptist Association.  
We will not return rejected manuscript, unless accompanied by post age stamps.  
Communications must be written on one side of the paper only and be of interest to the public. "Brevity is the soul of wit," remember.

The Iowa State Bystander is the oldest Afro-American journal published in Iowa. It was established in 1894, and is read by nearly all the colored people of Iowa. We have correspondents in the following towns:

- Albia.....Miss May Davis
- Washington.....N. L. Black
- Monmouth, Ill.....Mrs. Bernice Metlock
- Clifton.....A. A. Bush
- Mason, Mo.....Lucy Harris
- St. Paul, Minn.....Mrs. Hattie Hicks
- Rock Island Ill.....
- Miss Berna Edmunds
- Davenport.....Mrs. D. J. Johnson
- Oskaloosa.....Mrs. Cora Moore
- Centerville.....Mrs. A. L. Crittenden
- Omaha, Neb.....Miss Mabel Brown
- Ottumwa.....Mrs. W. E. Thompson
- Moberly, Mo.....Miss Lee Etta Owens
- Galesburg, Ill.....Miss B. Anderson
- Quincy, Ill.....Mrs. Mattie Lilly
- Buxton, Iowa.....Miss Gladys Mardis
- Knoxville, Iowa.....Mrs. H. Bryson
- Council Bluffs.....Miss Agnes Fountain
- Keokuk, Iowa.....Mrs. George Caldwell
- Chillicothe, Mo.....V. E. Williams
- Sioux City.....Mrs. M. Askew
- Clarinda.....Mrs. G. N. Nowling

This notice applies to all writers, contributors, agents and correspondents. Sign all articles, write only upon one side of paper, write a plain hand and spell accurately. Do not send in names of persons at parties event. Do not give an eulogy or write your personal comment upon classes, all societies, all religious de the event. Simply tell the news or event in a brief, simple manner and let the readers of The Bystander comment. Write the news of all personal whims or ideas.

EDITORIALS

FREDERICK DOUGLASS.

This week on our front page may be seen a true picture of Hon. Frederick Douglass, that great Negro statesman, orator and journalist, who was perhaps the most unique figure and greatest man from all viewpoints that the Negro race has yet produced. He was born deeper in poverty, vice, dirt, ignorance, not even knowing the date of his birth nor his father; had to scramble with the dogs and cats in the back yard for a living. In his boyhood days he ran away from slavery, self emancipated, self educated, he started the first real Negro newspaper, The North Star, at Rochester, N. Y. He was recorder of the deeds, a diplomat to foreign countries, honored by kings, princes, queens, presidents and rulers of all civilized countries, revered and loved by our race, an inspiration to every Negro.

DAMARIS REESER HAS GONE.

(Special to Bystander.)  
At the Hemeopathic hospital in Iowa City, Iowa, occurred the death of Damaris Reeser, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Reeser of Mount Pleasant, Iowa. She was taken ill in November and all medical aid failing to relieve she was taken to Iowa City, where an operation was performed, the result of which was baffling the correct nature of the trouble not being diagnosed. It was stated by the assisting surgeons and her local physicians to be a case rarely encountered in the medical profession.

Damaris was born May 31, 1904, in Mount Pleasant, Iowa. She was just entering young womanhood, being 13 years of age, and was a girl well liked

by her associates, being of a cheerful, sunny disposition. She was an active Sunday school worker, of which she was secretary. She leaves to mourn her loss a loving father, devoted mother, a fond grandmother, numerous uncles and aunts, and a host of other relatives and friends.  
The funeral service was held at the Second Baptist church, conducted by Rev. P. Thomas, assisted by Rev. F. E. Weston and Rev. Jackson.

PROGRAM FOR WASHINGTON.

The N. A. A. association will give the following program on Washington's birthday, February 22, at Maple Street Baptist church:  
Song, Star Spangled Banner.  
Invocation, Rev. G. W. Robinson.  
Selection by Wilson quartet.  
Biography of Geo. Washington.  
Vocal solo, Mrs. Mayme Arimstead.  
Eulogy on Washington, Rev. C. W. Reese (white) of Unitarian church.  
Instrumental solo, Miss Josephine Clardy.  
Reading, Mrs. Marion Blackburn.  
Everybody invited. Admission free.

BUXTON PEOPLE TO HEAR MME. WALKER.

Special.—Fearing an opportunity will not present itself again to hear and see this most distinguished woman, the Buxton people, through a committee composed of Messdames E. F. Jones, E. A. Carter and Ada Mills, have arranged with Mrs. S. Joe Brown of Des Moines to bring Mme. C. J. Walker to this city, where they have completed plans to have her lecture at the opera house on Monday evening, February 18th, at 8 o'clock.

Mrs. Brown assured the committee that Mme. Walker would be pleased with this arrangement, for she had expressed a desire to visit this noted town and the Buxton people will be glad to have a share in welcoming America's richest colored woman to the state of Iowa on Monday evening, February 18th.

NEED BIG HERDS

Europe's Meat Supply Must Come From America.

Warring Nations Have Depleted Live Stock at Enormous Rate, Even Killing Dairy Cattle For Food.

American stock breeders are being asked to conserve their flocks and herds in order to meet Europe's tremendous demands for meats during the war and probably for many years afterward.

The United States food administration reports that American stock raisers have shown a disposition to co-operate with the government in increasing the nation's supply of live stock.

Germany today is probably better supplied with live stock than any other European nation. When the German armies made their big advance into France and then retreated virtually all the cattle in the invaded territory—approximately 1,800,000 head—were driven behind the German lines.

But in England—where 2,400,000 acres of pasture lands have been turned into grain fields—the cattle herds are decreasing rapidly. One of the reasons apparently is the declining maximum price scale adopted by the English as follows: For September, \$17.76 per 100 pounds; October, \$17.28; November and December, \$16.08; January, \$14.40. The effect of these prices was to drive beef animals on the market as soon as possible.

In France the number of cattle as well as the quality have shown an enormous decline during the war. Where France had 14,907,000 head of cattle in 1913, she now has only 12,841,900, a decrease of 16.6 per cent. And France is today producing only one gallon of milk compared to two and one-half gallons before the war.

Denmark and Holland have been forced to sacrifice dairy herds for beef because of the lack of necessary feed. Close study of the European meat situation has convinced the Food Administration that the future problem of America lies largely in the production of meat producing animals and dairy products rather than in the production of cereals for export when the war will have ceased.

BRITISH GOVERNMENT HELPS PAY FOR BREAD

There has been much misunderstanding about the bread program in England. It is true that the Englishman buys a loaf of bread for less than an American can, but it is poorer bread, and the British government is paying \$200,000,000 a year toward the cost of it.

All the grain grown in Great Britain is taken over by the government at an arbitrary price and the imported wheat purchased on the markets at the prevailing market price. This is turned over to the mills by the government at a price that allows the adulterated war bread loaf of four pounds to sell at 18 cents, the two pound loaf at 9 cents and the one pound loaf at 5 cents.

In France, under conditions somewhat similar, but with a larger extraction, the four pound loaf sells for 16 cents.

AMERICAN SUGAR SENT TO FRANCE

American Price Rigidly Regulated by United States Food Administration.

CONSUMERS HERE PAY 9c.

Sugar Cost 35 Cents a Pound During Civil War—Refiners' Profits Now Curtailed.

Sugar is selling today throughout America at from 8 1/2 to 9 cents a pound to the consumer, even though there is a world shortage which has reduced this nation's sugar allotment to 70 per cent. of normal.

Through the efforts of the United States food administration the sugar market has been regulated as far as the producer, refiner and wholesaler is concerned. The food administration has no power to regulate retail prices except by public opinion. Even though more than 85,000 tons of sugar have been shipped to France in the last four months the retail grocer's sugar price is around 8 to 8 1/2 cents. He should sell this sugar at 8 1/2 to 9 cents, the food administration believes, and asks the American housewife to pay no more than this amount.

Last August when the food administration was organized the price of sugar rose suddenly to 11 cents a pound. During the Civil War sugar cost the consumer 35 cents a pound. By regulation of the sugar market and reducing the price to 8 1/2 and 9 cents and keeping it from advancing to 20 cents the food administration has saved the American public at least \$180,000,000 in four months, according to a statement made by Herbert Hoover the other day.

"It is our stern duty to feed the allies, to maintain their health and strength at any cost to ourselves," Mr. Hoover declared. "There has not been, nor will be as we see it, enough sugar for even their present meagre and depressing ration unless they send ships to remote markets for it. If we in our greed and gluttony force them either to further reduce their ration or to send these ships we will have done damage to our abilities to win this war."

"If we send the ships to Java for 250,000 tons of sugar next year we will have necessitated the employment of eleven extra ships for one year. These ships—if used in transporting troops—would take 150,000 to 200,000 men to France."

Reason for World Shortage.  
As Mr. Hoover pointed out, the United States, Canada and England were sugar importing countries before the war, while France and Italy were very nearly self supporting. The main sources of the world's sugar supply was Germany and neighboring powers, the West Indies and the East Indies. German sugar is no longer available, as it is used entirely in Germany, which also absorbs sugar of surrounding countries.

England can no longer buy 1,400,000 long tons of sugar each year from Germany. The French sugar production has dropped from 750,000 to 210,000 tons. The Italian production has fallen from 210,000 tons to 75,000 tons. Thus three countries were thrown upon East and West Indian sources for 1,925,000 tons annually to maintain their normal consumption.

Because of the world's shipping shortage the allied nations started drawing on the West Indies for sugar; East Indian sugar took three times the number of ships, since the distance was three times as great. Suddenly the west was called on to furnish and did furnish 1,420,000 tons of sugar to Europe when 300,000 tons a year was the pre-war demand. The allies had drawn from Java 400,000 tons before the shipping situation became acute.

"In spite of these shipments," Mr. Hoover stated the other day, "the English government in August reduced the household sugar ration to a basis of 24 pounds per annum per capita. And in September the French government reduced their household ration to 13 2-10 pounds a year, or a bit over 1 pound of sugar a month. Even this meagre ration could not be filled by the French government it was found early in the fall, America was then asked for 100,000 tons of sugar and succeeded in sending 85,000 tons by December 1. The French request was granted because the American household consumption was then at least 55 pounds per person, and it was considered the duty of maintaining the French morale made our course clear."

Today the sugar situation may be summarized by stating that if America will reduce its sugar consumption 10 to 15 per cent, this nation will be able to send 200,000 more soldiers to France.

Sugar today sells at seaboard refineries at \$7.25 a hundred pounds. The wholesale grocer has agreed to limit his profit to 25 cents a hundred plus freight, and the retail grocer is supposed to take no more than 50 cents a hundred pounds profit. This regulation was made by the food administration, which now asks the housewife to reduce sugar consumption as much as possible, using other sweeteners, and also reminds her that she should pay no more than 9 cents a pound for sugar.

Control of Cane Refiners' Profits.  
"Immediately upon the establishment of the food administration," Mr.

Hoover said, "an examination was made of the costs and profits of refining and it was finally determined that the spread between the cost of raw and the sale of refined cane sugar should be limited to \$1.30 per hundred pounds. The pre-war differential had averaged about 85 cents and increased costs were found to have been imposed by the war in increased cost of refining, losses, cost of bags, labor, insurance, interest and other things, rather more than cover the difference. After prolonged negotiations the refiners were placed under agreement establishing these limits on October 1, and anything over this amount to be agreed extortionate under the law.

"In the course of these investigations it was found by canvass of the Cuban producers that their sugar had, during the first nine months of the past year, sold for an average of about \$4.24 per hundred f. o. b. Cuba, to which duty and freight added to the refiners' cost amount to about \$5.66 per hundred. The average sale price of granulated by various refineries, according to our investigation, was about \$7.50 per hundred, or a differential of \$1.84.

"In reducing the differential to \$1.30 there was a saving to the public of 54 cents per hundred. Had such a differential been in use from the 1st of January, 1917, the public would have saved in the first nine months of the year about \$24,800,000."

Next Year.  
With a view to more efficient organization of the trade in imported sugars next year two committees have been formed by the food administration:

1. A committee comprising representatives of all of the elements of American cane refining groups. The principal duty of this committee is to divide the sugar imports pro rata to their various capacities and see that absolute justice is done to every refiner.

2. A committee comprising three representatives of the English, French and Italian governments; two representatives of the American refiners, with a member of the food administration. Only two of the committee have arrived from Europe, but they represent the allied governments. The duties of this committee are to determine the most economical sources from a transport point of view of all the allies to arrange transport at uniform rates, to distribute the foreign sugar between the United States and allies, subject to the approval of the American, English, French and Italian governments.

This committee, while holding strong views as to the price to be paid for Cuban sugar, has not had the final voice. This voice has rested in the governments concerned, together with the Cuban government, and I wish to state emphatically that all of the gentlemen concerned as good commercial men have endeavored with the utmost patience and skill to secure a lower price, and their persistence has reduced Cuban demands by 15 cents per hundred. The price agreed upon is about \$4.60 per hundred pounds, f. o. b. Cuba, or equal to about \$6 duty paid New York.

"This price should eventuate," Mr. Hoover said, "to about \$7.30 per hundred for refined sugar from the refiners at seaboard points or should place sugar in the hands of the consumer at from 8 1/2 to 9 cents per pound, depending upon locality and conditions of trade, or at from 1 to 2 cents below the prices of August last and from one-half to a cent per pound cheaper than today.

"There is now an elimination of speculation, extortionate profits, and in the refining alone the American people will save over \$25,000,000 of the refining charges last year. A part of these savings goes to the Cuban, Hawaiian, Porto Rican and Louisiana producer and part to the consumer.

"Appeals to prejudice against the food administration have been made because the Cuban price is 34 cents above that of 1917. It is said in effect that the Cubans are at our mercy; that we could get sugar a cent lower. We made exhaustive study of the cost of producing sugar in Cuba last year through our own agents in Cuba, and we find it averages \$3.39, while many producers are at a higher level. We found that an average profit of at least a cent per pound was necessary in order to maintain and stimulate production or that a minimum price of \$4.37 was necessary, and even this would stifle some producers.

"The price ultimately agreed was 23 cents above these figures, or about one-fifth of a cent per pound to the American consumer, and more than this amount has been saved by our reduction in refiners' profits. If we wish to stifle production in Cuba we could take that course just at the time of all times in our history when we want production for ourselves and the allies. Further than that, the state department will assure you that such a course would produce disturbances in Cuba and destroy even our present supplies, but beyond all these material reasons is one of human justice. This great country has no right by the might of its position to strangle Cuba.

"Therefore there is no imposition upon the American public. Charges have been made before this committee that Mr. Rolph endeavored to benefit the California refinery of which he was manager by this 34 cent increase in Cuban price. Mr. Rolph did not fix the price. It does raise the price to the Hawaiian farmer about that amount. It does not raise the profit of the California refinery, because their charge for refining is, like all other refiners, limited to \$1.30 per hundred pounds, plus the freight differential on the established custom of the trade.

Teaching Child to Read.  
A child is best taught to read in the natural method, by means of objects. His words or short sentences containing the same words repeated in different connection, are written on the blackboard, and he quickly learns to recognize these and to read at sight, first words in script, then in type. When he is made to copy the blackboard words at each lesson, he learns to read and write both at the same time.

Japanese Have No Beds.  
The Japanese do not sleep on European beds, but on many thick, soft puffs piled one on top of each other upon the floor. For bed covering they use more of the same kind of puffs. It is said that the Japanese emperor has 20 such puffs. One of those which cover him is made in the shape of a kimono and has a velvet collar. Probably he creeps inside of this, if he feels cold in the night.

Sparrows Eaten in England.  
Sparrows are often eaten by English country persons. They are captured easily in fine mesh nets stretched over the ground and baited with grain, or in nets hung at night around their roosting places in icks, hedges and ivy-clad walls. Also, the ground can be baited and a crowd of feeding sparrows laid low with a gun, using fine shot for the purpose.

A Hint to the Aged.  
If people past sixty years of age could be persuaded to go to bed as soon as they take cold and remain in bed for one or two days, they would recover much more quickly, especially if they take Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. There would also be less danger of the cold being followed by any of the more serious diseases.

**FITS**  
Whichever of the most cases of fits, epilepsy, or other nervous ailments, after using Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, you will find it a most reliable remedy. It is a most reliable remedy. It is a most reliable remedy. It is a most reliable remedy.

**SANTAL MIDY**  
Relieves CATARRH of the BLADDER and all Discharges in 24 HOURS.  
Each capsule bears the name "SANTAL MIDY" and is a most reliable remedy. It is a most reliable remedy. It is a most reliable remedy.



How Does a Soldier Feel in a Life-and-Death Crisis?

He was caught—like a rat in a trap—with only one chance in a million of coming out alive. He thought of—  
What does a soldier think of in a life-and-death crisis? How does he feel? What does he do? What is the millionth chance that he takes to escape? While trembling and hot from the experiences they have gone through, over two hundred men—airmen, trench raiders, submarine commanders, grenade throwers—have told what they saw, heard and felt. To read these stories of personal adventure is to get an entirely new viewpoint of the war.

A Close-Up of the War

Newspapers and magazines treat the war along broad, general lines—they speak of nations and armies. But these stories tell you about the most daring, audacious and heroic deeds of MEN—individuals. They tell of exploits which even now you think never could happen. No professional author in imagination could think them up. Yet each of these stories is true—and so startling that the mind simply stands agape at wonder. They would thrill a man with blood as cold as a fish.

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The Review of Reviews has collected these two hundred and more stories in six handsome volumes, containing altogether 1100 pages, and is the facts related; every one of them is absolutely genuine as who is the hero or heroine of the exploit. And now, for a limited time, you can secure these six volumes free, with a two-year subscription to the Review of Reviews.  
Now, and during these next few years, as never before, every intelligent American will read the Review of Reviews. The world is on the verge. It is in the throes of social, industrial and political changes that are cataclysmic. One cannot form opinions on these revolutionary events, one cannot understand the real war situation, unless the facts, all the facts, are known. It is every citizen's duty in these coming days of trial to be a genuine patriot to know comprehensively what is happening in the world around him.

Chamberlain's Tablets.  
These Tablets are intended especially for disorders of the stomach, liver and bowels. If you are troubled with heartburn, indigestion or constipation they will do you good.

Sell Your Spare Time to us for CASH COMMISSIONS and Valuable Premiums  
Let us tell you how you can earn wonderful Christmas gifts.  
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417 W. Third Street  
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We serve on the European style.  
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FIRST CLASS WORK  
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**As Age Advances the Liver Requires occasional slight stimulation. CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS correct CONSTIPATION.**

Genuine bears signature

*Handwritten signature*

Colorless or Pale Faces usually indicate the absence of iron in the blood, a condition which will be greatly helped by Carter's Iron Pills

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"All wounds may be cured but not ill names"  
"A famous name will never die"  
"Nothing succeeds like success"

For over eighty years, Palmer's "Skin Success" Ointment has made a great name for itself, as a cure for most forms of skin troubles. It is the Original Skin-Brightener.

**WARNING! Our Trade-Mark "Skin Success" is being used by others, evidently to deceive our friends. Let them BEWARE; we shall prosecute them to the fullest extent of the law.**

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THE McCALL CO., 236-238 West 37th Street, New York, N. Y.

**About Constipation.**

Certain articles of diet tend to check movements of the bowels. The most common of these are cheese, tea and boiled milk. On the other hand raw fruits, especially apples and bananas, also graham bread and whole wheat bread promote a movement of the bowels. When the bowels are badly constipated, however, the sure way is to take one or two of Chamberlain's Tablets immediately after supper.

**OSKALOOSA, IOWA.**  
(Special to Bystander.)

The members of the A. M. E. choir were invited out to Mr. and Mrs. E. E. Jeffers, residing north of town, Tuesday evening, and through the kindness and leadership of Mr. H. McCutcheon and H. J. Hockey they all went out in a bobbed and what a time the participants had during the entire evening. Refreshments were served, after which music, both instrumental and vocal, was enjoyed by all.

**KEOKUK NEWS.**  
(Last Week.)

The funeral of the late Mrs. Ellen Johnson was held from the home, 914 Des Moines street, Monday, February 4th. Mrs. Johnson passed away Saturday morning, February 2nd, at 3:30 o'clock. She was eighty-seven years old. Old age was the cause of her death. One daughter, Georgia Coeman, and two grandchildren, Maida and Marie Lewis, survive.

Miss Imogene Wilson is very sick at her home, 1727 Main street.

Little Mary Elizabeth Johnson is confined to her home with scarlet fever.

Mrs. Dollie Henderson is also on the sick list.

Rev. T. H. Moore of Huntsville, Mo., has been called to pastor the Pilgrim's Rest Baptist church and has accepted the call. He will take up his work here the second Sunday in March.

Rev. Helm is still confined to his home.

The People's Institute band gave a grand concert on Thursday evening, January 21st, at the A. M. E. church, assisted by Mrs. Marjorie Toomes, soloist; Miss Alice Buckner, reader;

Mr. Reginald South, accompanist; F. D. Fields, director.

Mr. Eliza Flesher is visiting his sister-in-law, Mrs. Florence Flesher. Please be prepared when collector calls.

**CENTERVILLE NEWS.**  
(Last Week.)

Sunday was a beautiful day and also services were well attended.

Mr. Reuben Abbutt was an over Sunday visitor at the home of his sister, Mrs. J. P. Gooding.

Mr. John Nash is reported on the sick list at this writing.

Mrs. Stella Nash, Mrs. S. H. Jones, Mrs. H. Johnson and daughter, Dessie, and Mrs. Lizzie Price are reported better at this writing.

Mr. E. Johnson has returned home from Lexington, Mo., where he went to attend the funeral of his mother.

**OSKALOOSA, IOWA.**

Mrs. Bertha Campbell and her sister, Mrs. Mary Jane Stafford, better known as the Kellum girls, have completed their contract with the H. L. Spencer family, with whom they have been employed for the past three years, are leaving to join their husbands in Ottumwa, Iowa. These young ladies are quite well known in Oskaloosa and have always been highly respected. The best of wishes will follow them to their new homes and our sincere prayer is that they shall enjoy all the happiness which is the just reward of the good and true.

Henry McCutcheon hitched up his team to the bobbed Wednesday evening and gathered up the members of the A. M. E. church choir with their families and gave them a nice little sleigh ride. The party stopped at the home of Mr. and Mrs. E. E. Jeffers, northwest of town, where they found a cordial reception and a generous hospitality. Oysters, ice cream and little red apples made up the refreshments and were thoroughly relished by all.

Arthur Mitchell, youngest son of Mr. and Mrs. Simpson Mitchell, who has been under the doctor's care for the past few weeks, is convalescent.

Mr. Reed has been troubled with his throat.

Mrs. Pearl Brown had the misfortune to run a nail in her foot. At this time it is very painful.

A. G. Clark has been a sufferer of neuralgia in the head.

Artie Tolson of Jacksonville, Mo., was in the city several days, called to take physical examination for the army service.

Mrs. Susan Allen is reported much better.

Mrs. Robt. Johnson is able to be around the house.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Walker have moved under their own vine and fig tree, corner N. G street and D avenue W.

The prayer meeting last week at the home of Bro. and Sister Henry Allen was well attended this week at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Noah Kimbrough.

Winston Coleman is suffering with a cracked tooth.

The services Sunday at the A. M. E. church were well attended, considering the weather, also school.

Mrs. Lola Henderson is reported ill.

Regular meeting of Esther chapter, No. 6, O. E. S., Tuesday night, February 12th, at 8 o'clock. Cora Moore, W. M.; Marie Thomason, secretary.

**KIRKSVILLE ITEMS.**

Mr. George Toles is very ill. His son, James Toles, of Hope, Idaho, arrived Thursday.

Jewell Jackson returned to Chicago, after a short stay with relatives.

Clarence Richards, son of Mrs. Laura Richards, is in the city.

Frank Garr of Edina, Mo., visited his mother.

Una Stevens, James Toles, Lizzie and Warren Adams were guests of Mr. and Mrs. E. Proctor at 6 o'clock tea.

The True American Red Cross Auxiliary turned into the Kirksville chapter some knitted and surgical garments that were highly complimented for neatness and cleanliness.

Since our last notes the wife, Mrs. Inez Johnson, of your correspondent quietly passed at 4:20 February 4th into the great beyond. Interment was held at Paris, Mo. She died sublimely in the faith of Christ. She lived a consistent Christian life. Her friends were numbered by all who knew her. She leaves a host of loved ones to miss her cheery presence. Our loss is heaven's gain.

Miss Carrie Johnson, our sister, is coming to take the vacant place in our home and be a mother to Baby Frances. She and Frances are visiting our parents in Callao, Mo.

Rev. W. R. Richardson spent a few days in town greeting friends.

Capt. G. Thomas, state slum worker, preached at the A. M. E. church Sunday night.

A Valentine entertainment was held at the A. M. E. church Thursday night.

Miss Maud Coby is on the sick list.

Rev. C. B. Johnson filled his regular appointment at Edina on Sunday.

Mrs. Kelley Stokes has returned, after a visit with her husband.

**Card of Thanks.**

The family of Rev. C. B. Johnson takes this means to express sincere thanks to all who so kindly assisted with sympathy and help during the illness and death of Mrs. Inez Johnson.

**ROCK ISLAND NEWS.**

Mrs. C. Clarke is very low with pneumonia at this writing.

Mrs. A. Critz is getting along nicely, after her operation.

Mrs. O. Vaughn and Mrs. C. Golden, Sr., who are on the sick list, are doing well at the present.

The Presiding Elder Committee gave a supper last Thursday at the home of Grace Clay.

There will be a musical on February 28th at the A. M. E. church, given by the Presiding Elder Committee.

Mrs. Black went to Muscatine on Sunday morning and returned Sunday evening. Her father has a sprained arm.

Miss V. Pearson fell down the stairs at her home.

Mrs. W. Walkup was to see the sick Sunday afternoon.

Miss Emma Brown of Davenport and company took in one of our mov-

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"Blue Bonnets" meets the needs of the woman who wants a beautiful, durable fabric that wears without wrinkling, repels dust and launders perfectly. Admired by noted tailors, modistes, sport coats and shirts, children's wear, etc. Also for curtains, lamp shades, etc. Guaranteed dye fast and durable. Wide variety of exquisite patterns.

If your dealer doesn't carry "Blue Bonnets" send us this ad with name of dealer and we will send him samples and notify him of your request.

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to-day enclosing order for 25c comb or 50c comb and get Hair Nets Free also BOOK fully illustrated showing latest styles in Hair Goods and Telling articles. Remember, Hair Nets FREE with order for 25c or 50c comb. Illustrated Book FREE on request.

**GEORGE F. SUNCAT 28 So. William St., New York**

ies Friday evening.

Mrs. L. Golden of Moline was down to Mrs. C. Golden, Sr., Sunday afternoon.

Miss V. Reynolds was to call on Miss E. Brown on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Easton and Mrs. G. Payne had a theater party Sunday afternoon.

Mr. J. Henry, who has been in the hospital for months, is out and doing well. He is at the home of Sister Hobbs.

Mr. P. Clay is visiting his wife, Mrs. J. Clay.

Mrs. J. Slaughter, who has been on the sick list, was out to morning service Sunday.

Sunday morning and evening there was a number of strangers at the A. M. E. church.

Master E. Payne attended church Sunday morning.

Miss G. Green, who has been visiting her aunt in Kansas City, returned home Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. L. Early are the proud parents of a baby girl.

Jeraldine Harmon is much improved at this writing.

Enraged because he had been reported as having slept instead of emptying his ashes, William Brosius, alias George Simpson, shot and killed Henry Goodlow, his superior, in cold blood. Brosius was captured before he got far.

Quite a number of colored children are in the Red Cross entertainment Thursday evening at the high school.

Mrs. Smith, an evangelist, spoke to a large audience at the A. M. E. church Sunday night.

**GALESBURG, ILL.**

Rev. Garrison, representative of the Keokuk district, left Sunday for Louisville, Ky., to attend the bishop's general conference. He will ask them to meet in Chicago in 1920.

Mr. Jesse Hazel, Jr., passed away Friday night at St. Mary's hospital, ill with pneumonia. He was night desk sergeant at the police station. His death was a great shock. Mr. Hazel leaves to mourn his death a wife, parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. Hazel, Sr., three brothers, James of St. Paul, Minn., Walter of Duluth, Minn., and Richard of the city. He also leaves nieces and nephews, a host of friends. Funeral services were held at the residence on Wednesday at 2:30. Rev. B. M. C. Scott officiating.

The stewardess will give a chicken dinner at the A. M. E. church on February 28th. The Imperial orchestra will furnish music.

The Garrison club was entertained at the home of Mrs. Rogers on Friday, February 15th.

The A. L. C. was entertained at the home of Mrs. W. Johnson on Thursday, February 14th.

The M. L. D. will give a minstrel at the Odd Fellows hall on Monday, February 18th.

Miss M. Green of Chicago is visiting her mother and sisters.

Mr. V. McGill entertained Thursday evening in honor of Mr. P. Livingston, who expects to be called February 15. The evening was spent in dancing. At a late hour a two-course luncheon was served. All report a grand time.

**In Other Days.**

Until a New Jersey man tried to corner the potato crop of his neighborhood the mosquito was considered the most undesirable predatory insect produced in that section of the country.—Washington Star.

**That Was the Reason.**

"The paper states that you pleased a big audience at the banquet last night." "The paper is wrong. I did not appear." "Um, I guess the paper is right."

**Where We Are.**

A clergyman, in musing on our common morality, gave vent to his feelings in this remarkable apothegm: "We're here today and away tomorrow."—Christian Register.

**If I Send You this Suit**

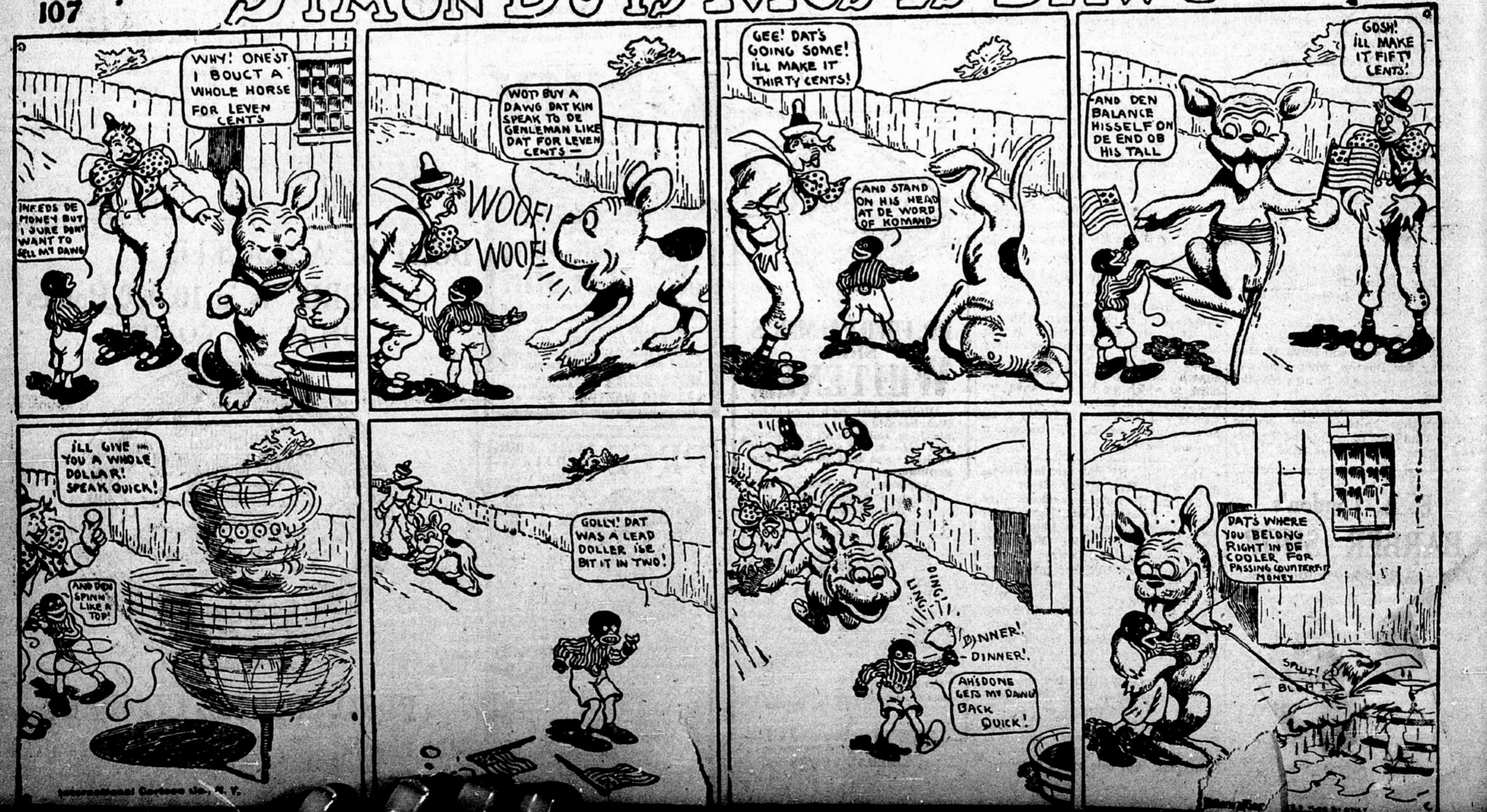
made to your measure, in the latest style, you would be willing to keep and wear it, show it to your friends and let them see our beautiful samples and dashing new styles?

Could you use \$5.00 a day for a little spare time? Perhaps I can offer you a steady job. If you will write me a letter or a postal at once and say: "Send me your special offer," I will send you samples and styles to choose from and my courteous liberal offer. Address: **L. E. Adams, President, Summer Tailoring Co., Dept. 823, Chicago, Ill.**



**SIMON BUYS MOSE'S DAWG**

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WHY! ONE'ST I BOUCT A WHOLE HORSE FOR LEVEN CENTS

NEEDS BE TONER! BUT I SURE WANT TO SELL MY DAWG

WOOF! WOOF!

GEE! DAT'S GOING SOME! I'LL MAKE IT THIRTY CENTS!

AND STAND ON HIS HEAD AT DE WORD OF KOMAND

GOSH! I'LL MAKE IT FIFTY CENTS!

AND DEN BALANCE HISSELF ON DE END OB HIS TALL

I'LL GIVE YOU A WHOLE DOLLAR! SPEAK QUICK!

AND DEN SPINN LIKE A TOP

GOLLY! DAT WAS A LEAD DOLLER! BE IT IN TWO!

DINNER! DINNER!

AND DONE GETS MY DAWG BACK QUICK!

DAT'S WHERE YOU BELONG RIGHT IN DE COOLER FOR PASSING COUNTERFEIT MONEY