

## THE WATERLOO

Published by  
The Waterloo Defender, Inc.  
P. O. Box 1089  
1003 East 4th Street  
Waterloo, Iowa 50704



# 15¢

Support Our  
Advertisers

# Defender

"We will inform the public ... without fear or favor!"

FRIDAY, JUNE 30, 1972

## Hearing Held On Injunction

### Picketing Resumes At Logan Plaza

The picketing at Logan Plaza shopping center resumed at 9 a.m. on Wednesday, June 28. Spokesmen for members of the black community said the resumption of the picketing was the result of the bad faith and poor attitude exhibited by the people from those stores with whom the negotiating committee met on Monday evening, June 27.

One of the 14 demands dealt with conditions at Logan Plaza including the stores' hiring practices. In July, 1971 a group from the black community had met with David Walker, Manager of Eagle's, concerning the small number of blacks (6) employed there. Mr. Walker, according to several blacks present at that meeting, gave a verbal commitment to increase the number of black employees -- 1 less than in July, 1971.

During the meeting, the committee members said, the stores representatives kept stressing they were sympathetic and they had policies to ensure blacks were hired. One of the informants said, "If they have such policies, they don't practice them."

By the admission of the people from the stores, the percentage of non-white employees at that center is very small. Out of all the employees in the center, there

are only two blacks and one Mexican-American working there full-time. One of the stores has no black employees.

In effect the committee was dealing with two people because Eagle's and Mays are owned by the same company whose head office is located in Illinois. Ben Franklin and Coast-to-Coast are jointly owned by the same local person.

In addition to the hiring practices of the stores, the negotiating committee concerned itself with the need for some employees to exhibit the same courtesy towards people who shop with food stamps and to medicare patrons as is given to other shoppers; complaints about suspicious attitudes shown on the part of the employees toward potential shoppers -- especially toward blacks; the fact that those stores spend thousands of dollars yearly in advertising but refuse to advertise in Waterloo's only black newspaper.

Further, the committee reported, the representatives from the stores showed a very poor attitude "especially the representatives from Mays and Eagle's." The committee said when they walked out of the meeting, "because games were being played," they indicated their willingness

to meet again when the store people were ready to take the

matter seriously. "It was our hope we could have this settled before a community meeting was held Tuesday night (June 27). To date we haven't heard a word from them."

### Jordan Sentenced To 12 Days in County Jail

Mr. Willie Jordan of 116 S. Barclay was brought to trial on a charge of assault and battery on a white male shopper. The incident supposedly took place after this shopper tried to run over Cuba Tredwell, Jr. who was on the picket line.

One policeman at the center testified to being an eyewitness to so much even the judge doubted his testimony. None of the other officers admitted to seeing Mr. Jordan doing anything.

Judge Edward Kolker of Municipal court presided over the hearing. In his summation, Judge Kolker said he did not like what was going on at Logan Plaza in referring to the picketing. Also, the judge said the blacks who served as witnesses for Mr. Jordan were biased; so, he had no choice but to take the word of police officers who, by virtue of their work, were the only objective witnesses.

Mr. Jordan has appealed the verdict.

### N.A.A.C.P. Registrars Neglect Black Voters

Congressman Ronald V. Dellums (D-Calif.) has charged that local election registrars are failing to sign up young blacks and non-students for the 1972 election.

He cited a poll by The Student Vote, a nonpartisan organization working to mobilize young voters, which showed that "only 40 percent of the nonstudents -- the black, brown and white working young -- are registered."

"This figure indicated," he said, "that the persons responsible for registering voters in this country have not cared enough to reach these young working people and include them in our electoral framework."

On Wednesday, May 21, an all-day hearing was held in District Court before Judge George Heath the injunction issued against the picketing at Logan Plaza. Witnesses for the plaintiffs included Herbert Kanofsky, one of the owners of Logan Plaza on whose behalf the injunction was issued, Sgt. Kimble and David Walker, manager of Eagle's store.

This reporter -- who has spent many hours at Logan Plaza and was present at this hearing, -- found it interesting that these witnesses told half-truths in the instance when true answers would have been favorable to those picketing. They did not hear white shoppers using abusive, threatening language and actions toward the picketers. In no cases had these witnesses seen that the picketers who "abused" shoppers were reacting to provocation.

The injunction itself was as unusual as the hearing for the following reasons:

1. It was issued on a Sunday.
2. It was undated.
3. It was served by members of the Waterloo police department who admitted members of the police force had never done this before.

Furthermore, in checking with labor and people who have been involved in picketing for years, this reporter learned the records show that no such injunction had ever been issued before that allowed for a 10-day waiting period before the courts would determine whether or not the injunction would be made permanent. In most cases the longest waiting period is at most 72 hours (3 days). During that 3-day wait a minimum number of people are allowed to picket. This injunction allowed no picketing at all on the Logan Plaza property. Pickets had to move to public lands until a court decision was made.

The same informants indicated that the permanent injunction issued on June 22 at 10 a.m. which limited number of pickets to 6 people who must remain 30 feet apart and does not allow pickets enough room to move is most unusual. In enforcing the permanent injunction police have tried to place limits not even mentioned in the injunction such as -- no people who might picket can be in the parking lot nor can pickets be on public grounds outside the shopping center.

The police have admitted that county attorney, David Dutton, has never explained to them what the permanent injunction forbids and what it allows.

You can now subscribe to the Defender and receive every copy-- do it today!



" 'But now they've (boycotters) yanked the rug from under me.' "

--Robert Buckmaster - p. 29 "Jet" magazine, June 29, 1972



Willie Culpepper --  
"Using the weapon of his conviction"

## Pickets with Weapon-- "The Holy Bible"

Saturday when the situation was very tense concerning the picketing at Logan Plaza and rumors were everywhere concerning impending violence, Mr. Willie Culpepper came to picket armed with his weapon, the Holy Bible.

"I am a Christian," said Mr. Culpepper, "and I am going to fight this with the only weapon I have - Prayer." Mr. Culpepper had never before been involved in any social action activities in Waterloo before. When the picketing began at Logan Plaza, he came to find out from the picketers why

this method had been chosen and he joined in with the picketing.

As a result of his faithful participation, Mr. Culpepper was elected to serve as a member of the negotiating team by community residents at one of the community readings.

Some people have said they don't like the method being used -- that prayer should be used. Mr. Culpepper put his faith in prayer into action. Where are the other people who believe prayer is the method to use? Would they not be willing to emulate Mr. Culpepper?

## U.S. Will Return To Treasury \$700 Million In Unspent Food Assistance

Washington -- (NBNS) -- Some \$700 million in unused funds for all food assistance programs, including the food stamp program and school lunch and breakfast programs, will be returned to the U. S. Treasury by the Agriculture Department on July 1.

In a hearing several weeks ago before the Senate Select Committee on Nutrition and Human Needs, the Agriculture Department dis-

closed that it would turn back some \$400 million of the funds appropriated for the food stamp program. But Congressional sources have found an additional \$300 million in other food assistance programs which won't be spent this year.

The Administration has imposed a freeze on funds for food service in day care and other non-school settings as part of the economic policy -- this has contributed largely to the unspent funds, the committee staff reported.

Sen. George McGovern, who is chairman of the Senate committee, charged that Agriculture Department has "pursued policies which have limited participation, increased the size of the (money) surplus and very definitely reduced benefits to large numbers of those participating in the program."

Despite the surplus developing in the program, the report pointed out that food stamps had been raised \$4. The law required that the food stamp allotment be raised "and the USDA decided that

the poor should pay for it," McGovern said.

McGovern predicted the new regulation governing the way income is figured will have a "devastating effect on food stamp recipients who participate in work, training, or education programs intended to make them self-sufficient."

In the past, income that was not available for food and that went directly to meet the expenses of going to school or to work, were not counted as part of a poor family's income.

For example, money that goes directly to a babysitter, or to transportation, has not been counted in the past as money available for food. But now the Agriculture Department insists that the money be counted, and the result is that many recipients "have suddenly found themselves paying \$20 and \$30 more per month for their food stamps although their income has not increased at all."

"This regulation was not requested by the Congress . . . and there is no legislative history suggesting that the Congress intended that the food stamp program be operated in a way that penalizes poor persons who try to become self-sufficient through work or training," McGovern pointed out.

In one eight-county area of Iowa alone 5,000 persons have dropped out of the program since this new regulation went into effect.

"With a surplus of \$400 million, there was no need for a regulation to severely limit program participation in ways the Congress did not intend," the committee report said.

As a result of the Administration policy, Head Start and day care programs, schools desiring to operate a breakfast program, and programs giving milk and other protein foods to pregnant women and new infants, all have been denied.

## U.N. Rights Group Called Ineffective

Excessive and repetitious discussion of South Africa's apartheid policies is the basis for harsh criticism of the United Nations Human Rights Commission by the United States and Great Britain. Opponents of South Africa saw this as one more instance of the American government's attempt to cozy up to the racist regime.

Amre Moussa of Egypt countered the Western criticism by stating that the Commission was justified in concentrating on racial discrimination which "is one of the great issues of our times."

Western diplomats have questioned the viability of the Commission in view of what they charge is a lack of effect to stem genocidal conflicts in the Sudan, Bangladesh and Burundi. These diplomats are pessimistic about the possibility of getting agreement on naming a high commissioner for human rights to look into the reported atrocities for the world body.

Reacting to this criticism, the Commission's parent body, the Ec-

## EDITORIAL

This past month we have been witnesses to and victims of the double-standard of American justice which operates in law enforcement in the U.S.A., in Iowa and in Waterloo. According to American credo (or mythology) there is equal justice for all under the law. In reality justice American style operates much as Napoleon, the pig in George Orwell's Animal Farm, said, "All animals are equal; but some animals are more equal than others."

Thus the basic belief which directs the actions of Judges Edward Kolker and George Heath and David Dutton must be -- all people are equal; but some people (whites) are more equal than others (blacks). Certainly, their actions have told us this. (What you are doing speaks so loudly that I can't hear what you are saying.)

Of all the complaints made by blacks who picketed at Logan Plaza during the past month, only 1 charge has been filed against a white person -- Mrs. Sylva Kanofsky. The blacks who made or tried to make complaints ended up in most cases having charges filed against them. One person, Willie Jordon, has already been convicted of touching a white person.

This issue of the Defender has articles dealing with the way blacks in Waterloo have experienced the workings of our legal and judicial systems. They are as steeped in institutional racism as are all other American systems. One has to be insane, insensitive and/or a racist not to recognize this. For some reason to be black is to be guilty. Sister Angela Davis was correct when she said a fair trial would have been no trial at all. Any healthy, sane black person can only say, "Right on, Sister Angela!"

onomic and Social Council, directed the Commission to hold a longer session next year to devote sufficient time to its backlog, which was caused by debate on South Africa.

**IF YOU ARE  
IN THE MKT.  
FOR A  
DEPENDABLE  
USED  
CAR**

STOP AND SEE  
THE  
**SIMPSON'S  
BOYS**

**403 FRANKLIN  
WATERLOO, IA.  
DIAL 234-7546**

**SkiVue** Now...Ends Tues!  
DRIVE-IN THEATRE 1st RUN!!

THESE ARE THE  
**REVENGERS!**

WILLIAM HOLDEN  
ERNEST BORGNINE  
WOODY STRODE  
SUSAN HAYWARD

THE REVENGERS  
PANAVISION COLOR BY DELUXE

SKYVUE CO-HIT

"Le MANS" "ME NATALIE"

JOIN OUR HOLIDAY FUN...FREE FISH FRY SUN. & MON.  
NTES AT 7:30...BIG FIRE WORKS DISPLAY JULY 4

**FRESHEST  
IN  
TOWN**

**COTTAGE CHEESE : HOMOGENIZED MILK**

# WHAT'S GOING ON

## Union Baptist Church

Sunday, May 7, baptismal service at 7:30 p.m.

Sunday, May 14, special Mother's day service at 3:30 p.m.

May 28 - June 4, the church will celebrate the 17th anniversary of their pastor, Rev. L. J. Jordan.

## Waterloo Housing Commission

Terrance Shane, Director of the Waterloo Housing Commission, announced that his office is now officially taking applications for leased housing. "We anticipate our first rentals about the first or the middle of July," said Mr. Shane. "People may come to the Housing Commission office (located in the Russell Lamson apartment building at 209 West 5th St.) and get the application forms to fill in and return by mail."

Mr. Shane also announced the program of construction for new homes will soon be under way. "Under our new public housing program we have just received back our bids on 50 units of single-family public housing units. We will have under construction 4 two-bedroom, 20 three-bedroom, 18 four-bedroom, 4 five-bedroom and 4 six-bedroom single family houses. Approximately 10 months have been allotted for construction. Those same families now applying for housing will be carried on the priority list for new housing."

## N. A. A. C. P.

J. Russell Lowe, President of Black Hawk County Branch NAACP announced that Warren Nash, M.D., J. Russell Lowell and James Anderson, Jr. are delegates to the NAACP national conference being held July 3 through 7 at Cobo Hall in Detroit, Michigan. The theme of this year's meeting is Lift Every Voice.

Highlights of the conference include: Keynote speech by Bishop Stephen G. Spottswood, chairman of national NAACP board; a negro history film festival, a youth night rally on July 5 with Rev. Jesse Jackson of P.U.S.H.; the Freedom Fund banquet on Friday, July 7, with Roy Wilkins, NAACP Executive Director, as speaker. Following the banquet there will be a semi-formal "Miss NAACP" ball for the youth.

Gordon Parks, photographer, author of "The Learning Tree," director of the films "Shaft" and "The Learning Tree" is the 1972 Spingarn Medalist.

Also, attending the meeting from Waterloo are James McGinnis and Alan Green representing youth as guests of the local branch. Alternates from this branch are Mesdames J. Russell Lowe, Warren Nash and Jolene Turner.

## NOTE

Lost: 1 pair of safety eyeglasses. These glasses have been at the Community Enabler's office since the meeting held there the night of May 25. Owner can call 232-6431 or stop in at 1003 East 4th St. any weekday between the hours of 9 a.m. to 5 p.m.

## Protests Courier Story

Robert Henderson, 15, of 736 Willow is protesting a story which appeared in the June 18 issue of the Waterloo Daily Courier. This article reported that Henderson had been caught breaking into B&M Grocery at 831 Mobebe Street and that he confessed to breaking into the Pro Shop at Gates Park club house.

According to Robert the Courier did not report that he participated in these breakins because an adult male threatened him. Henderson said this man threatened to hurt someone in Robert's family - and specifically mentioned his father - if Robert told anyone this.

This information according to Henderson was included in the police report but the Courier did not include this in its article. It is alleged that someone at the Courier did not see where it was necessary to include that part of the police report in the story.

## Congressional Black Caucus Probes Official 'Lawlessness'

Washington -- (NBNS) -- The Congressional Black Caucus plans legislative and political action to curb "Lawlessness" in the administration of federal programs affecting low and middle income Americans.

Three days of hearings were scheduled by the Caucus to provide the basis for a legislative package to be introduced in the Congress and for recommendations to be made to the Republican and Democratic national con-

vention platform committees.

Announcing the schedule of hearings for this week (June 26-28) Congressman Ronald V. Dellums (D-Calif.) said the Caucus would show that "most federal domestic programs" are administered in such a fashion as to harm rather than help many millions of Americans.

"We will show," he said, "that federal grants to improve police administration have instead been used to buy tanks, machine guns, and other items of warfare tech-

nology unrelated to the administration of justice."

Speaking for the 13 members of the Congressional Black Caucus, Dellums said millions of young children have been denied medical screenings authorized for them in 1967 and that federal highway construction has "illegally displaced thousands of families."

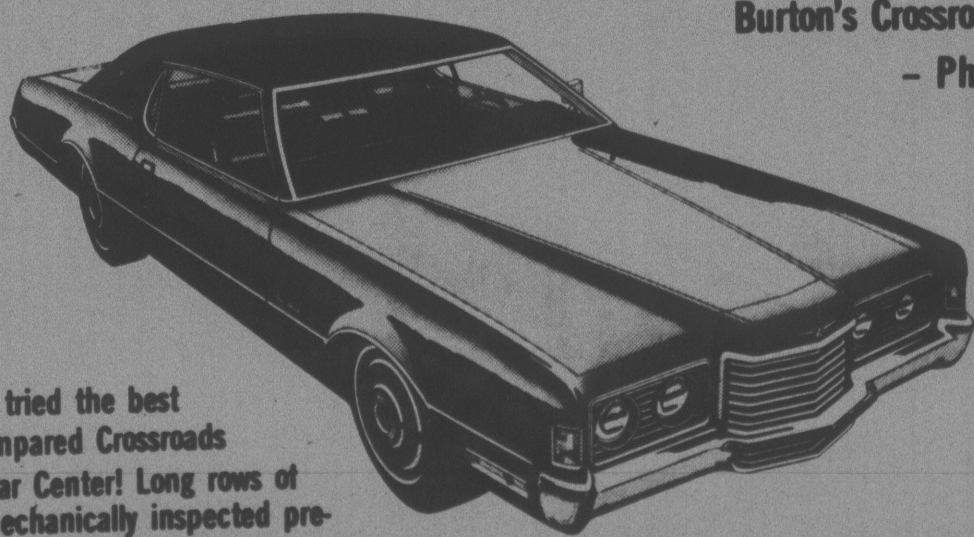
Witnesses for the hearings were to include former Attorney General Ramsey Clark, Senator Edward M. Kennedy (D-Mass.), and a "surprise" witness.

**T. S.**  
**What It Is!**  
**It Is TRUTH and SOUL**  
**THERE IS ANOTHER MEANING**  
**IT STANDS FOR. . .**  
**TALENT SEARCH**  
**WE ARE IN SEARCH OF TALENT IN OUR**  
**TRUE SOUL BROTHERS AND SISTERS.**  
**CAN YOU DIG IT? IF YOU WOULD REALLY**  
**LIKE TO GET INTO IT**  
**CONTACT OUR OFFICE**  
**RIGHT AWAY**

119 VINE

PHONE 234-6819

You get nice surprises from Bill  
 Burton's Crossroads Ford in Waterloo  
 - Phone 232-6631



You haven't tried the best  
 til you've compared Crossroads  
 Ford Used Car Center! Long rows of  
 clean and mechanically inspected pre-  
 owned cars and trucks of all makes.

Whether you want economy, luxury,  
 sport or imports, we have 'em to show you!

Our lower prices are geared for turn over and our money-man Steve Elliott will make low payments a way of life!

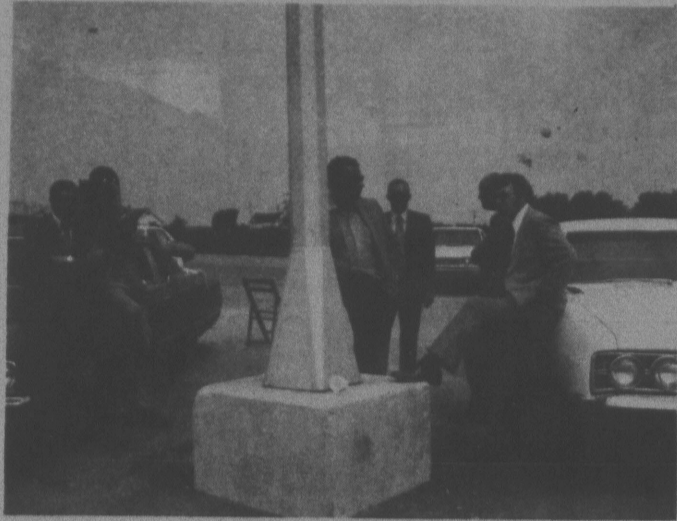
## GATES COLLEGE

209 West Park Ave.  
 Dial 234-4609

## Business Courses

Evening Classes Too

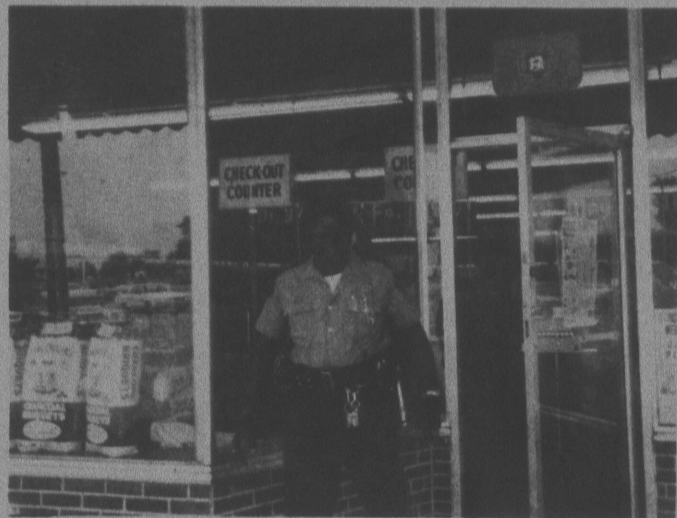
Approved for  
**Veterans**  
**Enroll Now**



PLAIN CLOTHED POLICEMEN



SIGN THAT POLICE PHOTOGRAPHED



PATROLMAN JAMES COOK



PLAIN CLOTHED POLICEMEN

## The Underground Railroad

This has been an interesting period of police activity this past month. Last weekend was particularly interesting. All policemen, sheriff's deputies and special deputies -- from Waterloo and from other towns -- were on duty day and night patrolling the black community. Those residents living in the vicinity of the Dutton and Aldrich homes in Highland feel especially safe because of the all-night vigilance in that area by law enforcement officers.

Some of you remember Jim Cook? He's the "black" person the black community had to convince the police department to add to the force because he failed to pass the civil service test. Officer Cook has been on duty at Logan Plaza since May 31 during the picketing. He's one of Nabisco's finest! Sunday, while on duty, Cook shopped in Ben Frank-

lin's and Eagle's. When he saw a photographer from the Defender waiting to take his picture as he came out of Mays, he would not leave the store. The photographer went in the store and Cook ran and hid and tried to go out the back door. But someone was there, too!

Finally Cook came out without his packages as you see in the picture. Later, he sent one of the white policemen, Primrose, in to get his packages. As someone there said, "If he's man enough to shop in those stores, he should be man enough to bring out his own packages."

Above is a picture of a sign police say they found nailed on a post in the 1300 block of East

4th St. Why, I wonder, was it necessary to bring the picture to Logan Plaza to be photographed?

Sunday morning at 9 a.m. four people arrived at Logan Plaza to picket and were greeted by a fleet, an armada, an army, a host of police officers -- uniformed and plain clothesmen. Crime could take over in the rest of Waterloo we have been so heavily guarded here. Frankly, this reporter feels as safe as those residents of Dachau must have felt when they looked through the barbed wires and saw their Nazi protectors.

Picketing has been a truly educational experience for all the youths and children who have been

at Logan Plaza. They have learned the real meaning of law and order, the actual function of the police and something about our court system. What they have learned is not in any of the textbooks on government used by the public schools nor is it discussed in social studies classes. Schools teach how "they" say things are done; life experiences teach how things are really done.

The Conductor P.S. We appreciate all the black people who have been willing to put up with the inconvenience of shopping somewhere other than Logan Plaza. You are truly beautiful!

**Peoples Bank**

WHERE EVERYONE ENJOYS LOW COST PERSONAL CHECKING WITH

**ThriftyCheck**

- no minimum balance required
- no extra service charges

**GATES COLLEGE**

209 West Park Ave.  
Dial 234-4609

**Business Courses**

Evening Classes Too

**Approved for Veterans Enroll Now**

**RUDEAN'S BEAUTY SALON**

821 FRANKLIN

SPECIALIZING IN:

- ★ PROCESSES ★ PERMANENTS
- ★ MARCEL WAVING
- ★ HAIRCUTS

**DIAL 234-6935**

PAT PEARSON, a native of our city, a graduate from Crescent Beauty School, is now working with Rudean's Beauty Salon. Pat invites all of her friends to stop in and pay her a visit.

it's the real thing

Enjoy **Coca-Cola**

Jim  
To

Mrs. Sy  
City and M  
loo are t  
in Iowa's  
mocratic  
held in Mi  
10 - 17. M  
loo is an  
vention.  
Mrs. Jo  
Avenue in  
of Howard  
uate stud  
Iowa. The  
ents of tw  
son is cu  
time at A  
venport, I  
a B.A. fr  
and an  
Illinois un  
additional  
gan State  
iversity of  
In a sta  
participat  
Johnson s  
consent fo  
pressive a  
Nixon ad  
ended. Th  
said Mrs.  
nominate  
affirmativ  
people to  
cisions wh  
Mr. Port  
Community  
black com  
1969. He  
Democrat

Senat  
On C

By JAMES  
National  
WASHINGTON  
A coalition  
Southern D  
dent Nixon  
in his effort  
control of  
of child car  
By a vo  
Senate vote  
tary of Heal  
fare to pre  
development  
than progr  
direct feder  
vernments a  
President  
on child car

## Jimmy Porter Delegate To Democratic Convention



JIM PORTER

Mrs. Sylvia T. Johnson of Iowa City and Mr. Jim Porter of Waterloo are two of the three blacks in Iowa's delegation to the Democratic National convention being held in Miami Beach, Florida July 10 - 17. Monroe Stevens of Waterloo is an alternate to the convention.

Mrs. Johnson of 718 Highland Avenue in Iowa City is the wife of Howard N. Johnson, a graduate student at the University of Iowa. The Johnsons are the parents of two children. Mrs. Johnson is currently teaching part-time at Augustana college in Davenport, Iowa. Mrs. Johnson has a B.A. from Howard university and an M.S. from Southern Illinois university. She has done additional graduate work at Michigan State university and the University of Iowa.

In a statement regarding her participation in politics, Mrs. Johnson said, "The climate of consent for racist and other repressive activity fostered by the Nixon administration must be ended. The Democratic party," said Mrs. Johnson further, "must nominate a person who will take affirmative action toward allowing people to participate in the decisions which affect their lives."

Mr. Porter has been working as Community Enabler in Waterloo's black community since March, 1969. He has been active in the Democratic party for over 20 years



SYLVIA T. JOHNSON

but this is his first time to serve as a delegate to the National Democratic convention.

Mr. Porter was also appointed as a member of the Credentials committee presently holding hearings in Washington, D.C. "Because of the Logan Plaza situation, I have been unable to be present at these meetings. My only regret about this," said Mr. Porter, "is because of the many challenges regarding delegates selection where blacks are involved. It is obvious at this point that most of the decisions relating to platform and seating of delegates from various states will have already been decided before the convention opens. But in spite of that I think there will be many things happening at the convention that we'll be participating in that will make going worthwhile."

Mr. Monroe Stevens who has also been active for many years in Waterloo's black community, the Democratic party and Local P-46 is employed at the Rath Packing Company.

## Senate Gives Nixon Victory On Child Care Legislation

By JAMES F. SOUTHERLAND  
National Black News Service  
WASHINGTON -- (NBNS) -- A coalition of Republicans and Southern Democrats gave President Nixon a victory last week in his efforts to thwart community control of a nationwide system of child care centers.

By a vote of 45 to 38, the Senate voted to allow the Secretary of Health, Education and Welfare to prefer state control child development programs, rather than programs established with direct federal grants to local governments and private groups.

President Nixon's veto message on child care legislation last De-

ember had cited "administrative problems" because the legislation would have permitted independent programs in communities as small as 5,000 population. He also denounced the program as a massive government commitment to a national child care program which would "weaken family life" and lead to "communal" child-rearing.

The new legislation approved by the Senate by a vote of 73 to 12 would limit "prime sponsors" of child care programs to local governments of areas of 25,000 population or more. Efforts to raise this limit to areas of 50,000 and 100,000 population were defeated.

## Nixon Welfare Plan In Troubled Waters

By MICHAEL D. PETIT  
National Black News Service  
WASHINGTON, D.C. -- (NBNS) -- President Nixon's welfare reform proposals have run into troubled waters from an unexpected source -- nineteen conservative to liberal Republican senators.

At issue are three hotly-debated welfare reform proposals pending in Congress and the one that the White House wants the 19 Republicans want nothing to do with.

The Nixon Administration's so-called "family assistance plan" has already passed the House of Representatives but has languished for months in the Senate where conservatives argue for tougher regulations and liberals for greater relief to the poor.

The National Welfare Rights organization (NWRO) opposes the Nixon plan as inadequate in its proposed \$2,400 guaranteed income for a family of four saying that \$6,500 a year is more realistic with the cost-of-living as high as it is this year.

Viewed with even greater alarm is the "workfare" plan offered by the conservative Senate Finance Committee whose opponents have dubbed as "slavefare". Its provisions would eliminate families without pre-school children from the rolls entirely and require that adults take low-paying government jobs or subsidized private employment.

Because neither of these plans appear to have enough votes in the Senate to pass, the 19 Republicans have decided to join Democratic Senator Abraham Ribicoff of Connecticut in hammering out a compromise plan.

This was conveyed in a letter sent to the White House by Senator Charles H. Percy (R-Ill.) and signed by 18 other Republicans. It called on the President to abandon his bill and adopt Ribicoff's

The Senate voted, however, to let the Federal Government prefer state governments as "prime sponsors" whenever both state and local governments submit plans for child care and child development programs.

The 31 Republicans voting for state control were joined by 14 Southern Democrats on the decisive amendment to the child care bill.

The bill reported from the Senate Labor and Welfare Committee would set up a three-year, \$2.9 billion program of educational, nutritional, medical, social and other family services to be provided free to the very poor and for the payment of graduated fees to more affluent families.

The Senate rejected an effort to cut the authorization for the program from \$1.2 billion to \$950 million for the first year and from \$1.6 billion to \$1.25 billion for the second year.

The child care program would be launched with a \$100 million "start-up" fund for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 1972.

as a "human and decent" compromise.

The alternative, the Republicans warned, would be the demise of any welfare reform measure this year.

Ribicoff's version would raise the guaranteed income for a family of four to \$3,000 a year, with the figure advancing to \$4,000 a year by 1976.

"Without that compromise and a final effort now by the administration and those members of both parties, certainly including Senator Ribicoff, who wish to see a successful and acceptable program adopted, we firmly believe welfare reform is almost certain to die," the letter to Nixon read.

Signing the letter to Nixon with Percy were James B. Pearson and Bob Dole of Kan.; J. Glenn Beall, Jr., and Charles McC. Mathias,

Jr. of Md.; Robert Taft, Jr. and William B. Saxbe of Ohio; Marlow W. Cook, and John Sherman Cooper of Ky.; Mark Hatfield and Robert W. Packwood of Ore.; Edward W. Brooke, of Mass; Richard S. Schweiker, Pa.; Hiram L. Fong, Hawaii; Jacob K. Javits, N.Y.; Clifford Case, N.J.; Ted Stevens, Alaska; Robert T. Stafford, Vt.; and Lowell P. Weicker, Jr., Conn.

The Senate is expected to debate the welfare proposals along with a substantial increase in social security benefits after the July 10 week of the Democratic National Convention.

PRESCRIBE  
FOR THE  
DEFENDER  
TODAY!

# If You Can't Come to Sears Let Sears Come to You!

Sears



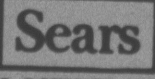
Shop Sears catalogs  
the convenient  
telephone way

Ever had one of those days when you don't have time for the things you'd like to do? We know that there are days when you just can't come to Sears. So, we've made shopping easier. We "come" to you through our catalogs. Browse through our catalogs at your convenience, make your selections and order without leaving your home. Simply call:

Sears Telephone  
Shopping Service

235-6351

A friendly salesperson will process your order and send it speedily on its way. So, if you can't come to Sears, have Sears "come" to you. Shop Sears catalogs the convenient telephone way.

Satisfaction Guaranteed or Your Money Back  
SHOP AT SEARS AND SAVE  Crossroads Shopping Center  
SEARS, ROEBUCK AND CO.

NATIONAL BANK OF WATERLOO • 110 EAST PARK AVE. & 315 E. 9TH. •



on the go for people on the go

COMPLETE BANKING SERVICE  
MEMBER F.D.I.C.

## Rule Ousting Poor from 'Rehab' May Be Changed

Washington -- (NBNS) -- U.S. Housing and Urban Development officials are reviewing the agency's long standing policy declaring that families displaced by a national housing rehabilitation program are ineligible for federal relocation assistance.

HUD Secretary George Romney said he thought the Project Rehab program should provide for families who must move because of the renovations to their building. This has been a serious problem in the 28 cities that have the program.

Many tenants of housing projects that are undergoing rehabilitation under this federal program have found themselves evicted without relocation assistance because their income is too low. Congressional sources have sharply criticized this interpretation of the act.

Romney's comments followed a blistering letter from Rep. John

Blatnik, D-Minn., chairman of the House Public Works Committee and one of the original sponsors of the 1970 relocation act which created the Rehab project.

In his letter, Blatnik called the present HUD position "callous and incomprehensible." The veteran Congressman told Romney the law "was intended to ensure humane treatment of low-income families who are most often and most grievously affected by well-intentioned public programs such as 'Project Rehab'."

"All of us . . . were concerned that its purpose not be thwarted by narrow, tortured, legalistic, administrative interpretations," the Congressman wrote.

Project Rehab was started in 1969 as a method to rehabilitate and re-use thousands of vacant units in cities across the country for low- and moderate income families. This has created a mammoth placement problem though,

which Romney admits needs to be corrected.

Since the 1970 housing act, HUD has narrowly interpreted Project Rehab to be merely a program to spur private efforts with federal mortgage subsidy programs.

But Secretary Romney said his department is now determining if legislation is necessary to qualify Project Rehab families for relocation assistance. If the legislation is necessary, the Secretary said he favored its adoption as quickly as possible.

The House Committee, headed by Blatnik, is scheduled to take up Project Rehab in hearings later this month on Capitol Hill.

## Inner Cities Need To Be Declared Disaster Areas

The inner cities should be declared disaster areas so that massive housing and aid programs could begin to meet the needs of low- and moderate-income families, U. S. Rep. Shirley Chisholm says as she vies for the Democratic nomination for President.

Mrs. Chisholm compared the recent situation when Rapid City, S. D. was declared a disaster area by the federal government after extensive flooding to the plight faced by residents of the nation's inner cities.

She stressed that designation as a disaster area would qualify families for federal redevelopment funds and housing assistance.

"To the nation's leaders it seems more important to kill the Vietnamese than it is to house Americans," Mrs. Chisholm said.

"And so the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development (George Romney) has refused to allocate the full appropriations for public housing that Congress approved last year, and which even in full were inadequate. This is an outrage. That money must be released to the cities now."

"What truly middle income family can afford these rents and live a decent life? And yet, there is no viable building program today which can bring in housing at rents that people can afford."

She urged a unified housing approach and called for total slum clearance by 1976 by greatly increased Federal aid for rehabilitation of existing housing, more monies for urban renewal and model city as well as consolidation of federal subsidy programs.

In a position paper Mrs. Chisholm has issued on the subject of housing, she has also called for low-cost homes throughout the metropolitan area through the creation of metropolitan housing agencies, the withholding of all federal aid to communities lacking open, low-cost housing and the end of discriminatory policies by the Federal Housing Administration, which permits a single man earning \$10,000 a year to purchase a home under Federal guarantees, whereas a woman in the same category cannot.

## "Little Black Boy" Remark Draws Fire

WASHINGTON -- (NBNS) -- Seventeen black delegates to a Washington conference have demanded a public apology from Transportation Secretary John Volpe for referring to a 46-year-old executive in his department as "this little black boy."

"Black people were once again subjected to the paternalistic racist attitudes and remarks of whites so typical of the bigoted attitudes of white America," charged the Black Ad-Hoc Committee at the Conference on Transportation and Human Needs in the 1970's.

Volpe's insensitive remark came after he had been introduced by George W. Haley, chief counsel of the Department of Transportation's Urban Mass Transportation Administration.

The request for a public apology

was prepared by Jan Bailey, economic development director of the People's Involvement Corp. of Washington, and Barbara Lytle, a conference delegate from Detroit.

"We cannot excuse Secretary Volpe's statement as a slip of the tongue, as has been suggested," the statement added.

Haley himself rushed to Volpe's defense contending that the Secretary's remark was "certainly not a racial slur." A former Republican state senator from Kansas, Haley said the remark indicated "a very personal relationship. He (Volpe) called me and said he was afraid he had caused me some embarrassment, and that was not his intention."

Haley added that Volpe "often refers to himself as a little Italian boy from Boston."

## Black Children Have Higher Levels Of Lead In Blood

WASHINGTON, D.C. -- (NBNS) -- For years lead poisoning was considered to be most common in inner city areas, where houses are dilapidated and old lead-based paint chips and flakes off walls and woodwork.

Now, a U.S. Public Health survey has discovered that black children have a greater chance to develop elevated levels of lead in their blood than white children exposed to similar amounts of lead-based paint.

Lead poisoning is caused by high concentrations of lead in the blood and most often found in children between the ages of one and six who eat lead-based paints. If untreated, this can result in severe mental retardation and even death.

From July to December 1971, 27 cities across the country were studied by the U.S. Public Health Service's Bureau of Community Environmental Management under the leadership of Dr. Roger S. Challop.

Dr. Challop, operating from the bureau's Cincinnati office, said two groups of children living in homes where an equal amount of lead-based paint was present were tested for elevated levels of lead. Thirty-three percent of the black children had a high lead count in their blood as against only 11 percent for the white children.

The difference might be attributed to cultural or genetic factors, Challop theorizes. One possible explanation is that black children excrete the lead more readily. More needs to be known and Challop has called for further medical investigation.

Within hours of the report's release, the U. S. Senate approved a bill authorizing an annual pro-

gram of \$100 million to be spent to fight lead poisoning among inner-city children.

The bill would provide medical screening for lead poisoning victims and a program to eliminate the lead-based paint used on walls and woodwork through improved housing. The legislation must now be approved by the House of Representatives to become law.

## Resurrection City II Scheduled for Miami Beach

WASHINGTON -- (NBNS) -- Resurrection City II will unfold a half-mile from the site of next month's Democratic National Convention in the shadow of luxury hotels and high-rise apartments where the wealthy come to relax and retire.


The Rev. Ralph D. Abernathy, president of the Southern Christian Leadership Conference (SCLC) and the organizer of the camp sit, said 500 people including about 20 convention delegates will stay there during the week-long convention to choose a Democratic nominee for President.

The Miami Beach City Council has not yet approved the request for the SCLC to use Flamingo Park though the mayor of the city and others are attempting

to do so. The "city" of tents will be used as a staging area for a joint demonstration by the SCLC and other minority and peace groups organizing to be heard by the Democrats attending the convention.

On Monday, July 10, the National Welfare Rights Organization (NWRO) intends to march through Miami Beach to the convention hall. A joint demonstration by various groups including those representing Resurrection City II is being planned for Sunday, July 9.

The first Resurrection City was erected in Washington, D.C., during the Poor Peoples March on Washington.



providing dependable electricity and natural gas for better living

IOWA PUBLIC SERVICE CO.

SHOP AT

OUR 72TH YEAR

# Hurwich's

Waterloo's Oldest Furniture Store

500 506 LAFAYETTE ST.

WHERE THE CUSTOMARY LOOK IS AND WHERE THE CUSTOMARY SERVICE IS ALWAYS CUSTOMARY

# LARRY LANGE FORD

DEAL WITH THE LEADER

THE NO. 1 AUTO DEALER IN EASTERN IOWA

200 USED CARS IN STOCK  
250 NEW CARS IN STOCK  
INSTANT FINANCING

LARRY LANGE FORD

Highway 218, Cedar Falls Phone 268-0451

A incom  
pursu  
on th  
dama  
all.  
My  
ready  
the un  
tened  
July  
begin  
Unc  
going  
timat  
will  
work  
will  
the ne  
Mo  
recip  
respo  
schoo  
the m  
mente

A R  
In a fe  
National  
choose th  
United Sta  
ing that n  
cans, espe  
cannot sur  
benign neg  
Those  
have been  
candidate  
mination,  
exploring  
the princ  
views on  
have laid  
our conce  
American

S  
THA  
A  
HO  
DUN

## Is War On Poverty To Be War On Poor?

A whole new cadre of middle-income inspectors, detectors and pursuers is about to be unleashed on the nation's poor. Before the damage is done, they will hurt us all.

Myopic experimentation is already underway with the lives of the unemployed in the less-enlightened state of California and on July 1 the Federal government begins its program of intimidation.

Under new Federal guidelines going into effect next month, an estimated 800,000 welfare recipients will be required to sign up for work by the year and the number will grow to 1.5 million during the next 12 months.

More than 80 percent of these recipients are women who have the responsibility of taking care of school-aged children. Yet, should the regulations be fully implemented, not only will these wel-

fare mothers be FORCED to register for work but they will be FORCED to take any old job offered regardless of salary and regardless of whether the parent believes the work will interfere with the raising of children.

Even these repressive measures are not harsh enough to please the current occupants of the policy divisions of the Department of Labor and the Department of Health Education and Welfare.

Word comes from HEW deputy under-secretary Richard P. Nathan that the Federal government is preparing a nationwide system to prosecute so-called "welfare cheats."

And Mr. Nathan looks forward to that glorious day when he will have a master card file in Washington on every man, woman and child on welfare including such personal information as marriage

and family relationships, school records and copies of tax returns.

Well, we suggest that Mr. Nathan's little army of informants will cost the taxpayers many times more in salaries alone than any of the dubious benefits derived from hounding the less than one percent of those on welfare who cheat the government.

At a time of unprecedented unemployment, it is the duty and the obligation of the government and private enterprise to provide enough jobs paying livable wages to those who want to work.

Instead, unable to cope with the unemployment problems, the bureaucrats in Washington seem decided to turn on the people who need help the most.

It is a sad commentary to watch the war on poverty degenerate into a war on the poor.

Michael D. Petit



FROM THE

### Office of Congressman Louis Stokes

In a few days, the Democratic National Convention in Miami will choose the next President of the United States. It goes without saying that many millions of Americans, especially the black and poor, cannot survive four more years of benign neglect.

Those of us represented here have been meeting with the leading candidate for the Democratic nomination. We have been carefully exploring his political philosophy, the principles he espouses, and his views on our basic needs. We have laid before him in detail our concerns and demands as black Americans who are determined

to improve the black condition and assure true equality of opportunity to all citizens. As a result of these in-depth discussions, we, as individuals, in our varied roles of political leadership, have come together today to pledge our uncommitted delegate votes to the candidacy of Senator George McGovern, the next President of the United States. We are confident that our block of votes will assure Senator McGovern the nomination on the first ballot. In announcing this action as delegates to the Convention, we also announce our commitment to assure his victory in November.

Today we call for the total political mobilization of the black and the poor in every precinct in America for the march to the polls in November. Senator McGovern has pledged to support and work for the goals outlined in the Bill of Rights of the Congressional Black Caucus. He has pledged to fight with us for full citizenship and equality of opportunity for all citizens in every sector of our national life. He has put his political future on the line for liberation and liberty and for peace and prosperity for all. We shall from this day forward work in our own communities and all across the land to bring together the political support needed to assure the election of Senator McGovern.

One of our immediate goals is to have nine million blacks registered and ready to march in November. Plans for the mobilization of the black, brown and the poor in this crusade will be announced in the next few days.

#### Rhodesian Trade Fines

Two corporations and three individuals have been fined a total of \$131,750 for violating sanctions against trading with Rhodesia.

The cases were the first such prosecutions in the United States since the trade embargo was imposed in 1968.

In New York, U.S. District Judge Charles L. Brieant fined the Margas Shipping Co. of Panama City, Panama, IDI Management of Cincinnati; Herbert Hamilton, President of IDI, and Conrad Wysocki, an engineer with IDI, along with David J. Patterson, a businessman from Coral Gables, Fla.

## House Committee Approves Summer Lunch Program

Washington, D. C. -- (NBNS)-- An additional \$25 million to continue the summer lunch program for underprivileged children in low-income areas has been approved by the House Education and Labor Committee. The legislation also authorizes continuation of the year-round program to provide food service to children attending child care centers in these neighborhoods.

The \$25 million, which would come from an Agriculture Department fund, would make up for the expected deficit in this year's summer lunch program.

Federal support of the program would be increased from 6 to 8 cents according to the bill's provisions. It removes limitations on the amount of money that can be used to expand the school break-

fast program and authorizes its continuation through 1975.

The committee also voted to set standards for the eligibility of children for free or reduced priced lunches. Children of families with incomes below the poverty level cannot be charged for a meal. Children from families with incomes up to 50% above the poverty level would be entitled to a reduced priced lunch. States could increase the federal lunch price standards by no more than 25%.

Committee sources said that similar legislation was pending in the Senate and that they hope to rush the bill through both Houses of Congress before the summer recess begins June 30. The child care food center program expires that date unless Congress acts to continue it.

## MUETHER'S SUPER VALU

WATERLOO - 710 BROADWAY  
OPEN 24 HOURS

### SUPPORT THE MERCHANTS THAT APPRECIATE YOUR \$\$\$\$

A & P EAST - 415 EAST 7th STREET  
HOURS: 9 a.m. to 6 p.m. Mon. to Thurs & Sat.  
9 a.m. to 7 p.m. Friday

DUNN'S SURE SAVE - 1975 FRANKLIN ST.  
WE NEVER CLOSE

**QUIS**  
JANITOR SUPPLIES

**COMPLETE JANITOR SERVICE  
CARPET STEAM CLEANING**



FLOOR MAINTENANCE



COMPLETE OFFICE CARE



WINDOW CLEANING



FLOOR SCRUBBING AND POLISHING



CARPET AND RUG SHAMPOO



REST ROOM SANITATION

**IF NO ANSWER CALL 232-7729**      **CALL 234-0422**  
24 HOUR SERVICE

**303 ALTA VISTA      WATERLOO**

## Statement To The School Board

commissioned by a concerned group of clergy in the Waterloo community

We come before you as those who have hopes and fears, and face pressures just as you do. We are trying to be aware of the complexity of the problems in our school system and are sensitive to the fact that no decisions can possibly suit the whole community.

With this in mind, we are not here to press for specific action, but to encourage you in a quality of leadership which we desperately need. We assume that elected officials are chosen to take some action of their own, out of their own insight and wisdom. That is, you are not called to exercise a knee-jerk reaction to a situation where passions run high, but to dig beneath the shifting sands of fear and anger to make decisions which rest on the bedrock of justice and morality.

We are aware that this is difficult and may be costly, but it

has ever been the message of the Christian Church that there is something more important than popularity, that there is a future to be claimed which is worth far more than a present sacrifice. We want to hold before you and support you in that kind of leadership which is responsive to the people of this community, and yet is beyond us -- leading the way toward a better tomorrow with far-sighted and courageous action.

There are deep divisions among us, but we call you to be aware of our oneness. Regardless of the Cedar River, regardless of black or white, we are a whole. If one suffers, in some subtle or overt, immediate or delayed way, all of us suffer. If we do not supply the teachers that are needed so that learning may take place, if children are robbed of their self-respect, if we allow conditions that produce anger and resentment, then as surely as night follows day even those who ride

through the system on the high tide of privilege will have to share in the results of those failures and injustices. We may have choices now about some constructive steps; later, the choices will be severely limited. We may think the price is high now, but we cannot escape it. Later, it comes due with enormous interest as the long, boney fingers of crime, dependency and violence reach into everyone's purse and everyone's home!

In the light of all that has transpired, some of the directions of the integrity we desperately need seem apparent to us:

-- We must recognize the damage racism is doing among us and take those actions of policy, administration and attitude which can diminish the pain and unfairness of our relationships. It is not enough to say these things or pass motions about them -- others must know, without doubt, that we are serious about them.

-- We need to offer to minority children enough examples of success and competence among their own kind so that they may find hope of such success kindled in themselves. People are motivated by models. We must make sure those models are present and visible in the school system.

Finally, we would express to you our sense of sharing in your work. The whole community must join together in that forgiving and reconciling spirit which will make your wise and courageous decisions bear fruit. To that end we pledge ourselves to work in our congregations for that support by which you will be sustained in your difficult and demanding task of creating a school system in which learning may be carried out with liberty and justice for all -- students, teachers, administrators and families.

Respectfully submitted,  
Robert L. Smith (scribe)

## Black Political Strategy Moves Toward Center Stage

By PAGE TOWNSEND  
National Black News Service  
Washington -- (NBNS) --

With Senator George McGovern less than 200 delegate votes from the Democratic presidential nomination and the majority Democratic party uncertain of its ability to overcome President Nixon in November, the question of black political strategy has become more intriguing to national political observers.

The current issue of the weekly National Journal devotes a leading article to a special report by political writer Dom Bonafede which tries to sum up the efforts of black leaders to devise a successful political strategy for 1972.

The conclusion of the influential Washington magazine is that "black Americans who had high hopes of realizing their full political potential in the 1972 presidential campaign now perceive that the performance is unlikely to measure up to the promise."

The National Journal cites extensively from the opinions of black political leaders to support their premise of a black political ambition only partially realized.

The fast pace of political events in this unusual presidential year threatens, however, to outdate the conclusion of the Journal article almost before it reaches its select group of government, business and press subscribers.

The National Black News Service has learned that a major turn in the black political strategy could clinch the nomination of Senator McGovern, after gaining his commitment to a comprehensive black economic "bill of rights."

The result could be the accomplishment of a major political objective of black Americans -- although in a way which could not have been forecast by black strategists a year ago.

The divergence of opinion among black political leaders on what their national strategy should be could prove to be a source of strength, rather than the weakness depicted by traditional political observers.

Most observers have focused on the differences, and black leaders have not denied their divisions: "I think it is fair to say we are fragmented," Georgia State Representative Julian Bond told the National Journal. "There are five or six different strategies and five or six different people pushing different strategies within those strategies."

"What you have is (D.C. Delegate Walter) Fauntroy's favorite-son plan, (Congresswoman) Shirley Chisholm's candidate strategy, the Congressional Black Caucus's to one to restore the old name.

platform-pressure strategy, Julian Bond's candidate-pressure strategy and the old strategy, where you pick a candidate, go with him and get what you can."

Bond has been critical of strategies other than his own. He has believed that blacks should strive to obtain a personal commitment regarding their demands from the presidential candidates rather than seek assurance in party platform, as the Congressional Black Caucus has been advocating.

"My feeling about platforms is that they really don't amount to much," he said. "You can say what you want in the platform and the candidate will go ahead and do what he wants anyway. You've got to get guarantees from the candidate himself."

The current possibility is that a major candidate commitment may be obtained at the Democratic National Convention in Miami Beach -- because other black political leaders have, in pursuing their own strategies, put together enough delegate votes to assure a first ballot nomination to the leading candidate for the Democratic nomination.

## Justice Aims At Firehouse Discrimination

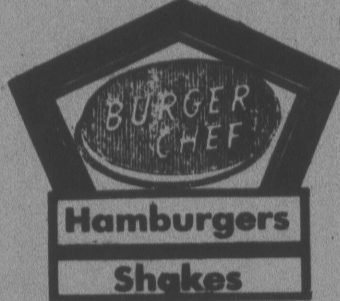
WASHINGTON -- (NBNS) -- Attorney General Richard G. Kleindienst says the Justice Department has "warned" the fire departments of Montgomery, Ala., Chicago and Los Angeles about their discriminatory job policies.

The U. S. Civil Rights Commission complained in 1969 and 1970 of the lack of job opportunities for minority groups in municipal fire departments. The Justice Department threat to take action against offending fire departments would be the first move by the Federal Government against a municipal agency under the equal employment provisions of the 1964 Civil Rights Act.

## King Honor

-- The Montgomery City Commission has responded to white pressure by voting to rescind its recent action naming a street for the late Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr.

The name of Jackson Street, on which Dr. King once lived, was renamed for him after 10,000 black citizens petitioned the Commission for the change. Two weeks later, after white groups protested the Chisholm's candidate strategy, the action, the Commission voted two Congressional Black Caucus's to one to restore the old name.



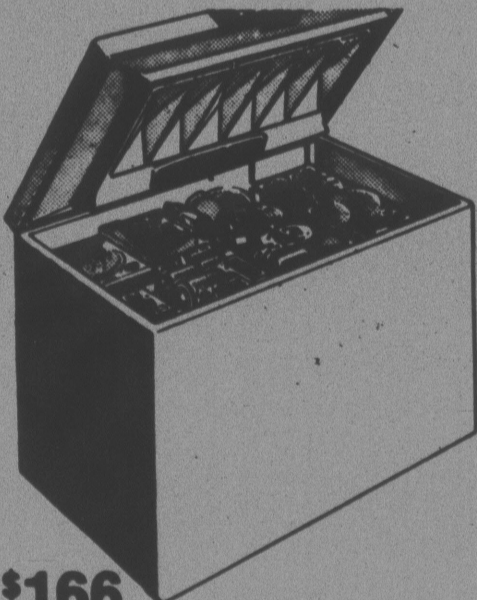
CORNER OF 11th  
and  
FRANKLIN  
STREETS,  
WATERLOO,  
IOWA

SORRY FOR INCONVENIENCE - CLOSED  
FOR REMODELING - WE WILL RE-OPEN

SATURDAY, JULY 1st

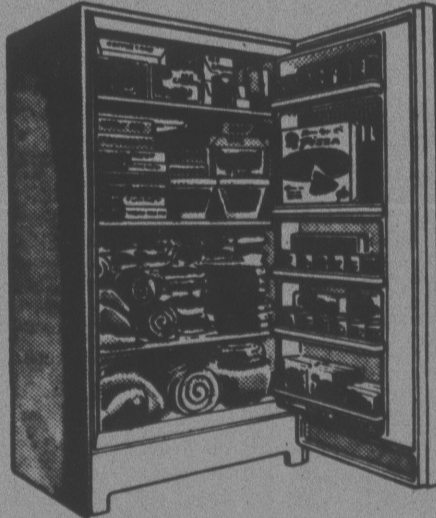
Watch for Our Specials  
in Your Local Newspaper

### Compare our low appliance prices.



\$166

Penncrest® 15 cu. ft. chest freezer stores up to 540 pounds of food. All porcelain enamel finish, footed divider, movable basket, white acrylic enamel liner. Adjustable hinges. White only. UL listed.



\$166

Penncrest® upright freezer with 435 pound food storage capacity. Features 3 fixed shelves, 4 door shelves, white acrylic enamel liner. Die cast chrome handle. 4 sided magnetic door gasket for a perfect "cold seal." White only. UL listed.

JCPenney

The values are here every day.

OPEN NIGHTS: 9:30 A.M. TO 9:00 P.M. MONDAY THRU FRIDAY

SATURDAY 9:30 A.M. TO 6 P.M. . . . . SUNDAY NOON TO 5 P.M.

ELIGIBLE G.I. \$38.00 PER MONTH PLUS TAX & INSURANCE AT A TOTAL OF \$55.00 PER MONTH Will purchase this 5-room bungalow that has been completely rewired, shag carpet throughout, new floor covering in kitchen and bath, painted inside and out.

PRICED NOW REDUCED TO SELL ESTATE.  
CAN MOVE RIGHT IN.

Smith & Miller  
Realtor, Inc.

516 RIEHL ST.

DIAL 234-7513