Records Committee, Iowa Ornithologists' Union

Printed: 07/21/93

Red Phalarope 27 Aug 1989 IPL Ponds, Pottawattamie Co., IA Silcock IBL 60:11, 14, 61:86

DOCUMENTATION Ross Silcock REFERENCES Field Reports: IBL 60:11, 14 Records Committee: IBL 61:86 VOTE: 4 A-D, 2 N-A, 1 abstain

NA: Highly unreadable document does not rule out Red-necked Phalarope.

NA: Quite possibly this identification is correct but the only mention of this accidental species that came from any of the other 6 birders present in their season field report was a comment that there was disagreement about this bird and that it was probably a Sanderling. Most of the description does sound like a basic plumaged Red Phalarope but I could not conclusively seem to rule out the possibility of a Sanderling. Much of the basic description of size, shape, coloration, etc. can possibly fit both species. This, combined with the apparent reluctance of other observers to make the same conclusion, provides a reasonable doubt. Apparently no field notes were taken and the description was not written until after discussion with others, reference to field guides, and about a day of consideration.

A-D: About all we have to go on is bill shape. Size compared to Pectoral, but evidently none present for direct comparison. Comparison to Yellowlegs size not really germane. Wilson's eliminated by field marks, so possibility of Red-necked is the question. With some reluctance, I'll vote in favor due to description of bill's consistent thickness to tip, unlike tapering, pointed bill of Red-necked. Ross, we need to get you a typewriter.

A-D: All field marks seem to support a winter plumage Red Phalarope.

A-D: Very good description of Red Phalarope.

A-D: Good descriptions of the bird indicate a Red Phalarope. REVOTE: 3 A-D, 4 NA

NA: Too many other possibilities

NA: This identification possibly correct but also still possibly incorrect. Besides my first N-A vote, there was another N-A vote and one of the A-D votes was accompanied by comments that expressed some reluctance. If the record is not clear cut to convince the committee, probably should not be accepted.

NA: Change to NA. Peterjohn points out, and other references support the fact that all Phalaropes are surface feeders and would not submerge head while feeding. This would appear to also rule out Sanderling.

NA: I originally thought I could not vote N-A on this documentation because of the dark eye mark and black posterior crown. However, the fact that this bird was not substantiated by

Record Number: 89-33 Classification: NA Records Committee, Iowa Ornithologists' Union Printed: 07/21/93 Red Phalarope 27 Aug 1989 RC No. 89-33 (cont)

other observers present, the white nape (Red Phalarope would have a dark gray nape), and the feeding pattern (not characteristic of a phalarope) leave to much doubt as to whether this bird was a Sanderling or Red Phalarope. Therefore, I am changing my vote to N-A.

A-D: Red-necked phalarope is ruled out by description of bill. Sanderling does not have a dark eye mark, a black cap at rear of crown, or black center and tip of tail. All these marks are good for Red Phalarope. Maybe there was some doubt from others. Others on this committee did not know about the seasonal field reports comment. Should this information have been kept from the rest of the committee? As I reread the documentation and researched the given field marks as they related to the materials I looked through I am still drawn to the conclusion that what was described by Silcock was beyond reasonable doubt a Red Phalarope.

A-D: I feel that the "dark eye mark, extending a little to rear of eye, and a cap (black) at rear of crown" with a white nape puts this into the Phalarope category and eliminates Sanderling from consideration although Sanderling could fit other field marks. The white wing stripe while the bird was in flight certainly eliminates the Wilson's Phalarope. And the emphasis on the thick bill - "no longer than head, and rather thick, tip little if any thinner than base. Bill similar to Pectoral Sandpiper but straighter and a little heavier" - would eliminate Red-necked Phalarope and make this a Red Phalarope. It is regrettable that the other good birders present did not document this and also that field notes weren't made sooner.

A-D: First N-A must not agree with my reasoning with respect to Red-necked Phalarope. At least he/she agrees the bird was a phalarope and not a Sanderling. Second N-A I believe is fairly accurate - most doubt has been expressed about possibility of Sanderling. However other observers present agreed that bird did not feed (act) like a Sanderling, and had a distinct black cap at rear of crown. This was a puzzling sighting - probably most likely a Red Phalarope, but a slight chance it was not. I do not think Peterjohn raises enough doubt to persuade me that the bird was a Sanderling. I think he is premature in eliminating Red Phalarope on one point of my description "scalloped back and wings". While this description is not 100% correct (back is plain) it alone should not eliminate Red Phalarope.

For Extraordinary Bird Sightings in Iowa	89-33
What species? RED PHARARAR	
Location? FPL PONDS, POTE CO., 1A	MASH INT
Type of Habitat?	Page Carl 3
When? date(s): Avc- 27, 1989 time	: 12 15 10 130 ANO Rox
Who? your name and address: Ross Silcock	BLoc B
Others with you: LONEN & BABS, PADAFIND, THNYA BRAN, T.	
Others before or after you:?	
Describe the bird(s) including only what you observed. Include size, shape head, neck, back, wing, tail, throat, breast, belly, undertail, legs, feet). Als I GNT TO FPL MPTER A COLL BY LORGE PHOCHER	so mention voice and behavior

JUV. LANGHNA GUL. HOWEVER IT HAD DEPARTED WHEN I AMPLIVED. LONEN, BARS, TANYA IT I CHERCED WER THE SHOREBLEDS Y LOREN REMARKOD ON A PHIE ONE which we PASSED out as a sandenwar, even Tatovan it will FERDING METADOJETICY AND ANDARED TO HAVE SOME MANKINGS NOT CHARACADUSTIC OF A SANDORLINE ( WE WERE STILL LOSSING FOR A LANGANG QUIL! ). A LITTLE LATER BJ ROSE & SONS AMALVED + SAD HAT SOON A BIRD THEY TONTHINGLY TOAT DONRE They AS A DO PHALADLORE THE DAY BEFORE, BUT WENENT SURE DUE TO DISTANCE WE REEXAMINED THE BIRD ANDI NOTED THE FRIGWING - A SHENERSIED ABOUT PERTUNAL SOP. SRE BUT A LITTLE MORE ELACATED FLESS BLUMP. ONTHE WHE TE, WITH SCALLADES BACK & WING FEATHERING DUE TO CRAYISH FEATHERING WITH WHITE EDGINGS. LESS + BILL BLACK, WITH LATTER NO LONGER TOTAM HEAD, AND RATHER TOACK. TOP LITTLE IF ANY THNNER THAN BASE. BILL SIMILAN DO DECOMAL SDP BUT STRAIGHTER & A LITTLE HEAVIER. AND A Similar species; how eliminated: DANK EYE MARIC, CYTENDING A LITTLE TO REAR AND A CAP (BLACK) AT REAR OF CROWN, NAME WHETE. REMAINDOL OF BIRD WHITE, EXCEPT TIP OF THIL & DATE CENTER OF THIL ETA DARK GRAY TO BLACK. ASO NOTICEABLE WAS DARK GOLORATION AT BEND OF WING, WING, BIRD FEEDING. LATTER WAS DELIBERATE, RATHER LIKE DAVITCHER, HEAD OFTEN UNDER WATER. WING SMIRE WAS SEEN, MANGE WITH WITH E EDGES TO THIS WITH DANK ? If yes, explain: Some QUESTION TR TO ID, BUT CIENERAL ACLEMENT MONT BE FIELD MANUS INDIGTING. ADD. Viewing conditions: give lighting, distance (how measured), optical equipment. Therefore TIP & CENTER. NO CAL PTO CECQUENT - OVERCHIT, OCCMINAL LIGHT DRIZZLE, NO WIND. BIRD ABOUT 50-75 YOS HWAY.

Previous experience with species and similar ones: HIVE SEEN ONG RED OHADALORE AT CLOSE RANGE IN NONTH CAROLINA.

References and persons consulted before writing description:

LOULED AT NERS QUIDE + SEABILDS WHILE WATCHING BIRD -DISCUSSED WINT OTHER SUSELVELS. HULLED OVER BEFORE WRITING THIS DOCUMENTATION. How long before field notes made? NONE this form completed? NEXT OVENING (MENDAY)

Send completed form to Field Reports or CBC editor (address on back cover of Iowa Bird Life).

PARBLEMS, TO MY MIND, AS FORLOWS:

- (1) DATE THIS EARLY STALD BE AD & FIRST D LEAVE BRDG AMEAS. IF AD & MIGHS BE EXPECTED DO HAVE SOME REDDISH FEATHERING, BUT NONE SEED. POISIBLY A NON-BREEDER, HOWEVER, AND POSSIBLY MERGEONE, A MARE - LESS LIKEY TO RETAIN RED FEATHERING.
  - (2) DIFFICULTY OF ELININATION REP. NECKED PHALANDE I GALEVE MAS 15 ACTIONED DUE TO THE FOLLOWING
    - (a) RED HAS MUCH THICKER BILL ] SIZE COMPANISON WITH LESSER (b) RED IS SIGNIFICANTY LANGER & YELANEES AT FOL INDIANE (b) RED IS SIGNIFICANTY LANGER & YELANEES AT FOL INDIANE

YOULANERS AT FIL INDICATED THIS BIRD WAS NOT A SMALL PHARADOF. BILL WAS VERY HEAVY - AS HEAVY OR MORE So AS A RECTORAT'S BILL,

(c) VERY MANNENT WHITE WING STRIPE - LIKE SANDERLING, RED-NEGLES HAR A STRIPE, BUT NOT AS O'BVIEUS. Records Committee, Iowa Ornithologists' Union

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