Records Committee, Iowa Ornithologists' Union Printed: 02/03/94

Ferruginous Hawk 8 Sep 1946 Ankeny, Polk Co., IA Bruce Stiles, G. L. Ziemer Stiles 1946, Brown 1971, Wilson 1988 Record Number: 93-HF Classification: NA

## REFERENCES

Stiles, B. F. 1946. Ferruginous Rough-leg in Polk County. IBL 16:65.

Audubon Field Notes 1:11

Brown 1971 Wilson 1988

VOTE: 5 NA

NA, No description given other than exceptionally large./thk

Stiles, B. F. 1946. Ferruginous Rough-leg in Polk County. IBL 16:65.

Ferruginous Rough-leg in Polk County.—This species is listed by Du-Mont as an irregular and decidedly uncommon migrant in the western part of Iowa. It was recorded by Bailey in Linn County, and there are other records, but it is certainly rare in Iowa, especially in the eastern or central portions. On September 8, 1946, while accompanied by G. L. Ziemer, Director of the Iowa State Conservation Commission, I had the unexpected pleasure of watching a beautiful and exceptionally large Ferruginous Roughleg for several minutes at distances as near as 100 yards, just north of Ankeny, in Polk County, Iowa. My only other Iowa record is for Woodbury County, on March 20, 1936.—BRUCE F. STILES, Des Moines, Iowa.

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DuMont, P. A. 1947. Middle-Western Prairie Region. Aud. Field Notes 1:8-11 p 11

noted on October 13 at Rockford (Prentice), and many at Springfield on November 11 (Eifert). Ierruginous rough-leg was seen north of Ankeny, wa, September 8 (Stiles). Two bald eagles were and on the Chautauqua Refuge on August 20, and 8 juveniles on August 31—earlier than last year Elebrecht).

southern part of the state." DuMont (1933) thought: "A few are permanent residents" and Grant (1963) called it a "Common permanent resi-

There has been a sharp decrease in numbers in recent years, and it now rarely nests except in some of the wooded areas along the Mississippi River (Brown, 1964).

Broad-winged Hawk Buteo platypterus (Vieillot)

Common migrant, rare breeding bird

Spring migrants usually appear in the latter part of April and one seen on 3 March (EJP) was unusually early. Fall migrants appear early in September with the peak in the last third of the month. An estimated 250 were seen on 22 September, 1968 at the site of the Saytorville Dam in Polk Co. (JKB). There have been occasional winter records with the latest on 7 January (EC).

Most of the summer records are from Des Moines in the years 1955-1960 when nests were found in several of these years (JCK). Other nesting records are from Palisades-Kepler State Park in 1956 (Kline, 1956) and Ledges State Park in 1969 (EG, pers. comm.).

Swainson's Hawk Buteo swainsoni Bonaparte

Rare breeding bird

Although a western species, it is occasionally found in eastern Iowa. It has nested as far east as Scott Co. where immatures were found in 1962 (LB, pers. comm.). Roosa (1964b) mentions some of the nesting records. Observations have been made as early as 12 March (PCP) and as late as 31 October (RMH). There is also a winter record of a pair in Polk Co. observed on 30 December, 1961 and 7 January, 1962, with a single bird in the same area on 14 January, 1962 (Peasley, 1962).

Rough-legged Hawk Buteo lagopus (Pontoppidan)

Common winter resident

The earliest fall date of 1 October (DR). Late observations were on 9 May, 1948 at Cedar Rapids (I.B.L., 18:62) and 17 May, 1947 at Cedar Falls (I.B.L., 17:72). Most observations have been north of the Davenport-Des Moines latitude, but it has been recorded as far south as Burlington where it was found during the 1962 Christmas Census (I.B.L., 33:6).

Ferruginous Hawk Buteo regalis (Gray)

Recent records of this western species are: 13 May, 1946 in the Spirit Lake-Cheever Lake area (Musgrove, 1947); 8 September, 1946, Polk Co. (Stiles, 1946); 1 October, 1951, Sidney, Fremont Co. (RIB); 31 December, 1954, Grundy Co. (JRK); 3 November, 1962, Adair Co. (Petersen, 1962).

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Harris' Hawk Parabuteo unicinctus (Temminck)

Accidental

Admission to the Iowa list is based on a 1904 record mentioned by Anderson (1907). There is no Iowa specimen extant.

Golden Eagle Aquila chrysaëtos (Linnaeuch

Rare migrant

- -- 1962 (DR) and 30 April (MB). They have been reported throughout the state, but occur principally in the northern half.

Bald Eagle Haliaeetus leucocephalus (Linnaeus)

Common migrant and winter resident

Both Anderson (1907) and DuMont (1933) described winter observations as occasional. Grant (1963) recorded it as a common migrant and winter visitor in the east but rare in the west.

Observations range from 5 September (FL) to 7 May (WHB). There are March and October dates at Sioux City (WY) and they are commonly found at Forneys Lake in Fremont Co. during the spring goose migration. From 30 to 75 have been sighted in one day along the Mississippi River where they arrive in mid-November and leave about 1 March (PCP, pers. comm.).

Marsh Hawk Circus cyaneus (Linnaeus)

Common migrant and uncommon permanent resident

It is seen in all months; more often in spring and fall, and less frequently in summer and winter. The number of breeding birds has decreased markedly in recent years, and few are now seen in some sections. A nesting in 1957 is described by Kent and Vane (1957).

Family PANDIONIDAE

Osprey Pandion haliaetus (Linnaeus)

Uncommon migrant

Spring migration dates have been from 1 March (EJP) to 19 May (PF). It has been observed in fall from 1 September (RMH) to 26 December (DD, IC). It is reported to be decreasing rapidly in most of its range.

Family FALCONIDAE

Gyrfalcon Falco rusticolus Linnaeus

Accidental

The only record was on 27 October, 1946 at Cheever Lake, Emmet Co. (Musgrove, 1949b). There is no Iowa specimen extant.

Wilson, B. L. 1988. Records of Ferruginous Hawk in Iowa. Iowa Bird Life 58:95-100. (cont)

Ferruginous Hawk Records for Iowa Through 1987

Date	County	Reference	Comment
25 Jun 1901	Black Hawk	DuMont 1933	specimen lost?
before 1907	Linn	Anderson 1907	detail, Clark-
4 Nov 1914	Wapello	Spiker 1924	dead bird, no detail
17 Sep 1917	Woodbury	Stephens 1918	mounted, no detail
2 Apr 1919	Keokuk	DuMont 1933	2, no detail
7 Dec 1919	Story	Stoner 1920	specimen, no detail
3 Oct 1921	Woodbury	Stephens 1930	mounted dark female
23 Nov 1921	Plymouth	Stephens 1930	mounted female
28 Mar 1923	Keokuk	DuMont 1933	2, no detail
17 Mar 1926	Buchanan	Pierce 1930	no detail
6 Jun 1929	Polk	DuMont 1929	2, detail, Clark-
13 Apr 1930	Buchanan	Pierce 1930	no detail
29 Mar 1934	Dallas-Perry	DuMont 1934	2. detail, Clark-
29 Mar 1934	Dallas-Long Pond	DuMont 1934	2, no detail
9 Apr 1934	Dickinson	DuMont 1934	detail, Clark-
11 Apr 1934	Clay	DuMont 1934	no detail
17 Apr 1934	Emmet	DuMont 1934	detail, Clark-
20 Mar 1936	Woodbury	Stiles 1946	no detail
	lowa	Univ. IA specimen 29674	See photos
21 Aug 1936	Johnson	Johnson 1939	3, detail, Clark-
2 Jan 1939	Dickinson/Emmet	Musgrove et al. 1947	no detail
13 May 1946	Polk	Stiles 1946	no detail
8 Sep 1946		Brown 1971	no detail
1 Oct 1951	Fremont		detail, Clark+
31 Dec 1954	Grundy	IBL 25:10	detail, Clark-
3 Nov 1962	Adair	Petersen 1962	no detail
1963	Marshall	IBL 34:10	no detail
1963	Cherokee	IBL 34:20	- Marie - 191 (11 - 1911) (12)
26 Dec 1966	Bremer	IBL 37:6	no detail
26 Dec 1970	Page	IBL 41:13	detail, Clark-
17 Dec 1972	Story	IBL 43:4	no detail
28 Oct 1973	Page	IBL 43:104	7, detail, Clark+
28 Dec 1974	Bremer	IBL 45:8	no detail
Feb 1977	Lucas	Roosa and Bartlett 1977	no detail
27 Oct 1977	Pocahontas	Gilmer et al. 1985	road kill, banded
27 Oct 1977	Page	doc, IBL 47:144	
Feb 1978	Harrison	IBL 48:70	detail, Clark-
3,7 Feb 1979	Johnson/Iowa	doc (2), IBL 49:24	Clark-
26 Dec 1980	Fremont	doc, IBL 52:42	RC(80-27)-, Clark-
26 Oct 1983	Page	doc, IBL 54:38	RC(83-31)+, Clark+
22 Sep 1984	Marshall	doc, IBL 55:58	RC(84-24)+, Clark-
25 Oct 1984	Pocahontas	doc (2), IBL 55:58	RC(84-23)-, Clark+
23 Dec 1984	Tama	doc, IBL 55:58	RC(84-34)-
28 Mar 1985	Cherokee	doc, IBL 56:44	RC(85-03)-
29 Sep 1985	Story	doc, IBL 86:44	RC(85-16)-, Clark+
1 Feb 1986	Appanoose	doc, IBL 57:78	RC(86-06)-

IBL citations are for Field Reports, Christmas Bird Counts, Bird Banding Summaries, and Records Committee Reports in Iowa Bird Life; doc = documentation on file with Records Committee; no detail = no description of the bird; RC() = Records Committee (record number); Clark = William S. Clark; + = accepted record; - = record not accepted.

Reports since 1970 were all from fall and winter (September through February). Most were from October (5), December (5), and February (4), months when this species is expected. Of course, other hawks, including Krider's Red-tailed Hawk (*Buteo jamacensis krideri*), also migrate through and winter in Iowa during these months and may be confused with Ferruginous Hawk.