Records Committee, Iowa Ornithologists' Union

Printed: 04/25/96

Long-tailed Jaeger

Record Number: 94-37

4 Sep 1994

Classification: A-P

Tomahawk M./Black Hawk L., Sac Co., IA

*Ernzen, ********

P-0422,P-0423, IBL 65(1)cover; 65:15, 81

DOCUMENTATIONS

Pete Ernzen (4 Sep), 401 Taylor, Ida Grove [2/23/95]

Babs and Loren Padelford (5 Sep), 1405 Little John Rd., Bellevue, NE 68005

Ross Silcock (5 Sep), Box 300, Tabor, 51653

Harold White (5 Sep), Emmetsburg

Lee A. Schoenewe (5 Sep), 518 W. 4th St., Spencer 51301

Peter C. Petersen (5 Sep), 235 McClellan Blvd., Davenport 52803

Thomas H. Kent (6 Sep), 211 Richards St., Iowa City 52246

Jim Fuller (6 Sep), 6 Longview Knoll NE, Iowa City 52240

Don Pogensee (7, 10, 11 Sep), Lake La June Estates, Ida Grove 51445

Mark Proescholdt (10 Sep), Box 65, Liscomb 50148

Beth Proescholdt (10 Sep), Box 65, Liscomb 50148

PHOTOGRAPHS

Reid Allen, 5 Sep, P-0422

Don Pogensee, 10 Sep, P-0423 (IBL 65(1)cover)

REFERENCES

Field Reports: IBL 65:15

Records Committee: IBL 65:81

Photograph: IBL 65(1) cover (P-0423)

Ernzen, P. 1996. Long-tailed Jaeger in Sac County. Iowa Bird Life 66:26-27.

VOTE: 7 A-P

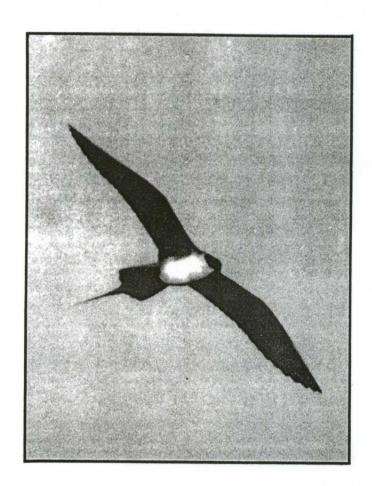
A-P, Even a xerox of these photos is great!

A-P, It doesn't get much better than this! Great photos!

A-P, Excellent photos show length of central rectrices to be great; this alone is enough to eliminate Parasitic Jaeger.

IOWA BIRD LIFE

Winter 1995 Volume 65 Number 1



IOWA ORNITHOLOGISTS' UNION

94-37

cited. I requested verification on 10 reports of more easily identified species that were seen at unusual dates. I received useful additional information on each of these sightings, which will be placed on file. The date was incorrect for two of the reports, which suggests that other dates in Field Reports may be incorrect. It would be helpful if contributors specifically review their reports for dates that seem out of line before they send them in. Also, if you spot an incorrect date in the Field Reports, report it to the author so that a correction can be published.

All reports were received on time, which is greatly appreciated. The quality of the reports was excellent, and some provided an unbelievable amount of data on fall birds

in Iowa.

CONTRIBUTORS (* = DOCUMENTATION ONLY)

Dick Bierman (DBi), Cherokee; Dennis Carter (DeC), Decorah; Jane R. Clark (JRC), Clive; Raymond L. Cummins (RLC), Centerville; David L. Dankert (DLD), Cedar Rapids; James J. Dinsmore (JJD), Ames; Stephen J. Dinsmore (SJD), Ames; Chris Edwards (CE), North Liberty; Bery Engebretsen (BE), Des Moines; Peter Ernzen (PE), Ida Grove; Carolyn J. Fischer (CJF), Mason City; *Charles R. Fuller (CRF), Burlington; James L. Fuller (JLF), Iowa City; Douglas C. Harr (DCH), Larchwood; *Terry J. Hulsebus (TJH), Denison; James Huntington (JH), Iowa City; Bill F. Huser (BFH), South Sioux City, NE; *Maridel Jackson (MJ), Ankeny; Thomas N. Johnson (TNJ), Mystic; Matthew C. Kenne (MCK), Algona; Thomas H. Kent (THK), Iowa City; Darwin Koenig (DK), Ankeny; Sharron R. Laub (SRL), Rippey; Babs K. Padelford (BKP), Bellevue, NE; Loren J Padelford (LJP), Bellevue, NE; Marietta A. Petersen (MAP), Walnut; Peter C. Petersen (PCP), Davenport; Beth Proescholdt (BPr), Liscomb; Mark Proescholdt (MPr), Liscomb; *John Rutenbeck (JR), Burlington; Lee A. Schoenewe (LAS), Spencer; Jim Sinclair (JSi), Indianola; Dale Stone (DS), Lake City; Dennis Thompson (DT), Johnston; Ed Thelen (ETh), Spirit Lake; John Van Dyk (JV), Sioux Center; Phil J. Walsh (PJW), Des Moines; and Hank Zaletel, (HZ) Nevada.

211 Richards Street, Iowa City, IA 52246

LONG-TAILED JAEGER IN SAC COUNTY

PETER ERNZEN

On the afternoon of 4 September 1994, my 3 1/2 year old son, Joshua and I were bird watching at Tomahawk Marsh 2.9 miles north of Lake View in Sac County. Tomahawk Marsh is divided in half by county road M68. After viewing both sides of the marsh, I decided to concentrate our efforts on the west



side. We drove to a gravel road that borders the north boundary of the marsh. While I was viewing several ducks and a Common Moorhen, my attention was distracted by a car horn on M68. Looking in the direction of the noise, I saw several Great Blue Herons flying west. Much to my utter amazement the distinctive form of a Longtailed Jaeger followed the procession of Great Blue Herons. The two features that were immediately recognizable were the two long pointed tail feathers and the distinctive diamond-shaped tail. In flight the bird appeared to be medium gull sized, but flew tern like.

I followed the bird in flight until it landed on one of the many muskrat dens in the marsh. I immediately observed the bird for about 15 minutes through my spotting scope. The following features were observed as the bird rested: gray body, white chest, black bill, and black crown that came to a point on the back of the head.

Knowing the rarity of this species in Iowa, I decided to attempt to get a closer view of the bird. I was able to approach to within 15-20 feet. In addition to the above details, I was able to discern an inch-wide patch of yellow wash below the eye that extended in front of and behind the eye. When the bird flew, I returned to my car and

raced home to report my finding.

On 5 September, Tim Schantz relocated the bird at the southeast corner of Black Hawk Lake five miles southeast of Tomahawk Marsh. The bird stayed in the area for the next 10 days, thrilling birders from lowa and surrounding states. Interestingly, on the same day an immature Sabine's Gull was also located in the same area. For the next several days, I fielded calls from around the state as to where and if the bird was still around.

This is only the second sighting of this arctic species in Iowa. The previous record was of one collected near Lone Tree in Johnston County in 1907 (Anderson, Auk 25:215, 1908). This is the most common of the jaeger species in the arctic, but, because of its highly pelagic winter preferences, it is the least encountered of the three jaeger species in the interior, with only 34 other sightings in the lower 48 states (T. H. Kent, personal communication).

401 Taylor, Ida Grove, IA 51445

PROBABLE BREEDING OF BLACK-HEADED GULLS IN NORTHWESTERN IOWA

STEPHEN J. DINSMORE

At approximately 11:25 a.m. on 2 August 1994, I stopped at the northwestern end of Spirit Lake in Dickinson County. A number of gulls and terns were resting on a rock jetty south of the road, just south of the Iowa-Minnesota state line. Among the gulls was an adult Black-headed Gull (Larus ridibundus),

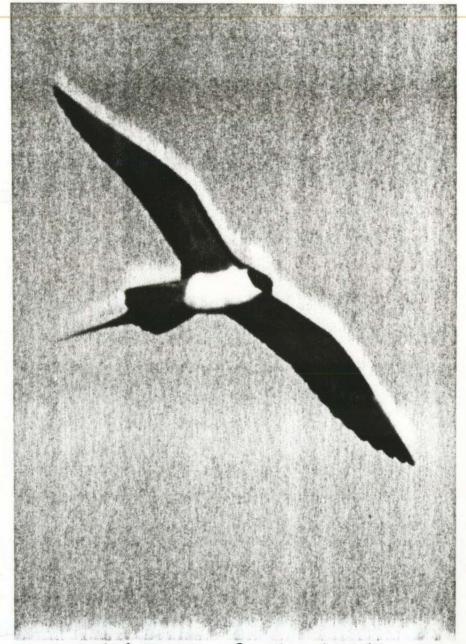


recognizable by its size, blood red bill and legs, dark hood, and very pale gray mantle. I watched the bird as it perched on the jetty for 17 minutes, when it flew and disappeared to the southwest over Spirit Lake. The bird was slightly smaller than nearby Ring-billed Gulls and was generally a longer, more slender gull. The long legs were bright red. The bill was dark red, slender, straight, and pointed at the tip. The bird still had a well-defined dark brown hood, although there were numerous white flecks, especially around the base of the bill and on the forehead. The neck, breast, belly, undertail, and uppertail were white. The mantle was very pale gray, the same color as the upperwings. The wing pattern was as follows: inner primaries and secondaries and their coverts were pale gray, outer primaries and coverts were white, black tips to at least the outer six primaries, undersides of inner primaries black, underside of outer primary white. The wings extended well beyond the tail tip when the bird was perched.

A short time later, at approximately 12:10 p.m., I stopped to scan a small flock of gulls resting on an island at the Kettleson Waterfowl Production Area (WPA) on the west side of Spirit Lake. After a few minutes, I found a very strange looking gull



Non Pagenses @1994 SepT10+11-1994



Long-Tailed Jaeger SAC Co. LAKEVIEW FA
Klon Poggensee @1994 Sept. 10+11-1994

15-46

What species? Long Parled Jaegger

Tocation? To ma nawk Marsh — Sac Co about 3/2 mules No Type of Habitat? Marsh.

When? date(s) Sept 4

Who? your name and addres: PETE GRNZEN 401 TAYLON

Others with you: Nome

Others before or after you: HAWK LAKE UNTIL Sept. 11, 1994

Describe the bird(s) including only what you observed. Include size, shape, details of all parts (bill, eye, head, neck, back, wing, tail, throat, breast, belly undertail, legs, feet). Also mention voice and behavior.

See attached notes

Similar species: how eliminated: Other Jaeggers - .
Long fail & no brown on chest.

Did any one disagree or have reservations about identification? If yes, explain: NO

Viewing conditions: give lighting, destance (how measured), optical equipment. See moto.

Previous experience with species and similar ones: None

References and persons consulted before writing description:
National Geographics Field Guide to Birds of North America
How long before notes completed? Immediately during and after

Block gellow Black bened sortling on Back of dray wings stimated about I fort long

West side of Tomahawk maish Dwas on Aside bird on Sw side. Whowette more yeller

West Side of Tomakeux mains Blopside (flight further. Walley - Ofmet & about I'm lolde

Babs & Loren Padelford 1405 Little John Rd. Bellevue, NE 68005

Documentation for Long-tailed Jaeger

Date: September 5, 1994

Time: 9:30 -9:45

Location: Black Hawk Lake, Lake View, Sac County

Description of bird: Adult plumage. The bird was seen only in flight. It had very long, slender wings, and two long feathers extending from the center of the tail. The bird was dark above, with black wings, black tail, and white underneath including the chin, neck, breast and belly. Top of the head was black or dark brown. The size was difficult to determine since it was not observed with gulls, although there were Ring-billed Gulls on the lake. It seemed to be abouth the size of a Ring-billed Gull. It was observed diving on a Black Tern and was much larger.

Behavior: It soared up into thermals like a raptor without flapping its wings. When it had gained altitude, the flight resembled that of a Magnificent Frigatebird with wings bent at the wrist. It gained altitude over land south of the lake, and then flew north over and around the lake.

Distance from bird: 100 yards to approximately 1/4 mile

Equipment used: 10x42x Bausch & Lomb Elite binoculars, 6x25 Bushnell Custom Compact binoculars

Light conditions: Cloudy

Other observer: Roland Barth, Omaha

This documentation is being written on 9/5/94 partially from notes taken at time of sighting.

Iowa Rare Bird Documentation

Ross Silcock, Illester Tabor, IA 51653

SPECIES: Long-tailed Jaeger (adult)

OBSERVERS: Ross Silcock, Babs and Loren Padelford, Peter Ernzen, Jim Sinclair. Rollen Barth, and others.

DATE OF OBSERVATION: September 5, 1994

TIME OF OBSERVATION: About 10 am for about 15 minutes

DATE OF REPORT: September 5, 1994

LOCATION: Extreme east end of Blackhawk Lake, Sac County.

DISTANCE FROM BIRD: Closest was about 250 yards, while in flight.

LIGHT: Excellent; we were looking southward in overcast morning light. The sun was beginning to appear. The bird was circling at about 45 degrees from us varying from about 250 yards to about a half mile.

OPTICS: I used 10 X 40 Optolyth binoculars

NARRATIVE: I arrived at dawn at Tomahawk Marsh, where Peter Ernzen had seen an adult Long-tailed Jaeger the previous afternoon. After looking there unsuccessfully for about an hour, I, along with others, went to Blackhawk Lake, hoping to find the bird there. We were unsuccessful, but did find a Sabine's Gull. We returned to Tomahawk Marsh, again gave up there, and returned to the east end of Blackhawk Lake, where we were met by Peter Ernzen, who told us that the Schantz group had just seen the Long-tailed Jaeger. We soon located it in flight, soaring in circles as a raptor would soar on thermals. It continued this flight pattern for about 15 minutes, covering the east end of Blackhawk Lake and about a half mile or more eastward over farmland, then returned to the vicinity of the lake, where we lost track of it (the call of the family on Labor Day!).

IDENTIFICATION: This bird was approximately Ring-billed Gull size in very general terms (no gulls were near it in flight) although its body was much slimmer and its tail was long. At one point it chased an immature Black Tern, appearing to be almost twice its size, although the tern was not dwarfed. Upperparts were dark greyish black, including a cleancut black crown, with primaries and trailing edge of the upperwing somewhat darker than the rest of the upperparts. No white could be discerned in the primaries. Underwings appeared uniformly dark brown. The pointed central rectrices were about twice as long as the rest of the rectrices. Underparts were creamy white to offwhite, including the cheeks. In flight from below it resembled in shape a long-tailed Mississippi Kite, although at other angles the wings were seen to be carried in arched fashion, not unlike those of a frigatebird, a look enhanced by the long central rectrices. From what I saw of this bird, the only feature that I consider highly suggestive of Long-tailed Jaeger was the absence of visible white in the primaries, although the darker trailing edge of the upperwings is considered significant by Harrison ("Seabirds"), as is the lack of a breastband. I believe that an adult Parasitic Jaeger in similar plumage would always show at least some white in its primaries. I do not think that the central rectrices' length alone could be considered conclusive on this bird for Long-tailed, but they are certainly suggestive. The general jizz was slender, relaxed, and masterful in the air, characteristics of Longtailed Jaegers I saw off the coast of Washington. It was being dive-bombed by numerous swallows.

(31	9)339-989/ DOCUMENTATION FORM for extraordinary bird sightings in Iowa
	What species? Long-tailed theger How many? 1 94-37
	Location? Towahawle Marsh Blackbank Lake, 12.45-
	Type of habitat? Marsh/ Lake Sac country 12:50 p.m.
	When? date(s): Sept 5, 1994 time: 10:45 to 12:00 NOON 31:15-
	Who?your name and address: Harold wwilt.
	others with you: Lee & Nancy Schoenewe ##
	others before or after you: Pambleed / Eugene formstrong ru
	Describe the bird(s) including only what you observed. Include size, shape, details of all parts (bill, eye, head, neck, back, wing, tail, throat, breast, belly, under tail, legs, feet). Also mention voice and behavior.
	mature Lover- tailey Jacquer -
	separated from Paragific Taeger 33
	by Deacky white in wine \$ 5 3%
	edgest 3333mg
	E Dlacky belly band - 32323
	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
	3) Wach talling edge 1 2733
	15 Co mon 1 10 17 7 2 2 3 3 3
,	126 EET 152 JEEN &
	was morbed by swallows - some of &
	in the case of the formation of the state of
	Similar species and how eliminated:
	see above to repuration from
	Did any one disagree or have reservations about identification? No-
	If yes, explain:
	Viewing conditions: give lighting, distance (how measured), and optical equipment:
	Grad Closest et 100 yards - had at Previous experience with species and similar ones:
	Previous experience with species and similar ones: What species and similar ones: References and persons consulted before writing description: Notematics
,	References and persons consulted before writing description: Wiened Halling before observation and How long before field notes made? / i Hn - this form completed? I therefore the completed of the complete of t
/	during Sugar
	MAIL TO: T. H. Kent, Field Reports Editor, 211 Richards Street, Iowa City IA 52246

DOCUMENTATION FORM

Species How many? LONG-TAILED JAEGER - 1 ADULT Location?_ TOMAHAWK MARSH AND BLACK HAWK LAKE, SAC COUNTY Type of habitat? MARSH AND LAKE
When? date(s): 9/5/94 Time: 10:45 AM - 1:45 PM 6 SIGHTINGS IN THIS TIME FRAME Who? your name and address
Who? your name and address
LEE A. SCHOENEWE SI8 W. 4th ST. SPENCER, IA. SI301

Others with you NANCY SCHOENEWE, HAROLD WHITE

Others before and after you EUGENE ARMSTRONG; PAM TREIDAUEN; PETE PETERSON, ET AL

Describe the bird(s) including only what you observed. Include size,
shape, details of all parts (bill, head, neck, back, wing, tail, throat,
breast, belly, under tail, legs, feet). Also describe voice and
behavior. BIRD SUGHTLY LARBER THAW RING-BILLED GULLS. UGRY LONG
TAIL PETATHERS WHICH WERE DARK. BACK AND WPER WINGS WERE GRAYBROWN WITH DARKER THAILMS EDGE. DARK CAP WITH WHITE SEPARATING
DARKE BACK. WHITE EXTENDED FROM CHIN TO BREAST TO LOWER BELLY WITH
NO BANDING. NO WHITE VISIBLE ON UNDERWING. BIRD HAD A BUNDANT,
TERN-LIKE FLIGHT AND ALSO CAUGHT THERMALS ON 3 OCCASIONS, SCALING
ON POINTED, CROKED WINGS. ALSO OBSERVED HARASSING GULLS AND
SCANDAGING FOOD DROPPED BY GULLS.

Similar species and how eliminated:

PARASITIC + POMARINE FAGGERS: LONG TAIL FEATHERS, GRAY-BROWN WHER WING WY

Did any one disagree or have reservations about identification? No

If yes, explain:

Viewing conditions: lighting, distance (how measured), and optical equipment: DAYLIGHT, PARTLY SLAWLY TO SLAWLY; 100 - 300 YOS 8×40 BINOCULARS, 20x-60x Scope

Previous experience with this species and similar ones: NONE

References and persons consulted before writing description:
HARRYON - SEABIRDS; PETERSON - EASTERN BIRDS; AS - MASTER GUIDE TO BIRDING
How long before field notes made? /mmediately
this form completed? 4 HRS.

Mail original form to field editor for this season.

DOCUMENTATION FORM
For Extraordinary Bird Sightings in Iowa

94-37

What species? Long-tailed Jaeger How many? 1-ad.
Location? Black Hauk Lake, Sacce Co. IA
Type of Habitat? openlake
When? date(s): Sep. 5. 1994 time: 12:45AM to 12:554MC51
Who? your name and address: Peter C. Petergen, 235Mc Clellan Blvd. Down and I
Others with you: Briantloney Blevius, Kelly McKay, Mr+Mrs Reid Allen, Mr+Mrs Lee Eckenne, Harold le hix
Others before or after you: Mrthron Gene Armstrong, Pete Ernzen
Describe the bird(s) including only what you observed. Include size, shape, details of all parts (bill. eye, head, neck, back, wing, tail, throat, breast, belly, undertail, legs, feet). Also mention voice and behavior. Light phased wird in breading, plumege, Cap block, mantle grey with a bit of broundsh, primeries darkgrey Tail with two central feathers greatly e longated, grey to derkgrey at tip. Light below, with yellowcollow. Bird a hased Ringebilled + Subine's Gull. Very long-wingedbird.
Similar species; how eliminated: Parasitict Pomerine Jacques don't have the long central tail feathers.
Did any one disagree or have reservations about the identification?
Viewing conditions: give lighting, distance (how measured), optical equipment. Distance 4-5/gmi, sua to right as bird, 45-900 any le
Previous experience with species and similar ones: Have seen many times in Canadian Arctic, Alaskington.
References and persons consulted before writing description: House
How long before field notes made? this form completed? & hvs
Send completed form to Field Reports or CBC editor (address on back cover of Iowa Bird Life).

DOCUMENTATION OF EXTRAORDINARY BIRD SIGHTING

Species: Long-tailed Jaeger; Number: 1 adult

Location: Black Hawk Lake, Ida Co., IA

Date: 6 September 1994; Time: 6:45 to 7:45 a.m.

Name and address: Thomas H. Kent, 211 Richards St., Iowa City, IA 52246.

Others before/with/after: Found by Peter Ernzen on 4 Sep, seen by many; Jim Fuller and Dick Tetrault with me.

Habitat and circumstances: Natural lake about a mile long and a half mile wide.

Description of bird: I spotted the bird on the water more than half way across the lake. It was picking insects off the surface. The dark black cap, white face, neck, and underparts, and dark mantle were quite obvious. It was about 50% larger than a nearby Pied-billed Grebe. It was a slender jaeger with relatively thin bill. The long wispy tail that extended about two inches beyond the primaries was seen better later when we were closer with light behind us. The tail was all dark. We observed the bird in flight several time over the lake and later over a silting pond. The upper wing surface and back appeared uniform dark brown-black with some white showing on the leading edge of the primaries. Jim saw a darker trailing edge to the secondaries with slightly lighter secondary wing coverts. The underwing was somewhat lighter. The wings were rather long and pointed. There was no white at the base of the primaries from above or below. There was no belly band. When we were at the silting pond to the southeast, the jaeger flew over and flushed the many gulls and shorebirds that were there.

Voice: Not heard.

Similar species: The shape, pattern of dark and light, and flight were all indicative of a jaeger. To me the bird appeared small and slender compared to what I would expect for Parasitic or Pomarine jaegers. The lack of white in the primaries and lack of a belly band fit Long-tailed, not the others. The long streaming tail, of course, seems to obvious to mention.

Any one have reservations?: No.

Light: Mostly behind us; Distance: 150 to 500 yards (estimate); Optics: 20x scope, 10x binocular.

Previous experience: I have seen many of all three species, most recently at Nome in June 1994.

References before/after viewing: I looked at the National Geographic Guide once after the initial spotting of the bird.

Time of notes: during observation; Final typing: 2 days.

1994

SPECIES: Long-tailed Jaeger (Adult)

LOCATION: Black Hawk Lake (Sac County)

DATE & TIME: 6 September (6:40-7:45 AM)

OBSERVER: Jim Fuller, 6 Longview Knoll, NE, Iowa City, Iowa, 52240

OTHERS: Discovered on 4 September by Pete Ernzen. With me were Tom Kent and Dick Tetrault. Many observers saw bird from 5-14 September.

BACKGROUND: Pete Ernzen reported the bird to the Iowa Birdline on 4 September. The location was Tomahawk Marsh. On 5 September, Tim Schantz relocated the bird at Black Hawk Lake about 2-3 miles south of original location. We arrived early 6 September, and Kent found the bird sitting on the lake surface in the southeast portion of the lake. We watched it on the water and flying off and on for about an hour.

DESCRIPTION: The bird was never very close to any other gull, but did appear to be larger (longer) than the Ring-billeds that were in the area. It was also rather dark, sleeker than the gulls, with long and pointed wings. Specifically, the bird had a dark cap and side of face that included the eye. The bill appeared dark, and rather small. The underparts were white on the breast and upper belly, and lacked any streaking or bands. The lower belly and undertail appeared darker. At one point, when the bird was flying, I could see yellow behind the dark cap. The upperparts were a grayish-brown color. The underwing was gray. In flight, the wings were long and pointed, and there was a dark trailing edge on the upperwing, and on several occasion thought I could see a light leading edge on the underwing. The tail was also brown and rounded on the end, and there were two tail streamers that extended beyond the tail several inches. However, they did not appear to be nearly as long as did those on breeding birds that I had seen in Alaska. The flight was graceful, and the bird also glided for long distances several times. While we first watched it, the bird was picking what appeared to be bugs off the lake surface.

SIMILAR SPECIES: No other adult jaeger has an unbanded chest, nor lacks prominent white areas in underwing.

PREVIOUS EXPERIENCE: I saw as many as fifty adult birds of this species in Alaska in June, 1993. I have seen immature Pomarine and Parasitic in Iowa. I also saw adults in Alaska.

OPTICS & VIEWING CONDITIONS: Clear day in early morning. When bird was on water, looking northwest with KOWA TSN-4 telescope at estimated 500 yards. Also watched it flying. usually looking toward south, once as close as 250 yards in telescope, but most often at 300-500 yards.

REFERENCES & FIELD GUIDES: Notes prepared after returning from trip, and this form was typed on 9 September. National Geographic field guide was viewed after seeing bird during return trip.

For Extraordinary Bird Sightings in Iowa

94-37

What species? LONG-TAILED JAEGER	How many? 1 ADULT
Location? LAKE VIEW, IOWA SAC COUNTY	
Type of Habitat?LAKE	
When? date(s): SEPT 7, SEPT. 10, & 11, 1994 time: a.	11 day to 5 P.M.
Who? your name and address: DON POGGENSEE LAKE LA JUNE ESTA	
Others with you: WIFE PAM, DAN SMITH, IDA GROVE, IA. BOB LIVERMOR	RE, BILL HUSER MANY OTHERS
Others before or after you:	
Describe the bird(s) including only what you observed. Include size, shape, head, neck, back, wing, tail, throat, breast, belly, undertail, legs, feet). Also	details of all parts (bill, eye, mention voice and behavior.
SEE PHOTOS. BECAUSE OF ALL THE OTHERS WHO SAW BIRD AND MA	ADE RECORDS I WILL
BE BRIEF AND ASK TO SEE INCLOSED BLACK AND WHITE AND COLO	DR PRINTS.
HAVE COLOR SLIDES ON FILE THAT SHOW THE BIRD IN GOOD DETA	IL. BLACK HEAD, WHITE
UNDERNEATH, LONG TAIL, SOME YELLOW NEAR HEAD.	
Similar species; how eliminated:	
LONG TAIL MARKINGS AND COLOR MARKINGS	S.
SEE PHOTOS	
NO.	
Did any one disagree or have reservations about the identification? NO	. ~
Viewing conditions: give lighting, distance (how measured), optical equipme	nt.
EXCELLENT LIGHT, FLEW OVERHEAD MANY TIMES OVER LAKE VIEW,	IOWA.
Previous experience with species and similar ones:	CAMERA LENS
NONE	
	ERNZEN
How long before field nates made? PHOTOS ! this form completed? SE	PT 13, 1994
Send completed form to Field Reports or CBC editor (address on back con	,

DOCUMENTATION FORM FOR Excraordinary bird signetings in towa
What species? Long-tailed Jaeger How many? I adult
Location? Black Hawk Lake S.P (Sac County)
Type of habitat? Medium-sized lake surrounded by homes and then cornfields
When? date(s): Sept. 10, 1994 time: 11:10 a.m. to 1:50 p.m.
Who?your name and address: Mark Proescholdt, Box 65, Liscomb, Foura 50148
others with you: Beth Proescholdt
others before or after you: Jim Fuller, Tom Kent, Ann Johnson, many others
Describe the bird(s) including only what you observed. Include size, shape, details of all parts (bill, eye, head, neck, back, wing, tail, throat, breast, belly, under tail, legs, feet). Also mention voice and behavior.
We first saw this gorgeous bird sitting on the water. It had a black cap,
a whitish neck collar on the back of the neck, a whitish throat and neck, grayish
upper wings, and black wing tips that showed while floating on the water and occasionally
in flight, one time when it was close to use, I could see its black legs and feet,
its small black bill, its dark eye enclosed in the black cap, and a flash of white on the
inner primaries of the upper wings along the leading edge of the wing.
this bird did lots of soaring on this breezy day and landed 4-5 times or more on the water. It was a big bird in flight and noticeable even from a long distance
the water. It was a big bird in flight and noticeable even from a long distance
away. A cornerant flew by and was bigger in size but not by too much, it seemed.
It had long, pointed wings that were very narrow. It's long fail streamers were
very evident in flight. The underwings were all dark and had no white areas
that were showing. It had a wedged tail look aftend of the tail and before the
tail streamers started. It had graceful curves or arches in its wings as it started
around. At times in the distance it looked somewhat like a frigatebird, once it dove at
a Ring-Billed Gull and made the gull drop a fish and the jaeger went after it. Got minious on the Similar species and how eliminated: water. Boats did not bother it whon it was perched on the water. (Saw briefly at 4,00 p.m. with Doug Rose).
Can't think of a bird that would resemble a long-tailed Jaeger.
Did any one disagree or have reservations about identification?
If: yes, explain:
Viewing conditions: give lighting, distance (how measured), and optical equipment:
Mostly sunny, sun at our backs, hazy. Distances estimated - 150-200 yards away
at first to 1/2 mile or more away. Closest - 60 yards away flying and floating, 3x30 Biness
Previous experience with species and similar ones: Saw many at Nome, Alaska.
Sow many at Nome, Alaska. References and persons consulted before writing description: North. Geog. Birls of N. America, Robbins' Birds of N. America, R.T. Peterson's guide North. Geog. Birls of N. America, Robbins' Birds of N. America, R.T. Peterson's guide
How long before field notes made? while viewing this form completed? Sept. 24, 1994

booking the same of the same o
What species? Long-tailed Jaeger How many? 1
Location? Black Hawk Lake in S. Sac County
Type of habitat? open lake, partially edged with homes & a state park
When? date(s): 2ept, 10, 1994 time: 11:10 to 1:36
Who?your name and address: Beth Proescholdt, Liscomb, Iowa
others with you: Mark Proescholdt
others before or after you: Many observers
Describe the bird(s) including only what you observed. Include size, shape, details of all parts (bill, eye, head, neck, back, wing, tail, throat, breast, belly, under tail, legs, feet). Also mention voice and behavior. The jaeger first seen on water 3/6-1/2 mile away, we could see how large it was, see its gray mantle with black wing tips, white underparts, its solid black cap + white collar that went behind its head. Then it flew - long, narrow scythe-like wings in a wide curre. As it sourced + sourced - all white undersides, gray mantle + underwings, upperwings with large black wedges trom just past the wrists to tips, then black are past the wrists to tips, then black tail streamers from a wedge - shaped tail. I saw no yellow on throat or breast, Legs + feet were black (I couldn't detect the black bill). It sourced effortlessly, the light boundant flight that Long-tailed Jaegers have. It
light bougant flight that Long-tailed Jaegers have. It would digappear north for a while, & then be back. Once it
dived at a Ring-billed Gull in a jaeger thieving tactic, Once in a while as the jaeger faced as while soaring a thin bar of white on the leading edge of wings was seen, Wonderful bird! Similar species and how eliminated: Pomarine + Parasitic Jaegers— the Long-tailed is smaller bodied, much more bouyant in flight, and it has long fail streamers Did any one disagree or have reservations about identification? No

If yes, explain:

Viewing conditions: give lighting, distance (how measured), and optical equipment:

slightly hazy sky sun partially behind us S. winds quite brisk,
Across the lake on water a fall-lamile, and flying closers further,
Previous experience with species and similar ones:

In ave seen all 3 jacques - quite a few out of Nome, Alaska last geor.

References and persons consulted before writing description:

We studied quides before we ever saw the bird, of course.

How long before field notes made? at once this form completed? Sept. 24th