

Purple Gallinule

< 1879

Record Number: 93-CM  
Classification: NA

IA

Krider

Krider 1879

REFERENCES

- Krider, J. 1879. Forty Years Notes of a Field Ornithologist.  
J. H. Weston Press, Philadelphia. p 70.  
Anderson 1907  
DuMont 1933

VOTE: 5 NA

NA, I suspect Krider made a mistake on this one. /thk

NA, Is there an Iowa, Delaware? (small town?)/ wrs

[No. Krider's book includes Iowa and his native East Coast birds.  
/ thk]

*Gallinula Galeata.*—Bonap.

Florida Gallinule.

Often found upon the meadows along the Delaware River, and west to Iowa, where it breeds. Eggs from eight to twelve.

*Gallinula Martinica.*—Lath.

Purple Gallinule.

Sometimes found on the marshes of the Delaware in Autumn. I have found it breeding in Iowa in the month of June. Eggs eight.

Krider, J. 1879. Forty Years Notes of a Field Ornithologist. Philadelphia, J. H. Weston Press. p 70

85. (218). *Ionornis martinica* (Linn.). Purple Gallinule.

This brilliant southern species is only an accidental visitor in Iowa. It is listed by J. A. Allen (White's Geol. of Iowa, ii, 1870, 426), and John Krider states that he found it breeding in Iowa (Forty Years' Notes, 60). Morton E. Peck reports: "One specimen from Blackhawk county, an stray from the south."

Kumlien and Hollister consider it as an exceedingly rare straggler in Wisconsin; recorded from Racine, Milwaukee, and Janesville (Birds of Wis., 93). It has been recorded once from Nebraska—seen by Prof. Bruner at West Point, in June or July, 1894 or 1895 (Rev. Bds. Neb., 36).

*Ionornis martinica* (Linnaeus). Purple Gallinule

Anderson (1907) stated that it was listed by J. A. Allen, and that John Krider found it breeding in Iowa. A specimen taken by Morton E. Peck in Blackhawk County was listed. Peck recently wrote that this bird was observed, not collected. He stated that he did not doubt the correctness of the identification:

Anderson 1907  
pp 209-210

1433  
DuMont 1934  
pp 155-156