

Long-billed Curlew
18 Apr 1918
Wildwood Park, Floyd Co., IA
C.L. Fenton
Fenton 1923-24, DuMont 1933

Record Number: 93-DV
Classification: NA

REFERENCES

Fenton, C.L. 1923-24. The birds of Floyd County Iowa. Amer.
Midl. Nat. 8:189-208, 230-256; 9:63-79. p 201.
DuMont 1933

VOTE: 5 NA

NA, No details. Fenton's credibility was questioned by
Gabrielson, but not on this record. Likely correct based on ease
of identification and date, but unsubstantiated. /thk

Fenton, C. L. 1916. A preliminary list of the birds of Floyd County Iowa.
Wilson Bull 28:130-138.

56. *Numenius americanus*—Long-billed Curlew. Messrs. Webster and Waller both state that this species was fairly common in the '60s and '70s. I have no definite data.

Fenton, C. L. 1923-24. The birds of Floyd County Iowa. Amer Midl Nat
8:189-208, 9:63-79. p 201

65. *Numenius americanus* (Becht.) Long-billed Curlew. Messrs. Webster and Waller say that during the 60's and 70's this species was a fairly common summer resident. It is now a rare migrant. I have a questionable identification for April 11, 1915, near Charles City. On April 14, 1918, I saw two birds that were without doubt of this species at Wildwood Park. I have no other records.

Numenius americanus americanus Bechstein. Long-billed Curlew

Very rare migrant. Formerly a common summer resident, breeding in the northern part of the state. However, there are no nesting records since 1890, or a little earlier. The observations during the past twenty-five years are very few. The following notes from the Sioux City region were contained in a letter from T. C. Stephens, January 30, 1933: "A. J. Anderson, taxidermist, told me of seeing two of these curlews alight on a sandbar in the Missouri River about opposite Crystal Lake on October 25, 1914. He said that the two birds had bills of different lengths, which he attributed to age. He was quite positive of his identification. On May 14, 1921, Anderson told me of seeing a Long-billed Curlew (on this date) at a slough between Salix and Sergeant Bluff." Fenton (1923-24) said that he saw two birds in Floyd County, April 14, 1918, that were without doubt of this species. One was seen by Walter Rosene and Robert Walker of Ogden, Boone County, on May 15, 1932, in a marshy pasture four miles north of Ogden. Rosene, well acquainted with this bird on its breeding ground in western Nebraska, recognized the call immediately and observed it for several minutes which allowed a study of head markings and a comparison of size.

Few Iowa specimens with data are preserved. A female, No. 10662, in the University of Iowa Museum, was taken at Wolf Creek Slough, Woodbury County, April 8, 1884 by D. H. Talbot. The exposed culmen measures 198.1 mms. One in the Shaffer collection was taken in Jefferson County by C. S. McElhinny, but no date was recorded. The great length of the bill would indicate that it was a female. One in the Odebolt High School was collected by H. B. Smith in Sac County. The exposed culmen measures 200.6 mms. One in the Philadelphia Academy of Natural Sciences was taken in Dickinson County, June 10, 1881, by W. L. Abbott. No. 10151, in the Davenport Public Museum, was taken by S. C. Bowman in Iowa.

1933
DuMont 1934
pp 66-67