Records Committee, Iowa Ornithologists' Union Printed: 08/26/93

Baird's Sparrow 25 Apr 1885 Grinnell, Powesheik Co., IA Lynds Jones Jones 1886 Record Number: 81-GS Classification: NA

## REFERENCES

Cooke 1888

Jones, L. 1886. Baird's Sparrow in Iowa. Ornithologist and Oologist 11:117.

Jones, L. 1889. A list of birds found in eastern Jasper and western Poweshiek counties Iowa. The Curlew 1::50-53, 57-60.

Kelsey, C. 1891. Birds of Poweshiek County Iowa. Ornithologist and Oologist. 16:131-134.

Jones, L. 1892. Report of the committee on migration and distribution. The Wilson Quarterly. 4:29.

Savage, D. L. 1894. Notes on the birds of Iowa. Iowa Ornithologist 1:1-17.

Anderson 1907

DuMont 1993

VOTE (1981): 1-III, 4-IV, 2-V

IV, Although Jones very competent, no way of knowing if he was mistaken.

IV, No details - April 25 - not even clear who reported.
IV, No details, but convincing - direct comparison with
Savannah. Interesting that song not heard - is it silent here?
(As is Savannah for the most part). I am tempted to call these records III. [These comments applied to records 3 and 4 also.]

81-65

Cooke, W. W. 1888. Bird Migration in the Mississippi Valley 1884-5.
U.S. Dept Agriculture Division of Economic Ornithology Bull 2. P 189-190

545. Ammodramus bairdii (Aud.). [191.] Baird's Bunting.

Baird's Buuting breeds in western Manitoba, Dakota, and western Minnesota. By what route it goes south is a question. Doctor Coues, writing ten years ago, said that it was extremely abundant in Dakota almost to the Red River of the North, and that all left in September. Where did they go? The species is not known to occur in Kansas; and if there is a Nebraska record I have failed to find it. Nevertheless, we are bound to believe that it does occur in both these States. Mr. G. H. Ragsdale shot one at Gainesville, Tex., April 24, 1884, and if it occurs in central Texas and Dakota it must perforce occur in the intervening country. At Caddo, Ind. Ter., it was not found, though I shot upwards of fifty Savanna Sparrows in the vain hope that some one of them would resolve itself into the wished-for Baird's. On March 31, among a lot of Savannas, I heard one singing with the trill at the end which

Doctor Coues says is the note of this species, but I was not able to find the bird. Its range is from New Mexico to British America, and it breeds abundantly in Dakota, along the Red River in Minnesota, and in Manitoba (particularly on the Alkaline flats along the Assiniboine River.—Seton).

In the spring of 1885 Baird's Bunting was not recorded from Kansas and Nebraska; but Mr. Lloyd found it to be a common winter resident at Fort Davis, Tex. It was noted in migration at Grinnell, Iowa, April 25; Menoken, Dak., May 12, and White Earth, Minn., May 16—at which latter place one was caught alive and kept in confinement for several days. At Grinnell, Iowa, it occurs in fall as well as spring.

Baird's Sparrow

Jones, L. 1886. Baird's Sparrow in Iowa. Ornithologist and Oologist 11:117

Baird's Sparrow in Iowa.

(Ammodromus buirdii.)

BY LYNDS JONES, GRINNELL, IOWA

I first found this very interesting little bird on April 25, 1885, when I shot one and saw four or

the ground that a momentary glimpse was all that I could get of it. This was doubtlessly the latest date of its visit with us, as but few if any were seen later. It entirely escaped my notice in the fall, but on March 24, 1886, three or four were seen.

in company with the Savanna Sparrow. I noticed that it often percled rather higher toan I had ever seen the Savanna Sparrow, but I never heard its song, although I watched and waited many long hours for that purpose. Its diet's eens to be the same as that of the Savanna, as is is manner of feeding. Although the van appeared so early, it was not seen ag in until March 29th, and no I perceptible increase in numbers until April 8th, when as many as first were found in a mile drive. After April 10th I were seen until the 21st, when none could be found, and not one since, so I consider April 20m the date of "last individual seen." Whether or not it returns south of this route will be dearn uned this fall.

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2,3

Jones, L. 1889. A list of birds found in eastern Jasper and western Poweshiek Counties Iowa. The Curlew 1:50-53, 57-60

Ammodramus bairdii, Baird's Bunting. Tolerably common t. v. ] 2-4

Kelsey, C. 1891. Birds of Poweshiek County Iowa. Ornithologist and Oologist 16:131-134

545. Ammodramus bairdii,

Baird's Bunting.

T. V.

Jones, L. 1892. Report of the committee on migration and distribution. The Wilson Quarterly 4:29

> 545. Ammodramus bairdii. Baird's Bunting. For this interesting bunting there are but two records. Mr. Donald considers it a common migrant in Texas, and I have found it at Grinnell, Iowa. It is another of our. birds which inhabit the plains.

241. (545). Centronyx bairdi (Audubon). Baird Sparrow.

Anderson 1907 p 316

The Baird Sparrow is a common but locally distributed species of the western plains, sometimes occurring in Iowa during migration. W. W. Cooke states: "It was noted in inigration at Grinnell, Iowa, April 25. At Grinnell it occurs in fall as well as spring" (Bird Migr. in Miss. Val., 1884-85, pp. 189-90). Carl Kelsey reported it as a "tolerably common transient visitant" and Lynds Jones as a "rare transient visitant" in Poweshiek county. Dr. I. S. Trostler gives the Baird Sparrow as a "common migrant in Pottawattamie county April 10 to May 10, never recorded in fall."

2-4

On June 14, 1899, I took a set of five slightly incubated eggs, with female parent, in Nelson county, North Dakota. The nest was placed in thick grass on high upland prairie.

Ammodramus bairdi (Audubon). Baird's Sparrow Anderson (1907) included this species on the basis of observations in Poweshiek County by Kelsey and Jones, and in Pottawattamie County by Trostler. Recently it has been reported as observed in

Polk County and in the Sioux City region. There are no specimens.

DuMont 1933 pp 157-158

Savage, D. L. 1894. Notes on the birds of Iowa. Iowa Ornithologist 1:1-17

545 (233.) Ammodranis bairdii. (Aud.)

BAIRD'S BUNTING.

Not reported by any of the members of the I. O. A.; but Mr. Kelsey reports it as a tolerably common transient . visitor in Poweshick County.