

CHANGES IN THE ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION OF THE IOWA ORNITHOLOGISTS' UNION. Enacted May 20, 1972, at Waterloo, Iowa.

ARTICLE 1 NAME: The name of this non-profit corporation shall be The Iowa Ornithologists' Union.

4 W. 2 - changed 1982 to 235 McClellan Blvd., Davenport, IA 52803
ARTICLE 3. PERIOD OF EXISTENCE. The period of existence and duration of the life of this corporation shall be fifty (50) years unless sooner dissolved by a three-fourths vote of all the members thereof or by act of the General Assembly or by operation of law. Upon the dissolution of the corporation, the officers shall, after paying or making provision for the payment of all of the liabilities of the corporation, dispose of all of the assets of the corporation exclusively for the purposes of the corporation in such manner, or to such organization or organizations organized and operated exclusively for charitable, educational, religious, or scientific purposes as shall at the time qualify as an exempt organization or organizations under section 501 (c) (3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 (or the corresponding provision of any future United States Internal Revenue Law), as the officers shall determine. Any of such assets not so disposed of shall be disposed of the Court of Common Pleas of the county in which the principal office of the corporation is then located, exclusively for such purposes to such organization or organizations, as said Court shall determine, which are organized and operated exclusively for such purposes.

ARTICLE 4. OBJECTS. The objects of this corporation shall be to encourage interest in and the study and protection of birds and to more closely unite all those persons who have this interest in common. Said corporation is organized exclusively for educational, and scientific purposes, including, for such purposes, the making of distributions to organizations that qualify as exempt organizations under section 501 (C) (3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 (or the corresponding provision of any future United States Internal Revenue Law).

ARTICLE 9. CORPORATE POWERS. The corporation shall have all the powers, rights, privileges and immunities provided by law. It may acquire real or personal property for such purposes appropriate to its creation. It may acquire said real or personal property by gift, purchase, devise or bequest. It may sell and dispose of any property acquired as may be determined by the Executive Council.

The title to all property acquired shall be taken in the name of the corporation and shall be owned by the corporation. The transfer of property shall be by the President, attested by the Secretary and under the authority and approval of the Executive Council. No part of the net earnings of the corporation shall inure to the benefit of, or be distributable to, its members, trustees, officers, or other private persons, except that the corporation shall be authorized and empowered to pay reasonable compensation for services rendered and to make payments and distributions in furtherance of the purposes set forth in Article Third herof. No substantial part of the activities of the corporation shall be the carrying on of propaganda, or otherwise attempting, to influence legislation, and the corporation shall

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not participate in, or intervene in (including the publishing or distribution of statements) any political campaign on behalf of any candidate for public office. Notwithstanding any other provision of these articles, the corporation shall not carry on any other activities not permitted to be carried on (a) by the corporation exempt from Federal income tax under section 501 (c) (3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 (or the corresponding provision of any future United States Internal Revenue Law) or (b) by a corporation, contributions to which are deductible under section 170 (c) (2) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 (or the corresponding provision of any future United States Internal Revenue Law).